LRB9211871RCcd

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AN ACT in relation to criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended 5 by changing Sections 3-6-3 and 5-4-1 as follows:

6 (730 ILCS 5/3-6-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-6-3)

7 Sec. 3-6-3. Rules and Regulations for Early Release.

8 (a) (1) The Department of Corrections shall 9 prescribe rules and regulations for the early release on 10 account of good conduct of persons committed to the 11 Department which shall be subject to review by the 12 Prisoner Review Board.

13 (2) The rules and regulations on early release
14 shall provide, with respect to offenses committed on or
15 after June 19, 1998, the following:

16 (i) that a prisoner who is serving a term of 17 imprisonment for first degree murder shall receive 18 no good conduct credit and shall serve the entire 19 sentence imposed by the court;

20 (ii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for attempt to commit first degree murder, solicitation 21 22 of murder, solicitation of murder for hire, intentional homicide of an unborn child, predatory 23 criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated 24 criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, 25 26 aggravated kidnapping, aggravated battery with a firearm, heinous battery, aggravated battery of a 27 senior citizen, or aggravated battery of a child 28 29 shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of 30 31 imprisonment; and

1 (iii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for 2 home invasion, armed robbery, aggravated vehicular hijacking, aggravated discharge of a firearm, or 3 4 armed violence with a category I weapon or category II weapon, when the court has made and entered a 5 finding, pursuant to subsection (c-1) of Section 6 5-4-1 of this Code, that the conduct leading to 7 conviction for the enumerated offense resulted in 8 great bodily harm to a victim, shall receive no more 9 than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month 10 11 of his or her sentence of imprisonment.

(2.1) For all offenses, other than those enumerated 12 in subdivision (a)(2) committed on or after June 19, 13 1998, and other than the offense of reckless homicide as 14 defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal 15 16 Code of 1961 committed on or after January 1, 1999, the rules and regulations shall provide that a prisoner who 17 is serving a term of imprisonment shall receive one day 18 of good conduct credit for each day of his or her 19 sentence of imprisonment or recommitment under Section 20 21 3-3-9. Each day of good conduct credit shall reduce by 22 one day the prisoner's period of imprisonment or 23 recommitment under Section 3-3-9.

24 (2.2) A prisoner serving a term of natural life
25 imprisonment or a prisoner who has been sentenced to
26 death shall receive no good conduct credit.

(2.3) The rules and regulations on early release
shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence
for reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of
Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 committed on or
after January 1, 1999 shall receive no more than 4.5 days
of good conduct credit for each month of his or her
sentence of imprisonment.

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(2.4) The rules and regulations on early release

1 shall provide with respect to the offenses of aggravated 2 battery with a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment designed or used for silencing the 3 4 report of a firearm or aggravated discharge of a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment 5 designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm, 6 7 committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1999, that a prisoner serving a 8 9 sentence for any of these offenses shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of 10 11 his or her sentence of imprisonment.

12 (2.5) The rules and regulations on early release 13 shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence 14 for aggravated arson committed on or after the effective 15 date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly 16 shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct 17 credit for each month of his or her sentence of 18 imprisonment.

(3) The rules and regulations shall also provide 19 that the Director may award up to 180 days additional 20 21 good conduct credit for meritorious service in specific 22 instances as the Director deems proper; except that no 23 more than 90 days of good conduct credit for meritorious service shall be awarded to any prisoner who is serving a 24 sentence for conviction of first degree murder, reckless 25 homicide while under the influence of alcohol or any 26 27 other drug, aggravated kidnapping, kidnapping, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal 28 29 sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, deviate sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, aggravated 30 indecent liberties with a child, indecent liberties with 31 a child, child pornography, heinous battery, aggravated 32 battery of a spouse, aggravated battery of a spouse with 33 a firearm, stalking, aggravated stalking, aggravated 34

-3-

1 battery of a child, endangering the life or health of a 2 child, cruelty to a child, or narcotic racketeering. Notwithstanding the foregoing, good conduct credit for 3 4 meritorious service shall not be awarded on a sentence of imprisonment imposed for conviction of: (i) one of the 5 offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(2) when 6 the 7 offense is committed on or after June 19, 1998, (ii) reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 8 9 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the offense is committed on or after January 1, 1999, (iii) one of the 10 11 offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(2.4) when the offense is committed on or after the effective date of 12 this amendatory Act of 1999, or (iv) aggravated arson 13 when the offense is committed on or after the effective 14 15 date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly.

16 (4) The rules and regulations shall also provide that the good conduct credit accumulated and retained 17 under paragraph (2.1) of subsection (a) of this Section 18 by any inmate during specific periods of time in which 19 such inmate is engaged full-time in substance abuse 20 21 programs, correctional industry assignments, or 22 educational programs provided by the Department under 23 this paragraph (4) and satisfactorily completes the assigned program as determined by the standards of 24 the 25 Department, shall be multiplied by a factor of 1.25 for program participation before August 11, 1993 and 1.50 for 26 program participation on or after that date. However, 27 no inmate shall be eligible for the additional good conduct 28 29 credit under this paragraph (4) while assigned to a boot 30 camp, mental health unit, or electronic detention, or if convicted of an offense enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of 31 this Section that is committed on or after June 19, 1998, 32 or if convicted of reckless homicide as defined in 33 subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 34

1 1961 if the offense is committed on or after January 1, 2 1999, or if convicted of an offense enumerated in paragraph (a)(2.4) of this Section that is committed on 3 4 or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1999, or first degree murder, a Class X felony, criminal 5 sexual assault, felony criminal sexual abuse, aggravated 6 7 criminal sexual abuse, aggravated battery with a firearm, 8 or any predecessor or successor offenses with the same or 9 substantially the same elements, or any inchoate offenses relating to the foregoing offenses. No inmate shall be 10 11 eligible for the additional good conduct credit under this paragraph (4) who (i) has previously received 12 increased good conduct credit under this paragraph (4) 13 and has subsequently been convicted of a felony, or (ii) 14 15 has previously served more than one prior sentence of 16 imprisonment for a felony in an adult correctional facility. 17

Educational, vocational, substance abuse 18 and correctional industry programs under which good conduct 19 credit may be increased under this paragraph (4) shall be 20 21 evaluated by the Department on the basis of documented 22 standards. The Department shall report the results of 23 evaluations to the Governor and the General these Assembly by September 30th of each year. 24 The reports 25 shall include data relating to the recidivism rate among program participants. 26

Availability of these programs shall be subject to 27 limits of fiscal resources appropriated by the 28 the 29 General Assembly for these purposes. Eligible inmates 30 who are denied immediate admission shall be placed on a 31 waiting list under criteria established by the Department. The inability of any inmate to become engaged 32 in any such programs by reason of insufficient program 33 34 resources or for any other reason established under the

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1 rules and regulations of the Department shall not be 2 deemed a cause of action under which the Department or 3 any employee or agent of the Department shall be liable 4 for damages to the inmate.

(4.5) The rules and regulations on early release 5 shall also provide that a prisoner who is serving a 6 7 sentence for a crime committed as a result of the use of, 8 abuse of, or addiction to alcohol or a controlled 9 substance and the crime was committed on or after the effective date of this Amendatory Act of the 92nd General 10 11 Assembly shall receive no good conduct credit until he or 12 she participates in and completes a substance abuse treatment program. Good conduct credit awarded under 13 clauses (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection (a) for 14 crimes committed on or after the effective date of this 15 16 amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly is subject to the provisions of this clause (4.5). If the prisoner 17 completes a substance abuse treatment program, the 18 Department may award good conduct credit for the time 19 spent in treatment. Availability of substance abuse 20 treatment shall be subject to the limits of fiscal 21 22 resources appropriated by the General Assembly for these 23 purposes. If treatment is not available, the prisoner 24 shall be placed on a waiting list under criteria 25 established by the Department. The Department may require a prisoner placed on a waiting list to attend a substance 26 27 abuse education class or attend substance abuse self-help meetings. A prisoner may not lose good conduct credit as 28 a result of being placed on a waiting list. A prisoner 29 placed on a waiting list remains eligible for increased 30 31 good conduct credit for participation in an educational, vocational, or correctional industry program under clause 32 (4) of subsection (a) of this Section. 33

(5) Whenever the Department is to release any

1 inmate earlier than it otherwise would because of a grant 2 of good conduct credit for meritorious service given at 3 any time during the term, the Department shall give 4 reasonable advance notice of the impending release to the 5 State's Attorney of the county where the prosecution of 6 the inmate took place.

7 (b) Whenever a person is or has been committed under 8 several convictions, with separate sentences, the sentences 9 shall be construed under Section 5-8-4 in granting and 10 forfeiting of good time.

11 (c) The Department shall prescribe rules and regulations for revoking good conduct credit, or suspending or reducing 12 the rate of accumulation of good conduct credit for specific 13 violations, during imprisonment. These rules and 14 rule 15 regulations shall provide that no inmate may be penalized 16 more than one year of good conduct credit for any one 17 infraction.

When the Department seeks to revoke, suspend or reduce 18 the rate of accumulation of any good conduct credits for an 19 alleged infraction of its rules, it shall bring charges 20 21 therefor against the prisoner sought to be so deprived of good conduct credits before the Prisoner Review Board as 22 23 provided in subparagraph (a)(4) of Section 3-3-2 of this Code, if the amount of credit at issue exceeds 30 24 days or 25 when during any 12 month period, the cumulative amount of credit revoked exceeds 30 days except where the infraction is 26 committed or discovered within 60 days of scheduled release. 27 In those cases, the Department of Corrections may revoke up 28 29 to 30 days of good conduct credit. The Board may subsequently 30 approve the revocation of additional good conduct credit, if the Department seeks to revoke good conduct credit in excess 31 of 30 days. However, the Board shall not be empowered to 32 review the Department's decision with respect to the loss of 33 34 30 days of good conduct credit within any calendar year for

-7-

any prisoner or to increase any penalty beyond the length
 requested by the Department.

The Director of the Department of Corrections, 3 in 4 appropriate cases, may restore up to 30 days good conduct credits which have been revoked, suspended or reduced. 5 Anv restoration of good conduct credits in excess of 30 days 6 7 shall be subject to review by the Prisoner Review Board. However, the Board may not restore good conduct credit in 8 9 excess of the amount requested by the Director.

Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit the Prisoner Review Board from ordering, pursuant to Section 3-3-9(a)(3)(i)(B), that a prisoner serve up to one year of the sentence imposed by the court that was not served due to the accumulation of good conduct credit.

If a lawsuit is filed by a prisoner in an 15 (d) Illinois 16 or federal court against the State, the Department of Corrections, or the Prisoner Review Board, or against any of 17 their officers or employees, and the court makes a specific 18 19 finding that a pleading, motion, or other paper filed by the prisoner is frivolous, the Department of Corrections shall 20 21 conduct a hearing to revoke up to 180 days of good conduct 22 credit by bringing charges against the prisoner sought to be deprived of the good conduct credits before the Prisoner 23 Review Board as provided in subparagraph (a)(8) of Section 24 25 3-3-2 of this Code. If the prisoner has not accumulated 180 days of good conduct credit at the time of the finding, then 26 the Prisoner Review Board may revoke all good conduct credit 27 accumulated by the prisoner. 28

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For purposes of this subsection (d):

30 (1) "Frivolous" means that a pleading, motion, or
31 other filing which purports to be a legal document filed
32 by a prisoner in his or her lawsuit meets any or all of
33 the following criteria:

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(A) it lacks an arguable basis either in law

-9-

or in fact;
 (B) it is being presented for any improper

3 purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary 4 delay or needless increase in the cost of 5 litigation;

6 (C) the claims, defenses, and other legal 7 contentions therein are not warranted by existing 8 law or by a nonfrivolous argument for the extension, 9 modification, or reversal of existing law or the 10 establishment of new law;

11 (D) the allegations and other factual 12 contentions do not have evidentiary support or, if 13 specifically so identified, are not likely to have 14 evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity 15 for further investigation or discovery; or

16 (E) the denials of factual contentions are not
17 warranted on the evidence, or if specifically so
18 identified, are not reasonably based on a lack of
19 information or belief.

(2) "Lawsuit" means a petition for post-conviction 20 relief under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal 21 Procedure of 1963, a motion pursuant to Section 116-3 of 22 the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, a habeas corpus 23 action under Article X of the Code of Civil Procedure or 24 under federal law (28 U.S.C. 2254), a petition for claim 25 under the Court of Claims Act or an action under the 26 federal Civil Rights Act (42 U.S.C. 1983). 27

(e) Nothing in this amendatory Act of 1998 affects the
validity of Public Act 89-404.

30 (Source: P.A. 91-121, eff. 7-15-99; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 31 92-176, eff. 7-27-01.)

32 (730 ILCS 5/5-4-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-1)
33 Sec. 5-4-1. Sentencing Hearing.

HB4104 Engrossed

1 (a) Except when the death penalty is sought under 2 hearing procedures otherwise specified, after a determination of guilt, a hearing shall be held to impose the sentence. 3 4 However, prior to the imposition of sentence on an individual 5 being sentenced for an offense based upon a charge for a б violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a 7 similar provision of a local ordinance, the individual must undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol 8 9 or other drug abuse problem exists and the extent of such a problem. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be 10 11 licensed by the Department of Human Services. However, if the individual is not a resident of Illinois, the court may, 12 13 in its discretion, accept an evaluation from a program in the state of such individual's residence. The court may in 14 its 15 sentencing order approve an eligible defendant for placement 16 in a Department of Corrections impact incarceration program as provided in Section 5-8-1.1. At the hearing the court 17 shall: 18

19 (1) consider the evidence, if any, received upon20 the trial;

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(2) consider any presentence reports;

(3) consider the financial impact of incarceration
based on the financial impact statement filed with the
clerk of the court by the Department of Corrections;

25 (4) consider evidence and information offered by
26 the parties in aggravation and mitigation;

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(5) hear arguments as to sentencing alternatives;

28 (6) afford the defendant the opportunity to make a
29 statement in his own behalf;

30 (7) afford the victim of a violent crime or a 31 violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 32 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a 33 qualified individual affected by a violation of Section 34 405, 405.1, 405.2, or 407 of the Illinois Controlled

-10-

1 Substances Act, committed by the defendant the 2 opportunity to make a statement concerning the impact on the victim and to offer evidence in aggravation or 3 4 mitigation; provided that the statement and evidence 5 offered in aggravation or mitigation must first be prepared in writing in conjunction with the State's 6 7 Attorney before it may be presented orally at the hearing. Any sworn testimony offered by the victim is 8 9 subject to the defendant's right to cross-examine. All statements and evidence offered under this paragraph (7) 10 11 shall become part of the record of the court. For the purpose of this paragraph (7), "qualified individual" 12 means any person who (i) lived or worked within the 13 territorial jurisdiction where the offense took place 14 when the offense took place; and (ii) is familiar with 15 16 various public places within the territorial jurisdiction where the offense took place when the offense took place. 17 For the purposes of this paragraph (7), "qualified 18 19 individual" includes any peace officer, or any member of any duly organized State, county, or municipal peace unit 20 21 assigned to the territorial jurisdiction where the 22 offense took place when the offense took place; and

23 24 25 (8) in cases of reckless homicide afford the victim's spouse, guardians, parents or other immediate family members an opportunity to make oral statements.

(b) All sentences shall be imposed by the judge based 26 independent assessment of the elements specified 27 upon his above and any agreement as to sentence reached by the 28 29 parties. The judge who presided at the trial or the judge 30 who accepted the plea of guilty shall impose the sentence unless he is no longer sitting as a judge in that court. 31 Where the judge does not impose sentence at the same time on 32 all defendants who are convicted as a result of being 33 involved in the same offense, the defendant or the State's 34

Attorney may advise the sentencing court of the disposition
 of any other defendants who have been sentenced.

(c) In imposing a sentence for a violent crime or for an 3 4 offense of operating or being in physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any other drug 5 or any combination thereof, or a similar provision of a local 6 7 ordinance, when such offense resulted in the personal injury 8 to someone other than the defendant, the trial judge shall specify on the record the particular evidence, information, 9 factors in mitigation and aggravation or other reasons that 10 11 led to his sentencing determination. The full verbatim record of the sentencing hearing shall be filed with the clerk of 12 the court and shall be a public record. 13

imposing a sentence for the offense of 14 (c-1) In 15 aggravated kidnapping for ransom, home invasion, armed 16 robbery, aggravated vehicular hijacking, aggravated discharge of a firearm, or armed violence with a category I weapon or 17 category II weapon, the trial judge shall make a finding as 18 to whether the conduct leading to conviction for the offense 19 resulted in great bodily harm to a victim, and shall enter 20 21 that finding and the basis for that finding in the record.

22 (c-2) If the defendant is sentenced to prison, other 23 than when a sentence of natural life imprisonment or a sentence of death is imposed, at the time the sentence is 24 25 imposed the judge shall state on the record in open court the approximate period of time the defendant will serve in 26 27 custody according to the then current statutory rules and regulations for early release found in Section 3-6-3 and 28 29 other related provisions of this Code. This statement is 30 intended solely to inform the public, has no legal effect on the defendant's actual release, and may not be relied on by 31 the defendant on appeal. 32

33 The judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the 34 sentence, other than when the sentence is imposed for one of

-12-

1 the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(3) of Section 3-6-3,
2 shall include the following:

"The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of 3 4 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of 5 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois 6 7 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this 8 9 case, assuming the defendant receives all of his or her good conduct credit, the period of estimated actual custody is ... 10 11 years and ... months, less up to 180 days additional good conduct credit for meritorious service. If the defendant, 12 because of his or her own misconduct or failure to comply 13 with the institutional regulations, does not receive those 14 15 credits, the actual time served in prison will be longer. 16 The defendant may also receive an additional one-half day conduct credit for each day of participation in 17 qood vocational, industry, substance abuse, and educational 18 19 programs as provided for by Illinois statute."

When the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses 20 21 enumerated in paragraph (a)(3) of Section 3-6-3, other than 22 when the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses 23 enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of Section 3-6-3 committed on or after June 19, 1998, and other than when the sentence is 24 25 imposed for reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the offense was 26 committed on or after January 1, 1999, and other than when 27 the sentence is imposed for aggravated arson if the offense 28 29 was committed on or after the effective date of this 30 amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, the judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, shall 31 32 include the following:

33 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of 34 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend

1 in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of 2 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of 3 4 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this case, assuming the defendant receives all of his or her good 5 б conduct credit, the period of estimated actual custody is ... 7 years and ... months, less up to 90 days additional good conduct credit for meritorious service. 8 If the defendant, 9 because of his or her own misconduct or failure to comply with the institutional regulations, does not receive those 10 11 credits, the actual time served in prison will be longer. The defendant may also receive an additional one-half day 12 conduct credit for each day of participation in 13 qood vocational, industry, substance abuse, 14 and educational programs as provided for by Illinois statute." 15

-14-

16 When the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of Section 3-6-3, other than 17 first degree murder, and the offense was committed on or 18 19 after June 19, 1998, and when the sentence is imposed for reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 20 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the offense was committed on 21 or after January 1, 1999, and when the sentence is imposed 22 23 for aggravated arson if the offense was committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General 24 25 Assembly, the judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following: 26

"The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of 27 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend 28 29 in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of 30 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of 31 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this 32 case, the defendant is entitled to no more than 4 1/2 days of 33 good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of 34

1 imprisonment. Therefore, this defendant will serve at least 2 85% of his or her sentence. Assuming the defendant receives 4 1/2 days credit for each month of his or her sentence, the 3 period of estimated actual custody is ... years 4 and . . . 5 If the defendant, because of his or her own months. 6 misconduct or failure to comply with the institutional 7 regulations receives lesser credit, the actual time served in 8 prison will be longer."

9 When a sentence of imprisonment is imposed for first 10 degree murder and the offense was committed on or after June 11 19, 1998, the judge's statement, to be given after 12 pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following:

"The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of 13 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend 14 15 in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of 16 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of 17 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this 18 19 case, the defendant is not entitled to good conduct credit. Therefore, this defendant will serve 100% of his or her 20 21 sentence."

22 When the sentence is imposed for any offense that results in incarceration in a Department of Corrections facility 23 24 committed as a result of the use of, abuse of, or addiction 25 to alcohol or a controlled substance and the crime was 26 committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory 27 Act of the 92nd General Assembly, the judge's statement, in addition to any other judge's statement required under this 28 Section, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, shall 29 30 include the following:

31 <u>"The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of</u>
32 <u>the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend</u>
33 <u>in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of</u>
34 <u>prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois</u>

as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of
 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this
 case, the defendant shall receive no good conduct credit
 until he or she participates in and completes a substance
 abuse treatment program."

6 (d) When the defendant is committed to the Department of 7 Corrections, the State's Attorney shall and counsel for the defendant may file a statement with the clerk of the court to 8 9 be transmitted to the department, agency or institution to which the defendant is committed to furnish such department, 10 11 agency or institution with the facts and circumstances of the offense for which the person was committed together with all 12 other factual information accessible to them in regard to the 13 person prior to his commitment relative to his habits, 14 15 associates, disposition and reputation and any other facts 16 and circumstances which may aid such department, agency or institution during its custody of such person. The clerk 17 shall within 10 days after receiving any such statements 18 19 transmit a copy to such department, agency or institution and a copy to the other party, provided, however, that this shall 20 21 not be cause for delay in conveying the person to the department, agency or institution to which he has been 22 23 committed.

(e) The clerk of the court shall transmit to the department, agency or institution, if any, to which the defendant is committed, the following:

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(1) the sentence imposed;

(2) any statement by the court of the basis for
imposing the sentence;

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(3) any presentence reports;

31 (4) the number of days, if any, which the defendant 32 has been in custody and for which he is entitled to 33 credit against the sentence, which information shall be 34 provided to the clerk by the sheriff; -17-

1 (4.1) any finding of great bodily harm made by the 2 court with respect to an offense enumerated in subsection 3 (c-1);4 (5) all statements filed under subsection (d) of 5 this Section; б (6) any medical or mental health records or 7 summaries of the defendant; (7) the municipality where the arrest of the 8 9 offender or the commission of the offense has occurred, 10 where such municipality has a population of more than 25,000 persons; 11 (8) all statements made and evidence offered under 12 paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of this Section; and 13 (9) all additional matters which the court directs 14 the clerk to transmit. 15 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-899, eff. 1-1-01; 16 17 92-176, eff. 7-27-01.)

18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect19 September 1, 2002.