### SENATE

#### Daily Journal Index

**49th Legislative Day**

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[May 30, 2007]
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The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.
Prayer by Pastor Ed Ingram, Western Oaks Baptist Church, Springfield, Illinois.
Senator Maloney led the Senate in the Pledge of Allegiance.

The Journal of Tuesday, May 29, 2007, was being read when on motion of Senator Hunter, further reading of same was dispensed with, and unless some Senator had corrections to offer, the Journal would stand approved. No corrections being offered, the Journal was ordered to stand approved.

**LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED**

The following Committee amendment to the Senate Resolution listed below has been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Rules:

Senate Committee Amendment No. 1 to Senate Joint Resolution 48

The following Floor amendments to the Senate Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Rules:

- Senate Floor Amendment No. 7 to Senate Bill 5
- Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 866
- Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 889

The following Floor amendments to the House Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Rules:

- Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 25
- Senate Floor Amendment No. 4 to House Bill 743
- Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 1292
- Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 1292
- Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 1752
- Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 1752

**REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES**

Senator Crotty, Chairperson of the Committee on Local Government, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 4

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Wilhelmi, Chairperson of the Committee on Judiciary Criminal Law, to which was referred the Motion to Concur with House Amendment to the following Senate Bill, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 30

Under the rules, the foregoing motion is eligible for consideration by the Senate.

Senator Clayborne, Chairperson of the Committee on Environment and Energy, to which was referred the Motions to Concur with House Amendments to the following Senate Bill, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

[May 30, 2007]
Motion to Concur in House Amendments 1 and 2 to Senate Bill 1257

Under the rules, the foregoing motions are eligible for consideration by the Senate.

Senator Sullivan, Chairperson of the Committee on Agriculture and Conservation, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 822

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Cullerton and Senator Dillard, Co-Chairpersons of the Committee on Judiciary Civil Law, to which was referred the Motions to Concur with House Amendments to the following Senate Bills, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 355; Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 404

Under the rules, the foregoing motions are eligible for consideration by the Senate.

Senator Munoz, Chairperson of the Committee on Transportation, to which was referred the Motions to Concur with House Amendments to the following Senate Bills, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 56; Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 169

Under the rules, the foregoing motions are eligible for consideration by the Senate.

Senator Garrett, Chairperson of the Committee on Public Health, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Floor Amendment No. 6 to Senate Bill 5

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Garrett, Chairperson of the Committee on Public Health, to which was referred the Motions to Concur with House Amendments to the following Senate Bills, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Motion to Concur in House Amendments 1 and 2 to Senate Bill 19; Motion to Concur in House Amendments 1 and 2 to Senate Bill 264

Under the rules, the foregoing motions are eligible for consideration by the Senate.

Senator Meeks, Chairperson of the Committee on Human Services, to which was referred the Motions to Concur with House Amendments to the following Senate Bills, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 108; Motion to Concur in House Amendments 1 and 4 to Senate Bill 244; Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 284; Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 765

[May 30, 2007]
Under the rules, the foregoing motions are eligible for consideration by the Senate.

Senator Silverstein, Chairperson of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Floor Amendment No. 5 to Senate Bill 890
Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 617

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendments are eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Lightford, Chairperson of the Committee on Education, to which was referred the Motions to Concur with House Amendments to the following Senate Bills, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 397; Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 505

Under the rules, the foregoing motions are eligible for consideration by the Senate.

Senator Forby, Chairperson of the Committee on Labor, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Floor Amendment No. 4 to House Bill 1855

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Ronen, Chairperson of the Committee on Licensed Activities, to which was referred the Motion to Concur with House Amendment to the following Senate Bill, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 1226

Under the rules, the foregoing motion is eligible for consideration by the Senate.

PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 224
Offered by Senator Watson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Dr. Wilson H. West of Belleville.

SENATE RESOLUTION 225
Offered by Senator Link and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Ernest Dicig of Winthrop Harbor, formerly of Waukegan.

SENATE RESOLUTION 226
Offered by Senator Link and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Henry “Hank” Clark of Waukegan.

SENATE RESOLUTION 227
Offered by Senator Harmon and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Gregory Joe Shinglman of Oak Park.

[May 30, 2007]
By unanimous consent, the foregoing resolutions were referred to the Resolutions Consent Calendar.

Senator Murphy offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 228

WHEREAS, The use of "retard" (as a noun) or "retarded" as slang to label a person or situation that the speaker considers stupid, unreasonable, foolish, or absurd has become common in our society; and

WHEREAS, The use of "retard" or "retarded" in such a casual or colloquial way reflects an insensitivity to persons with disabilities; and

WHEREAS, Such use of "retard" or "retarded", even when done with a laugh or as a joke, can be hurtful, both to persons with disabilities and to their families and friends; and

WHEREAS, All persons in this State enjoy freedom of speech, but, at the same time, they should consider the effect of the words they use; and

WHEREAS, Soeren Palumbo, a student at Fremd High School in Palatine, briefly addressed the Illinois Senate on the subject of the casual use of the words "retard" and "retarded"; the address was an abridged version of a longer speech given to his classmates that was a wake-up call for those who all-too-casually use those words in an insensitive way and that also served as a tribute to his younger sister, who is developmentally disabled; and

WHEREAS, Many other persons have also spoken out against this insensitive use of "retard" and "retarded"; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge Illinoisans not to casually use the words "retard" or "retarded" in an insensitive way that may be hurtful to others.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 15
A bill for AN ACT concerning public health.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 15

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 15

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 15 on page 3, by replacing line 10 with the following:
"practice nurse who has a collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician that authorizes care, or a physician's assistant who has been delegated authority to provide care."; and

on page 4, line 12, after "disorders", by inserting "in accordance with the formal opinions and recommendations of the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists"; and

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on page 4, by replacing lines 23 and 24 with the following: "prenatal care at a prenatal visit shall invite each pregnant patient".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 15, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 319
A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law. Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 319

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 319
AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 319 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:
"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Uniform Real Property Electronic Recording Act.

Section 2. Definitions. In this Act:
(1) "Document" means information that is:
   (A) inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form; and
   (B) eligible to be recorded in the land records maintained by the county recorder.
(2) "Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.
(3) "Electronic document" means a document that is received by the recorder in an electronic form.
(4) "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or logically associated with a document and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the document.
(5) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation, government, or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
(6) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
(7) "Secretary" means the Secretary of State.
(8) "Commission" means the Illinois Electronic Recording Commission.
Any notifications required by this Act must be made in writing and may be communicated by certified mail, return receipt requested or electronic mail so long as receipt is verified.

Section 3. Validity of electronic documents.
(a) If a law requires, as a condition for recording, that a document be an original, be on paper or another tangible medium, or be in writing, the requirement is satisfied by an electronic document satisfying this Act.
(b) If a law requires, as a condition for recording, that a document be signed, the requirement is satisfied by an electronic signature.
(c) A requirement that a document or a signature associated with a document be notarized, acknowledged, verified, witnessed, or made under oath is satisfied if the electronic signature of the person authorized to perform that act, and all other information required to be included, is attached to or
logically associated with the document or signature. A physical or electronic image of a stamp, impression, or seal need not accompany an electronic signature.

Section 4. Recording of documents.
(a) In this Section, "paper document" means a document that is received by the county recorder in a form that is not electronic.
(b) A county recorder:
   (1) who implements any of the functions listed in this Section shall do so in compliance with standards established by the Illinois Electronic Recording Commission and must follow the procedures of the Local Records Act before destroying any original paper records as part of a conversion process into an electronic or other format.
   (2) may receive, index, store, archive, and transmit electronic documents.
   (3) may provide for access to, and for search and retrieval of, documents and information by electronic means, including the Internet, and on approval by the county recorder of the form and amount, the county board may adopt a fee for document detail or image retrieval on the Internet.
   (4) who accepts electronic documents for recording shall continue to accept paper documents as authorized by State law and shall place entries for both types of documents in the same index.
   (5) may convert paper documents accepted for recording into electronic form.
   (6) may convert into electronic form information recorded before the county recorder began to record electronic documents.
   (7) may accept electronically any fee or tax that the county recorder is authorized to collect.
   (8) may agree with other officials of a state or a political subdivision thereof, or of the United States, on procedures or processes to facilitate the electronic satisfaction of prior approvals and conditions precedent to recording and the electronic payment of fees and taxes.

Section 5. Administration and standards.
(a) To adopt standards to implement this Act, there is established, within the Office of the Secretary of State, the Illinois Electronic Recording Commission consisting of 15 commissioners as follows:
   (1) The Secretary of State or the Secretary's designee shall be a permanent commissioner.
   (2) The Secretary of State shall appoint the following additional 14 commissioners:
      (A) Three who are from the land title profession.
      (B) Three who are from lending institutions.
      (C) One who is an attorney.
      (D) Seven who are county recorders, no more than 4 of whom are from one political party, representative of counties of varying size, geography, population, and resources.
   (3) On the effective date of this Act, the Secretary of State or the Secretary's designee shall become the Acting Chairperson of the Commission. The Secretary shall appoint the initial commissioners within 60 days and hold the first meeting of the Commission within 120 days, notifying commissioners of the time and place of the first meeting with at least 14 days' notice. At its first meeting the Commission shall adopt, by a majority vote, such rules and structure that it deems necessary to govern its operations, including the title, responsibilities, and election of officers. Once adopted, the rules and structure may be altered or amended by the Commission by majority vote. Upon the election of officers and adoption of rules or by-laws, the duties of the Acting Chairperson shall cease.
   (4) The Commission shall meet at least once every year within the State of Illinois. The time and place of meetings to be determined by the Chairperson and approved by a majority of the Commission.
   (5) Eight commissioners shall constitute a quorum.
   (6) Commissioners shall receive no compensation for their services but may be reimbursed for reasonable expenses at current rates in effect at the Office of the Secretary of State, directly related to their duties as commissioners and participation at Commission meetings or while on business or at meetings which have been authorized by the Commission.
   (7) Appointed commissioners shall serve terms of 3 years, which shall expire on December 1st. Five of the initially appointed commissioners, including at least 2 county recorders, shall serve terms of one year, 5 of the initially appointed commissioners, including at least 2 county recorders,
shall serve terms of 2 years, and 4 of the initially appointed commissioners shall serve terms of 3 years, to be determined by lot. The calculation of the terms in office of the initially appointed commissioners shall begin on the first December 1st after the commissioners have served at least 6 months in office.

(8) The Chairperson shall declare a commissioner's office vacant immediately after receipt of a written resignation, death, a recorder commissioner no longer holding the public office, or under other circumstances specified within the rules adopted by the Commission, which shall also by rule specify how and by what deadlines a replacement is to be appointed.

(c) The Commission shall adopt and transmit to the Secretary of State standards to implement this Act and shall be the exclusive entity to set standards for counties to engage in electronic recording in the State of Illinois.

(d) To keep the standards and practices of county recorders in this State in harmony with the standards and practices of recording offices in other jurisdictions that enact substantially this Act and to keep the technology used by county recorders in this State compatible with technology used by recording offices in other jurisdictions that enact substantially this Act, the Commission, so far as is consistent with the purposes, policies, and provisions of this Act, in adopting, amending, and repealing standards shall consider:

(1) standards and practices of other jurisdictions;
(2) the most recent standards promulgated by national standard-setting bodies, such as the Property Records Industry Association;
(3) the views of interested persons and governmental officials and entities;
(4) the needs of counties of varying size, population, and resources, and;
(5) standards requiring adequate information security protection to ensure that electronic documents are accurate, authentic, adequately preserved, and resistant to tampering.

(e) The Commission shall review the statutes related to real property and the statutes related to recording real property documents and shall recommend to the General Assembly any changes in the statutes that the Commission deems necessary or advisable.

(f) Funding. The Secretary of State may accept for the Commission, for any of its purposes and functions, donations, gifts, grants, and appropriations of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services from the federal government, the State or any of its departments or agencies, a county or municipality, or from any institution, person, firm, or corporation. The Commission may authorize a fee payable by counties engaged in electronic recording to fund its expenses. Any fee shall be proportional based on county population or number of documents recorded annually. On approval by a county recorder of the form and amount, a county board may authorize payment of any fee out of the special fund it has created to fund document storage and electronic retrieval, as authorized in Section 3-5018 of the Counties Code. Any funds received by the Office of the Secretary of State for the Commission shall be used entirely for expenses approved by and for the use of the Commission.

(6) The Secretary of State shall provide administrative support to the Commission, including the preparation of the agenda and minutes for Commission meetings, distribution of notices and proposed rules to commissioners, payment of bills and reimbursement for expenses of commissioners.

(b) Standards and rules adopted by the Commission shall be delivered to the Secretary of State. Within 60 days, the Secretary shall either promulgate by rule the standards adopted, amended, or repealed or return them to the Commission, with findings, for changes. The Commission may override the Secretary by a three-fifths vote, in which case the Secretary shall publish the Commission's standards.

Section 6. (Blank).

Section 7. Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act. This Act modifies, limits, and supersedes the federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act (15 U.S.C. Section 7001, et seq.) but does not modify, limit, or supersede Section 101(c) of that Act (15 U.S.C. Section 7001(c)) or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in Section 103(b) of that Act (15 U.S.C. Section 7003(b)).

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 319, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

[May 30, 2007]
A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 340
A bill for AN ACT concerning aging.
Together with the following amendments which are attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 340
House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 340

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 340
AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 340 on page 2, by replacing lines 10 through 25 with the following:
"follow-up services on substantiated cases. In the case of a report of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect that places an eligible adult at risk of injury or death, a provider agency shall respond to the report without delay and shall ensure that it is capable of responding to such a report 24 hours per day, 7 days per week. A provider agency may use an on-call system to respond to reports of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect after hours and on weekends.; and"
on page 4, by deleting lines 7 and 8.

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 340
AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 340, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Act on the Aging is amended by changing Section 4.02 as follows:
(20 ILCS 105/4.02) (from Ch. 23, par. 6104.02)
Sec. 4.02. The Department shall establish a program of services to prevent unnecessary institutionalization of persons age 60 and older in need of long term care or who are established as persons who suffer from Alzheimer's disease or a related disorder under the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Act, thereby enabling them to remain in their own homes or in other living arrangements. Such preventive services, which may be coordinated with other programs for the aged and monitored by area agencies on aging in cooperation with the Department, may include, but are not limited to, any or all of the following:
(a) home health services;
(b) home nursing services;
(c) homemaker services;
(d) chore and housekeeping services;
(e) adult day services;
(f) home-delivered meals;
(g) education in self-care;
(h) personal care services;
(i) adult day health services;
(j) habilitation services;
(k) respite care;
(k-5) community reintegration services;
(l) other nonmedical social services that may enable the person to become self-supporting; or
(m) clearinghouse for information provided by senior citizen home owners who want to rent rooms to or share living space with other senior citizens.
The Department shall establish eligibility standards for such services taking into consideration the unique economic and social needs of the target population for whom they are to be provided. Such eligibility standards shall be based on the recipient's ability to pay for services; provided, however, that

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in determining the amount and nature of services for which a person may qualify, consideration shall not be given to the value of cash, property or other assets held in the name of the person's spouse pursuant to a written agreement dividing marital property into equal but separate shares or pursuant to a transfer of the person's interest in a home to his spouse, provided that the spouse's share of the marital property is not made available to the person seeking such services.

Beginning July 1, 2002, the Department shall require as a condition of eligibility that all financially eligible applicants and recipients apply for medical assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code in accordance with rules promulgated by the Department.

The Department shall, in conjunction with the Department of Public Aid (now Department of Healthcare and Family Services), seek appropriate amendments under Sections 1915 and 1924 of the Social Security Act. The purpose of the amendments shall be to extend eligibility for home and community based services under Sections 1915 and 1924 of the Social Security Act to persons who transfer to or for the benefit of a spouse those amounts of income and resources allowed under Section 1924 of the Social Security Act. Subject to the approval of such amendments, the Department shall extend the provisions of Section 5-4 of the Illinois Public Aid Code to persons who, but for the provision of home or community-based services, would require the level of care provided in an institution, as is provided for in federal law. Those persons no longer found to be eligible for receiving noninstitutional services due to changes in the eligibility criteria shall be given 60 days notice prior to actual termination. Those persons receiving notice of termination may contact the Department and request the determination be appealed at any time during the 60 day notice period. With the exception of the lengthened notice and time frame for the appeal request, the appeal process shall follow the normal procedure. In addition, each person affected regardless of the circumstances for discontinued eligibility shall be given notice and the opportunity to purchase the necessary services through the Community Care Program. If the individual does not elect to purchase services, the Department shall advise the individual of alternative services. The target population identified for the purposes of this Section are persons age 60 and older with an identified service need. Priority shall be given to those who are at imminent risk of institutionalization. The services shall be provided to eligible persons age 60 and older to the extent that the cost of the services together with the other personal maintenance expenses of the persons are reasonably related to the standards established for care in a group facility appropriate to the person's condition. These non-institutional services, pilot projects or experimental facilities may be provided as part of or in addition to those authorized by federal law or those funded and administered by the Department of Human Services. The Departments of Human Services, Healthcare and Family Services, Public Health, Veterans' Affairs, and Commerce and Economic Opportunity and other appropriate agencies of State, federal and local governments shall cooperate with the Department on Aging in the establishment and development of the non-institutional services. The Department shall require an annual audit from all chore/housekeeping and homemaker vendors contracting with the Department under this Section. The annual audit shall assure that each audited vendor's procedures are in compliance with Department's financial reporting guidelines requiring an administrative and employee wage and benefits cost split as defined in administrative rules. The audit is a public record under the Freedom of Information Act. The Department shall execute, relative to the nursing home prescreening project, written inter-agency agreements with the Department of Human Services and the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, to effect the following: (1) intake procedures and common eligibility criteria for those persons who are receiving non-institutional services; and (2) the establishment and development of non-institutional services in areas of the State where they are not currently available or are undeveloped. On and after July 1, 1996, all nursing home prescreenings for individuals 60 years of age or older shall be conducted by the Department.

As part of the Department on Aging's routine training of case managers and case manager supervisors, the Department may include information on family futures planning for persons who are age 60 or older and who are caregivers of their adult children with developmental disabilities. The content of the training shall be at the Department's discretion.

The Department is authorized to establish a system of recipient copayment for services provided under this Section, such copayment to be based upon the recipient's ability to pay but in no case to exceed the actual cost of the services provided. Additionally, any portion of a person's income which is equal to or less than the federal poverty standard shall not be considered by the Department in determining the copayment. The level of such copayment shall be adjusted whenever necessary to reflect any change in the officially designated federal poverty standard.

The Department, or the Department's authorized representative, shall recover the amount of moneys expended for services provided to or in behalf of a person under this Section by a claim against the person's estate or against the estate of the person's surviving spouse, but no recovery may be had until [May 30, 2007]
The Committee shall meet on a bi-monthly basis and shall serve to identify an institutionalization. The Committee shall advise the Department on present and potential issues affecting the service delivery network, the program's clients, and the Department and to recommend solution strategies. Persons appointed to the Committee shall be appointed on, but not limited to, their own and their agency's experience with the program, geographic representation, and willingness to serve. The Director shall appoint members to the Committee to represent provider, advocacy, policy research, and other constituencies committed to the delivery of high quality home and community-based services to older adults. Representatives shall be appointed to ensure representation from community care providers including, but not limited to, adult day service providers, homemaker providers, case coordination and case management units, emergency home response providers, statewide trade or labor unions that represent homecare aides and direct care staff, area agencies on aging, adults over age 60, membership organizations representing older adults, and other organizational entities, providers of care, or individuals with demonstrated interest and expertise in the field of home and community care as determined by the Director. The Committee shall include, but not be limited to, representatives from the following agencies and organizations:

(a) at least 4 adult day service representatives;
(b) at least 4 case coordination unit representatives;
(c) at least 4 representatives from in-home direct care service agencies;
(d) at least 2 representatives of statewide trade or labor unions that represent in-home direct care staff;
(e) at least 2 representatives of Area Agencies on Aging;
(f) at least 2 non-provider representatives from a policy, advocacy, research, or other service

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Nominations may be presented from any agency or State association with interest in the program. The Director, or his or her designee, shall serve as the permanent co-chair of the advisory committee. One other co-chair shall be nominated and approved by the members of the committee on an annual basis. Committee members’ terms of appointment shall be for 4 years with one-quarter of the appointees’ terms expiring each year. A member shall continue to serve until his or her replacement is named. At no time may a member serve more than one consecutive term in any capacity on the committee. The Department shall fill vacancies that have a remaining term of over one year, and this replacement shall occur through the annual replacement of expiring terms. The Director shall designate Department staff to provide technical assistance and staff support to the committee.

Department representation shall not constitute membership of the committee. All Committee papers, issues, recommendations, reports, and meeting memoranda are advisory only. The Director, or his or her designee, shall make a written report, as requested by the Committee, regarding issues before the Committee.

The Department on Aging and the Department of Human Services shall cooperate in the development and submission of an annual report on programs and services provided under this Section. Such joint report shall be filed with the Governor and the General Assembly on or before September 30 each year.

The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report with the Speaker, the Minority Leader and the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the President, the Minority Leader and the Secretary of the Senate and the Legislative Research Unit, as required by Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organization Act and filing such additional copies with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly as is required under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State Library Act.

Those persons previously found eligible for receiving non-institutional services whose services were discontinued under the Emergency Budget Act of Fiscal Year 1992, and who do not meet the eligibility standards in effect on or after July 1, 1992, shall remain ineligible on and after July 1, 1992. Those persons previously not required to cost-share and who were required to cost-share effective March 1, 1992, shall continue to meet cost-share requirements on and after July 1, 1992. Beginning July 1, 1992, all clients will be required to meet eligibility, cost-share, and other requirements and will have services discontinued or altered when they fail to meet these requirements.

(Source: P.A. 93-85, eff. 1-1-04; 93-902, eff. 8-10-04; 94-48, eff. 7-1-05; 94-269, eff. 7-19-05; 94-336, eff. 7-26-05; 94-954, eff. 6-27-06.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 340, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 345

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 345


MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 345

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 345 on page 2, line 20, by replacing "may" with "shall"; and

on page 3, line 9, by replacing "may" with "shall"; and

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on page 4, line 7, by replacing "may" with "shall"; and

on page 4, line 22, by replacing "may" with "shall".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 345, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 446
A bill for AN ACT concerning education.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 446

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 446

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 446 on page 11, line 2, after "expenses", by inserting ", such as transportation, tutoring, technology, and technology support."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 446, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 473
A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 473

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 473

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 473 as follows:

on page 1, immediately below line 3, by inserting the following:

"Section 3. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing Section 20-25 as follows:
(35 ILCS 200/20-25)
Sec. 20-25. Forms of payment.
(a) Taxes levied by taxing districts may be satisfied by payment in legal money of the United States, cashier's check, certified check, post office money order, bank money order issued by a national or state bank that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or by a personal or corporate check drawn on such a bank, to the respective collection officers who are entitled by law to receive the tax payments or by credit card in accordance with the Local Governmental Acceptance of Credit Cards Act. A county collector may refuse to accept a personal check within 30 days before a tax sale.
(b) Beginning on January 1, 2008, a county with a population of more than 3,000,000 is required to accept payment by credit card for each installment of property taxes. Nothing in this subsection requires

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a county with a population of more than 3,000,000 to accept payment by credit card for the payment on any installment of taxes that is delinquent under Section 21-10, 21-25, or 21-30 of the Property Tax Code or for the purposes of any tax sale or scavenger sale under Division 3.5, 4, or 5 of Article 21 of the Property Tax Code. This subsection is a limitation under subsection (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution on the concurrent exercise by home rule units of powers and functions exercised by the State.
(Source: P.A. 90-518, eff. 8-22-97.)

on page 7, immediately below line 5, by inserting the following:

"Section 10. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding Section 8.31 as follows:
(30 ILCS 805/8.31 new)
Sec. 8.31. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 473, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 486
A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 486

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 486

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 486 on page 3, by replacing line 3 with the following:
"Assembly for which no court order has been entered preliminarily approving a proposed settlement for a class of plaintiffs."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 486, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 532
A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 532

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 532

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 532 on page 3, line 16, by replacing "a" with "the".

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Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 532, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 547
A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 547

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 547

AMENDMENT NO. ___. Amend Senate Bill 547 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding Section 2310-367 as follows:
(20 ILCS 2310/2310-367 new)
Sec. 2310-367. Health Data Task Force; purpose; implementation plan.
(a) In accordance with the recommendations of the 2007 State Health Improvement Plan, it is the policy of the State that, to the extent possible and consistent with privacy and other laws, State public health data and health-related administrative data are to be used to understand and report on the scope of health problems, plan prevention programs, and evaluate program effectiveness at the State and community level. It is a priority to use data to address racial, ethnic, and other health disparities. This system is intended to support State and community level public health planning and is not intended to supplant or replace data-use agreements between State agencies and academic researchers for more specific research needs.
(b) Within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, a Health Data Task Force shall be convened to create a system for public access to integrated health data. The Task Force shall consist of the following; the Director of Public Health or his or her designee; the Director of Healthcare and Family Services or his or her designee; the Secretary of Human Services or his or her designee; the Director of the Department on Aging or his or her designee; the Director of Children and Family Services or his or her designee; the State Superintendent of Education or his or her designee; and other State officials as deemed appropriate by the Governor.
The Task Force shall be advised by a public advisory group consisting of community health data users, minority health advocates, local public health departments, and private data suppliers such as hospitals and other health care providers. Each member of the Task Force shall appoint 3 members of the public advisory group. The public advisory group shall assist the Task Force in setting goals, articulating user needs, and setting priorities for action.
The Department of Public Health is primarily responsible for providing staff and administrative support to the Task Force. The other State agencies represented on the Task Force shall work cooperatively with the Department of Public Health to provide administrative support to the Task Force. The Department of Public Health shall have ongoing responsibility for monitoring the implementation of the plan and shall have ongoing responsibility to identify new or emerging data or technology needs.
The State agencies represented on the Task Force shall review their health data, data collection, and dissemination policies for opportunities to coordinate and integrate data and make data available within and outside State government in support of this State policy. To the extent possible, existing data infrastructure shall be used to create this system of public access to data. The Illinois Department of Health Care and Family Services data warehouse and the Illinois Department of Public Health IPLAN Data System may be the foundation of this system.
(c) The Task Force shall produce a plan with a phased and prioritized implementation timetable focusing on assuring access to improving the quality of data necessary to understand health disparities. The Task Force shall submit an initial report to the General Assembly no later that July 1, 2008, and

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shall make annual reports to the General Assembly on or before July 1 of each year through 2011 of the progress toward implementing the plan.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 547, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by 
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 577
A bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.
Together with the following amendments which are attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 577
House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 577

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 577
AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 577, by deleting lines 15 through 26 on page 3 and lines 1 through 5 on page 4.

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 577
AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 577 on page 1, line 5 by inserting "6-201, 6-205," after "2-118,"; and

on page 5, by inserting after line 9 the following:
"(625 ILCS 5/6-201) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-201)
Sec. 6-201. Authority to cancel licenses and permits.
(a) The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel any license or permit upon determining that the holder thereof:
1. was not entitled to the issuance thereof hereunder; or
2. failed to give the required or correct information in his application; or
3. failed to pay any fees, civil penalties owed to the Illinois Commerce Commission, or taxes due under this Act and upon reasonable notice and demand; or
4. committed any fraud in the making of such application; or
5. is ineligible therefor under the provisions of Section 6-103 of this Act, as amended; or
6. has refused or neglected to submit an alcohol, drug, and intoxicating compound evaluation or to submit to examination or re-examination as required under this Act; or
7. has been convicted of violating the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act while that individual was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle. For purposes of this Section, any person placed on probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act shall not be considered convicted. Any person found guilty of this offense, while in actual physical control of a motor vehicle, shall have an entry made in the court record by the judge that this offense did occur while the person was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State as such. After the cancellation, the Secretary of State shall not issue a new license or permit for a period of one year after the date of cancellation. However, upon application, the Secretary of State may, if satisfied that the person applying will not endanger the public safety, or welfare, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's person's residence and petitioner's person's place of employment or within the scope of the

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petitioner's person's employment related duties, or to allow transportation for the petitioner person or a household member of the petitioner's person's family for the receipt of necessary medical care or, if the professional evaluation indicates, provide transportation for the petitioner to and from for alcohol or drug remedial or rehabilitative activity recommended by a licensed service provider, or for the petitioner person to attend classes, as a student, in an accredited educational institution. The petitioner must, if the person is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available; provided that the Secretary's discretion shall be limited to cases where undue hardship, as defined by the rules of the Secretary of State, would result from a failure to issue such restricted driving permit. In each case the Secretary of State may issue such restricted driving permit for such period as he deems appropriate, except that such permit shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. A restricted driving permit issued hereunder shall be subject to cancellation, revocation and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued hereunder may be cancelled, revoked or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a driver remedial or rehabilitative program; or

8. failed to submit a report as required by Section 6-116.5 of this Code; or
9. has been convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act.

The driver's license shall remain cancelled until the driver registers as a sex offender as required by the Sex Offender Registration Act, proof of the registration is furnished to the Secretary of State and the sex offender provides proof of current address to the Secretary; or

10. is ineligible for a license or permit under Section 6-107, 6-107.1, or 6-108 of this Code.

(b) Upon such cancellation the licensee or permittee must surrender the license or permit so cancelled to the Secretary of State.

c) Except as provided in Sections 6-206.1 and 7-702.1, the Secretary of State shall have exclusive authority to grant, issue, deny, cancel, suspend and revoke driving privileges, drivers' licenses and restricted driving permits.

d) The Secretary of State may adopt rules to implement this Section.

(Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-916, eff. 7-1-07; 94-993, eff. 1-1-07; revised 8-3-06.)

(625 ILCS 5/6-205) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-205)

Sec. 6-205. Mandatory revocation of license or permit; Hardship cases.

(a) Except as provided in this Section, the Secretary of State shall immediately revoke the license, permit, or driving privileges of any driver upon receiving a report of the driver's conviction of any of the following offenses:

1. Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle;
2. Violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof;
3. Any felony under the laws of any State or the federal government in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used;
4. Violation of Section 11-401 of this Code relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a traffic accident involving death or personal injury;
5. Perjury or the making of a false affidavit or statement under oath to the Secretary of State under this Code or under any other law relating to the ownership or operation of motor vehicles;
6. Conviction upon 3 charges of violation of Section 11-503 of this Code relating to the offense of reckless driving committed within a period of 12 months;
7. Conviction of any offense defined in Section 4-102 of this Code;
8. Violation of Section 11-504 of this Code relating to the offense of drag racing;
9. Violation of Chapters 8 and 9 of this Code;
10. Violation of Section 12-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 arising from the use of a motor vehicle;
11. Violation of Section 11-204.1 of this Code relating to aggravated fleeing or attempting to elude a peace officer;
12. Violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section 6-507, or a similar law of any other state, relating to the unlawful operation of a commercial motor vehicle;
13. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of
a local ordinance if the driver has been previously convicted of a violation of that Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance and the driver was less than 21 years of age at the time of the offense.

(b) The Secretary of State shall also immediately revoke the license or permit of any driver in the following situations:

1. Of any minor upon receiving the notice provided for in Section 5-901 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 that the minor has been adjudicated under that Act as having committed an offense relating to motor vehicles prescribed in Section 4-103 of this Code;
2. Of any person when any other law of this State requires either the revocation or suspension of a license or permit.

(c)(1) Whenever a person is convicted of any of the offenses enumerated in this Section, the court may recommend and the Secretary of State in his discretion, without regard to whether the recommendation is made by the court may, upon application, issue to the person a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of the petitioner's employment related duties, or to allow transportation for the petitioner or a household member of the petitioner's family for the receipt of necessary medical care or, if the professional evaluation indicates, provide transportation for the petitioner to and from for alcohol or drug remedial or rehabilitative activity recommended by a licensed service provider, or for the petitioner to attend classes, as a student, in an accredited educational institution; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and that the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare; provided that the Secretary's discretion shall be limited to cases where undue hardship as defined by the rules of the Secretary of State, would result from a failure to issue the restricted driving permit. Those multiple offenders identified in subdivision (b)4 of Section 6-208 of this Code, however, shall not be eligible for the issuance of a restricted driving permit.

(2) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

(3) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to any combination of:
(A) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or
(B) a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1; or
(C) a suspension pursuant to Section 6-203.1, 2 or more statutory summary suspensions, or combination of 2 offenses, or an offense and a statutory summary suspension, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

(4) The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed $20 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.

(5) If the restricted driving permit is issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes.

(6) In each case the Secretary of State may issue a restricted driving permit for a period he deems appropriate, except that the permit shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. The Secretary may not, however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense.

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or any similar out-of-state offense, or any combination of these offenses, or any combination thereof, until the expiration of at least one year from the date of the revocation. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the petitioner applicant to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program. However, if an individual's driving privileges have been revoked in accordance with paragraph 13 of subsection (a) of this Section, no restricted driving permit shall be issued until the individual has served 6 months of the revocation period.

(d)(1) Whenever a person under the age of 21 is convicted under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a similar out-of-state offense, the Secretary of State shall revoke the driving privileges of that person. One year after the date of revocation, and upon application, the Secretary of State may, if satisfied that the person applying will not endanger the public safety or welfare, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle only between the hours of 5 a.m. and 9 p.m. or as otherwise provided by this Section for a period of one year. After this one year period, and upon reapplication for a license as provided in Section 6-106, upon payment of the appropriate reinstatement fee provided under paragraph (b) of Section 6-118, the Secretary of State, in his discretion, may reinstate the petitioner's driver's license and driving privileges, issue the applicant a license, or extend the restricted driving permit as many times as the Secretary of State deems appropriate, by additional periods of not more than 12 months each, until the applicant attains 21 years of age.

(2) If a person's license or permit is has been revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

(3) If a person's license or permit is has been revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to any combination of:

(A) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or

(B) a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1; or

(C) a suspension pursuant to Section 6-203.1, 2 or more statutory summary suspensions, or combination of 2 offenses, or of an offense and a statutory summary suspension, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

(4) The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed $20 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.

(5) If the restricted driving permit was issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against driving a vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device this provision does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes.

(6) A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The revocation periods contained in this subparagraph shall apply to similar out of state convictions.

(e) This Section is subject to the provisions of the Driver License Compact.

(f) Any revocation imposed upon any person under subsections 2 and 3 of paragraph (b) that is in [May 30, 2007]
effect on December 31, 1988 shall be converted to a suspension for a like period of time.

(g) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose driving privileges have been revoked under any provisions of this Code.

(h) The Secretary of State shall require the use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the interlock system.

(i) The Secretary of State may not issue a restricted driving permit for a period of one year after a second or subsequent revocation of driving privileges under clause (a)(2) of this Section; however, one year after the date of a second or subsequent revocation of driving privileges under clause (a)(2) of this Section, the Secretary of State may, upon application, issue a restricted driving permit under the terms and conditions of subsection (c).

(j) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a CDL whose driving privileges have been revoked under any provisions of this Code.

(Source: P.A. 93-120, eff. 1-1-04; 94-307, eff. 9-30-05.)

by replacing lines 11 through 26 on page 15, all of pages 16 and 17, and lines 1 through 7 on page 18 with the following:

"3. At the conclusion of a hearing under Section 2-118 of this Code, the Secretary of State shall either rescind or continue an order of revocation or shall substitute an order of suspension; or, good cause appearing therefor, rescind, continue, change, or extend the order of suspension. If the Secretary of State does not rescind the order, the Secretary may upon application, to relieve undue hardship (as defined by the rules of the Secretary of State), issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of the petitioner's employment related duties, or to allow transportation for the petitioner, or a household member of the petitioner's family, to receive necessary medical care and if the professional evaluation indicates, provide transportation to and from for alcohol or drug remedial or rehabilitative activity recommended by a licensed service provider, or for the petitioner to attend classes, as a student, in an accredited educational institution. The petitioner must be able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and that the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare. Those multiple offenders identified in subdivision (b)4 of Section 6-208 of this Code, however, shall not be eligible for the issuance of a restricted driving permit.

(A) If a person's license or permit is has been revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

(B) If a person's license or permit is has been revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to any combination of:

(i) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or

(ii) a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1; or

(iii) a suspension under Section 6-203.1, 2 or more statutory summary suspensions, or combination of 2 offenses, or of an offense and a statutory summary suspension, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

(C) The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed $20 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.

(D) If the restricted driving permit is was issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device this provision does not

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apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes.

(E) In each case the Secretary may issue a restricted driving permit for a period deemed appropriate, except that all permits shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. The Secretary may not, however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or any similar out-of-state offense, or any combination of those offenses, until the expiration of at least one year from the date of the revocation. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 577, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 580

A bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 580

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 580

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 580 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Cycle Rider Safety Training Act is amended by changing Section 6 as follows:
(625 ILCS 35/6) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 806)
Sec. 6. To finance the Cycle Rider Safety Training program and to pay the costs thereof, the Secretary of State will hereafter deposit with the State Treasurer an amount equal to each annual fee and each reduced fee, for the registration of each motorcycle, motor driven cycle and motorized pedalcycle processed by the Office of the Secretary of State during the preceding quarter as required in subsection (d) of Section 2-119 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, which amount the State Comptroller shall transfer quarterly to a trust fund outside of the State treasury to be known as the Cycle Rider Safety Training Fund, which is hereby created. In addition, the Department may accept any federal, State, or private moneys for deposit into the Fund and shall be used by the Department only for the expenses of the Department in administering the provisions of this Act, for funding of contracts with approved Regional Cycle Rider Safety Training Centers for the conduct of courses, or for any purpose related or incident thereto and connected therewith, notwithstanding any other law to the contrary adopted after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly.
(Source: P.A. 86-1005; 87-838; 87-1217.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".
Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 580, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 595
A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 595

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 595
AMENDMENT NO. 1
Amend Senate Bill 595 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Act on the Aging is amended by adding Section 4.08 as follows:
(20 ILCS 105/4.08 new)
Sec. 4.08. Medication management program. Subject to appropriation, the Department shall establish a program to assist persons 60 years of age or older in managing their medications. The Department shall establish guidelines and standards for the program by rule.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 595, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 599
A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 599

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 599
AMENDMENT NO. 1
Amend Senate Bill 599 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act is amended by changing Section 7h as follows:
(70 ILCS 2605/7h)
Sec. 7h. Stormwater management.
(a) Stormwater management in Cook County shall be under the general supervision of the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago. The District has the authority to plan, manage, implement, and finance activities relating to stormwater management in Cook County. The authority of the District with respect to stormwater management extends throughout Cook County and is
not limited to the area otherwise within the territory and jurisdiction of the District under this Act.

For the purposes of this Section, the term "stormwater management" includes, without limitation, the management of floods and floodwaters.

(b) The District may utilize the resources of cooperating local watershed councils (including the stormwater management planning councils created under Section 5-1062.1 of the Counties Code), councils of local governments, the Northeastern Illinois Planning Commission, and similar organizations and agencies. The District may provide those organizations and agencies with funding, on a contractual basis, for providing information to the District, providing information to the public, or performing other activities related to stormwater management.

The District, in addition to other powers vested in it, may negotiate and enter into agreements with any county for the management of stormwater runoff in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 5-1062 of the Counties Code.

The District may enter into intergovernmental agreements with Cook County or other units of local government that are located in whole or in part outside the District for the purpose of implementing the stormwater management plan and providing stormwater management services in areas not included within the territory of the District.

(c) The District shall prepare and adopt by ordinance a countywide stormwater management plan for Cook County. The countywide plan may incorporate one or more separate watershed plans.

Prior to adopting the countywide stormwater management plan, the District shall hold at least one public hearing thereon and shall afford interested persons an opportunity to be heard.

(d) The District may prescribe by ordinance reasonable rules and regulations for floodplain and stormwater management and for governing the location, width, course, and release rate of all stormwater runoff channels, streams, and basins in Cook County, in accordance with the adopted stormwater management plan. These rules and regulations shall, at a minimum, meet the standards for floodplain management established by the Office of Water Resources of the Department of Natural Resources and the requirements of the Federal Emergency Management Agency for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program.

(e) The District may impose fees on areas outside the District but within Cook County for performance of stormwater management services, including but not limited to, maintenance of streams and the development, design, planning, construction, operation and maintenance of stormwater facilities. The total amount of the fees collected from areas outside of the District but within Cook County shall not exceed the District's annual tax rate for stormwater management within the District multiplied by the aggregate equalized assessed valuation of areas outside of the District but within Cook County. The District may require the unit of local government in which the stormwater services are performed to collect the fee and remit the collected fee to the District. The District is authorized to pay a reasonable administrative fee to the unit of local government for the collection of these fees, to mitigate the effects of increased stormwater runoff resulting from new development. The fees shall not exceed the cost of satisfying the onsite stormwater retention or detention requirements of the adopted stormwater management plan. The fees shall be used to finance activities undertaken by the District or units of local government within the District to mitigate the effects of urban stormwater runoff by providing regional stormwater retention or detention facilities, as identified in the plan. All such fees collected by the District shall be held in a separate fund and used for implementation of this Section.

(f) Amounts realized from the tax levy for stormwater management purposes authorized in Section 12 may be used by the District for implementing this Section and for the development, design, planning, construction, operation, and maintenance of regional stormwater facilities provided for in the stormwater management plan.

The proceeds of any tax imposed under Section 12 for stormwater management purposes and any revenues generated as a result of the ownership or operation of facilities or land acquired with the proceeds of taxes imposed under Section 12 for stormwater management purposes shall be held in a separate fund and used either for implementing this Section or to abate those taxes.

(g) The District may plan, implement, finance, and operate regional stormwater management projects in accordance with the adopted countywide stormwater management plan.

The District shall provide for public review and comment on proposed stormwater management projects. The District shall conform to State and federal requirements concerning public information, environmental assessments, and environmental impacts for projects receiving State or federal funds.

The District may issue bonds under Section 9.6a of this Act for the purpose of funding stormwater management projects.

The District shall not use Cook County Forest Preserve District land for stormwater or flood control projects without the consent of the Forest Preserve District.
(h) Upon the creation and implementation of a county stormwater management plan, the District may petition the circuit court to dissolve any or all drainage districts created pursuant to the Illinois Drainage Code or predecessor Acts that are located entirely within the District.

However, any active drainage district implementing a plan that is consistent with and at least as stringent as the county stormwater management plan may petition the District for exception from dissolution. Upon filing of the petition, the District shall set a date for hearing not less than 2 weeks, nor more than 4 weeks, from the filing thereof, and the District shall give at least one week's notice of the hearing in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the drainage district, and in addition shall cause a copy of the notice to be personally served upon each of the trustees of the drainage district. At the hearing, the District shall hear the drainage district's petition and allow the drainage district trustees and any interested parties an opportunity to present oral and written evidence. The District shall render its decision upon the petition for exception from dissolution based upon the best interests of the residents of the drainage district. In the event that the exception is not allowed, the drainage district may file a petition with the circuit court within 30 days of the decision. In that case, the notice and hearing requirements for the court shall be the same as provided in this subsection for the petition to the District. The court shall render its decision of whether to dissolve the district based upon the best interests of the residents of the drainage district.

The dissolution of a drainage district shall not affect the obligation of any bonds issued or contracts entered into by the drainage district nor invalidate the levy, extension, or collection of any taxes or special assessments upon the property in the former drainage district. All property and obligations of the former drainage district shall be assumed and managed by the District, and the debts of the former drainage district shall be discharged as soon as practicable.

If a drainage district lies only partly within the District, the District may petition the circuit court to disconnect from the drainage district that portion of the drainage district that lies within the District. The property of the drainage district within the disconnected area shall be assumed and managed by the District. The District shall also assume a portion of the drainage district's debt at the time of disconnection, based on the portion of the value of the taxable property of the drainage district which is located within the area being disconnected.

A drainage district that continues to exist within Cook County shall conform its operations to the countywide stormwater management plan.

(i) The District may assume responsibility for maintaining any stream within Cook County.

(j) The District may, after 10 days written notice to the owner or occupant, enter upon any lands or waters within the county for the purpose of inspecting stormwater facilities or causing the removal of any obstruction to an affected watercourse. The District shall be responsible for any damages occasioned thereby.

(k) The District shall report to the public annually on its activities and expenditures under this Section and the adopted countywide stormwater management plan.

(l) The powers granted to the District under this Section are in addition to the other powers granted under this Act. This Section does not limit the powers of the District under any other provision of this Act or any other law.

(m) This Section does not affect the power or duty of any unit of local government to take actions relating to flooding or stormwater, so long as those actions conform with this Section and the plans, rules, and ordinances adopted by the District under this Section.

A home rule unit located in whole or in part in Cook County (other than a municipality with a population over 1,000,000) may not regulate stormwater management or planning in Cook County in a manner inconsistent with this Section or the plans, rules, and ordinances adopted by the District under this Section; provided, within a municipality with a population over 1,000,000, the stormwater management planning program of Cook County shall be conducted by that municipality or, to the extent provided in an intergovernmental agreement between the municipality and the District, by the District pursuant to this Section; provided further that the power granted to such municipality shall not be inconsistent with existing powers of the District. Pursuant to paragraph (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution, this Section specifically denies and limits the exercise of any power that is inconsistent with this Section by a home rule unit that is a county with a population of 1,500,000 or more or is located, in whole or in part, within such a county, other than a municipality with a population over 1,000,000.

(Source: P.A. 93-1049, eff. 11-17-04.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".  

[May 30, 2007]
Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 599, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 641

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 641

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 641

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 641 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 27-8.1 as follows:

Sec. 27-8.1. Health examinations and immunizations.
(1) In compliance with rules and regulations which the Department of Public Health shall promulgate, and except as hereinafter provided, all children in Illinois shall have a health examination as follows: within one year prior to entering kindergarten or the first grade of any public, private, or parochial elementary school; upon entering the fifth and ninth grades of any public, private, or parochial school; prior to entrance into any public, private, or parochial nursery school; and, irrespective of grade, immediately prior to or upon entrance into any public, private, or parochial school or nursery school, each child shall present proof of having been examined in accordance with this Section and the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder.

A tuberculosis skin test screening shall be included as a required part of each health examination included under this Section if the child resides in an area designated by the Department of Public Health as having a high incidence of tuberculosis. Additional health examinations of pupils, including eye vision examinations, may be required when deemed necessary by school authorities. Parents are encouraged to have their children undergo eye vision examinations at the same points in time required for health examinations.

(1.5) In compliance with rules adopted by the Department of Public Health and except as otherwise provided in this Section, all children in kindergarten and the second and sixth grades of any public, private, or parochial school shall have a dental examination. Each of these children shall present proof of having been examined by a dentist in accordance with this Section and rules adopted under this Section before May 15th of the school year. If a child in the second or sixth grade fails to present proof by May 15th, the school may hold the child's report card until one of the following occurs: (i) the child presents proof of a completed dental examination or (ii) the child presents proof that a dental examination will take place within 60 days after May 15th. The Department of Public Health shall establish, by rule, a waiver for children who show an undue burden or a lack of access to a dentist. Each public, private, and parochial school must give notice of this dental examination requirement to the parents and guardians of students at least 60 days before May 15th of each school year.

(1.10) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, all children enrolling in kindergarten in a public, private, or parochial school on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly and any student enrolling for the first time in a public, private, or parochial school on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall have an eye examination. Each of these children shall present proof of having been examined by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or a licensed optometrist within the previous year, in accordance with this Section and rules adopted under this Section, before October 15th of the school year. If the child fails to present proof by October 15th, the school may hold the child's report card until one of the following occurs: (i) the child presents proof of a completed eye examination or (ii) the child presents proof that an eye examination will take place within 60 days after October 15th. The Department of Public Health
shall establish, by rule, a waiver for children who show an undue burden or a lack of access to a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches who provides eye examinations or to a licensed optometrist. Each public, private, and parochial school must give notice of this eye examination requirement to the parents and guardians of students in compliance with rules of the Department of Public Health. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to allow a school to exclude a child from attending because of a parent's or guardian's failure to obtain an eye examination for the child.

(2) The Department of Public Health shall promulgate rules and regulations specifying the examinations and procedures that constitute a health examination, which shall include the collection of data relating to obesity, (including at a minimum, date of birth, gender, height, weight, blood pressure, and date of exam), and a dental examination and may recommend by rule that certain additional examinations be performed. The rules and regulations of the Department of Public Health shall specify that a tuberculosis skin test screening shall be included as a required part of each health examination included under this Section if the child resides in an area designated by the Department of Public Health as having a high incidence of tuberculosis. The Department of Public Health shall specify that a diabetes screening as defined by rule shall be included as a required part of each health examination. Diabetes testing is not required.

Physicians licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, advanced practice nurses who have a written collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician which authorizes them to perform health examinations, or physician assistants who have been delegated the performance of health examinations by their supervising physician shall be responsible for the performance of the health examinations, other than dental examinations, eye examinations, and vision and hearing screening, and shall sign all report forms required by subsection (4) of this Section that pertain to those portions of the health examination for which the physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant is responsible. If a registered nurse performs any part of a health examination, then a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches must review and sign all required report forms. Licensed dentists shall perform all dental examinations and shall sign all report forms required by subsection (4) of this Section that pertain to the dental examinations. Physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, or licensed optometrists, shall perform all eye examinations and vision exams required by this Section school authorities and shall sign all report forms required by subsection (4) of this Section that pertain to the eye examination. For purposes of this Section, an eye examination shall at a minimum include history, visual acuity, subjective refraction to best visual acuity near and far, internal and external examination, and a glaucoma evaluation, as well as any other tests or observations that in the professional judgment of the doctor are necessary. Vision and hearing screening tests, which shall not be considered examinations as that term is used in this Section, shall be conducted in accordance with rules and regulations of the Department of Public Health, and by individuals whom the Department of Public Health has certified. In these rules and regulations, the Department of Public Health shall require that individuals conducting vision screening tests give a child's parent or guardian written notification, before the vision screening is conducted, that states, "Vision screening is not a substitute for a complete eye and vision evaluation by an eye doctor. Your child is not required to undergo this vision screening if an optometrist or ophthalmologist has completed and signed a report form indicating that an examination has been administered within the previous 12 months."

(3) Every child shall, at or about the same time as he or she receives a health examination required by subsection (1) of this Section, present to the local school proof of having received such immunizations against preventable communicable diseases as the Department of Public Health shall require by rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this Section and the Communicable Disease Prevention Act.

(4) The individuals conducting the health examination, or dental examination, or eye examination shall record the fact of having conducted the examination, and such additional information as required, including for a health examination data relating to obesity, (including at a minimum, date of birth, gender, height, weight, blood pressure, and date of exam), on uniform forms which the Department of Public Health and the State Board of Education shall prescribe for statewide use. The examiner shall summarize on the report form any condition that he or she suspects indicates a need for special services, including for a health examination factors relating to obesity. The individuals confirming the administration of required immunizations shall record as indicated on the form that the immunizations were administered.

(5) If a child does not submit proof of having had either the health examination or the immunization as required, then the child shall be examined or receive the immunization, as the case may be, and present proof by October 15 of the current school year, or by an earlier date of the current school year established by a school district. To establish a date before October 15 of the current school year for the health examination or immunization as required, a school district must give notice of the requirements of

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this Section 60 days prior to the earlier established date. If for medical reasons one or more of the required immunizations must be given after October 15 of the current school year, or after an earlier established date of the current school year, then the child shall present, by October 15, or by the earlier established date, a schedule for the administration of the remaining required immunizations. If a child does not comply by October 15, or by the earlier established date of the current school year, with the requirements of this subsection, then the local school authority shall exclude that child from school until such time as the child presents proof of having had the health examination as required and presents proof of having received those required immunizations which are medically possible to receive immediately. During a child's exclusion from school for noncompliance with this subsection, the child's parents or legal guardian shall be considered in violation of Section 26-1 and subject to any penalty imposed by Section 26-10. This subsection (5) does not apply to dental examinations and eye examinations.

(6) Every school shall report to the State Board of Education by November 15, in the manner which that agency shall require, the number of children who have received the necessary immunizations and the health examination (other than a dental examination or eye examination) as required, indicating, of those who have not received the immunizations and examination as required, the number of children who are exempt from health examination and immunization requirements on religious or medical grounds as provided in subsection (8). Every school shall report to the State Board of Education by June 30, in the manner that the State Board requires, the number of children who have received the required dental examination, indicating, of those who have not received the required dental examination, the number of children who are exempt from the dental examination on religious grounds as provided in subsection (8) of this Section and the number of children who have received a waiver under subsection (1.5) of this Section. Every school shall report to the State Board of Education by June 30, in the manner that the State Board requires, the number of children who have received the required eye examination, indicating, of those who have not received the required eye examination, the number of children who are exempt from the eye examination as provided in subsection (8) of this Section, the number of children who have received a waiver under subsection (1.10) of this Section, and the total number of children in noncompliance with the eye examination requirement. This reported information shall be provided to the Department of Public Health by the State Board of Education.

(7) Upon determining that the number of pupils who are required to be in compliance with subsection (5) of this Section is below 90% of the number of pupils enrolled in the school district, 10% of each State aid payment made pursuant to Section 18-8.05 to the school district for such year shall be withheld by the regional superintendent until the number of students in compliance with subsection (5) is the applicable specified percentage or higher.

(8) Parents or legal guardians who object to health, or dental, or eye examinations or any part thereof, or to immunizations, on religious grounds shall not be required to submit their children or wards to the examinations or immunizations to which they so object if such parents or legal guardians present to the appropriate local school authority a signed statement of objection, detailing the grounds for the objection. If the physical condition of the child is such that any one or more of the immunizing agents should not be administered, the examining physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant responsible for the performance of the health examination shall endorse that fact upon the health examination form. Exempting a child from the health, or dental, or eye examination does not exempt the child from participation in the program of physical education training provided in Sections 27-5 through 27-7 of this Code.

(9) For the purposes of this Section, "nursery schools" means those nursery schools operated by elementary school systems or secondary level school units or institutions of higher learning.

(Source: P.A. 92-703, eff. 7-19-02; 93-504, eff. 1-1-04; 93-530, eff. 1-1-04; 93-946, eff. 7-1-05; 93-966, eff. 1-1-05; revised 12-1-05.)

Section 90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding Section 8.31 as follows:

(30 ILCS 805/8.31 new) Sec. 8.31. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 1, 2008.

[May 30, 2007]
Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 641**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

**SENATE BILL NO. 680**

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 680

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 680**

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 680 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Public Utilities Act is amended by adding Section 16-107.5 as follows:

(220 ILCS 5/16-107.5 new)
Sec. 16-107.5. Net electricity metering.
(a) The Legislature finds and declares that a program to provide net electricity metering, as defined in this Section, for eligible customers can encourage private investment in renewable energy resources, stimulate economic growth, enhance the continued diversification of Illinois' energy resource mix, and protect the Illinois environment.

(b) As used in this Section, (i) "eligible customer" means a retail customer that owns or operates a solar, wind, or other eligible renewable electrical generating facility with a rated capacity of not more than 2,000 kilowatts that is located on the customer's premises and is intended primarily to offset the customer's own electrical requirements; (ii) "electricity provider" means an electric utility or alternative retail electric supplier; (iii) "eligible renewable electrical generating facility" means a generator powered by solar electric energy, wind, dedicated crops grown for electricity generation, anaerobic digestion of livestock or food processing waste, fuel cells or microturbines powered by renewable fuels, or hydroelectric energy; and (iv) "net electricity metering" (or "net metering") means the measurement, during the billing period applicable to an eligible customer, of the net amount of electricity supplied by an electricity provider to the customer's premises or provided to the electricity provider by the customer.

(c) A net metering facility shall be equipped with metering equipment that can measure the flow of electricity in both directions at the same rate. For eligible residential customers, this shall typically be accomplished through use of a single, bi-directional meter. If the eligible customer's existing electric revenue meter does not meet this requirement, the electricity provider shall arrange for the local electric utility or a meter service provider to install and maintain a new revenue meter at the electricity provider's expense. For non-residential customers, the electricity provider may arrange for the local electric utility or a meter service provider to install and maintain metering equipment capable of measuring the flow of electricity both into and out of the customer's facility at the same rate and ratio, typically through the use of a dual channel meter. For generators with a nameplate rating of 40 kilowatts and below, the costs of installing such equipment shall be paid for by the electricity provider. For generators with a nameplate rating over 40 kilowatts and up to 2,000 kilowatts capacity, the costs of installing such equipment shall be paid for by the customer. Any subsequent revenue meter change necessitated by any eligible customer shall be paid for by the customer.

(d) An electricity provider shall measure and charge or credit for the net electricity supplied to eligible customers or provided by eligible customers in the following manner:

(1) If the amount of electricity used by the customer during the billing period exceeds the amount of electricity produced by the customer, the electricity provider shall charge the customer for the net electricity supplied to and used by the customer as provided in subsection (e) of this Section.

(2) If the amount of electricity produced by a customer during the billing period exceeds the amount of electricity used by the customer during that billing period, the electricity provider supplying that customer shall apply a 1:1 kilowatt-hour credit to a subsequent bill for service to the customer for the net

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electricity supplied to the electricity provider. The electricity provider shall continue to carry over any excess kilowatt-hour credits earned and apply those credits to subsequent billing periods to offset any customer-generator consumption in those billing periods until all credits are used or until the end of the annualized period.

(3) At the end of the year or annualized over the period that service is supplied by means of net metering, or in the event that the retail customer terminates service with the electricity provider prior to the end of the year or the annualized period, any remaining credits in the customer's account shall expire.

(e) An electricity provider shall provide to net metering customers electric service at non-discriminatory rates that are identical, with respect to rate structure, retail rate components, and any monthly charges, to the rates that the customer would be charged if not a net metering customer. An electricity provider shall not charge net metering customers any fee or charge or require additional equipment, insurance, or any other requirements not specifically authorized by interconnection standards authorized by the Commission, unless the fee, charge, or other requirement would apply to other similarly situated customers who are not net metering customers. The customer will remain responsible for all taxes, fees, and utility delivery charges that would otherwise be applicable to the net amount of electricity used by the customer. Subsections (c) through (e) of this Section shall not be construed to prevent an arms-length agreement between an electricity provider and an eligible customer that sets forth different prices, terms, and conditions for the provision of net metering service, including, but not limited to, the provision of the appropriate metering equipment for non-residential customers.

(f) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsections (c) through (e) of this Section, an electricity provider must require dual-channel metering for non-residential customers operating eligible renewable electrical generating facilities with a nameplate rating over 40 kilowatts and up to 2,000 kilowatts. In such cases, electricity charges and credits shall be determined as follows:

(1) The electricity provider shall assess and the customer remains responsible for all taxes, fees, and utility delivery charges that would otherwise be applicable to the gross amount of kilowatt-hours supplied to the eligible customer by the electricity provider.

(2) Each month that service is supplied by means of dual-channel metering, the electricity provider shall compensate the eligible customer for any excess kilowatt-hour credits at the electricity provider's avoided cost of electricity supply over the monthly period or as otherwise specified by the terms of a power-purchase agreement negotiated between the customer and electricity provider.

(3) For all eligible net-metering customers taking service from an electricity provider under contracts or tariffs employing time of use rates, any monthly consumption of electricity shall be calculated according to the terms of the contract or tariff to which the same customer would be assigned to or be eligible for if the customer was not a net-metering customer. When those same customer-generators are net generators during any discrete time of use period, the net kilowatt-hours produced shall be valued at the same price per kilowatt-hour as the electric service provider would charge for retail kilowatt-hour sales during that same time of use period.

(g) For purposes of federal and State laws providing renewable energy credits or greenhouse gas credits, the eligible customer shall be treated as owning and having title to the renewable energy attributes, renewable energy credits, and greenhouse gas emission credits related to any electricity produced by the qualified generating unit. The electricity provider may not condition participation in a net-metering program on the signing over of a customer's renewable energy credits; provided, however, this subsection (g) shall not be construed to prevent an arms-length agreement between an electricity provider and an eligible customer that sets forth the ownership or title of the credits.

(b) Within 120 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Commission shall establish standards for net metering and, if the Commission has not already acted on its own initiative, standards for the interconnection of eligible renewable generating equipment to the utility system. The interconnection standards shall address any procedural barriers, delays, and administrative costs associated with the interconnection of customer-generation while ensuring the safety and reliability of the units and the electric utility system. The Commission shall consider the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) Standard 1547 and the issues of (i) reasonable and fair fees and costs, (ii) clear timelines for major milestones in the interconnection process, (iii) nondiscriminatory terms of agreement, and (iv) any best practices for interconnection of distributed generation.

(i) All electricity providers shall begin to offer net metering no later than April 1, 2008.

(j) An electricity provider shall provide net metering to eligible customers until the load of its net metering customers equals 1% of the total peak demand supplied by that electricity provider during the previous year. Electricity providers are authorized to offer net metering beyond the 1% level if they so choose. The number of new eligible customers with generators that have a nameplate rating of 40
kilowatts and below will be limited to 200 total new billing accounts for the utilities (Ameren Companies, ComEd, and MidAmerican) for the period of April 1, 2008 through March 31, 2009.

(k) Each electricity provider shall maintain records and report annually to the Commission the total number of net metering customers served by the provider, as well as the type, capacity, and energy sources of the generating systems used by the net metering customers. Nothing in this Section shall limit the ability of an electricity provider to request the redaction of information deemed by the Commission to be confidential business information. Each electricity provider shall notify the Commission when the total generating capacity of its net metering customers is equal to or in excess of the 1% cap specified in subsection (j) of this Section.

(l) Notwithstanding the definition of "eligible customer" in item (i) of subsection (b) of this Section, each electricity provider shall consider whether to allow meter aggregation for the purposes of net metering on:

(1) properties owned or leased by multiple customers that contribute to the operation of an eligible renewable electrical generating facility, such as a community-owned wind project or a community methane digester processing livestock waste from multiple sources; and

(2) individual units, apartments, or properties owned or leased by multiple customers and collectively served by a common eligible renewable electrical generating facility, such as an apartment building served by photovoltaic panels on the roof.

For the purposes of this subsection (l), "meter aggregation" means the combination of reading and billing on a pro rata basis for the types of eligible customers described in this Section.

(m) Nothing in this Section shall affect the right of an electricity provider to continue to provide, or the right of a retail customer to continue to receive service pursuant to a contract for electric service between the electricity provider and the retail customer in accordance with the prices, terms, and conditions provided for in that contract. Either the electricity provider or the customer may require compliance with the prices, terms, and conditions of the contract.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 680, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 841
A bill for AN ACT concerning education.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 841

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 841
AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 841 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The College and Career Success for All Students Act is amended by adding Section 25 as follows:

(105 ILCS 302/25 new)
Sec. 25. AP exam fee waiver program. Subject to appropriation, the State Board of Education shall create, under the College and Career Success for All Students program set forth in this Act, a program in public schools where at least 40% of students qualify for free or reduced-price lunches whereby fees charged by the College Board for Advanced Placement exams are waived by the school, but paid for by the State, for those students who do not qualify for a fee waiver provided by federal funds or the College Board.

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Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 841, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1097
A bill for AN ACT concerning economic development.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1097

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1097
AMENDMENT NO. 1
Amend Senate Bill 1097 on page 1, line 22, after "zones.", by inserting
"In conducting the research and in formulating its recommendations, the Department must be advised by and shall consult with the appropriate committees of the Senate and House of Representatives. The Department shall review and consider strategies, programs, and practices that have been implemented in other states and shall seek and consider the views and recommendations of both the public and private sectors."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 1097, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1165
A bill for AN ACT concerning education.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1165

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1165
AMENDMENT NO. 1
Amend Senate Bill 1165 on page 1, line 6, after "18-11," by inserting "26-3a,"; and
on page 18, immediately below line 9, by inserting the following:
"(105 ILCS 5/26-3a) (from Ch. 122, par. 26-3a)
(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 94-916)
Sec. 26-3a. Report of pupils no longer enrolled in school.
The clerk or secretary of the school board of all school districts shall furnish quarterly on the first school day of October, January, April and July to the regional superintendent a list of pupils, excluding transferees, who have been expelled or have withdrawn or who have left school and have been removed from the regular attendance rolls during the period of time school was in regular session from the time of the previous quarterly report. Such list shall include the names and addresses of pupils formerly in attendance, the names and addresses of persons having custody or control of such pupils, the reason, if known, such pupils are no longer in attendance and the date of removal from the attendance rolls. The

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regional superintendent shall inform the county or district truant officer who shall investigate to see that such pupils are in compliance with the requirements of this Article.

In addition, the regional superintendent of schools of each educational service region shall report to the State Board of Education, in January of 1992 and in January of each year thereafter, the number and ages of dropouts, as defined in Section 26-2a, in his educational service region during the school year that ended in the immediately preceding calendar year, together with any efforts, activities and programs undertaken, established, implemented or coordinated by the regional superintendent of schools that have been effective in inducing dropouts to re-enroll in school.

(Source: P.A. 87-303.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 94-916)

Sec. 26-3a. Report of pupils no longer enrolled in school.

The clerk or secretary of the school board of all school districts shall furnish quarterly on the first school day of October, January, April and July to the regional superintendent and to the Secretary of State a list of pupils, excluding transferees, who have been expelled or have withdrawn or who have left school and have been removed from the regular attendance rolls during the period of time school was in regular session from the time of the previous quarterly report. Such list shall include the names and addresses of pupils formerly in attendance, the names and addresses of persons having custody or control of such pupils, the reason, if known, such pupils are no longer in attendance and the date of removal from the attendance rolls. The list shall also include the names of: pupils whose withdrawal is due to extraordinary circumstances, including but not limited to economic or medical necessity or family hardship, as determined by the criteria established by the school district; pupils who have re-enrolled in school since their names were removed from the attendance rolls; any pupil certified to be a chronic or habitual truant, as defined in Section 26-2a; and pupils previously certified as chronic or habitual truants who have resumed regular school attendance. The regional superintendent shall inform the county or district truant officer who shall investigate to see that such pupils are in compliance with the requirements of this Article.

Each local school district shall establish, in writing, a set of criteria for use by the local superintendent of schools in determining whether a pupil's failure to attend school is the result of extraordinary circumstances, including but not limited to economic or medical necessity or family hardship.

If a pupil re-enrolls in school after his or her name was removed from the attendance rolls or resumes regular attendance after being certified a chronic or habitual truant, the pupil must obtain and forward to the Secretary of State, on a form designated by the Secretary of State, verification of his or her re-enrollment. The verification may be in the form of a signature or seal or in any other form determined by the school board.

In addition, the regional superintendent of schools of each educational service region shall report to the State Board of Education, in January of 1992 and in January of each year thereafter, the number and ages of dropouts, as defined in Section 26-2a, in his educational service region during the school year that ended in the immediately preceding calendar year, together with any efforts, activities and programs undertaken, established, implemented or coordinated by the regional superintendent of schools that have been effective in inducing dropouts to re-enroll in school. The State Board of Education shall, if possible, make available to any person, upon request, a comparison of dropout rates before and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.

(Source: P.A. 94-916, eff. 7-1-07.)

on page 28, by deleting line 23; and

on page 28, by deleting line 25; and

on page 29, line 4, by deleting "18-14,"; and

on page 29, line 4, by deleting "26-3a,"; and

on page 29, immediately below line 4, by inserting the following:

"Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act."

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Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 1165**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

**SENATE BILL NO. 1169**

A bill for AN ACT concerning finance.
Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:
House Amendment No. 1 to **SENATE BILL NO. 1169**

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1169**

**AMENDMENT NO. 1.** Amend Senate Bill 1169 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Deposit of State Moneys Act is amended by reenacting and changing Section 22.5 as follows:

(15 ILCS 520/22.5) (from Ch. 130, par. 41a)

(For force and effect of certain provisions, see Section 90 of P.A. 94-79)

Sec. 22.5. Permitted investments. The State Treasurer may, with the approval of the Governor, invest and reinvest any State money in the treasury which is not needed for current expenditures due or about to become due, in obligations of the United States government or its agencies or of National Mortgage Associations established by or under the National Housing Act, 1201 U.S.C. 1701 et seq., or in mortgage participation certificates representing undivided interests in specified, first-lien conventional residential Illinois mortgages that are underwritten, insured, guaranteed, or purchased by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation or in Affordable Housing Program Trust Fund Bonds or Notes as defined in and issued pursuant to the Illinois Housing Development Act. All such obligations shall be considered as cash and may be delivered over as cash by a State Treasurer to his successor.

The State Treasurer may, with the approval of the Governor, purchase any state bonds with any money in the State Treasury that has been set aside and held for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds. The bonds shall be considered as cash and may be delivered over as cash by the State Treasurer to his successor.

The State Treasurer may, with the approval of the Governor, invest or reinvest any State money in the treasury that is not needed for current expenditure due or about to become due, or any money in the State Treasury that has been set aside and held for the payment of the principal of and interest on any State bonds, in shares, withdrawable accounts, and investment certificates of savings and building and loan associations, incorporated under the laws of this State or any other state or under the laws of the United States; provided, however, that investments may be made only in those savings and loan or building and loan associations the shares and withdrawable accounts or other forms of investment securities of which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The State Treasurer may not invest State money in any savings and loan or building and loan association unless a commitment by the savings and loan (or building and loan) association, executed by the president or chief executive officer of that association, is submitted in the following form:

The .................. Savings and Loan (or Building and Loan) Association pledges not to reject arbitrarily mortgage loans for residential properties within any specific part of the community served by the savings and loan (or building and loan) association because of the location of the property. The savings and loan (or building and loan) association also pledges to make loans available on low and moderate income residential property throughout the community within the limits of its legal restrictions and prudent financial practices.

The State Treasurer may, with the approval of the Governor, invest or reinvest, at a price not to exceed par, any State money in the treasury that is not needed for current expenditures due or about to become due, or any money in the State Treasury that has been set aside and held for the payment of the

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principal of and interest on any State bonds, in bonds issued by counties or municipal corporations of the State of Illinois.

The State Treasurer may, with the approval of the Governor, invest or reinvest any State money in the Treasury which is not needed for current expenditure, due or about to become due, or any money in the State Treasury which has been set aside and held for the payment of the principal of and the interest on any State bonds, in participations in loans, the principal of which participation is fully guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States government; provided, however, that such loan participations are represented by certificates issued only by banks which are incorporated under the laws of this State or any other state or under the laws of the United States, and such banks, but not the loan participation certificates, are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The State Treasurer may, with the approval of the Governor, invest or reinvest any State money in the Treasury that is not needed for current expenditure, due or about to become due, or any money in the State Treasury that has been set aside and held for the payment of the principal of and the interest on any State bonds, in any of the following:

1. Bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, Treasury bills, or other securities now or hereafter issued that are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America as to principal and interest.
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other similar obligations of the United States of America, its agencies, and instrumentalities.
2.5 Bonds, notes, debentures, or other similar obligations of a foreign government, other than the Republic of the Sudan, that are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of that government as to principal and interest, but only if the foreign government has not defaulted and has met its payment obligations in a timely manner on all similar obligations for a period of at least 25 years immediately before the time of acquiring those obligations.
3. Interest-bearing savings accounts, interest-bearing certificates of deposit, interest-bearing time deposits, or any other investments constituting direct obligations of any bank as defined by the Illinois Banking Act.
4. Interest-bearing accounts, certificates of deposit, or any other investments constituting direct obligations of any savings and loan associations incorporated under the laws of this State or any other state or under the laws of the United States.
5. Dividend-bearing share accounts, share certificate accounts, or class of share accounts of a credit union chartered under the laws of this State or the laws of the United States; provided, however, the principal office of the credit union must be located within the State of Illinois.
6. Bankers' acceptances of banks whose senior obligations are rated in the top 2 rating categories by 2 national rating agencies and maintain that rating during the term of the investment.
7. Short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding $500,000,000 if (i) the obligations are rated at the time of purchase at one of the 3 highest classifications established by at least 2 standard rating services and mature not later than 180 days from the date of purchase, (ii) the purchases do not exceed 10% of the corporation's outstanding obligations, (iii) no more than one-third of the public agency's funds are invested in short-term obligations of corporations, and (iv) the corporation has not been identified as a forbidden entity, as that term is defined in Section 1-110.6 of the Illinois Pension Code, by an independent researching firm that specializes in global security risk that has been engaged by the State Treasurer.
8. Money market mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided that the portfolio of the money market mutual fund is limited to obligations described in this Section and to agreements to repurchase such obligations.
9. The Public Treasurers' Investment Pool created under Section 17 of the State Treasurer Act or in a fund managed, operated, and administered by a bank.
11. Investments made in accordance with the Technology Development Act. For purposes of this Section, "agencies" of the United States Government includes:
   (i) the federal land banks, federal intermediate credit banks, banks for cooperatives, federal farm credit banks, or any other entity authorized to issue debt obligations under the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2001 et seq.) and Acts amendatory thereto;
   (ii) the federal home loan banks and the federal home loan mortgage corporation;

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(iii) the Commodity Credit Corporation; and
(iv) any other agency created by Act of Congress.

The Treasurer may, with the approval of the Governor, lend any securities acquired under this Act. However, securities may be lent under this Section only in accordance with Federal Financial Institution Examination Council guidelines and only if the securities are collateralized at a level sufficient to assure the safety of the securities, taking into account market value fluctuation. The securities may be collateralized by cash or collateral acceptable under Sections 11 and 11.1.

(Source: P.A. 94-79, eff. 1-27-06; for force and effect of certain provisions, see Section 90 of P.A. 94-79.)

Section 10. The State Treasurer Act is amended by changing Section 16.5 as follows:

(15 ILCS 505/16.5)

Sec. 16.5. College Savings Pool. The State Treasurer may establish and administer a College Savings Pool to supplement and enhance the investment opportunities otherwise available to persons seeking to finance the costs of higher education. The State Treasurer, in administering the College Savings Pool, may receive moneys paid into the pool by a participant and may serve as the fiscal agent of that participant for the purpose of holding and investing those moneys.

"Participant", as used in this Section, means any person who makes investments in the pool. "Designated beneficiary", as used in this Section, means any person on whose behalf an account is established in the College Savings Pool by a participant. Both in-state and out-of-state persons may be participants and designated beneficiaries in the College Savings Pool.

New accounts in the College Savings Pool shall be processed through participating financial institutions. "Participating financial institution", as used in this Section, means any financial institution insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and lawfully doing business in the State of Illinois and any credit union approved by the State Treasurer and lawfully doing business in the State of Illinois that agrees to process new accounts in the College Savings Pool. Participating financial institutions may charge a processing fee to participants to open an account in the pool that shall not exceed $30 until the year 2001. Beginning in 2001 and every year thereafter, the maximum fee limit shall be adjusted by the Treasurer based on the Consumer Price Index for the North Central Region as published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics for the immediately preceding calendar year. Every contribution received by a financial institution for investment in the College Savings Pool shall be transferred from the financial institution to a location selected by the State Treasurer within one business day following the day that the funds must be made available in accordance with federal law. All communications from the State Treasurer to participants shall reference the participating financial institution at which the account was processed.

The Treasurer may invest the moneys in the College Savings Pool in the same manner, in the same types of investments, and subject to the same limitations provided for the investment of moneys by the Illinois State Board of Investment. To enhance the safety and liquidity of the College Savings Pool, to ensure the diversification of the investment portfolio of the pool, and in an effort to keep investment dollars in the State of Illinois, the State Treasurer shall make a percentage of each account available for investment in participating financial institutions doing business in the State. The State Treasurer shall deposit with the participating financial institution at which the account was processed the following percentage of each account at a prevailing rate offered by the institution, provided that the deposit is federally insured or fully collateralized and the institution accepts the deposit: 10% of the total amount of each account for which the current age of the beneficiary is less than 7 years of age, 20% of the total amount of each account for which the current age of the beneficiary is at least 7 years of age and less than 12 years of age, and 50% of the total amount of each account for which the current age of the beneficiary is at least 12 years of age. The State Treasurer shall adjust each account at least annually to ensure compliance with this Section. The Treasurer shall develop, publish, and implement an investment policy covering the investment of the moneys in the College Savings Pool. The policy shall be published (i) at least once each year in at least one newspaper of general circulation in both Springfield and Chicago and (ii) each year as part of the audit of the College Savings Pool by the Auditor General, which shall be distributed to all participants. The Treasurer shall notify all participants in writing, and the Treasurer shall publish in a newspaper of general circulation in both Chicago and Springfield, any changes to the previously published investment policy at least 30 calendar days before implementing the policy. Any investment policy adopted by the Treasurer shall be reviewed and updated if necessary within 90 days following the date that the State Treasurer takes office.

Participants shall be required to use moneys distributed from the College Savings Pool for qualified expenses at eligible educational institutions. "Qualified expenses", as used in this Section, means the

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following: (i) tuition, fees, and the costs of books, supplies, and equipment required for enrollment or attendance at an eligible educational institution and (ii) certain room and board expenses incurred while attending an eligible educational institution at least half-time. "Eligible educational institutions", as used in this Section, means public and private colleges, junior colleges, graduate schools, and certain vocational institutions that are described in Section 481 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1088) and that are eligible to participate in Department of Education student aid programs. A student shall be considered to be enrolled at least half-time if the student is enrolled for at least half the full-time academic work load for the course of study the student is pursing as determined under the standards of the institution at which the student is enrolled. Distributions made from the pool for qualified expenses shall be made directly to the eligible educational institution, directly to a vendor, or in the form of a check payable to both the beneficiary and the institution or vendor. Any moneys that are distributed in any other manner or that are used for expenses other than qualified expenses at an eligible educational institution shall be subject to a penalty of 10% of the earnings unless the beneficiary dies, becomes disabled, or receives a scholarship that equals or exceeds the distribution. Penalties shall be withheld at the time the distribution is made.

The Treasurer shall limit the contributions that may be made on behalf of a designated beneficiary based on an actuarial estimate of what is required to pay tuition, fees, and room and board for 5 undergraduate years at the highest cost eligible educational institution. The contributions made on behalf of a beneficiary who is also a beneficiary under the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program shall be further restricted to ensure that the contributions in both programs combined do not exceed the limit established for the College Savings Pool. The Treasurer shall provide the Illinois Student Assistance Commission each year at a time designated by the Commission, an electronic report of all participant accounts in the Treasurer's College Savings Pool, listing total contributions and disbursements from each individual account during the previous calendar year. As soon thereafter as is possible following receipt of the Treasurer's report, the Illinois Student Assistance Commission shall, in turn, provide the Treasurer with an electronic report listing those College Savings Pool participants who also participate in the State's prepaid tuition program, administered by the Commission. The Commission shall be responsible for filing any combined tax reports regarding State qualified savings programs required by the United States Internal Revenue Service. The Treasurer shall work with the Illinois Student Assistance Commission to coordinate the marketing of the College Savings Pool and the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Program when considered beneficial by the Treasurer and the Director of the Illinois Student Assistance Commission. The Treasurer's office shall not publicize or otherwise market the College Savings Pool or accept any moneys into the College Savings Pool prior to March 1, 2000. The Treasurer shall provide a separate accounting for each designated beneficiary to each participant, the Illinois Student Assistance Commission, and the participating financial institution at which the account was processed. No interest on the program may be pledged as security for a loan.

The assets of the College Savings Pool and its income and operations shall be exempt from all taxation by the State of Illinois and any of its subdivisions. The accrued earnings on investments in the Pool once disbursed on behalf of a designated beneficiary shall be similarly exempt from all taxation by the State of Illinois and its subdivisions, so long as they are used for qualified expenses. Contributions to a College Savings Pool account during the taxable year may be deducted from adjusted gross income as provided in Section 203 of the Illinois Income Tax Act. The provisions of this paragraph are exempt from Section 250 of the Illinois Income Tax Act.

The Treasurer shall adopt rules he or she considers necessary for the efficient administration of the College Savings Pool. The rules shall provide whatever additional parameters and restrictions are necessary to ensure that the College Savings Pool meets all of the requirements for a qualified state tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 529). The rules shall provide for the administration expenses of the pool to be paid from its earnings and for the investment earnings in excess of the expenses and all moneys collected as penalties to be credited or paid monthly to the several participants in the pool in a manner which equitably reflects the differing amounts of their respective investments in the pool and the differing periods of time for which those amounts were in the custody of the pool. Also, the rules shall require the maintenance of records that enable the Treasurer's office to produce a report for each account in the pool at least annually that documents the account balance and investment earnings. Notice of any proposed amendments to the rules and regulations shall be provided to all participants prior to adoption. Amendments to rules and regulations shall apply only to contributions made after the adoption of the amendment.

Upon creating the College Savings Pool, the State Treasurer shall give bond with 2 or more sufficient sureties, payable to and for the benefit of the participants in the College Savings Pool, in the penal sum of $1,000,000, conditioned upon the faithful discharge of his or her duties in relation to the College
Savings Pool.
(Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-439, eff. 8-17-01; 92-626, eff. 7-11-02; 93-812, eff. 1-1-05.)

Section 15. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by adding Sections 1-110.6 and 1-110.10 as follows:

(40 ILCS 5/1-110.6 new)

Sec. 1-110.6. Transactions prohibited by retirement systems; Republic of the Sudan.

(a) The Government of the United States has determined that Sudan is a nation that sponsors terrorism and genocide. The General Assembly finds that acts of terrorism have caused injury and death to Illinois and United States residents who serve in the United States military, and pose a significant threat to safety and health in Illinois. The General Assembly finds that public employees and their families, including police officers and firefighters, are more likely than others to be affected by acts of terrorism. The General Assembly finds that Sudan continues to solicit investment and commercial activities by forbidden entities, including private market funds. The General Assembly finds that investments in forbidden entities are inherently and unduly risky, not in the interests of public pensioners and Illinois taxpayers, and against public policy. The General Assembly finds that Sudan's capacity to sponsor terrorism and genocide depends on or is supported by the activities of forbidden entities. The General Assembly further finds and re-affirms that the people of the State, acting through their representatives, do not want to be associated with forbidden entities, genocide, and terrorism.

(b) For purposes of this Section:

"Business operations" means maintaining, selling, or leasing equipment, facilities, personnel, or any other apparatus of business or commerce in the Republic of the Sudan, including the ownership or possession of real or personal property located in the Republic of the Sudan.

"Certifying company" means a company that (1) directly provides asset management services or advice to a retirement system or (2) as directly authorized or requested by a retirement system (A) identifies particular investment options for consideration or approval; (B) chooses particular investment options; or (C) allocates particular amounts to be invested. If no company meets the criteria set forth in this paragraph, then "certifying company" shall mean the retirement system officer who, as designated by the board, executes the investment decisions made by the board, or, in the alternative, the company that the board authorizes to complete the certification as the agent of that officer.

"Company" is any entity capable of affecting commerce, including but not limited to (i) a government, government agency, natural person, legal person, sole proprietorship, partnership, firm, corporation, subsidiary, affiliate, franchisee, joint venture, trade association, financial institution, utility, public franchise, provider of financial services, trust, or enterprise; and (ii) any association thereof.

"Department" means the Public Pension Division of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation.

"Forbidden entity" means any of the following:

(1) The government of the Republic of the Sudan and any of its agencies, including but not limited to political units and subdivisions;

(2) Any company that is wholly or partially managed or controlled by the government of the Republic of the Sudan and any of its agencies, including but not limited to political units and subdivisions;

(3) Any company (i) that is established or organized under the laws of the Republic of the Sudan or (ii) whose principal place of business is in the Republic of the Sudan;

(4) Any company (i) identified by the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the United States Department of the Treasury as sponsoring terrorist activities in the Republic of the Sudan; or (ii) fined, penalized, or sanctioned by the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the United States Department of the Treasury for any violation of any United States rules and restrictions relating to the Republic of the Sudan that occurred at any time following the effective date of this Act;

(5) Any publicly traded company that is individually identified by an independent researching firm that specializes in global security risk and that has been retained by a certifying company as provided in subsection (c) of this Section as being a company that owns or controls property or assets located in, has employees or facilities located in, provides goods or services to, obtains goods or services from, has distribution agreements with, issues credits or loans to, purchases bonds or commercial paper issued by, or invests in (A) the Republic of the Sudan; or (B) any company domiciled in the Republic of the Sudan; and

(6) Any private market fund that fails to satisfy the requirements set forth in subsections (d) and (e) of this Section.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the term "forbidden entity" shall exclude (A) mutual funds that meet [May 30, 2007]
the requirements of item (iii) of paragraph (13) of Section 1-113.2 and (B) companies that transact business in the Republic of the Sudan under the law, license, or permit of the United States, including a license from the United States Department of the Treasury, and companies, except agencies of the Republic of the Sudan, who are certified as Non-Government Organizations by the United Nations, or who engage solely in (i) the provision of goods and services intended to relieve human suffering or to promote welfare, health, religious and spiritual activities, and education or humanitarian purposes; or (ii) journalistic activities.

"Private market fund" means any private equity fund, private equity fund of funds, venture capital fund, hedge fund, hedge fund of funds, real estate fund, or other investment vehicle that is not publicly traded.

"Republic of the Sudan" means those geographic areas of the Republic of Sudan that are subject to sanction or other restrictions placed on commercial activity imposed by the United States Government due to an executive or congressional declaration of genocide.

"Retirement system" means the State Employees' Retirement System of Illinois, the Judges Retirement System of Illinois, the General Assembly Retirement System, the State Universities Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois.

(c) A retirement system shall not transfer or disburse funds to, deposit into, acquire any bonds or commercial paper from, or otherwise loan to or invest in any entity unless, as provided in this Section, a certifying company certifies to the retirement system that, (1) with respect to investments in a publicly traded company, the certifying company has relied on information provided by an independent research firm that specializes in global security risk and (2) 100% of the retirement system's assets for which the certifying company provides services or advice are not and have not been invested or reinvested in any forbidden entity at any time after 4 months after the effective date of this Section.

The certifying company shall make the certification required under this subsection (c) to a retirement system 6 months after the effective date of this Section and annually thereafter. A retirement system shall submit the certifications to the Department, and the Department shall notify the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation if a retirement system fails to do so.

(d) With respect to a commitment or investment made pursuant to a written agreement executed prior to the effective date of this Section, each private market fund shall submit to the appropriate certifying company, at no additional cost to the retirement system:

(1) an affidavit sworn under oath in which an expressly authorized officer of the private market fund avers that the private market fund (A) does not own or control any property or asset located in the Republic of the Sudan and (B) does not conduct business operations in the Republic of the Sudan; or

(2) a certificate in which an expressly authorized officer of the private market fund certifies that the private market fund, based on reasonable due diligence, has determined that, other than direct or indirect investments in companies certified as Non-Government Organizations by the United Nations, the private market fund has no direct or indirect investment in any company (A) organized under the laws of the Republic of the Sudan; (B) whose principal place of business is in the Republic of the Sudan; or (C) that conducts business operations in the Republic of the Sudan. Such certificate shall be based upon the periodic reports received by the private market fund, and the private market fund shall agree that the certifying firm, directly or through an agent, or the retirement system, as the case may be, may from time to time review the private market fund's certification process.

(e) With respect to a commitment or investment made pursuant to a written agreement executed after the effective date of this Section, each private market fund shall, at no additional cost to the retirement system:

(1) submit to the appropriate certifying company an affidavit or certificate consistent with the requirements pursuant to subsection (d) of this Section; or

(2) enter into an enforceable written agreement with the retirement system that provides for remedies consistent with those set forth in subsection (g) of this Section if any of the assets of the retirement system shall be transferred, loaned, or otherwise invested in any company that directly or indirectly (A) has facilities or employees in the Republic of the Sudan or (B) conducts business operations in the Republic of the Sudan.

(f) In addition to any other penalties and remedies available under the law of Illinois and the United States, any transaction, other than a transaction with a private market fund that is governed by subsections (g) and (h) of this Section, that violates the provisions of this Act shall be against public policy and voidable, at the sole discretion of the retirement system.

(g) If a private market fund fails to provide the affidavit or certification required in subsections (d) and (e) of this Section, then the retirement system shall, within 90 days, divest, or attempt in good faith to divest, the retirement system's interest in the private market fund, provided that the Board of the

[May 30, 2007]
retirement system confirms through resolution that the divestment does not have a material and adverse impact on the retirement system. The retirement system shall immediately notify the Department, and the Department shall notify all other retirement systems, as soon as practicable, by posting the name of the private market fund on the Department's Internet website or through e-mail communications. No other retirement system may enter into any agreement under which the retirement system directly or indirectly invests in the private market fund unless the private market fund provides that retirement system with the affidavit or certification required in subsections (d) and (e) of this Section and complies with all other provisions of this Section.

(b) If a private market fund fails to fulfill its obligations under any agreement provided for in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Section, the retirement system shall immediately take legal and other action to obtain satisfaction through all remedies and penalties available under the law and the agreement itself. The retirement system shall immediately notify the Department, and the Department shall notify all other retirement systems, as soon as practicable, by posting the name of the private market fund on the Department's Internet website or through e-mail communications, and no other retirement system may enter into any agreement under which the retirement system directly or indirectly invests in the private market fund.

(i) This Section shall have full force and effect during any period in which the Republic of the Sudan, or the officials of the government of that Republic, are subject to sanctions authorized under any statute or executive order of the United States or until such time as the State Department of the United States confirms in the federal register or through other means that the Republic of the Sudan is no longer subject to sanctions by the government of the United States.

(ii) If any provision of this Section or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity of that provision or application does not affect other provisions or applications of this Section that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

(40 ILCS 5/1-110.10 new)
Sec. 1-110.10. Servicer certification.
(a) For the purposes of this Section:
"Illinois finance entity" means any entity chartered under the Illinois Banking Act, the Savings Bank Act, the Illinois Credit Union Act, or the Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985 and any person or entity licensed under the Residential Mortgage License Act of 1987, the Consumer Installment Loan Act, or the Sales Finance Agency Act.
"Retirement system or pension fund" means a retirement system or pension fund established under this Code.

(b) In order for an Illinois finance entity to be eligible for investment or deposit of retirement system or pension fund assets, the Illinois finance entity must annually certify that it complies with the requirements of the High Risk Home Loan Act and the rules adopted pursuant to that Act that are applicable to that Illinois finance entity. For Illinois finance entities with whom the retirement system or pension fund is investing or depositing assets on the effective date of this Section, the initial certification required under this Section shall be completed within 6 months after the effective date of this Section. For Illinois finance entities with whom the retirement system or pension fund is not investing or depositing assets on the effective date of this Section, the initial certification required under this Section must be completed before the retirement system or pension fund may invest or deposit assets with the Illinois finance entity.

(c) A retirement system or pension fund shall submit the certifications to the Public Pension Division of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, and the Division shall notify the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation if a retirement system or pension fund fails to do so.

(d) If an Illinois finance entity fails to provide an initial certification within 6 months after the effective date of this Section or fails to submit an annual certification, then the retirement system or pension fund shall notify the Illinois finance entity. The Illinois finance entity shall, within 30 days after the date of notification, either (i) notify the retirement system or pension fund of its intention to certify and complete certification or (ii) notify the retirement system or pension fund of its intention to not complete certification. If an Illinois finance entity fails to provide certification, then the retirement system or pension fund shall, within 90 days, divest, or attempt in good faith to divest, the retirement system's or pension fund's assets with that Illinois finance entity. The retirement system or pension fund shall immediately notify the Department of the Illinois finance entity's failure to provide certification.

(e) If any provision of this Section or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity of that provision or application does not affect other provisions or applications of this Section that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

(15 ILCS 520/22.6 rep.)
Section 90. The Deposit of State Moneys Act is amended by repealing Section 22.6.
(40 ILCS 5/1-110.5 rep.)

Section 95. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by repealing Section 1-110.5.

Section 96. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding Section 8.31 as follows:
(30 ILCS 805/8.31 new)
Sec. 8.31. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly.

Section 97. Severability. If any provision of this Act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity of that provision or application does not affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 1169, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary’s Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 121
A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.
SENATE BILL NO. 143
A bill for AN ACT concerning education.
SENATE BILL NO. 374
A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.
SENATE BILL NO. 376
A bill for AN ACT concerning safety.
SENATE BILL NO. 394
A bill for AN ACT concerning education.
SENATE BILL NO. 395
A bill for AN ACT concerning education.
SENATE BILL NO. 396
A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 152
A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.
SENATE BILL NO. 1560
A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 452
A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

SENATE BILL NO. 454
A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

SENATE BILL NO. 499
A bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

SENATE BILL NO. 521
A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

SENATE BILL NO. 533
A bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.

SENATE BILL NO. 534
A bill for AN ACT concerning property.

SENATE BILL NO. 585
A bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.

SENATE BILL NO. 594
A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 612
A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

SENATE BILL NO. 627
A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

SENATE BILL NO. 639
A bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.

SENATE BILL NO. 640
A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

SENATE BILL NO. 649
A bill for AN ACT concerning business.

SENATE BILL NO. 654
A bill for AN ACT concerning health.

SENATE BILL NO. 665
A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

SENATE BILL NO. 682
A bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.

SENATE BILL NO. 688
A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

SENATE BILL NO. 711
A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 730
A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

SENATE BILL NO. 744

[May 30, 2007]
A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.  
SENATE BILL NO. 745
A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.  
SENATE BILL NO. 746
A bill for AN ACT concerning education.  
SENATE BILL NO. 768
A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.  
SENATE BILL NO. 776
A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.  
SENATE BILL NO. 825
A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.  

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by  
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:  
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:  
SENATE BILL NO. 843
A bill for AN ACT concerning education.  
SENATE BILL NO. 850
A bill for AN ACT concerning education.  
SENATE BILL NO. 867
A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.  
SENATE BILL NO. 937
A bill for AN ACT concerning health.  
SENATE BILL NO. 1005
A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.  
SENATE BILL NO. 1026
A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.  
SENATE BILL NO. 1047
A bill for AN ACT concerning human rights.  

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by  
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:  
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:  
SENATE BILL NO. 1099
A bill for AN ACT concerning the military.  
SENATE BILL NO. 1159
A bill for AN ACT concerning property.  
SENATE BILL NO. 1162
A bill for AN ACT concerning motor vehicles.  
SENATE BILL NO. 1179
A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.  
SENATE BILL NO. 1208
A bill for AN ACT concerning insurance.  

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

JOINT ACTION MOTIONS FILED

[May 30, 2007]
The following Joint Action Motions to the Senate Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Rules:

- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 15
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 319
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 345
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 446
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 472
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 486
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 595
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 599
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 641
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 680
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 1165
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 1169

COMMUNICATION FROM MINORITY LEADER

ILLINOIS STATE SENATE
FRANK C. WATSON
STATE SENATOR
51ST SENATE DISTRICT

May 28, 2007

Ms. Deborah Shipley
Secretary of the Senate
403 State House
Springfield, Illinois 62706

Dear Madam Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 3-2(c), I hereby appoint Senator John Millner to resume his position as Minority Spokesman on the Senate Judiciary Criminal Law Committee and Senator Kirk Dillard shall resume his position on the Senate Judiciary Criminal Law Committee. This appointment is effective immediately.

Sincerely,
s/Frank Watson
Senate Republican Leader

cc: Senate President Emil Jones
    Assistant Secretary of the Senate Scott Kaiser

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT
STATE OF ILLINOIS

EMIL JONES, JR.
SENATE PRESIDENT
327 STATE CAPITOL
Springfield, Illinois 62706

May 29, 2007

Ms. Deborah Shipley
Secretary of the Senate
Room 403 State House

[May 30, 2007]
Springfield, IL  62706

Dear Madam Secretary:

Pursuant to the provisions of Senate Rule 3-2(c), I hereby appoint Senator Kimberly Lightford to resume her position on the Senate Public Health Committee. This appointment is effective immediately.

Sincerely,

s/Emil Jones, Jr.
Senate President

cc: Senate Minority Leader Frank Watson

OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT
STATE OF ILLINOIS

EMIL JONES, JR.  327 STATE CAPITOL
SENATE PRESIDENT  Springfield, Illinois  62706

May 29, 2007

Ms. Deborah Shipley
Secretary of the Senate
Room 403 State House
Springfield, IL  62706

Dear Madam Secretary:

Pursuant to the provisions of Senate Rule 3-2(c), I hereby appoint Senator Kimberly Lightford to resume her position on the Senate Revenue Committee. This appointment is effective immediately.

Sincerely,

s/Emil Jones, Jr.
Senate President

cc: Senate Minority Leader Frank Watson

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A FIRST TIME

House Bill No. 3477, sponsored by Senator Millner, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Rules.

Senator Righter asked and obtained unanimous consent to recess for the purpose of a Republican caucus.

At the hour of 11:05 o'clock a.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stand at recess subject to the call of the Chair.

AFTER RECESS

At the hour of 12:12 o'clock p.m., the Senate resumed consideration of business.
Senator Hendon, presiding.

PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTIONS

[May 30, 2007]
SENATE RESOLUTION 229
Offered by Senators Viverito – E. Jones and all Senators:
Mourns the death of George P. Poulos.

SENATE RESOLUTION 230
Offered by Senator Haine and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Donald E. Greer.

SENATE RESOLUTION 231
Offered by Senator Clayborne and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Sally A. Sabo of O'Fallon.

By unanimous consent, the foregoing resolutions were referred to the Resolutions Consent Calendar.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED
On motion of Senator Link, House Bill No. 4 was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.
Senator Link offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 4
AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 4, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Airport Authorities Act is amended by changing Sections 1, 3.1, 14.1, 14.2, and 14.3 and by adding Sections 22.1, 22.2, 22.3, 22.4, 22.6, and 22.7 as follows:

(70 ILCS 5/1) (from Ch. 15 1/2, par. 68.1)
Sec. 1. Definitions. When used in this Act:
"Aeronautics" means the act or practice of the art and science of transportation by aircraft and instruction therein, and establishment, construction, extension, operation, improvement, repair or maintenance of airports and airport facilities and air navigation facilities, and the operation, construction, repair or maintenance of aircraft.
"Aircraft" means any contrivance now known or hereafter invented, used or designed for navigation of, or flight in, the air.
"Airport" means any locality, either land or water, which is used or designed for the landing and taking off of aircraft, or for the location of runways, landing fields, airdromes, hangars, buildings, structures, airport roadways and other facilities.
"Airport hazard" means any structure, or object of natural growth, located on or in the vicinity of an airport, or any use of land near an airport, which is hazardous to the use of such airport for the landing and take-off of aircraft.
"Approach" means any path, course or zone defined by an ordinance of an Authority, or by other lawful regulation, on the ground or in the air, or both, for the use of aircraft in landing and taking off from an airport located within an Authority.
"Facilities" means and includes real estate and any and all forms of tangible and intangible personal property and services used or useful as an aid, or constituting an advantage or convenience to, the safe landing, taking off and navigation of aircraft, or the safe and efficient operation or maintenance of a public airport. In addition, for all airport authorities, "facilities" means and includes real estate, tangible and intangible personal property, and services used or useful for commercial and recreational purposes.
"Board of Commissioners" and "Board" mean the board of commissioners of an established authority or an authority proposed to be established.
"Commercial aircraft" means any aircraft other than public aircraft engaged in the business of transporting persons or property.
"Airport Authority" means a municipal corporation created and established under Section 2 of this Act, and includes Metropolitan Airport Authorities. "Authority" and "Airport Authority" are synonymous, unless the context requires otherwise.
"Metropolitan Airport Authority" and "Metropolitan Authority" mean an airport authority established in the manner provided in Section 2.7 of this Act.
"Municipality" means any city, village or incorporated town of the State of Illinois.
"Public Agency" means any political subdivision, public corporation, quasi-municipal corporation or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois, excepting public corporations or agencies owning, operating or maintaining a college or university with funds of the State of Illinois.
"Private aircraft" means any aircraft other than public and commercial aircraft.
"Public aircraft" means an aircraft used exclusively in the governmental service of the United States, or of any state or of any public agency, including military and naval aircraft.
"Public airport" means an airport owned by an airport authority or other public agency which is used or is intended for use by public, commercial and private aircraft and by persons owning, managing, operating or desiring to use, inspect or repair any such aircraft or to use any such airport for aeronautical purposes.
"Public interest" means the protection, furtherance and advancement of the general welfare and of public health and safety and public necessity and convenience in respect to aeronautics.
"Rail Authority" means a Rail Authority established as provided in Section 22.1 of this Act.
"Rail facility" has the meaning set forth in Section 22.2 of this Act.
"Related facility" has the meaning set forth in Section 22.2 of this Act.
(Source: P.A. 87-854.)

(70 ILCS 5/3.1) (from Ch. 15 1/2, par. 68.3a)
Sec. 3.1. Boards of commissioners - Appointment. The Boards of Commissioners of Authorities shall be appointed as follows:
(1) In case there are one or more municipalities having a population of 5,000 or more within the Authority, the commissioners shall be appointed as follows:
   (a) Where there is only one such municipality, 3 commissioners shall be appointed from such municipality, and 2 commissioners shall be appointed at large.
   (a-5) Within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, one additional commissioner shall be appointed to the board of the Springfield Airport Authority from each municipality having a population of 5,000 or more within the Authority, and one additional commissioner shall be appointed at large. The additional commissioners shall serve for a term of 4 or 5 years, as determined by lot. Their successors shall serve for terms of 5 years.
   (b) Where there are 2 or more such municipalities, one commissioner shall be appointed from each municipality with a population between 5,000 and 45,000, 2 commissioners shall be appointed from each municipality with a population of more than 45,000, such municipality and 3 commissioners shall be appointed at large; except that when the physical facilities of the airport of the Authority are located wholly within a single county with a population between 600,000 and 3,000,000 there shall be one commissioner appointed from each municipality within the corporate limits of the Authority having 5,000 or more population and 5 commissioners appointed at large. If the Authority is located wholly within the corporate limits of such municipalities, 2 commissioners shall be appointed from the one of such municipalities having the largest population, and one commissioner shall be appointed from each of the other such municipalities, and 2 commissioners shall be appointed at large.
   (c) Commissioners representing the area within an Authority located outside of any municipality having 5,000 or more population and commissioners appointed at large when the authority is wholly contained within a single county shall be appointed by the presiding officer of the county board with the advice and consent of the county board, and when the physical facilities of the airport of the Authority are located wholly within a single county with a population between 600,000 and 3,000,000 the commissioners appointed at large shall be appointed by the chairman of the county board of such county, and any commissioner representing the area within any such municipality shall be appointed by its mayor or the presiding officer of its governing body. If however the district is located in more than one county other than a county with a population between 600,000 and 3,000,000, the members of the General Assembly whose legislative districts encompass any portion of the Authority shall appoint the commissioners representing the area within an Authority located outside of any municipality having 5,000 or more population and commissioners at large but any commissioner representing the area within any such municipality shall be appointed by its mayor or the presiding officer of its governing body.
   (d) A commissioner representing the area within any such municipality shall reside within its corporate limits. A commissioner appointed at large may reside either within or without any such municipality but must reside within the territory of the authority. Should any commissioner cease to reside within that part of the territory he represents, or should the territory in which he resides cease to be a part of the authority, then his office shall be deemed vacated, and shall be filled by appointment for the remainder of the term as hereinafter provided.

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(2) In case there are no municipalities having a population of 5,000 or more within such authority located wholly within a single county, such order shall so find, and in such case the Board shall consist of 5 commissioners who shall be appointed at large by the presiding officer of the county board with the advice and consent of the county board. If however the district is located in more than one county, the members of the General Assembly whose legislative districts encompass any portion of the Authority shall appoint the commissioners at large.

(3) Should a municipality which is wholly within an authority attain, or should such a municipality be established, having a population of 5,000 or more after the entry of said order by the circuit court, the presiding officer of such municipality may petition the circuit court for an order finding and determining the population of such municipality and, if it is found and determined upon the hearing of said petition that the population of such municipality is 5,000 or more, the board of commissioners of such authority as previously established shall be increased by one commissioner who shall reside within the corporate limits of such municipality and shall be appointed by its presiding officer. The initial commissioner so appointed shall serve for a term of 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 years, as may be determined by lot, and his successors shall be similarly appointed and shall serve for terms of 5 years. All provisions of this section applicable to commissioners representing municipal areas shall apply to any such commissioner. Each such commissioner shall reside within the authority and shall continue to reside therein.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, the Board of Commissioners of a Metropolitan Airport Authority shall consist of 9 commissioners.

Seven commissioners shall be residents of the county with a population between 600,000 and 3,000,000 within which the Metropolitan Airport Authority was established. These commissioners shall be appointed by the county board chairman of the county with a population between 600,000 and 3,000,000 within which the Metropolitan Airport Authority was established, with the advice and consent of the county board of that county.

Two commissioners shall be residents of the territory of the Authority located outside the county with a population between 600,000 and 3,000,000. These commissioners shall be appointed jointly by the mayors of the municipalities having a population over 5,000 that are located outside the county with a population between 600,000 and 3,000,000, with the advice and consent of the governing bodies of those municipalities.

The transition from the pre-existing composition of the Metropolitan Airport Authority Board of Commissioners to the composition specified in this amendatory Act of 1991 shall be accomplished as follows:

(A) The appointee who was required to be a resident of the area outside of the county with a population between 600,000 and 3,000,000 may serve until his or her term expires. The replacement shall be one of the 2 appointees who shall be residents of the territory of the Authority located outside the county with a population between 600,000 and 3,000,000.

(B) The other 8 commissioners may serve until their terms expire. Upon the occurrence of the second vacancy among these 8 commissioners after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991, the replacement shall be the second of the 2 appointees who shall be residents of the territory of the Authority located outside of the county with a population between 600,000 and 3,000,000. Upon the expiration of the terms of the other 7 commissioners, the replacements shall be residents of the county with a population between 600,000 and 3,000,000.

(C) All commissioners appointed after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991, and their successors, shall be appointed in the manner set forth in this amendatory Act of 1991.

(Source: P.A. 94-466, eff. 1-1-06.)

(70 ILCS 5/14.1) (from Ch. 15 1/2, par. 68.14a)

Sec. 14.1. Bond limitation. An Authority may secure the necessary funds to finance part or all of the cost of (i) acquiring, establishing, constructing, developing, expanding, extending or further improving a public airport, public airports, or airport facilities within or without its corporate limits or within or upon any body of water adjacent thereto; and (ii) studying, designing, acquiring, constructing, developing, expanding, extending, or improving any rail facility or related facility as provided in this Act for a Rail Authority established by the Board of Commissioners of the Authority, upon a determination by the Board of Commissioners, that, in its judgment, the rail or other service to be provided by those rail facilities or related facilities will benefit the airport operated by the Airport Authority, through the issuance of bonds as hereinafter provided in Sections 14.1 to 14.5 inclusive, to the principal amount of which at any one time outstanding, together with other outstanding indebtedness of the Authority, shall not exceed 2.3% of the aggregate valuation of all taxable property within the Authority, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the Authority's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect

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on January 1, 1979. No such airport project shall be financed by the issuance of bonds under this Section unless such proposed airport project has been approved by the Department of Transportation as to location and size and found by the Department to be in the public interest; provided that the approval of the Department of Transportation as provided in Sections 14.1 through 14.5 is not required in the case of airport projects consisting solely of commercial or recreational facilities or rail facilities or related facilities.

(SOURCE: P.A. 87-854.)

(70 ILCS 5/14.2) (from Ch. 15 1/2, par. 68.14b)

Sec. 14.2. General plans and cost estimate to be approved. Before the adoption of any ordinance providing for the issuance of such bonds, the board of commissioners of the authority shall cause a description and general plan for the project to be prepared and submitted to the Department of Transportation, together with an estimate of the cost of the project. The project and the plans and estimate of cost may be changed with the approval of the Department. Prior to undertaking the project, the final plans, specifications and estimate of cost must be approved by the Department. The requirements of this Section do not apply to airport projects consisting solely of commercial or recreational facilities or rail facilities or related facilities.

(SOURCE: P.A. 87-854; 87-895.)

(70 ILCS 5/14.3) (from Ch. 15 1/2, par. 68.14c)

Sec. 14.3. Bond ordinance. Upon the approval of the general plan and cost estimate for any such project by the Department of Transportation, if required, the Board of Commissioners of the authority shall provide by ordinance for the acquisition or undertaking of such project, and for the issuance of bonds of the authority payable from taxes to pay the cost of such project to the authority or for costs with respect to rail facilities or related facilities as provided in Section 14.1. The ordinance shall prescribe all details of the bonds and shall state the time or times when bonds, and the interest thereon, shall become payable and the bonds shall be payable within not more than 20 years from the date thereof. Any authority may agree or contract to sell, issue or deliver bonds payable from taxes at such price and upon such terms as determined by the Board of Commissioners of the Authority and as will not cause the net effective interest rate to be paid by the Authority on the issue of which such bonds are a part to exceed the greater of (i) the maximum rate authorized by the Bond Authorization Act, as amended at the time of the making of the contract, or (ii) the greater of 9% per annum or 125% of the rate for the most recent date shown in the 20 G.O. Bonds Index of average municipal bond yields as published in the most recent edition of The Bond Buyer, published in New York, New York, (or any successor publication or index, or if such publication or index is no longer published, then any index of long term municipal tax-exempt bond yields then selected by the Board of Commissioners of the Authority), at the time the contract is made for such sale of the bonds. Subject to such limitation, the interest rate or rates on such bonds may be established by reference to an index or formula which may be implemented or administered by persons appointed or retained therefor by the Authority. A contract is made with respect to the sale of bonds when an Authority is contractually obligated to issue or deliver such bonds to a purchaser who is contractually obligated to purchase them, and, with respect to bonds bearing interest at a variable rate or subject to payment upon periodic demand or put or otherwise subject to remarketing by or for an Authority, a contract is made on each date of change in the variable rate or such demand, put or remarketing. The ordinance shall provide for the levy and collection of a direct annual tax upon all the taxable property within the corporate limits of such Authority, sufficient to meet the principal and interest of the bonds as same mature, which tax shall be in addition to and in excess of any other tax authorized to be levied by the Authority. The bonds may be issued in part under the authority of, and may be additionally secured as provided in, the Local Government Debt Reform Act. Proceeds of bonds issued with respect to rail facilities or related facilities shall be provided to, or expended by the Authority for the benefit of, the Rail Authority.

A certified copy of the ordinance providing for the issuance of bonds authorized by this Section shall be filed with the county clerk of each county in which the authority or any portion thereof is situated and shall constitute the basis for the extension and collection of the tax necessary to pay the principal of and interest and premium, if any, upon the bonds issued under the ordinance as the same mature.

The provisions of this amendatory Act of 1985 shall be cumulative and in addition to any powers or authority granted in any other laws of the State, and shall not be deemed to have repealed any provisions of existing laws. This amendatory Act of 1985 shall be construed as a grant of power to public corporations and shall not act as a limitation upon any sale of bonds authorized pursuant to any other law. This amendatory Act of 1985 shall not be construed as a limit upon any home rule unit of government.

(SOURCE: P.A. 86-1017; 87-854.)

[May 30, 2007]
Sec. 22.1. Establishment of a Rail Authority.

(a) The Board of Commissioners of an airport authority in a county with a population of at least 200,000 persons and less than 500,000 persons may, by resolution, establish a Rail Authority as provided in Sections 22.1 through 22.7 of this Act. A certified copy of that resolution shall be filed with the Secretary of State of Illinois. The Board of Commissioners of the airport authority shall not have the power to abolish such a Rail Authority.

(b) A Rail Authority established pursuant to this Section shall be a body politic and corporate and a public corporation.

c) A Rail Authority shall be governed by a Board of Directors. Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this Section, the Board of Directors shall consist of the members of the Board of Commissioners of the airport authority that establishes the Rail Authority. The Board of Directors of the Rail Authority shall establish by-laws and procedures for their actions and may elect such officers of the Rail Authority and its Board of Directors as they shall determine, who shall serve terms as set by the by-laws of the Rail Authority, not to exceed 5 years.

(d) The composition of the Board of Directors of the Rail Authority may be increased from time to time to include members appointed by the Chairman or President of the County Board of any county that has members on the Board of Directors, all as shall be agreed by the Board of Directors of the Rail Authority, the chairman of the county board of the county in which the establishing airport authority is located, and the county board of the county for which members shall be added; upon such agreement providing for financial contribution to the Rail Authority by the county for which members are added.

e) All non-procedural actions of the Board of Directors of the Rail Authority shall require the concurrence of the majority of members of the Board of Directors. Members of the Board of Directors shall serve for terms as provided in the by-laws of the Rail Authority not to exceed 5 years, and until their successors are appointed and qualified.

(f) There shall be no prohibitions on members of the Board of Directors of the Rail Authority holding any other governmental office or position.

Sec. 22.2. Provision of rail and related transportation services. The Rail Authority shall also have the power to provide non-rail transportation services within the Counties, which may consist of shuttle bus service to or from an airport, needed storage facilities, and facilities to load, unload, or transfer freight from one mode of transportation to another such mode related to rail or highway transportation and any needed access roads for that service, as the Board of Directors shall determine are appropriate to advance economic development in the Counties. All property or facilities necessary or useful for such related transportation or economic development services are referred to in this Act as "related facilities". The Authority, in providing rail related facilities, may not operate or perform as a rail carrier.

Sec. 22.3. Further powers of the Rail Authority.

(a) Except as otherwise limited by this Act, the Rail Authority shall have all powers to meet its responsibilities and to carry out its purposes, including, but not limited to, the following powers:

(i) To sue and be sued.

(ii) To invest any funds or any moneys not required for immediate use or disbursement, as provided in the Public Funds Investment Act.

(iii) To make, amend, and repeal by-laws, rules and regulations, and resolutions not inconsistent with Sections 22.1 through 22.7 of this Act.

(iv) To set and collect fares or other charges for the use of rail or other facilities of the Rail Authority.

(v) To conduct or contract for studies as to the feasibility and costs of providing any particular service as authorized by this Act.

(vi) To publicize services of the Authority and to enter into cooperative agreements with non-rail transportation service providers, including airport operations.

(vii) To hold, sell, sell by installment contract, lease as lessor, transfer, or dispose of such real or personal property of the Rail Authority, including rail facilities or related facilities, as the Board of Directors deems appropriate in the exercise of its powers and to mortgage, pledge, or otherwise grant security interests in any such property.

(viii) To enter at reasonable times upon such lands, waters, or premises as, in the judgment of the Board of Directors of the Rail Authority, may be necessary, convenient, or desirable for the purpose of making surveys, soundings, borings, and examinations to accomplish any purpose authorized by Sections 22.1 through 22.7 of this Act after having given reasonable notice of such proposed entry to the
owners and occupants of such lands, waters, or premises, the Rail Authority being liable only for actual damage caused by such activity.

(ix) To enter into contracts of group insurance for the benefit of its employees and to provide for retirement or pensions or other employee benefit arrangements for such employees, and to assume obligations for pensions or other employee benefit arrangements for employees of transportation agencies, all or part of the facilities of which are acquired by the Rail Authority.

(x) To provide for the insurance of any property, directors, officers, employees, or operations of the Rail Authority against any risk or hazard, and to self-insure or participate in joint self-insurance pools or entities to insure against such risk or hazard.

(xi) To pass all resolutions and make all rules and regulations proper or necessary to regulate the use, operation, and maintenance of the property and facilities of the Rail Authority and, by resolution, to prescribe fines or penalties for violations of those rules and regulations. No fine or penalty shall exceed $1,000 per offense. Any resolution providing for any fine or penalty shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the metropolitan region. No such resolution shall take effect until 10 days after its publication.

(xii) To enter into arbitration arrangements, which may be final and binding.

(xiii) To make and execute all contracts and other instruments necessary or convenient to the exercise of its powers.

(b) In each case in which this Act gives the Rail Authority the power to construct or acquire rail facilities or related facilities or any other real or personal property, the Rail Authority shall have the power to acquire such property by contract, purchase, gift, grant, exchange for other property or rights in property, lease (or sublease), or installment or conditional purchase contracts, which leases or contracts may provide for consideration to be paid in installments during a period not exceeding 40 years, and to dispose of such property or rights by lease or sale as the Board of Directors shall determine. Property may be acquired subject to such conditions, restrictions, liens, or security or other interests of other parties as the Board of Directors may deem appropriate, and in each case the Rail Authority may acquire a joint, leasehold, easement, license, or other partial interest in such property. Any such acquisition may include bond anticipation notes, which are notes that by their terms provide for their payment from the proceeds of bonds subsequently to be issued. Bonds or notes of the Rail Authority may be issued for any of the following purposes: to pay costs to the Rail Authority of constructing or acquiring any rail facilities or related facilities, to pay interest on bonds or notes during any period of construction or acquisition of rail facilities or related facilities or any other real or personal property, the Rail Authority shall have the power to acquire such property by contract, purchase, gift, grant, exchange for other property or rights in property, lease (or sublease), or installment or conditional purchase contracts, which leases or contracts may provide for consideration to be paid in installments during a period not exceeding 40 years, and to dispose of such property or rights by lease or sale as the Board of Directors shall determine. Property may be acquired subject to such conditions, restrictions, liens, or security or other interests of other parties as the Board of Directors may deem appropriate, and in each case the Rail Authority may acquire a joint, leasehold, easement, license, or other partial interest in such property. Any such acquisition may include bond anticipation notes, which are notes that by their terms provide for their payment from the proceeds of bonds subsequently to be issued. Bonds or notes of the Rail Authority may be issued for any or all of the following purposes: to pay costs to the Rail Authority of constructing or acquiring any rail facilities or related facilities, to pay interest on bonds or notes during any period of construction or acquisition of rail facilities or related facilities, to establish a debt service reserve fund, to pay costs of issuance of the bonds or notes, and to refund its bonds or notes.

(70 ILCS 5/22.4 new)

Sec. 22.4. Bonds and notes.

(a) The Rail Authority shall have the power to borrow money and to issue its negotiable bonds or notes as provided in this Section. Unless otherwise indicated in this Section, the term "notes" also includes bond anticipation notes, which are notes that by their terms provide for their payment from the proceeds of bonds subsequently to be issued. Bonds or notes of the Rail Authority may be issued for any or all of the following purposes: to pay costs to the Rail Authority of constructing or acquiring any rail facilities or related facilities, to pay interest on bonds or notes during any period of construction or acquisition of rail facilities or related facilities, to establish a debt service reserve fund, to pay costs of issuance of the bonds or notes, and to refund its bonds or notes.

(b) The issuance of any bonds or notes shall be authorized by a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Rail Authority. The resolution providing for the issuance of any such bonds or notes shall fix their date or dates of maturity, the dates on which interest is payable, any sinking fund account or reserve fund account provisions, and all other details of the bonds or notes and may provide for such covenants or agreements necessary or desirable with regard to the issue, sale, and security of the bonds or notes. The rate or rates of interest on the bonds or notes may be fixed or variable and the Rail Authority shall determine or provide for the determination of the rate or rates of interest of its bonds or notes issued under this Act in a resolution adopted prior to their issuance, none of which rates of interest shall exceed that permitted in the Bond Authorization Act. Bonds and notes issued under this Section may be issued as serial or term obligations, shall be of such denomination or denominations and form, shall be executed in such manner, shall be payable at such place or places and bear such date as the Rail Authority shall fix by the resolution authorizing such bonds or notes and shall mature at such time or times, within a period not to exceed 40 years from their date of issue, and may be redeemable prior to maturity, with or without premium, at the option of the Rail Authority, upon such terms and conditions as the Rail Authority shall

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fix by the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or notes. In case any officer whose signature appears on any bonds or notes authorized pursuant to this Section shall cease to be an officer before delivery of such bonds or notes, the signature shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all purposes, the same as if the officer had remained in office until the delivery.

(c) Bonds or notes of the Rail Authority issued pursuant to this Section shall have a claim for payment as to principal and interest from such sources as provided by the resolution authorizing such bonds or notes. Such bonds or notes shall be secured as provided in the authorizing resolution of the Board of Directors of the Rail Authority, which may, notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, include in addition to any other security, a specific pledge or assignment of and lien on or security interest in any or all receipts of the Rail Authority and on any or all other revenues or money of the Rail Authority from whatever source, which may by law be utilized for debt service purposes, as well as any funds or accounts established or provided for the payment of such debt service, by the resolution of the Rail Authority authorizing the issuance of the bonds or notes. Any such pledge, assignment, lien, or security interest for the benefit of holders of bonds or notes of the Rail Authority shall be valid and binding from the time the bonds or notes are issued without any physical delivery or further act and shall be valid and binding as against and prior to the claims of all other parties having claims of any kind against the Rail Authority or any other person irrespective of whether such other parties have notice of such pledge, assignment, lien, or security interest. The resolution of the Board of Directors of the Rail Authority authorizing the issuance of any bonds or notes may provide additional security for such bonds or notes by providing for appointment of a corporate trustee (which may be any trust company or bank having the powers of a trust company within Illinois) with respect to the bonds or notes. The resolution shall prescribe the rights, duties, and powers of the trustee to be exercised for the benefit of the Rail Authority and the protection of the owners of such bonds or notes. The resolution may provide for the trustee to hold in trust, invest, and use amounts in funds and accounts created as provided by the resolution with respect to the bonds or notes.

(70 ILCS 5/22.6 new)
Sec. 22.6. Exemption from taxation. The Rail Authority and the Rail Corporation shall be exempt from all State and unit of local government taxes and registration and license fees. All property of the Rail Authority or of the Rail Corporation shall be public property devoted to an essential public and governmental function and purpose and shall be exempt from all taxes and special assessments of the State, any subdivision of the State, or any unit of local government.

(70 ILCS 5/22.7 new)
Sec. 22.7. Federal, State, and other funds. The Rail Authority shall have the power to apply for, receive, and expend grants, loans, or other funds from the State of Illinois or any of its departments or agencies, from any unit of local government, or from the federal government or any of its departments or agencies, for use in connection with any of the powers or purposes of the Rail Authority as set forth in this Act, and to enter into agreements with the lending or granting agency in connection with any such loan or grant.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.

The motion prevailed.
And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.
Senator Link offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO HOUSE BILL 4

AMENDMENT NO.  3 . Amend House Bill 4, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 2 on page 14, by replacing lines 23 through 25 with the following:

"(a) The Board of Commissioners of an airport authority in Winnebago County may, by resolution, establish a Rail"

The motion prevailed.
And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.
There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.
On motion of Senator Link, House Bill No. 4, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yea 57; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

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This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendments adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Althoff, House Bill No. 250, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yea 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

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[May 30, 2007]
This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Link, House Bill No. 263, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Forby Lightford Risinger
Bonke Frerichs Link Ronen
Bond Garrett Luechtefeld Rutherford
Brady Haine Maloney Sandoval
Burzynski Halvorson Martinez Schoenberg
Clayborne Harmon Meeks Sieben
Collins Hendon Millner Silverstein
Cronin Holmes Munoz Sullivan
Crotty Hultgren Murphy Syverson
Cullerton Hunter Noland Trotter
Dahl Jacobs Pankau Viverito
DeLeo Jones, J. Peterson Watson
Delgado Koeheier Radogno Wilhelmi
Demuzio Kotowski Raoul Mr. President
Dillard Lauzen Righter

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Link, House Bill No. 497 was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Link offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO HOUSE BILL 497

AMENDMENT NO. 3. Amend House Bill 497, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Banking Act is amended by adding Section 21.5 as follows:

(205 ILCS 5/21.5 new)

Sec. 21.5. Prohibition against establishment of branches on or near the premises of certain affiliates.

(a) For purposes of this Section:

"Affiliate" has the meaning ascribed to that term in item (1) of subsection (b) of Section 35.2 of this Act, except that for purposes of this Section, the provisions in item (1) of subsection (b) of Section 35.2 shall apply to all banks.

"Bank" has the meaning ascribed to that term in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and includes any out-of-state bank.

"Bank holding company" and "financial holding company" have the meanings ascribed to those terms in the federal Bank Holding Company Act of 1956.

(b) Notwithstanding any other law of this State, no bank may establish or maintain a branch that accepts deposits on or adjacent to the premises of an affiliate of the bank if the affiliate engages in any
Section 10. The Savings Bank Act is amended by adding Section 1006.10 as follows:

Sec. 1006.10. Prohibition against establishment of offices or branches on or adjacent to the premises of certain affiliates.

(a) For purposes of this Section:
"Affiliate" has the meaning ascribed to that term in item (1) of subsection (b) of Section 35.2 of the Illinois Banking Act, except that for purposes of this Section, the provisions in item (1) of subsection (b) of Section 35.2 shall apply to all savings banks.
"Savings bank" means a savings bank operating under this Act, an out-of-state savings bank as defined under this Act, or a savings association defined in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.
"Savings bank holding company" has the meaning ascribed in this Act.

(b) Notwithstanding any other law of this State, no savings bank may establish or maintain a branch that accepts deposits on or adjacent to the premises of an affiliate of the savings bank if the affiliate engages in any commercial activity that could not lawfully be conducted by a savings bank holding company or a subsidiary of the savings bank holding company pursuant to federal law.

(c) This Section shall not apply to an affiliate that operates solely for the purpose of owning or leasing the real estate on which the branch that accepts deposits is located.

(d) This Section shall not be construed to prohibit the maintenance of a branch that was established prior to May 10, 2007, or the conduct of any transactions that were lawfully being conducted at the branch prior to May 10, 2007.

(e) The Commissioner may make and enforce such reasonable rules, regulations, directions, orders, decisions, and findings as the execution and enforcement of the provisions of this Section require.

The motion prevailed.
And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.
There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Link, House Bill No. 497, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Forby Lightford Risinger
Bomke Frerichs Link Ronen
Bond Garrett Luechtefeld Rutherford
Brady Haime Maloney Sandoval
Burzynski Halvorson Martinez Schoenberg
Clayborne Harmon Meeks Sieben
This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendments adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Althoff, House Bill No. 576, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

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This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Clayborne, House Bill No. 617 was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Clayborne offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 617

AMENDMENT NO. ____. Amend House Bill 617 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Children and Family Services Act is amended by changing Section 35.5 and by adding Section 35.7 as follows:

[May 30, 2007]
(20 ILCS 505/35.5)
Sec. 35.5. Inspector General.

(a) The Governor shall appoint, and the Senate shall confirm, an Inspector General who shall have the authority to conduct investigations into allegations of or incidents of possible misconduct, misfeasance, malfeasance, or violations of rules, procedures, or laws by any employee, foster parent, service provider, or contractor of the Department of Children and Family Services. The Inspector General shall make recommendations to the Director of Children and Family Services concerning sanctions or disciplinary actions against Department employees or providers of service under contract to the Department. The Director of Children and Family Services shall provide the Inspector General with an implementation report on the status of any corrective actions taken on recommendations under review and shall continue sending updated reports until the corrective action is completed. The Director shall provide a written response to the Inspector General indicating the status of any sanctions or disciplinary actions against employees or providers of service involving any investigation subject to review. In any case, information included in the reports to the Inspector General and Department responses shall be subject to the public disclosure requirements of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. Any investigation conducted by the Inspector General shall be independent and separate from the investigation mandated by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. The Inspector General shall be appointed for a term of 4 years. The Inspector General shall function independently within the Department of Children and Family Services with respect to the performance of investigations and issuance of findings and recommendations, Department and shall report to the Director of Children and Family Services and the Governor and perform other duties the Director may designate. The Inspector General shall adopt rules as necessary to carry out the functions, purposes, and duties of the office of Inspector General in the Department of Children and Family Services, in accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act and any other applicable law.

(b) The Inspector General shall have access to all information and personnel necessary to perform the duties of the office. To minimize duplication of efforts, and to assure consistency and conformance with the requirements and procedures established in the B. H. v. Suter consent decree and to share resources when appropriate, the Inspector General shall coordinate his or her activities with the Bureau of Quality Assurance within the Department.

c) The Inspector General shall be the primary liaison between the Department and the Department of State Police with regard to investigations conducted under the Inspector General's auspices. If the Inspector General determines that a possible criminal act has been committed, or that special expertise is required in the investigation, he or she shall immediately notify the Department of State Police. All investigations conducted by the Inspector General shall be conducted in a manner designed to ensure the preservation of evidence for possible use in a criminal prosecution.

(d) The Inspector General may recommend to the Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of Public Health, or any other appropriate agency, sanctions to be imposed against service providers under the jurisdiction of or under contract with the Department for the protection of children in the custody or under the guardianship of the Department who received services from those providers. The Inspector General may seek the assistance of the Attorney General or any of the several State's Attorneys in imposing sanctions.

e) The Inspector General shall at all times be granted access to any foster home, facility, or program operated for or licensed or funded by the Department.

(f) Nothing in this Section shall limit investigations by the Department of Children and Family Services that may otherwise be required by law or that may be necessary in that Department's capacity as the central administrative authority for child welfare.

(g) The Inspector General shall have the power to subpoena witnesses and compel the production of books and papers pertinent to an investigation authorized by this Act. The power to subpoena or to compel the production of books and papers, however, shall not extend to the person or documents of a labor organization or its representatives insofar as the person or documents of a labor organization relate to the function of representing an employee subject to investigation under this Act. Any person who fails to appear in response to a subpoena or to answer any question or produce any books or papers pertinent to an investigation under this Act, except as otherwise provided in this Section, or who knowingly gives false testimony in relation to an investigation under this Act is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(h) The Inspector General shall provide to the General Assembly and the Governor, no later than January 1 of each year, a summary of reports and investigations made under this Section for the prior fiscal year. The summaries shall detail the imposition of sanctions and the final disposition of those recommendations. The summaries shall not contain any confidential or identifying information concerning the subjects of the reports and investigations. The summaries also shall include detailed

[May 30, 2007]
recommended administrative actions and matters for consideration by the General Assembly.
(Source: P.A. 90-512, eff. 8-22-97.)
(20 ILCS 505/35.7 new)
Sec. 35.7. Error Reduction Implementations Plans; Inspector General.
(a) The Inspector General of the Department of Children and Family Services shall develop Error Reduction Implementation Plans, as necessary, to remedy patterns of errors or problematic practices that compromise or threaten the safety of children as identified in DCFS Office of Inspector General (OIG) death or serious injury investigations and Child Death Review Teams recommendations. The Error Reduction Implementation Plans shall include both training and on-site components. The Inspector General shall submit proposed Error Reduction Implementation Plans to the Director for review. The Director may approve the plans submitted, or approve plans amended by the Office of the Inspector General. The Director shall document the basis for disapproval of any submitted or amended plan. The Department shall deploy Error Reduction Safety Teams to implement the Error Reduction Implementation Plans. The Error Reduction Safety Teams shall be composed of Quality Assurance and Division of Training staff to implement hands-on training and Error Reduction Implementation Plans. The teams shall work in the offices of the Department or of agencies, or both, as required by the Error Reduction Implementation Plans, and shall work to ensure that systems are in place to continue reform efforts after the departure of the teams. The Director shall develop a method to ensure consistent compliance with any Error Reduction Implementation Plans, the provisions of which shall be incorporated into the plan.
(b) Quality Assurance shall prepare public reports annually detailing the following: the substance of any Error Reduction Implementation Plan approved; any deviations from the Error Reduction Plan; whether adequate staff was available to perform functions necessary to the Error Reduction Implementation Plan, including identification and reporting of any staff needs; other problems noted or barriers to implementing the Error Reduction Implementation Plan; and recommendations for additional training, amendments to rules and procedures, or other systemic reform identified by the teams.
(c) The Error Reduction Teams shall implement training and reform protocols through incubating change in each region, Department office, or purchase of service office, as required. The teams shall administer hands-on assistance, supervision, and management while ensuring that the office, region, or agency develops the skills and systems necessary to incorporate changes on a permanent basis. For each Error Reduction Implementation Plan, the Team shall determine whether adequate staff is available to fulfill the Error Reduction Implementation Plan, provide case-by-case supervision to ensure that the plan is implemented, and ensure that management puts systems in place to enable the reforms to continue.
(d) The OIG shall develop and submit new Error Reduction Implementation Plans as necessary. To implement each Error Reduction Implementation Plan, as approved by the Director, the OIG shall work with Quality Assurance members of the Error Reduction Teams designated by the Department. The teams shall be comprised of staff from Quality Assurance and Training. Training shall work with the OIG and with the child death review teams to develop a curriculum to address errors identified that compromise the safety of children. Following the training roll-out, the Teams shall work on-site in identified offices. The Teams shall review and supervise all work relevant to the Error Reduction Implementation Plan. Quality Assurance shall identify outcome measures and track compliance with the training curriculum. Each quarter, Quality Assurance shall prepare a report detailing compliance with the Error Reduction Implementation Plan and alert the Director to staffing needs or other needs to accomplish the goals of the Error Reduction Implementation Plan. The report shall be transmitted to the Director, the OIG, and all management staff involved in the Error Reduction Implementation Plan.
(e) The Director shall review quarterly Quality Assurance reports and determine adherence to the Error Reduction Implementation Plan using criteria and standards developed by the Department.

Section 10. The Child Death Review Team Act is amended by changing Sections 15, 20, 25, and 40 and by adding Section 45 as follows:
(20 ILCS 515/15)
Sec. 15. Child death review teams; establishment.
(a) The Director, in consultation with the Executive Council, law enforcement, and other professionals who work in the field of investigating, treating, or preventing child abuse or neglect in that subregion, shall appoint members to a child death review team in each of the Department’s administrative subregions of the State outside Cook County and at least one child death review team in Cook County. The members of a team shall be appointed for 2-year terms and shall be eligible for reappointment upon the expiration of the terms. The Director must fill any vacancy in a team within 60 days after that vacancy occurs.

[May 30, 2007]
(b) Each child death review team shall consist of at least one member from each of the following categories:
   (1) Pediatrician or other physician knowledgeable about child abuse and neglect.
   (2) Representative of the Department.
   (3) State's attorney or State's attorney's representative.
   (4) Representative of a local law enforcement agency.
   (5) Psychologist or psychiatrist.
   (6) Representative of a local health department.
   (7) Representative of a school district or other education or child care interests.
   (8) Coroner or forensic pathologist.
   (9) Representative of a child welfare agency or child advocacy organization.
   (10) Representative of a local hospital, trauma center, or provider of emergency medical services.
   (11) Representative of the Department of State Police.

Each child death review team may make recommendations to the Director concerning additional appointments.
Each child death review team member must have demonstrated experience and an interest in investigating, treating, or preventing child abuse or neglect.
(c) Each child death review team shall select a chairperson from among its members. The chairperson shall also serve on the Illinois Child Death Review Teams Executive Council.
(d) The child death review teams shall be funded under a separate line item in the Department's annual budget.
(Source: P.A. 92-468, eff. 8-22-01.)
(20 ILCS 515/20)
Sec. 20. Reviews of child deaths.
(a) Every child death shall be reviewed by the team in the subregion which has primary case management responsibility. The deceased child must be one of the following:
   (1) A ward of the Department.
   (2) The subject of an open service case maintained by the Department.
   (3) The subject of a pending child abuse or neglect investigation.
   (4) A child who was the subject of an abuse or neglect investigation at any time during the 12 months preceding the child's death.
   (5) Any other child whose death is reported to the State central register as a result of alleged child abuse or neglect which report is subsequently indicated.

A child death review team may, at its discretion, review other sudden, unexpected, or unexplained child deaths, and cases of serious or fatal injuries to a child identified under the Child Advocacy Center Act.
(b) A child death review team's purpose in conducting reviews of child deaths is to do the following:
   (1) Assist in determining the cause and manner of the child's death, when requested.
   (2) Evaluate means by which the death might have been prevented.
   (3) Report its findings to appropriate agencies and make recommendations that may help to reduce the number of child deaths caused by abuse or neglect.
   (4) Promote continuing education for professionals involved in investigating, treating, and preventing child abuse and neglect as a means of preventing child deaths due to abuse or neglect.
   (5) Make specific recommendations to the Director and the Inspector General of the Department concerning the prevention of child deaths due to abuse or neglect and the establishment of protocols for investigating child deaths.
(c) A child death review team shall review a child death as soon as practical and not later than 90 days following the completion by the Department of the investigation of the death under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. When there has been no investigation by the Department, the child death review team shall review a child's death within 90 days after obtaining the information necessary to complete the review from the coroner, pathologist, medical examiner, or law enforcement agency, depending on the nature of the case. A child death review team shall meet at least once in each calendar quarter.
(d) The Director shall, within 90 days, review and reply to recommendations made by a team under item (5) of subsection (b). The Director shall implement recommendations as feasible and appropriate and shall respond in writing to explain the implementation or nonimplementation of the recommendations.
(Source: P.A. 90-239, eff. 7-28-97; 90-608, eff. 6-30-98.)

[May 30, 2007]
Sec. 25. Team access to information.

(a) The Department shall provide to a child death review team, on the request of the team chairperson, all records and information in the Department's possession that are relevant to the team's review of a child death, including records and information concerning previous reports or investigations of suspected child abuse or neglect.

(b) A child death review team shall have access to all records and information that are relevant to its review of a child death and in the possession of a State or local governmental agency, including, but not limited to, information gained through the Child Advocacy Center protocol for cases of serious or fatal injury to a child. These records and information include, without limitation, birth certificates, all relevant medical and mental health records, records of law enforcement agency investigations, records of coroner or medical examiner investigations, records of the Department of Corrections concerning a person's parole, records of a probation and court services department, and records of a social services agency that provided services to the child or the child's family.

(Source: P.A. 91-812, eff. 6-13-00.)


(a) The Illinois Child Death Review Teams Executive Council, consisting of the chairpersons of the 9 child death review teams in Illinois, is the coordinating and oversight body for child death review teams and activities in Illinois. The vice-chairperson of a child death review team, as designated by the chairperson, may serve as a back-up member or an alternate member of the Executive Council, if the chairperson of the child death review team is unavailable to serve on the Executive Council. The Inspector General of the Department, ex officio, is a non-voting member of the Executive Council. The Director may appoint to the Executive Council any ex-officio members deemed necessary. Persons with expertise needed by the Executive Council may be invited to meetings. The Executive Council must select from its members a chairperson and a vice-chairperson, each to serve a 2-year, renewable term.

The Executive Council must meet at least 4 times during each calendar year.

(b) The Department must provide or arrange for the staff support necessary for the Executive Council to carry out its duties. The Director, in cooperation and consultation with the Executive Council, shall appoint, reappoint, and remove team members. From funds available, the Director may select from a list of 2 or more candidates recommended by the Executive Council to serve as the Child Death Review Teams Executive Director. The Child Death Review Teams Executive Director shall oversee the operations of the child death review teams and shall report directly to the Executive Council.

(c) The Executive Council has, but is not limited to, the following duties:

1. To serve as the voice of child death review teams in Illinois.
2. To oversee the regional teams in order to ensure that the teams' work is coordinated and in compliance with the statutes and the operating protocol.
3. To ensure that the data, results, findings, and recommendations of the teams are adequately used to make any necessary changes in the policies, procedures, and statutes in order to protect children in a timely manner.
4. To collaborate with the General Assembly, the Department, and others in order to develop any legislation needed to prevent child fatalities and to protect children.
5. To assist in the development of quarterly and annual reports based on the work and the findings of the teams.
6. To ensure that the regional teams' review processes are standardized in order to convey data, findings, and recommendations in a usable format.
7. To serve as a link with child death review teams throughout the country and to participate in national child death review team activities.
8. To develop an annual statewide symposium to update the knowledge and skills of child death review team members and to promote the exchange of information between teams.
9. To provide the child death review teams with the most current information and practices concerning child death review and related topics.
10. To perform any other functions necessary to enhance the capability of the child death review teams to reduce and prevent child injuries and fatalities.

(d) In any instance when a child death review team does not operate in accordance with established protocol, the Director, in consultation and cooperation with the Executive Council, must take any necessary actions to bring the team into compliance with the protocol.

(Source: P.A. 92-468, eff. 8-22-01.)

(20 ILCS 515/45 new)
Sec. 45. Child Death Investigation Task Force; pilot program. The Child Death Review Teams Executive Council may, from funds appropriated by the Illinois General Assembly to the Department and provided to the Child Death Review Teams Executive Council for this purpose, or from funds that may otherwise be provided for this purpose from other public or private sources, establish a 3-year a pilot program in the Southern Region of the State, as designated by the Department, under which a special Child Death Investigation Task Force will be created by the Child Death Review Teams Executive Council to develop and implement a plan for the investigation of sudden, unexpected, or unexplained deaths of children under 18 years of age occurring within that region. The plan shall include a protocol to be followed by child death review teams in the review of child deaths authorized under paragraph (a)(5) of Section 20 of this Act. The plan must include provisions for local or State law enforcement agencies, hospitals, or coroners to promptly notify the Task Force of a death or serious life-threatening injury to a child, and for the Child Death Investigation Task Force to review the death and submit a report containing findings and recommendations to the Child Death Review Teams Executive Council, the Director, the Department of Children and Family Services Inspector General, the appropriate States Attorney, and the State Representative and State Senator in whose legislative districts the case arose. The plan may include coordination with any investigation conducted under the Children's Advocacy Center Act. By January 1, 2010, the Child Death Review Teams Executive Council shall submit a report to the Director, the General Assembly, and the Governor summarizing the results of the pilot program together with any recommendations for statewide implementation of a protocol for the investigating all sudden, unexpected, or unexplained child deaths.

Section 15. The Children's Advocacy Center Act is amended by changing Sections 3 and 4 as follows:

Sec. 3. Child Advocacy Advisory Board.

(a) Each county in the State of Illinois shall establish a Child Advocacy Advisory Board ("Advisory Board").

Each of the following county officers or State agencies shall designate a representative to serve on the Advisory Board: the sheriff, the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services, the State's attorney, and the county mental health department, and the Department of State Police.

The chairman may appoint additional members of the Advisory Board as is deemed necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act, the additional members to include but not be limited to representatives of local law enforcement agencies, and the Circuit Courts.

(b) The Advisory Board shall organize itself and elect from among its members a chairman and such other officers as are deemed necessary. Until a chairman is so elected, the State's attorney shall serve as interim chairman.

(c) The Advisory Board shall adopt, by a majority of the members, a written child sexual abuse protocol within one year after the effective date of this Act. An Advisory Board adopting a protocol after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1996 shall, prior to finalization, submit its draft to the Illinois Child Advocacy Commission for review and comments. After considering the comments of the Illinois Child Advocacy Commission and upon finalization of its protocol, the Advisory Board shall file the protocol with the Department of Children and Family Services. A copy shall be furnished to the Illinois Child Advocacy Commission and to each agency in the county or counties which has any involvement with the cases of sexually abused children.

The Illinois Child Advocacy Commission shall consist of the Attorney General and the Directors of the Illinois State Police and the Department of Children and Family Services or their designees. Additional members may be appointed to the Illinois Child Advocacy Commission as deemed necessary by the Attorney General and the Directors of the Illinois State Police and the Department of Children and Family Services. The Illinois Child Advocacy Commission may also provide technical assistance and guidance to the Advisory Boards.

(d) The purpose of the protocol shall be to ensure coordination and cooperation among all agencies involved in child sexual abuse cases so as to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of those agencies, to minimize the stress created for the child and his or her family by the investigatory and judicial process, and to ensure that more effective treatment is provided for the child and his or her family.

(e) The protocol shall be a written document outlining in detail the procedures to be used in investigating and prosecuting cases arising from alleged child sexual abuse and in coordinating treatment referrals for the child and his or her family. In preparing the written protocol, the Advisory Board shall consider the following:

(1) An interdisciplinary, coordinated systems approach to the investigation of child sexual abuse which shall include, at a minimum;
(i) an interagency notification procedure;
(ii) a dispute resolution process between the involved agencies when a conflict arises on how to proceed with the investigation of a case;
(iii) a policy on interagency decision-making; and
(iv) a description of the role each agency has in the investigation of the case;
(2) A safe, separate space with assigned personnel designated for the investigation and coordination of child sexual abuse cases;
(3) An interdisciplinary case review process for purposes of decision-making, problem solving, systems coordination, and information sharing;
(4) A comprehensive tracking system to receive and coordinate information concerning child sexual abuse cases from each participating agency;
(5) Interdisciplinary specialized training for all professionals involved with the victims and families of child sexual abuse cases; and
(6) A process for evaluating the implementation and effectiveness of the protocol.

(f) The Advisory Board shall evaluate the implementation and effectiveness of the protocol required under subsection (c) of this Section on an annual basis, and shall propose appropriate modifications to the protocol to maximize its effectiveness. A report of the Advisory Board's review, along with proposed modifications, shall be submitted to the Illinois Child Advocacy Commission for its review and comments. After considering the comments of the Illinois Child Advocacy Commission and adopting modifications, the Advisory Board shall file its amended protocol with the Department of Children and Family Services. A copy of the Advisory Board's review and amended protocol shall be furnished to the Illinois Child Advocacy Commission and to each agency in the county or counties having any involvement with the cases covered by the protocol.

(g) The Advisory Board shall may adopt, by a majority of the members, a written protocol for coordinating cases of serious or fatal injury to a child physical abuse cases, following the procedures and purposes described in subsections (c), (d), (e), and (f) of this Section. The protocol shall be a written document outlining in detail the procedures that will be used by all of the agencies involved in investigating and prosecuting cases arising from alleged cases of serious or fatal injury to a child physical abuse and in coordinating treatment referrals for the child and his or her family.

(Source: P.A. 89-543, eff. 1-1-97.)

(55 ILCS 80/4) (from Ch. 23, par. 1804)
Sec. 4. Children's Advocacy Center.

(a) A Children's Advocacy Center ("Center") may be established to coordinate the activities of the various agencies involved in the investigation, prosecution and treatment referral of child sexual abuse. The Advisory Board shall serve as the governing board for the Center. The operation of the Center may be funded through grants, contracts, or any other available sources. In counties in which a referendum has been adopted under Section 5 of this Act, the Advisory Board, by the majority vote of its members, shall submit a proposed annual budget for the operation of the Center to the county board, which shall appropriate funds and levy a tax sufficient to operate the Center. The county board in each county in which a referendum has been adopted shall establish a Children's Advocacy Center Fund and shall deposit the net proceeds of the tax authorized by Section 6 of this Act in that Fund, which shall be kept separate from all other county funds and shall only be used for the purposes of this Act.

(b) The Advisory Board shall pay from the Children's Advocacy Center Fund or from other available funds the salaries of all employees of the Center and the expenses of acquiring a physical plant for the Center by construction or lease and maintaining the Center, including the expenses of administering the coordination of the investigation, prosecution and treatment referral of child sexual abuse under the provisions of the protocol adopted pursuant to this Act.

(c) Every Center shall include at least the following components:
(1) An interdisciplinary, coordinated systems approach to the investigation of child sexual abuse which shall include, at a minimum;
   (i) an interagency notification procedure;
   (ii) a dispute resolution process between the involved agencies when a conflict arises on how to proceed with the investigation of a case;
   (iii) a policy on interagency decision-making; and
   (iv) a description of the role each agency has in the investigation of the case;
(2) A safe, separate space with assigned personnel designated for the investigation and coordination of child sexual abuse cases;
(3) An interdisciplinary case review process for purposes of decision-making, problem solving, systems coordination, and information sharing;
(4) A comprehensive tracking system to receive and coordinate information concerning child sexual abuse cases from each participating agency;
(5) Interdisciplinary specialized training for all professionals involved with the victims and families of child sexual abuse cases; and
(6) A process for evaluating the effectiveness of the Center and its operations.

(d) In the event that a Center has been established as provided in this Section, the Advisory Board of that Center may, by a majority of the members, authorize the Center to coordinate the activities of the various agencies involved in the investigation, prosecution, and treatment referral in cases of serious or fatal injury to a child physical abuse cases. The Advisory Board shall provide for the financial support of these activities in a manner similar to that set out in subsections (a) and (b) of this Section and shall be allowed to submit a budget that includes support for physical abuse and neglect activities to the County Board, which shall appropriate funds that may be available under Section 5 of this Act. In cooperation with the Department of Children and Family Services Child Death Review Teams, the Department of Children and Family Services Office of the Inspector General, the Department of State Police, and other stakeholders, this protocol must be initially implemented in selected counties to the extent that State appropriations or funds from other sources for this purpose allow.

(e) The Illinois Child Advocacy Commission may also provide technical assistance and guidance to the Advisory Boards and shall make a single annual grant for the purpose of providing technical support and assistance for advocacy center development in Illinois whenever an appropriation is made by the General Assembly specifically for that purpose. The grant may be made only to an Illinois not-for-profit corporation that qualifies for tax treatment under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that has a voting membership consisting of children's advocacy centers. The grant may be spent on staff, office space, equipment, and other expenses necessary for the development of resource materials and other forms of technical support and assistance. The grantee shall report to the Commission on the specific uses of grant funds by no later than October 1 of each year and shall retain supporting documentation for a period of at least 5 years after the corresponding report is filed.

(Source: P.A. 91-158, eff. 7-16-99; 92-785, eff. 8-6-02.)

The motion prevailed.
And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.
Senator Clayborne offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

**AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO HOUSE BILL 617**

**AMENDMENT NO. 3.** Amend House Bill 617, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 1, as follows:

on page 6, line 2, before the period, by inserting the following:
"taking into consideration policies and procedures that govern the function and performance of any affected frontline staff"; and

on page 6, line 26, after the period, by inserting the following:
"Quality Assurance shall work with affected frontline staff to implement provisions of the approved Error Reduction Implementation Plans related to staff function and performance."; and

on page 7, line 12, after the period, by inserting the following:
"Error Reduction Teams shall work with affected frontline staff to ensure that provisions of the approved Error Reduction Implementation Plans relating to staff functions and performance are achieved to effect necessary reforms.".

The motion prevailed.
And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.
There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

**READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME**

[May 30, 2007]
On motion of Senator Clayborne, House Bill No. 617, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yea 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff  Forby  Lightford  Risinger
Bomke  Frerichs  Link  Ronen
Bond  Garrett  Luechtefeld  Rutherford
Brady  Haine  Maloney  Sandoval
Burzynski  Halvorson  Martinez  Schoenberg
Clayborne  Harmon  Meeks  Sieben
Collins  Hendon  Millner  Silverstein
Cronin  Holmes  Munoz  Sullivan
Crotty  Hultgren  Murphy  Syverson
Cullerton  Hunter  Noland  Trotter
Dahl  Jacobs  Pankau  Viverito
DeLeo  Jones, J.  Peterson  Watson
Delgado  Koehler  Radogno  Wilhelm
Demuzio  Kotowski  Raoul  Mr. President
Dillard  Lauzen  Righter

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendments adopted thereto.

MOTION WITHDRAWN

Senator Watson moved to withdraw his motion regarding Senate Joint Resolution 27 filed on May 29, 2007.

The motion was withdrawn.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Forby, House Bill No. 734, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yea 58; Nays 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff  Forby  Lightford  Risinger
Bomke  Frerichs  Link  Ronen
Bond  Garrett  Luechtefeld  Rutherford
Brady  Haine  Maloney  Sandoval
Burzynski  Halvorson  Martinez  Schoenberg
Clayborne  Harmon  Meeks  Sieben
Collins  Hendon  Millner  Silverstein
Cronin  Holmes  Munoz  Sullivan

[May 30, 2007]
This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Harmon, House Bill No. 822 was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Harmon offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO HOUSE BILL 822

AMENDMENT NO. 3. Amend House Bill 822, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 2, on page 9, line 25, after "at large" by inserting "and unsupervised".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Harmon, House Bill No. 822, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 56; Nays 1; Present 2.

The following voted in the affirmative:

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[May 30, 2007]
Dillard Lightford Ronen
Frerichs Link Rutherford

The following voted in the negative:

Burzynski

The following voted present:

Forby Risinger

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendments adopted thereto.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Cronin, House Bill No. 1647 was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Cronin offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO HOUSE BILL 1647

AMENDMENT NO. 3. Amend House Bill 1647, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 21-25 as follows:
(105 ILCS 5/21-25) (from Ch. 122, par. 21-25)
Sec. 21-25. School service personnel certificate.
(a) For purposes of this Section, "school service personnel" means persons employed and performing appropriate services in an Illinois public or State-operated elementary school, secondary school, or cooperative or joint agreement with a governing body or board of control or a charter school operating in compliance with the Charter Schools Law in a position requiring a school service personnel certificate.

Subject to the provisions of Section 21-1a, a school service personnel certificate shall be issued to those applicants of good character, good health, a citizen of the United States and at least 19 years of age who have a Bachelor's degree with not fewer than 120 semester hours from a regionally accredited institution of higher learning and who meets the requirements established by the State Superintendent of Education in consultation with the State Teacher Certification Board. A school service personnel certificate with a school nurse endorsement may be issued to a person who holds a bachelor of science degree from an institution of higher learning accredited by the North Central Association or other comparable regional accrediting association. Persons seeking any other endorsement on the school service personnel certificate shall be recommended for the endorsement by a recognized teacher education institution as having completed a program of preparation approved by the State Superintendent of Education in consultation with the State Teacher Certification Board.

(b) Until August 30, 2002, a school service personnel certificate endorsed for school social work may be issued to a student who has completed a school social work program that has not been approved by the State Superintendent of Education, provided that each of the following conditions is met:

(1) The program was offered by a recognized, public teacher education institution that first enrolled students in its master's degree program in social work in 1998;
(2) The student applying for the school service personnel certificate was enrolled in the institution's master's degree program in social work on or after May 11, 1998;
(3) The State Superintendent verifies that the student has completed coursework that is substantially similar to that required in approved school social work programs, including (i) not fewer than 600 clock hours of a supervised internship in a school setting or (ii) if the student has completed part of a supervised internship in a school setting prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly and receives the prior approval of the State Superintendent, not fewer than 300 additional clock hours of supervised work in a public school setting under the supervision of
a certified school social worker who certifies that the supervised work was completed in a satisfactory manner; and

(4) The student has passed a test of basic skills and the test of subject matter knowledge required by Section 21-1a.

This subsection (b) does not apply after August 29, 2002.

(c) A school service personnel certificate shall be endorsed with the area of Service as determined by the State Superintendent of Education in consultation with the State Teacher Certification Board.

The holder of such certificate shall be entitled to all of the rights and privileges granted holders of a valid teaching certificate, including teacher benefits, compensation and working conditions.

When the holder of such certificate has earned a master's degree, including 8 semester hours of graduate professional education from a recognized institution of higher learning, and has at least 2 years of successful school experience while holding such certificate, the certificate may be endorsed for supervision.

(d) Persons who have successfully achieved National Board certification through the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards shall be issued a Master School Service Personnel Certificate, valid for 10 years and renewable thereafter every 10 years through compliance with requirements set forth by the State Board of Education, in consultation with the State Teacher Certification Board. However, each holder of a Master School Service Personnel Certificate shall be eligible for a corresponding position in this State in the areas for which he or she holds a Master Certificate without satisfying any other requirements of this Code, except for those requirements pertaining to criminal background checks.

(e) School service personnel certificates are renewable every 5 years and may be renewed as provided in this Section. Requests for renewals must be submitted, in a format prescribed by the State Board of Education, to the regional office of education responsible for the school where the holder is employed.

Upon completion of at least 80 hours of continuing professional development as provided in this subsection (e), a person who holds a valid school service personnel certificate shall have his or her certificate renewed for a period of 5 years. A person who (i) holds an active license issued by the State as a clinical professional counselor, a professional counselor, a clinical social worker, a social worker, or a speech-language pathologist; (ii) holds national certification as a Nationally Certified School Psychologist from the National School Psychology Certification Board; (iii) is nationally certified as a National Certified School Nurse from the National Board for Certification of School Nurses; (iv) is nationally certified as a National Certified Counselor or National Certified School Counselor from the National Board for Certified Counselors; or (v) holds a Certificate of Clinical Competence from the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association shall be deemed to have satisfied the continuing professional development requirements established by the State Board of Education and the State Teacher Certification Board to renew a school service personnel certificate.

School service personnel certificates may be renewed by the State Teacher Certification Board based upon proof of continuing professional development. The State Board of Education shall (i) establish a procedure for renewing school service personnel certificates, which shall include without limitation annual timelines for the renewal process and the components set forth in this Section; (ii) approve or disapprove the providers of continuing professional development activities; and (iii) provide, on a timely basis to all school service personnel certificate holders, regional superintendents of schools, school districts, and others with an interest in continuing professional development, information about the standards and requirements established pursuant to this subsection (e).

Any school service personnel certificate held by an individual employed and performing services in an Illinois public or State-operated elementary school, secondary school, or cooperative or joint agreement with a governing body or board of control in a certificated school service personnel position or in a charter school in compliance with the Charter Schools Law must be maintained Valid and Active through certificate renewal activities specified in the certificate renewal procedure established pursuant to this Section, provided that a holder of a Valid and Active certificate who is only employed on either a part-time basis or day-to-day basis as a substitute shall pay only the required registration fee to renew his or her certificate and maintain it as Valid and Active. All other school service personnel certificates held may be maintained as Valid and Exempt through the registration process provided for in the certificate renewal procedure established pursuant to Section 21-14 of this Code. A Valid and Exempt certificate must be immediately activated, through procedures developed by the State Board of Education upon the certificate holder becoming employed and performing services in an Illinois public or State-operated elementary school, secondary school, or cooperative or joint agreement with a governing body or board of control in a certificated school service personnel position or in a charter school operating in compliance with the Charter Schools Law. A holder of a Valid and Exempt certificate may activate his or her certificate through procedures provided for in the certificate renewal procedure established

[May 30, 2007]
pursuant to this Section.

A school service personnel certificate that has been maintained as Valid and Active for the 5 years of the certificate's validity shall be renewed as Valid and Active upon the certificate holder (i) completing the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards process in an area of concentration comparable to the holder's school service personnel certificate of endorsement or (ii) earning 80 continuing professional development units as described in this Section. If, however, the certificate holder has maintained the certificate as Valid and Exempt for a portion of the 5-year period of validity, the number of continuing professional development units needed to renew the certificate as Valid and Active must be proportionately reduced by the amount of time the certificate was Valid and Exempt. If a certificate holder is employed and performs services requiring the holder's school service personnel certificate on a part-time basis for all or a portion of the certificate's 5-year period of validity, the number of continuing professional development units needed to renew the certificate as Valid and Active shall be reduced by 50% for the amount of time the certificate holder has been employed and performing such services on a part-time basis. "Part-time" means less than 50% of the school day or school term.

Beginning July 1, 2008, in order to satisfy the requirements for continuing professional development provided for in this Section, each Valid and Active school service personnel certificate holder shall complete professional development activities that address the certificate or those certificates that are required of his or her certificated position, if the certificate holder is employed and performing services in an Illinois public or State-operated elementary school, secondary school, or cooperative or joint agreement with a governing body or board of control, or that certificate or those certificates most closely related to his or her teaching position, if the certificate holder is employed in a charter school. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (e), the certificate holder's activities must address and must reflect the following continuing professional development purposes:

1. Advance both the certificate holder's knowledge and skills consistent with the Illinois Standards for the service area in which the certificate is endorsed in order to keep the certificate holder current in that area.
2. Develop the certificate holder's knowledge and skills in areas determined by the State Board of Education to be critical for all school service personnel.
3. Address the knowledge, skills, and goals of the certificate holder's local school improvement plan, if the certificate holder is employed in an Illinois public or State-operated elementary school, secondary school, or cooperative or joint agreement with a governing body or board of control.
4. Address the needs of serving students with disabilities, including adapting and modifying clinical or professional practices to meet the needs of students with disabilities and serving such students in the least restrictive environment.

The coursework or continuing professional development units ("CPDU") required under this subsection (e) must total 80 CPDUs or the equivalent and must address 3 of the 4 purposes described in items (1) through (4) of this subsection (e). Holders of school service personnel certificates may fulfill this obligation with any combination of semester hours or CPDUs as follows:

A. Collaboration and partnership activities related to improving the school service personnel certificate holder's knowledge and skills, including (i) participating on collaborative planning and professional improvement teams and committees; (ii) peer review and coaching; (iii) mentoring in a formal mentoring program, including service as a consulting teacher participating in a remediation process formulated under Section 24A-5 of this Code; (iv) participating in site-based management or decision-making teams, relevant committees, boards, or task forces directly related to school improvement plans; (v) coordinating community resources in schools, if the project is a specific goal of the school improvement plan; (vi) facilitating parent education programs for a school, school district, or regional office of education directly related to student achievement or school improvement plans; (vii) participating in business, school, or community partnerships directly related to student achievement or school improvement plans; or (viii) supervising a student teacher (student services personnel) or teacher education candidate in clinical supervision, provided that the supervision may be counted only once during the course of 5 years.

B. Coursework from a regionally accredited institution of higher learning related to one of the purposes listed in items (1) through (4) of this subsection (e), which shall apply at the rate of 15 continuing professional development units per semester hour of credit earned during the previous 5-year period when the status of the holder's school service personnel certificate was Valid and Active. Proportionate reductions shall apply when the holder's status was Valid and Active for less than the 5-year period preceding the renewal.

C. Teaching college or university courses in areas relevant to the certificate area being renewed, provided that the teaching may be counted only once during the course of 5 years.

[May 30, 2007]
(D) Conferences, workshops, institutes, seminars, or symposiums designed to improve the certificate holder's knowledge and skills in the service area and applicable to the purposes listed in items (1) through (4) of this subsection (e). One CPDU shall be awarded for each hour of attendance. No one shall receive credit for conferences, workshops, institutes, seminars, or symposiums that are designed for entertainment, promotional, or commercial purposes or that are solely inspirational or motivational. The State Superintendent of Education and regional superintendents of schools are authorized to review the activities and events provided or to be provided under this subdivision (D) and to investigate complaints regarding those activities and events. Either the State Superintendent of Education or a regional superintendent of schools may recommend that the State Board of Education disapprove those activities and events considered to be inconsistent with this subdivision (D).

(E) Completing non-university credit directly related to student achievement, school improvement plans, or State priorities.

(F) Participating in or presenting at workshops, seminars, conferences, institutes, or symposiums.

(G) Training as external reviewers for quality assurance.

(H) Training as reviewers of university teacher preparation programs.

(I) Other educational experiences related to improving the school service personnel's knowledge and skills as a teacher, including (i) participating in action research and inquiry projects; (ii) traveling related to one's assignment and directly related to school service personnel achievement or school improvement plans and approved by the regional superintendent of schools or his or her designee at least 30 days prior to the travel experience, provided that the traveling shall not include time spent commuting to destinations where the learning experience will occur; (iii) participating in study groups related to student achievement or school improvement plans; (iv) serving on a statewide education-related committee, including without limitation the State Teacher Certification Board, State Board of Education strategic agenda teams, or the State Advisory Council on Education of Children with Disabilities; (v) participating in work/learn programs or internships; or (vi) developing a portfolio of student and teacher work.

(J) Professional leadership experiences related to improving the teacher's knowledge and skills as a teacher, including (i) participating in curriculum development or assessment activities at the school, school district, regional office of education, State, or national level; (ii) participating in team or department leadership in a school or school district; (iii) participating on extramural or internal school or school district review teams; (iv) publishing educational articles, columns, or books relevant to the certificate area being renewed; or (v) participating in non-strike-related professional association or labor organization service or activities related to professional development.

(Source: P.A. 94-105, eff. 7-1-05.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1, 2008."

The motion prevailed.
And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.
There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

**READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME**

On motion of Senator Cronin, House Bill No. 1647, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.
And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yea:\n59\nNay:\nNone.

The following voted in the affirmative:

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[May 30, 2007]
This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Adoption adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Link, **House Bill No. 1753**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yea 54; Nays 4.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff     Dillard     Lightford     Ronen
Bomke      Forby       Link       Rutherford
Bond       Frerichs     Luechtefeld   Sandoval
Brady       Garrett     Maloney       Schoenber
Burzynski    Haine      Martinez     Sieben
Clayborne    Halvorson  Meeks       Silverstein
Collins     Harmon      Millner     Sullivan
Cronin      Hendon      Munoz       Syverson
Crotty      Holmes      Noland      Trotter
Cullerton   Hunter      Pankau      Viverito
Dahl        Jacobs      Peterson     Wilhelmi
DeLeo       Jones, J.    Radogno     Mr. President
Delgado     Koehler     Raoul
Demuzio    Kotowski   Rister

The following voted in the negative:

Hultgren    Murphy
Lauzen       Watson

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

**HOUSE BILL RECALLED**

On motion of Senator Dillard, **House Bill No. 1855** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 was held in the Committee on Labor.

Senator Dillard offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

[May 30, 2007]
AMENDMENT NO. 4 TO HOUSE BILL 1855

AMENDMENT NO. 4. Amend House Bill 1855 on page 1, lines 8 and 9 by deleting "or could have resulted"; and

on page 2, line 9 by deleting "attempt to possess,"; and

on page 4, line 5 by deleting "in the possession of or"; and

on page 4, line 12 by changing "inappropriate" to "erratic"; and

on page 5, line 20 by inserting after "program" the following:

", except when these costs are covered under provisions in a collective bargaining agreement".

The motion prevailed.
And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.
There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Dillard, House Bill No. 1855, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.
And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yea 58; Nay 0.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff
Bomke
Bond
Brady
Bruzynski
Clayborne
Collins
Cronin
Crotty
Cullerton
Dahl
DeLeo
Delgado
Demuzio
Dillard
Forby
Frerichs
Garrett
Haine
Halvorson
Harmon
Hendon
Holmes
Hultgren
Hunter
Jones, J.
Koehler
Kotowski
Lauzen
Lightford
Link
Luechtelfeld
Maloney
Martinez
Meeks
Millner
Munoz
Murphy
Noland
Pankau
Peterson
Radogno
Raoul
Righeter
Ronen
Rutherford
Sandoval
Schoenberg
Sieben
Silverstein
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Watson
Wilhelm
Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).
Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

JOINT ACTION MOTIONS FILED

The following Joint Action Motions to the Senate Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Rules:

Motion to Concur in House Amendments 1 and 2 to Senate Bill 340
Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 473
Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 532

[May 30, 2007]
CONSIDERATION OF RESOLUTIONS ON SECRETARY’S DESK

Senator Garrett moved that Senate Joint Resolution No. 46, on the Secretary’s Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

Senator Garrett moved that Senate Joint Resolution No. 46 be adopted.

The motion prevailed.

And the resolution was adopted.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

Senator Schoenberg moved that Senate Joint Resolution No. 52, on the Secretary’s Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

Senator Schoenberg moved that Senate Joint Resolution No. 52 be adopted.

The motion prevailed.

And the resolution was adopted.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

Senator Demuzio moved that Senate Joint Resolution No. 53, on the Secretary’s Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

Senator Demuzio moved that Senate Joint Resolution No. 53 be adopted.

The motion prevailed.

And the resolution was adopted.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

Senator Trotter moved that House Joint Resolution No. 8, on the Secretary’s Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

Senator Trotter moved that House Joint Resolution No. 8 be adopted.

And on that motion a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff  Forby  Lightford  Risinger
Bomke  Frerichs  Link  Ronen
Bond  Garrett  Luechtefeld  Rutherford
Brady  Haine  Maloney  Sandoval
Burzynski  Halvorson  Martinez  Schoenberg
Clayborne  Harmon  Meeks  Sieben
Collins  Hendon  Millner  Silverstein
Cronin  Holmes  Munoz  Sullivan
Crotty  Hultgren  Murphy  Syverson
Cullerton  Hunter  Noland  Trotter
Dahl  Jacobs  Pankau  Viverito
Senator Lightford moved that House Joint Resolution No. 40, on the Secretary’s Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration. The motion prevailed.

Senator Lightford moved that House Joint Resolution No. 40 be adopted. And on that motion a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

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<th>Althoff</th>
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<th>Risinger</th>
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The motion prevailed. And the resolution was adopted. Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILLS ON SECRETARY’S DESK

On motion of Senator Haine, Senate Bill No. 19, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Haine moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendments to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

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[May 30, 2007]
The motion prevailed.
And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to Senate Bill No. 19.
Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Luechtefeld, Senate Bill No. 30, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.
Senator Luechtefeld moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Forby Lightford Risinger
Bomke Frerichs Link Ronen
Bond Garrett Luechtefeld Rutherford
Brady Haine Maloney Sandoval
Burzynski Halvorson Martinez Schoenberg
Clayborne Harmon Meeks Sieben
Collins Hendon Millner Silverstein
Cronin Holmes Munoz Sullivan
Crotty Hultgren Murphy Syverson
Cullerton Hunter Noland Trotter
Dahl Jacobs Pankau Viverito
DeLeo Jones, J. Peterson Watson
Delgado Koehler Radogno Wilhelm
Demuzio Kotowski Raoul Mr. President
Dillard Lauzen Righter

The motion prevailed.
And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill No. 30.
Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Link, Senate Bill No. 56, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.
Senator Link moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 57; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:
The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill No. 56.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Haine, Senate Bill No. 108, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Haine moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yea’s 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff       Forby       Lightford    Risinger
Bomke         Frerichs    Luechtefeld Rutherford
Bond          Garrett     Maloney     Sandoval
Brady         Haine       Martinez    Schoenbarg
Clayborne     Halvorson  Meeks       Sieben
Collins       Harmon      Millner     Silverstein
Cronin        Holmes      Murphy      Syverson
Crotty        Hunter      Noland      Trotter
Cullerton     Jacobs      Pankau      Viverito
Dahl          Jones, J.,  Peterson    Watson
DeLeo         Koehler     Radogno     Wilhelmi
Delgado       Kotowski    Raoul       Mr. President
Demuzio       Lauzen      Righter     
Dillard       Lightford   Risinger    
Forby         Link        Ronen       

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill No. 108.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Link, Senate Bill No. 169, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Link moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

[May 30, 2007]
Yeas 37; Nays 18; Present 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

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<th>Bond</th>
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The following voted in the negative:

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The following voted present:

Viverito

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill No. 169.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Garrett, Senate Bill No. 244, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 4 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Garrett moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendments to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

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[May 30, 2007]
The motion prevailed.  
And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendments numbered 1 and 4 to Senate Bill No. 244.  
Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

REPORT FROM RULES COMMITTEE

Senator Halvorson, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, during its May 30, 2007 meeting, reported the following Joint Action Motions have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

Education:  
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 446  
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 641  
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 841

Environment and Energy:  
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 680

Financial Institutions:  
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 1169

Human Services:  
- Motion to Concur in House Amendments 1 and 2 to Senate Bill 340  
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 595

Judiciary Civil Law:  
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 319  
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 486

Judiciary Criminal Law:  
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 532

Local Government:  
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 345  
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 599

Public Health:  
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 15  
- Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 547

Senator Halvorson, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, during its May 30, 2007 meeting, reported the following Legislative Measures have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

Environment and Energy:  
- Senate Floor Amendment No. 4 to House Bill 828  
- Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 1292

Local Government:  
- Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 1685  
- Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 1752

Public Health:  
- Senate Floor Amendment No. 7 to Senate Bill 5

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILLS ON SECRETARY’S DESK

On motion of Senator Cullerton, Senate Bill No. 264, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.  
Senator Cullerton moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendments to said bill.  
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yea: 57; Nays: None.

[May 30, 2007]
The following voted in the affirmative:

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<th>Althoff</th>
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The motion prevailed.
And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to Senate Bill No. 264.
Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Crotty, Senate Bill No. 284, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.
Senator Crotty moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

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The motion prevailed.
And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill No. 284.
Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Haine, Senate Bill No. 355, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.
Senator Haine moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yea 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

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The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill No. 355.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Demuzio, Senate Bill No. 397, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Demuzio moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yea 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

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<td>Mr. President</td>
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<td>Dillard</td>
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The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill No. 397.

[May 30, 2007]
Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Demuzio, Senate Bill No. 404, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Demuzio moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yea 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff  Forby  Lightford  Risinger
Bomke  Frerichs  Link  Ronen
Bond  Garrett  Luechtfeld  Rutherford
Brady  Haine  Maloney  Sandoval
Burzynski  Halvorson  Martinez  Schoenberg
Clayborne  Harmon  Meeks  Sieben
Collins  Hendon  Millner  Silverstein
Cronin  Holmes  Munoz  Sullivan
Crotty  Hultgren  Murphy  Syverson
Cullerton  Hunter  Noland  Trotter
Dahl  Jacobs  Pankau  Viverito
DeLeo  Jones, J.  Peterson  Watson
Delgado  Koehler  Radogno  Wilhelm
Demuzio  Kotelowski  Raoul  Mr. President
Dillard  Lauzen  Righter

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill No. 404.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, Senate Bill No. 505, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Cullerton moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yea 50; Nays 9.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff  Forby  Lightford  Risinger
Bond  Frerichs  Link  Ronen
Brady  Garrett  Maloney  Sandoval
Clayborne  Halvorson  Martinez  Schoenberg
Collins  Harmon  Millner  Sieben
Cronin  Hendon  Munoz  Silverstein
Crotty  Hultgren  Murphy  Sullivan
Cullerton  Hunter  Noland  Trotter
DeLeo  Jacobs  Pankau  Viverito
Delgado  Jones, J.  Peterson  Wilhelm
Demuzio  Koehler  Radogno  Mr. President
Dillard  Kotelowski  Raoul  Righter
Forby  Lauzen  Righter

[May 30, 2007]
The following voted in the negative:

Bomke
Burzynski
Dahl
Jones, J.
Lauzen
Luechtefeld

The motion prevailed.
And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill No. 505.
Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Crotty, Senate Bill No. 765, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.
Senator Crotty moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff
Bomke
Bond
Brady
Burzynski
Clayborne
Collins
Cronin
Crotty
Cullerton
Dahl
DeLeo
Delgado
Demuzio
Dillard
Frerichs
Garrett
Haine
Halvorson
Harmon
Hendon
Holmes
Hultgren
Hunter
Jacobs
Jones, J.
Koehler
Kotowski
Lauzen
Lightford
Link
Luechtefeld
Maloney
Martinez
Meeks
Millner
Munoz
Murphy
Noland
Pankau
Peterson
Radogno
Raoul
Righter
Risinger
Link
Rutherford
Ronne
Rutherford
Sandoval
Schoenberg
Sieben
Silverstein
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Watson
Wilhelmi
Mr. President

The motion prevailed.
And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill No. 765.
Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Ronen, Senate Bill No. 1226, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.
Senator Ronen moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 59; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff
Bomke
Bond
Brady
Burzynski
Forby
Frerichs
Garrett
Haine
Halvorson
Lightford
Link
Luechtefeld
Maloney
Martinez

[May 30, 2007]
The motion prevailed.
And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill No. 1226.
Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Clayborne, Senate Bill No. 1257, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2 on the Secretary’s Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.
Senator Clayborne moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendments to said bill.
And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Frerichs Link Ronen
Bombke Garrett Luechtefeld Rutherford
Bond Haine Maloney Sandoval
Brady Halvorson Martinez Schoenberg
Clayborne Harmon Meeks Sieben
Collins Hendon Millner Silverstein
Cronin Holmes Munoz Sullivan
Crotty Hultgren Murphy Syverson
Cullerton Hunter Noland Trotter
Dahl Jacobs Pankau Viverito
DeLeo Jones, J. Peterson Watson
Delgado Koehler Radogno Wilhelmi
Demuzio Kotowski Raoul Mr. President
Dillard Lauzen Righter

The motion prevailed.
And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to Senate Bill No. 1257.
Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

At the hour of 2:00 o’clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stand at ease.

AT EASE

At the hour of 3:43 o’clock p.m., the Senate resumed consideration of business.
Senator Link, presiding.

REPORT FROM RULES COMMITTEE

[May 30, 2007]
Senator Halvorson, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, during its May 30, 2007 meeting, reported the following Joint Action Motions have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

Commerce and Economic Development: **Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 1097**

Education: **Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 1165**

Local Government: **Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 253**

Senator Halvorson, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, during its May 30, 2007 meeting, reported the following Legislative Measures have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

Executive: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 25.**

Local Government: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 1752.**

State Government and Veterans Affairs: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 4 to House Bill 743.**

**POSTING NOTICE WAIVED**

Senator Silverstein moved to waive the six-day posting requirement on **House Bill No. 1750** so that the bill may be heard in the Committee on Executive that is scheduled to meet May 30, 2007. The motion prevailed.

**COMMITTEE MEETING ANNOUNCEMENTS**

The Chair announced the following committees to meet:

At 5:00 o’clock p.m. - Judiciary Civil Law, Public Health, Local Government

At 5:45 o’clock p.m. - Environment and Energy, Human Services

At 6:00 o’clock p.m. - Education

At 6:15 o’clock p.m. - Financial Institutions, Commerce and Economic Development

At 6:30 o’clock p.m. – Executive, State Government

**MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT**

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT**

**STATE OF ILLINOIS**

EMIL JONES, JR. 
SENATE PRESIDENT 
327 STATE CAPITOL 
Springfield, Illinois  62706

May 30, 2007

Ms. Deborah Shipley 
Secretary of the Senate 
Room 403 State House 
Springfield, IL  62706

[May 30, 2007]
Dear Madam Secretary:

Pursuant to Senate Rule 2-10, I hereby establish May 31, 2007 as the Committee deadline and May 31, 2007 as the Third Reading deadline for House Bill 1750.

Sincerely,

s/Emil Jones, Jr.
Senate President

cc: Senate Minority Leader Frank Watson

At the hour of 3:55 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stand at recess subject to the call of the Chair.

AFTER RECESS

At the hour of 10:08 o'clock p.m., the Senate reconvened
Senator Hendon, presiding.

At the hour of 10:08 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stand adjourned until Thursday, May 31, 2007, at 10:00 o'clock a.m.