92\_SB0957 LRB9208084TAtm

- 1 AN ACT concerning harmful aquatic organisms.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
- 5 Harmful Aquatic Organisms Act.
- 6 Section 5. Definitions. In this Act:
- 7 "Aquatic macrophyte" means a macroscopic, non-woody plant
- 8 that is either a submerged, floating leafed, floating, or
- 9 emergent plant that naturally grows in water.
- 10 "Department" means the Department of Natural Resources.
- "Director" means the Director of Natural Resources.
- 12 "Exotic species" means a wild animal species or aquatic
- 13 plant species that is not a native species.
- "Eurasian water milfoil" means Myriophyllum spicatum.
- 15 "Harmful exotic species" means an exotic species that can
- 16 naturalize and that either (1) causes or may cause
- 17 displacement of, or otherwise threaten, native species in
- 18 their natural communities or (2) threatens or may threaten
- 19 natural resources or their use in this State.
- 20 "Infested waters" means waters of the State designated
- 21 as infested by the Director.
- 22 "Introduction" means the release or escape of an exotic
- 23 species into a free-living state.
- "Native species" means an animal or plant species that is
- 25 naturally present and reproducing within this State or that
- 26 naturally expands from its historic range into this State.
- 27 "Naturalize" means to establish a self-sustaining
- 28 population of exotic species in the wild outside of its
- 29 natural range.
- 30 "Prohibited exotic species" means a harmful exotic
- 31 species that has been designated as a prohibited exotic

- 1 species in a rule adopted by the Director.
- 2 "Purple loosestrife" means Lythrum salicaria, Lythrum
- 3 virgatum, or combinations thereof.
- 4 "Regulated exotic species" means a harmful exotic species
- 5 that has been designated as a regulated exotic species in a
- 6 rule adopted by the Director.
- 7 "Transport" means to cause or attempt to cause a species
- 8 to be carried or moved into or within the State. "Transport"
- 9 includes accepting or receiving the species for
- 10 transportation or shipment. Transport does not include the
- 11 unintentional transport of a species within a water of the
- 12 State or to a connected water of the State where the species
- 13 being transported is already present.
- "Unlisted exotic species" means an exotic species that
- 15 has not been designated as a prohibited exotic species, a
- 16 regulated exotic species, or an unregulated exotic species in
- 17 a rule adopted by the Director.
- "Unregulated exotic species" means an exotic species that
- 19 has been designated as an unregulated exotic species in a
- 20 rule adopted by the Director.
- 21 "Watercraft" means a contrivance used or designed for
- 22 navigation on water. "Watercraft" includes seaplanes.
- "Waters of the State" means all waters of Illinois under
- 24 the jurisdiction of the Department as provided in Section 5
- of the Rivers, Lakes, and Streams Act.
- 26 "Wild animal" means a living creature, not human, wild by
- 27 nature, endowed with sensation and power of voluntary motion.
- 28 "Zebra mussel" means a species of the genus Dreissena.
- 29 Section 10. Harmful exotic species management program.
- 30 (a) The Director shall establish a statewide program to
- 31 prevent and curb the spread of harmful exotic species. The
- 32 program must provide for coordination among governmental
- 33 entities and private organizations to the extent that it is

- 1 practical. The Director shall seek available federal funding 2 and grants for the program.
- 3 (b) The program required in subsection (a) must include 4 specific programs to curb the spread and manage the growth 5 of purple loosestrife and Eurasian water milfoil. These 6 programs must include:
- 7 (1) compiling inventories and monitoring the growth 8 of purple loosestrife and Eurasian water milfoil in the 9 State, for which the Director may use volunteers;

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- (2) publishing and distributing of informational materials to boaters and lakeshore property owners;
- (3) carrying out cooperative research with the University of Illinois and other public and private research facilities to study the use of non-chemical control methods, including biological control methods; and
- (4) managing the growth of Eurasian water milfoil and purple loosestrife in coordination with appropriate units of local government, special districts, and lakeshore associations. Growth management plans must include providing requested technical assistance.
- The Directors of Agriculture and Transportation shall cooperate with the Director to establish, implement, and enforce the purple loosestrife and Eurasian water milfoil program.
- 26 (c) The Director shall prepare a long-term plan, which
  27 may include specific plans for individual species, for the
  28 statewide management of harmful exotic species. The plan
  29 must address:
- 30 (1) coordinated detection and prevention of accidental introductions;
- (2) coordinated dissemination of information about harmful exotic species among resource management agencies and organizations;

1	(3) a coordinated public education and awareness
2	campaign;
3	(4) coordinated control of selected harmful exotic
4	species on lands and public waters;
5	(5) participation by lakeshore associations, local
6	citizen groups, and units of local government in the
7	development and implementation of local management
8	efforts;
9	(6) a reasonable and workable inspection requirement
10	for watercraft and equipment, including watercraft and
11	equipment participating in organized events on the waters
12	of the State;
13	(7) the closing of points of access to infested
14	waters, if the Director determines it is necessary, for a
15	total of not more than 7 days for control or eradication
16	purposes;
17	(8) maintaining public accesses on infested waters
18	to be reasonably free of aquatic macrophytes; and
19	(9) giving notice to travelers of the penalties for
20	violation of laws relating to harmful exotic species.
21	(d) The Director shall authorize personnel to inspect,
22	for a minimum of 20,000 hours during each year, watercraft
23	and associated equipment, including weed harvesters, that
24	leave or are removed from waters of the State.
25	(e) The Director shall seek cooperation with other states
26	and and governmental entities for the purposes of management
27	and control of harmful exotic species.

shall submit a report on harmful exotic species to the General Assembly. The report must include:

(1) detailed information on expenditures for

(f) On or before January 15 of each year, the Director

31 (1) detailed information on expenditures for 32 administration, education, management, inspection, and 33 research;

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34 (2) an analysis of the effectiveness of management

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1	activities	conducted in	the	State,	including	chemical
2	control,	harvesting,	ed	ucationa	l effort:	s, and
3	inspections	s;				

- (3) information on the participation of other State agencies, units of local government, and interest groups in control efforts;
- 7 (4) information on management efforts in other 8 states;
- 9 (5) information on the progress made in the 10 management of each species; and
- 11 (6) an assessment of future management needs.
- 12 Section 15. Infested waters; restricted activities.
- 13 (a) The Director may designate any of the waters of the
  14 State as an infested water if the Director determines that
  15 the water contains a harmful exotic species that could spread
  16 to other waters if use of the water and related activities
  17 are not regulated to prevent this.
- When determining which harmful exotic species comprise infested waters, the Director shall consider:
- 20 (1) the extent of a species distribution within the 21 State;
  - (2) the likely means of spread of a species; and
- 23 (3) whether regulations specific to infested waters 24 containing a specific species will effectively reduce the 25 spread of that species.
- The presence of common carp and curly-leaf pondweed is not the basis for designating a water as infested.
- 28 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, the 29 taking of wild animals from infested waters for bait or 30 aquatic farm purposes is prohibited.
- In waters that are designated as infested waters, except those designated because they contain prohibited exotic species of fish, the taking of wild animals may be permitted

1	for:
2	(1) commercial taking of wild animals for bait and
3	aquatic farm purposes according to a permit issued under
4	Section 60; and
5	(2) bait purposes for noncommercial personal use in
6	waters that contain Eurasian water milfoil.
7	Section 20. Classification of exotic species.
8	(a) The Director shall classify exotic species according
9	to the following categories:
10	(1) prohibited exotic species that may not be
11	possessed, imported, purchased, sold, propagated,
12	transported, or introduced except as provided in Section
13	25;
14	(2) regulated exotic species that may not be
15	introduced except as provided in Section 35;
16	(3) unlisted exotic species that are subject to the
- <sup>3</sup> 17	classification procedure in Section 30; and
18	(4) unregulated exotic species that are not subject
19	to regulation under this Act.
20	(b) The Director must consider the following criteria in
21	classifying an exotic species under this Act:
22	(1) the likelihood of introduction of the species if
23	it is allowed to enter or exist in the State;
24	(2) the likelihood that the species would naturalize
25	in the State if it was introduced;
26	(3) the magnitude of potential adverse impacts of
27	the species on native species and on outdoor recreation,
28	commercial fishing, and other uses of natural resources

(4) the ability to eradicate or control the spread

(5) other criteria the Director deems appropriate.

of the species once it is introduced in the State; and

in the State;

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- 1 Section 25. Prohibited exotic species.
- 2 (a) A person may not possess, import, purchase, sell,
- 3 propagate, transport, or introduce a prohibited exotic
- 4 species, except:
- 5 (1) under a permit issued by the Director under
- 6 Section 60;

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- 7 (2) when being transported to the Department, or 8 another destination that the Director directs, in a 9 sealed container for purposes of identifying the species
- 11 (3) when being transported for disposal as part of a

or reporting the presence of the species;

- Director or as specified by the Director;
- 14 (4) when the specimen has been lawfully acquired 15 dead and, in the case of plant species, all seeds are

harvest or control activity under a permit issued by the

- removed or are otherwise secured in a sealed container;
- 17 (5) in the form of herbaria or other preserved 18 specimens;
- 19 (6) when being removed from watercraft and 20 equipment, or caught while fishing, and immediately 21 returned to the water from which they came; or
- 22 (7) as the Director may otherwise prescribe by rule.
- 23 (b) The Director may seize or dispose of all specimens of 24 prohibited exotic species unlawfully possessed, imported, 25 purchased, sold, propagated, transported, or introduced in
- the State.
- 27 Section 30. Unlisted exotic species.
- 28 (a) After the effective date of this Act, a person may 29 not introduce an unlisted exotic species unless:
- 30 (1) the person has notified the Director in a manner 31 and form prescribed by the Director;
- 32 (2) the Director has made the classification 33 determination required in subsection (b) and designated

- 1 the species as appropriate; and
- 2 (3) the introduction is allowed under the applicable
- 3 provisions of this Act.
- 4 (b) If the Director determines that a species for which a
- 5 notification is received under subsection (a) should be
- 6 classified as a prohibited exotic species, the Director
- 7 shall:
- 8 (1) adopt a rule designating the species as a
- 9 prohibited exotic species; and
- 10 (2) notify the person from whom the notification was
- 11 received that the species is subject to Section 25.
- 12 If the Director determines that a species for which a
- 13 notification is received under subsection (a) should be
- 14 classified as an unregulated exotic species, the Director
- 15 shall:
- 16 (1) adopt a rule designating the species as an
- 17 unregulated species; and
- 18 (2) notify the person from whom the notification was
- 19 received that the species is not subject to regulation
- 20 under this Act.
- 21 If the Director determines that a species for which a
- 22 notification is received under subsection (a) should be
- 23 classified as a regulated exotic species, the Director shall
- 24 notify the applicant that the species is subject to the
- 25 requirements of Section 35.
- 26 Section 35. Regulated exotic species. Except as provided
- in rules adopted under this Act, a person may not introduce a
- 28 regulated exotic species without a permit issued by the
- 29 Director.
- 30 Section 40. Escape of exotic species.
- 31 (a) A person who allows or causes the introduction of a
- 32 wild animal that is a prohibited, regulated, or unlisted

- 1 exotic species shall, within 48 hours after learning of the
- 2 introduction, notify the Director, a Conservation Police
- 3 Officer, or another person designated by the Director. The
- 4 person must make every reasonable attempt to recapture or
- 5 destroy the introduced animal. If the animal is a prohibited
- 6 exotic species, the person is liable for the actual costs
- 7 incurred by the Department in capturing or controlling, or
- 8 attempting to capture or control, the animal and its progeny.
- 9 If the animal is a regulated exotic species, the person is
- 10 liable for these costs if the introduction was in violation
- of a permit issued under Section 60.
- 12 (b) A person who complies with this Section is not
- 13 subject to criminal penalties under Section 70 for the
- 14 introduction.
- 15 Section 50. Aquatic macrophytes.
- 16 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, a
- 17 person may not transport aquatic macrophytes on any public
- 18 road or highway.
- 19 (b) Unless otherwise prohibited by law, a person may
- 20 transport aquatic macrophytes:
- 21 (1) that are duckweeds in the family Lemnaceae;
- 22 (2) for disposal as part of a harvest or control
- 23 activity conducted under permit issued under Section 60
- or as specified by the Director;
- 25 (3) for purposes of constructing shooting or
- observation blinds in amounts sufficient for that
- 27 purpose, provided that the aquatic macrophytes are
- 28 emergent and cut above the waterline;
- 29 (4) when legally purchased or traded by or from
- 30 commercial or hobbyist sources for aquarium, wetland or
- lakeshore restoration, or ornamental purposes;
- 32 (5) when harvested for personal or commercial use if
- in a motor vehicle;

1		(6)	to th	ne Department	, or	ano	ther	de	stination	that
2	the	Dire	ctor	determines,	in	ı a	seal	ed	container	for
3	purp	oses	of	identifying	a	spec	ies	or	reporting	the
4	pres	ence	of a	species;						

- (7) when transporting a commercial aquatic plant harvester to a suitable location for purposes of cleaning any remaining aquatic macrophytes;
  - (8) that are wild rice; or

- (9) that are in the form of fragments of emergent aquatic macrophytes incidentally transported in or on watercraft or decoys used for migratory waterfowl hunting during the season in which it is lawful to take migratory waterfowl under the Wildlife Code.
- 14 Section 55. Watercraft; prohibited acts.
- 15 (a) Except otherwise as provided in this Section, a
  16 person may not place or attempt to place into waters of the
  17 State a watercraft, trailer, or plant harvesting equipment
  18 that has aquatic macrophytes, zebra mussels, or prohibited
  19 exotic species attached.
  - (b) Unless otherwise prohibited by law, a person may place into the waters of the State a watercraft or trailer with aquatic macrophytes:
    - (1) that are duckweeds in the family Lemnaceae;
    - (2) for purposes of shooting or observation blinds in amounts sufficient for that purpose if the aquatic macrophytes are emergent and cut above the waterline;
      - (3) that are wild rice; or
    - (4) that are in the form of fragments of emergent aquatic macrophytes incidentally transported in or on watercraft or decoys used for migratory waterfowl hunting during the season in which it is lawful to take migratory waterfowl under the Wildlife Code.
  - (c) A Conservation Police Officer or other licensed peace

- 1 officer may order:
- 2 (1) the removal of aquatic macrophytes or prohibited
- 3 exotic species from a trailer or watercraft before it is
- 4 placed into waters of the State;
- 5 (2) the confinement of the watercraft at a mooring,
- dock, or other location until the watercraft is removed
- 7 from the water; or
- 8 (3) the removal of a watercraft from waters of the
- 9 State to remove prohibited exotic species if the water
- 10 has not been designated by the Director as being infested
- 11 with that species.
- 12 Section 60. Permits.
- 13 (a) The Director may issue a permit for the propagation,
- 14 possession, importation, purchase, or transport of a
- 15 prohibited exotic species for the purposes of disposal,
- 16 control, research, or education.
- 17 (b) The Director may issue a permit for the introduction
- 18 of a regulated exotic species.
- 19 (c) The Director may issue a permit to allow the harvest
- of bait from waters that are designated as infested waters,
- 21 except those waters designated as infested because they
- 22 contain prohibited exotic species of fish. The permit must
- 23 include conditions necessary to avoid spreading harmful
- 24 exotic species. Before receiving a permit, a person must
- 25 satisfactorily complete annual harmful exotic species-related
- training provided by the Department.
- 27 (d) The Director may issue a permit under this Section
- only if the he or she determines that the permitted activity
- 29 would not pose an unreasonable risk of harm to natural
- 30 resources or their use in the State. The Director may deny,
- 31 issue with conditions, modify, or revoke a permit under this
- 32 Section as necessary to ensure that the proposed activity
- 33 will not pose an unreasonable risk of harm to natural

- 1 resources or their use in the State.
- 2 (e) All final administrative decisions under this Section
- 3 are subject to review under the Administrative Review Law.
- 4 Section 65. Rules.
- 5 (a) The Director must adopt rules:
- 6 (1) designating infested waters and prohibited,
- 7 regulated, and unregulated exotic species;
- 8 (2) governing the application for and issuance of
- 9 permits under this Act, which may include a fee schedule;
- 10 and
- 11 (3) governing notification of escapes of exotic
- 12 species under Section 40.
- 13 (b) The Director may adopt rules:
- 14 (1) regulating the possession, importation,
- purchase, sale, propagation, transport, and introduction
- of harmful exotic species; and
- 17 (2) regulating the appropriation, use, and
- transportation of water from infested waters.
- 19 (c) The Director may adopt emergency rules that
- 20 designate:
- 21 (1) prohibited exotic species;
- 22 (2) regulated exotic species;
- 23 (3) unregulated exotic species; and
- 24 (4) infested waters.
- 25 Section 70. Enforcement; penalties.
- 26 (a) Unless otherwise provided by law, this Act and rules
- 27 adopted under this Act may be enforced by Conservation Police
- Officers and by other peace officers.
- 29 The authority of Conservation Police Officers to issue
- 30 citations under subsection (c) is in addition to other
- 31 remedies available under law, except that the State may not
- 32 seek penalties under any other provision of law for the

- 1 incident that is the subject of a citation.
- 2 (b) Any person who violates Section 25, 30, 35, 40, or 50
- of this Act is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
- 4 Any person who refuses to obey an order of a peace
- officer or a Conservation Police Officer to remove prohibited
- 6 exotic species or aquatic macrophytes from any watercraft,
- 7 trailer, or plant harvesting equipment is guilty of a Class C
- 8 misdemeanor.
- 9 (c) After appropriate training, Conservation Police
- 10 Officers, other peace officers, and other Department
- 11 personnel designated by the Director may issue warnings or
- 12 citations to a person who:
- 13 (1) unlawfully transports prohibited exotic species
- or aquatic macrophytes;
- 15 (2) unlawfully places or attempts to place into
- 16 waters of the State a trailer, watercraft, or plant
- 17 harvesting equipment that has prohibited exotic species
- 18 attached;
- 19 (3) unlawfully fishes, anchors, or operates a
- 20 watercraft in a marked area of an Eurasian water milfoil
- 21 limited infestation; or
- 22 (4) intentionally damages, moves, removes, or sinks
- a buoy marking, as prescribed by rule, Eurasian water
- 24 milfoil.
- 25 (d) A citation issued under this Section may impose civil
- 26 penalties up to the following penalty amounts:
- 27 (1) for transporting aquatic macrophytes on any
- public road or highway, \$50;
- 29 (2) for placing or attempting to place into waters
- of the State a watercraft, a trailer, or plant harvesting
- equipment that has aquatic macrophytes attached, \$100;
- 32 (3) for transporting a prohibited exotic species
- other than an aquatic macrophyte, \$100;
- 34 (4) for placing or attempting to place into waters

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- of the State a watercraft, trailer, or plant harvesting
  equipment that has prohibited exotic species attached
  when the waters are not designated by the Director as
  being infested with that species, \$500 for the first
  offense and \$1,000 for each subsequent offense;
  - (5) for fishing, anchoring, or operating a watercraft in a marked area of a Eurasian water milfoil limited infestation, other than as provided by law, \$100; and
- 10 (6) for intentionally damaging, moving, removing, or
  11 sinking a buoy marking, as prescribed by rule, Eurasian
  12 water milfoil, \$100.
- (e) A citation may be issued to suspend, for up to a year, the watercraft license or the watercraft operating privileges of an owner or person in control of a watercraft or trailer who refuses to submit to an inspection under Section 10 or who refuses to comply with a removal order given under this Section.
- 19 (f) A civil penalty is due and a watercraft license 20 suspension is effective 30 days after issuance of the civil 21 citation. A civil penalty collected under this Section shall 22 be deposited into the Wildlife and Fish Fund.
- 23 (g) A citation and penalty may be appealed to the
  24 Director if the person to whom the citation was issued
  25 requests a hearing by notifying the Director within 15 days
  26 after receipt of the citation. If a hearing is not requested
  27 within the 15-day period, the citation becomes a final order
  28 not subject to further review.
- Section 75. Application. This Act does not apply to (i)
  species regulated under the Exotic Weed Act or the Pest
  Control Compact Act or (ii) mammals and birds defined by law
  as livestock.

- 1 Section 900. The Boat Registration and Safety Act is
- 2 amended by changing Section 2-2 and by adding Section 11A-7
- 3 as follows:
- 4 (625 ILCS 45/2-2) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 312-2)
- 5 Sec. 2-2. Inspection.
- 6 (a) Agents of the Department or other duly authorized
- 7 police officers may board and inspect any boat at any time
- 8 for the purpose of determining if this Act is being complied
- 9 with. If the boarding officer or agent discovers any
- 10 violation of this Act, he may issue a summons to the operator
- of the boat requiring that the operator appear before the
- 12 circuit court for the county within which the offense was
- 13 committed.
- 14 (b) Every vessel subject to this Act, if under way and
- 15 upon being hailed by a designated law enforcement officer,
- 16 must stop immediately and lay to.
- 17 (c) Agents of the Department and other duly authorized
- 18 police officers may enforce all federal laws and regulations
- 19 which have been mutually agreed upon by the federal and state
- 20 governments and are applicable to the operation of watercraft
- on navigable waters and federal impoundments where concurrent
- 22 jurisdiction exists between the federal and state
- 23 governments.
- 24 (d) Agents of the Department and other duly authorized
- 25 police officers may seize and impound, at the owner's or
- operator's expense, any watercraft involved in a boating
- 27 accident or a violation of Section 3A-21, 5-1, 5-2, or 5-16
- 28 of this Act.
- 29 <u>(e) Agents of the Department and other duly authorized</u>
- 30 police officers may board and inspect any watercraft at any
- 31 <u>time for the purpose of determining if the Harmful Aquatic</u>
- 32 Organisms Act is being complied with.
- 33 (Source: P.A. 87-798; 88-670, eff. 12-2-94.)

- 1 (625 ILCS 45/11A-7 new)
- 2 <u>Sec. 11A-7. Violations of the Harmful Aquatic Organisms</u>
- 3 Act. The Department may suspend, for the period of one year,
- 4 the watercraft license or the watercraft operating privileges
- 5 of any person who refuses to submit to an inspection under
- 6 the Harmful Aquatic Organisms Act or who refuses to comply
- 7 with a removal order issued under that Act.