92_HB3929 LRB92129710Bsb

- 1 AN ACT in relation to children.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Children and Family Services Act is
- 5 amended by adding Section 35.7 as follows:
- 6 (20 ILCS 505/35.7 new)
- 7 <u>Sec. 35.7. Citizen Review Panel. The Department of</u>
- 8 <u>Children and Family Services shall establish a pilot Citizen</u>
- 9 Review Panel in Cook County following the National
- 10 <u>Association of Foster Care Reviewers' quidelines for</u>
- 11 <u>independent review. The Citizen Review Panel shall include</u>
- 12 <u>volunteer citizens who shall be selected using the</u>
- 13 <u>qualifications developed by the Department.</u>
- 14 <u>An Administrator who is a paid child welfare professional</u>
- 15 <u>with experience in foster care review shall manage the</u>
- 16 <u>Citizen Review Panel. The University of Illinois Research</u>
- 17 <u>Center shall develop outcomes for the review process</u>
- 18 consistent with the outcomes of the administrative case
- 19 <u>review process and provide a written report for community</u>
- 20 <u>review.</u>
- 21 The Citizen Review Panel shall have at least 3 but not
- 22 <u>more than 5 members who are parents, foster parents, former</u>
- 23 wards, or adoptive parents. At least one member shall be a
- 24 <u>child welfare professional.</u>
- 25 <u>Volunteer members of the Citizen Review Panel shall be</u>
- 26 <u>reimbursed for travel expenses and provided continuous</u>
- 27 <u>training arranged by the Foster Care Review Administrator.</u>
- 28 Any parent within the pilot area who has participated in
- 29 <u>and has raised concerns at the administrative case review</u>
- 30 process that resulted in a goal change from return home to
- 31 <u>substitute care pending a legal decision may request a review</u>

- 1 by the Citizen Review Panel. The safety and permanency of the 2 child shall be of paramount concern in the review. A review shall be scheduled within 14 days of the administrative case 3 4 review. All participants in the administrative case review 5 shall be invited to the Citizen Review and shall be notified by registered mail, return receipt requested. The parents and 6 7 the caseworker and supervisor must participate in the Citizen 8 Review Panel process. The Citizen Review Panel shall provide 9 a written summary to the participants at the conclusion of the review. If the recommendations are different from those 10 11 of the administrative case review, the caseworker, supervisor 12 and family shall have a family meeting within 5 working days 13 to revise the service plan and goal, using the recommendations from the Citizen Review Panel. The 14 recommendations of the Citizen Review Panel shall be 15 consistent with law and with rules and procedures of the 16 Department. The case shall be rescheduled within 60 days for 17 an administrative case review to ensure that the revised plan 18 adheres to rules, procedures, and laws. The Citizen Review 19 Panel may give the Director of Children and Family Services 20 21 recommendations for changes to rules, procedures, and laws.
- 22 Section 10. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by 23 changing Section 2-28 as follows:
- 24 (705 ILCS 405/2-28) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-28)
- 25 Sec. 2-28. Court review.
- court may require any legal custodian or 26 The guardian of the person appointed under this Act to report 27 28 periodically to the court or may cite him into court and require him or his agency, to make a full and accurate report 29 30 of his or its doings in behalf of the minor. The custodian or guardian, within 10 days after such citation, shall make 31 the report, either in writing verified by affidavit or orally 32

1 under oath in open court, or otherwise as the court directs. 2 Upon the hearing of the report the court may remove the custodian or guardian and appoint another in his stead or 3 4 restore the minor to the custody of his parents or former 5 guardian or custodian. However, custody of the minor shall 6 not be restored to any parent, guardian or legal custodian in 7 in which the minor is found to be neglected or any case abused under Section 2-3 or dependent under Section 2-4 of 8 9 this Act, unless the minor can be cared for at home without endangering the minor's health or safety and it is in 10 11 best interests of the minor, and if such neglect, abuse, or dependency is found by the court under paragraph (1) of 12 Section 2-21 of this Act to have come about due to the acts 13 or omissions or both of such parent, guardian or legal 14 15 custodian, until such time as an investigation is made as 16 provided in paragraph (5) and a hearing is held on the issue of the fitness of such parent, guardian or legal custodian to 17 care for the minor and the court enters an order that such 18 19 parent, guardian or legal custodian is fit to care for the 20 minor. 2.1

the judge. Subsequent permanency hearings may be heard by a judge or by hearing officers appointed or approved by the court in the manner set forth in Section 2-28.1 of this Act. The initial hearing shall be held (a) within 12 months from the date temporary custody was taken, (b) if the parental rights of both parents have been terminated in accordance with the procedure described in subsection (5) of Section 2-21, within 30 days of the order for termination of parental rights and appointment of a guardian with power to consent to adoption, or (c) in accordance with subsection (2) of Section 2-13.1. Subsequent permanency hearings shall be held every 6 months or more frequently if necessary in the court's determination following the initial permanency hearing, in

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accordance with the standards set forth in this Section, until the court determines that the plan and goal have been achieved. Once the plan and goal have been achieved, if the minor remains in substitute care, the case shall be reviewed at least every 6 months thereafter, subject to the provisions this Section, unless the minor is placed guardianship of a suitable relative or other person and the court determines that further monitoring by the court does not further the health, safety or best interest of the child and that this is a stable permanent placement. The permanency hearings must occur within the time frames set forth in this subsection and may not be delayed in anticipation of a report from any source or due to the agency's failure to timely file its written report (this written report means the one required under the next paragraph and does not mean service plan also referred to in that paragraph).

The public agency that is the custodian or guardian of the minor, or another agency responsible for the minor's care, shall ensure that all parties to the permanency hearings are provided a copy of the most recent service plan prepared within the prior 6 months at least 14 days in advance of the hearing. If not contained in the plan, the agency shall also include a report setting forth psychological, special physical, educational, medical, emotional, or other needs of the minor or his or her that are relevant to a permanency or placement determination and (ii) for any minor age 16 or over, a written description the programs and services that will enable the minor to prepare for independent living. The agency's written report must detail what progress or lack of progress the parent has made in correcting the conditions requiring the child to be in care; whether the child can be returned home without jeopardizing the child's health, safety, and welfare, and if not, what permanency goal is recommended to be in the best

- 1 interests of the child, and why the other permanency goals
- 2 are not appropriate. The caseworker must appear and testify
- 3 at the permanency hearing. If a permanency hearing has not
- 4 previously been scheduled by the court, the moving party
- 5 shall move for the setting of a permanency hearing and the
- 6 entry of an order within the time frames set forth in this
- 7 subsection.

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- 8 At the permanency hearing, the court shall determine the
- 9 future status of the child. The court shall set one of the
- 10 following permanency goals:
- 11 (A) The minor will be returned home by a specific
- date within 5 months.
 - (B) The minor will be in short-term care with a continued goal to return home within a period not to exceed one year, where the progress of the parent or parents is substantial giving particular consideration to
- 17 the age and individual needs of the minor.
 - (B-1) The minor will be in short-term care with a continued goal to return home pending a status hearing. When the court finds that a parent has not made reasonable efforts or reasonable progress to date, the court shall identify what actions the parent and the Department must take in order to justify a finding of reasonable efforts or reasonable progress and shall set a status hearing to be held not earlier than 9 months from the date of adjudication nor later than 11 months from the date of adjudication during which the parent's progress will again be reviewed.
 - (C) The minor will be in substitute care pending court determination on termination of parental rights.
 - (D) Adoption, provided that parental rights have been terminated or relinquished.
 - (E) The guardianship of the minor will be transferred to an individual or couple on a permanent

- basis provided that goals (A) through (D) have been ruled out.
- 3 (F) The minor over age 15 will be in substitute 4 care pending independence.
- G) The minor will be in substitute care because he or she cannot be provided for in a home environment due to developmental disabilities or mental illness or because he or she is a danger to self or others, provided that goals (A) through (D) have been ruled out.

In selecting any permanency goal, the court shall indicate in writing the reasons the goal was selected and why the preceding goals were ruled out. Where the court has selected a permanency goal other than (A), (B), or (B-1), the Department of Children and Family Services shall not provide further reunification services, but shall provide services consistent with the goal selected.

The court shall set a permanency goal that is in the best interest of the child. The court's determination shall include the following factors:

(1) Age of the child.

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- (2) Options available for permanence.
- 22 (3) Current placement of the child and the intent 23 of the family regarding adoption.
- 24 (4) Emotional, physical, and mental status or condition of the child.
 - (5) Types of services previously offered and whether or not the services were successful and, if not successful, the reasons the services failed.
- 29 (6) Availability of services currently needed and whether the services exist.
- 31 (7) Status of siblings of the minor.
- 32 The court shall consider (i) the permanency goal 33 contained in the service plan, (ii) the appropriateness of 34 the services contained in the plan and whether those services

- 1 have been provided, (iii) whether reasonable efforts have
- 2 been made by all the parties to the service plan to achieve
- the goal, and (iv) whether the plan and goal have been 3
- 4 achieved. All evidence relevant to determining
- 5 including oral and written reports, may be questions,
- 6 admitted and may be relied on to the extent of their
- 7 probative value.
- If the goal has been achieved, the court shall enter 8
- 9 orders that are necessary to conform the minor's legal
- custody and status to those findings. 10
- 11 If, after receiving evidence, the court determines that
- 12 the services contained in the plan are not reasonably
- calculated to facilitate achievement of the permanency goal, 13
- the court shall put in writing the factual basis supporting 14
- the determination and enter specific findings based on the 15
- 16 The court also shall enter an order for the
- Department to develop and implement a new service plan or to 17
- 18 implement changes to the current service plan consistent with
- 19 the court's findings. The new service plan shall be filed
- with the court and served on all parties within 45 days of 20
- 21 the date of the order. The court shall continue the matter
- 22 until the new service plan is filed. Unless--otherwise
- under-this-subsection-(2)-or-under-subsection--(3) to order

specifically--authorized--by-law, The court is not empowered

- 25 specific placements, or specific services, or both specific
- 26 service-providers to be included in the plan.
- 27 A guardian or custodian appointed by the court pursuant
- to this Act shall file updated case plans with the court 28
- every 6 months. 29
- 30 Rights of wards of the court under this Act
- enforceable against any public agency by complaints for 31
- 32 relief by mandamus filed in any proceedings brought under
- this Act. 33

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34 (3) Following the permanency hearing, the court shall

1	enter	a	writt	cen	order	that	t :	includ	des	the	det	cermin	ations
2	require	ed	under	sub	section	(2)	of	this	Sect	cion	and	sets	forth
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- (a) The future status of the minor, including the permanency goal, and any order necessary to conform the minor's legal custody and status to such determination;
 - (b) If the permanency goal of the minor cannot be achieved immediately, the specific reasons for continuing the minor in the care of the Department of Children and Family Services or other agency for short term placement, and the following determinations:
 - (i) (Blank).
 - (ii) Whether the services required by the court and by any service plan prepared within the prior 6 months have been provided and (A) if so, whether the services were reasonably calculated to facilitate the achievement of the permanency goal or (B) if not provided, why the services were not provided.
 - (iii) Whether the minor's placement is necessary, and appropriate to the plan and goal, recognizing the right of minors to the least restrictive (most family-like) setting available and in close proximity to the parents' home consistent with the health, safety, best interest and special needs of the minor and, if the minor is placed out-of-State, whether the out-of-State placement continues to be appropriate and consistent with the health, safety, and best interest of the minor.
 - (iv) (Blank).
- 32 (v) (Blank).
- Any order entered pursuant to this subsection (3) shall be immediately appealable as a matter of right under Supreme

- 1 Court Rule 304(b)(1).
- 2 (4) The minor or any person interested in the minor may
- 3 apply to the court for a change in custody of the minor and
- 4 the appointment of a new custodian or guardian of the person
- 5 or for the restoration of the minor to the custody of his
- 6 parents or former guardian or custodian.
- When return home is not selected as the permanency goal:
- 8 (a) The Department, the minor, or the current
- 9 foster parent or relative caregiver seeking private
- 10 guardianship may file a motion for private guardianship
- of the minor. Appointment of a guardian under this
- 12 Section requires approval of the court.
- 13 (b) The State's Attorney may file a motion to
- 14 terminate parental rights of any parent who has failed to
- 15 make reasonable efforts to correct the conditions which
- led to the removal of the child or reasonable progress
- toward the return of the child, as defined in subdivision
- 18 (D)(m) of Section 1 of the Adoption Act or for whom any
- other unfitness ground for terminating parental rights as
- 20 defined in subdivision (D) of Section 1 of the Adoption
- 21 Act exists.
- Custody of the minor shall not be restored to any parent,
- 23 guardian or legal custodian in any case in which the minor is
- 24 found to be neglected or abused under Section 2-3 or
- dependent under Section 2-4 of this Act, unless the minor can
- 26 be cared for at home without endangering his or her health or
- 27 safety and it is in the best interest of the minor, and if
- 28 such neglect, abuse, or dependency is found by the court
- 29 under paragraph (1) of Section 2-21 of this Act to have come
- 30 about due to the acts or omissions or both of such parent,
- 31 guardian or legal custodian, until such time as an
- 32 investigation is made as provided in paragraph (5) and a
- 33 hearing is held on the issue of the health, safety and best
- 34 interest of the minor and the fitness of such parent,

guardian or legal custodian to care for the minor and the court enters an order that such parent, guardian or legal custodian is fit to care for the minor. In the event that the minor has attained 18 years of age and the guardian or custodian petitions the court for an order terminating his guardianship or custody, guardianship or custody terminate automatically 30 days after the receipt of the petition unless the court orders otherwise. custodian or guardian of the person may be removed without his consent until given notice and an opportunity to be heard by the court.

When the court orders a child restored to the custody of the parent or parents, the court shall order the parent or parents to cooperate with the Department of Children and Family Services and comply with the terms of an after-care plan, or risk the loss of custody of the child and possible termination of their parental rights. The court may also enter an order of protective supervision in accordance with Section 2-24.

- (5) Whenever a parent, guardian, or legal custodian files a motion for restoration of custody of the minor, and the minor was adjudicated neglected, abused, or dependent as a result of physical abuse, the court shall cause to be made an investigation as to whether the movant has ever been charged with or convicted of any criminal offense which would indicate the likelihood of any further physical abuse to the minor. Evidence of such criminal convictions shall be taken into account in determining whether the minor can be cared for at home without endangering his or her health or safety and fitness of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian.
- 31 (a) Any agency of this State or any subdivision 32 thereof shall co-operate with the agent of the court in 33 providing any information sought in the investigation.
 - (b) The information derived from the investigation

1	and any conclusions or recommendations derived from the
2	information shall be provided to the parent, guardian, or
3	legal custodian seeking restoration of custody prior to
4	the hearing on fitness and the movant shall have an
5	opportunity at the hearing to refute the information or
б	contest its significance.

- 7 (c) All information obtained from any investigation 8 shall be confidential as provided in Section 5-150 of 9 this Act.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 92-320, eff. 1-1-02.)
- 11 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 12 becoming law.