92\_SB2066 LRB9215017WHcs

- 1 AN ACT concerning employment.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Workers' Compensation Act is amended by
- 5 changing Section 6 as follows:
- 6 (820 ILCS 305/6) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.6)
- 7 Sec. 6. (a) Every employer within the provisions of this
- 8 Act, shall, under the rules and regulations prescribed by the
- 9 Commission, post printed notices in their respective places
- 10 of employment in such number and at such places as may be
- 11 determined by the Commission, containing such information
- 12 relative to this Act as in the judgment of the Commission may
- 13 be necessary to aid employees to safeguard their rights under
- 14 this Act in event of injury.
- In addition thereto, the employer shall post in a
- 16 conspicuous place on the place of the employment a printed or
- 17 typewritten notice stating whether he is insured or whether
- 18 he has qualified and is operating as a self-insured employer.
- 19 In the event the employer is insured, the notice shall state
- 20 the name and address of his insurance carrier, the number of
- 21 the insurance policy, its effective date and the date of
- 22 termination. In the event of the termination of the policy
- 23 for any reason prior to the termination date stated, the
- 24 posted notice shall promptly be corrected accordingly. In
- 25 the event the employer is operating as a self-insured
- 26 employer the notice shall state the name and address of the
- 27 company, if any, servicing the compensation payments of the
- employer, and the name and address of the person in charge of
- 29 making compensation payments.
- 30 (b) Every employer subject to this Act shall maintain
- 31 accurate records of work-related deaths, injuries and illness

1 other than minor injuries requiring only first aid treatment 2 and which do not involve medical treatment, consciousness, restriction of work or motion, or transfer to 3 4 another job and file with the Commission, in writing, 5 report of all accidental deaths, injuries and illnesses 6 arising out of and in the course of the employment resulting 7 in the loss of more than 3 scheduled work days. In the case 8 of death such report shall be made no later than 2 9 days following the accidental death. In all other cases such report shall be made between the 15th and 25th of each month 10 11 unless required to be made sooner by rule of the Commission. In case the injury results in permanent disability, a further 12 report shall be made as soon as it is determined that such 13 permanent disability has resulted or will result from 14 15 All reports shall state the date of the injury, 16 including the time of day or night, the nature of employer's business, the name, address, age, sex, conjugal 17 18 condition of the injured person, the specific occupation of 19 the injured person, the direct cause of the injury and the nature of the accident, the character of the injury, 20 length of disability, and in case of death the length of 21 22 disability before death, the wages of the injured person, 23 whether compensation has been paid to the injured person, or to his or her legal representative or his heirs or next of 24 25 kin, the amount of compensation paid, the amount paid for physicians', surgeons' and hospital bills, and by whom paid, 26 and the amount paid for funeral or burial expenses if known. 27 The reports shall be made on forms and in the manner 28 29 prescribed by the Commission and shall contain such further 30 information as the Commission shall deem necessary and require. The making of these reports releases the employer 31 32 from making such reports to any other officer of the State 33 and shall satisfy the reporting provisions as contained in the "Health and Safety Act" and "An Act in relation to safety 34

1 inspections and education in industrial and commercial

2 establishments and to repeal an Act therein named", approved

3 July 18, 1955, as now or hereafter amended. The reports

4 filed with the Commission pursuant to this Section shall be

made available by the Commission to the Director of Labor or

his representatives and to all other departments of the State

of Illinois which shall require such information for the

8 proper discharge of their official duties. Failure to file

with the Commission any of the reports required in this

10 Section is a petty offense.

5

6

7

9

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

Except as provided in this paragraph, all reports filed hereunder shall be confidential and any person having access to such records filed with the Industrial Commission as herein required, who shall release any information therein contained including the names or otherwise identify any persons sustaining injuries or disabilities, or give access to such information to any unauthorized person, shall be subject to discipline or discharge, and in addition shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. The Commission shall compile and distribute to interested persons aggregate statistics, taken from the reports filed hereunder. The aggregate statistics shall not give the names or otherwise identify persons sustaining injuries or disabilities or the employer of any injured or disabled person.

- (c) Notice of the accident shall be given to the employer as soon as practicable, but not later than 45 days after the accident. Provided:
- 28 (1) In case of the legal disability of the employee or 29 any dependent of a deceased employee who may be entitled to 30 compensation under the provisions of this Act, the 31 limitations of time by this Act provided do not begin to run 32 against such person under legal disability until a guardian 33 has been appointed.
- 34 (2) In cases of injuries sustained by exposure to

- 1 radiological materials or equipment, notice shall be given to
- 2 the employer within 90 days subsequent to the time that the
- 3 employee knows or suspects that he has received an excessive
- 4 dose of radiation.
- 5 No defect or inaccuracy of such notice shall be a bar to
- 6 the maintenance of proceedings on arbitration or otherwise by
- 7 the employee unless the employer proves that he is unduly
- 8 prejudiced in such proceedings by such defect or inaccuracy.
- 9 Notice of the accident shall give the approximate date
- 10 and place of the accident, if known, and may be given orally
- 11 or in writing.
- 12 (d) Every employer shall notify each injured employee
- 13 who has been granted compensation under the provisions of
- 14 Section 8 of this Act of his rights to rehabilitation
- 15 services and advise him of the locations of available public
- 16 rehabilitation centers and any other such services of which
- 17 the employer has knowledge.
- In any case, other than one where the injury was caused
- 19 by exposure to radiological materials or equipment or
- 20 asbestos unless the application for compensation is filed
- 21 with the Commission within 3 years after the date of the
- 22 accident, where no compensation has been paid, or within 2
- 23 years after the date of the last payment of compensation,
- 24 where any has been paid, whichever shall be later, the right
- 25 to file such application shall be barred.
- In any case of injury caused by exposure to radiological
- 27 materials or equipment or asbestos, unless application for
- 28 compensation is filed with the Commission within 25 years
- 29 after the last day that the employee was employed in an
- 30 environment of hazardous radiological activity or asbestos,
- 31 the right to file such application shall be barred.
- If in any case except one where the injury was caused by
- 33 exposure to radiological materials or equipment or asbestos,
- 34 the accidental injury results in death application for

1 compensation for death may be filed with the Commission

within 3 years after the date of death where no compensation

has been paid or within 2 years after the date of the last

4 payment of compensation where any has been paid, whichever

5 shall be later, but not thereafter.

3

- 6 If an accidental injury caused by exposure 7 radiological material or equipment or asbestos results in death within 25 years after the last day that the employee 8 9 was so exposed application for compensation for death may be filed with the Commission within 3 years after the date of 10 11 death, where no compensation has been paid, or within 2 years after the date of the last payment of compensation where any 12 has been paid, whichever shall be later, but not thereafter. 13
- (e) Any contract or agreement made by any employer or his agent or attorney with any employee or any other beneficiary of any claim under the provisions of this Act within 7 days after the injury shall be presumed to be fraudulent.
- 19 (f) Any condition or impairment of health of an employee employed as a firefighter, emergency medical technician 20 2.1 (EMT), or paramedic which results directly or indirectly from 22 any bloodborne pathogen, lung or respiratory disease or condition, heart or vascular disease or condition, 23 hypertension, tuberculosis, or cancer resulting in any 24 25 disability (temporary, permanent, total, or partial) to the employee shall be conclusively presumed to arise out of and 26 in the course of the employee's firefighting, EMT, or 27 paramedic employment and, further, shall be conclusively 28 29 presumed to be causally connected to the hazards or exposures of the employment. This presumption shall also apply to any 30 31 hernia or hearing loss suffered by an employee employed as a 32 firefighter, EMT, or paramedic. However, this presumption 33 shall not apply to any employee who has been employed as a firefighter, EMT, or paramedic for less than 5 years at the 34

- 1 <u>time the condition or impairment is discovered.</u>
- 2 (Source: P.A. 84-981.)
- 3 Section 10. The Workers' Occupational Diseases Act is
- 4 amended by changing Section 1 as follows:
- 5 (820 ILCS 310/1) (from Ch. 48, par. 172.36)
- 6 Sec. 1. This Act shall be known and may be cited as the
- 7 "Workers' Occupational Diseases Act".
- 8 (a) The term "employer" as used in this Act shall be
- 9 construed to be:
- 10 1. The State and each county, city, town, township,
- 11 incorporated village, school district, body politic, or
- 12 municipal corporation therein.
- 2. Every person, firm, public or private corporation,
- 14 including hospitals, public service, eleemosynary, religious
- or charitable corporations or associations, who has any
- 16 person in service or under any contract for hire, express or
- implied, oral or written.
- 3. Where an employer operating under and subject to the
- 19 provisions of this Act loans an employee to another such
- 20 employer and such loaned employee sustains a compensable
- 21 occupational disease in the employment of such borrowing
- 22 employer and where such borrowing employer does not provide
- 23 or pay the benefits or payments due such employee, such
- loaning employer shall be liable to provide or pay all
- 25 benefits or payments due such employee under this Act and as
- 26 to such employee the liability of such loaning and borrowing
- 27 employers shall be joint and several, provided that such
- loaning employer shall in the absence of agreement to the
- 29 contrary be entitled to receive from such borrowing employer
- 30 full reimbursement for all sums paid or incurred pursuant to
- 31 this paragraph together with reasonable attorneys' fees and
- 32 expenses in any hearings before the Industrial Commission or

1 in any action to secure such reimbursement. Where any

2 benefit is provided or paid by such loaning employer, the

3 employee shall have the duty of rendering reasonable

4 co-operation in any hearings, trials or proceedings in the

5 case, including such proceedings for reimbursement.

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

6 Where an employee files an Application for Adjustment of 7 Claim with the Industrial Commission alleging that his or her 8 claim is covered by the provisions of the 9 paragraph, and joining both the alleged loaning and borrowing employers, they and each of them, upon written demand by the 10 11 employee and within 7 days after receipt of such demand, shall have the duty of filing with the Industrial Commission 12 a written admission or denial of the allegation that the 13 claim is covered by the provisions of the preceding paragraph 14 15 and in default of such filing or if any such denial be 16 ultimately determined not to have been bona fide then the provisions of Paragraph K of Section 19 of this Act shall 17 18 apply.

An employer whose business or enterprise or a substantial part thereof consists of hiring, procuring or furnishing employees to or for other employers operating under and subject to the provisions of this Act for the performance of the work of such other employers and who pays such employees their salary or wage notwithstanding that they are doing the work of such other employers shall be deemed a loaning employer within the meaning and provisions of this Section.

- (b) The term "employee" as used in this Act, shall be construed to mean:
- 1. Every person in the service of the State, county,
  city, town, township, incorporated village or school
  district, body politic or municipal corporation therein,
  whether by election, appointment or contract of hire, express
  or implied, oral or written, including any official of the
  State, or of any county, city, town, township, incorporated

1 village, school district, body politic or 2 corporation therein and except any duly appointed member of the fire department in any city whose population exceeds 3 4 500,000 according to the last Federal or State census, and 5 except any member of a fire insurance patrol maintained by a 6 board of underwriters in this State. One employed by a 7 contractor who has contracted with the State, or a county, 8 city, town, township, incorporated village, school district, 9 body politic or municipal corporation therein, through its representatives, shall not be considered as an employee of 10 11 the State, county, city, town, township, incorporated village, school district, body politic or municipal 12 corporation which made the contract. 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

- Every person in the service of another under contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, who contracts an occupational disease while working in the State Illinois, or who contracts an occupational disease while working outside of the State of Illinois but where the contract of hire is made within the State of Illinois, and any person whose employment is principally localized within the State of Illinois, regardless of the place where the disease was contracted or place where the contract of hire was made, including aliens, and minors who, for the purpose of this Act, except Section 3 hereof, shall be considered the same and have the same power to contract, receive payments and give quittances therefor, as adult employees. An employee or his or her dependents under this Act who shall have a cause of action by reason of an occupational disease, disablement or death arising out of and in the course of his or her employment may elect or pursue his or her remedy in the State where the disease was contracted, or in the State where the contract of hire is made, or in the State where the employment is principally localized.
- 34 (c) "Commission" means the Industrial Commission created

- by the Workers' Compensation Act, approved July 9, 1951, as
  amended.
- 3 (d) In this Act the term "Occupational Disease" means a
  4 disease arising out of and in the course of the employment or
  5 which has become aggravated and rendered disabling as a
  6 result of the exposure of the employment. Such aggravation
- 7 shall arise out of a risk peculiar to or increased by the
- 8 employment and not common to the general public.
- 9 A disease shall be deemed to arise out of the employment if there is apparent to the rational mind, upon consideration 10 11 of all the circumstances, a causal connection between the conditions under which the work is performed and 12 the occupational disease. The disease need not to have been 13 foreseen or expected but after its contraction it must appear 14 15 to have had its origin or aggravation in a risk connected 16 with the employment and to have flowed from that source as a
- 17 rational consequence.
- An employee shall be conclusively deemed to have been 18 19 exposed to the hazards of an occupational disease when, for any length of time however short, he or she is employed in an 20 21 occupation or process in which the hazard of the disease 22 exists; provided however, that in a claim of exposure to 23 atomic radiation, the fact of such exposure must be verified by the records of the central registry of radiation exposure 24 25 maintained by the Department of Public Health or by some other recognized governmental agency maintaining records of 26 27 such exposures whenever and to the extent that the records are on file with the Department of Public Health or the 28 29 agency.
- The employer liable for the compensation in this Act provided shall be the employer in whose employment the employee was last exposed to the hazard of the occupational disease claimed upon regardless of the length of time of such last exposure, except, in cases of silicosis or asbestosis,

1 the only employer liable shall be the last employer in whose 2 employment the employee was last exposed during a period of 60 days or more after the effective date of this Act, to the 3 4 hazard of such occupational disease, and, in such cases, an 5 exposure during a period of less than 60 days, after the 6 effective date of this Act, shall not be deemed a last 7 exposure. If a miner who is suffering or suffered from pneumoconiosis was employed for 10 years or more in one or 8 more coal mines there shall, effective July 1, 1973 be a 9 rebuttable presumption that his or her pneumoconiosis arose 10 11 out of such employment. If a deceased miner was employed for 10 years or more in 12 one or more coal mines and died from a respirable disease 13 there shall, effective July 1, 1973, be a 14 rebuttable 15 presumption that his or her death was due to pneumoconiosis. Any condition or impairment of health of an employee employed as a firefighter, emergency medical technician

16 17 (EMT), or paramedic which results directly or indirectly from 18 19 any bloodborne pathogen, lung or respiratory disease or condition, heart or vascular disease or condition, 20 hypertension, tuberculosis, or cancer resulting in any 21 22 disability (temporary, permanent, total, or partial) to the 23 employee shall be conclusively presumed to arise out of and 24 in the course of the employee's firefighting, EMT, or paramedic employment and, further, shall be conclusively 25 26 presumed to be causally connected to the hazards or exposures 27 of the employment. This presumption shall also apply to any hernia or hearing loss suffered by an employee employed as a 28 firefighter, EMT, or paramedic. However, this presumption 29 30 shall not apply to any employee who has been employed as a firefighter, EMT, or paramedic for less than 5 years at the 31 32 time the condition or impairment is discovered.

33 The insurance carrier liable shall be the carrier whose 34 policy was in effect covering the employer liable on the last

- day of the exposure rendering such employer liable in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- (e) "Disablement" means an impairment or partial impairment, temporary or permanent, in the function of the body or any of the members of the body, or the event of becoming disabled from earning full wages at the work in which the employee was engaged when last exposed to the hazards of the occupational disease by the employer from whom he or she claims compensation, or equal wages in other

suitable employment; and "disability" means the state of

- (f) No compensation shall be payable for or on account 12 of any occupational disease unless disablement, as herein 13 defined, occurs within two years after the last day of the 14 last exposure to the hazards of the disease, except in cases 15 16 of occupational disease caused by berylliosis or by the inhalation of silica dust or asbestos dust and, in such 17 cases, within 3 years after the last day of the last exposure 18 19 to the hazards of such disease and except in the case of occupational disease caused by exposure to radiological 20 materials or equipment, and in such case, within 25 years 21 after the last day of last exposure to the hazards of such 22
- 24 (Source: P.A. 81-992.)

disease.

being so incapacitated.

10

11

23