LRB9211210RCcdA

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AN ACT in relation to criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
changing Section 5-8-4 as follows:

6 (730 ILCS 5/5-8-4) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-4)
7 Sec. 5-8-4. Concurrent and Consecutive Terms of
8 Imprisonment.

(a) When multiple sentences of imprisonment are imposed 9 a defendant at the same time, or when a term of 10 on imprisonment is imposed on a defendant who is already subject 11 to sentence in this State or in another state, or for a 12 13 sentence imposed by any district court of the United States, the sentences shall run concurrently or consecutively as 14 15 determined by the court. When a term of imprisonment is 16 imposed on a defendant by an Illinois circuit court and the defendant is subsequently sentenced to a term of imprisonment 17 18 by another state or by a district court of the United States, the Illinois circuit court which imposed the sentence may 19 20 order that the Illinois sentence be made concurrent with the sentence imposed by the other state or district court of the 21 22 United States. In such instance, the defendant must apply to the circuit court within 30 days after the defendant's 23 sentence imposed by the other state or district of the United 24 States is finalized. 25

26 (b) The court shall order multiple sentences that are 27 imposed on a defendant at the same time to run consecutively, 28 if The-court--shall--not--impose--consecutive--sentences--for 29 offenses--which--were-committed-as-part-of-a-single-course-of 30 conduct-during-which-there-was-no-substantial-change--in--the 31 nature-of-the-criminal-objective7-unless: -2-

(i) one of the offenses for which defendant was
 convicted was first degree murder or a Class X or Class 1
 felony and the defendant inflicted severe bodily injury,
 or

5 (ii) the defendant was convicted of a violation of 6 Section 12-13, 12-14, or 12-14.1 of the Criminal Code of 7 1961, or

(iii) the defendant was convicted of armed violence 8 9 based upon the predicate offense of solicitation of murder, solicitation of murder for hire, heinous battery, 10 11 aggravated battery of a senior citizen, criminal sexual assault, a violation of subsection (g) of Section 5 of 12 the Cannabis Control Act, cannabis trafficking, a 13 violation of subsection (a) of Section 401 of the 14 15 Illinois Controlled Substances Act, controlled substance 16 trafficking involving a Class X felony amount of controlled substance under Section 401 of the Illinois 17 Controlled Substances Act, calculated criminal 18 drug conspiracy, or streetgang criminal drug conspiracy, 19

20 in--which--event--the--court--shall--enter--sentences--to-run 21 consecutively--Sentences--shall--run--concurrently---unless 22 otherwise-specified-by-the-court.

23 (b-1) Except as provided in subsection (b), the court 24 shall not impose consecutive sentences for offenses which 25 were committed as part of a single course of conduct during 26 which there was no substantial change in the nature of the 27 criminal objective.

28 (b-2) Except as provided in subsection (b), the court 29 shall not impose a consecutive sentences for offenses which 30 were not committed as part of a single course of conduct 31 sentence-except-as-provided-for--in--subsection--(a) unless, 32 having regard to the nature and circumstances of the offense 33 and the history and character of the defendant, it is of the 34 opinion that such a term is required to protect the public

1 from further criminal conduct by the defendant, the basis for 2 which the court shall set forth in the record;-except-that-no 3 such-finding-or-opinion-is-required-when--multiple--sentences 4 of--imprisonment-are-imposed-on-a-defendant-for-offenses-that 5 were-not-committed-as-part-of--a--single--course--of--conduct during-which-there-was-no-substantial-change-in-the-nature-of 6 7 the-criminal-objective,-and-one-of-the-offenses-for-which-the 8 defendant--was-convicted-was-first-degree-murder-or-a-Class-X or-Class-1-felony-and-the-defendant-inflicted--severe--bodily 9 10 injury,-or-when-the-defendant-was-convicted-of-a-violation-of 11 Section--12-13,--12-14,--or--12-14.1--of-the-Criminal-Code-of 12 1961,-or-where-the-defendant-was-convicted-of-armed--violence 13 based--upon--the-predicate-offense-of-solicitation-of-murder, 14 solicitation-of-murder-for-hire,-heinous-battery,--aggravated 15 battery--of--a--senior--eitizen,--eriminal--sexual-assault,-a 16 violation-of-subsection-(g)-of--Section--5--of--the--Cannabis 17 Control--Act,-cannabis-trafficking,-a-violation-of-subsection (a)-of-Section-401-of-the-Illinois-Controlled-Substances-Act, 18 controlled-substance-trafficking-involving-a-Class--X--felony 19 20 amount--of--controlled--substance--under--Section--401-of-the 21 Illinois-Controlled-Substances-Act,-calculated-criminal--drug 22 conspiracy, -- or-streetgang-criminal-drug-conspiracy, - in-which 23 event-the-Court-shall-enter-sentences-to-run-consecutively.

24 (b-3) Sentences shall run concurrently unless otherwise
 25 specified by the court.

(c) (1) For sentences imposed under law in effect prior 26 27 to February 1, 1978 the aggregate maximum of consecutive sentences shall not exceed the maximum term authorized 28 29 under Section 5-8-1 for the 2 most serious felonies The aggregate minimum period of consecutive 30 involved. 31 sentences shall not exceed the highest minimum term authorized under Section 5-8-1 for the 2 most serious 32 felonies involved. When sentenced only for misdemeanors, 33 a defendant shall not be consecutively sentenced to more 34

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than the maximum for one Class A misdemeanor.

2 (2) For sentences imposed under the law in effect or after February 1, 1978, the aggregate of 3 on 4 consecutive sentences for offenses that were committed as part of a single course of conduct during which there was 5 no substantial change in the nature of the criminal 6 7 objective shall not exceed the sum of the maximum terms authorized under Section 5-8-2 for the 2 most serious 8 9 felonies involved, but no such limitation shall apply for offenses that were not committed as part of a single 10 11 course of conduct during which there was no substantial change in the nature of the criminal objective. When 12 sentenced only for misdemeanors, a defendant shall not be 13 consecutively sentenced to more than the maximum for one 14 15 Class A misdemeanor.

16 (d) An offender serving a sentence for a misdemeanor who 17 is convicted of a felony and sentenced to imprisonment shall 18 be transferred to the Department of Corrections, and the 19 misdemeanor sentence shall be merged in and run concurrently 20 with the felony sentence.

(e) In determining the manner in which consecutive sentences of imprisonment, one or more of which is for a felony, will be served, the Department of Corrections shall treat the offender as though he had been committed for a single term with the following incidents:

(1) the maximum period of a term of imprisonment
shall consist of the aggregate of the maximums of the
imposed indeterminate terms, if any, plus the aggregate
of the imposed determinate sentences for felonies plus
the aggregate of the imposed determinate sentences for
misdemeanors subject to paragraph (c) of this Section;

32 (2) the parole or mandatory supervised release term
33 shall be as provided in paragraph (e) of Section 5-8-1 of
34 this Code for the most serious of the offenses involved;

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1 (3) the minimum period of imprisonment shall be the 2 aggregate of the minimum and determinate periods of 3 imprisonment imposed by the court, subject to paragraph 4 (c) of this Section; and

5 (4) the offender shall be awarded credit against 6 the aggregate maximum term and the aggregate minimum term 7 of imprisonment for all time served in an institution 8 since the commission of the offense or offenses and as a 9 consequence thereof at the rate specified in Section 10 3-6-3 of this Code.

(f) A sentence of an offender 11 committed to the Department of Corrections at the time of the commission of 12 the offense shall be served consecutive to the sentence under 13 which he is held by the Department of Corrections. However, 14 15 in case such offender shall be sentenced to punishment by 16 death, the sentence shall be executed at such time as the court may fix without regard to the sentence under which such 17 18 offender may be held by the Department.

19 (g) A sentence under Section 3-6-4 for escape or 20 attempted escape shall be served consecutive to the terms 21 under which the offender is held by the Department of 22 Corrections.

(h) If a person charged with a felony commits a separate felony while on pre-trial release or in pretrial detention in a county jail facility or county detention facility, the sentences imposed upon conviction of these felonies shall be served consecutively regardless of the order in which the judgments of conviction are entered.

(i) If a person admitted to bail following conviction of a felony commits a separate felony while free on bond or if a person detained in a county jail facility or county detention facility following conviction of a felony commits a separate felony while in detention, any sentence following conviction of the separate felony shall be consecutive to that of the

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1 original sentence for which the defendant was on bond or 2 detained. 3 (Source: P.A. 91-144, eff. 1-1-00; 91-404, eff. 1-1-00; 4 92-16, eff. 6-28-01.)

5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon6 becoming law.