HB4936 Engrossed

LRB9211054RCsbA

1 .

AN ACT in relation to criminal law.

Whereas: The interstate compact for the supervision of Parolees and Probationers was established in 1937, it is the earliest corrections "compact" established among the states and has not been amended since its adoption over 62 years ago;

7 Whereas: This compact is the only vehicle for the 8 controlled movement of adult parolees and probationers across 9 state lines, and it currently has jurisdiction over more than 10 a quarter of a million offenders;

11 Whereas: The complexities of the compact have become more 12 difficult to administer, and many jurisdictions have expanded 13 supervision expectations to include currently unregulated 14 practices such as victim input, victim notification 15 requirements and sex offender registration;

16 Whereas: After hearings, national surveys, and a detailed 17 study by a task force appointed by the National Institute of 18 Corrections, the overwhelming recommendation has been to 19 amend the document to bring about an effective management 20 capacity that addresses public safety concerns and offender 21 accountability;

22 Whereas: Upon the adoption of this Interstate Compact for 23 Adult Offender Supervision, it is the intention of the 24 legislature to repeal the previous Interstate Compact for the 25 Supervision of Parolees and Probationers on the effective 26 date of this Compact; therefore

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as theInterstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision.

б

7

1 Section 5. Interstate Compact for Adult Offender 2 Supervision. The Governor of this State is hereby authorized 3 and directed to enter into a compact on behalf of this State 4 with any of the United States legally joining therein in the 5 form substantially as follows:

ARTICLE I:

PURPOSE

8 (a) The compacting states to this Interstate Compact 9 recognize that each state is responsible for the supervision of adult offenders in the community who are authorized 10 11 pursuant to the Bylaws and Rules of this compact to travel across state lines both to and from each compacting state in 12 such a manner as to: track the location of offenders, 13 transfer supervision authority in an orderly and efficient 14 15 manner, and when necessary return offenders to the 16 originating jurisdictions. The compacting states also recognize that Congress, by enacting the Crime Control Act, 4 17 U.S.C. Section 112 (1965), has authorized and encouraged 18 19 compacts for cooperative efforts and mutual assistance in the prevention of crime. 20

21 (b) It is the purpose of this compact and the Interstate 22 Commission created hereunder, through means of joint and 23 cooperative action among the compacting states: to provide the framework for the promotion of public safety and protect 24 25 the rights of victims through the control and regulation of the interstate movement of offenders in the community; to 26 provide for the effective tracking, supervision, 27 and rehabilitation of these offenders by the sending and 28 29 receiving states; and to equitably distribute the costs, 30 benefits and obligations of the compact among the compacting 31 states.

32 (c) In addition, this compact will: create an Interstate
 33 Commission which will establish uniform procedures to manage
 34 the movement between states of adults placed under community

HB4936 Engrossed

1 supervision and released to the community under the 2 jurisdiction of courts, paroling authorities, corrections or other criminal justice agencies which will promulgate rules 3 4 to achieve the purpose of this compact; ensure an opportunity 5 for input and timely notice to victims and to jurisdictions 6 where defined offenders are authorized to travel or to relocate across state lines; establish a system of uniform 7 8 data collection, access to information on active cases by 9 authorized criminal justice officials, and regular reporting of Compact activities to heads of state councils, state 10 11 executive, judicial, and legislative branches and criminal 12 justice administrators; monitor compliance with rules governing interstate movement of offenders and initiate 13 interventions to address and correct non-compliance; and 14 15 coordinate training and education regarding regulations of 16 interstate movement of offenders for officials involved in 17 such activity.

-3-

The compacting states recognize that there is no 18 (d) 19 "right" of any offender to live in another state and that duly accredited officers of a sending state may at all times 20 21 enter a receiving state and there apprehend and retake any 22 offender under supervision subject to the provisions of this 23 compact and Bylaws and Rules promulgated hereunder. It is the policy of the compacting states that the activities conducted 24 25 by the Interstate Commission created herein are the formation of public policies and are therefore public business. 26

27

28

ARTICLE II:

DEFINITIONS

As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a different construction:

(1) "Adult" means both individuals legally
 classified as adults and juveniles treated as adults by
 court order, statute, or operation of law.

34 (2) "By-laws" mean those by-laws established by the

Interstate Commission for its governance, or for
 directing or controlling the Interstate Commission's
 actions or conduct.

4 (3) "Compact Administrator" means the individual in 5 each compacting state appointed pursuant to the terms of 6 this compact responsible for the administration and 7 management of the state's supervision and transfer of 8 offenders subject to the terms of this compact, the rules 9 adopted by the Interstate Commission and policies adopted 10 by the State Council under this compact.

11 (4) "Compacting state" means any state which has12 enacted the enabling legislation for this compact.

13 (5) "Commissioner" means the voting representative
14 of each compacting state appointed pursuant to Article
15 III of this compact.

16 (6) "Interstate Commission" means the Interstate
17 Commission for Adult Offender Supervision established by
18 this compact.

19 (7) "Member" means the commissioner of a compacting
20 state or designee, who shall be a person officially
21 connected with the commissioner.

(8) "Non Compacting state" means any state which
has not enacted the enabling legislation for this
compact.

(9) "Offender" means an adult placed under, or
subject to, supervision as the result of the commission
of a criminal offense and released to the community under
the jurisdiction of courts, paroling authorities,
corrections, or other criminal justice agencies.

30 (10) "Person" means any individual, corporation,
31 business enterprise, or other legal entity, either public
32 or private.

33 (11) "Rules" means acts of the Interstate34 Commission, duly promulgated pursuant to Article VII of

1 this compact, substantially affecting interested parties 2 in addition to the Interstate Commission, which shall 3 have the force and effect of law in the compacting 4 states.

5 (12) "State" means a state of the United States,
6 the District of Columbia and any other territorial
7 possessions of the United States.

8 (13) "State Council" means the resident members of 9 the State Council for Interstate Adult Offender 10 Supervision created by each state under Article III of 11 this compact.

12

13

ARTICLE III:

THE COMPACT COMMISSION

The compacting states hereby create the "Interstate 14 (a) Commission for Adult Offender Supervision." The Interstate 15 16 Commission shall be a body corporate and joint agency of the compacting states. The Interstate Commission shall have all 17 the responsibilities, powers and duties set forth herein, 18 19 including the power to sue and be sued, and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by subsequent action of 20 21 the respective legislatures of the compacting states in accordance with the terms of this compact. 22

(b) The Interstate Commission shall consist of
Commissioners selected and appointed by resident members of a
State Council for Interstate Adult Offender Supervision for
each state.

In addition to the Commissioners who are the voting 27 (C) representatives of each state, the Interstate Commission 28 shall include individuals who are not commissioners but who 29 30 members of interested organizations; are such non-commissioner members must include a member of 31 the 32 national organizations of governors, legislators, state chief justices, attorneys general and crime victims. All 33 34 non-commissioner members of the Interstate Commission shall

be ex-officio (nonvoting) members. The Interstate Commission may provide in its by-laws for such additional, ex-officio, non-voting members as it deems necessary.

4 Each compacting state represented at any meeting of (d) 5 the Interstate Commission is entitled to one vote. A majority of the compacting states shall constitute a quorum for the 6 7 transaction of business, unless a larger quorum is required 8 by the by-laws of the Interstate Commission. The Interstate 9 Commission shall meet at least once each calendar year. The chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the 10 11 request of 27 or more compacting states, shall call additional meetings. Public notice shall be given of all 12 meetings and meetings shall be open to the public. 13

The Interstate Commission shall establish an 14 (e) Executive Committee which shall include commission officers, 15 16 members and others as shall be determined by the By-laws. The Executive Committee shall have the power to act on behalf of 17 the Interstate Commission during periods when the Interstate 18 19 Commission is not in session, with the exception of rulemaking and/or amendment to the Compact. The Executive 20 21 Committee oversees the day-to-day activities managed by the 22 Executive Director and Interstate Commission staff; 23 administers enforcement and compliance with the provisions of the compact, its by-laws and as directed by the Interstate 24 25 Commission and performs other duties as directed by Commission or set forth in the By-laws. 26

27

ARTICLE IV:

28

THE STATE COUNCIL

(a) Each member state shall create a State Council for
Interstate Adult Offender Supervision which shall be
responsible for the appointment of the commissioner who shall
serve on the Interstate Commission from that state.

33 (b) Each state council shall appoint as its commissioner34 the Compact Administrator from the state to serve on the

1 Interstate Commission in such capacity under or pursuant to 2 applicable law of the member state. While each member state may determine the membership of its own state council, its 3 4 membership must include at least one representative from the 5 legislative, judicial, and executive branches of government, б victims groups, and compact administrators. Each compacting 7 state retains the right to determine the qualifications of 8 the Compact Administrator who shall be appointed by the state 9 council or by the Governor in consultation with the Legislature and the Judiciary. 10

-7-

11 (c) In addition to appointment of its commissioner to 12 the National Interstate Commission, each state council shall 13 exercise oversight and advocacy concerning its participation 14 in Interstate Commission activities and other duties as may 15 be determined by each member state including but not limited 16 to, development of policy concerning operations and 17 procedures of the compact within that state.

18

19

ARTICLE V:

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

20 (a) The Interstate Commission shall have the following 21 powers:

(1) To adopt a seal and suitable by-laws governing
the management and operation of the Interstate
Commission.

25 (2) To promulgate rules which shall have the force
26 and effect of statutory law and shall be binding in the
27 compacting states to the extent and in the manner
28 provided in this compact.

29 (3) To oversee, supervise and coordinate the
30 interstate movement of offenders subject to the terms of
31 this compact and any by-laws adopted and rules
32 promulgated by the compact commission.

33 (4) To enforce compliance with compact provisions,
 34 Interstate Commission rules, and by-laws, using all

-8-

necessary and proper means, including but not limited to,
 the use of judicial process.

3

(5) To establish and maintain offices.

4

(6) To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.

5 (7) To borrow, accept, or contract for services of 6 personnel, including, but not limited to, members and 7 their staffs.

8 (8) To establish and appoint committees and hire 9 staff which it deems necessary for the carrying out of 10 its functions including, but not limited to, an executive 11 committee as required by Article III which shall have the 12 power to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission in 13 carrying out its powers and duties hereunder.

(9) To elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, 14 15 employees, agents, or consultants, and to fix their 16 compensation, define their duties and determine their and to establish the 17 qualifications; Interstate Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to, 18 among other things, conflicts of interest, rates of 19 compensation, and qualifications of personnel. 20

(10) To accept any and all donations and grants of
 money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and
 to receive, utilize, and dispose of same.

(11) To lease, purchase, accept contributions or
donations of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve or use
any property, real, personal, or mixed.

27 (12) To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease,
28 exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property,
29 real, personal or mixed.

30 (13) To establish a budget and make expenditures
31 and levy dues as provided in Article IX of this compact.

32 (14) To sue and be sued.

33 (15) To provide for dispute resolution among34 Compacting States.

-9-

1 (16) To perform such functions as may be necessary 2 or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact. (17) To report annually to the legislatures, 3 4 governors, judiciary, and state councils of the compacting states concerning the activities of the 5 Interstate Commission during the preceding year. 6 Such 7 reports shall also include any recommendations that may 8 have been adopted by the Interstate Commission. 9 (18) To coordinate education, training and public awareness regarding the interstate movement of offenders 10 for officials involved in such activity. 11 (19) To establish uniform standards for 12 the reporting, collecting, and exchanging of data. 13 ARTICLE VI: 14 ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE 15 16 COMMISSION (a) By-laws. The Interstate Commission shall, by a 17 majority of the Members, within twelve months of the first 18 19 Interstate Commission meeting, adopt By-laws to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the 20 21 purposes of the Compact, including, but not limited to: (1) establishing the fiscal year of the Interstate 22 23 Commission; (2) establishing an executive committee and such 24 25 other committees as may be necessary; (3) providing reasonable standards and procedures: 26 (i) for the establishment of committees, and 27 (ii) governing any general 28 or specific delegation of any authority or function of the 29 30 Interstate Commission; (4) providing reasonable procedures for calling and 31 conducting meetings of the Interstate Commission, and 32 ensuring reasonable notice of each such meeting; 33

34 (5) establishing the titles and responsibilities of

1

the officers of the Interstate Commission;

2 (6) providing reasonable standards and procedures 3 for the establishment of the personnel policies and 4 programs of the Interstate Commission. Notwithstanding 5 any civil service or other similar laws of any Compacting 6 State, the By-laws shall exclusively govern the personnel 7 policies and programs of the Interstate Commission;

8 (7) providing a mechanism for winding up the 9 operations of the Interstate Commission and the equitable 10 return of any surplus funds that may exist upon the 11 termination of the Compact after the payment and/or 12 reserving of all of its debts and obligations;

13 (8) providing transition rules for "start up" 14 administration of the compact;

15 (9) establishing standards and procedures for 16 compliance and technical assistance in carrying out the 17 compact.

18 (b) Officers and Staff.

19 (1) The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the Members, elect from among its Members a 20 21 chairperson and a vice chairperson, each of whom shall 22 have such authorities and duties as may be specified in 23 the By-laws. The chairperson or, in his or her absence or disability, the vice chairperson, shall preside at all 24 25 meetings of the Interstate Commission. The Officers so elected shall serve without compensation or remuneration 26 from the Interstate Commission; PROVIDED THAT, subject to 27 the availability of budgeted funds, the officers shall be 28 29 reimbursed for any actual and necessary costs and 30 expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties and responsibilities as officers of the Interstate 31 Commission. 32

33 (2) The Interstate Commission shall, through its
 34 executive committee, appoint or retain an executive

director for such period, upon such terms and conditions and for such compensation as the Interstate Commission may deem appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to the Interstate Commission, and hire and supervise such other staff as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission, but shall not be a member.

-11-

7 (c) Corporate Records of the Interstate Commission. The
8 Interstate Commission shall maintain its corporate books and
9 records in accordance with the By-laws.

10

(d) Qualified Immunity, Defense and Indemnification.

(1) The Members, officers, executive director and 11 12 employees of the Interstate Commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their 13 official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of 14 15 property or personal injury or other civil liability 16 caused or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate 17 or Commission employment, duties responsibilities; 18 19 PROVIDED, that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any such person from suit and/or 20 21 liability for any damage, loss, injury or liability caused by the intentional or willful 22 and wanton 23 misconduct of any such person.

(2) The Interstate Commission shall defend 24 the 25 Commissioner of a Compacting State, or his or her 26 representatives or employees, or the Interstate Commission's representatives or employees, in any civil 27 action seeking to impose liability, arising out of 28 any 29 actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred 30 within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a 31 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope 32 of 33 Interstate Commission employment, duties or responsibilities; PROVIDED, that the actual or alleged 34

act, error or omission did not result from intentional
 wrongdoing on the part of such person.

-12-

(3) The Interstate Commission shall indemnify and 3 4 hold the Commissioner of a Compacting State, the appointed designee or employees, or the 5 Interstate Commission's representatives or employees, harmless in 6 7 the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against such persons arising out of any actual or alleged act, 8 9 error or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission 10 Interstate employment, duties or 11 responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope 12 of 13 Interstate Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, provided, that the actual or alleged 14 15 error or omission did not result from gross act, 16 negligence or intentional wrongdoing on the part of such 17 person.

18

19

ARTICLE VII:

ACTIVITIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

20 (a) The Interstate Commission shall meet and take such
21 actions as are consistent with the provisions of this
22 Compact.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this Compact and unless a greater percentage is required by the By-laws, in order to constitute an act of the Interstate Commission, such act shall have been taken at a meeting of the Interstate Commission and shall have received an affirmative vote of a majority of the members present.

(c) Each Member of the Interstate Commission shall have the right and power to cast a vote to which that Compacting State is entitled and to participate in the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission. A member shall vote in person on behalf of the state and shall not delegate a vote to another member state. However, a State Council shall

1 appoint another authorized representative, in the absence of 2 the commissioner from that state, to cast a vote on behalf of the member state at a specified meeting. The By-laws may 3 4 provide for Members' participation in meetings by telephone of telecommunication or electronic 5 other means or communication. Any voting conducted by telephone, or other 6 7 means of telecommunication or electronic communication shall 8 be subject to the same quorum requirements of meetings where 9 members are present in person.

-13-

10 (d) The Interstate Commission shall meet at least once 11 during each calendar year. The chairperson of the Interstate 12 Commission may call additional meetings at any time and, upon 13 the request of a majority of the Members, shall call 14 additional meetings.

(e) The Interstate Commission's By-laws shall establish 15 16 conditions and procedures under which the Interstate Commission shall make its information and official records 17 available to the public for inspection or copying. The 18 19 Interstate Commission may exempt from disclosure any information or official records to the extent they would 20 21 adversely affect personal privacy rights or proprietary 22 interests. In promulgating such Rules, the Interstate 23 Commission may make available to law enforcement agencies records and information otherwise exempt from disclosure, and 24 25 may enter into agreements with law enforcement agencies to receive or exchange information or records subject to non-26 disclosure and confidentiality provisions. 27

(f) Public notice shall be given of all meetings and all meetings shall be open to the public, except as set forth in the Rules or as otherwise provided in the Compact. The Interstate Commission shall promulgate Rules consistent with the principles contained in the "Government in Sunshine Act," 5 U.S.C. Section 552(b), as may be amended. The Interstate Commission and any of its committees may close a meeting to

1 the public where it determines by two-thirds vote that an 2 open meeting would be likely to: (1) relate solely to the Interstate Commission's 3 4 internal personnel practices and procedures; 5 (2) disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure by statute; 6 7 (3) disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial information which 8 is privileged or 9 confidential; (4) involve accusing any person of a crime, or 10 11 formally censuring any person; (5) disclose information of a personal nature where 12 disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted 13 invasion of personal privacy; 14 (6) disclose investigatory records compiled for law 15 16 enforcement purposes; (7) disclose information contained in or related to 17 examination, operating or condition reports prepared by, 18 19 or on behalf of or for the use of, the Interstate

20 Commission with respect to a regulated entity for the 21 purpose of regulation or supervision of such entity;

(8) disclose information, the premature disclosure
of which would significantly endanger the life of a
person or the stability of a regulated entity;

25 (9) specifically relate to the Interstate
26 Commission's issuance of a subpoena, or its participation
27 in a civil action or proceeding.

(g) For every meeting closed pursuant to this provision, the Interstate Commission's chief legal officer shall publicly certify that, in his or her opinion, the meeting may be closed to the public, and shall reference each relevant exemptive provision. The Interstate Commission shall keep minutes which shall fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in any meeting and shall provide a full and 1 accurate summary of any actions taken, and the reasons 2 therefor, including a description of each of the views 3 expressed on any item and the record of any roll call vote 4 (reflected in the vote of each Member on the question). All 5 documents considered in connection with any action shall be 6 identified in such minutes.

7 (h) The Interstate Commission shall collect standardized 8 data concerning the interstate movement of offenders as 9 directed through its By-laws and Rules which shall specify 10 the data to be collected, the means of collection and data 11 exchange and reporting requirements.

ARTICLE VIII:

12 13

RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

14 (a) The Interstate Commission shall promulgate Rules in
15 order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of
16 the Compact including transition rules governing
17 administration of the compact during the period in which it
18 is being considered and enacted by the states.

19 (b) Rulemaking shall occur pursuant to the criteria set forth in this Article and the By-laws and Rules adopted 20 21 pursuant thereto. Such rulemaking shall substantially conform to the principles of the federal Administrative Procedure 22 23 Act, 5 U.S.C.S. section 551 et seq., and the Federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 U.S.C.S. app. 2, section 1 et seq., as may 24 be amended (hereinafter "APA"). All Rules and amendments 25 shall become binding as of the date specified in each Rule or 26 27 amendment.

(c) If a majority of the legislatures of the Compacting States rejects a Rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact, then such Rule shall have no further force and effect in any Compacting State.

33 (d) When promulgating a Rule, the Interstate Commission 34 shall: 1 (1) publish the proposed Rule stating with 2 particularity the text of the Rule which is proposed and 3 the reason for the proposed Rule;

4 (2) allow persons to submit written data, facts,
5 opinions and arguments, which information shall be
6 publicly available;

7 (3) provide an opportunity for an informal hearing;8 and

9 (4) promulgate a final Rule and its effective date,
10 if appropriate, based on the rulemaking record.

11 (e) Not later than sixty days after a Rule is promulgated, any interested person may file a petition in the 12 United States District Court for the District of Columbia or 13 Federal District Court where the Interstate 14 in the Commission's principal office is located for judicial review 15 16 of such Rule. If the court finds that the Interstate Commission's action is not supported by substantial evidence 17 (as defined in the APA), in the rulemaking record, the court 18 19 shall hold the Rule unlawful and set it aside. Subjects to be addressed within 12 months after the first meeting must at a 20 21 minimum include:

22		
23		
24		
25		

(4) transfer procedures and forms;

(3) violations/returns;

26 (5) eligibility for transfer;

(2)

27 (6) collection of restitution and fees from 28 offenders;

(1) notice to victims and opportunity to be heard;

offender registration and compliance;

29

(7) data collection and reporting;

30 (8) the level of supervision to be provided by the
31 receiving state;

32 (9) transition rules governing the operation of the
33 compact and the Interstate Commission during all or part
34 of the period between the effective date of the compact

and the date on which the last eligible state adopts the
 compact;
 (10) Mediation, arbitration and dispute resolution.

4 (f) The existing rules governing the operation of the 5 previous compact superseded by this Act shall be null and 6 void twelve (12) months after the first meeting of the 7 Interstate Commission created hereunder.

8 (g) Upon determination by the Interstate Commission that 9 an emergency exists, it may promulgate an emergency rule 10 which shall become effective immediately upon adoption, 11 provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided 12 hereunder shall be retroactively applied to said rule as soon 13 as reasonably possible, in no event later than 90 days after 14 the effective date of the rule.

ARTICLE IX:

OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION BY THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

18 (a) Oversight.

15

16

17

19 (1) The Interstate Commission shall oversee the
20 interstate movement of adult offenders in the compacting
21 states and shall monitor such activities being
22 administered in Non-compacting States which may
23 significantly affect Compacting States.

(2) The courts and executive agencies in each 24 25 Compacting State shall enforce this Compact and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate 26 the Compact's purposes and intent. In any judicial or 27 a Compacting State administrative proceeding 28 in 29 pertaining to the subject matter of this Compact which 30 may affect the powers, responsibilities or actions of the Interstate Commission, the Interstate Commission shall be 31 entitled to receive all service of process in any such 32 proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene in the 33 proceeding for all purposes. 34

1

(b) Dispute Resolution.

2 (1) The Compacting States shall report to the 3 Interstate Commission on issues or activities of concern 4 to them, and cooperate with and support the Interstate 5 Commission in the discharge of its duties and 6 responsibilities.

7 (2) The Interstate Commission shall attempt to
8 resolve any disputes or other issues which are subject to
9 the Compact and which may arise among Compacting States
10 and Non-compacting States.

11 (3) The Interstate Commission shall enact a By-law 12 or promulgate a Rule providing for both mediation and 13 binding dispute resolution for disputes among the 14 Compacting States.

15 (c) Enforcement. The Interstate Commission, in the 16 reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the 17 provisions of this compact using any or all means set forth 18 in Article XII, Section (b), of this compact.

19

20

ARTICLE X:

FINANCE

(a) The Interstate Commission shall pay or provide for
the payment of the reasonable expenses of its establishment,
organization and ongoing activities.

(b) The Interstate Commission shall levy on and collect 24 25 an annual assessment from each Compacting State to cover the cost of the internal operations and activities of the 26 Interstate Commission and its staff which must be in a total 27 amount sufficient to cover the Interstate Commission's annual 28 29 budget as approved each year. The aggregate annual assessment 30 amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be 31 determined by the Interstate Commission, taking into 32 consideration the population of the state and the volume of interstate movement of offenders in each Compacting State and 33 34 shall promulgate a Rule binding upon all Compacting States

HB4936 Engrossed

-19-

1 which governs said assessment.

2 (c) The Interstate Commission shall not incur any 3 obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate 4 to meet the same; nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge 5 the credit of any of the compacting states, except by and 6 with the authority of the compacting state.

7 (d) The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and 8 9 disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its 10 11 By-laws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission shall be audited yearly 12 by a certified or licensed public accountant and the report 13 of the audit shall be included in and become part of the 14 15 annual report of the Interstate Commission.

16

17

COMPACTING STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE AND AMENDMENT

ARTICLE XI:

18 (a) Any state, as defined in Article II of this compact,19 is eligible to become a Compacting State.

(b) The Compact shall become effective and binding upon 20 21 legislative enactment of the Compact into law by no less than 35 of the States. The initial effective date shall be the 22 later of July 1, 2001, or upon enactment into law by the 35th 23 jurisdiction. Thereafter it shall become effective 24 and 25 binding, as to any other Compacting State, upon enactment of the Compact into law by that State. The governors of 26 Non-member states or their designees will be invited to 27 participate in Interstate Commission activities on a non-28 29 voting basis prior to adoption of the compact by all states 30 and territories of the United States.

31 (c) Amendments to the Compact may be proposed by the
32 Interstate Commission for enactment by the Compacting States.
33 No amendment shall become effective and binding upon the
34 Interstate Commission and the Compacting States unless and

-20-

1 until it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the 2 Compacting States. ARTICLE XII: 3 4 WITHDRAWAL, DEFAULT, TERMINATION, AND JUDICIAL ENFORCEMENT 5 (a) Withdrawal. 6 7 (1) Once effective, the Compact shall continue in 8 force and remain binding upon each and every Compacting 9 State; PROVIDED, that a Compacting State may withdraw from the Compact ("Withdrawing State") by enacting a 10 11 statute specifically repealing the statute which enacted the Compact into law. 12 (2) The effective date of withdrawal is 13 the effective date of the repeal. 14 (3) The Withdrawing State shall immediately notify 15 16 the Chairperson of the Interstate Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this 17 Compact in the Withdrawing State. The Interstate 18 19 Commission shall notify the other Compacting States of the Withdrawing State's intent to withdraw within sixty 20 21 days of its receipt thereof. 22 (4) The Withdrawing State is responsible for all 23 assessments, obligations and liabilities incurred through effective date of withdrawal, including any 24 the 25 obligations, the performance of which extend beyond the effective date of withdrawal. 26 (5) Reinstatement following withdrawal of any 27 Compacting State shall occur upon the Withdrawing State 28 29 reenacting the Compact or upon such later date as 30 determined by the Interstate Commission. (b) Default. 31 (1) If the Interstate Commission determines that 32 any time defaulted 33 any Compacting State has at

34 ("Defaulting State") in the performance of any of its

obligations or responsibilities under this Compact, the By-laws or any duly promulgated Rules, the Interstate Commission may impose any or all of the following penalties:

5 (i) Fines, fees and costs in such amounts as 6 are deemed to be reasonable as fixed by the 7 Interstate Commission;

8 (ii) Remedial training and technical 9 assistance as directed by the Interstate Commission; (iii) Suspension and termination of membership 10 11 in the compact. Suspension shall be imposed only after all other reasonable means of 12 securing 13 compliance under the By-laws and Rules have been exhausted. Immediate notice of suspension shall be 14 15 given by the Interstate Commission to the Governor, 16 the Chief Justice or Chief Judicial Officer of the state, the majority and minority leaders of the 17 defaulting state's legislature, and 18 the State 19 Council.

(2) The grounds for default include, but are not 20 21 limited to, failure of a Compacting State to perform such 22 obligations or responsibilities imposed upon it by this 23 Interstate Commission By-laws, compact, or duly The Interstate Commission shall 24 promulgated Rules. 25 immediately notify the Defaulting State in writing of the penalty imposed by the Interstate Commission on the 26 27 Defaulting State pending a cure of the default. The Interstate Commission shall stipulate the conditions and 28 29 the time period within which the Defaulting State must 30 cure its default. If the Defaulting State fails to cure the default within the time period specified by the 31 Interstate Commission, in addition to any other penalties 32 imposed herein, the Defaulting State may be terminated 33 34 from the Compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority

1 of the Compacting States and all rights, privileges and 2 benefits conferred by this Compact shall be terminated from the effective date of suspension. Within sixty days 3 4 of the effective date of termination of a Defaulting State, the Interstate Commission shall notify 5 the Governor, the Chief Justice or Chief Judicial Officer and 6 7 the Majority and Minority Leaders of the Defaulting 8 State's legislature and the state council of such 9 termination.

10 (3) The Defaulting State is responsible for all 11 assessments, obligations and liabilities incurred through 12 the effective date of termination including any 13 obligations, the performance of which extends beyond the 14 effective date of termination.

15 (4) The Interstate Commission shall not bear any
16 costs relating to the Defaulting State unless otherwise
17 mutually agreed upon between the Interstate Commission
18 and the Defaulting State.

19 (5) Reinstatement following termination of any
20 Compacting State requires both a reenactment of the
21 Compact by the Defaulting State and the approval of the
22 Interstate Commission pursuant to the Rules.

23 Judicial Enforcement. The Interstate Commission may, (C) by majority vote of the Members, initiate legal action in the 24 25 United States District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the 26 Federal District where the Interstate Commission has its 27 offices to enforce compliance with the provisions of 28 the 29 Compact, its duly promulgated Rules and By-laws, against any 30 Compacting State in default. In the event judicial 31 enforcement is necessary the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable 32 33 attorneys fees.

34 (d) Dissolution of Compact.

1 (1) The Compact dissolves effective upon the date 2 of the withdrawal or default of the Compacting State which reduces membership in the Compact to one Compacting 3 4 State. (2) Upon the dissolution of this Compact, the 5 Compact becomes null and void and shall be of no further 6 7 force or effect, and the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be wound up and any surplus 8 funds shall be distributed in accordance with the 9 By-laws. 10 ARTICLE XIII: 11 SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION 12 13 (a) The provisions of this Compact shall be severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision is deemed 14 15 unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the Compact shall 16 be enforceable. (b) The provisions of this Compact shall be liberally 17 constructed to effectuate its purposes. 18 19 ARTICLE XIV: BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS 20 21 (a) Other Laws. 22 (1) Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any 23 other law of a Compacting State that is not inconsistent 24 with this Compact. 25 (2) All Compacting States' laws conflicting with this Compact are superseded to the extent of the 26 conflict. 27 (b) Binding Effect of the Compact. 28 29 (1) All lawful actions of the Interstate 30 Commission, including all Rules and By-laws promulgated by the Interstate Commission, are binding upon the 31 Compacting States. 32 33 (2) All agreements between the Interstate

34 Commission and the Compacting States are binding in

-24-

1

accordance with their terms.

(3) Upon the request of a party to a conflict over
meaning or interpretation of Interstate Commission
actions, and upon a majority vote of the Compacting
States, the Interstate Commission may issue advisory
opinions regarding such meaning or interpretation.

7 In the event any provision of this Compact (4) 8 exceeds the constitutional limits imposed on the 9 legislature of any Compacting State, the obligations, duties, powers or jurisdiction sought to be conferred by 10 11 such provision upon the Interstate Commission shall be ineffective and such obligations, duties, powers or 12 jurisdiction shall remain in the Compacting State and 13 shall be exercised by the agency thereof to which such 14 obligations, duties, powers or jurisdiction are delegated 15 16 by law in effect at the time this Compact becomes effective. 17

Section 105. The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act is amended by changing Section 1-5 as follows:

(5 ILCS 100/1-5) (from Ch. 127, par. 1001-5)

20

21

Sec. 1-5. Applicability.

This Act applies to every agency as defined in this 22 (a) 23 Act. Beginning January 1, 1978, in case of conflict between the provisions of this Act and the Act creating or conferring 24 power on an agency, this Act shall control. If, however, an 25 agency (or its predecessor in the case of an agency that has 26 27 been consolidated or reorganized) has existing procedures on 28 July 1, 1977, specifically for contested cases or licensing, those existing provisions control, except that this exception 29 30 respecting contested cases and licensing does not apply if 31 the Act creating or conferring power on the agency adopts by 32 express reference the provisions of this Act. Where the Act creating or conferring power on an agency establishes
 administrative procedures not covered by this Act, those
 procedures shall remain in effect.

4 (b) The provisions of this Act do not apply to (i) preliminary hearings, investigations, or practices where no 5 final determinations affecting State funding are made by the 6 State Board of Education, (ii) legal opinions issued under 7 Section 2-3.7 of the School Code, (iii) as to State colleges 8 9 universities, their disciplinary and grievance and proceedings, academic irregularity and capricious grading 10 11 proceedings, and admission standards and procedures, and (iv) the class specifications for positions and individual 12 position descriptions prepared and maintained under the 13 Personnel Code. Those class specifications shall, however, 14 15 be made reasonably available to the public for inspection and 16 copying. The provisions of this Act do not apply to hearings under Section 20 of the Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed 17 Property Act. 18

19 (c) Section 5-35 of this Act relating to procedures for20 rulemaking does not apply to the following:

21 (1) Rules adopted by the Pollution Control Board that, in accordance with Section 7.2 of the Environmental 22 Protection Act, are identical in substance to federal 23 24 regulations or amendments to those regulations 25 implementing the following: Sections 3001, 3002, 3003, 3004, 3005, and 9003 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act; 26 Section 105 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, 27 Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980; Sections 307(b), 28 29 307(c), 307(d), 402(b)(8), and 402(b)(9) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act; and Sections 30 1412(b), 1414(c), 1417(a), 1421, and 1445(a) of the Safe Drinking 31 Water Act. 32

33 (2) Rules adopted by the Pollution Control Board34 that establish or amend standards for the emission of

hydrocarbons and carbon monoxide from gasoline powered
 motor vehicles subject to inspection under Section
 13A-105 of the Vehicle Emissions Inspection Law and rules
 adopted under Section 13B-20 of the Vehicle Emissions
 Inspection Law of 1995.

6 (3) Procedural rules adopted by the Pollution 7 Control Board governing requests for exceptions under 8 Section 14.2 of the Environmental Protection Act.

9 (4) The Pollution Control Board's grant, pursuant 10 to an adjudicatory determination, of an adjusted standard 11 for persons who can justify an adjustment consistent with 12 subsection (a) of Section 27 of the Environmental 13 Protection Act.

14 (5) Rules adopted by the Pollution Control Board
15 that are identical in substance to the regulations
16 adopted by the Office of the State Fire Marshal under
17 clause (ii) of paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of Section
18 2 of the Gasoline Storage Act.

19 (d) Pay rates established under Section 8a of the 20 Personnel Code shall be amended or repealed pursuant to the 21 process set forth in Section 5-50 within 30 days after it 22 becomes necessary to do so due to a conflict between the 23 rates and the terms of a collective bargaining agreement 24 covering the compensation of an employee subject to that 25 Code.

(e) Section 10-45 of this Act shall not apply to any
hearing, proceeding, or investigation conducted under Section
13-515 of the Public Utilities Act.

29 (f) Article 10 of this Act does not apply to any 30 hearing, proceeding, or investigation conducted by the State 31 Council for the State of Illinois created under Section 32 <u>3-3-11.05 of the Unified Code of Corrections or by the</u> 33 Interstate Commision for Adult Offender Supervision created 34 under the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision.

HB4936	Engrossed	-27-		LRB921	1054RCs	sbA	
1	(Source: P.A. 90	-9, eff.	7-1-97;	90-185,	eff.	7-23-	97;
2	90-655, eff. 7-30-	98.)					
3	Section 110.	The Unifie	ed Code of	Correcti	ons is	amen	.ded
4	by changing Sect	ions 3-3-	11.1, 3-3	-11.4, 3-	3-11.5,	, 3-3-	12,
5	5-4-3, and 5-6-3 a	nd adding	Section 3	-3-11.05	as foll	Lows:	
6	(730 ILCS 5/3-	3-11.05 ne	ew)				
7	<u>Sec. 3-3-11.05</u>	. State C	<u>ouncil fo</u>	<u>r the Sta</u>	<u>te of I</u>	Illino	is.
8	<u>(a) Membershi</u>	<u>p and appc</u>	<u>inting au</u>	thority.			
9	<u>(1) A S</u>	<u>tate Com</u>	npact Ad	ministrat	<u>or sł</u>	nall	be
10	appointed by	the Gove	ernor. Th	e Compac	<u>t Admir</u>	<u>nistra</u>	tor
11	<u>shall be a rep</u>	<u>resentativ</u>	re of the	Illinois	Depart	ment	of
12	<u>Corrections a</u>	nd shall	<u>serve as</u>	Chairpers	<u>on of t</u>	<u>the St</u>	<u>ate</u>
13	<u>Council, as we</u>	<u>ll as act</u>	<u>as the d</u>	<u>ay-to-day</u>	admir	<u>nistra</u>	tor
14	<u>for the In</u>	terstate	Compact	for A	<u>dult</u>	Offen	<u>der</u>
15	<u>Supervision.</u>	<u>The State</u>	Compact A	dministra	<u>tor sha</u>	<u>all se</u>	rve
16	<u>as the State's</u>	<u>Commissic</u>	<u>pner to th</u>	<u>e Interst</u>	<u>ate Co</u>	ommiss	ion
17	<u>as provided in</u>	Article I	V of the	Compact.			
18	<u>(2) A D</u>	<u>eputy Com</u>	<u>pact Admi</u>	nistrator	from r	probat	ion
19	<u>shall be appoi</u>	<u>nted by th</u>	<u>le Supreme</u>	Court.			
20	<u>(3) A re</u>	presentati	ve shall	be app	ointed	by	<u>the</u>
21	<u>Speaker of the</u>	House of	Represent	<u>atives.</u>			
22	<u>(4) A r</u>	<u>epresentat</u>	ive shal	<u>l be ap</u>	pointed	l by	<u>the</u>
23	Minority Leade	<u>r of the H</u>	louse of R	epresenta	tives.		
24	<u>(5) A re</u>	presentati	ve shall	be app	<u>ointed</u>	by	<u>the</u>
25	<u>President of t</u>	<u>he Senate.</u>	-				
26	<u>(6) A r</u>	<u>epresentat</u>	ive shal	<u>l be ap</u>	pointed	l by	<u>the</u>
27	Minority Leade	<u>r of the S</u>	enate.				
28	<u>(7) A ju</u>	<u>dicial rep</u>	resentati	ve shall	<u>be appo</u>	ointed	by
29	<u>the Supreme Co</u>	<u>urt.</u>					
30	<u>(8) A re</u>	presentati	ve from a	<u>crime vi</u>	<u>ctims'</u>	advoc	<u>acy</u>
31	group shall be	appointed	l by the G	overnor.			
32	<u>(9) A pa</u>	<u>role repre</u>	sentative	<u>shall</u> be	appoi	Inted	by

-28-

1	the Director of Corrections.
2	(10) A probation representative shall be appointed
3	by the Director of the Administrative Office of the
4	Illinois Courts.
5	(11) The persons appointed under clauses
б	(1) through (10) of this subsection (a) shall be
7	voting members of the State Council. With the approval of
8	the State Council, persons representing other
9	organizations that may have an interest in the Compact
10	may also be appointed to serve as non-voting members of
11	the State Council by those interested organizations.
12	Those organizations may include, but are not limited to,
13	the Illinois Sheriffs' Association, the Illinois
14	Association of Chiefs of Police, the Illinois State's
15	Attorneys Association, and the Office of Attorney
16	General.
17	(b) Terms of appointment.
18	(1) The Compact Administrator and the Deputy
19	Compact Administrator from Probation shall serve at the
20	will of their respective appointing authorities.
21	(2) The crime victims' advocacy group
22	representative and the judicial representative shall each
23	serve an initial term of 2 years. Thereafter, they shall
24	each serve for a term of 4 years.
25	(3) The representatives appointed by the Speaker of
26	the House of Representatives, the President of the
27	Senate, the Minority Leader of the House of
28	Representatives, and the Minority Leader of the Senate
29	shall each serve for a term of 4 years. If one of these
30	representatives shall not be able to fulfill the
31	completion of his or her term, then another
32	representative shall be appointed by his or her
33	respective appointing authority for the remainder of his
34	<u>or her term.</u>

1 (4) The probation representative and the parole 2 representative shall each serve a term of 2 years. 3 (c) Duties and responsibilities. 4 (1) The duties and responsibilities of the State 5 Council shall be: 6 (A) To appoint the State Compact Administrator 7 as Illinois' Commissioner on the Interstate 8 Commission. 9 (B) To develop by-laws for the operation of 10 the State Council. 11 (C) To establish policies and procedures for 12 the Interstate Compact operations in Illinois. 13 (D) To monitor and remediate Compact 14 compliance issues in Illinois. 15 (E) To promote system training and public 16 awareness regarding the Compact's mission and 17 mandates.
3 (c) Duties and responsibilities. 4 (1) The duties and responsibilities of the State 5 Council shall be: 6 (A) To appoint the State Compact Administrator 7 as Illinois' Commissioner on the Interstate 8 Commission. 9 (B) To develop by-laws for the operation of 10 the State Council. 11 (C) To establish policies and procedures for 12 the Interstate Compact operations in Illinois. 13 (D) To monitor and remediate Compact 14 compliance issues in Illinois. 15 (E) To promote system training and public 16 awareness regarding the Compact's mission and
4 (1) The duties and responsibilities of the State 5 Council shall be: 6 (A) To appoint the State Compact Administrator 7 as Illinois' Commissioner on the Interstate 8 Commission. 9 (B) To develop by-laws for the operation of 10 the State Council. 11 (C) To establish policies and procedures for 12 the Interstate Compact operations in Illinois. 13 (D) To monitor and remediate Compact 14 compliance issues in Illinois. 15 (E) To promote system training and public 16 awareness regarding the Compact's mission and
5 Council shall be: 6 (A) To appoint the State Compact Administrator 7 as Illinois' Commissioner on the Interstate 8 Commission. 9 (B) To develop by-laws for the operation of 10 the State Council. 11 (C) To establish policies and procedures for 12 the Interstate Compact operations in Illinois. 13 (D) To monitor and remediate Compact 14 compliance issues in Illinois. 15 (E) To promote system training and public 16 awareness regarding the Compact's mission and
6 (A) To appoint the State Compact Administrator 7 as Illinois' Commissioner on the Interstate 8 Commission. 9 (B) To develop by-laws for the operation of 10 the State Council. 11 (C) To establish policies and procedures for 12 the Interstate Compact operations in Illinois. 13 (D) To monitor and remediate Compact 14 compliance issues in Illinois. 15 (E) To promote system training and public 16 awareness regarding the Compact's mission and
7 as Illinois' Commissioner on the Interstate 8 Commission. 9 (B) To develop by-laws for the operation of 10 the State Council. 11 (C) To establish policies and procedures for 12 the Interstate Compact operations in Illinois. 13 (D) To monitor and remediate Compact 14 compliance issues in Illinois. 15 (E) To promote system training and public 16 awareness regarding the Compact's mission and
8 Commission. 9 (B) To develop by-laws for the operation of 10 the State Council. 11 (C) To establish policies and procedures for 12 the Interstate Compact operations in Illinois. 13 (D) To monitor and remediate Compact 14 compliance issues in Illinois. 15 (E) To promote system training and public 16 awareness regarding the Compact's mission and
9 (B) To develop by-laws for the operation of 10 the State Council. 11 (C) To establish policies and procedures for 12 the Interstate Compact operations in Illinois. 13 (D) To monitor and remediate Compact 14 compliance issues in Illinois. 15 (E) To promote system training and public 16 awareness regarding the Compact's mission and
10 the State Council. 11 (C) To establish policies and procedures for 12 the Interstate Compact operations in Illinois. 13 (D) To monitor and remediate Compact 14 compliance issues in Illinois. 15 (E) To promote system training and public 16 awareness regarding the Compact's mission and
11(C) To establish policies and procedures for12the Interstate Compact operations in Illinois.13(D) To monitor and remediate Compact14compliance issues in Illinois.15(E) To promote system training and public16awareness regarding the Compact's mission and
12 the Interstate Compact operations in Illinois. 13 (D) To monitor and remediate Compact 14 compliance issues in Illinois. 15 (E) To promote system training and public 16 awareness regarding the Compact's mission and
13 (D) To monitor and remediate Compact 14 compliance issues in Illinois. 15 (E) To promote system training and public 16 awareness regarding the Compact's mission and
14compliance issues in Illinois.15(E) To promote system training and public16awareness regarding the Compact's mission and
15 <u>(E) To promote system training and public</u> 16 <u>awareness regarding the Compact's mission and</u>
16 <u>awareness regarding the Compact's mission and</u>
17 <u>mandates.</u>
18 (F) To meet at least twice a year and
19 <u>otherwise as called by the Chairperson.</u>
20 (G) To allow for the appointment of non-voting
21 <u>members as deemed appropriate.</u>
22 (H) To issue rules in accordance with Article
23 <u>5 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.</u>
24 (I) To publish Interstate Commission rules.
25 (d) Funding. The State shall appropriate funds to the
26 Department of Corrections to support the operations of the
27 <u>State Council and its membership dues to the Interstate</u>
28 <u>Commission.</u>
29 (e) Penalties. Procedures for assessment of penalties
30 imposed pursuant to Article XII of the Compact shall be
31 established by the State Council.
32 (f) Notification of ratification of Compact. The State
33 <u>Compact Administrator shall notify the Governor and Secretary</u>
34 of State when 35 States have enacted the Compact.

1 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-11.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-11.1) 2 3-3-11.1. State defined. As used in Sections Sec. <u>3-3-11.05</u> 3-3-11 through 3-3-11.3, unless the context clearly 3 4 indicates otherwise, the term "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, and any other 5 territorial possessions of the United States any--of--the 6 7 several--states--of-the-United-States-and-the-Commonwealth-of 8 Puerto--Rico,--the--Virgin--Islands,--and--the--District---of Columbia. 9

10 (Source: P.A. 77-2097.)

11 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-11.4) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-11.4) Sec. 3-3-11.4. Where supervision of <u>an offender</u> a-parelee 12 is being administered pursuant to the 13 or---probationer Interstate Compact for Adult Offender the Supervision of 14 15 Parolees--and--Probationers-(Section-3-3-11), the appropriate judicial or administrative authorities in this State shall 16 17 notify the Compact Administrator of the sending State 18 whenever, in their view, consideration should be given to retaking or reincarceration for a parole or probation 19 20 violation. Prior to the giving of any such notification, a 21 hearing shall be held within a reasonable time as to whether 22 there is probable cause to believe that the <u>offender</u> parelee or--probationer has violated a condition of his parole or 23 24 probation, unless such hearing is waived by the offender by way of an admission of guilt parelee-er-prebationer. The 25 appropriate officer or officers of this State shall 26 as soon as practicable, following termination of any such hearing, 27 28 report to the sending State, furnish a copy of the hearing 29 record, and make recommendations regarding the disposition to be made of the offender parelee-er-probationer. 30

31 (Source: P.A. 78-939.)

32

(730 ILCS 5/3-3-11.5)

1

Sec. 3-3-11.5. Sex offender restrictions.

2 (a) Definition. For purposes of this Act, a "sex offender" is any person who has ever been convicted of a 3 4 sexual offense or attempt to commit a sexual offense, and 5 sentenced to a term of imprisonment, periodic imprisonment, 6 fine, probation, conditional discharge or any other form of 7 sentence, or given a disposition of court supervision for the offense; or adjudicated or found to be a sexually dangerous 8 9 person under any law substantially similar to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act. 10

(b) Residency restrictions. No sex offender shall be accepted for supervised or conditioned residency in Illinois under the Interstate Compact for <u>Adult Offender</u> the Supervision of-Parolees-and-Probationers unless he or she:

15 (1) Complies with any registration requirements 16 imposed by the Sex Offender Registration Act within the 17 times prescribed and with law enforcement agencies 18 designated under that Act;

19 (2) Complies with the requirements of paragraph
20 (a)(5) of Section 5-4-3 of the Unified Code of
21 Corrections relating to the submission of blood specimens
22 for genetic marker grouping by persons seeking transfer
23 to or residency in Illinois; and

24 (3) Signs a written form approved by the Department
25 of Corrections which, at a minimum, includes the
26 substance of this Section or a summary of it and an
27 acknowledgement that he or she agrees to abide by the
28 conditions set forth in that document and this Section.
29 (Source: P.A. 89-8, eff. 1-1-96.)

30 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-12) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-12)
31 Sec. 3-3-12. Parole Outside State. The Prisoner Review
32 Board may assign a non-resident person or a person whose
33 family, relatives, friends or employer reside outside of this

1 State, to a person, firm or company in some state other than 2 Illinois, to serve his parole or mandatory supervised release 3 pursuant to the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender 4 Supervision. An inmate so released shall make regular monthly 5 reports in writing to the Department or supervising authority, obey the rules of the Board, obey the laws of such 6 7 other state, and in all respects keep faithfully his parole or mandatory supervised release agreement until discharged. 8 Should such person violate his agreement, he shall from the 9 date of such violation be subject to the provisions of 10 11 Section 3-3-9.

12 (Source: P.A. 80-1099.)

13 (730 ILCS 5/5-4-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-3)

Sec. 5-4-3. Persons convicted of, or found delinquent for, qualifying offenses or institutionalized as sexually dangerous; blood specimens; genetic marker groups.

17 Any person convicted of, found guilty under the (a) Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for, or who received a disposition 18 of court supervision for, a qualifying offense or attempt of 19 20 a qualifying offense, or institutionalized as a sexually dangerous person under the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or 21 22 committed as a sexually violent person under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act shall, regardless of the 23 24 sentence or disposition imposed, be required to submit specimens of blood to the Illinois Department of State Police 25 in accordance with the provisions of this Section, provided 26 such person is: 27

(1) convicted of a qualifying offense or attempt of
a qualifying offense on or after the effective date of
this amendatory Act of 1989, and sentenced to a term of
imprisonment, periodic imprisonment, fine, probation,
conditional discharge or any other form of sentence, or
given a disposition of court supervision for the offense,

1

or

2 (1.5) found guilty or given supervision under the 3 Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for a qualifying offense or 4 attempt of a qualifying offense on or after the effective 5 date of this amendatory Act of 1996, or

6 (2) ordered institutionalized as a sexually 7 dangerous person on or after the effective date of this 8 amendatory Act of 1989, or

9 (3) convicted of a qualifying offense or attempt of 10 a qualifying offense before the effective date of this 11 amendatory Act of 1989 and is presently confined as a 12 result of such conviction in any State correctional 13 facility or county jail or is presently serving a 14 sentence of probation, conditional discharge or periodic 15 imprisonment as a result of such conviction, or

16 (4) presently institutionalized as a sexually
17 dangerous person or presently institutionalized as a
18 person found guilty but mentally ill of a sexual offense
19 or attempt to commit a sexual offense; or

20 (4.5) ordered committed as a sexually violent
21 person on or after the effective date of the Sexually
22 Violent Persons Commitment Act; or

(5) seeking transfer to or residency in Illinois
under Sections <u>3-3-11.05</u> 3-3-11 through 3-3-11.5 of the
Unified Code of Corrections <u>and the</u> (Interstate Compact
for <u>Adult Offender</u> the Supervision of--Parolees--and
Probationers) or the Interstate Agreements on Sexually
Dangerous Persons Act.

29 (a-5) Any person who was otherwise convicted of or 30 received a disposition of court supervision for any other 31 offense under the Criminal Code of 1961 or any offense 32 classified as a felony under Illinois law or who was found 33 guilty or given supervision for such a violation under the 34 Juvenile Court Act of 1987, may, regardless of the sentence -34-

imposed, be required by an order of the court to submit
 specimens of blood to the Illinois Department of State Police
 in accordance with the provisions of this Section.

4 (b) Any person required by paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(1.5),
5 (a)(2), and (a-5) to provide specimens of blood shall provide
6 specimens of blood within 45 days after sentencing or
7 disposition at a collection site designated by the Illinois
8 Department of State Police.

9 (c) Any person required by paragraphs (a)(3), (a)(4), 10 and (a)(4.5) to provide specimens of blood shall be required 11 to provide such samples prior to final discharge, parole, or 12 release at a collection site designated by the Illinois 13 Department of State Police.

(c-5) Any person required by paragraph 14 (a)(5) to provide specimens of blood shall, where feasible, be required 15 16 to provide the specimens before being accepted for conditioned residency in Illinois under the 17 interstate 18 compact or agreement, but no later than 45 days after arrival 19 in this State.

Illinois Department of State Police shall 20 (d) The provide all equipment and instructions necessary for the 21 22 collection of blood samples. The collection of samples shall 23 performed in a medically approved manner. be Only a physician authorized to practice medicine, a registered nurse 24 25 or other qualified person trained in venipuncture mav withdraw blood for the purposes of this Act. The samples 26 shall thereafter be forwarded to the Illinois Department of 27 State Police, Division of Forensic Services, for analysis and 28 29 categorizing into genetic marker groupings.

30 (e) The genetic marker groupings shall be maintained by
 31 the Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic
 32 Services.

33 (f) The genetic marker grouping analysis information34 obtained pursuant to this Act shall be confidential and shall

1 be released only to peace officers of the United States, of 2 other states or territories, of the insular possessions of the United States, of foreign countries duly authorized to 3 4 receive the same, to all peace officers of the State of Illinois and to all prosecutorial agencies. Notwithstanding 5 any other statutory provision to the contrary, all 6 7 information obtained under this Section shall be maintained 8 in a single State data base, which may be uploaded into a national database, and may not be subject to expungement. 9

10 (g) For the purposes of this Section, "qualifying 11 offense" means any of the following:

12 (1) Any violation or inchoate violation of Section
13 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-11, 11-15.1, 11-17.1, 11-18.1, 11-19.1,
14 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, 12-16, or
15 12-33 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or

16 (1.1) Any violation or inchoate violation of
17 Section 9-1, 9-2, 10-1, 10-2, 12-11, 12-11.1, 18-1, 18-2,
18 18-3, 18-4, 19-1, or 19-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961
19 for which persons are convicted on or after July 1, 2001,
20 or

21 (2) Any former statute of this State which defined22 a felony sexual offense, or

(3) Any violation of paragraph (10) of subsection 23 of Section 10-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 when 24 (b) the sentencing court, upon a motion by the State's 25 Attorney or Attorney General, makes a finding that the 26 luring involved an intent to commit sexual 27 child penetration or sexual conduct as defined in Section 12-12 28 29 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or

30 (4) Any violation or inchoate violation of Section
31 9-3.1, 11-9.3, 12-3.3, 12-4.2, 12-4.3, 12-7.3, 12-7.4,
32 18-5, 19-3, 20-1.1, or 20.5-5 of the Criminal Code of
33 1961.

34 (g-5) The Department of State Police is not required to

provide equipment to collect or to accept or process blood specimens from individuals convicted of any offense listed in paragraph (1.1) or (4) of subsection (g), until acquisition of the resources necessary to process such blood specimens, or in the case of paragraph (1.1) of subsection (g) until July 1, 2003, whichever is earlier.

7 Upon acquisition of necessary resources, including an 8 appropriation for the purpose of implementing this amendatory 9 Act of the 91st General Assembly, but in the case of paragraph (1.1) of subsection (g) no later than July 1, 10 11 2003, the Department of State Police shall notify the Department of Corrections, the Administrative Office of the 12 Illinois Courts, and any other entity deemed appropriate by 13 the Department of State Police, to begin blood specimen 14 collection from individuals convicted of offenses enumerated 15 16 in paragraphs (1.1) and (4) of subsection (g) that the Department is prepared to provide collection equipment and 17 18 receive and process blood specimens from individuals 19 convicted of offenses enumerated in paragraph (1.1) of subsection (g). 20

21 Until the Department of State Police provides notification, designated collection agencies are not required 22 23 to collect blood specimen from individuals convicted of 24 offenses enumerated in paragraphs (1.1) and (4) of 25 subsection (g).

(h) The Illinois Department of State Police shall be the 26 27 State central repository for all genetic marker grouping analysis information obtained pursuant to this Act. 28 The 29 Illinois Department of State Police may promulgate rules for 30 the form and manner of the collection of blood samples and 31 other procedures for the operation of this Act. The provisions of the Administrative Review Law shall apply to 32 33 all actions taken under the rules so promulgated.

34 (i) A person required to provide a blood specimen shall

cooperate with the collection of the specimen and any
 deliberate act by that person intended to impede, delay or
 stop the collection of the blood specimen is a Class A
 misdemeanor.

5 (j) Any person required by subsection (a) to submit 6 specimens of blood to the Illinois Department of State Police 7 for analysis and categorization into genetic marker grouping, 8 in addition to any other disposition, penalty, or fine 9 imposed, shall pay an analysis fee of \$500. Upon verified petition of the person, the court may suspend payment of all 10 11 or part of the fee if it finds that the person does not have 12 the ability to pay the fee.

13 (k) All analysis and categorization fees provided for by14 subsection (j) shall be regulated as follows:

15 (1) The State Offender DNA Identification System
16 Fund is hereby created as a special fund in the State
17 Treasury.

18 (2) All fees shall be collected by the clerk of the
19 court and forwarded to the State Offender DNA
20 Identification System Fund for deposit. The clerk of the
21 circuit court may retain the amount of \$10 from each
22 collected analysis fee to offset administrative costs
23 incurred in carrying out the clerk's responsibilities
24 under this Section.

25 (3) Fees deposited into the State Offender DNA Identification System Fund shall be used by Illinois 26 State Police crime laboratories as designated by the 27 Director of State Police. These funds shall be in 28 29 addition to any allocations made pursuant to existing 30 laws and shall be designated for the exclusive use of State crime laboratories. These uses may include, but 31 are not limited to, the following: 32

33 (A) Costs incurred in providing analysis and
 34 genetic marker categorization as required by

2

3

-38-

1 subsection (d).

(B) Costs incurred in maintaining genetic marker groupings as required by subsection (e).

4 (C) Costs incurred in the purchase and 5 maintenance of equipment for use in performing 6 analyses.

7 (D) Costs incurred in continuing research and
8 development of new techniques for analysis and
9 genetic marker categorization.

(E) Costs incurred in continuing education, 10 11 training, and professional development of forensic scientists regularly employed by these laboratories. 12 The failure of a person to provide a specimen, or of 13 (1)any person or agency to collect a specimen, within the 45 day 14 15 period shall in no way alter the obligation of the person to 16 submit such specimen, or the authority of the Illinois Department of State Police or persons designated by the 17 18 Department to collect the specimen, or the authority of the 19 Illinois Department of State Police to accept, analyze and maintain the specimen or to maintain or upload results of 20 21 genetic marker grouping analysis information into a State or national database. 22

23 (Source: P.A. 91-528, eff. 1-1-00; 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 24 92-40, eff. 6-29-01.)

25 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-3)

26 Sec. 5-6-3. Conditions of Probation and of Conditional 27 Discharge.

(a) The conditions of probation and of conditionaldischarge shall be that the person:

30 (1) not violate any criminal statute of any 31 jurisdiction;

32 (2) report to or appear in person before such
33 person or agency as directed by the court;

(3) refrain from possessing a firearm or other
 dangerous weapon;

(4) not leave the State without the consent of the 3 4 court or, in circumstances in which the reason for the absence is of such an emergency nature that prior consent 5 by the court is not possible, without the 6 prior 7 notification and approval of the person's probation 8 officer. Transfer of a person's probation or conditional 9 discharge supervision to another state is subject to 10 acceptance by the other state pursuant to the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision; 11

12 (5) permit the probation officer to visit him at 13 his home or elsewhere to the extent necessary to 14 discharge his duties;

(6) perform no less than 30 hours of community 15 16 service and not more than 120 hours of community service, if community service is available in the jurisdiction and 17 is funded and approved by the county board where the 18 19 offense was committed, where the offense was related to or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an 20 21 organized gang and was motivated by the offender's 22 membership in or allegiance to an organized gang. The 23 community service shall include, but not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of any damage caused by a 24 violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 25 and similar damage to property located within 26 the municipality or county in which the violation occurred. 27 When possible and reasonable, the community service 28 should be performed in the offender's neighborhood. 29 For 30 purposes of this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois 31 Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act; 32

33 (7) if he or she is at least 17 years of age and34 has been sentenced to probation or conditional discharge

1 for a misdemeanor or felony in a county of 3,000,000 or 2 more inhabitants and has not been previously convicted of misdemeanor or felony, may be required by the 3 а 4 sentencing court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school diploma and to 5 work toward a high school diploma or to work toward 6 7 passing the high school level Test of General Educational 8 Development (GED) or to work toward completing 9 vocational training program approved by the court. The person on probation or conditional discharge must attend 10 11 public institution of education to obtain the а educational or vocational training required by this 12 clause (7). The court shall revoke the probation or 13 conditional discharge of a person who wilfully fails to 14 15 comply with this clause (7). The person on probation or 16 conditional discharge shall be required to pay for the cost of the educational courses or GED test, if a fee is 17 charged for those courses or test. The court shall 18 19 resentence the offender whose probation or conditional discharge has been revoked as provided in Section 5-6-4. 20 21 This clause (7) does not apply to a person who has a 22 high school diploma or has successfully passed the GED 23 test. This clause (7) does not apply to a person who is determined by the court to be developmentally disabled or 24 25 otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational program; 26

(8) if convicted of possession of a substance 27 prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or Illinois 28 29 Controlled Substances Act after a previous conviction or 30 disposition of supervision for possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or Illinois 31 Controlled Substances Act or after a 32 sentence of probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act or 33 Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act and 34

upon a finding by the court that the person is addicted,
 undergo treatment at a substance abuse program approved
 by the court; and

4 (9) if convicted of a felony, physically surrender
5 at a time and place designated by the court, his or her
6 Firearm Owner's Identification Card and any and all
7 firearms in his or her possession.

8 (b) The Court may in addition to other reasonable 9 conditions relating to the nature of the offense or the 10 rehabilitation of the defendant as determined for each 11 defendant in the proper discretion of the Court require that 12 the person:

(1) serve a term of periodic imprisonment under
Article 7 for a period not to exceed that specified in
paragraph (d) of Section 5-7-1;

16

24

27

(2) pay a fine and costs;

17 (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational18 training;

19 (4) undergo medical, psychological or psychiatric 20 treatment; or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism; 21 (5) attend or reside in a facility established for 22 the instruction or residence of defendants on probation; 23 (6) support his dependents;

(7) and in addition, if a minor:

25 (i) reside with his parents or in a foster 26 home;

(ii) attend school;

28 (iii) attend a non-residential program for 29 youth;

30 (iv) contribute to his own support at home or 31 in a foster home;

32 (v) with the consent of the superintendent of 33 the facility, attend an educational program at a 34 facility other than the school in which the offense

34

1 was committed if he or she is convicted of a crime 2 of violence as defined in Section 2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act committed in a school, on 3 4 the real property comprising a school, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a school; 5 (8) make restitution as provided in Section 5-5-6 6 7 of this Code; 8 (9) perform some reasonable public or community 9 service; (10) serve a term of home confinement. In addition 10 11 to any other applicable condition of probation or conditional discharge, the conditions of home confinement 12 shall be that the offender: 13 (i) remain within the interior premises of the 14 15 place designated for his confinement during the 16 hours designated by the court; (ii) admit any person or agent designated by 17 the court into the offender's place of confinement 18 at any time for purposes of verifying the offender's 19 compliance with the conditions of his confinement; 20 21 and 22 (iii) if further deemed necessary by the court 23 the Probation or Court Services Department, be or placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, 24 25 subject to Article 8A of Chapter V; (iv) for persons convicted of any alcohol, 26 cannabis or controlled substance violation who are 27 placed on an approved monitoring device as a 28 29 condition of probation or conditional discharge, the 30 court shall impose a reasonable fee for each day of the use of the device, as established by the county 31 board in subsection (g) of this Section, unless 32 after determining the inability of the offender to 33

pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no

1 fee as the case may be. This fee shall be imposed in 2 addition to the fees imposed under subsections (g) and (i) of this Section. The fee shall be 3 4 collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies 5 collected from this fee to the county treasurer for 6 7 deposit in the substance abuse services fund under Section 5-1086.1 of the Counties Code; and 8

9 (v) for persons convicted of offenses other than those referenced in clause (iv) above and who 10 11 are placed on an approved monitoring device as a condition of probation or conditional discharge, the 12 court shall impose a reasonable fee for each day of 13 the use of the device, as established by the county 14 board in subsection (g) of this Section, unless 15 16 after determining the inability of the defendant to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no 17 fee as the case may be. This fee shall be imposed 18 in addition to the fees imposed under subsections 19 (g) and (i) of this Section. The fee shall be 20 21 collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The 22 clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer who 23 shall use the monies collected to defray the costs 24 25 of corrections. The county treasurer shall deposit the fee collected in the county working cash fund 26 under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of the 27 Counties Code, as the case may be. 28

(11) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued by the court pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, as now or hereafter amended, or an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory. A copy of the order of protection shall be transmitted to the probation officer or agency having
 responsibility for the case;

3 (12) reimburse any "local anti-crime program" as 4 defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council 5 Act for any reasonable expenses incurred by the program 6 on the offender's case, not to exceed the maximum amount 7 of the fine authorized for the offense for which the 8 defendant was sentenced;

9 (13) contribute a reasonable sum of money, not to 10 exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the 11 offense for which the defendant was sentenced, to a 12 "local anti-crime program", as defined in Section 7 of 13 the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act;

(14) refrain from entering into a designated 14 15 geographic area except upon such terms as the court finds 16 appropriate. Such terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons 17 accompanying the defendant, and advance approval by a 18 19 probation officer, if the defendant has been placed on probation or advance approval by the court, if the 20 21 defendant was placed on conditional discharge;

(15) refrain from having any contact, directly or
indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular
types of persons, including but not limited to members of
street gangs and drug users or dealers;

(16) refrain from having in his or her body the
presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis
Control Act or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,
unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of
his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine
the presence of any illicit drug.

32 (c) The court may as a condition of probation or of 33 conditional discharge require that a person under 18 years of 34 age found guilty of any alcohol, cannabis or controlled 1 substance violation, refrain from acquiring a driver's 2 license during the period of probation or conditional discharge. If such person is in possession of a permit or 3 4 license, the court may require that the minor refrain from 5 driving or operating any motor vehicle during the period of б probation or conditional discharge, except as may be 7 necessary in the course of the minor's lawful employment.

-45-

8 (d) An offender sentenced to probation or to conditional 9 discharge shall be given a certificate setting forth the 10 conditions thereof.

(e) Except where the offender has committed a fourth or 11 subsequent violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of 12 the Illinois Vehicle Code, the court shall not require as a 13 condition of the sentence of probation or conditional 14 15 discharge that the offender be committed to a period of 16 imprisonment in excess of 6 months. This 6 month limit shall not include periods of confinement given pursuant to a 17 sentence of county impact incarceration under Section 18 5-8-1.2. This 6 month limit does not apply to a person 19 sentenced to probation as a result of a conviction of a 20 21 fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (c-4) of Section 22 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of 23 a local ordinance.

Persons committed to imprisonment as a condition of probation or conditional discharge shall not be committed to the Department of Corrections.

27 (f) The court may combine a sentence of periodic 28 imprisonment under Article 7 or a sentence to a county impact 29 incarceration program under Article 8 with a sentence of 30 probation or conditional discharge.

31 (g) An offender sentenced to probation or to conditional 32 discharge and who during the term of either undergoes 33 mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, or is assigned to 34 be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, shall HB4936 Engrossed

1 be ordered to pay all costs incidental to such mandatory drug 2 or alcohol testing, or both, and all costs incidental to such approved electronic monitoring in accordance 3 with the 4 defendant's ability to pay those costs. The county board 5 with the concurrence of the Chief Judge of the judicial 6 circuit in which the county is located shall establish 7 reasonable fees for the cost of maintenance, testing, and incidental expenses related to the mandatory drug or alcohol 8 9 testing, or both, and all costs incidental to approved electronic monitoring, involved in a successful probation 10 11 program for the county. The concurrence of the Chief Judge shall be in the form of an administrative order. The fees 12 shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. 13 The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all moneys collected 14 15 from these fees to the county treasurer who shall use the 16 moneys collected to defray the costs of drug testing, alcohol testing, and electronic monitoring. The county treasurer 17 shall deposit the fees collected in the county working cash 18 19 fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of the Counties 20 Code, as the case may be.

21 (h) Jurisdiction over an offender may be transferred 22 from the sentencing court to the court of another circuit with the concurrence of both courts,-or-to-another-state 23 under--an--Interstate--Probation--Reciprocal---Agreement---as 24 25 provided-in-Section-3-3-11. Further transfers or retransfers of jurisdiction are also authorized in the same manner. The 26 court to which jurisdiction has been transferred shall have 27 the same powers as the sentencing court. 28

(i) The court shall impose upon an offender sentenced to probation after January 1, 1989 or to conditional discharge after January 1, 1992, as a condition of such probation or conditional discharge, a fee of \$25 for each month of probation or conditional discharge supervision ordered by the court, unless after determining the inability of the person

-46-

1 sentenced to probation or conditional discharge to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee. The court may not 2 impose the fee on a minor who is made a ward of the State 3 4 under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 while the minor is in placement. The fee shall be imposed only upon an offender who 5 б is actively supervised by the probation and court services 7 department. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all 8 9 monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the probation and court services fund under 10 11 Section 15.1 of the Probation and Probation Officers Act.

(j) All fines and costs imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.

19 (Source: P.A. 91-325, eff. 7-29-99; 91-696, eff. 4-13-00; 20 91-903, eff. 1-1-01; 92-282, eff. 8-7-01; 92-340, eff. 21 8-10-01; 92-418, eff. 8-17-01; 92-442, eff. 8-17-01; revised 22 10-11-01.)

23 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-11 rep.)
24 Section 110. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended

25 by repealing Section 3-3-11.

Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon the enactment of the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision by 35 States, except that this Section, Article IV of Section 5, and Section 3-3-11.05 of the Unified Code of Corrections take effect upon becoming law.

-47-