AN ACT concerning State government.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

(15 ILCS 20/50-7 rep.)

Section 3. The State Budget Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by repealing Section 50-7.

Section 5. The State Fair Act is amended by changing Section 6 as follows:

(20 ILCS 210/6) (from Ch. 127, par. 1706)

- Sec. 6. Policies, procedures, and powers concerning the operation of fairs.
- (a) Policies. The Department shall, pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, establish by rule:
  - (1) the policy for the operation of the Illinois State Fair and the DuQuoin State Fair, except those operations regarding contests as provided for in subparagraphs (b) and (c) of this Section, and
  - (2) the policies and procedures for the sale, barter, or exchange of tickets and for ticket refunds for cancelled events.
  - (b) Contests. The Department shall establish and make

available, for all contestants and other interested persons, sufficient copies of a premium book or other publication that establishes the kinds and classes of events or exhibits for contests at the fairs, the conditions under which contestants shall be entered into contests, the qualification and disqualification requirements of contests, the drug testing requirements for contests (if applicable), the premiums to be offered to contest winners, the manner in which certificates of award shall be distributed and premiums paid to contest winners, the penalty for violations of a rule, condition, instruction, or directive, and requirements of contests, including but not limited to the return of all premiums paid, the forfeiture of awards, and the prohibition of participating in future contests, and all other rules and requirements for contests. These rules, conditions, instructions, directives, requirements shall be exempt from the rulemaking procedures of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. All such publications issued by the Department that relate to a contest, event, or exhibit shall be maintained as a public record at the Department's principal office in Springfield, Illinois, and made available for public inspection and copying during regular business hours.

(c) Fees. The Department shall establish and publish for the Illinois State Fair and the DuQuoin State Fair a schedule of admission fees, entry fees, concession fees, space rentals and other fees for activities offered or provided at each

State Fair. These schedules of fees shall be maintained as a public record at the Department's principal office in Springfield, Illinois, and made available for public inspection and copying during regular business, but shall be exempt from the rulemaking procedures of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.

- (d) Facilities. The Department may negotiate and enter into contracts for activities and use of facilities for which there is not an established or published schedule. The contract criteria shall be established by rule, pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The Department may lease any of its facilities for activities during the State Fair.
- (e) Advertising. The Illinois State Fair in Springfield and the DuQuoin State Fair shall have the power and authority to sell or exchange advertising rights in all of its publications and printed materials. The sale of advertising shall be subject to the rules promulgated by the Department, pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. All income derived from the sale of advertising at the Illinois State Fair in Springfield shall be deposited into the Illinois State Fair Fund. All income derived from the sale of advertising at the DuQuoin State Fair shall be deposited into the Agricultural Premium Fund.
- (f) Veterans. On the day set aside as Veterans Day, honorably discharged veterans and members of their families

shall be admitted without admission charge upon presentation of identification of any of the following: honorable discharge certificate, or photostatic copy thereof, or a paid up membership card in any recognized veterans organization.

(g) Government functions. The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Comptroller, President and Minority Leader of the Senate, and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives shall be afforded space for official governmental functions, without charge, during the State Fair and the DuQuoin State Fair. (Source: P.A. 93-1055, eff. 11-23-04.)

Section 10. The Illinois Promotion Act is amended by changing Section 4b as follows:

(20 ILCS 665/4b)

Sec. 4b. Coordinating Committee. There is created a Coordinating Committee of State agencies involved with tourism in the State of Illinois. The Committee shall consist of the Director of Commerce and Economic Opportunity as chairman, the Lieutenant Governor, the Secretary of Transportation or his or her designee, and the head executive officer or his or her designee of the following: the Lincoln Presidential Library; the Department of Natural Resources; the Department of Agriculture; the Illinois Arts Council; the Illinois Community College Board; and the Board of Higher Education; and the

Grape and Wine Resources Council. The Committee shall also include 4 members of the Illinois General Assembly, one of whom shall be named by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be named by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, one of whom who shall be named by the President of the Senate, and one of whom shall be named by the Minority Leader of the Senate. The Committee shall meet at least quarterly and at other times as called by the chair. The Committee shall coordinate the promotion and development of tourism activities throughout State government. (Source: P.A. 94-793, eff. 5-19-06.)

(20 ILCS 1305/10-6 rep.)

Section 15. The Department of Human Services Act is amended by repealing Section 10-6.

(20 ILCS 2310/2310-358 rep.)

Section 17. The Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by repealing Section 2310-358.

Section 18. The Capital Spending Accountability Law is amended by changing Section 805 as follows:

(20 ILCS 3020/805)

Sec. 805. Reports on capital spending. On or before the

forty-fifth day after the end first day of each quarterly period in each fiscal year, the Governor's Office of Management and Budget shall provide to the Comptroller, the Treasurer, the President and the Minority Leader of the Senate, and the Speaker and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives a report on the status of all capital projects in the State. The report may be provided in both written and electronic format. The report must include all of the following:

- (1) A brief description or stated purpose of each capital project where applicable (as referred to in this Section, "project").
- (2) The amount and source of funds (whether from bond funds or other revenues) appropriated for each project, organized into categories including roads, mass transit, schools, environment, civic centers and other categories as applicable (as referred to in this Section, "category or categories"), with subtotals for each category.
- (3) The date the appropriation bill relating to each project was signed by the Governor, organized into categories.
- (4) The date the written release of the Governor for each project was submitted to the Comptroller or is projected to be submitted and, if a release for any project has not been submitted within 6 months after its appropriation became law, an explanation why the project

has not yet been released, all organized into categories.

- (5) The amount of expenditures to date by the State relating to each project and estimated amount of total State expenditures and proposed schedule of future State expenditures relating to each project, all organized into categories.
- (6) A timeline for completion of each project, including the dates, if applicable, of execution by the State of any grant agreement, any required engineering or design work or environmental approvals, and the estimated or actual dates of the start and completion of construction, all organized into categories. Any substantial variances on any project from this reported timeline must be explained in the next quarterly report.
- (7) A summary report of the status of all projects, including the amount of undisbursed funds intended to be held or used in the next quarter.

(Source: P.A. 98-692, eff. 7-1-14.)

Section 20. The State Finance Act is amended by changing Section 6a as follows:

(30 ILCS 105/6a) (from Ch. 127, par. 142a)

Sec. 6a. (1) The following items of income received by the State Colleges and Universities under the jurisdiction of the Board of Governors of State Colleges and Universities for

general operational and educational purposes shall be paid into the state treasury without delay and shall be covered into a special fund to be known as the Board of Governors of State Colleges and Universities Income Fund: (a) tuition, laboratory, library fees, and any interest which may be earned thereon not later than 20 days after receipt of the same without any deductions except for refunds to students for whom duplicate payment has been made and to students who have withdrawn after registration and who are entitled to such refunds; and (b) excess income from auxiliary enterprises and activities as provided in paragraph (2) of this Section, and all other income arising out of any activity or purpose not specified in paragraph (2) of this Section or in Section 6a-2 not later than 10 days after receipt of the same and without any deduction whatever. Such items of income shall be either paid into the State treasury or deposited into a college or university bank account within the time period established for like amounts in Section 2 of the State Officers and Employees Money Disposition Act; provided, that if deposited into a bank account, such items together with interest thereon shall be paid into the State treasury as provided in the preceding sentence. The General Assembly shall from time to time make appropriations payable from the Board of Governors of State Colleges and Universities Income Fund for the support and improvement of such State Colleges and Universities.

(2) The following items of income shall be retained by

each such State College or University or by the Board of Governors of State Colleges and Universities in its own treasury: endowment funds, gifts, trust funds, and Federal aid; funds received in connection with contracts with governmental, public or private agencies or persons, for research or services including funds which are paid as reimbursement to the State College or University or to the Board of Governors of State Colleges and Universities and funds received in connection with its operation of research and high technology parks; funds received in connection with reserves authorized by Section 8a of "An Act to provide for the management, operation, control and maintenance of the State Colleges and Universities System", approved July 2, 1951, as amended; funds received in connection with the retention, receipt, assignment, license, sale or transfer of interests in, rights to, or income from discoveries, inventions, patents, or copyrightable works; funds retained by the State College or University under the authority of Section 6a-2, and funds received from the operation of student or staff residence facilities, student and staff medical and health programs, Union buildings, bookstores, farms, stores, auxiliary enterprises or activities which self-supporting in whole or in part. Any income derived from such auxiliary enterprises or activities which necessary to their support, maintenance, or development shall not, however, be applied to any general operational or

educational purpose but shall be paid into the State Treasury as provided in paragraph (1) of this Section.

Whenever such funds retained by each such State College or University or by the Board of Governors of State Colleges and Universities in its own treasury are deposited with a bank or savings and loan association and the amount of the deposit exceeds the amount of federal deposit insurance coverage, a bond or pledged securities shall be obtained. Only the types Treasurer may, of securities which the State in his discretion, accept for amounts not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation under Section 11 of "An Act in relation to State moneys", approved June 28, 1919, as amended, may be accepted as pledged securities. The market value of the bond or pledged securities shall at all times be equal to or greater than the uninsured portion of the deposit.

- (3) (Blank). All monies received by the Cooperative Computer Center operated and maintained by Governors State University, in conjunction and pursuant to contracts with other State universities, shall be deposited in the Cooperative Computer Center Revolving Fund. The General Assembly shall from time to time make appropriations from the Cooperative Computer Center Revolving Fund to be used for expenditures incurred by the Cooperative Computer Center.
- (4) The Auditor General shall audit or cause to be audited the above items of income and all other income and

expenditures of such institutions.

(5) Beginning on January 1, 1996, the provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Section shall be superseded by Section 5-35 of the Chicago State University Law and Section 6a-1c of the State Finance Act with respect to Chicago State University; by Section 10-35 of the Eastern University Law and Section 6a-1d of the State Finance Act with respect to Eastern Illinois University; by Section 15-35 of the Governors State University Law and Section 6a-1e of the State Finance Act with respect to Governors State University; by Section 25-35 of the Northeastern Illinois University Law and Section 6a-1f of the State Finance Act with respect to Northeastern Illinois University; and by Section 35-35 of the Western Illinois University Law and Section 6a-1g of the State Finance Act with respect to Western Illinois University. On January 1, 1996, all items of income and other funds deposited, retained, or otherwise held under paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Section shall be transferred, appropriated, retained and used as provided by the provisions of law cited in this paragraph as superseding the provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 89-4, eff. 1-1-96.)

<sup>(30</sup> ILCS 105/5.72 rep.)

<sup>(30</sup> ILCS 105/5.599 rep.)

<sup>(30</sup> ILCS 105/5.748 rep.)

- (30 ILCS 105/6w rep.)
- (30 ILCS 105/8k rep.)

Section 23. The State Finance Act is amended by repealing Sections 5.72, 5.599, 5.748, 6w, and 8k.

Section 25. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by changing Section 507DDD as follows:

## (35 ILCS 5/507DDD)

507DDD. Special Olympics Illinois and Special Children's Checkoff. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, the Department shall print on its standard individual income tax form a provision indicating that if the taxpayer wishes to contribute to the Special Olympics Illinois and Special Children's Charities Checkoff Fund as authorized by Public Act 99-423, he or she may do so by stating the amount of the contribution (not less than \$1) on the return and that the contribution will reduce the taxpayer's refund or increase the amount of payment to accompany the return. Failure to remit any amount of increased payment shall reduce the contribution accordingly. This Section shall not apply to an amended return. For the purpose of this Section, the Department of Revenue must distribute the moneys as provided in subsection 21.9(b) of the Illinois Lottery Law: (i) 75% of the moneys to Special Olympics Illinois to support the statewide training, competitions, and programs for future

Special Olympics athletes; and (ii) 25% of the moneys to Special Children's Charities to support the City of Chicago-wide training, competitions, and programs for future Special Olympics athletes.

(Source: P.A. 99-423, eff. 8-20-15; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)

- (35 ILCS 5/507AA rep.)
- (35 ILCS 5/507BB rep.)
- (35 ILCS 5/507TT rep.)

Section 30. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by repealing Sections 507AA, 507BB, and 507TT.

Section 35. The Illinois Estate and Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax Act is amended by changing Section 13 as follows:

- (35 ILCS 405/13) (from Ch. 120, par. 405A-13)
- Sec. 13. Collection by county treasurers; tax collection distribution fund.
- (a) Collection by county treasurers. Each county treasurer shall transmit to the State Treasurer all taxes, interest or penalties paid to the county treasurer under this Act and in the county treasurer's possession as of the last day of the previous month, together with a report under oath identifying the taxpayer for or by whom an amount was paid. Those amounts and the report shall be transmitted to and received by the State Treasurer by the 10th day of each month. At the same

time, a copy of the report shall be furnished to the Attorney General. The report shall be in a form and contain the particulars as the State Treasurer may prescribe. The State Treasurer shall give the county treasurer a receipt for the amount transmitted to the State Treasurer. Except as provided in subsection (a-5) of this Section, if any county treasurer fails to pay to the State Treasurer all amounts that may be due and payable under this Act as required by this Section, the county treasurer shall pay to the State Treasurer, as a penalty, a sum of money equal to the interest on the amounts not paid at the rate of 1% per month from the time those amounts are due by the county treasurer until those amounts are paid. The sureties upon the official bond of the county treasurer shall be security for the payment of the penalty. The penalty under this Section may be recovered in a civil action against the county treasurer and his or her sureties, in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, in the circuit court within the county wherein the county treasurer is resident; and the penalty, when recovered, shall be paid into the State treasury. The civil action to recover the penalty shall be brought by the State treasurer within 10 days after the failure of the county treasurer to pay to the State Treasurer any amounts collected by the county treasurer within the time required by this Act. Failure to bring the action within that time shall not prevent the bringing of the action thereafter. It is the duty of the State Treasurer to make

necessary and proper investigation to determine what amounts should be paid under this Act.

- (a-5) The State Treasurer may waive penalties imposed by subsection (a) of this Section on a case-by-case basis if the State Treasurer finds that imposing penalties would be unreasonable or unnecessarily burdensome because the delay in payment was due to an incident caused by the operation of an extraordinary force, including, but not limited to, the occurrence of a natural disaster, that cannot be foreseen, that cannot be avoided by the exercise of due care, and for which no person can be held liable.
- (b) (Blank). Transfer Tax Collection Distributive Fund.

  The Transfer Tax Collection Distributive Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. The Fund is a continuation of the Fund of the same name created under the Illinois Estate Tax Law, repealed by this Act. As soon as may be after the first day of each month after the effective date of this Act, and before September 1, 2012, the State Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Transfer Tax Collection Distributive Fund an amount equal to 6% of the net revenue realized from this Act during the preceding month.

As soon as may be after the first day of each month, the State Treasurer shall allocate among the counties of this State the amount available in the Transfer Tax Collection Distributive Fund. The allocation to each county shall be 6% of the net revenues collected by the county treasurer under

this Act. The State Comptroller, pursuant to appropriation, shall then pay those allocations over to the counties. As soon as possible after all of the required monthly allocations are made from the Transfer Tax Collection Distributive Fund and before September 1, 2012, the State Comptroller shall order transferred and the State Treasurer shall transfer any moneys remaining in the Transfer Tax Collection Distributive Fund from that Fund to the General Revenue Fund, and the Transfer Tax Collection Distributive Fund shall be dissolved.

(c) On and after July 1, 2012, 94% of the amounts collected from the taxes, interest, and penalties collected under this Act shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund and 6% of those amounts shall be deposited into the Estate Tax Refund Fund, a special fund created in the State treasury.

Moneys in the Estate Tax Refund Fund shall be expended exclusively for the purpose of paying refunds resulting from overpayment of tax liability under this Act, except that, whenever the State Treasurer determines that any such moneys in the Fund exceed the amount required for the purpose of paying refunds resulting from overpayment of tax liability under this Act, the State Treasurer may transfer any such excess amounts from the Estate Tax Refund Fund to the General Revenue Fund.

The Treasurer shall order payment of refunds resulting from overpayment of tax liability under this Act from the Estate Tax Refund Fund only to the extent that amounts have

been deposited and retained in the Fund.

Public Act 97-732 This amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing appropriation from the Estate Tax Refund Fund for the purpose of paying refunds upon the order of the Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of this Act and for the purpose of paying refunds under this Act.

(Source: P.A. 96-1162, eff. 7-21-10; 97-732, eff. 6-30-12.)

Section 37. The Higher Education Veterans Service Act is amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

(110 ILCS 49/15)

Sec. 15. Survey; coordinator; best practices report; best efforts.

(a) All public colleges and universities shall, within 60 days after the effective date of this Act, conduct a survey of the services and programs that are provided for veterans, active duty military personnel, and their families, at each of their respective campuses. This survey shall enumerate and fully describe the service or program that is available, the number of veterans or active duty personnel using the service or program, an estimated range for potential use within a 5-year and 10-year period, information on the location of the service or program, and how its administrators may be contacted. The survey shall indicate the manner or manners in

which a student veteran may avail himself or herself of the program's services. This survey must be made available to all veterans matriculating at the college or university in the form of an orientation-related guidebook.

Each public college and university shall make the survey available on the homepage of all campus Internet links as soon as practical after the completion of the survey. As soon as possible after the completion of the survey, each public college and university shall provide a copy of its survey to the following:

- (1) the Board of Higher Education;
- (2) the Department of Veterans' Affairs;
- (3) the President and Minority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives; and
  - (4) the Governor.
- (b) Each public college and university shall, at its discretion, (i) appoint, within 6 months after the effective date of this Act, an existing employee or (ii) hire a new employee to serve as a Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services on each campus of the college or university that has an onsite, daily, full-time student headcount above 1,000 students.

The Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services shall be an ombudsperson serving the specific needs of student veterans and military personnel and their families and shall serve as an advocate before the administration of the college or university for the needs of student veterans. The college or university shall enable the Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services to communicate directly with the senior executive administration of the college or university periodically. The college or university shall retain unfettered discretion to determine the organizational management structure of its institution.

In addition to any responsibilities the college or university may assign, the Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services shall make its best efforts to create a centralized source for student veterans and military personnel to learn how to receive all benefit programs and services for which they are eligible.

Each college and university campus that is required to have a Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services shall regularly and conspicuously advertise the office location and, phone number of, and Internet access to the Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services, along with a brief summary of the manner in which he or she can assist student veterans. The advertisement shall include, but is not necessarily limited to, the following:

- (1) advertisements on each campus' Internet home page; and
- (2) any promotional mailings for student application. The Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student

Services shall facilitate other campus offices with the promotion of programs and services that are available.

- (c) Upon receipt of all of the surveys under subsection (a) of this Section, the Board of Higher Education and the Department of Veterans' Affairs shall conduct a joint review of the surveys. The Department of Veterans' Affairs shall and post, on any Internet home page it they may operate, a link to each survey as posted on the Internet website for the college or university. The Board of Higher Education shall post, on any Internet home page it may operate, a link to each survey as posted on the Internet website for the college or university or an annual report or document containing survey information for each college or university. Upon receipt of all of the surveys, the Office of the Governor, through its military affairs advisors, shall similarly conduct a review of the surveys and post the surveys on its Internet website. Following its review of the surveys, the Office of the Governor shall submit an evaluation report to each college and university offering suggestions and insight on the conduct of student veteran-related policies and programs.
- (d) The Board of Higher Education and the Department of Veterans' Affairs may issue a best practices report to highlight those programs and services that are most beneficial to veterans and active duty military personnel. The report shall contain a fiscal needs assessment in conjunction with any program recommendations.

(e) Each college and university campus that is required to have a Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services under subsection (b) of this Section shall make its best efforts to create academic and social programs and services for veterans and active duty military personnel that will provide reasonable opportunities for academic performance and success.

Each public college and university shall make its best efforts to determine how its online educational curricula can be expanded or altered to serve the needs of student veterans and currently-deployed military, including a determination of whether and to what extent the public colleges and universities can share existing technologies to improve the online curricula of peer institutions, provided such efforts are both practically and economically feasible.

(Source: P.A. 96-133, eff. 8-7-09; revised 7-16-19.)

(235 ILCS 5/1-3.37 rep.)

Section 40. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by repealing Section 1-3.37.

(305 ILCS 40/Act rep.)

Section 45. The Nursing Home Grant Assistance Act is repealed.

Section 50. The Clerks of Courts Act is amended by

changing Section 27.1b as follows:

(705 ILCS 105/27.1b)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2022)

Sec. 27.1b. Circuit court clerk fees. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all fees charged by the clerks of the circuit court for the services described in this Section shall be established, collected, and disbursed in accordance with this Section. Except as otherwise specified in this Section, all fees under this Section shall be paid in advance and disbursed by each clerk on a monthly basis. In a county with a population of over 3,000,000, units of local government and school districts shall not be required to pay fees under this Section in advance and the clerk shall instead send an itemized bill to the unit of local government or school district, within 30 days of the fee being incurred, and the unit of local government or school district shall be allowed at least 30 days from the date of the itemized bill to pay; these payments shall be disbursed by each clerk on a monthly basis. Unless otherwise specified in this Section, the amount of a fee shall be determined by ordinance or resolution of the county board and remitted to the county treasurer to be used for purposes related to the operation of the court system in the county. In a county with a population of over 3,000,000, any amount retained by the clerk of the circuit court or remitted to the county treasurer shall be subject to

appropriation by the county board.

- (a) Civil cases. The fee for filing a complaint, petition, or other pleading initiating a civil action shall be as set forth in the applicable schedule under this subsection in accordance with case categories established by the Supreme Court in schedules.
  - (1) SCHEDULE 1: not to exceed a total of \$366 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and not to exceed \$316 in any other county, except as applied to units of local government and school districts in counties with more than 3,000,000 inhabitants an amount not to exceed \$190 through December 31, 2021 and \$184 on and after January 1, 2022. The fees collected under this schedule shall be disbursed as follows:
    - (A) The clerk shall retain a sum, in an amount not to exceed \$55 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and in an amount not to exceed \$45 in any other county determined by the clerk with the approval of the Supreme Court, to be used for court automation, court document storage, and administrative purposes.
    - (B) The clerk shall remit up to \$21 to the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer shall deposit the appropriate amounts, in accordance with the clerk's instructions, as follows:
      - (i) up to \$10, as specified by the Supreme

Court in accordance with Part 10A of Article II of the Code of Civil Procedure, into the Mandatory Arbitration Fund;

- (ii) \$2 into the Access to Justice Fund; and
- (iii) \$9 into the Supreme Court Special Purposes Fund.
- (C) The clerk shall remit a sum to the County Treasurer, in an amount not to exceed \$290 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and in an amount not to exceed \$250 in any other county, as specified by ordinance or resolution passed by the county board, for purposes related to the operation of the court system in the county.
- (2) SCHEDULE 2: not to exceed a total of \$357 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and not to exceed \$266 in any other county, except as applied to units of local government and school districts in counties with more than 3,000,000 inhabitants an amount not to exceed \$190 through December 31, 2021 and \$184 on and after January 1, 2022. The fees collected under this schedule shall be disbursed as follows:
  - (A) The clerk shall retain a sum, in an amount not to exceed \$55 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and in an amount not to exceed \$45 in any other county determined by the clerk with the approval of the Supreme Court, to be used for court

automation, court document storage, and administrative purposes.

- (B) The clerk shall remit up to \$21 to the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer shall deposit the appropriate amounts, in accordance with the clerk's instructions, as follows:
  - (i) up to \$10, as specified by the Supreme Court in accordance with Part 10A of Article II of the Code of Civil Procedure, into the Mandatory Arbitration Fund;
    - (ii) \$2 into the Access to Justice Fund: and
  - (iii) \$9 into the Supreme Court Special Purposes Fund.
- (C) The clerk shall remit a sum to the County Treasurer, in an amount not to exceed \$281 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and in an amount not to exceed \$200 in any other county, as specified by ordinance or resolution passed by the county board, for purposes related to the operation of the court system in the county.
- (3) SCHEDULE 3: not to exceed a total of \$265 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and not to exceed \$89 in any other county, except as applied to units of local government and school districts in counties with more than 3,000,000 inhabitants an amount not to exceed \$190 through December 31, 2021 and \$184 on and after

January 1, 2022. The fees collected under this schedule shall be disbursed as follows:

- (A) The clerk shall retain a sum, in an amount not to exceed \$55 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and in an amount not to exceed \$22 in any other county determined by the clerk with the approval of the Supreme Court, to be used for court automation, court document storage, and administrative purposes.
- (B) The clerk shall remit \$11 to the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer shall deposit the appropriate amounts in accordance with the clerk's instructions, as follows:
  - (i) \$2 into the Access to Justice Fund; and
  - (ii) \$9 into the Supreme Court Special Purposes Fund.
- (C) The clerk shall remit a sum to the County Treasurer, in an amount not to exceed \$199 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and in an amount not to exceed \$56 in any other county, as specified by ordinance or resolution passed by the county board, for purposes related to the operation of the court system in the county.
- (4) SCHEDULE 4: \$0.
- (b) Appearance. The fee for filing an appearance in a civil action, including a cannabis civil law action under the

Cannabis Control Act, shall be as set forth in the applicable schedule under this subsection in accordance with case categories established by the Supreme Court in schedules.

- (1) SCHEDULE 1: not to exceed a total of \$230 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and not to exceed \$191 in any other county, except as applied to units of local government and school districts in counties with more than 3,000,000 inhabitants an amount not to exceed \$75. The fees collected under this schedule shall be disbursed as follows:
  - (A) The clerk shall retain a sum, in an amount not to exceed \$50 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and in an amount not to exceed \$45 in any other county determined by the clerk with the approval of the Supreme Court, to be used for court automation, court document storage, and administrative purposes.
  - (B) The clerk shall remit up to \$21 to the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer shall deposit the appropriate amounts, in accordance with the clerk's instructions, as follows:
    - (i) up to \$10, as specified by the Supreme Court in accordance with Part 10A of Article II of the Code of Civil Procedure, into the Mandatory Arbitration Fund;
      - (ii) \$2 into the Access to Justice Fund; and

- (iii) \$9 into the Supreme Court Special Purposes Fund.
- (C) The clerk shall remit a sum to the County Treasurer, in an amount not to exceed \$159 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and in an amount not to exceed \$125 in any other county, as specified by ordinance or resolution passed by the county board, for purposes related to the operation of the court system in the county.
- (2) SCHEDULE 2: not to exceed a total of \$130 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and not to exceed \$109 in any other county, except as applied to units of local government and school districts in counties with more than 3,000,000 inhabitants an amount not to exceed \$75. The fees collected under this schedule shall be disbursed as follows:
  - (A) The clerk shall retain a sum, in an amount not to exceed \$50 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and in an amount not to exceed \$10 in any other county determined by the clerk with the approval of the Supreme Court, to be used for court automation, court document storage, and administrative purposes.
  - (B) The clerk shall remit \$9 to the State Treasurer, which the State Treasurer shall deposit into the Supreme Court Special <u>Purposes</u> Fund.

- (C) The clerk shall remit a sum to the County Treasurer, in an amount not to exceed \$71 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and in an amount not to exceed \$90 in any other county, as specified by ordinance or resolution passed by the county board, for purposes related to the operation of the court system in the county.
- (3) SCHEDULE 3: \$0.
- (b-5) Kane County and Will County. In Kane County and Will County civil cases, there is an additional fee of up to \$30 as set by the county board under Section 5-1101.3 of the Counties Code to be paid by each party at the time of filing the first pleading, paper, or other appearance; provided that no additional fee shall be required if more than one party is represented in a single pleading, paper, or other appearance. Distribution of fees collected under this subsection (b-5) shall be as provided in Section 5-1101.3 of the Counties Code.
- (c) Counterclaim or third party complaint. When any defendant files a counterclaim or third party complaint, as part of the defendant's answer or otherwise, the defendant shall pay a filing fee for each counterclaim or third party complaint in an amount equal to the filing fee the defendant would have had to pay had the defendant brought a separate action for the relief sought in the counterclaim or third party complaint, less the amount of the appearance fee, if any, that the defendant has already paid in the action in which

the counterclaim or third party complaint is filed.

- (d) Alias summons. The clerk shall collect a fee not to exceed \$6 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and not to exceed \$5 in any other county for each alias summons or citation issued by the clerk, except as applied to units of local government and school districts in counties with more than 3,000,000 inhabitants an amount not to exceed \$5 for each alias summons or citation issued by the clerk.
- (e) Jury services. The clerk shall collect, in addition to other fees allowed by law, a sum not to exceed \$212.50, as a fee for the services of a jury in every civil action not quasi-criminal in its nature and not a proceeding for the exercise of the right of eminent domain and in every other action wherein the right of trial by jury is or may be given by law. The jury fee shall be paid by the party demanding a jury at the time of filing the jury demand. If the fee is not paid by either party, no jury shall be called in the action or proceeding, and the action or proceeding shall be tried by the court without a jury.
  - (f) Change of venue. In connection with a change of venue:
  - (1) The clerk of the jurisdiction from which the case is transferred may charge a fee, not to exceed \$40, for the preparation and certification of the record; and
  - (2) The clerk of the jurisdiction to which the case is transferred may charge the same filing fee as if it were the commencement of a new suit.

- (g) Petition to vacate or modify.
- (1) In a proceeding involving a petition to vacate or modify any final judgment or order filed within 30 days after the judgment or order was entered, except for an eviction case, small claims case, petition to reopen an estate, petition to modify, terminate, or enforce a judgment or order for child or spousal support, or petition to modify, suspend, or terminate an order for withholding, the fee shall not exceed \$60 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and shall not exceed \$50 in any other county, except as applied to units of local government and school districts in counties with more than 3,000,000 inhabitants an amount not to exceed \$50.
- (2) In a proceeding involving a petition to vacate or modify any final judgment or order filed more than 30 days after the judgment or order was entered, except for a petition to modify, terminate, or enforce a judgment or order for child or spousal support, or petition to modify, suspend, or terminate an order for withholding, the fee shall not exceed \$75.
- (3) In a proceeding involving a motion to vacate or amend a final order, motion to vacate an ex parte judgment, judgment of forfeiture, or "failure to appear" or "failure to comply" notices sent to the Secretary of State, the fee shall equal \$40.
- (h) Appeals preparation. The fee for preparation of a

record on appeal shall be based on the number of pages, as follows:

- (1) if the record contains no more than 100 pages, the fee shall not exceed \$70 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and shall not exceed \$50 in any other county;
- (2) if the record contains between 100 and 200 pages, the fee shall not exceed \$100; and
- (3) if the record contains 200 or more pages, the clerk may collect an additional fee not to exceed 25 cents per page.
- (i) Remands. In any cases remanded to the circuit court from the Supreme Court or the appellate court for a new trial, the clerk shall reinstate the case with either its original number or a new number. The clerk shall not charge any new or additional fee for the reinstatement. Upon reinstatement, the clerk shall advise the parties of the reinstatement. Parties shall have the same right to a jury trial on remand and reinstatement that they had before the appeal, and no additional or new fee or charge shall be made for a jury trial after remand.
- (j) Garnishment, wage deduction, and citation. In garnishment affidavit, wage deduction affidavit, and citation petition proceedings:
  - (1) if the amount in controversy in the proceeding is not more than \$1,000, the fee may not exceed \$35 in a

county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and may not exceed \$15 in any other county, except as applied to units of local government and school districts in counties with more than 3,000,000 inhabitants an amount not to exceed \$15;

- (2) if the amount in controversy in the proceeding is greater than \$1,000 and not more than \$5,000, the fee may not exceed \$45 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and may not exceed \$30 in any other county, except as applied to units of local government and school districts in counties with more than 3,000,000 inhabitants an amount not to exceed \$30; and
- (3) if the amount in controversy in the proceeding is greater than \$5,000, the fee may not exceed \$65 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and may not exceed \$50 in any other county, except as applied to units of local government and school districts in counties with more than 3,000,000 inhabitants an amount not to exceed \$50.
- (j-5) Debt collection. In any proceeding to collect a debt subject to the exception in item (ii) of subparagraph (A-5) of paragraph (1) of subsection (z) of this Section, the circuit court shall order and the clerk shall collect from each judgment debtor a fee of:
  - (1) \$35 if the amount in controversy in the proceeding is not more than \$1,000;

- (2) \$45 if the amount in controversy in the proceeding is greater than \$1,000 and not more than \$5,000; and
- (3) \$65 if the amount in controversy in the proceeding is greater than \$5,000.

## (k) Collections.

- (1) For all collections made of others, except the State and county and except in maintenance or child support cases, the clerk may collect a fee of up to 2.5% of the amount collected and turned over.
- (2) In child support and maintenance cases, the clerk may collect an annual fee of up to \$36 from the person making payment for maintaining child support records and the processing of support orders to the State of Illinois KIDS system and the recording of payments issued by the State Disbursement Unit for the official record of the Court. This fee is in addition to and separate from amounts ordered to be paid as maintenance or child support and shall be deposited into a Separate Maintenance and Child Support Collection Fund, of which the clerk shall be the custodian, ex officio, to be used by the clerk to maintain child support orders and record all payments issued by the State Disbursement Unit for the official record of the Court. The clerk may recover from the person making the maintenance or child support payment any additional cost incurred in the collection of this annual fee.

- (3) The clerk may collect a fee of \$5 for certifications made to the Secretary of State as provided in Section 7-703 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and this fee shall be deposited into the Separate Maintenance and Child Support Collection Fund.
- (4) In proceedings to foreclose the lien of delinquent real estate taxes, State's Attorneys shall receive a fee of 10% of the total amount realized from the sale of real estate sold in the proceedings. The clerk shall collect the fee from the total amount realized from the sale of the real estate sold in the proceedings and remit to the County Treasurer to be credited to the earnings of the Office of the State's Attorney.
- (1) Mailing. The fee for the clerk mailing documents shall not exceed \$10 plus the cost of postage.
- (m) Certified copies. The fee for each certified copy of a judgment, after the first copy, shall not exceed \$10.
  - (n) Certification, authentication, and reproduction.
  - (1) The fee for each certification or authentication for taking the acknowledgment of a deed or other instrument in writing with the seal of office shall not exceed \$6.
  - (2) The fee for reproduction of any document contained in the clerk's files shall not exceed:
    - (A) \$2 for the first page;
    - (B) 50 cents per page for the next 19 pages; and

- (C) 25 cents per page for all additional pages.
- (o) Record search. For each record search, within a division or municipal district, the clerk may collect a search fee not to exceed \$6 for each year searched.
- (p) Hard copy. For each page of hard copy print output, when case records are maintained on an automated medium, the clerk may collect a fee not to exceed \$10 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and not to exceed \$6 in any other county, except as applied to units of local government and school districts in counties with more than 3,000,000 inhabitants an amount not to exceed \$6.
- (q) Index inquiry and other records. No fee shall be charged for a single plaintiff and defendant index inquiry or single case record inquiry when this request is made in person and the records are maintained in a current automated medium, and when no hard copy print output is requested. The fees to be charged for management records, multiple case records, and multiple journal records may be specified by the Chief Judge pursuant to the guidelines for access and dissemination of information approved by the Supreme Court.
- (r) Performing a marriage. There shall be a \$10 fee for performing a marriage in court.
- (s) Voluntary assignment. For filing each deed of voluntary assignment, the clerk shall collect a fee not to exceed \$20. For recording a deed of voluntary assignment, the clerk shall collect a fee not to exceed 50 cents for each 100

words. Exceptions filed to claims presented to an assignee of a debtor who has made a voluntary assignment for the benefit of creditors shall be considered and treated, for the purpose of taxing costs therein, as actions in which the party or parties filing the exceptions shall be considered as party or parties plaintiff, and the claimant or claimants as party or parties defendant, and those parties respectively shall pay to the clerk the same fees as provided by this Section to be paid in other actions.

- (t) Expungement petition. The clerk may collect a fee not to exceed \$60 for each expungement petition filed and an additional fee not to exceed \$4 for each certified copy of an order to expunge arrest records.
- (u) Transcripts of judgment. For the filing of a transcript of judgment, the clerk may collect the same fee as if it were the commencement of a new suit.
  - (v) Probate filings.
  - (1) For each account (other than one final account) filed in the estate of a decedent, or ward, the fee shall not exceed \$25.
  - (2) For filing a claim in an estate when the amount claimed is greater than \$150 and not more than \$500, the fee shall not exceed \$40 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and shall not exceed \$25 in any other county; when the amount claimed is greater than \$500 and not more than \$10,000, the fee shall not exceed \$55 in a

county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and shall not exceed \$40 in any other county; and when the amount claimed is more than \$10,000, the fee shall not exceed \$75 in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more and shall not exceed \$60 in any other county; except the court in allowing a claim may add to the amount allowed the filing fee paid by the claimant.

- (3) For filing in an estate a claim, petition, or supplemental proceeding based upon an action seeking equitable relief including the construction or contest of a will, enforcement of a contract to make a will, and proceedings involving testamentary trusts or the appointment of testamentary trustees, the fee shall not exceed \$60.
- (4) There shall be no fee for filing in an estate: (i) the appearance of any person for the purpose of consent; or (ii) the appearance of an executor, administrator, administrator to collect, guardian, guardian ad litem, or special administrator.
- (5) For each jury demand, the fee shall not exceed \$137.50.
- (6) For each certified copy of letters of office, of court order, or other certification, the fee shall not exceed \$2 per page.
- (7) For each exemplification, the fee shall not exceed \$2, plus the fee for certification.

- (8) The executor, administrator, guardian, petitioner, or other interested person or his or her attorney shall pay the cost of publication by the clerk directly to the newspaper.
- (9) The person on whose behalf a charge is incurred for witness, court reporter, appraiser, or other miscellaneous fees shall pay the same directly to the person entitled thereto.
- (10) The executor, administrator, guardian, petitioner, or other interested person or his or her attorney shall pay to the clerk all postage charges incurred by the clerk in mailing petitions, orders, notices, or other documents pursuant to the provisions of the Probate Act of 1975.
- (w) Corrections of numbers. For correction of the case number, case title, or attorney computer identification number, if required by rule of court, on any document filed in the clerk's office, to be charged against the party that filed the document, the fee shall not exceed \$25.

## (x) Miscellaneous.

- (1) Interest earned on any fees collected by the clerk shall be turned over to the county general fund as an earning of the office.
- (2) For any check, draft, or other bank instrument returned to the clerk for non-sufficient funds, account closed, or payment stopped, the clerk shall collect a fee

of \$25.

- (y) Other fees. Any fees not covered in this Section shall be set by rule or administrative order of the circuit court with the approval of the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts. The clerk of the circuit court may provide services in connection with the operation of the clerk's office, other than those services mentioned in this Section, as may be requested by the public and agreed to by the clerk and approved by the Chief Judge. Any charges for additional services shall be as agreed to between the clerk and the party making the request and approved by the Chief Judge. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require any clerk to provide any service not otherwise required by law.
- (y-5) Unpaid fees. Unless a court ordered payment schedule is implemented or the fee requirements of this Section are waived under a court order, the clerk of the circuit court may add to any unpaid fees and costs under this Section a delinquency amount equal to 5% of the unpaid fees that remain unpaid after 30 days, 10% of the unpaid fees that remain unpaid after 60 days, and 15% of the unpaid fees that remain unpaid after 90 days. Notice to those parties may be made by signage posting or publication. The additional delinquency amounts collected under this Section shall be deposited into the Circuit Court Clerk Operations and Administration Fund and used to defray additional administrative costs incurred by the clerk of the circuit court in collecting unpaid fees and

costs.

- (z) Exceptions.
  - (1) No fee authorized by this Section shall apply to:
  - (A) police departments or other law enforcement agencies. In this Section, "law enforcement agency" means: an agency of the State or agency of a unit of local government which is vested by law or ordinance with the duty to maintain public order and to enforce criminal laws or ordinances; the Attorney General; or any State's Attorney;
  - (A-5) any unit of local government or school district, except in counties having a population of 500,000 or more the county board may by resolution set fees for units of local government or school districts no greater than the minimum fees applicable in counties with a population less than 3,000,000; provided however, no fee may be charged to any unit of local government or school district in connection with any action which, in whole or in part, is: (i) to enforce an ordinance; (ii) to collect a debt; or (iii) under the Administrative Review Law;
  - (B) any action instituted by the corporate authority of a municipality with more than 1,000,000 inhabitants under Section 11-31-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code and any action instituted under subsection (b) of Section 11-31-1 of the Illinois

Municipal Code by a private owner or tenant of real property within 1,200 feet of a dangerous or unsafe building seeking an order compelling the owner or owners of the building to take any of the actions authorized under that subsection;

- (C) any commitment petition or petition for an order authorizing the administration of psychotropic medication or electroconvulsive therapy under the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code;
- (D) a petitioner in any order of protection proceeding, including, but not limited to, fees for filing, modifying, withdrawing, certifying, or photocopying petitions for orders of protection, issuing alias summons, any related filing service, or certifying, modifying, vacating, or photocopying any orders of protection; or
- (E) proceedings for the appointment of a confidential intermediary under the Adoption Act.
- (2) No fee other than the filing fee contained in the applicable schedule in subsection (a) shall be charged to any person in connection with an adoption proceeding.
- (3) Upon good cause shown, the court may waive any fees associated with a special needs adoption. The term "special needs adoption" has the meaning provided by the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services.
- (aa) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2022.

(Source: P.A. 100-987, eff. 7-1-19; 100-994, eff. 7-1-19; 100-1161, eff. 7-1-19; 101-645, eff. 6-26-20; revised 8-18-20.)

Section 55. The Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act is amended by changing Section 15-20 as follows:

(705 ILCS 135/15-20)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2022)

Sec. 15-20. SCHEDULE 4; felony sex offenses.

SCHEDULE 4: For a felony or attempted felony under Article 11 or Section 12-33 of the Criminal Code of 2012, the Clerk of the Circuit Court shall collect \$1,314 and remit as follows:

- (1) As the county's portion, \$354 to the county treasurer, who shall deposit the money as follows:
  - (A) \$20 into the Court Automation Fund;
  - (B) \$20 into the Court Document Storage Fund;
  - (C) \$5 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund;
    - (D) \$255 into the county's General Fund;
    - (E) \$10 into the Child Advocacy Center Fund;
  - (F) \$2 into the State's Attorney Records Automation Fund;
  - (G) \$2 into the Public Defender Records Automation Fund;
    - (H) \$20 into the County Jail Medical Costs Fund; and

- (I) \$20 into the Probation and Court Services Fund.
- (2) As the State's portion, \$960 to the State Treasurer, who shall deposit the money as follows:
  - (A) \$520 into the State Police Operations Assistance Fund;
  - (B) \$100 into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance Fund;
    - (C) \$200 into the Sexual Assault Services Fund;
  - (D) \$100 into the Domestic Violence Shelter and <a href="Services">Services</a> Fund;
  - (E) \$5 into the State Police Merit Board Public Safety Fund; and
  - (F) \$35 into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund.

(Source: P.A. 100-987, eff. 7-1-19.)

Section 60. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Sections 5-4-3a and 5-9-1.22 as follows:

(730 ILCS 5/5-4-3a)

Sec. 5-4-3a. DNA testing backlog accountability.

- (a) On or before August 1 of each year, the Department of State Police shall report to the Governor and both houses of the General Assembly the following information:
  - (1) the extent of the backlog of cases awaiting testing or awaiting DNA analysis by that Department,

including but not limited to those tests conducted under Section 5-4-3, as of June 30 of the previous fiscal year, with the backlog being defined as all cases awaiting forensic testing whether in the physical custody of the State Police or in the physical custody of local law enforcement, provided that the State Police have written notice of any evidence in the physical custody of local law enforcement prior to June 1 of that year; and

- (2) what measures have been and are being taken to reduce that backlog and the estimated costs or expenditures in doing so.
- (b) The information reported under this Section shall be made available to the public, at the time it is reported, on the official web site of the Department of State Police.
- (c) Beginning January 1, 2016, the Department of State Police shall quarterly report on the status of the processing of forensic biology and DNA evidence submitted to the Department of State Police Laboratory for analysis. The report shall be submitted to the Governor and the General Assembly, and shall be posted on the Department of State Police website. The report shall include the following for each State Police Laboratory location and any laboratory to which the Department of State Police has outsourced evidence for testing:
  - (1) For forensic biology submissions, report both total <u>assignment</u> case and sexual assault or abuse <u>assignment</u> case (as defined by the Sexual Assault Evidence

Submission Act) figures for:

- (A) The number of <u>assignments</u> cases received in the preceding quarter.
- (B) The number of  $\underline{assignments}$   $\underline{cases}$  completed in the preceding quarter.
- (C) The number of <u>assignments</u> cases waiting analysis.
- (D) The number of <u>assignments</u> cases sent for outsourcing.
- (E) The number of <u>assignments</u> cases waiting analysis that were received within the past 30 days.
- (F) The number of <u>assignments</u> cases waiting analysis that were received 31 to 90 days prior.
- (G) The number of <u>assignments</u> cases waiting analysis that were received 91 to 180 days prior.
- (H) The number of <u>assignments</u> cases waiting analysis that were received 181 to 365 days prior.
- (I) The number of <u>assignments</u> cases waiting analysis that were received more than 365 days prior.
- (J) (Blank). The number of cases forwarded for DNA analyses.
- (2) (Blank). For DNA submissions, report both total case and sexual assault or abuse case (as defined by the Sexual Assault Evidence Submission Act) figures for:
  - (A) The number of cases received in the preceding quarter.

- (B) The number of cases completed in the preceding quarter.
  - (C) The number of cases waiting analysis.
  - (D) The number of cases sent for outsourcing.
- (E) The number of cases waiting analysis that were received within the past 30 days.
- (F) The number of cases waiting analysis that were received 31 to 90 days prior.
- (G) The number of cases waiting analysis that were received 91 to 180 days prior.
- (H) The number of cases waiting analysis that were received 181 to 365 days prior.
- (I) The number of cases waiting analysis that were received more than 365 days prior.
- (3) For all other categories of testing (e.g., drug chemistry, firearms/toolmark, footwear/tire track, latent prints, toxicology, and trace chemistry analysis):
  - (A) The number of <u>assignments</u> cases received in the preceding quarter.
  - (B) The number of <u>assignments</u> cases completed in the preceding quarter.
  - (C) The number of <u>assignments</u> cases waiting analysis.
- (4) For the Combined DNA Index System (CODIS), report both total <u>assignment</u> case and sexual assault or abuse <u>assignment</u> case (as defined by the Sexual Assault Evidence

Submission Act) figures for subparagraphs (D), (E), and (F) of this paragraph (4):

- (A) The number of new offender samples received in the preceding quarter.
- (B) The number of offender samples uploaded to CODIS in the preceding quarter.
- (C) The number of offender samples awaiting analysis.
- (D) The number of unknown DNA case profiles uploaded to CODIS in the preceding quarter.
- (E) The number of CODIS hits in the preceding quarter.
- (F) The number of forensic evidence submissions submitted to confirm a previously reported CODIS hit.
- (5) For each category of testing, report the number of trained forensic scientists and the number of forensic scientists in training.

As used in this subsection (c), "completed" means completion of both the analysis of the evidence and the provision of the results to the submitting law enforcement agency.

(d) The provisions of this subsection (d), other than this sentence, are inoperative on and after January 1, 2019 or 2 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly, whichever is later. In consultation with and subject to the approval of the Chief Procurement

Officer, the Department of State Police may obtain contracts for services, commodities, and equipment to assist in the timely completion of forensic biology, DNA, drug chemistry, firearms/toolmark, footwear/tire track, latent toxicology, microscopy, trace chemistry, and Combined DNA Index System (CODIS) analysis. Contracts to support the delivery of timely forensic science services are not subject to the provisions of the Illinois Procurement Code, except for Sections 20-60, 20-65, 20-70, and 20-160 and Article 50 of that Code, provided that the Chief Procurement Officer may, in writing with justification, waive any certification required under Article 50 of the Illinois Procurement Code. For any contracts for services which are currently provided by members of a collective bargaining agreement, the applicable terms of the collective bargaining agreement concerning subcontracting shall be followed.

(Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 1-1-16; 99-801, eff. 1-1-17.)

(730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.22)

Sec. 5-9-1.22. Fee; Roadside Memorial Fund. A person who is convicted or receives a disposition of court supervision for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall, in addition to any other disposition, penalty, or fine imposed, pay a fee of \$50 which shall be collected by the clerk of the court and then remitted to the State Treasurer for deposit into the Roadside Memorial Fund, a special fund that

is created in the State treasury. However, the court may waive the fee if full restitution is complied with. Subject to appropriation, all moneys in the Roadside Memorial Fund shall be used by the Department of Transportation to pay fees imposed under subsection (f) of Section 20 of the Roadside Memorial Act.

This Section is substantially the same as Section 5-9-1.18 5-9-1.8 of the Unified Code of Corrections, which Section was repealed by Public Act 100-987, and shall be construed as a continuation of the fee established by that prior law, and not as a new or different fee.

(Source: P.A. 101-10, eff. 6-5-19.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.