## 92\_SB0629ham002

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## LRB9208026ARsbam04

- 2 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_. Amend Senate Bill 629, AS AMENDED,

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 629

- 3 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
- 4 following:
- 5 "Section 5. The Humane Care for Animals Act is amended
- 6 by changing Sections 2.01a, 2.07, 4.01, 4.02, 4.03, 4.04, 10,
- 7 12, and 16 and by adding Sections 2.01b, 2.01c, 2.01d, 2.09,
- 8 2.10, 3.04, 3.05, 3.06, 16.1, 16.2, 16.3, and 16.4 as
- 9 follows:
- 10 (510 ILCS 70/2.01a)
- 11 Sec. 2.01a. Companion animal. "Companion animal" means
- 12 an animal that is commonly considered to be, or is considered
- by the owner to be to-be-used-as, a pet. "Companion animal"
- 14 includes, but is not limited to, canines, felines, and
- 15 equines.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 88-600, eff. 9-1-94.)
- 17 (510 ILCS 70/2.01b new)
- 18 <u>Sec. 2.01b. Exigent circumstances. "Exigent</u>
- 19 <u>circumstances" means a licensed veterinarian cannot be</u>
- 20 <u>secured without undue delay and, in the opinion of the animal</u>
- 21 <u>control</u> or humane agency, the animal is so severely injured,

- 1 <u>diseased</u>, or <u>suffering that it is unfit for any useful</u>
- 2 purpose and to delay humane euthanasia would continue to
- 3 <u>cause the animal extreme suffering.</u>
- 4 (510 ILCS 70/2.01c new)
- 5 <u>Sec. 2.01c. Service animal. "Service animal" means an</u>
- 6 <u>animal trained in obedience and task skills to meet the needs</u>
- 7 <u>of a disabled person.</u>
- 8 (510 ILCS 70/2.01d new)
- 9 <u>Sec. 2.01d. Search and rescue dog. "Search and rescue</u>
- 10 dog" means any dog that is trained or is certified to locate
- 11 persons lost on land or in water.
- 12 (510 ILCS 70/2.07) (from Ch. 8, par. 702.07)
- 13 Sec. 2.07. <u>Person</u>. "Person" means any individual,
- 14 minor, firm, corporation, partnership, other business unit,
- society, association, or other legal entity, any public or
- 16 private institution, the State of Illinois, or any municipal
- 17 corporation or political subdivision of the State.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 78-905.)
- 19 (510 ILCS 70/2.09 new)
- 20 <u>Sec. 2.09. Humanely euthanized. "Humanely euthanized"</u>
- 21 means the painless administration of a lethal dose of an
- 22 agent or method of euthanasia as prescribed in the Report of
- 23 <u>the American Veterinary Medical Association Panel on</u>
- 24 <u>Euthanasia published in the Journal of the American</u>
- 25 <u>Veterinary Medical Association, March 1, 2001 (or any</u>
- 26 <u>successor version of that Report), that causes the painless</u>
- 27 <u>death of an animal. Animals must be handled prior to</u>
- 28 <u>administration of the agent or method of euthanasia in a</u>
- 29 <u>manner to avoid undue apprehension by the animal.</u>

1 (510 ILCS 70/2.10 new)

Sec. 2.10. Companion animal hoarder. "Companion animal 2 hoarder means a person who (i) possesses a large number of 3 companion animals; (ii) fails to or is unable to provide what 4 he or she is required to provide under Section 3 of this Act; 5 (iii) keeps the companion animals in a severely overcrowded 6 environment; and (iv) displays an inability to recognize or 7 understand the nature of or has a reckless disregard for the 8 9 conditions under which the companion animals are living and the deleterious impact they have on the companion animals' 10

12 (510 ILCS 70/3.04 new)

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13 <u>Sec. 3.04. Arrests and seizures.</u>

and owner's health and well-being.

14 (a) Any law enforcement officer making an arrest for an offense involving one or more animals under Section 3.01, 15 3.02, or 3.03 of this Act may lawfully take possession of 16 some or all of the animals in the possession of the person 17 arrested. The officer, after taking possession of the 18 animals, must file with the court before whom the complaint 19 2.0 is made against any person so arrested an affidavit stating 21 the name of the person charged in the complaint, a description of the condition of the animal or animals taken, 22 23 and the time and place the animal or animals were taken, 24 together with the name of the person from whom the animal or animals were taken and name of the person who claims to own 25 the animal or animal if different from the person from whom 26 the animal or animals were seized. He or she must at the same 2.7 time deliver an inventory of the animal or animals taken to 28 the court of competent jurisdiction. The officer must place 29 30 the animal or animals in the custody of an animal control or humane agency and the agency must retain custody of the 31 32 animal or animals subject to an order of the court 33 adjudicating the charges on the merits and before which the

- 1 person complained against is required to appear for trial.
- 2 The State's Attorney may, within 14 days after the seizure,
- 3 <u>file a "petition for forfeiture prior to trial" before the</u>
- 4 <u>court having criminal jurisdiction over the alleged charges,</u>
- 5 <u>asking for permanent forfeiture of the companion animals</u>
- 6 seized. The petition shall be filed with the court, with
- 7 copies served on the impounding agency, the owner, and anyone
- 8 <u>claiming an interest in the animals. In a "petition for</u>
- 9 <u>forfeiture prior to trial</u>", the burden is on the prosecution
- 10 to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the person
- 11 arrested violated Section 3.01, 3.02, 3.03, or 4.01.
- 12 (b) An owner whose animal or animals are removed by a
- 13 <u>law enforcement officer under this Section must be given</u>
- 14 written notice of the circumstances of the removal and of any
- 15 <u>legal remedies available to him or her. The notice must be</u>
- 16 <u>posted at the place of seizure</u>, or <u>delivered to a person</u>
- 17 residing at the place of seizure or, if the address of the
- 18 owner is different from the address of the person from whom
- 19 the animal or animals were seized, delivered by registered
- 20 <u>mail to his or her last known address.</u>
- 21 (510 ILCS 70/3.05 new)
- Sec. 3.05. Security for companion animals and animals
- 23 <u>used for fighting purposes.</u>
- 24 (a) In the case of companion animals as defined in
- 25 <u>Section 2.01a or animals used for fighting purposes pursuant</u>
- 26 to Section 4.01, the animal control or humane agency having
- 27 <u>custody of the animal or animals may file a petition with the</u>
- 28 <u>court requesting that the person from whom the animal or</u>
- 29 <u>animals are seized, or the owner of the animal or animals, be</u>
- 30 <u>ordered to post security. The security must be in an amount</u>
- 31 <u>sufficient to secure payment of all reasonable expenses</u>
- 32 <u>expected to be incurred by the animal control or humane</u>
- 33 agency in caring for and providing for the animal or animals

1 pending the disposition of the charges. Reasonable expenses 2 include, but are not limited to, estimated medical care and 3 boarding of the animal or animals for 30 days. The amount of 4 the security shall be determined by the court after taking into consideration all of the facts and circumstances of the 5 case, including, but not limited to, the recommendation of 6 the impounding organization having custody and care of the 7 8 seized animal or animals and the cost of caring for the 9 animal or animals. If security has been posted in accordance with this Section, the animal control or humane agency may 10 draw from the security the actual costs incurred by the 11 12 agency in caring for the seized animal or animals. (b) Upon receipt of a petition, the court must set a 13 hearing on the petition, to be conducted within 5 business 14 days after the petition is filed. The petitioner must serve 15 a true copy of the petition upon the defendant and the 16 17 State's Attorney for the county in which the animal or animals were seized. The petitioner must also serve a true 18 copy of the petition on any interested person. For the 19 purposes of this subsection, "interested person" means an 20 individual, partnership, firm, joint stock company, 2.1 22 corporation, association, trust, estate, or other legal entity that the court determines may have a pecuniary 23 24 interest in the animal or animals that are the subject of the 25 petition. The court must set a hearing date to determine any interested parties. The court may waive for good cause shown 26 27 the posting of security. (c) If the court orders the posting of security, the 28 29 security must be posted with the clerk of the court within 5 30 business days after the hearing. If the person ordered to post security does not do so, the animal or animals are 31 forfeited by operation of law and the animal control or 32 humane agency having control of the animal or animals must 33 dispose of the animal or animals through adoption or must 34

1 <u>humanely euthanize the animal</u>. In no event may the defendant

or any person residing in the defendant's household adopt the

3 <u>animal or animals.</u>

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(d) The impounding organization may file a petition with the court upon the expiration of the 30-day period requesting the posting of additional security. The court may order the person from whom the animal or animals were seized, or the owner of the animal or animals, to post additional security with the clerk of the court to secure payment of reasonable expenses for an additional period of time pending a determination by the court of the charges against the person from whom the animal or animals were seized.

(e) In no event may the security prevent the impounding organization having custody and care of the animal or animals from disposing of the animal or animals before the expiration of the 30-day period covered by the security if the court makes a determination of the charges against the person from whom the animal or animals were seized. Upon the adjudication of the charges, the person who posted the security is entitled to a refund of the security, in whole or in part, for any expenses not incurred by the impounding organization. (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, the court may order a person charged with any violation of this Act to provide necessary food, water, shelter, and care for any animal or animals that are the basis of the charge without the removal of the animal or animals from their existing location and until the charges against the person are adjudicated. Until a final determination of the charges is made, any law enforcement officer, animal control officer, Department investigator, or an approved humane investigator may be authorized by an order of the court to make regular visits to the place where the

animal or animals are being kept to ascertain if the animal

or animals are receiving necessary food, water, shelter, and

- 1 care. Nothing in this Section prevents any law enforcement
- 2 <u>officer</u>, <u>Department investigator</u>, <u>or approved humane</u>
- 3 <u>investigator from applying for a warrant under this Section</u>
- 4 to seize any animal or animals being held by the person
- 5 charged pending the adjudication of the charges if it is
- 6 <u>determined that the animal or animals are not receiving the</u>
- 7 <u>necessary food, water, shelter, or care.</u>
- 8 (q) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent
- 9 the voluntary, permanent relinquishment of any animal by its
- 10 <u>owner to an animal control or humane agency in lieu of</u>
- 11 posting security or proceeding to a forfeiture hearing.
- 12 <u>Voluntary relinquishment shall have no effect on the criminal</u>
- charges that may be pursued by the appropriate authorities.
- 14 (h) If an owner of a companion animal is acquitted by
- 15 the court of charges made pursuant to this Act, the court
- 16 <u>shall further order that any security that has been posted</u>
- 17 for the animal shall be returned to the owner by the
- 18 <u>impounding organization</u>.
- 19 (510 ILCS 70/3.06 new)
- 20 <u>Sec. 3.06. Disposition of seized animals.</u>
- 21 (a) Upon the conviction of the person charged, all
- 22 <u>animals seized, if not previously ordered forfeited or</u>
- 23 previously forfeited by operation of law, are forfeited to
- 24 the facility impounding the animals and must be humanely
- 25 <u>euthanized or adopted. Any outstanding costs incurred by the</u>
- 26 <u>impounding facility for boarding and treating the animals</u>
- 27 pending the disposition of the case and any costs incurred in
- 28 <u>disposing of the animals must be borne by the person</u>
- 29 <u>convicted</u>.
- 30 (b) Any person authorized by this Section to care for an
- 31 <u>animal or animals, to treat an animal or animals, or to</u>
- 32 <u>attempt to restore an animal or animals to good health and</u>
- 33 who is acting in good faith is immune from any civil or

- 1 <u>criminal liability that may result from his or her actions.</u>
- 2 (c) Any veterinarian in this State who observes or is
- 3 presented with an animal or animals for the treatment of
- 4 <u>aggravated cruelty under Section 3.02 or torture under</u>
- 5 <u>Section 3.03 of this Act must file a report with the</u>
- 6 <u>Department and cooperate with the Department by furnishing</u>
- 7 the owner's name, the date of receipt of the animal or
- 8 <u>animals and any treatment administered, and a description of</u>
- 9 the animal or animals involved, including a microchip number
- 10 <u>if applicable</u>. Any veterinarian who in good faith makes a
- 11 report, as required by this subsection, has immunity from any
- 12 <u>liability, civil, criminal, or otherwise, that may result</u>
- 13 from his or her actions. For the purposes of any
- 14 proceedings, civil or criminal, the good faith of the
- veterinarian shall be presumed.
- 16 <u>An animal control or humane agency may humanely euthanize</u>
- 17 <u>severely injured</u>, <u>diseased</u>, <u>or suffering animals in exigent</u>
- 18 <u>circumstances</u>.
- 19 (510 ILCS 70/4.01) (from Ch. 8, par. 704.01)
- Sec. 4.01. <u>Prohibitions.</u>
- 21 (a) No person may own, capture, breed, train, or lease
- 22 any animal which he or she knows or should know is intended
- for use in any show, exhibition, program, or other activity
- 24 featuring or otherwise involving a fight between such animal
- and any other animal or human, or the intentional killing of  $\,$
- 26 any animal for the purpose of sport, wagering, or
- 27 entertainment.
- 28 (b) No person shall promote, conduct, carry on,
- 29 advertise, collect money for or in any other manner assist
- or aid in the presentation for purposes of sport, wagering,
- 31 or entertainment, any show, exhibition, program, or other
- 32 activity involving a fight between 2 or more animals or any
- animal and human, or the intentional killing of any animal.

- 1 (c) No person shall sell or offer for sale, ship,
  2 transport, or otherwise move, or deliver or receive any
  3 animal which he or she knows or should know has been
- 4 captured, bred, or trained, or will be used, to fight another
- 5 animal or human or be intentionally killed, for the purpose
- of sport, wagering, or entertainment.
- 7 (d) No person shall manufacture for sale, shipment,
- 8 transportation or delivery any device or equipment which that
- 9 person knows or should know is intended for use in any show,
- 10 exhibition, program, or other activity featuring or otherwise
- involving a fight between 2 or more animals, or any human and
- 12 animal, or the intentional killing of any animal for purposes
- of sport, wagering or entertainment.
- 14 (e) No person shall own, possess, sell or offer for
- 15 sale, ship, transport, or otherwise move any equipment or
- 16 device which such person knows or should know is intended for
- 17 use in connection with any show, exhibition, program, or
- 18 activity featuring or otherwise involving a fight between 2
- or more animals, or any animal and human, or the intentional
- 20 killing of any animal for purposes of sport, wagering or
- 21 entertainment.
- 22 (f) No person shall make available any site, structure,
- or facility, whether enclosed or not, which he or she knows
- 24 or should know is intended to be used for the purpose of
- 25 conducting any show, exhibition, program, or other activity
- 26 involving a fight between 2 or more animals, or any animal
- and human, or the intentional killing of any animal.
- 28 (g) No person shall attend or otherwise patronize any
- 29 show, exhibition, program, or other activity featuring or
- otherwise involving a fight between 2 or more animals, or any
- 31 animal and human, or the intentional killing of any animal
- for the purposes of sport, wagering or entertainment.
- 33 (h) No person shall tie or attach or fasten any live
- 34 animal to any machine or device propelled by any power for

- 1 the purpose of causing such animal to be pursued by a dog or
- dogs. This subsection (h) shall apply only when such dog is
- 3 intended to be used in a dog fight.
- 4 (i) Any animals or equipment involved in a violation of
- 5 this Section shall be immediately seized and impounded under
- 6 Section 12 by the Department when located at any show,
- 7 <u>exhibition</u>, <u>program</u>, <u>or other activity featuring or otherwise</u>
- 8 <u>involving an animal fight.</u>
- 9 <u>(j) Any vehicle or conveyance other than a common</u>
- 10 carrier that is used in violation of this Section shall be
- 11 <u>seized</u>, <u>held</u>, <u>and offered for sale at public auction by the</u>
- 12 <u>sheriff's department of the proper jurisdiction</u>, and the
- 13 proceeds from the sale shall be remitted to the general fund
- of the county where the violation took place.
- (k) Any veterinarian in this State who is presented with
- 16 <u>an animal for treatment of injuries or wounds resulting from</u>
- 17 <u>fighting where there is a reasonable possibility that the</u>
- 18 <u>animal was engaged in or utilized for a fighting event shall</u>
- 19 <u>file a report with the Department and cooperate by furnishing</u>
- 20 the owners' names, dates, and descriptions of the animal or
- 21 <u>animals involved. Any veterinarian who in good faith complies</u>
- 22 <u>with the requirements of this subsection has immunity from</u>
- 23 any liability, civil, criminal, or otherwise, that may result
- 24 from his or her actions. For the purposes of any
- 25 proceedings, civil or criminal, the good faith of the
- veterinarian shall be rebuttably presumed.
- 27 (1) No person shall conspire or solicit a minor to
- 28 <u>violate this Section.</u>
- 29 (Source: P.A. 87-819.)
- 30 (510 ILCS 70/4.02) (from Ch. 8, par. 704.02)
- 31 Sec. 4.02. <u>Arrests; reports.</u>
- 32 (a) Any law enforcement officer making an arrest for an
- offense involving one or more dogs under Section 4.01 of this

1 Act shall lawfully take possession of all dogs and all 2 paraphernalia, implements, or other property or things used or employed, or about to be employed, in the violation of any 3 4 of the provisions of Section 4.01 of this Act. When a law 5 enforcement officer has taken Such--officer,-after-taking 6 possession of such dogs, paraphernalia, implements or other 7 property or things, he or she shall file with the court 8 before whom the complaint is made against any person so 9 arrested an affidavit stating therein the name of the person charged in the such complaint, a description of the property 10 11 so taken and the time and place of the taking thereof 12 together with the name of the person from whom the same was 13 taken and name of the person who claims to own such property, if <u>different from the person from whom the dogs were seized</u> 14 15 and if known, and that the affiant has reason to believe and 16 does believe, stating the ground of the such belief, that the 17 dogs and property so taken were was used or employed, or were was about to be used or employed, in  $\underline{a}$  such violation of 18 Section 4.01 of this Act. He or she shall thereupon deliver 19 20 an inventory of the property so taken to the court of competent jurisdiction. A law enforcement officer may 21 22 humanely euthanize dogs that are severely injured. 23 An owner whose dogs are removed for a violation of 24 Section 4.01 of this Act must be given written notice of the 25 circumstances of the removal and of any legal remedies available to him or her. The notice must be posted at the 26 place of seizure or delivered to a person residing at the 27 place of seizure or, if the address of the owner is different 28 from the address of the person from whom the dogs were 29 30 seized, delivered by registered mail to his or her last known 31 address. The animal control or humane agency having custody of the 32 33 dogs may file a petition with the court requesting that the

person from whom the dogs were seized or the owner of the

dogs be ordered to post security pursuant to Section 3.05 of 2 this Act,-which-shall,-by-order,-place-the-same-in-custody-of 3 an-officer-or-other-proper-person--named--and--designated--in 4 such--order,--to-be-kept-by-him-until-the-conviction-or-final 5 discharge-of-such-person-complained-against,-and-shall-send-a copy-of-such-order-without-delay-to-the-State's--attorney--of 6 7 the--county--and--the--Department----The-officer-or-person-so 8 named--and--designated--in--such--order---shall---immediately 9 thereupon--assume--the--custody--of--such--property-and-shall 10 retain-the-same,-subject-to-the-order--of--the--court--before 11 which-such-person-so-complained-against-may-be-required-to 12 appear-for-trial. 13 Upon the conviction of the person so charged, all and property so seized shall be adjudged by the court to be 14 15 forfeited and shall thereupon be adopted or humanely 16 euthanized. Any outstanding costs incurred by the impounding 17 facility in boarding and treating the dogs pending the disposition of the case and disposing of the dogs upon a 18 conviction must be borne by the person convicted be-destreyed 19 20 or-otherwise-disposed-of-as-the-court-may-order. <u>In no event</u> 21 may the dogs be adopted by the defendant or anyone residing 22 in his or her household. If the court finds that the State either failed to prove the criminal allegations or that the 23 24 dogs were used in fighting, the court must direct the delivery of the dogs and the other property not previously 25 forfeited to the owner of the dogs and property. 26 27 Any person authorized by this Section to care for a dog, 28 to treat a dog, or to attempt to restore a dog to good health 29 and who is acting in good faith is immune from any civil or criminal liability that may result from his or her actions. 30 31 An animal control or humane agency may humanely euthanize severely injured, diseased, or suffering dog in exigent 32 33 In--the--event--of--the--acquittal--or--final <u>circumstances</u> 34 discharge-without-conviction-of-the-person--so--charged--such

court-shall-,-on-demand,-direct-the-delivery-of-such-property
so-held-in-custody-to-the-owner-thereof.

(b) Any veterinarian in this State who is presented with an animal for treatment of injuries or wounds resulting from fighting where there is a reasonable possibility that the animal was engaged in or utilized for a fighting event shall file a report with the Department and cooperate by furnishing the owners' names, date of receipt of the animal or animals and treatment administered, dates and descriptions of the animal or animals involved. Any veterinarian who in good faith makes a report, as required by this subsection (b), is immune shall—have—immunity from any liability, civil, criminal, or that otherwise, resulting from his or her might result—by—reason—of—such actions. For the purposes of any proceedings, civil or criminal, the good faith of any such veterinarian shall be presumed.

17 (Source: P.A. 84-723.)

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18 (510 ILCS 70/4.03) (from Ch. 8, par. 704.03)

19 Sec. 4.03. Teasing, striking or tampering with police animals, service animals, or search and rescue dogs 20 21 prohibited. It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully 22 and maliciously taunt, torment, tease, beat, strike, or administer or subject any desensitizing drugs, chemicals or 23 24 substance to (i) any animal used by a law enforcement officer in the performance of his or her functions or duties, or when 25 placed in confinement off duty, (ii) any service animal, 26 (iii) any search and rescue dog, or (iv) any police, service, 27 or search and rescue animal in training. It is unlawful for 28 any person to; -er-te interfere or meddle with (i) any such 29 30 animal used by a law enforcement department or agency or any handler thereof in the performance of the functions or duties 31 of the department or agency, (ii) any service animal, (iii) 32 any search and rescue dog, or (iv) any law enforcement, 33

- 1 <u>service</u>, or <u>search</u> and <u>rescue</u> animal in training.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 90-80, eff. 7-10-97.)
- 3 (510 ILCS 70/4.04) (from Ch. 8, par. 704.04)
- 4 Sec. 4.04. Injuring or killing police animals, service
- 5 <u>animals</u>, or <u>search</u> and <u>rescue</u> dogs prohibited. It shall be
- 6 unlawful for any person to willfully or maliciously torture,
- 7 mutilate, injure, disable, poison, or kill (i) any animal
- 8 used by a law enforcement department or agency in the
- 9 performance of the functions or duties of the department or
- 10 agency or when placed in confinement off duty, (ii) any
- 11 service animal, (iii) any search and rescue dog, or (iv) any
- 12 <u>law enforcement, service, or search and rescue animal in</u>
- 13 <u>training</u>. However, a police officer or veterinarian may
- 14 perform euthanasia in emergency situations when delay would
- 15 cause the animal undue suffering and pain.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 90-80, eff. 7-10-97; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)
- 17 (510 ILCS 70/10) (from Ch. 8, par. 710)
- 18 Sec. 10. <u>Investigation of complaints.</u>
- 19 <u>(a)</u> Upon receiving a complaint of a suspected violation
- of this Act, a Department investigator, any law enforcement
- 21 official, or an approved humane investigator may, for the
- 22 purpose of investigating the allegations of the complaint,
- 23 enter during normal business hours upon any premises where
- 24 the animal or animals described in the complaint are housed
- 25 or kept, provided such entry shall not be made into any
- 26 building which is a person's residence, except by search
- 27 warrant or court order. Institutions operating under federal
- 28 license to conduct laboratory experimentation utilizing
- 29 animals for research or medical purposes are, however, exempt
- 30 from the provisions of this Section. State's Attorneys and
- 31 law enforcement officials shall provide such assistance as
- 32 may be required in the conduct of such investigations. Any

1 such investigation requiring legal procedures shall 2 immediately reported to the Department. No employee or 3 representative of the Department shall enter a livestock 4 management facility unless sanitized footwear is used, 5 unless the owner or operator of the facility waives this б requirement. The employee or representative must also use 7 any other reasonable disease prevention procedures or 8 equipment provided by the owner or operator of the facility. 9 The animal control administrator and animal control wardens appointed under the Animal Control Act shall be authorized to 10 11 make investigations complying with this Section for alleged violations of Sections 3, and 3.01, 3.02, and 3.03 pertaining 12 13 to--small--companion--animals---If--impoundments--are-made-by wardens,-public-pounds-operated-by-a-political--entity--shall 14 15 be--utilized. The animals impounded shall remain under the 16 jurisdiction of the animal control administrator and be held in an animal shelter pound licensed under the Animal Welfare 17 Act. All-litigation,-appeal,-and-disposition-of-the--animals 18 19 so--held--will--remain-with-the-governmental-agency-operating 20 the-facility. (b) Any law enforcement official, animal control or 21 22 humane agency, approved humane investigator, or veterinarian 23 acting in good faith is immune from any civil or criminal 24 liability resulting from his or her actions under this

28 (Source: P.A. 87-157.)

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29 (510 ILCS 70/12) (from Ch. 8, par. 712)

humane agency, or veterinarian is presumed.

- 30 Sec. 12. Impounding animals; notice of impoundment.
- 31 (a) When an approved humane investigator, a Department 32 investigator or a veterinarian finds that a violation of this 33 Act has rendered an animal in such a condition that no remedy

Section. The good faith on the part of the law enforcement

official, approved humane investigator, animal control or

1 or corrective action by the owner is possible er-the-vielater 2 fails--or--refuses--to--take--corrective-action-necessary-for 3 compliance-pursuant-to-Section-11-of-this-Act, the Department 4 must may impound or order the impoundment of the animal. If the violator fails or refuses to take corrective action 5 necessary for compliance with Section 11 of this Act, the 6 7 Department may impound the animal. If the animal is ordered 8 impounded, it shall be impounded in a facility or at another 9 <u>location where</u> which-will-provide the elements of good care as set forth in Section 3 of this Act can be provided, and 10 11 where such animals shall be examined and treated by a licensed veterinarian or, if the animal is severely injured, 12 diseased, or suffering, humanely euthanized. Any expense 13 incurred in the impoundment shall become a lien on the 14 15 animals. (b) Emergency impoundment may be exercised in a 16 17 life-threatening situation and the subject animals shall be conveyed directly to a licensed veterinarian for medical 18 services necessary to sustain life or to be humanely 19 20

conveyed directly to a licensed veterinarian for medical services necessary to sustain life or to be humanely euthanized as determined by the veterinarian. If such emergency procedure is taken by an animal control officer, the Department shall be notified.

(c) (b) A notice of impoundment shall be given by the investigator to the violator, if known, in person or sent by certified or registered mail. If the investigator is not

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investigator to the violator, if known, in person or sent by certified or registered mail. If the investigator is not able to serve the violator in person or by registered or certified mail, the notice may be given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the violator's last known address is located. A copy of the notice shall be retained by the investigator and a copy forwarded immediately to the Department. The notice of impoundment shall include the following:

33 (1) A number assigned by the Department which will 34 also be given to the impounding facility accepting the 1 responsibility of the animal or animals.

- (2) Listing of deficiencies noted.
- 3 (3) An accurate description of the animal or 4 animals involved.
  - (4) Date on which the animal or animals were impounded.
    - (5) Signature of the investigator.
  - hearing to appeal the impoundment. A person desiring a hearing shall contact the Department of Agriculture within 7 days from the date of impoundment" and the Department must will hold an administrative hearing within 7 business days after receiving a request to appeal the impoundment. If the hearing cannot be held prior to the expiration of the 7-day impoundment period, the Department shall notify the impounding facility that it cannot sell, offer for adoption, or dispose of the animal or animals until a final decision is rendered and all of the appeal processes have expired.
  - If a hearing is requested by any owner of impounded animals, the Hearing Officer shall, have-the-authority after hearing the testimony of all <u>interested</u> affected parties, to render a decision within 5 business days regarding as-to the disposition of the impounded animals. This decision by the Hearing Officer shall have no effect on the criminal charges that may be filed with the appropriate authorities.
- If an owner of a companion animal or animal used for fighting purposes requests a hearing, the animal control or humane agency having control of the animal or animals may file a petition with the court in the county where the impoundment took place requesting that the person from whom the animal or animals were seized or the owner of the animal or animals be ordered to post security pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of Section 3.05 of this Act.

1 If the court orders the posting of security, the security 2 must be posted with the clerk of the court within 5 business 3 days after the hearing. If the person ordered to post 4 security does not do so, the court must order the Department 5 of Agriculture to hold a hearing on the impoundment within 5 business days. If the Department determines that it is not 6 7 in the best interest of the animal or animals to be returned 8 to the person from whom it was seized, the animal or animals 9 are forfeited to the animal control or humane agency having 10 control of the animal or animals. If no petition for the 11 posting of security is filed or a petition was filed and 12 granted but the person failed to post security, any expense incurred in the impoundment shall remain outstanding until 13 satisfied by the owner or the person from whom the animal or 14 15 animals were impounded. 16 Any-expense-incurred-in-such-impoundment-becomes--a--lien 17 on--the--animal--impounded--and-must-be-discharged-before-the animal-is-released-from-the-facility. When the impoundment is 18 not appealed, the animal or animals are forfeited and the 19 20 animal control or humane agency in charge of the animal or 21 animals may lawfully and without liability provide for 22 adoption of the animal or animals by a person other than the person who forfeited the animal or animals, or any person or 23 24 persons dwelling in the same household as the person who forfeited the animals or animals, or it may humanely 25 euthanize the animal or animals. the-animal-is-not-elaimed-by 26 27 its-owner-and-all-impoundment-costs-satisfied-within-7--days, 28 it---may---be--sold--at--public--or--private--sale--for--fair 29 consideration -- to -- a -- person -- capable -- -- of --- providing --- care consistent--with--this--Act;--with--the-proceeds-of-that-sale 30 31 applied-first-to-discharge-the-lien-and--any--balance--to--be paid--over-to-the-owner--If-no-purchaser-is-found,-the-animal 32 33 may-be-offered-for-adoption-or-disposed-of-in--a--manner--not 34 inconsistent-with-this-or-any-other-Act-

- 1 (Source: P.A. 88-600, eff. 9-1-94.)
- 2 (510 ILCS 70/16) (from Ch. 8, par. 716)
- 3 Sec. 16. Violations; punishment; injunctions.
- 4 (a) Any person convicted of violating <u>subsection (1) of</u>
- 5 <u>Section 4.01 or</u> Sections 5, 5.01, or 6 of this Act or any
- 6 rule, regulation, or order of the Department pursuant
- 7 thereto, is guilty of a Class  $\underline{A}$   $\in$  misdemeanor.  $\underline{A}$  second or
- 8 <u>subsequent violation of Section 5, 5.01, or 6 is a Class 4</u>
- 9 <u>felony</u>.
- 10 (b)(1) This subsection (b) does not apply where the
- only animals involved in the violation are dogs.
- 12 (2) Any person convicted of violating subsection
- 13 (a), (b), (c) or (h) of Section 4.01 of this Act or any
- 14 rule, regulation, or order of the Department pursuant
- thereto, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 16 (3) A second or subsequent offense involving the
- violation of subsection (a), (b) or (c) of Section 4.01
- of this Act or any rule, regulation, or order of the
- 19 Department pursuant thereto is a Class 4 felony.
- 20 (4) Any person convicted of violating subsection
- 21 (d), (e) or (f) of Section 4.01 of this Act or any rule,
- regulation, or order of the Department pursuant thereto,
- 23 is guilty of a Class  $\underline{A}$  B misdemeanor.  $\underline{A}$  second or
- 24 <u>subsequent violation is a Class 4 felony.</u>
- 25 (5) Any person convicted of violating subsection
- 26 (g) of Section 4.01 of this Act or any rule, regulation,
- or order of the Department pursuant thereto is guilty of
- 28 a Class C misdemeanor.
- 29 (c)(1) This subsection (c) applies exclusively
- 30 where the only animals involved in the violation are
- 31 dogs.
- 32 (2) Any person convicted of violating subsection
- 33 (a), (b) or (c) of Section 4.01 of this Act or any rule,

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regulation or order of the Department pursuant thereto is guilty of a Class 4 felony and may be fined an amount not to exceed \$50,000.

- (3) Any person convicted of violating subsection (d), (e) or (f) of Section 4.01 of this Act or any rule, regulation or order of the Department pursuant thereto is guilty of Class A misdemeanor,-if-such-person-knew-or should-have-known-that--the--device--or--equipment--under subsection--(d)--or--(e)--of--that--Section--or-the-site, structure--or--facility--under--subsection--(f)--of--that Section-was-to-be-used-to-carry-out-a-violation-where-the only-animals-involved-were-dogs.--Where-such--person--did not--know--or-should-not-reasonably-have-been-expected-to know-that-the-only-animals-involved-in-the-violation-were dogs,-the-penalty-shall-be-same-as-that-provided--for--in paragraph-(4)-of-subsection-(b).
- (4) Any person convicted of violating subsection (g) of Section 4.01 of this Act or any rule, regulation or order of the Department pursuant thereto is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.
- (5) A second or subsequent violation of subsection (a), (b) or (c) of Section 4.01 of this Act or any rule, regulation or order of the Department pursuant thereto is a Class 3 felony. A second or subsequent violation of subsection (d), (e) or (f) of Section 4.01 of this Act or any rule, regulation or order of the Department adopted pursuant thereto is a Class 3 felony, if in each violation the person knew or should have known that the device or equipment under subsection (d) or (e) of that Section the site, structure or facility under or subsection (f) of that Section was to be used to carry out a violation where the only animals involved were dogs. Where such person did not know or should not reasonably have been expected to know that the only

animals involved in the violation were dogs, a second or subsequent violation of subsection (d), (e) or (f) of Section 4.01 of this Act or any rule, regulation or order of the Department adopted pursuant thereto is a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent violation of subsection (g) is a Class B misdemeanor.

- (6) Any person convicted of violating Section 3.01 of this Act is guilty of a Class A E misdemeanor. A second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 3.01 is a Class 4 felony B-misdemeanor.—A--third er--subsequent-conviction-for-a-violation-of-Section-3.01 is-a-Class-A-misdemeanor.
- (7) Any person convicted of violating Section 4.03 is guilty of a Class A B misdemeanor. A second or subsequent violation is a Class 4 felony.
- (8) Any person convicted of violating Section 4.04 is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor where the animal is not killed or totally disabled, but if the animal is killed or totally disabled such person shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- (8.5) A person convicted of violating subsection (a) of Section 7.15 is guilty of a Class A B misdemeanor. A person convicted of violating subsection (b) or (c) of Section 7.15 is (i) guilty of a Class A misdemeanor if the dog is not killed or totally disabled and (ii) if the dog is killed or totally disabled, guilty of a Class 4 felony and may be ordered by the court to make restitution to the disabled person having custody or ownership of the dog for veterinary bills and replacement costs of the dog. A second or subsequent violation is a Class 4 felony.
- (9) Any person convicted of <u>any other act of abuse</u>

  <u>or neglect or of violating any other provision of this</u>

  Act, or any rule, regulation, or order of the Department

- pursuant thereto, is guilty of a Class B E misdemeanor.
- 2 <u>A second or subsequent violation is a Class 4 felony</u> with
- 3 every day that a violation continues constituting a
- 4 separate offense.
- 5 (d) Any person convicted of violating Section 7.1 is
- 6 guilty of a <u>Class C misdemeanor</u> petty-offense. A second or
- 7 subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 7.1 is a
- 8 Class  $\underline{B} \in misdemeanor$ .
- 9 (e) Any person convicted of violating Section 3.02 is
- 10 guilty of a Class 4 felony A--misdemeaner. A second or
- 11 subsequent violation is a Class 3 4 felony.
- 12 (f) The Department may enjoin a person from a continuing
- 13 violation of this Act.
- 14 (g) Any person convicted of violating Section 3.03 is
- 15 guilty of a Class 3 4 felony. A-second-or-subsequent-offense
- 16 is--a-Class-3-felony. As a condition of the sentence imposed
- 17 under this Section, the court shall order the offender to
- 18 undergo a psychological or psychiatric evaluation and to
- 19 undergo treatment that the court determines to be appropriate
- 20 after due consideration of the evaluation.
- 21 (h) In addition to any other penalty provided by law,
- 22 upon a conviction for violating Sections 3, 3.01, 3.02, or
- 23 3.03 the court may order the convicted person to undergo a
- 24 psychological or psychiatric evaluation and to undergo any
- 25 <u>treatment at the convicted person's expense that the court</u>
- 26 <u>determines</u> to be appropriate after due consideration of the
- 27 <u>evaluation. If the convicted person is a juvenile or a</u>
- 28 <u>companion animal hoarder, the court must order the convicted</u>
- 29 <u>person to undergo a psychological or psychiatric evaluation</u>
- 30 and to undergo treatment that the court determines to be
- 31 <u>appropriate after due consideration of the evaluation.</u>
- 32 (i) In addition to any other penalty provided by law,
- 33 upon conviction for violating Sections 3, 3.01, 3.02, or 3.03
- 34 the court may order the convicted person to forfeit to an

- 1 animal control or humane agency the animal or animals that
- 2 are the basis of the conviction. Upon an order of
- 3 <u>forfeiture</u>, the convicted person is deemed to have
- 4 permanently relinquished all rights to the animal or animals
- 5 that are the basis of the conviction. The forfeited animal
- 6 or animals shall be adopted or humanely euthanized. In no
- 7 event may the convicted person or anyone residing in his or
- 8 <u>her household be permitted to adopt the forfeited animal or</u>
- 9 <u>animals</u>. The court, additionally, may order that the
- 10 <u>convicted person and persons dwelling in the same household</u>
- 11 <u>as the convicted person who conspired, aided, or abetted in</u>
- 12 the unlawful act that was the basis of the conviction, or who
- 13 knew or should have known of the unlawful act, may not own,
- 14 <u>harbor, or have custody or control of any other animals for a</u>
- period of time that the court deems reasonable.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 90-14, eff. 7-1-97; 90-80, eff. 7-10-97;
- 17 91-291, eff. 1-1-00; 91-351, eff. 7-29-99; 91-357, eff.
- 18 7-29-99; revised 8-30-99.)
- 19 (510 ILCS 70/16.1 new)
- 20 <u>Sec. 16.1. Defenses. It is not a defense to violations</u>
- 21 of this Act for the person committing the violation to assert
- 22 <u>that he or she had rights of ownership in the animal that was</u>
- 23 <u>the victim of the violation.</u>
- 24 (510 ILCS 70/16.2 new)
- 25 <u>Sec. 16.2. Corporations. Corporations may be charged</u>
- 26 with violations of this Act for the acts of their employees
- 27 <u>or agents who violate this Act in the course of their</u>
- 28 <u>employment or agency.</u>
- 29 (510 ILCS 70/16.3 new)
- 30 <u>Sec. 16.3. Civil actions. Any person who has a right of</u>
- 31 <u>ownership in an animal that is subjected to an act of</u>

- 1 aggravated cruelty under Section 3.02 or torture under 2 Section 3.03 in violation of this Act or in an animal that is injured or killed as a result of actions taken by a person 3 4 who acts in bad faith under subsection (b) of Section 3.06 or under Section 12 of this Act may bring a civil action to 5 recover the damages sustained by that owner. Damages may 6 7 include, but are not limited to, the monetary value of the 8 animal, veterinary expenses incurred on behalf of the animal, 9 any other expenses incurred by the owner in rectifying the 10 effects of the cruelty, pain, and suffering of the animal, 11 and emotional distress suffered by the owner. In addition to 12 damages that may be proven, the owner is also entitled to 13 punitive or exemplary damages of not less than \$500 but not more than \$25,000 for each act of abuse or neglect to which 14 the animal was subjected. In addition, the court must award 15
- The remedies provided in this Section are in addition to
  any other remedies allowed by law.

reasonable attorney's fees and costs actually incurred by the

owner in the prosecution of any action under this Section.

- In an action under this Section, the court may enter any injunctive orders reasonably necessary to protect animals from any further acts of abuse, neglect, or harassment by a defendant. Trespass is not a defense to any action under this Section.
- 25 <u>The statute of limitations for cruelty to animals is 2</u> 26 <u>years.</u>
- 27 (510 ILCS 70/16.4 new)

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- Sec. 16.4. Illinois Animal Abuse Fund. The Illinois

  Animal Abuse Fund is created as a special fund in the State

  treasury. Moneys in the Fund may be used, subject to

  appropriation, by the Department of Agriculture to
- 32 <u>investigate animal abuse and neglect under this Act.</u>

-25-

Section 10. The Clerks of Courts Act is amended by changing Sections 27.5 and 27.6 as follows:

3 (705 ILCS 105/27.5) (from Ch. 25, par. 27.5)

27.5. (a) All fees, fines, costs, 4 additional 5 penalties, bail balances assessed or forfeited, and any other amount paid by a person to the circuit clerk that equals an 6 amount less than \$55, except restitution under Section 5-5-6 7 of the Unified Code of Corrections, reimbursement for the 8 costs of an emergency response as provided under Section 9 10 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections, any fees collected for attending a traffic safety program under paragraph (c) of 11 Supreme Court Rule 529, any fee collected on behalf of a 12 State's Attorney under Section 4-2002 of the Counties Code or 13 a sheriff under Section 4-5001 of the Counties Code, or 14 cost imposed under Section 124A-5 of the Code of Criminal 15 Procedure of 1963, for convictions, orders of supervision, or 16 17 any other disposition for a violation of Chapters 3, 18 11, and 12 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the 19 20 Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a 21 local ordinance, and except as provided in subsection (b) shall be disbursed within 60 days after receipt by the 22 circuit clerk as follows: 47% shall be disbursed to 23 24 entity authorized by law to receive the fine imposed in the case; 12% shall be disbursed to the State Treasurer; and 41% 25 shall be disbursed to the county's general corporate fund. Of 26 27 the 12% disbursed to the State Treasurer, 1/6 shall be deposited by the State Treasurer into the Violent Crime 28 29 Victims Assistance Fund, 1/2 shall be deposited into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund, and 1/3 shall 30 31 be deposited into the Drivers Education Fund. For fiscal years 1992 and 1993, amounts deposited into the Violent Crime 32 Victims Assistance Fund, the Traffic and Criminal Conviction 33

1 Surcharge Fund, or the Drivers Education Fund shall not 2 exceed 110% of the amounts deposited into those funds in fiscal year 1991. Any amount that exceeds the 110% limit 3 4 shall be distributed as follows: 50% shall be disbursed to 5 the county's general corporate fund and 50% shall 6 disbursed to the entity authorized by law to receive the fine 7 imposed in the case. Not later than March 1 of each year the circuit clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds 8 9 remitted to the State Treasurer under this Section during the preceding year based upon independent verification of fines 10 11 and fees. All counties shall be subject to this Section, except that counties with a population under 2,000,000 may, 12 by ordinance, elect not to be subject to this Section. 13 offenses subject to this Section, judges shall impose one 14 total sum of money payable for violations. The circuit clerk 15 16 may add on no additional amounts except for amounts that are required by Sections 27.3a and 27.3c of this Act, unless 17 18 those amounts are specifically waived by the judge. 19 respect to money collected by the circuit clerk as a result of forfeiture of bail, ex parte judgment or guilty plea 20 pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 529, the circuit clerk shall 21 first deduct and pay amounts required by Sections 27.3a and 22 23 27.3c of this Act. This Section is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of 24 25 Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.

26 (b) The following amounts must be remitted to the State
27 Treasurer for deposit into the Illinois Animal Abuse Fund:

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(1) 50% of amounts collected for Class 4 felonies under subsection (a), paragraph (4) of subsection (b), and paragraphs (6), (7), (8.5), and (9) of subsection (c) of Section 16 of the Humane Care for Animals Act and Class 3 felonies under paragraph (5) of subsection (c) of Section 16 of that Act.

34 (2) 20% of amounts collected for Class A

- 1 <u>misdemeanors under subsection (a), paragraph (4) of</u>
- 2 <u>subsection</u> (b), and paragraphs (6) and (7) of subsection
- 3 (c) of Section 16 of the Humane Care for Animals Act and
- 4 <u>Class B misdemeanors under paragraph (9) of subsection</u>
- 5 (c) of Section 16 of that Act.
- 6 (3) 20% of amounts collected for Class B
- 7 <u>misdemeanors under subsection (d) of Section 16 of the</u>
- 8 <u>Humane Care for Animals Act.</u>
- 9 (4) 50% of amounts collected for Class C
- 10 <u>misdemeanors under subsection (d) of Section 16 of the</u>
- 11 <u>Humane Care for Animals Act.</u>
- 12 (Source: P.A. 89-234, eff. 1-1-96.)
- 13 (705 ILCS 105/27.6)

- 14 Sec. 27.6. (a) All fees, fines, costs, additional
- 15 penalties, bail balances assessed or forfeited, and any other
- 16 amount paid by a person to the circuit clerk equalling an
- amount of \$55 or more, except the additional fee required by
- 18 subsections (b) and (c), restitution under Section 5-5-6 of
- 19 the Unified Code of Corrections, reimbursement for the costs
- of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of
- 21 the Unified Code of Corrections, any fees collected for
- 23 Supreme Court Rule 529, any fee collected on behalf of a

attending a traffic safety program under paragraph (c) of

- 24 State's Attorney under Section 4-2002 of the Counties Code or
- 25 a sheriff under Section 4-5001 of the Counties Code, or any
- 26 cost imposed under Section 124A-5 of the Code of Criminal
- 27 Procedure of 1963, for convictions, orders of supervision, or
- any other disposition for a violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6,
- 29 11, and 12 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar
- 30 provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the
- 31 Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a
- 32 local ordinance, and except as provided in subsection (d)
- 33 shall be disbursed within 60 days after receipt by the

1 circuit clerk as follows: 44.5% shall be disbursed to the 2 entity authorized by law to receive the fine imposed in the case; 16.825% shall be disbursed to the State Treasurer; and 3 4 38.675% shall be disbursed to the county's general corporate 5 fund. Of the 16.825% disbursed to the State Treasurer, 2/17 6 shall be deposited by the State Treasurer into the Violent 7 Crime Victims Assistance Fund, 5.052/17 shall be deposited into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund, 3/17 8 9 shall be deposited into the Drivers Education Fund, 6.948/17 shall be deposited into the Trauma Center Fund. Of 10 11 the 6.948/17 deposited into the Trauma Center Fund from the 16.825% disbursed to the State Treasurer, 50% shall be 12 disbursed to the Department of Public Health and 50% shall be 13 disbursed to the Department of Public Aid. For fiscal 14 15 1993, amounts deposited into the Violent Crime Victims 16 Assistance Fund, the Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund, or the Drivers Education Fund shall not 17 exceed 110% of the amounts deposited into those funds in 18 fiscal year 1991. Any amount that exceeds the 110% limit 19 shall be distributed as follows: 50% shall be disbursed to 20 21 the county's general corporate fund and 50% shall be 22 disbursed to the entity authorized by law to receive the fine 23 imposed in the case. Not later than March 1 of each year the circuit clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds 24 25 remitted to the State Treasurer under this Section during the preceding year based upon independent verification of fines 26 and fees. All counties shall be subject to this Section, 27 except that counties with a population under 2,000,000 may, 28 29 by ordinance, elect not to be subject to this Section. 30 offenses subject to this Section, judges shall impose one total sum of money payable for violations. The circuit clerk 31 32 may add on no additional amounts except for amounts that are required by Sections 27.3a and 27.3c of this Act, unless 33 those amounts are specifically waived by the judge. 34 With

- 1 respect to money collected by the circuit clerk as a result
- 2 of forfeiture of bail, ex parte judgment or guilty plea
- 3 pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 529, the circuit clerk shall
- 4 first deduct and pay amounts required by Sections 27.3a and
- 5 27.3c of this Act. This Section is a denial and limitation of
- 6 home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of
- 7 Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.
- 8 (b) In addition to any other fines and court costs
- 9 assessed by the courts, any person convicted or receiving an
- 10 order of supervision for driving under the influence of
- 11 alcohol or drugs shall pay an additional fee of \$25 to the
- 12 clerk of the circuit court. This amount, less 2 1/2% that
- 13 shall be used to defray administrative costs incurred by the
- 14 clerk, shall be remitted by the clerk to the Treasurer within
- 15 60 days after receipt for deposit into the Trauma Center
- 16 Fund. This additional fee of \$25 shall not be considered a
- 17 part of the fine for purposes of any reduction in the fine
- 18 for time served either before or after sentencing. Not later
- 19 than March 1 of each year the Circuit Clerk shall submit a
- 20 report of the amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer
- 21 under this subsection during the preceding calendar year.
- 22 (c) In addition to any other fines and court costs
- 23 assessed by the courts, any person convicted for a violation
- of Sections 24-1.1, 24-1.2, or 24-1.5 of the Criminal Code of
- 25 1961 or a person sentenced for a violation of the Cannabis
- 26 Control Act or the Controlled Substance Act shall pay an
- 27 additional fee of \$100 to the clerk of the circuit court.
- 28 This amount, less 2 1/2% that shall be used to defray
- 29 administrative costs incurred by the clerk, shall be remitted
- 30 by the clerk to the Treasurer within 60 days after receipt
- 31 for deposit into the Trauma Center Fund. This additional fee
- 32 of \$100 shall not be considered a part of the fine for
- 33 purposes of any reduction in the fine for time served either
- 34 before or after sentencing. Not later than March 1 of each

- 1 year the Circuit Clerk shall submit a report of the amount of
- 2 funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this subsection
- 3 during the preceding calendar year.
- 4 (d) The following amounts must be remitted to the State
- 5 <u>Treasurer for deposit into the Illinois Animal Abuse Fund:</u>
- 6 (1) 50% of amounts collected for Class 4 felonies
- 7 <u>under subsection (a), paragraph (4) of subsection (b),</u>
- and paragraphs (6), (7), (8.5), and (9) of subsection (c)
- 9 <u>of Section 16 of the Humane Care for Animals Act and</u>
- 10 <u>Class 3 felonies under paragraph (5) of subsection (c) of</u>
- 11 <u>Section 16 of that Act.</u>
- 12 (2) 20% of amounts collected for Class A
- misdemeanors under subsection (a), paragraph (4) of
- subsection (b), and paragraphs (6) and (7) of subsection
- (c) of Section (16) of the Humane Care for Animals Act
- 16 <u>and Class B misdemeanors under paragraph (9) of</u>
- subsection (c) of Section 16 of that Act.
- 18 <u>(3) 20% of amounts collected for Class B</u>
- 19 <u>misdemeanors under subsection (d) of Section 16 of the</u>
- Humane Care for Animals Act.
- 21 (4) 50% of amounts collected for Class C
- 22 <u>misdemeanors under subsection (d) of Section 16 of the</u>
- 23 <u>Humane Care for Animals Act.</u>
- 24 (Source: P.A. 89-105, eff. 1-1-96; 89-234, eff. 1-1-96;
- 25 89-516, eff. 7-18-96; 89-626, eff. 8-9-96.)
- 26 Section 15. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by
- 27 changing Sections 5-615, 5-710, and 5-715 as follows:
- 28 (705 ILCS 405/5-615)
- 29 Sec. 5-615. Continuance under supervision.
- 30 (1) The court may enter an order of continuance under
- 31 supervision for an offense other than first degree murder, a
- 32 Class X felony or a forcible felony (a) upon an admission or

- 1 stipulation by the appropriate respondent or minor respondent
- of the facts supporting the petition and before proceeding to
- 3 adjudication, or after hearing the evidence at the trial, and
- 4 (b) in the absence of objection made in open court by the
- 5 minor, his or her parent, guardian, or legal custodian, the
- 6 minor's attorney or the State's Attorney.
- 7 (2) If the minor, his or her parent, guardian, or legal
- 8 custodian, the minor's attorney or State's Attorney objects
- 9 in open court to any continuance and insists upon proceeding
- 10 to findings and adjudication, the court shall so proceed.
- 11 (3) Nothing in this Section limits the power of the
- 12 court to order a continuance of the hearing for the
- 13 production of additional evidence or for any other proper
- 14 reason.
- 15 (4) When a hearing where a minor is alleged to be a
- delinquent is continued pursuant to this Section, the period
- of continuance under supervision may not exceed 24 months.
- 18 The court may terminate a continuance under supervision at
- 19 any time if warranted by the conduct of the minor and the
- 20 ends of justice.
- 21 (5) When a hearing where a minor is alleged to be
- 22 delinquent is continued pursuant to this Section, the court
- 23 may, as conditions of the continuance under supervision,
- require the minor to do any of the following:
- 25 (a) not violate any criminal statute of any
- 26 jurisdiction;
- (b) make a report to and appear in person before
- any person or agency as directed by the court;
- 29 (c) work or pursue a course of study or vocational
- 30 training;
- 31 (d) undergo medical or psychotherapeutic treatment
- rendered by a therapist licensed under the provisions of
- 33 the Medical Practice Act of 1987, the Clinical
- 34 Psychologist Licensing Act, or the Clinical Social Work

1	and Social Work Practice Act, or an entity licensed by
2	the Department of Human Services as a successor to the
3	Department of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse, for the
4	provision of drug addiction and alcoholism treatment;
5	(e) attend or reside in a facility established for
6	the instruction or residence of persons on probation;
7	(f) support his or her dependents, if any;
8	(g) pay costs;
9	(h) refrain from possessing a firearm or other
10	dangerous weapon, or an automobile;
11	(i) permit the probation officer to visit him or
12	her at his or her home or elsewhere;
13	(j) reside with his or her parents or in a foster
14	home;
15	(k) attend school;
16	(1) attend a non-residential program for youth;
17	(m) contribute to his or her own support at home or
18	in a foster home;
19	(n) perform some reasonable public or community
20	service;
21	(o) make restitution to the victim, in the same
22	manner and under the same conditions as provided in
23	subsection (4) of Section 5-710, except that the
24	"sentencing hearing" referred to in that Section shall be
25	the adjudicatory hearing for purposes of this Section;
26	(p) comply with curfew requirements as designated
27	by the court;
28	(q) refrain from entering into a designated
29	geographic area except upon terms as the court finds
30	appropriate. The terms may include consideration of the
31	purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons
32	accompanying the minor, and advance approval by a

(r) refrain from having any contact, directly or

probation officer;

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indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular types of persons, including but not limited to members of street gangs and drug users or dealers;

- (r-5) undergo a medical or other procedure to have a tattoo symbolizing allegiance to a street gang removed from his or her body;
- (s) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug; or
- 13 (t) comply with any other conditions as may be
  14 ordered by the court.
  - (6) A minor whose case is continued under supervision under subsection (5) shall be given a certificate setting forth the conditions imposed by the court. Those conditions may be reduced, enlarged, or modified by the court on motion of the probation officer or on its own motion, or that of the State's Attorney, or, at the request of the minor after notice and hearing.
  - (7) If a petition is filed charging a violation of a condition of the continuance under supervision, the court shall conduct a hearing. If the court finds that a condition of supervision has not been fulfilled, the court may proceed to findings and adjudication and disposition. The filing of a petition for violation of a condition of the continuance under supervision shall toll the period of continuance under supervision until the final determination of the charge, and the term of the continuance under supervision shall not run until the hearing and disposition of the petition for violation; provided where the petition alleges conduct that does not constitute a criminal offense, the hearing must be held within 30 days of the filing of the petition unless a

delay shall continue the tolling of the period of continuance under supervision for the period of the delay.

- (8) When a hearing in which a minor is alleged to be a delinquent for reasons that include a violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is continued under this Section, the court shall, as a condition of the continuance under supervision, require the minor to perform community service for not less than 30 and not more than 120 hours, if community service is available in the jurisdiction. The community service shall include, but need not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of the damage that was caused by the alleged violation or similar damage to property located in the municipality or county in which the alleged violation occurred. The condition may be in addition to any other condition.
- (8.5) When a hearing in which a minor is alleged to be a delinquent for reasons that include a violation of Section 3.02 or Section 3.03 of the Humane Care for Animals Act or paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of Section 21-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is continued under this Section, the court shall, as a condition of the continuance under supervision, require the minor to undergo medical or psychiatric treatment rendered by a psychiatrist or psychological treatment rendered by a clinical psychologist. The condition may be in addition to any other condition.
- (9) When a hearing in which a minor is alleged to be a delinquent is continued under this Section, the court, before continuing the case, shall make a finding whether the offense alleged to have been committed either: (i) was related to or in furtherance of the activities of an organized gang or was motivated by the minor's membership in or allegiance to an organized gang, or (ii) is a violation of paragraph (13) of subsection (a) of Section 12-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961, a violation of any Section of Article 24 of the Criminal Code

1 of 1961, or a violation of any statute that involved the 2 unlawful use of a firearm. If the court determines the question in the affirmative the court shall, as a condition 3 4 of the continuance under supervision and as part of or in 5 addition to any other condition of the supervision, require 6 the minor to perform community service for not less than 30 hours, provided that community service is available in the 7 jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board 8 9 of the county where the offense was committed. The community service shall include, but need not be limited to, 10 11 cleanup and repair of any damage caused by an alleged violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and 12 similar damage to property located in the municipality or 13 county in which the alleged violation occurred. 14 When 15 possible and reasonable, the community service shall be 16 performed in the minor's neighborhood. For the purposes of this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it 17 18 in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus 19 Prevention Act.

(10) The court shall impose upon a minor placed on 20 21 supervision, as a condition of the supervision, a fee of \$25 for each month of supervision ordered by the court, 22 23 after determining the inability of the minor placed on supervision to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser 24 25 The court may not impose the fee on a minor who is made a ward of the State under this Act while the minor is in 26 The fee shall be imposed only upon a minor who is 27 placement. actively supervised by the probation and court services 28 29 department. A court may order the parent, guardian, or legal 30 custodian of the minor to pay some or all of the fee on the minor's behalf. 31

- 32 (Source: P.A. 90-590, eff. 1-1-99; 91-98; eff. 1-1-00;
- 33 91-332, eff. 7-29-99; revised 10-7-99.)

1 (705 ILCS 405/5-710)

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- 2 Sec. 5-710. Kinds of sentencing orders.
- 3 (1) The following kinds of sentencing orders may be made 4 in respect of wards of the court:
- 5 (a) Except as provided in Sections 5-805, 5-810,
  6 5-815, a minor who is found guilty under Section 5-620
  7 may be:
  - (i) put on probation or conditional discharge and released to his or her parents, guardian or legal custodian, provided, however, that any such minor who is not committed to the Department of Corrections, Juvenile Division under this subsection and who is found to be a delinquent for an offense which is first degree murder, a Class X felony, or a forcible felony shall be placed on probation;
  - (ii) placed in accordance with Section 5-740, with or without also being put on probation or conditional discharge;
  - (iii) required to undergo a substance abuse assessment conducted by a licensed provider and participate in the indicated clinical level of care;
  - (iv) placed in the guardianship of the Department of Children and Family Services, but only if the delinquent minor is under 13 years of age;
  - (v) placed in detention for a period not to exceed 30 days, either as the exclusive order of disposition or, where appropriate, in conjunction with any other order of disposition issued under this paragraph, provided that any such detention shall be in a juvenile detention home and the minor so detained shall be 10 years of age or older. However, the 30-day limitation may be extended by further order of the court for a minor under age 13 committed to the Department of Children and Family

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Services if the court finds that the minor is danger to himself or others. The minor shall be given credit on the sentencing order of detention for time spent in detention under Sections 5-501, 5-601, 5-710, or 5-720 of this Article as a result of the offense for which the sentencing order was imposed. The court may grant credit on a sentencing order of detention entered under a violation of probation or violation of conditional discharge under Section 5-720 of this Article for time spent in detention before the filing of the petition alleging the violation. A minor shall not be deprived of credit for time spent in detention before the filing of a violation of probation or conditional discharge alleging the same or related act or acts;

(vi) ordered partially or completely
emancipated in accordance with the provisions of the
Emancipation of Mature Minors Act;

(vii) subject to having his or her driver's license or driving privileges suspended for such time as determined by the court but only until he or she attains 18 years of age;

(viii) put on probation or conditional discharge and placed in detention under Section 3-6039 of the Counties Code for a period not to exceed the period of incarceration permitted by law for adults found guilty of the same offense or offenses for which the minor was adjudicated delinquent, and in any event no longer than upon attainment of age 21; this subdivision (viii) notwithstanding any contrary provision of the law; or

(ix) ordered to undergo a medical or other

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procedure to have a tattoo symbolizing allegiance to a street gang removed from his or her body.

- (b) A minor found to be guilty may be committed to the Department of Corrections, Juvenile Division, under Section 5-750 if the minor is 13 years of age or older, provided that the commitment to the Department of Corrections, Juvenile Division, shall be made only if a term of incarceration is permitted by law for adults found guilty of the offense for which the minor was adjudicated delinquent. The time during which a minor is in custody before being released upon the request of a parent, guardian or legal custodian shall be considered as time spent in detention.
- (c) When a minor is found to be guilty for an offense which is a violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or the Cannabis Control Act and made a ward of the court, the court may enter a disposition order requiring the minor to undergo assessment, counseling or treatment in a substance abuse program approved by the Department of Human Services.
- (2) Any sentencing order other than commitment to the Department of Corrections, Juvenile Division, may provide for protective supervision under Section 5-725 and may include an order of protection under Section 5-730.
- (3) Unless the sentencing order expressly so provides, it does not operate to close proceedings on the pending petition, but is subject to modification until final closing and discharge of the proceedings under Section 5-750.
- In addition to any other sentence, the court may order any minor found to be delinquent to make restitution, in monetary or non-monetary form, under the terms and conditions of Section 5-5-6 of the Unified Code of Corrections, except that the "presentencing hearing" referred in that Section shall be the sentencing hearing for to

custodian of the minor may be ordered by the court to pay some or all of the restitution on the minor's behalf, pursuant to the Parental Responsibility Law. The State's Attorney is authorized to act on behalf of any victim in

purposes of this Section. The parent, guardian or legal

7 the maximum amount allowed in Section 5 of the Parental

seeking restitution in proceedings under this Section, up to

8 Responsibility Law.

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- 9 Any sentencing order where the minor is committed or placed in accordance with Section 5-740 shall provide for the 10 11 parents or guardian of the estate of the minor to pay to the legal custodian or guardian of the person of the minor such 12 are determined by the custodian or guardian of the 13 sums as person of the minor as necessary for the minor's needs. 14 15 payments may not exceed the maximum amounts provided for by 16 Section 9.1 of the Children and Family Services Act.
- 17 (6) Whenever the sentencing order requires the minor to
  18 attend school or participate in a program of training, the
  19 truant officer or designated school official shall regularly
  20 report to the court if the minor is a chronic or habitual
  21 truant under Section 26-2a of the School Code.
  - (7) In no event shall a guilty minor be committed to the Department of Corrections, Juvenile Division for a period of time in excess of that period for which an adult could be committed for the same act.
- (8) A minor found to be guilty for reasons that include 26 Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 27 a violation of shall be ordered to perform community service for not 28 29 than 30 and not more than 120 hours, if community service is available in the jurisdiction. The community service shall 30 include, but need not be limited to, the cleanup and repair 31 32 of the damage that was caused by the violation or similar damage to property located in the municipality or county in 33 34 which the violation occurred. The order may be in addition

- 1 to any other order authorized by this Section.
- 2 (8.5) A minor found to be guilty for reasons that
- 3 <u>include a violation of Section 3.02 or Section 3.03 of the</u>
- 4 <u>Humane Care for Animals Act or paragraph (d) of subsection</u>
- 5 (1) of Section 21-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 shall be
- 6 ordered to undergo medical or psychiatric treatment rendered
- 7 <u>by a psychiatrist or psychological treatment rendered by a</u>
- 8 <u>clinical psychologist</u>. The order may be in addition to any
- 9 <u>other order authorized by this Section.</u>

(9) In addition to any other sentencing order, the court 10 11 shall order any minor found to be guilty for an act which would constitute, predatory criminal sexual assault of a 12 child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual 13 assault, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, or criminal sexual 14 15 abuse if committed by an adult to undergo medical testing to 16 whether the defendant has any transmissible disease including a test for infection with 17 human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified 18 19 causative agency of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome Any medical test shall be performed only 20 (AIDS). 21 appropriately licensed medical practitioners and may include 22 an analysis of any bodily fluids as well as an examination of 23 the minor's person. Except as otherwise provided by law, results of the test shall be kept strictly confidential by 24 25 all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the 26 court in which the sentencing order was entered for the 27 judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the 28 29 best interests of the victim and the public, the judge shall 30 have the discretion to determine to whom the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the minor of 31 32 the results of the test for infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall also notify 33

the victim if requested by the victim, and if the victim is

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1 under the age of 15 and if requested by the victim's parents 2 or legal guardian, the court shall notify the victim's parents or the legal guardian, of the results of the test for 3 4 infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). court shall provide information on the availability of 5 6 testing and counseling at the Department of Public Health 7 facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing 8 are revealed. The court shall order that the cost of any 9 test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against the minor. 10

(10) When a court finds a minor to be guilty the court shall, before entering a sentencing order under this Section, make a finding whether the offense committed either: (a) was related to or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang or was motivated by the minor's membership in or allegiance to an organized gang, or (b) violation of subsection (a) of Section 12-7.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, a violation of any Section of Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or a violation of any statute that involved the wrongful use of a firearm. If the court determines the question in the affirmative, and the court does not commit the minor to the Department of Corrections, Juvenile Division, the court shall order the minor to perform community service for not less than 30 hours nor more than 120 hours, provided that community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board of the county where the offense was committed. The community service shall include, but need not be limited the cleanup and repair of any damage caused by a violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and similar damage to property located in the municipality or county in which the violation occurred. When possible and reasonable, the community service shall be performed in the minor's neighborhood. This order shall be in addition to any other

- order authorized by this Section except for an order to place
- 2 the minor in the custody of the Department of Corrections,
- 3 Juvenile Division. For the purposes of this Section,
- 4 "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10
- of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 90-590, eff. 1-1-99; 91-98, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 7 (705 ILCS 405/5-715)
- 8 Sec. 5-715. Probation.
- 9 (1) The period of probation or conditional discharge
- 10 shall not exceed 5 years or until the minor has attained the
- 11 age of 21 years, whichever is less, except as provided in
- 12 this Section for a minor who is found to be guilty for an
- offense which is first degree murder, a Class X felony or a
- 14 forcible felony. The juvenile court may terminate probation
- or conditional discharge and discharge the minor at any time
- 16 if warranted by the conduct of the minor and the ends of
- 17 justice; provided, however, that the period of probation for
- 18 a minor who is found to be guilty for an offense which is
- 19 first degree murder, a Class X felony, or a forcible felony
- shall be at least 5 years.
- 21 (2) The court may as a condition of probation or of
- 22 conditional discharge require that the minor:
- 23 (a) not violate any criminal statute of any
- 24 jurisdiction;
- 25 (b) make a report to and appear in person before
- any person or agency as directed by the court;
- 27 (c) work or pursue a course of study or vocational
- 28 training;
- 29 (d) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment,
- 30 rendered by a psychiatrist or psychological treatment
- 31 rendered by a clinical psychologist or social work
- 32 services rendered by a clinical social worker, or
- treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;

1	(e) attend or reside in a facility established for
2	the instruction or residence of persons on probation;
3	(f) support his or her dependents, if any;
4	(g) refrain from possessing a firearm or other
5	dangerous weapon, or an automobile;
6	(h) permit the probation officer to visit him or
7	her at his or her home or elsewhere;
8	(i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster
9	home;
10	(j) attend school;
11	(k) attend a non-residential program for youth;
12	(1) make restitution under the terms of subsection
13	(4) of Section 5-710;
14	(m) contribute to his or her own support at home or
15	in a foster home;
16	(n) perform some reasonable public or community
17	service;
18	(o) participate with community corrections programs
19	including unified delinquency intervention services
20	administered by the Department of Human Services subject
21	to Section 5 of the Children and Family Services Act;
22	(p) pay costs;
23	(q) serve a term of home confinement. In addition
24	to any other applicable condition of probation or
25	conditional discharge, the conditions of home confinement
26	shall be that the minor:
27	(i) remain within the interior premises of the
28	place designated for his or her confinement during
29	the hours designated by the court;
30	(ii) admit any person or agent designated by
31	the court into the minor's place of confinement at
32	any time for purposes of verifying the minor's
33	compliance with the conditions of his or her
34	confinement; and

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1	(iii) use an approved electronic monitoring
2	device if ordered by the court subject to Article 8A
3	of Chapter V of the Unified Code of Corrections;

- (r) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon terms as the court finds appropriate. The terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons accompanying the minor, and advance approval by a probation officer, if the minor has been placed on probation, or advance approval by the court, if the minor has been placed on conditional discharge;
- (s) refrain from having any contact, directly or indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular types of persons, including but not limited to members of street gangs and drug users or dealers;
- (s-5) undergo a medical or other procedure to have a tattoo symbolizing allegiance to a street gang removed from his or her body;
- (t) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and shall submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug; or
- (u) comply with other conditions as may be ordered by the court.
- (3) The court may as a condition of probation or of conditional discharge require that a minor found guilty on any alcohol, cannabis, or controlled substance violation, refrain from acquiring a driver's license during the period of probation or conditional discharge. If the minor is in possession of a permit or license, the court may require that the minor refrain from driving or operating any motor vehicle during the period of probation or conditional discharge,

- 1 except as may be necessary in the course of the minor's
- 2 lawful employment.
- (3.5) The court shall, as a condition of probation or of 3
- 4 conditional discharge, require that a minor found to be
- guilty and placed on probation for reasons that include a 5
- 6 violation of Section 3.02 or Section 3.03 of the Humane Care
- 7 for Animals Act or paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of Section
- 21-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 undergo medical or 8
- psychiatric treatment rendered by a psychiatrist or 9
- psychological treatment rendered by a clinical psychologist. 10
- 11 The condition may be in addition to any other condition.
- (4) A minor on probation or conditional discharge shall 12
- be given a certificate setting forth the conditions upon 13
- which he or she is being released. 14
- 15 (5) The court shall impose upon a minor placed on
- 16 probation or conditional discharge, as a condition of the
- probation or conditional discharge, a fee of \$25 for each 17
- month of probation or conditional discharge supervision 18
- 19 ordered by the court, unless after determining the inability
- of the minor placed on probation or conditional discharge to 20
- 21 pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser amount. The court
- State under this Act while the minor is in placement.

may not impose the fee on a minor who is made a ward of the

- fee shall be imposed only upon a minor who is actively
- 25 supervised by the probation and court services department.
- The court may order the parent, guardian, or legal custodian 26
- of the minor to pay some or all of the fee on the minor's 27
- behalf. 28

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- (6) The General Assembly finds that in order to protect 29
- 30 the juvenile justice system must compel
- compliance with the conditions of probation by responding to 31
- 32 violations with swift, certain, and fair punishments and
- intermediate sanctions. The Chief Judge of each circuit 33
- shall adopt a system of structured, intermediate sanctions 34

- 1 for violations of the terms and conditions of a sentence of
- 2 supervision, probation or conditional discharge, under this
- 3 Act.
- 4 The court shall provide as a condition of a disposition
- of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, that the
- 6 probation agency may invoke any sanction from the list of
- 7 intermediate sanctions adopted by the chief judge of the
- 8 circuit court for violations of the terms and conditions of
- 9 the sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or
- 10 supervision, subject to the provisions of Section 5-720 of
- 11 this Act.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 90-590, eff. 1-1-99; 91-98, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 13 Section 20. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
- 14 changing Section 21-1 as follows:
- 15 (720 ILCS 5/21-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 21-1)
- 16 Sec. 21-1. Criminal damage to property.
- 17 (1) A person commits an illegal act when he:
- 18 (a) knowingly damages any property of another
- 19 without his consent; or
- 20 (b) recklessly by means of fire or explosive
- 21 damages property of another; or
- (c) knowingly starts a fire on the land of another
- 23 without his consent; or
- 24 (d) knowingly injures a domestic animal of another
- 25 without his consent; or
- 26 (e) knowingly deposits on the land or in the
- building of another, without his consent, any stink bomb
- or any offensive smelling compound and thereby intends to
- interfere with the use by another of the land or
- 30 building; or
- 31 (f) damages any property, other than as described
- in subsection (b) of Section 20-1, with intent to defraud

1 an insurer; or

2 (g) knowingly shoots a firearm at any portion of a 3 railroad train.

When the charge of criminal damage to property exceeding a specified value is brought, the extent of the damage is an element of the offense to be resolved by the trier of fact as either exceeding or not exceeding the specified value.

8 The acts described in items (a), (b), (c), (e), and 9 through (f) are Class A misdemeanors if the damage to property does not exceed \$300. The acts described in items 10 11 (a), (b), (c), (e), and through (f) are Class 4 felonies if the damage to property does not exceed \$300 if the damage 12 occurs to property of a school or place of worship. The act 13 described in item (d) is a Class 4 felony if the damage to 14 property does not exceed \$10,000. The act described in item 15 16 (g) is a Class 4 felony. The acts described in items (a), (b), (c), (e), and through (f) are Class 4 felonies if the 17 damage to property exceeds \$300 but does not exceed \$10,000. 18 19 The acts described in items (a) through (f) are Class 3 felonies if the damage to property exceeds \$300 but does not 20 21 exceed \$10,000 if the damage occurs to property of a school or place of worship. The acts described in items (a) through 22 23 (f) are Class 3 felonies if the damage to property exceeds \$10,000 but does not exceed \$100,000. The acts described in 24 25 items (a) through (f) are Class 2 felonies if the damage to property exceeds \$10,000 but does not exceed \$100,000 if the 26 damage occurs to property of a school or place of worship. 27 The acts described in items (a) through (f) are Class 2 28 29 felonies if the damage to property exceeds \$100,000. 30 acts described in items (a) through (f) are Class 1 felonies if the damage to property exceeds \$100,000 and the damage 31 32 occurs to property of a school or place of worship. damage to property exceeds \$10,000, the court shall 33 upon the offender a fine equal to the value of the damages to 34

- 1 the property.
- 2 (3) In addition to any other sentence that may be
- 3 imposed, a court shall order any person convicted of criminal
- 4 damage to property to perform community service for not less
- 5 than 30 and not more than 120 hours, if community service is
- 6 available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by
- 7 the county board of the county where the offense was
- 8 committed. In addition, whenever any person is placed on
- 9 supervision for an alleged offense under this Section, the
- 10 supervision shall be conditioned upon the performance of the
- 11 community service.
- 12 This subsection does not apply when the court imposes a
- 13 sentence of incarceration.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 91-360, eff. 7-29-99.)
- 15 Section 25. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
- 16 Section 5.545 as follows:
- 17 (30 ILCS 105/5.545 new)
- 18 <u>Sec. 5.545. The Illinois Animal Abuse Fund.</u>
- 19 Section 30. Severability. The provisions of this Act
- are severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.
- 21 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect on
- 22 January 1, 2002.".