LRB9213088NTcs

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AN ACT regarding schools.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing
Section 18-8.05 as follows:

6 (105 ILCS 5/18-8.05)

Sec. 18-8.05. Basis for apportionment of general State
financial aid and supplemental general State aid to the
common schools for the 1998-1999 and subsequent school years.

10 (A) General Provisions.

11 (1) The provisions of this Section apply to the 1998-1999 and subsequent school years. The system of general 12 State financial aid provided for in this Section is designed 13 to assure that, through a combination of State financial aid 14 and required local resources, the financial support provided 15 16 each pupil in Average Daily Attendance equals or exceeds a prescribed per pupil Foundation Level. This formula approach 17 18 imputes a level of per pupil Available Local Resources and provides for the basis to calculate a per pupil level of 19 general State financial aid that, when added to Available 20 Local Resources, equals or exceeds the Foundation Level. The 21 22 amount of per pupil general State financial aid for school 23 districts, in general, varies in inverse relation to Available Local Resources. Per pupil amounts are based upon 24 25 each school district's Average Daily Attendance as that term is defined in this Section. 26

(2) In addition to general State financial aid, school
districts with specified levels or concentrations of pupils
from low income households are eligible to receive
supplemental general State financial aid grants as provided
pursuant to subsection (H) of this Section. The supplemental

1 State aid grants provided for school districts under 2 subsection (H) shall be appropriated for distribution to 3 school districts as part of the same line item in which the 4 general State financial aid of school districts is 5 appropriated under this Section.

6 (3) To receive financial assistance under this Section, 7 school districts are required to file claims with the State 8 Board of Education, subject to the following requirements:

9 Any school district which fails for any given (a) school year to maintain school as required by law, or to 10 11 maintain a recognized school is not eligible to file for 12 such school year any claim upon the Common School Fund. In case of nonrecognition of one or more attendance 13 school district otherwise operating 14 centers in а 15 recognized schools, the claim of the district shall be 16 reduced in the proportion which the Average Daily Attendance in the attendance center or centers bear to 17 the Average Daily Attendance in the school district. A 18 19 "recognized school" means any public school which meets the standards as established for recognition by the State 20 Board of Education. A school district or attendance 21 22 center not having recognition status at the end of a 23 school term is entitled to receive State aid payments due a legal claim which was filed while it was 24 upon 25 recognized.

(b) School district claims filed under this Section
are subject to Sections 18-9, 18-10, and 18-12, except as
otherwise provided in this Section.

(c) If a school district operates a full year
school under Section 10-19.1, the general State aid to
the school district shall be determined by the State
Board of Education in accordance with this Section as
near as may be applicable.

(d) (Blank).

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1 (4) Except as provided in subsections (H) and (L), the 2 board of any district receiving any of the grants provided 3 for in this Section may apply those funds to any fund so 4 received for which that board is authorized to make 5 expenditures by law.

School districts are not required to exert a minimum
Operating Tax Rate in order to qualify for assistance under
this Section.

9 (5) As used in this Section the following terms, when 10 capitalized, shall have the meaning ascribed herein:

11 (a) "Average Daily Attendance": A count of pupil 12 attendance in school, averaged as provided for in 13 subsection (C) and utilized in deriving per pupil 14 financial support levels.

(b) "Available Local Resources": A computation of
local financial support, calculated on the basis of
Average Daily Attendance and derived as provided pursuant
to subsection (D).

19 (c) "Corporate Personal Property Replacement
20 Taxes": Funds paid to local school districts pursuant to
21 "An Act in relation to the abolition of ad valorem
22 personal property tax and the replacement of revenues
23 lost thereby, and amending and repealing certain Acts and
24 parts of Acts in connection therewith", certified August
25 14, 1979, as amended (Public Act 81-1st S.S.-1).

26 (d) "Foundation Level": A prescribed level of per
27 pupil financial support as provided for in subsection
28 (B).

(e) "Operating Tax Rate": All school district
property taxes extended for all purposes, except Bond and
Interest, Summer School, Rent, Capital Improvement, and
Vocational Education Building purposes.

33 (B) Foundation Level.

34 (1) The Foundation Level is a figure established by the

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1 State representing the minimum level of per pupil financial 2 support that should be available to provide for the basic education of each pupil in Average Daily Attendance. As set 3 4 forth in this Section, each school district is assumed to 5 exert a sufficient local taxing effort such that, in б combination with the aggregate of general State financial aid 7 provided the district, an aggregate of State and local resources are available to meet the basic education needs of 8 9 pupils in the district.

10 (2) For the 1998-1999 school year, the Foundation Level 11 of support is \$4,225. For the 1999-2000 school year, the 12 Foundation Level of support is \$4,325. For the 2000-2001 13 school year, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,425.

14 (3) For the 2001-2002 school year and each school year 15 thereafter, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,560 or such 16 greater amount as may be established by law by the General 17 Assembly.

18 (C) Average Daily Attendance.

19 For purposes of calculating general State (1) aid pursuant to subsection (E), an Average Daily Attendance 20 21 figure shall be utilized. The Average Daily Attendance figure for formula calculation purposes shall be the monthly 22 23 average of the actual number of pupils in attendance of each school district, as further averaged for the best 3 months of 24 25 pupil attendance for each school district. In compiling the 26 figures for the number of pupils in attendance, school districts and the State Board of Education shall, for 27 28 purposes of general State aid funding, conform attendance 29 figures to the requirements of subsection (F).

30 (2) The Average Daily Attendance figures utilized in 31 subsection (E) shall be the requisite attendance data for the 32 school year immediately preceding the school year for which 33 general State aid is being calculated or the average of the 34 attendance data for the 3 preceding school years, whichever

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is greater. The Average Daily Attendance figures utilized in
 subsection (H) shall be the requisite attendance data for the
 school year immediately preceding the school year for which
 general State aid is being calculated.

5 (D) Available Local Resources.

6 (1) For purposes of calculating general State aid 7 pursuant to subsection (E), a representation of Available Local Resources per pupil, as that term is defined and 8 determined in this subsection, shall be utilized. 9 Available Local Resources per pupil shall include a calculated dollar 10 11 amount representing local school district revenues from local 12 property taxes and from Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes, expressed on the basis of pupils in 13 14 Average Daily Attendance.

15 (2) In determining a school district's revenue from 16 local property taxes, the State Board of Education shall 17 utilize the equalized assessed valuation of all taxable 18 property of each school district as of September 30 of the 19 previous year. The equalized assessed valuation utilized 20 shall be obtained and determined as provided in subsection 21 (G).

For school districts maintaining grades kindergarten 22 (3) through 12, local property tax revenues per pupil shall be 23 calculated as the product of the applicable equalized 24 25 assessed valuation for the district multiplied by 3.00%, and divided by the district's Average Daily Attendance figure. 26 For school districts maintaining grades kindergarten through 27 28 8. local property tax revenues per pupil shall be calculated as the product of the applicable equalized assessed valuation 29 for the district multiplied by 2.30%, and divided by the 30 district's Average Daily Attendance figure. 31 For school districts maintaining grades 9 through 12, local property tax 32 33 revenues per pupil shall be the applicable equalized assessed valuation of the district multiplied by 1.05%, and divided by 34

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the district's Average Daily Attendance figure.

2 (4) The Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes paid to each school district during the calendar year 2 years 3 4 before the calendar year in which a school year begins, 5 divided by the Average Daily Attendance figure for that 6 district, shall be added to the local property tax revenues 7 per pupil as derived by the application of the immediately 8 preceding paragraph (3). The sum of these per pupil figures 9 for each school district shall constitute Available Local Resources as that term is utilized in subsection (E) in the 10 11 calculation of general State aid.

12 (E) Computation of General State Aid.

(1) For each school year, the amount of general State
aid allotted to a school district shall be computed by the
State Board of Education as provided in this subsection.

16 (2) For any school district for which Available Local 17 Resources per pupil is less than the product of 0.93 times 18 the Foundation Level, general State aid for that district 19 shall be calculated as an amount equal to the Foundation 20 Level minus Available Local Resources, multiplied by the 21 Average Daily Attendance of the school district.

(3) For any school district for which Available Local 22 23 Resources per pupil is equal to or greater than the product 24 of 0.93 times the Foundation Level and less than the product 25 of 1.75 times the Foundation Level, the general State aid per pupil shall be a decimal proportion of the Foundation Level 26 derived using a linear algorithm. Under 27 this linear 28 algorithm, the calculated general State aid per pupil shall decline in direct linear fashion from 0.07 times 29 the 30 Foundation Level for a school district with Available Local Resources equal to the product of 0.93 times the Foundation 31 Level, to 0.05 times the Foundation Level for a school 32 33 district with Available Local Resources equal to the product of 1.75 times the Foundation Level. The allocation of 34

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general State aid for school districts subject to this paragraph 3 shall be the calculated general State aid per pupil figure multiplied by the Average Daily Attendance of the school district.

5 (4) For any school district for which Available Local 6 Resources per pupil equals or exceeds the product of 1.75 7 times the Foundation Level, the general State aid for the 8 school district shall be calculated as the product of \$218 9 multiplied by the Average Daily Attendance of the school 10 district.

11 (5) The amount of general State aid allocated to a school district for the 1999-2000 school year meeting the 12 requirements set forth in paragraph (4) of subsection (G) 13 increased by an amount equal to the general State 14 shall be aid that would have been received by the district for the 15 16 1998-1999 school year by utilizing the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation as calculated in paragraph (4) 17 18 of subsection (G) less the general State aid allotted for the 1998-1999 school year. This amount shall be deemed a one 19 time increase, and shall not affect any future general State 20 21 aid allocations.

22 (F) Compilation of Average Daily Attendance.

23 (1) Each school district shall, by July 1 of each year, submit to the State Board of Education, on forms prescribed 24 by the State Board of Education, attendance figures for the 25 school year that began in the preceding calendar year. 26 The attendance information so transmitted shall identify the 27 28 average daily attendance figures for each month of the school year, except that any days of attendance in August shall be 29 added to the month of September and any days of attendance in 30 June shall be added to the month of May. 31

Except as otherwise provided in this Section, days of attendance by pupils shall be counted only for sessions of not less than 5 clock hours of school work per day under

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direct supervision of: (i) teachers, or (ii) non-teaching personnel or volunteer personnel when engaging in non-teaching duties and supervising in those instances specified in subsection (a) of Section 10-22.34 and paragraph 10 of Section 34-18, with pupils of legal school age and in kindergarten and grades 1 through 12.

7 Days of attendance by tuition pupils shall be accredited 8 only to the districts that pay the tuition to a recognized 9 school.

10 (2) Days of attendance by pupils of less than 5 clock
11 hours of school shall be subject to the following provisions
12 in the compilation of Average Daily Attendance.

13 (a) Pupils regularly enrolled in a public school for only a part of the school day may be counted on the 14 basis of 1/6 day for every class hour of instruction of 15 16 40 minutes or more attended pursuant to such enrollment, unless a pupil is enrolled in a block-schedule format of 17 80 minutes or more of instruction, in which case the 18 19 pupil may be counted on the basis of the proportion of minutes of school work completed each day to the minimum 20 21 number of minutes that school work is required to be held 22 that day.

(b) Days of attendance may be less than 5 clock hours on the opening and closing of the school term, and upon the first day of pupil attendance, if preceded by a day or days utilized as an institute or teachers' workshop.

(c) A session of 4 or more clock hours may be
counted as a day of attendance upon certification by the
regional superintendent, and approved by the State
Superintendent of Education to the extent that the
district has been forced to use daily multiple sessions.

33 (d) A session of 3 or more clock hours may be34 counted as a day of attendance (1) when the remainder of

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1 the school day or at least 2 hours in the evening of that 2 day is utilized for an in-service training program for teachers, up to a maximum of 5 days per school year of 3 4 which a maximum of 4 days of such 5 days may be used for parent-teacher conferences, provided a district conducts 5 in-service training program for teachers which has 6 an 7 been approved by the State Superintendent of Education; 8 or, in lieu of 4 such days, 2 full days may be used, in 9 which event each such day may be counted as a day of attendance; and (2) when days in addition to those 10 11 provided in item (1) are scheduled by a school pursuant 12 to its school improvement plan adopted under Article 34 or its revised or amended school improvement plan adopted 13 under Article 2, provided that (i) such sessions of 3 or 14 15 more clock hours are scheduled to occur at regular 16 intervals, (ii) the remainder of the school days in which such sessions occur are utilized for in-service training 17 or other staff development activities for 18 programs teachers, and (iii) a sufficient number of minutes of 19 school work under the direct supervision of teachers are 20 21 added to the school days between such regularly scheduled 22 sessions to accumulate not less than the number of 23 minutes by which such sessions of 3 or more clock hours fall short of 5 clock hours. Any full days used for 24 the purposes of this paragraph shall not be considered for 25 computing average daily attendance. Days scheduled for 26 27 in-service training programs, staff development parent-teacher conferences 28 activities, or may be 29 scheduled separately for different grade levels and

30 different attendance centers of the district.31 (e) A session of not less than one clock hour of

teaching hospitalized or homebound pupils on-site or by telephone to the classroom may be counted as 1/2 day of attendance, however these pupils must receive 4 or more

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clock hours of instruction to be counted for a full day
 of attendance.

3 (f) A session of at least 4 clock hours may be 4 counted as a day of attendance for first grade pupils, 5 and pupils in full day kindergartens, and a session of 2 6 or more hours may be counted as 1/2 day of attendance by 7 pupils in kindergartens which provide only 1/2 day of 8 attendance.

9 (g) For children with disabilities who are below 10 the age of 6 years and who cannot attend 2 or more clock 11 hours because of their disability or immaturity, a 12 session of not less than one clock hour may be counted as 13 1/2 day of attendance; however for such children whose 14 educational needs so require a session of 4 or more clock 15 hours may be counted as a full day of attendance.

16 (h) A recognized kindergarten which provides for only 1/2 day of attendance by each pupil shall not have 17 more than 1/2 day of attendance counted in any one day. 18 However, kindergartens may count 2 1/2 days of attendance 19 in any 5 consecutive school days. When a pupil attends 20 21 such a kindergarten for 2 half days on any one school 22 day, the pupil shall have the following day as a day absent from school, unless the school district obtains 23 permission in writing from the State Superintendent of 24 Education. Attendance at kindergartens which provide for 25 a full day of attendance by each pupil shall be counted 26 the same as attendance by first grade pupils. Only the 27 first year of attendance in one kindergarten shall be 28 29 counted, except in case of children who entered the 30 kindergarten in their fifth year whose educational development requires a second year of kindergarten as 31 determined under the rules and regulations of the State 32 Board of Education. 33

34 (G) Equalized Assessed Valuation Data.

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1 (1) For purposes of the calculation of Available Local 2 Resources required pursuant to subsection (D), the State Board of Education shall secure from the Department of 3 4 Revenue the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue of all taxable property of every school district, 5 together with (i) the applicable tax rate used in extending 6 7 taxes for the funds of the district as of September 30 of the 8 previous year and (ii) the limiting rate for all school 9 districts subject to property tax extension limitations as imposed under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. 10

11 This equalized assessed valuation, as adjusted further by 12 the requirements of this subsection, shall be utilized in the 13 calculation of Available Local Resources.

14 (2) The equalized assessed valuation in paragraph (1)15 shall be adjusted, as applicable, in the following manner:

16 (a) For the purposes of calculating State aid under this Section, with respect to any part of a school 17 district within a redevelopment project area in respect 18 which a municipality has adopted tax increment 19 to 20 allocation financing pursuant to the Tax Increment 21 Allocation Redevelopment Act, Sections 11-74.4-1 through 22 11-74.4-11 of the Illinois Municipal Code or the 23 Industrial Jobs Recovery Law, Sections 11-74.6-1 through 11-74.6-50 of the Illinois Municipal Code, no part of the 24 25 current equalized assessed valuation of real property located in any such project area which is attributable to 26 increase above the total initial equalized assessed 27 an valuation of such property shall be used as part of 28 the equalized assessed valuation of the district, until such 29 30 time as all redevelopment project costs have been paid, as provided in Section 11-74.4-8 of the Tax Increment 31 Allocation Redevelopment Act or in Section 11-74.6-35 of 32 the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law. For the purpose of the 33 equalized assessed valuation of the district, the total 34

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initial equalized assessed valuation or the current
 equalized assessed valuation, whichever is lower, shall
 be used until such time as all redevelopment project
 costs have been paid.

5 (b) The real property equalized assessed valuation for a school district shall be adjusted by subtracting 6 7 from the real property value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for the district an amount 8 9 computed by dividing the amount of any abatement of taxes under Section 18-170 of the Property Tax Code by 3.00% 10 11 for a district maintaining grades kindergarten through 12 12, by 2.30% for a district maintaining grades kindergarten through 8, or by 1.05% for a district 13 maintaining grades 9 through 12 and adjusted by an amount 14 15 computed by dividing the amount of any abatement of taxes 16 under subsection (a) of Section 18-165 of the Property Tax Code by the same percentage rates for district type 17 as specified in this subparagraph (b). 18

19 (3) For the 1999-2000 school year and each school year 20 thereafter, if a school district meets all of the criteria of 21 this subsection (G)(3), the school district's Available Local 22 Resources shall be calculated under subsection (D) using the 23 district's Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation 24 as calculated under this subsection (G)(3).

25 For purposes of this subsection (G)(3) the following 26 terms shall have the following meanings:

27 "Budget Year": The school year for which general
28 State aid is calculated and awarded under subsection (E).

29 "Base Tax Year": The property tax levy year used to 30 calculate the Budget Year allocation of general State 31 aid.

32 "Preceding Tax Year": The property tax levy year
33 immediately preceding the Base Tax Year.

34 "Base Tax Year's Tax Extension": The product of the

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equalized assessed valuation utilized by the County Clerk in the Base Tax Year multiplied by the limiting rate as calculated by the County Clerk and defined in the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law.

5 "Preceding Tax Year's Tax Extension": The product of 6 the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the County 7 Clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the 8 Operating Tax Rate as defined in subsection (A).

9 "Extension Limitation Ratio": A numerical ratio, 10 certified by the County Clerk, in which the numerator is 11 the Base Tax Year's Tax Extension and the denominator is 12 the Preceding Tax Year's Tax Extension.

13 "Operating Tax Rate": The operating tax rate as14 defined in subsection (A).

If a school district is subject to property tax extension 15 16 limitations as imposed under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law, the State Board of Education shall calculate 17 the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of that 18 19 district. For the 1999-2000 school year, the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school district 20 21 as calculated by the State Board of Education shall be equal 22 to the product of the district's 1996 Equalized Assessed 23 Valuation and the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. For the 2000-2001 school year and each school year thereafter, 24 25 the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school district as calculated by the State Board of Education 26 shall be equal to the product of the Equalized Assessed 27 Valuation last used in the calculation of general State aid 28 29 and the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. If the 30 Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school district as calculated under this subsection (G)(3) is less 31 32 district's equalized assessed valuation as than the 33 calculated pursuant to subsections (G)(1) and (G)(2), then 34 for purposes of calculating the district's general State aid

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1 for the Budget Year pursuant to subsection (E), that 2 Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation shall be 3 utilized to calculate the district's Available Local 4 Resources under subsection (D).

5 (4) For the purposes of calculating general State aid 6 for the 1999-2000 school year only, if a school district 7 experienced a triennial reassessment on the equalized 8 assessed valuation used in calculating its general State 9 financial aid apportionment for the 1998-1999 school year, the State Board of Education shall calculate the Extension 10 11 Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation that would have been used to calculate the district's 1998-1999 general State aid. 12 This amount shall equal the product of the equalized assessed 13 valuation used to calculate general State aid for the 14 1997-1998 school year and the district's Extension Limitation 15 16 Ratio. If the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of the school district as calculated under this 17 paragraph (4) is less than the district's equalized assessed 18 19 valuation utilized in calculating the district's 1998-1999 general State aid allocation, 20 then for purposes of calculating the district's general State aid pursuant to 21 22 paragraph (5) of subsection (E), that Extension Limitation 23 Equalized Assessed Valuation shall be utilized to calculate the district's Available Local Resources. 24

25 (5) For school districts having a majority of their equalized assessed valuation in any county except Cook, 26 DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, or Will, if the amount of 27 general State aid allocated to the school district for the 28 1999-2000 school year under the provisions of subsection (E), 29 30 (H), and (J) of this Section is less than the amount of general State aid allocated to the district for the 1998-1999 31 32 school year under these subsections, then the general State aid of the district for the 1999-2000 school year only shall 33 be increased by the difference between these amounts. 34 The

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total payments made under this paragraph (5) shall not exceed \$14,000,000. Claims shall be prorated if they exceed \$14,000,000.

4 (H) Supplemental General State Aid.

5 In addition to the general State aid a school (1) district is allotted pursuant to subsection (E), qualifying 6 7 school districts shall receive a grant, paid in conjunction with a district's payments of general State aid, 8 for supplemental general State aid based upon the concentration 9 level of children from low-income households within the 10 11 school district. Supplemental State aid grants provided for 12 school districts under this subsection shall be appropriated for distribution to school districts as part of the same line 13 14 item in which the general State financial aid of school 15 districts is appropriated under this Section. For purposes of this subsection, the term "Low-Income Concentration Level" 16 shall be the low-income eligible pupil count from the most 17 18 recently available federal census divided by the Average 19 Daily Attendance of the school district. If, however, (i) the percentage decrease from the 2 most recent federal censuses 20 21 in the low-income eligible pupil count of a high school district with fewer than 400 students exceeds by 75% or more 22 23 the percentage change in the total low-income eligible pupil 24 of contiguous elementary school districts, whose count 25 boundaries are coterminous with the high school district, or (ii) a high school district within 2 counties and serving 5 26 elementary school districts, whose boundaries are coterminous 27 28 with the high school district, has a percentage decrease from the 2 most recent federal censuses in the low-income eligible 29 pupil count and there is a percentage increase in the total 30 low-income eligible pupil count of a majority of 31 the elementary school districts in excess of 50% from the 2 most 32 33 recent federal censuses, then the high school district's low-income eligible pupil count from the earlier federal 34

1 census shall be the number used as the low-income eligible 2 pupil count for the high school district, for purposes of this subsection (H). The changes made to this paragraph (1) 3 4 by Public Act 92-28 this-amendatory-Act-of-the--92nd--General Assembly shall apply to supplemental general State aid grants 5 б paid in fiscal year 1999 and in each fiscal year thereafter 7 and to any State aid payments made in fiscal year 1994 through fiscal year 1998 pursuant to subsection 1(n) of 8 9 Section 18-8 of this Code (which was repealed on July 1, 1998), and any high school district that is affected by 10 11 Public Act 92-28 this-amendatory--Act--of--the--92nd--General 12 Assembly is entitled to a recomputation of its supplemental general State aid grant or State aid paid in any of those 13 This recomputation shall not be affected by 14 fiscal years. 15 any other funding.

16 (2) Supplemental general State aid pursuant to this 17 subsection (H) shall be provided as follows for the 18 1998-1999, 1999-2000, and 2000-2001 school years only:

19 (a) For any school district with a Low Income
20 Concentration Level of at least 20% and less than 35%,
21 the grant for any school year shall be \$800 multiplied by
22 the low income eligible pupil count.

(b) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of at least 35% and less than 50%,
the grant for the 1998-1999 school year shall be \$1,100
multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

(c) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of at least 50% and less than 60%,
the grant for the 1998-99 school year shall be \$1,500
multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

31 (d) For any school district with a Low Income 32 Concentration Level of 60% or more, the grant for the 33 1998-99 school year shall be \$1,900 multiplied by the low 34 income eligible pupil count.

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(e) For the 1999-2000 school year, the per pupil
 amount specified in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d)
 immediately above shall be increased to \$1,243, \$1,600,
 and \$2,000, respectively.

5 (f) For the 2000-2001 school year, the per pupil 6 amounts specified in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d) 7 immediately above shall be \$1,273, \$1,640, and \$2,050, 8 respectively.

9 (2.5) Supplemental general State aid pursuant to this 10 subsection (H) shall be provided as follows for the 2001-2002 11 school year and each school year thereafter:

12 (a) For any school district with a Low Income
13 Concentration Level of less than 10%, the grant for each
14 school year shall be \$355 multiplied by the low income
15 eligible pupil count.

16 (b) For any school district with a Low Income
17 Concentration Level of at least 10% and less than 20%,
18 the grant for each school year shall be \$675 multiplied
19 by the low income eligible pupil count.

20 (c) For any school district with a Low Income
21 Concentration Level of at least 20% and less than 35%,
22 the grant for each school year shall be \$1,190 multiplied
23 by the low income eligible pupil count.

24 (d) For any school district with a Low Income
25 Concentration Level of at least 35% and less than 50%,
26 the grant for each school year shall be \$1,333 multiplied
27 by the low income eligible pupil count.

(e) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of at least 50% and less than 60%,
the grant for each school year shall be \$1,680 multiplied
by the low income eligible pupil count.

32 (f) For any school district with a Low Income
33 Concentration Level of 60% or more, the grant for each
34 school year shall be \$2,080 multiplied by the low income

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eligible pupil count.

2 (3) School districts with an Average Daily Attendance of more than 1,000 and less than 50,000 that qualify for 3 4 supplemental general State aid pursuant to this subsection shall submit a plan to the State Board of Education prior to 5 б October 30 of each year for the use of the funds resulting 7 from this grant of supplemental general State aid for the 8 improvement of instruction in which priority is given to 9 meeting the education needs of disadvantaged children. Such plan shall be submitted in accordance with rules and 10 11 regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education.

12 (4) School districts with an Average Daily Attendance of 13 50,000 or more that qualify for supplemental general State 14 aid pursuant to this subsection shall be required to 15 distribute from funds available pursuant to this Section, no 16 less than \$261,000,000 in accordance with the following 17 requirements:

(a) The required amounts shall be distributed to
the attendance centers within the district in proportion
to the number of pupils enrolled at each attendance
center who are eligible to receive free or reduced-price
lunches or breakfasts under the federal Child Nutrition
Act of 1966 and under the National School Lunch Act
during the immediately preceding school year.

25 (b) The distribution of these portions of supplemental and general State aid among attendance 26 27 centers according to these requirements shall not be compensated for or contravened by adjustments of the 28 29 total of other funds appropriated to any attendance 30 centers, and the Board of Education shall utilize funding from one or several sources in order to fully implement 31 this provision annually prior to the opening of school. 32

33 (c) Each attendance center shall be provided by the34 school district a distribution of noncategorical funds

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1 and other categorical funds to which an attendance center 2 is entitled under law in order that the general State aid 3 and supplemental general State aid provided by 4 application of this subsection supplements rather than supplants the noncategorical funds and other categorical 5 funds provided by the school district to the attendance 6 7 centers.

8 (d) Any funds made available under this subsection 9 that by reason of the provisions of this subsection are 10 not required to be allocated and provided to attendance 11 centers may be used and appropriated by the board of the 12 district for any lawful school purpose.

13 (e) Funds received by an attendance center pursuant to this subsection shall be used by the attendance center 14 15 the discretion of the principal and local school at 16 council for programs to improve educational opportunities at qualifying schools through the following programs and 17 services: early childhood education, reduced class size 18 or improved adult to student classroom ratio, enrichment 19 programs, remedial assistance, attendance improvement, 20 21 and other educationally beneficial expenditures which 22 supplement the regular and basic programs as determined 23 by the State Board of Education. Funds provided shall not be expended for any political or lobbying purposes as 24 defined by board rule. 25

(f) Each district subject to the provisions of this 26 27 subdivision (H)(4) shall submit an acceptable plan to meet the educational needs of disadvantaged children, 28 in 29 compliance with the requirements of this paragraph, to the State Board of Education prior to July 15 of each 30 year. This plan shall be consistent with the decisions of 31 local school councils concerning the school expenditure 32 plans developed in accordance with part 4 of Section 33 34-2.3. The State Board shall approve or reject the plan 34

1 within 60 days after its submission. If the plan is 2 rejected, the district shall give written notice of intent to modify the plan within 15 days of the 3 4 notification of rejection and then submit a modified plan within 30 days after the date of the written notice of 5 intent to modify. Districts may amend approved plans 6 7 pursuant to rules promulgated by the State Board of 8 Education.

9 Upon notification by the State Board of Education 10 that the district has not submitted a plan prior to July 11 15 or a modified plan within the time period specified 12 herein, the State aid funds affected by that plan or 13 modified plan shall be withheld by the State Board of 14 Education until a plan or modified plan is submitted.

15 If the district fails to distribute State aid to 16 attendance centers in accordance with an approved plan, the plan for the following year shall allocate funds, 17 in addition to the funds otherwise required by this 18 subsection, to those attendance centers which 19 were underfunded during the previous year in amounts equal to 20 21 such underfunding.

22 For purposes of determining compliance with this subsection in relation to the requirements of attendance 23 center funding, each district subject to the provisions 24 of this subsection shall submit as a separate document by 25 December 1 of each year a report of expenditure data for 26 the prior year in addition to any modification of its 27 current plan. If it is determined that there has been a 28 29 failure to comply with the expenditure provisions of this subsection regarding contravention or supplanting, 30 the State Superintendent of Education shall, within 60 days 31 of receipt of the report, notify the district and any 32 affected local school council. The district shall within 33 45 days of receipt of that notification inform the State 34

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Superintendent of Education of the remedial or corrective action to be taken, whether by amendment of the current plan, if feasible, or by adjustment in the plan for the following year. Failure to provide the expenditure report or the notification of remedial or corrective action in a timely manner shall result in a withholding of the affected funds.

8 The State Board of Education shall promulgate rules 9 and regulations to implement the provisions of this 10 subsection. No funds shall be released under this 11 subdivision (H)(4) to any district that has not submitted 12 a plan that has been approved by the State Board of 13 Education.

(I) General State Aid for Newly Configured School Districts. 14 (1) For a new school district formed by combining 15 property included totally within 2 or more previously 16 existing school districts, for its first year of existence 17 18 the general State aid and supplemental general State aid 19 calculated under this Section shall be computed for the new district and for the previously existing districts for which 20 21 property is totally included within the new district. If the computation on the basis of the previously existing districts 22 23 is greater, a supplementary payment equal to the difference 24 shall be made for the first 4 years of existence of the new 25 district.

(2) For a school district which annexes all of 26 the territory of one or more entire other school districts, for 27 28 the first year during which the change of boundaries attributable to such annexation becomes effective for all 29 purposes as determined under Section 7-9 or 7A-8, the general 30 State aid and supplemental general State aid calculated under 31 32 this Section shall be computed for the annexing district as 33 constituted after the annexation and for the annexing and 34 each annexed district as constituted prior to the annexation;

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1 and if the computation on the basis of the annexing and 2 annexed districts as constituted prior to the annexation is 3 greater, a supplementary payment equal to the difference 4 shall be made for the first 4 years of existence of the 5 annexing school district as constituted upon such annexation. (3) For 2 or more school districts which annex all of 6 7 territory of one or more entire other school districts, the 8 and for 2 or more community unit districts which result upon 9 the division (pursuant to petition under Section 11A-2) of one or more other unit school districts into 2 or more parts 10 11 and which together include all of the parts into which such other unit school district or districts are so divided, for 12 13 the first year during which the change of boundaries attributable to such annexation or division becomes effective 14 15 for all purposes as determined under Section 7-9 or 11A-10, 16 as the case may be, the general State aid and supplemental general State aid calculated under this Section shall 17 be computed for each annexing or resulting district 18 as 19 constituted after the annexation or division and for each annexing and annexed district, or for each resulting and 20 21 divided district, as constituted prior to the annexation or 22 division; and if the aggregate of the general State aid and 23 supplemental general State aid as so computed for the annexing or resulting districts as constituted after 24 the 25 annexation or division is less than the aggregate of the general State aid and supplemental general State aid as 26 SO 27 computed for the annexing and annexed districts, or for the resulting and divided districts, as constituted prior to 28 the 29 annexation or division, then a supplementary payment equal to 30 the difference shall be made and allocated between or among the annexing or resulting districts, as constituted upon such 31 32 annexation or division, for the first 4 years of their The total difference payment shall be allocated 33 existence. 34 between or among the annexing or resulting districts in the

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1 same ratio as the pupil enrollment from that portion of the 2 annexed or divided district or districts which is annexed to or included in each such annexing or resulting district bears 3 4 to the total pupil enrollment from the entire annexed or 5 divided district or districts, as such pupil enrollment is 6 determined for the school year last ending prior to the date 7 when the change of boundaries attributable to the annexation or division becomes effective for all purposes. The amount 8 9 of the total difference payment and the amount thereof to be allocated to the annexing or resulting districts shall be 10 11 computed by the State Board of Education on the basis of pupil enrollment and other data which shall be certified to 12 the State Board of Education, on forms which it shall provide 13 for that purpose, by the regional superintendent of schools 14 15 for each educational service region in which the annexing and 16 annexed districts, or resulting and divided districts are located. 17

18 (3.5) Claims for financial assistance under this
19 subsection (I) shall not be recomputed except as expressly
20 provided under this Section.

(4) Any supplementary payment made under this subsection
(I) shall be treated as separate from all other payments made
pursuant to this Section.

24 (J) Supplementary Grants in Aid.

(1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of 25 this Section, the amount of the aggregate general State aid in 26 combination with supplemental general State aid under this 27 28 Section for which each school district is eligible shall be 29 no less than the amount of the aggregate general State aid entitlement that was received by the district under Section 30 18-8 (exclusive of amounts received under subsections 31 5(p) that Section) for the 1997-98 school year, 32 and 5(p-5) of 33 pursuant to the provisions of that Section as it was then in 34 effect. If a school district qualifies to receive a

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1 supplementary payment made under this subsection (J), the 2 amount of the aggregate general State aid in combination with supplemental general State aid under this Section which that 3 4 district is eligible to receive for each school year shall be 5 no less than the amount of the aggregate general State aid 6 entitlement that was received by the district under Section 7 18-8 (exclusive of amounts received under subsections 5(p) and 5(p-5) of that Section) for the 1997-1998 school year, 8 9 pursuant to the provisions of that Section as it was then in effect. 10

11 (2)If, as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection 12 (J), a school district is to receive aggregate general State aid in combination with supplemental general State aid under 13 this Section for the 1998-99 school year and any subsequent 14 school year that in any such school year is less than the 15 16 amount of the aggregate general State aid entitlement that the district received for the 1997-98 school year, the school 17 18 district shall also receive, from a separate appropriation 19 made for purposes of this subsection (J), a supplementary payment that is equal to the amount of the difference in the 20 21 aggregate State aid figures as described in paragraph (1).

22

(3) (Blank).

23 (K) Grants to Laboratory and Alternative Schools.

In calculating the amount to be paid to the governing board of a public university that operates a laboratory school under this Section or to any alternative school that is operated by a regional superintendent of schools, the State Board of Education shall require by rule such reporting requirements as it deems necessary.

As used in this Section, "laboratory school" means a public school which is created and operated by a public university and approved by the State Board of Education. The governing board of a public university which receives funds from the State Board under this subsection (K) may not 1 increase the number of students enrolled in its laboratory 2 school from a single district, if that district is already sending 50 or more students, except under a mutual agreement 3 4 between the school board of a student's district of residence 5 and the university which operates the laboratory school. A 6 laboratory school may not have more than 1,000 students, 7 excluding students with disabilities in a special education 8 program.

9 As used in this Section, "alternative school" means а public school which is created and operated by a Regional 10 11 Superintendent of Schools and approved by the State Board of Education. Such alternative schools may offer courses of 12 instruction for which credit is given in regular school 13 programs, courses to prepare students for the high school 14 15 equivalency testing program or vocational and occupational 16 training. A regional superintendent of schools may contract with a school district or a public community college district 17 to operate an alternative school. An alternative school 18 19 serving more than one educational service region may be established by the regional superintendents of schools of the 20 21 affected educational service regions. An alternative school 22 serving more than one educational service region may be 23 operated under such terms as the regional superintendents of schools of those educational service regions may agree. 24

25 Each laboratory and alternative school shall file, on forms provided by the State Superintendent of Education, an 26 annual State aid claim which states the Average Daily 27 The best Attendance of the school's students by month. 28 3 29 months' Average Daily Attendance shall be computed for each 30 school. The general State aid entitlement shall be computed by multiplying the applicable Average Daily Attendance by the 31 32 Foundation Level as determined under this Section.

33 (L) Payments, Additional Grants in Aid and Other34 Requirements.

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1 (1) For a school district operating under the financial 2 supervision of an Authority created under Article 34A, the general State aid otherwise payable to that district under 3 4 this Section, but not the supplemental general State aid, 5 shall be reduced by an amount equal to the budget for the б operations of the Authority as certified by the Authority to 7 the State Board of Education, and an amount equal to such reduction shall be paid to the Authority created for such 8 9 district for its operating expenses in the manner provided in Section 18-11. The remainder of general State school aid for 10 11 any such district shall be paid in accordance with Article 12 34A when that Article provides for a disposition other than that provided by this Article. 13

14 (2) (Blank).

15 (3) Summer school. Summer school payments shall be made16 as provided in Section 18-4.3.

17 (M) Education Funding Advisory Board.

18 The Education Funding Advisory Board, hereinafter in this 19 subsection (M) referred to as the "Board", is hereby created. The Board shall consist of 5 members who are appointed by the 20 21 Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. 22 The members appointed shall include representatives of 23 education, business, and the general public. One of the 24 members so appointed shall be designated by the Governor at 25 the time the appointment is made as the chairperson of the 26 Board. The initial members of the Board may be appointed any time after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997. 27 28 The regular term of each member of the Board shall be for 4 years from the third Monday of January of the year in which 29 30 the term of the member's appointment is to commence, except that of the 5 initial members appointed to serve on 31 the Board, the member who is appointed as the chairperson shall 32 33 serve for a term that commences on the date of his or her 34 appointment and expires on the third Monday of January, 2002,

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1 and the remaining 4 members, by lots drawn at the first 2 meeting of the Board that is held after all 5 members are appointed, shall determine 2 of their number to serve for 3 4 terms that commence on the date of their respective 5 appointments and expire on the third Monday of January, 2001, 6 and 2 of their number to serve for terms that commence on the 7 date of their respective appointments and expire on the third Monday of January, 2000. All members appointed to serve on 8 9 the Board shall serve until their respective successors are appointed and confirmed. Vacancies shall be filled in the 10 11 same manner as original appointments. If a vacancy in membership occurs at a time when the Senate is not in 12 session, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment 13 until the next meeting of the Senate, when he or she shall 14 15 appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, 16 person to fill that membership for the unexpired term. Τf the Senate is not in session when the initial appointments 17 18 are made, those appointments shall be made as in the case of 19 vacancies.

The Education Funding Advisory Board shall be deemed 20 established, and the initial members appointed by the 21 22 Governor to serve as members of the Board shall take office, 23 on the date that the Governor makes his or her appointment of the fifth initial member of the Board, whether those initial 24 25 members are then serving pursuant to appointment and 26 confirmation or pursuant to temporary appointments that are made by the Governor as in the case of vacancies. 27

The State Board of Education shall provide such staff assistance to the Education Funding Advisory Board as is reasonably required for the proper performance by the Board of its responsibilities.

For school years after the 2000-2001 school year, the Beducation Funding Advisory Board, in consultation with the State Board of Education, shall make recommendations as

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1 provided in this subsection (M) to the General Assembly for 2 the foundation level under subdivision (B)(3) of this Section and for the supplemental general State aid grant level under 3 4 subsection (H) of this Section for districts with high 5 concentrations of children from poverty. The recommended 6 foundation level shall be determined based on a methodology 7 incorporates the basic education expenditures of which low-spending schools exhibiting high academic performance. 8 9 The Education Funding Advisory Board shall make such recommendations to the General Assembly on January 1 of odd 10 11 numbered years, beginning January 1, 2001.

12 (N) (Blank).

13 (O) References.

14 (1) References in other laws to the various subdivisions 15 of Section 18-8 as that Section existed before its repeal and 16 replacement by this Section 18-8.05 shall be deemed to refer 17 to the corresponding provisions of this Section 18-8.05, to 18 the extent that those references remain applicable.

19 (2) References in other laws to State Chapter 1 funds
20 shall be deemed to refer to the supplemental general State
21 aid provided under subsection (H) of this Section.

22 (Source: P.A. 91-24, eff. 7-1-99; 91-93, eff. 7-9-99; 91-96, 23 eff. 7-9-99; 91-111, eff. 7-14-99; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 24 91-533, eff. 8-13-99; 92-7, eff. 6-29-01; 92-16, eff. 25 6-28-01; 92-28, eff. 7-1-01; 92-29, eff. 7-1-01; 92-269, eff. 26 8-7-01; revised 8-7-01.)

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