92 HB4200 LRB9211675RCcd

- 1 AN ACT in relation to criminal law.
- Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 2
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by 4
- changing Section 5-4-1 as follows: 5
- 6 (730 ILCS 5/5-4-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-1)
- Sec. 5-4-1. Sentencing Hearing. 7
- 8 (a) Except when the death penalty is sought under
- hearing procedures otherwise specified, after a determination 9
- guilt, a hearing shall be held to impose the sentence. 10
- However, prior to the imposition of sentence on an individual 11
- 12 being sentenced for an offense based upon a charge for a
- 13 violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a
- similar provision of a local ordinance, the individual must 14
- 15 undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol
- or other drug abuse problem exists and the extent of such a 16
- problem. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be 17
- 18 licensed by the Department of Human Services. However, if
- 19 the individual is not a resident of Illinois, the court may,
- state of such individual's residence. The court may in its

in its discretion, accept an evaluation from a program in the

sentencing order approve an eligible defendant for placement

- 23 in a Department of Corrections impact incarceration program
- as provided in Section 5-8-1.1. At the hearing the court 24
- 25 shall:

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- 26 (1) consider the evidence, if any, received upon
- 27 the trial;
- (2) consider any presentence reports; 28
- (3) consider the financial impact of incarceration 29
- based on the financial impact statement filed with the 30
- 31 clerk of the court by the Department of Corrections;

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- (4) consider evidence and information offered by the parties in aggravation and mitigation;
  - (5) hear arguments as to sentencing alternatives;
- (6) afford the defendant the opportunity to make a statement in his own behalf;
- (7) afford the victim of a violent crime or a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a qualified individual affected by: (i) a violation of Section 405, 405.1, 405.2, or 407 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or (ii) a Class 4 felony violation of Section 11-14, 11-15, 11-17, 11-18, 11-18.1, or 11-19 of the Criminal Code of 1961, committed by the defendant the opportunity to make a statement concerning the impact on the victim and to offer evidence in aggravation or mitigation; provided that the statement and evidence offered in aggravation or mitigation must first be prepared in writing in conjunction with the State's Attorney before it may be presented orally at the hearing. Any sworn testimony offered by the victim is subject to the defendant's right to cross-examine. All statements and evidence offered under this paragraph (7) shall become part of the record of the court. For the purpose of this paragraph (7), "qualified individual" means any person who (i) lived or worked within the territorial jurisdiction where the offense took place the offense took place; and (ii) is familiar with when various public places within the territorial jurisdiction where the offense took place when the offense took place. For the purposes of this paragraph (7), "qualified individual" includes any peace officer, or any member of any duly organized State, county, or municipal peace unit assigned to the territorial jurisdiction where the offense took place when the offense took place; and

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1 (8) in cases of reckless homicide afford the 2 victim's spouse, guardians, parents or other immediate 3 family members an opportunity to make oral statements.

- (b) All sentences shall be imposed by the judge based upon his independent assessment of the elements specified above and any agreement as to sentence reached by the parties. The judge who presided at the trial or the judge who accepted the plea of guilty shall impose the sentence unless he is no longer sitting as a judge in that court. Where the judge does not impose sentence at the same time on all defendants who are convicted as a result of being involved in the same offense, the defendant or the State's Attorney may advise the sentencing court of the disposition of any other defendants who have been sentenced.
- (c) In imposing a sentence for a violent crime or for an offense of operating or being in physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any other drug or any combination thereof, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, when such offense resulted in the personal injury to someone other than the defendant, the trial judge shall specify on the record the particular evidence, information, factors in mitigation and aggravation or other reasons that led to his sentencing determination. The full verbatim record of the sentencing hearing shall be filed with the clerk of the court and shall be a public record.
- (c-1) In imposing a sentence for the offense of aggravated kidnapping for ransom, home invasion, armed robbery, aggravated vehicular hijacking, aggravated discharge of a firearm, or armed violence with a category I weapon or category II weapon, the trial judge shall make a finding as to whether the conduct leading to conviction for the offense resulted in great bodily harm to a victim, and shall enter that finding and the basis for that finding in the record.
- 34 (c-2) If the defendant is sentenced to prison, other

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1 than when a sentence of natural life imprisonment or 2 sentence of death is imposed, at the time the sentence is imposed the judge shall state on the record in open court the 3 4 approximate period of time the defendant will serve 5 custody according to the then current statutory rules and 6 regulations for early release found in Section 3-6-3 and 7 other related provisions of this Code. This statement is 8 intended solely to inform the public, has no legal effect on 9 the defendant's actual release, and may not be relied on by the defendant on appeal. 10

The judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, other than when the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(3) of Section 3-6-3, shall include the following:

"The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this case, assuming the defendant receives all of his or her good conduct credit, the period of estimated actual custody is ... years and ... months, less up to 180 days additional good conduct credit for meritorious service. Ιf the defendant, because of his or her own misconduct or failure to comply with the institutional regulations, does not receive those credits, the actual time served in prison will be longer. The defendant may also receive an additional one-half day conduct credit for each day of participation in vocational, industry, substance abuse, and educational programs as provided for by Illinois statute."

When the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(3) of Section 3-6-3, other than when the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses

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1 enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of Section 3-6-3 committed on 2 or after June 19, 1998, and other than when the sentence is imposed for reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of 3 4 Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the offense was 5 committed on or after January 1, 1999, and other than when 6 the sentence is imposed for aggravated arson if the offense 7 was committed on or after the effective date of this 8 amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, the judge's 9 statement, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following: 10

"The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this case, assuming the defendant receives all of his or her good conduct credit, the period of estimated actual custody is ... years and ... months, less up to 90 days additional good conduct credit for meritorious service. If the defendant, because of his or her own misconduct or failure to comply with the institutional regulations, does not receive those credits, the actual time served in prison will be longer. The defendant may also receive an additional one-half day conduct credit for each day of participation in good vocational, industry, substance abuse, educational and programs as provided for by Illinois statute."

When the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of Section 3-6-3, other than first degree murder, and the offense was committed on or after June 19, 1998, and when the sentence is imposed for reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1999, and when the sentence is imposed

1 for aggravated arson if the offense was committed on or after

2 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General

3 Assembly, the judge's statement, to be given after

4 pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following:

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prison will be longer."

"The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this case, the defendant is entitled to no more than 4 1/2 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of Therefore, this defendant will serve at least imprisonment. 85% of his or her sentence. Assuming the defendant receives 4 1/2 days credit for each month of his or her sentence, the period of estimated actual custody is ... years If the defendant, because of his or months. her own misconduct or failure to comply with the institutional regulations receives lesser credit, the actual time served in

When a sentence of imprisonment is imposed for first degree murder and the offense was committed on or after June 19, 1998, the judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following:

"The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this case, the defendant is not entitled to good conduct credit. Therefore, this defendant will serve 100% of his or her sentence."

(d) When the defendant is committed to the Department of

1	Corrections, the State's Attorney shall and counsel for the
2	defendant may file a statement with the clerk of the court to
3	be transmitted to the department, agency or institution to
4	which the defendant is committed to furnish such department,
5	agency or institution with the facts and circumstances of the
6	offense for which the person was committed together with all
7	other factual information accessible to them in regard to the
8	person prior to his commitment relative to his habits,
9	associates, disposition and reputation and any other facts
10	and circumstances which may aid such department, agency or
11	institution during its custody of such person. The clerk
12	shall within 10 days after receiving any such statements
13	transmit a copy to such department, agency or institution and
14	a copy to the other party, provided, however, that this shall
15	not be cause for delay in conveying the person to the
16	department, agency or institution to which he has been
17	committed.
18	(e) The clerk of the court shall transmit to the

- 18 (e) The clerk of the court shall transmit to the 19 department, agency or institution, if any, to which the 20 defendant is committed, the following:
  - (1) the sentence imposed;
- 22 (2) any statement by the court of the basis for 23 imposing the sentence;
- 24 (3) any presentence reports;

- 25 (4) the number of days, if any, which the defendant 26 has been in custody and for which he is entitled to 27 credit against the sentence, which information shall be 28 provided to the clerk by the sheriff;
- 29 (4.1) any finding of great bodily harm made by the 30 court with respect to an offense enumerated in subsection 31 (c-1);
- 32 (5) all statements filed under subsection (d) of this Section;
- 34 (6) any medical or mental health records or

1	summaries	of	the	defendant;
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- 2 (7) the municipality where the arrest of the 3 offender or the commission of the offense has occurred, 4 where such municipality has a population of more than 5 25,000 persons;
- 6 (8) all statements made and evidence offered under 7 paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of this Section; and
- 8 (9) all additional matters which the court directs 9 the clerk to transmit.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-899, eff. 1-1-01;
- 11 92-176, eff. 7-27-01.)