- 1 AN ACT regarding taxes.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Motor Fuel Tax Law is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 2b, 4e, 5a, 6a, 8, 13, 13a.6, and 15 and by adding
- 6 Sections 1.27, 1.28, and 1.29 as follows:
- 7 (35 ILCS 505/1.27 new)
- 8 Sec. 1.27. "Power take-off equipment" means any accessory
- 9 that is mounted onto or designed as an integral part of a
- 10 <u>transmission of a motor vehicle that is registered for</u>
- 11 <u>highway purposes whereby the accessory allows power to be</u>
- 12 <u>transferred</u> outside the transmission to a shaft or driveline
- and the power is used for a purpose other than propelling the
- 14 motor vehicle.
- 15 (35 ILCS 505/1.28 new)
- 16 <u>Sec. 1.28. "Semitrailer" means every vehicle without</u>
- 17 <u>motive power, other than a pole trailer, designed for</u>
- 18 <u>carrying persons or property and for being drawn by a motor</u>
- 19 <u>vehicle</u> and so constructed that some part of its weight and
- 20 <u>that of its load rests upon or is carried by another vehicle.</u>
- 21 (35 ILCS 505/1.29 new)
- 22 <u>Sec. 1.29. "Research and development" means basic and</u>
- 23 <u>applied research in the engineering, designing, development,</u>
- 24 or testing of prototypes or new products. "Research and
- 25 <u>development</u>" <u>does not include manufacturing quality control</u>,
- 26 <u>any product testing by consumers, market research, sales</u>
- 27 <u>promotion</u>, <u>sales</u> <u>service</u>, <u>or other non-technological</u>
- 28 <u>activities or technical services.</u>

1 (35 ILCS 505/2b) (from Ch. 120, par. 418b)

2 Sec. 2b. In addition to the tax collection and reporting responsibilities imposed elsewhere in this Act, a person who 3 4 is required to pay the tax imposed by Section 2a of this Act shall pay the tax to the Department by return showing all 5 6 fuel purchased, acquired or received and sold, distributed or 7 used during the preceding calendar month including losses of 8 fuel as the result of evaporation or shrinkage due to 9 temperature variations, and such other reasonable information as the Department may require. Losses of fuel as the result 10 11 of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature variations may not exceed 1% one-percent of the total gallons in storage at 12 13 the beginning of the month, plus the receipts of gallonage during the month, minus the gallonage remaining in storage at 14 15 the end of the month. Any loss reported that is in excess of 16 this amount shall be subject to the tax imposed by Section 2a of this Law. On and after July 1, 2001, for each 6-month 17 period January through June, net losses of fuel (for each 18 category of fuel that is required to be reported on a return) 19 20 as the result of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature 21 variations may not exceed 1% of the total gallons in storage 22 at the beginning of each January, plus the receipts of gallonage each January through June, minus the gallonage 23 24 remaining in storage at the end of each June. On and after 25 July 1, 2001, for each 6-month period July through December, net losses of fuel (for each category of fuel that is 26 required to be reported on a return) as the result of 27 evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature variations may 28 not exceed 1% of the total gallons in storage at the 29 beginning of each July, plus the receipts of gallonage each 30 31 July through December, minus the gallonage remaining in storage at the end of each December. Any net loss reported 32 that is in excess of this amount shall be subject to the tax 33 imposed by Section 2a of this Law. For purposes of this 34

- 1 <u>Section</u>, "net loss" means the number of gallons gained
- 2 through temperature variations minus the number of gallons
- 3 <u>lost through temperature variations or evaporation for each</u>
- 4 <u>of the respective 6-month periods.</u>
- 5 The return shall be prescribed by the Department and
- 6 shall be filed between the 1st and 20th days of each calendar
- 7 month. The Department may, in its discretion, combine the
- 8 returns filed under this Section, Section 5, and Section 5a
- 9 of this Act. The return must be accompanied by appropriate
- 10 computer-generated magnetic media supporting schedule data in
- 11 the format required by the Department, unless, as provided by
- 12 rule, the Department grants an exception upon petition of a
- 13 taxpayer. If the return is filed timely, the seller shall
- 14 take a discount of 2% which is allowed to reimburse the
- 15 seller for the expenses incurred in keeping records,
- 16 preparing and filing returns, collecting and remitting the
- 17 tax and supplying data to the Department on request. The 2%
- 18 discount, however, shall be applicable only to the amount of
- 19 payment which accompanies a return that is filed timely in
- 20 accordance with this Section.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 91-173, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 22 (35 ILCS 505/4e)
- Sec. 4e. A legible and conspicuous notice stating "Dyed
- 24 Diesel Fuel, Non-taxable Use Only, Penalty For Taxable Use"
- 25 must appear on all shipping--papers, bills of lading, and
- invoices accompanying any sale of dyed diesel fuel.
- 27 (Source: P.A. 91-173, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 28 (35 ILCS 505/5) (from Ch. 120, par. 421)
- Sec. 5. Except as hereinafter provided, a person holding
- 30 a valid unrevoked license to act as a distributor of motor
- 31 fuel shall, between the 1st and 20th days of each calendar
- 32 month, make return to the Department, showing an itemized

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1 statement of the number of invoiced gallons of motor fuel of 2 the types specified in this Section which were purchased, acquired or received during the preceding calendar month; the 3 4 amount of such motor fuel produced, refined, compounded, 5 manufactured, blended, sold, distributed, and used by the 6 licensed distributor during the preceding calendar month; the 7 amount of such motor fuel lost or destroyed during the 8 preceding calendar month; and the amount of such motor fuel 9 on hand at the close of business for such month; and such other reasonable information as the Department may require. 10 11 If a distributor's only activities with respect to motor fuel are either: (1) production of alcohol in quantities of less 12 than 10,000 proof gallons per year or (2) blending alcohol in 13 quantities of less than 10,000 proof gallons per year which 14 such distributor has produced, he shall file returns on 15 16 annual basis with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year. Distributors whose total 17 production of alcohol (whether blended or not) exceeds 10,000 18 19 proof gallons per year, based on production during the 20 preceding (calendar) year or as reasonably projected by the 21 Department if one calendar year's record of production cannot 22 be established, shall file returns between the 1st and 20th 23 days of each calendar month as hereinabove provided. 24

The types of motor fuel referred to in the preceding paragraph are: (A) All products commonly or commercially known or sold as gasoline (including casing-head and absorption or natural gasoline), gasohol, motor benzol or motor benzene regardless of their classification or uses; and (B) all combustible gases which exist in a gaseous state at 60 degrees Fahrenheit and at 14.7 pounds per square inch absolute including, but not limited to, liquefied petroleum gases used for highway purposes; and (C) special fuel. Only those quantities of combustible gases (example (B) above) which are used or sold by the distributor to be used to

propel motor vehicles on the public highways, or--which--are delivered-into-the-bulk-storage-facilities-of-a-bulk-user, or which are delivered into a storage tank that is located at a facility that has withdrawal facilities which are readily accessible to and are capable of dispensing combustible gases into the fuel supply tanks of motor vehicles, shall be subject to return. For the purposes of this Act, liquefied petroleum gases shall mean and include any material having a vapor pressure not exceeding that allowed for commercial

10 propane composed predominantly of the following hydrocarbons,

11 either by themselves or as mixtures: Propane, Propylene,

Butane (normal butane or iso-butane) and Butylene (including

isomers).

In case of a sale of special fuel to someone other than a licensed distributor, or a licensed supplier, for a use other than in motor vehicles, the distributor shall show in his return the amount of invoiced gallons sold and the name and address of the purchaser in addition to any other information the Department may require.

All special fuel sold or used for non-highway purposes must have a dye added in accordance with Section 4d of this Law.

In case of a tax-free sale, as provided in Section 6, of motor fuel which the distributor is required by this Section to include in his return to the Department, the distributor in his return shall show: (1) If the sale is made to another licensed distributor the amount sold and the name, address and license number of the purchasing distributor; (2) if the sale is made to a person where delivery is made outside of this State the name and address of such purchaser and the point of delivery together with the date and amount delivered; (3) if the sale is made to the Federal Government or its instrumentalities the amount sold; (4) if the sale is made to a municipal corporation owning and operating a local

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1 transportation system for public service in this State the 2 name and address of such purchaser, and the amount sold, as evidenced by official forms of exemption certificates 3 4 properly executed and furnished by such purchaser; (5) if the sale is made to a privately owned public utility owning and 5 operating 2-axle vehicles designed and used for transporting 6 7 more than 7 passengers, which vehicles are used as common 8 carriers in general transportation of passengers, are not 9 devoted to any specialized purpose and are operated entirely within the territorial limits of a single municipality or of 10 11 any group of contiguous municipalities or in a close radius thereof, and the operations of which are subject to the 12 regulations of the Illinois Commerce Commission, then the 13 and address of such purchaser and the amount sold as 14 evidenced by official forms of 15 exemption certificates 16 properly executed and furnished by the purchaser; (6) if the product sold is special fuel and if the sale is made to a 17 licensed supplier under conditions which qualify the sale for 18 tax exemption under Section 6 of this Act, the amount sold 19 and the name, address and license number of the purchaser; 20 21 and (7) if a sale of special fuel is made to someone other 22 than a licensed distributor, or a licensed supplier, for a 23 use other than in motor vehicles, by making a specific notation thereof on the invoice or sales slip covering such 24 25 sales and obtaining such supporting documentation as may be required by the Department. 26

27 All special fuel sold or used for non-highway purposes 28 must have a dye added in accordance with Section 4d of this 29 Law.

A person whose license to act as a distributor of motor fuel has been revoked shall make a return to the Department covering the period from the date of the last return to the date of the revocation of the license, which return shall be delivered to the Department not later than 10 days from the

- date of the revocation or termination of the license of such
- 2 distributor; the return shall in all other respects be
- 3 subject to the same provisions and conditions as returns by
- 4 distributors licensed under the provisions of this Act.
- 5 The records, waybills and supporting documents kept by
- 6 railroads and other common carriers in the regular course of
- 7 business shall be prima facie evidence of the contents and
- 8 receipt of cars or tanks covered by those records, waybills
- 9 or supporting documents.

If the Department has reason to believe and does believe 10 11 that the amount shown on the return as purchased, acquired, received, sold, used, lost or destroyed is incorrect, or that 12 an amount of motor fuel of the types required by the second 13 paragraph of this Section to be reported to the Department 14 15 has not been correctly reported the Department shall fix an 16 amount for such receipt, sales, use, loss or destruction according to its best judgment and information, which amount 17 so fixed by the Department shall be prima facie correct. 18 19 returns shall be made on forms prepared and furnished by the Department, and shall contain such other information as the 20 21 Department may reasonably require. The return must be 22 accompanied by appropriate computer-generated magnetic media 23 supporting schedule data in the format required by the Department, unless, as provided by rule, the Department 24 25 grants an exception upon petition of a taxpayer. All licensed distributors shall report all losses of motor fuel sustained 26 27 on account of fire, theft, spillage, spoilage, leakage, any other provable cause when filing the return for the 28 29 period during which the loss occurred. The mere making of the 30 report does not assure the allowance of the loss as a reduction in tax liability. Losses of motor fuel as the 31 32 result of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature 33 variations may not exceed 1% one-percent of the total gallons

in storage at the beginning of the month, plus the receipts

1 of gallonage during the month, minus the gallonage remaining 2 in storage at the end of the month. Any loss reported that is in excess of 1% one-percent shall be subject to the tax 3 4 imposed by Section 2 of this Law. On and after July 1, 2001, 5 for each 6-month period January through June, net losses of motor fuel (for each category of motor fuel that is required 6 7 to be reported on a return) as the result of evaporation or 8 shrinkage due to temperature variations may not exceed 1% of 9 the total gallons in storage at the beginning of each 10 January, plus the receipts of gallonage each January through 11 June, minus the gallonage remaining in storage at the end of 12 each June. On and after July 1, 2001, for each 6-month period July through December, net losses of motor fuel (for 13 each category of motor fuel that is required to be reported 14 15 on a return) as the result of evaporation or shrinkage due to 16 temperature variations may not exceed 1% of the total gallons in storage at the beginning of each July, plus the receipts 17 of gallonage each July through December, minus the gallonage 18 remaining in storage at the end of each December. Any net 19 loss reported that is in excess of this amount shall be 20 21 subject to the tax imposed by Section 2a of this Law. For purposes of this Section, "net loss" means the number of 22 gallons gained through temperature variations minus the 23 number of gallons lost through temperature variations or 24 evaporation for each of the respective 6-month periods. 25

26 (Source: P.A. 91-173, eff. 1-1-00.)

27 (35 ILCS 505/5a) (from Ch. 120, par. 421a)

Sec. 5a. A person holding a valid unrevoked license to act as a supplier of special fuel shall, between the 1st and 20th days of each calendar month, make return to the Department showing an itemized statement of the number of invoiced gallons of special fuel acquired, received, purchased, sold, or used during the preceding calendar month;

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licensed under this Act.

1 the amount of special fuel sold, distributed, and used by the

2 licensed supplier during the preceding calendar month; the

3 amount of special fuel lost or destroyed during the preceding

4 calendar month; and the amount of special fuel on hand at the

close of business for the preceding calendar month; and such

6 other reasonable information as the Department may require.

7 A person whose license to act as a supplier of special fuel has been revoked shall make a return to the Department 8 9 covering the period from the date of the last return to the date of the revocation of the license, which return shall be 10 11 delivered to the Department not later than 10 days from the date of the revocation or termination of the license of such 12 supplier. The return shall in all other respects be subject 13 to the same provisions and conditions as returns by suppliers 14

The records, waybills and supporting documents kept by railroads and other common carriers in the regular course of business shall be prima facie evidence of the contents and receipt of cars or tanks covered by those records, waybills or supporting documents.

If the Department has reason to believe and does believe that the amount shown on the return as purchased, acquired, received, sold, used, or lost is incorrect, or that an amount of special fuel of the type required by the 1st paragraph of this Section to be reported to the Department by suppliers has not been correctly reported as a purchase, receipt, sale, use, or loss the Department shall fix an amount for such purchase, receipt, sale, use, or loss according to its best judgment and information, which amount so fixed by the Department shall be prima facie correct. All licensed suppliers shall report all losses of special fuel sustained on account of fire, theft, spillage, spoilage, leakage, or any other provable cause when filing the return for the period during which the loss occurred. The mere making of

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HB1813 Engrossed -10-LRB9204505SMdvA 1 the report does not assure the allowance of the loss as a 2 reduction in tax liability. Losses of special fuel as the result of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature 3 4 variations may not exceed 1% one-percent of the total gallons in storage at the beginning of the month, plus the receipts 5 of gallonage during the month, minus the gallonage remaining 6 7 in storage at the end of the month. Any loss reported that is in excess of 1% one--percent 8 9 shall be subject to the tax imposed by Section 2 of this Law. On and after July 1, 2001, for each 6-month period January 10 11 through June, net losses of special fuel (for each category of special fuel that is required to be reported on a return) 12 13 as the result of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature variations may not exceed 1% of the total gallons in storage 14 at the beginning of each January, plus the receipts of 15 16 gallonage each January through June, minus the gallonage 17 remaining in storage at the end of each June. On and after July 1, 2001, for each 6-month period July through December, 18 net losses of special fuel (for each category of special fuel 19 20 that is required to be reported on a return) as the result of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature variations may 21 not exceed 1% of the total gallons in storage at the 22 23

beginning of each July, plus the receipts of gallonage each July through December, minus the gallonage remaining in storage at the end of each December. Any net loss reported that is in excess of this amount shall be subject to the tax imposed by Section 2a of this Law. For purposes of this Section, "net loss" means the number of gallons gained through temperature variations minus the number of gallons

In case of a sale of special fuel to someone other than a licensed distributor or licensed supplier for a use other than in motor vehicles, the supplier shall show in his return

of the respective 6-month periods.

lost through temperature variations or evaporation for each

- 1 the amount of invoiced gallons sold and the name and address
- 2 of the purchaser in addition to any other information the
- 3 Department may require.
- 4 All special fuel sold or used for non-highway purposes
- 5 must have a dye added in accordance with Section 4d of this
- 6 Law.

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- 7 All returns shall be made on forms prepared and furnished
- 8 by the Department and shall contain such other information as
- 9 the Department may reasonably require. The return must be
- 10 accompanied by appropriate computer-generated magnetic media
- 11 supporting schedule data in the format required by the
- 12 Department, unless, as provided by rule, the Department
- grants an exception upon petition of a taxpayer.
- In case of a tax-free sale, as provided in Section 6a, of
- 15 special fuel which the supplier is required by this Section
- 16 to include in his return to the Department, the supplier in
- 17 his return shall show: (1) If the sale of special fuel is
- made to the Federal Government or its instrumentalities; (2)
- 19 if the sale of special fuel is made to a municipal
- 20 corporation owning and operating a local transportation
- 21 system for public service in this State, the name and address

of such purchaser and the amount sold, as evidenced by

official forms of exemption certificates properly executed

- 24 and furnished by such purchaser; (3) if the sale of special
- 25 fuel is made to a privately owned public utility owning and
- operating 2-axle vehicles designed and used for transporting
- 27 more than 7 passengers, which vehicles are used as common
- 28 carriers in general transportation of passengers, are not
- 29 devoted to any specialized purpose and are operated entirely
- 30 within the territorial limits of a single municipality or of
- 31 any group of contiguous municipalities or in a close radius
- 32 thereof, and the operations of which are subject to the
- 33 regulations of the Illinois Commerce Commission, then the
- 34 name and address of such purchaser and the amount sold, as

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1 evidenced by official forms of exemption certificates 2 properly executed and furnished by such purchaser; (4) if the product sold is special fuel and if the sale is made to a 3 4 licensed supplier or to a licensed distributor under conditions which qualify the sale for tax exemption under 5 6 Section 6a of this Act, the amount sold and the name, address 7 and license number of such purchaser; (5) if a sale of special fuel is made to a person where delivery 8 is 9 outside of this State, the name and address of such purchaser and the point of delivery together with the date and amount 10 of invoiced gallons delivered; and (6) if a sale of special 11 fuel is made to someone other than a licensed distributor or 12 a licensed supplier, for a use other than in motor vehicles, 13 by making a specific notation thereof on the invoice or sales 14 15 covering that sale and obtaining such supporting 16 documentation as may be required by the Department.

17 All special fuel sold or used for non-highway purposes 18 must have a dye added in accordance with Section 4d of this 19 Law.

20 (Source: P.A. 91-173, eff. 1-1-00.)

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21 (35 ILCS 505/6a) (from Ch. 120, par. 422a)

Sec. 6a. Collection of tax; suppliers. A supplier, other than a licensed distributor, who sells or distributes any special fuel, which he is required by Section 5a to report to the Department when filing a return, shall (except as hereinafter provided) collect at the time of such sale and distribution, the amount of tax imposed under this Act on all such special fuel sold and distributed, and at the time of making a return, the supplier shall pay to the Department the amount so collected less a discount of 2% which is allowed to reimburse the supplier for the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and filing returns, collecting and remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on

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1 request, and shall also pay to the Department an amount 2 equal to the amount that would be collectible as a tax in the event of a sale thereof on all such special fuel used by said 3 4 supplier during the period covered by the return. However, no payment shall be made based upon dyed diesel fuel used by 5 б said supplier for non-highway purposes. The 2% discount shall 7 only be applicable to the amount of tax payment which accompanies a return which is filed timely in accordance with 8 9 Section 5(a) of this Act. In each subsequent sale of special fuel on which the amount of tax imposed under this Act has 10 11 been collected as provided in this Section, the amount so collected shall be added to the selling price, so that the 12 amount of tax is paid ultimately by the user of the special 13 fuel. However, no collection or payment shall be made in the 14 case of the sale or use of any special fuel to the extent to 15 16 which such sale or use of motor fuel may not, under the Constitution and statutes of the United States, be made the 17 subject of taxation by this State. 18

A person whose license to act as supplier of special fuel has been revoked shall, at the time of making a return, also pay to the Department an amount equal to the amount that would be collectible as a tax in the event of a sale thereof on all special fuel, which he is required by the 1st paragraph of Section 5a to report to the Department in making a return.

A supplier may make tax-free sales of special fuel, with respect to which he is otherwise required to collect the tax, 27 when the motor fuel is delivered from a dispensing facility 28 29 that has withdrawal facilities capable of dispensing special 30 fuel into the fuel supply tanks of motor vehicles only as specified in the following items 1, 2, and 3. A supplier may 31 32 make tax-free sales of special fuel, with respect to which he is otherwise required to collect the tax, when the special 33 34 fuel is delivered from other facilities only as specified in

- 1 the following items 1 through 7.
- 2 1. When the sale is made to the federal government 3 or its instrumentalities.
 - 2. When the sale is made to a municipal corporation owning and operating a local transportation system for public service in this State when an official certificate of exemption is obtained in lieu of the tax.
 - 3. When the sale is made to a privately owned public utility owning and operating 2 axle vehicles designed and used for transporting more than 7 passengers, which vehicles are used as common carriers in general transportation of passengers, are not devoted to any specialized purpose and are operated entirely within the territorial limits of a single municipality or of any group of contiguous municipalities, or in a close radius thereof, and the operations of which are subject to the regulations of the Illinois Commerce Commission, when an official certificate of exemption is obtained in lieu of the tax.
 - 4. When a sale of special fuel is made to a person holding a valid unrevoked license as a supplier or a distributor by making a specific notation thereof on invoice or sales slip covering each such sale.
 - other than a licensed distributor or, licensed supplier, er-licensed-bulk-user for a use other than in motor vehicles, by making a specific notation thereof on the invoice or sales slip covering such sale and obtaining such supporting documentation as may be required by the Department. The supplier shall obtain and keep the supporting documentation in such form as the Department may require by rule.
 - 6. (Blank).
- 7. When a sale of special fuel is made to a person

- where delivery is made outside of this State.
- 2 All special fuel sold or used for non-highway purposes
- 3 must have a dye added in accordance with Section 4d of this
- 4 Law.
- 5 All suits or other proceedings brought for the purpose of
- 6 recovering any taxes, interest or penalties due the State of
- 7 Illinois under this Act may be maintained in the name of the
- 8 Department.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 91-173, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 10 (35 ILCS 505/8) (from Ch. 120, par. 424)
- 11 Sec. 8. Except as provided in <u>Section</u> Sections 8a,
- 12 <u>subdivision (h)(1) of Section 12a, Section</u> and 13a.6, and
- items 13, 14, 15, and 16 of Section 15, all money received by
- 14 the Department under this Act, including payments made to the
- 15 Department by member jurisdictions participating in the
- 16 International Fuel Tax Agreement, shall be deposited in a
- 17 special fund in the State treasury, to be known as the "Motor
- 18 Fuel Tax Fund", and shall be used as follows:
- 19 (a) 2 1/2 cents per gallon of the tax collected on
- 20 special fuel under paragraph (b) of Section 2 and Section 13a
- of this Act shall be transferred to the State Construction
- 22 Account Fund in the State Treasury;
- (b) \$420,000 shall be transferred each month to the
- 24 State Boating Act Fund to be used by the Department of
- 25 Natural Resources for the purposes specified in Article X of
- 26 the Boat Registration and Safety Act;
- (c) \$2,250,000 shall be transferred each month to the
- 28 Grade Crossing Protection Fund to be used as follows: not
- less than \$6,000,000 each fiscal year shall be used for the
- 30 construction or reconstruction of rail highway grade
- 31 separation structures; beginning with fiscal year 1997 and
- ending in fiscal year 2000, \$1,500,000, beginning with fiscal
- 33 year 2001 and ending in fiscal year 2003, \$2,250,000, and

1 \$750,000 in fiscal year 2004 and each fiscal year thereafter 2 shall be transferred to the Transportation Regulatory Fund and shall be accounted for as part of the rail carrier 3 4 portion of such funds and shall be used to pay the cost of 5 administration of the Illinois Commerce Commission's railroad safety program in connection with its duties under subsection 6 (3) of Section 18c-7401 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 7 the remainder to be used by the Department of Transportation 8 upon order of the Illinois Commerce Commission, to pay that 9 part of the cost apportioned by such Commission to the State 10 11 to cover the interest of the public in the use of highways, 12 roads, streets, or pedestrian walkways in the county highway 13 system, township and district road system, or municipal street system as defined in the Illinois Highway Code, as the 14 15 same may from time to time be amended, for separation of grades, for installation, construction or reconstruction of 16 17 crossing protection or reconstruction, alteration, relocation including construction or improvement of any existing highway 18 19 necessary for access to property or improvement of any grade 20 crossing including the necessary highway approaches thereto 21 of any railroad across the highway or public road, or for the 22 installation, construction, reconstruction, or maintenance of 23 a pedestrian walkway over or under a railroad right-of-way, as provided for in and in accordance with Section 18c-7401 of 24 25 the Illinois Vehicle Code. The Commission shall not order more than \$2,000,000 per year in Grade Crossing Protection 26 Fund moneys for pedestrian walkways. In entering orders 27 which payments from the Grade Crossing 28 projects for 29 Protection Fund will be made, the Commission shall account 30 for expenditures authorized by the orders on a cash rather than an accrual basis. For purposes of this requirement an 31 "accrual basis" assumes that the total cost of the project is 32 expended in the fiscal year in which the order is entered, 33 34 while a "cash basis" allocates the cost of the project among

- fiscal years as expenditures are actually made. To meet the requirements of this subsection, the Illinois Commerce
- 3 Commission shall develop annual and 5-year project plans of
- 4 rail crossing capital improvements that will be paid for with
- 5 moneys from the Grade Crossing Protection Fund. The annual
- 6 project plan shall identify projects for the succeeding
- 7 fiscal year and the 5-year project plan shall identify
- 8 projects for the 5 directly succeeding fiscal years. The
- 9 Commission shall submit the annual and 5-year project plans
- 10 for this Fund to the Governor, the President of the Senate,
- 11 the Senate Minority Leader, the Speaker of the House of
- 12 Representatives, and the Minority Leader of the House of
- Representatives on the first Wednesday in April of each year;
- 14 (d) of the amount remaining after allocations provided
- for in subsections (a), (b) and (c), a sufficient amount
- shall be reserved to pay all of the following:
- 17 (1) the costs of the Department of Revenue in administering this Act;
- 19 (2) the costs of the Department of Transportation 20 in performing its duties imposed by the Illinois Highway 21 Code for supervising the use of motor fuel tax funds 22 apportioned to municipalities, counties and road
- 23 districts;

- 24 (3) refunds provided for in Section 13 of this Act 25 and under the terms of the International Fuel Tax
- 26 Agreement referenced in Section 14a;
- 27 (4) from October 1, 1985 until June 30, 1994, the

administration of the Vehicle Emissions Inspection Law,

- 29 which amount shall be certified monthly by the
- 30 Environmental Protection Agency to the State Comptroller
- 31 and shall promptly be transferred by the State
- 32 Comptroller and Treasurer from the Motor Fuel Tax Fund to
- the Vehicle Inspection Fund, and for the period July 1,
- 34 1994 through June 30, $\underline{2000}$, June-30, $\underline{2006}$, one-twelfth of

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1	\$25,000,000 each month, and for the period July 1, 2000
2	through June 30, 2006, one-twelfth of \$30,000,000 each
3	month, for the administration of the Vehicle Emissions
4	Inspection Law of 1995, to be transferred by the State
5	Comptroller and Treasurer from the Motor Fuel Tax Fund
6	into the Vehicle Inspection Fund;

- 7 (5) amounts ordered paid by the Court of Claims; 8 and
 - (6) payment of motor fuel use taxes due to member jurisdictions under the terms of the International Fuel Tax Agreement. The Department shall certify these amounts to the Comptroller by the 15th day of each month; the Comptroller shall cause orders to be drawn for such amounts, and the Treasurer shall administer those amounts on or before the last day of each month;
- 16 (e) after allocations for the purposes set forth in 17 subsections (a), (b), (c) and (d), the remaining amount shall 18 be apportioned as follows:
 - (1) Until January 1, 2000, 58.4%, and beginning January 1, 2000, 45.6% shall be deposited as follows:
 - (A) 37% into the State Construction Account Fund, and
 - (B) 63% into the Road Fund, \$1,250,000 of which shall be reserved each month for the Department of Transportation to be used in accordance with the provisions of Sections 6-901 through 6-906 of the Illinois Highway Code;
- 28 (2) Until January 1, 2000, 41.6%, and beginning
 29 January 1, 2000, 54.4% shall be transferred to the
 30 Department of Transportation to be distributed as
 31 follows:
- 32 (A) 49.10% to the municipalities of the State,
- 33 (B) 16.74% to the counties of the State having 1,000,000 or more inhabitants,

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1 18.27% to the counties of the State having 2 less than 1,000,000 inhabitants,

15.89% to the road districts of the State. 3

As soon as may be after the first day of each month the Department of Transportation shall allot to each municipality share of the amount apportioned to the several municipalities which shall be in proportion to the population of such municipalities as determined by the last preceding municipal census if conducted by the Federal Government or Federal census. If territory is annexed to any municipality subsequent to the time of the last preceding census the corporate authorities of such municipality may cause a census to be taken of such annexed territory and the population so ascertained for such territory shall be added to the population of the municipality as determined by the preceding census for the purpose of determining the allotment for that municipality. If the population of any municipality was not determined by the last Federal census preceding any apportionment, the apportionment to such municipality shall be in accordance with any census taken by such municipality. Any municipal census used in accordance with this Section shall be certified to the Department of Transportation by the clerk of such municipality, and the accuracy thereof shall be subject to approval of the Department which may make such corrections as it ascertains to be necessary.

As soon as may be after the first day of each month the Department of Transportation shall allot to each county its share of the amount apportioned to the several counties of the State as herein provided. Each allotment to the several counties having less than 1,000,000 inhabitants shall be in proportion to the amount of motor vehicle license fees received from the residents of such counties, respectively, during the preceding calendar year. The Secretary of State shall, on or before April 15 of each year, transmit to the 1 Department of Transportation a full and complete report

2 showing the amount of motor vehicle license fees received

3 from the residents of each county, respectively, during the

4 preceding calendar year. The Department of Transportation

5 shall, each month, use for allotment purposes the last such

6 report received from the Secretary of State.

7 As soon as may be after the first day of each month, the 8 Department of Transportation shall allot to the several 9 counties their share of the amount apportioned for the use of road districts. The allotment shall be apportioned among the 10 11 several counties in the State in the proportion which the total mileage of township or district roads in the respective 12 counties bears to the total mileage of all township and 13 district roads in the State. Funds allotted to the respective 14 15 counties for the use of road districts therein shall 16 allocated to the several road districts in the county in the proportion which the total mileage of such township or 17 district roads in the respective road districts bears to the 18 19 total mileage of all such township or district roads in the After July 1 of any year, no allocation shall be 20 county. 21 made for any road district unless it levied a tax for road 22 and bridge purposes in an amount which will require the 23 extension of such tax against the taxable property in any such road district at a rate of not less than either .08% of 24 25 the value thereof, based upon the assessment for the year immediately prior to the year in which such tax was levied 26 and as equalized by the Department of Revenue or, 27 in DuPage County, an amount equal to or greater than \$12,000 per mile 28 29 of road under the jurisdiction of the road 30 whichever is less. If any road district has levied a special tax for road purposes pursuant to Sections 6-601, 6-602 and 31 6-603 of the Illinois Highway Code, and such tax was levied 32 in an amount which would require extension at a rate of not 33 less than .08% of the value of the taxable property thereof, 34

1 as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue, or, in 2 DuPage County, an amount equal to or greater than \$12,000 per mile of road under the jurisdiction of the road district, 3 4 whichever is less, such levy shall, however, be deemed a proper compliance with this Section and shall qualify such 5 б road district for an allotment under this Section. 7 township has transferred to the road and bridge fund money which, when added to the amount of any tax levy of the 8 9 district would be the equivalent of a tax levy requiring extension at a rate of at least .08%, or, in DuPage County, 10 11 an amount equal to or greater than \$12,000 per mile of road under the jurisdiction of the road district, whichever is 12 less, such transfer, together with any such tax levy, shall 13 be deemed a proper compliance with this Section and shall 14 15 qualify the road district for an allotment under this 16 Section.

In counties in which a property tax extension limitation 17 is imposed under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law, 18 19 road districts may retain their entitlement to a motor fuel tax allotment if, at the time the property tax extension 20 21 limitation was imposed, the road district was levying a road and bridge tax at a rate sufficient to entitle it to a motor 22 23 tax allotment and continues to levy the maximum allowable amount after the imposition of the property 24 tax 25 limitation. Any road district may extension in all circumstances retain its entitlement to a motor fuel tax 26 it levied a road and bridge tax in an amount 27 allotment if that will require the extension of the tax against 28 29 taxable property in the road district at a rate of not less 30 than 0.08% of the assessed value of the property, based upon the assessment for the year immediately preceding the year in 31 which the tax was levied and as equalized by the Department 32 33 of Revenue or, in DuPage County, an amount equal to or greater than \$12,000 per mile of road under the jurisdiction 34

- of the road district, whichever is less.
- 2 As used in this Section the term "road district" means
- 3 any road district, including a county unit road district,
- 4 provided for by the Illinois Highway Code; and the term
- 5 "township or district road" means any road in the township
- 6 and district road system as defined in the Illinois Highway
- 7 Code. For the purposes of this Section, "road district" also
- 8 includes park districts, forest preserve districts and
- 9 conservation districts organized under Illinois law and
- 10 "township or district road" also includes such roads as are
- 11 maintained by park districts, forest preserve districts and
- 12 conservation districts. The Department of Transportation
- 13 shall determine the mileage of all township and district
- 14 roads for the purposes of making allotments and allocations
- of motor fuel tax funds for use in road districts.
- 16 Payment of motor fuel tax moneys to municipalities and
- 17 counties shall be made as soon as possible after the
- 18 allotment is made. The treasurer of the municipality or
- 19 county may invest these funds until their use is required and
- 20 the interest earned by these investments shall be limited to
- 21 the same uses as the principal funds.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 90-110, eff. 7-14-97; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98;
- 23 90-659, eff. 1-1-99; 90-691, eff. 1-1-99; 91-37, eff. 7-1-99;
- 24 91-59, eff. 6-30-99; 91-173, eff. 1-1-00; 91-357, eff.
- 25 7-29-99; 91-704, eff. 7-1-00; 91-725, eff. 6-2-00; 91-794,
- 26 eff. 6-9-00; revised 6-28-00.)
- 27 (35 ILCS 505/13) (from Ch. 120, par. 429)
- Sec. 13. <u>Refund of tax paid</u>. Any person other than a
- 29 distributor or supplier, who loses motor fuel through any
- 30 cause or uses motor fuel (upon which he has paid the amount
- 31 required to be collected under Section 2 of this Act) for any
- 32 purpose other than operating a motor vehicle upon the public
- 33 highways or waters, shall be reimbursed and repaid the amount

1 so paid.

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2 Any person who purchases motor fuel in Illinois and uses

3 that motor fuel in another state and that other state imposes

4 a tax on the use of such motor fuel shall be reimbursed and

5 repaid the amount of Illinois tax paid under Section 2 of

6 this Act on the motor fuel used in such other state.

7 Reimbursement and repayment shall be made by the Department

8 upon receipt of adequate proof of taxes paid to another state

9 and the amount of motor fuel used in that state.

Claims for such reimbursement must be made to the 10 11 Department of Revenue, duly verified by the claimant (or by the claimant's legal representative if the claimant has died 12 or become a person under legal disability), upon forms 13 prescribed by the Department. The claim must state such 14 facts relating to the purchase, importation, manufacture or 15 16 production of the motor fuel by the claimant as Department may deem necessary, and the time when, and the 17 18 circumstances of its loss or the specific purpose for which 19 it was used (as the case may be), together with such other information as the Department may reasonably require. 20 21 claim based upon idle time shall be allowed.

Claims for full reimbursement for taxes paid on or before December 31, 1999 must be filed not later than one year after the date on which the tax was paid by the claimant. If, however, a claim for such reimbursement otherwise meeting the requirements of this Section is filed more than one year but less than 2 years after that date, the claimant shall be reimbursed at the rate of 80% of the amount to which he would have been entitled if his claim had been timely filed.

30 <u>Claims for full reimbursement for taxes paid on or after</u>
31 <u>January 1, 2000 must be filed not later than 2 years after</u>
32 <u>the date on which the tax was paid by the claimant.</u>

The Department may make such investigation of the correctness of the facts stated in such claims as it deems

-24-

1 necessary. When the Department has approved any such claim,

2 it shall pay to the claimant (or to the claimant's legal

3 representative, as such if the claimant has died or become a

4 person under legal disability) the reimbursement provided in

this Section, out of any moneys appropriated to it for that

6 purpose.

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7 Any distributor or supplier who has paid the tax imposed 8 by Section 2 of this Act upon motor fuel lost or used by such 9 distributor or supplier for any purpose other than operating a motor vehicle upon the public highways or waters may file a 10 11 claim for credit or refund to recover the amount so paid. Such claims shall be filed on forms prescribed by the 12 Such claims shall be made to the Department, 13 Department. duly verified by the claimant (or by the claimant's legal 14 15 representative if the claimant has died or become a person 16 under legal disability), upon forms prescribed by Department. The claim shall state such facts relating to the 17 purchase, importation, manufacture or production of the motor 18 19 fuel by the claimant as the Department may deem necessary and the time when the loss or nontaxable use occurred, and the 20 2.1 circumstances of its loss or the specific purpose for which 22 it was used (as the case may be), together with such other 23 information as the Department may reasonably require. Claims must be filed not later than one year after the date on which 24

The Department may make such investigation of the correctness of the facts stated in such claims as it deems necessary. When the Department approves a claim, the Department shall issue a refund or credit memorandum as requested by the taxpayer, to the distributor or supplier who made the payment for which the refund or credit is being given or, if the distributor or supplier has died or become incompetent, to such distributor's or supplier's legal representative, as such. The amount of such credit

the tax was paid by the claimant.

- 1 memorandum shall be credited against any tax due or to become
- 2 due under this Act from the distributor or supplier who made
- 3 the payment for which credit has been given.
- 4 Any credit or refund that is allowed under this Section
- 5 shall bear interest at the rate and in the manner specified
- 6 in the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.
- 7 In case the distributor or supplier requests and the
- 8 Department determines that the claimant is entitled to a
- 9 refund, such refund shall be made only from such
- 10 appropriation as may be available for that purpose. If it
- 11 appears unlikely that the amount appropriated would permit
- 12 everyone having a claim allowed during the period covered by
- 13 such appropriation to elect to receive a cash refund, the
- 14 Department, by rule or regulation, shall provide for the
- 15 payment of refunds in hardship cases and shall define what
- 16 types of cases qualify as hardship cases.
- 17 In any case in which there has been an erroneous refund
- 18 of tax payable under this Section, a notice of tax liability
- 19 may be issued at any time within 3 years from the making of
- that refund, or within 5 years from the making of that refund
- 21 if it appears that any part of the refund was induced by
- fraud or the misrepresentation of material fact. The amount
- of any proposed assessment set forth by the Department shall
- 24 be limited to the amount of the erroneous refund.
- 25 If no tax is due and no proceeding is pending to
- determine whether such distributor or supplier is indebted to
- 27 the Department for tax, the credit memorandum so issued may
- 28 be assigned and set over by the lawful holder thereof,
- 29 subject to reasonable rules of the Department, to any other
- 30 licensed distributor or supplier who is subject to this Act,
- 31 and the amount thereof applied by the Department against any
- 32 tax due or to become due under this Act from such assignee.
- If the payment for which the distributor's or supplier's
- 34 claim is filed is held in the protest fund of the State

- 1 Treasury during the pendency of the claim for credit
- 2 proceedings pursuant to the order of the court in accordance
- 3 with Section 2a of the State Officers and Employees Money
- 4 Disposition Act and if it is determined by the Department or
- 5 by the final order of a reviewing court under the
- 6 Administrative Review Law that the claimant is entitled to
- 7 all or a part of the credit claimed, the claimant, instead of
- 8 receiving a credit memorandum from the Department, shall
- 9 receive a cash refund from the protest fund as provided for
- 10 in Section 2a of the State Officers and Employees Money
- 11 Disposition Act.
- 12 If any person ceases to be licensed as a distributor or
- 13 supplier while still holding an unused credit memorandum
- 14 issued under this Act, such person may, at his election
- 15 (instead of assigning the credit memorandum to a licensed
- 16 distributor or licensed supplier under this Act), surrender
- 17 such unused credit memorandum to the Department and receive a
- 18 refund of the amount to which such person is entitled.
- 19 For claims based upon taxes paid on or before December
- 20 31, 2000, a no claim based upon the use of undyed diesel fuel
- 21 shall <u>not</u> be allowed except <u>(i) if allowed under the</u>
- 22 <u>following paragraph or (ii)</u> for undyed diesel fuel used by a
- 23 commercial vehicle, as that term is defined in Section

than operating the commercial vehicle upon the

1-111.8 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, for any purpose other

- 26 highways and unlicensed commercial vehicles operating on
- 27 private property. Claims shall be limited to commercial
- vehicles that are operated for both highway purposes and any
- 29 purposes other than operating such vehicles upon the public
- 30 highways.

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- For claims based upon taxes paid on or after January 1,
- 32 <u>2000, a claim based upon the use of undyed diesel fuel shall</u>
- 33 not be allowed except (i) if allowed under the preceding
- 34 paragraph or (ii) for claims for the following:

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airport property.

1	(1) Undyed diesel fuel used (i) in a manufacturing
2	process, as defined in Section 2-45 of the Retailers'
3	Occupation Tax Act, wherein the undyed diesel fuel
4	becomes a component part of a product or byproduct, other
5	than fuel or motor fuel, when the use of dyed diesel fuel
6	in that manufacturing process results in a product that
7	is unsuitable for its intended use or (ii) for testing
8	machinery and equipment in a manufacturing process, as
9	defined in Section 2-45 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax
10	Act, wherein the testing takes place on private property.
11	(2) Undyed diesel fuel used by a manufacturer on
12	private property in the research and development, as
13	defined in Section 1.29, of machinery or equipment
14	intended for manufacture.
15	(3) Undyed diesel fuel used by a single unit
16	self-propelled agricultural fertilizer implement,
17	designed for on and off road use, equipped with flotation
18	tires and specially adapted for the application of plant
19	food materials or agricultural chemicals.
20	(4) Undyed diesel fuel used by a commercial motor
21	vehicle for any purpose other than operating the
22	commercial motor vehicle upon the public highways.
23	Claims shall be limited to commercial motor vehicles that
24	are operated for both highway purposes and any purposes
25	other than operating such vehicles upon the public
26	highways.
27	(5) Undyed diesel fuel used by a unit of local
28	government in its operation of an airport if the undyed

diesel fuel is used directly in airport operations on

that are permanently mounted to a semitrailer, as defined

in Section 1.28 of this Law, wherein the refrigeration

units have a fuel supply system dedicated solely for the

(6) Undyed diesel fuel used by refrigeration units

- 1 <u>operation of the refrigeration units.</u>
- 2 <u>(7) Undyed diesel fuel used by power take-off</u>
- 3 <u>equipment as defined in Section 1.27 of this Law.</u>
- 4 Any person who has paid the tax imposed by Section 2 of
- 5 this Law upon undyed diesel fuel that is unintentionally
- 6 <u>mixed with dyed diesel fuel and who owns or controls the</u>
- 7 <u>mixture of undyed diesel fuel and dyed diesel fuel may file a</u>
- 8 <u>claim</u> for refund to recover the amount paid. The amount of
- 9 <u>undyed diesel fuel unintentionally mixed must equal 500</u>
- 10 gallons or more. Any claim for refund of unintentionally
- 11 <u>mixed undyed diesel fuel and dyed diesel fuel shall be</u>
- 12 supported by documentation showing the date and location of
- the unintentional mixing, the number of gallons involved, the
- 14 <u>disposition of the mixed diesel fuel</u>, and any other
- information that the Department may reasonably require. Any
- 16 <u>unintentional mixture of undyed diesel fuel and dyed diesel</u>
- fuel shall be sold or used only for non-highway purposes.
- 18 The Department shall promulgate regulations establishing
- 19 specific limits on the amount of undyed diesel fuel that may
- 20 be claimed for refund.
- 21 For purposes of claims for refund, "loss" means the
- 22 reduction of motor fuel resulting from fire, theft, spillage,
- 23 spoilage, leakage, or any other provable cause, but does not
- 24 include a reduction resulting from evaporation or shrinkage
- 25 due to temperature variations.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98; 91-173, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 27 (35 ILCS 505/13a.6) (from Ch. 120, par. 429a6)
- Sec. 13a.6. In addition to any other penalties imposed
- 29 by this Act:
- 30 (a) If a commercial motor vehicle is found operating in
- 31 Illinois (i) without displaying decals required by Section
- 32 13a.4 of this Act, or in lieu thereof only for the period
- 33 specified on the temporary permit, a valid 30-day

- 1 International Fuel Tax Agreement temporary permit, (ii)
- 2 without carrying a motor fuel use tax license as required by
- 3 Section 13a.4 of this Act, (iii) without carrying a single
- 4 trip permit, when applicable, as provided in Section 13a.5 of
- 5 this Act, or (iv) with a revoked motor fuel use tax license,
- 6 the operator is guilty of a petty offense and must pay a
- 7 minimum of \$75. For each subsequent occurrence, the operator
- 8 must pay a minimum of \$150.
- 9 When a commercial \underline{motor} vehicle is found operating in
- 10 Illinois with a revoked motor fuel use tax license, the
- 11 vehicle shall be placed out of service and not allowed to
- 12 operate in Illinois until the motor fuel use tax license is
- 13 reinstated.
- 14 (b) If a commercial motor vehicle is found to be
- operating in Illinois without a valid motor fuel use tax
- 16 license and without properly displaying decals required by
- 17 Section 13a.4 or without a valid single trip permit when
- 18 required by Section 13a.5 of this Act or a valid 30-day
- 19 International Fuel Tax Agreement temporary permit, the person
- 20 required to obtain a license or permit under Section 13a.4 or
- 21 13a.5 of this Law must pay a minimum of \$1,000 as a penalty.
- 22 For each subsequent occurrence, the person must pay a minimum
- 23 of \$2,000 as a penalty.
- 24 All penalties received under this Section shall be
- 25 deposited into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund.
- 26 Improper use of the motor fuel use tax license, single
- 27 trip permit, or decals provided for in this Section may be
- 28 cause for revocation of the license.
- 29 For purposes of this Section, "motor fuel use tax
- 30 license" means (i) a motor fuel use tax license issued by the
- 31 Department or by any member jurisdiction under the
- 32 International Fuel Tax Agreement, or (ii) a valid 30-day
- 33 International Fuel Tax Agreement temporary permit.
- 34 (Source: P.A. 91-173, eff. 1-1-00.)

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1 (35 ILCS 505/15) (from Ch. 120, par. 431)

2 Sec. 15. 1. Any person who knowingly acts as a

3 distributor of motor fuel or supplier of special fuel, or

4 receiver of fuel without having a license so to do, or who

knowingly fails or refuses to file a return with the

Department as provided in Section 2b, Section 5, or Section

5a of this Act, or who knowingly fails or refuses to make

8 payment to the Department as provided either in Section 2b,

9 Section 6, Section 6a, or Section 7 of this Act, shall be

guilty of a Class 3 felony. Each day any person knowingly

acts as a distributor of motor fuel, supplier of special

fuel, or receiver of fuel without having a license so to do

or after such a license has been revoked, constitutes a

14 separate offense.

guilty of a Class 3 felony.

- Any person who acts as a motor carrier without having 15 16 a valid motor fuel use tax license, issued by the Department or by a member jurisdiction under the provisions of the 17 International Fuel Tax Agreement, or a valid single trip 18 19 permit is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for a first offense and is guilty of a Class 4 felony for each subsequent 20 21 offense. Any person (i) who fails or refuses to make payment to the Department as provided in Section 13a.1 of this Act or 22 23 in the International Fuel Tax Agreement referenced in Section 14a, or (ii) who fails or refuses to make the quarterly 24 25 return as provided in Section 13a.3 is guilty of a Class 4 felony; and for each subsequent offense, such person is 26
- In case such person acting as а 28 distributor, 29 receiver, supplier, or motor carrier is a corporation, then 30 the officer or officers, agent or agents, employee or employees, of such corporation responsible for any act of 31 32 such corporation, or failure of such corporation to act, which acts or failure to act constitutes a violation of any 33 34 of the provisions of this Act as enumerated in paragraphs 1

- 1 and 2 of this Section, shall be punished by such fine or
- 2 imprisonment, or by both such fine and imprisonment as
- 3 provided in those paragraphs.
- 4 3.5. Any person who knowingly enters false information
- 5 on any supporting documentation required to be kept by
- 6 Section 6 or 6a of this Act is guilty of a Class 3 felony.
- 7 3.7. Any person who knowingly attempts in any manner to
- 8 evade or defeat any tax imposed by this Act or the payment of
- 9 any tax imposed by this Act is guilty of a Class 2 felony.
- 10 4. Any person who refuses, upon demand, to submit for
- inspection, books and records, or who fails or refuses to
- 12 keep books and records in violation of Section 12 of this
- 13 Act, or any distributor, receiver, or supplier who violates
- 14 any reasonable rule or regulation adopted by the Department
- 15 for the enforcement of this Act is guilty of a Class A
- 16 misdemeanor. Any person who acts as a blender in violation
- of Section 3 of this Act or who having transported reportable
- 18 motor fuel within Section 7b of this Act fails to make the
- 19 return required by that Section, is guilty of a Class 4
- 20 felony.
- 5. Any person licensed under Section 13a.4, 13a.5, or
- 22 the International Fuel Tax Agreement who: (a) fails or
- 23 refuses to keep records and books, as provided in Section
- 24 13a.2 or as required by the terms of the International Fuel
- 25 Tax Agreement, (b) refuses upon demand by the Department to
- 26 submit for inspection and examination the records required by
- 27 Section 13a.2 of this Act or by the terms of the
- 28 International Motor Fuel Tax Agreement, or (c) violates any
- 29 reasonable rule or regulation adopted by the Department for
- 30 the enforcement of this Act, is guilty of a Class A
- 31 misdemeanor.
- 32 6. Any person who makes any false return or report to
- 33 the Department as to any material fact required by Sections
- 34 2b, 5, 5a, 7, 13, or 13a.3 of this Act or by the

- 1 International Fuel Tax Agreement is guilty of a Class 2
- 2 felony.
- 3 7. A prosecution for any violation of this Section may
- 4 be commenced anytime within 5 years of the commission of that
- 5 violation. A prosecution for tax evasion as set forth in
- 6 paragraph 3.7 of this Section may be prosecuted any time
- 7 within 5 years of the commission of the last act in
- 8 furtherance of evasion. The running of the period of
- 9 limitations under this Section shall be suspended while any
- 10 proceeding or appeal from any proceeding relating to the
- 11 quashing or enforcement of any grand jury or administrative
- 12 subpoena issued in connection with an investigation of the
- violation of any provision of this Act is pending.
- 8. Any person who provides false documentation required
- by any Section of this Act is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- 9. Any person filing a fraudulent application or order
- form under any provision of this Act is guilty of a Class A
- 18 misdemeanor. For each subsequent offense, the person is
- 19 guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- 20 10. Any person who acts as a motor carrier and who fails
- 21 to carry a manifest as provided in Section 5.5 is guilty of a
- 22 Class A misdemeanor. For each subsequent offense, the person
- is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- 24 11. Any person who knowingly sells or attempts to sell
- 25 dyed diesel fuel for highway use is guilty of a Class 4
- 26 felony. For each subsequent offense, the person is guilty of
- 27 a Class 2 felony.
- 28 12. Any person who knowingly possesses dyed diesel fuel
- 29 for highway use is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. For each
- 30 subsequent offense, the person is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- 31 13. Any person who sells or transports dyed diesel fuel
- 32 without the notice required by Section 4e shall pay the
- 33 following penalty:
- 34 First occurrence.....\$ 500

1	Second and each occurrence thereafter\$1,000
2	14. Any person who owns, operates, or controls any
3	container, storage tank, or facility used to store or
4	distribute dyed diesel fuel without the notice required by
5	Section 4f shall pay the following penalty:
6	First occurrence\$ 500
7	Second and each occurrence thereafter\$1,000
8	15. If a licensed motor vehicle <u>required</u> to <u>be</u>
9	registered for highway purposes is found to have dyed diesel
10	fuel within the ordinary fuel tanks attached to the motor
11	vehicle, the operator shall pay the following penalty:
12	First occurrence\$2,500
13	Second and each occurrence thereafter\$5,000
14	16. Any licensed motor fuel distributor or licensed
15	supplier who sells or attempts to sell dyed diesel fuel for
16	highway use shall pay the following penalty:
17	First occurrence\$ 5,000
18	Second and each occurrence thereafter\$10,000
19	17. Any person who knowingly sells or <u>distributes</u>
20	transports dyed diesel fuel without the notice required by
21	Section 4e is guilty of a petty offense. For each subsequent
22	offense, the person is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
23	18. Any person who knowingly owns, operates, or controls
24	any container, storage tank, or facility used to store or
25	distribute dyed diesel fuel without the notice required by
26	Section 4f is guilty of a petty offense. For each subsequent
27	offense the person is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
28	For purposes of this Section, dyed diesel fuel means any
29	dyed diesel fuel whether or not dyed pursuant to Section 4d
30	of this Law.
31	Any person aggrieved by any action of the Department
32	under item 13, 14, 15, or 16 of this Section may protest the
33	action by making a written request for a hearing within 60
34	days of the original action. If the hearing is not requested

- 1 <u>in writing within 60 days, the original action is final.</u>
- 2 All penalties received under items 13, 14, 15, and 16 of
- 3 this Section shall be deposited into the Tax Compliance and
- 4 Administration Fund.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 91-173, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 6 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July
- 7 1, 2001.

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