

Rep. Al Riley

## Filed: 5/26/2016

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1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE E	BILL 2427
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senat	ce Bill 2427 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause w	with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Property Tax Cod	le is amended by changing
5	Sections 9-275 and 15-175 as follows:	
6	(35 ILCS 200/9-275)	
7	Sec. 9-275. Erroneous homestead exemptions.	
8	(a) For purposes of this Section:	
9	"Erroneous homestead exemption	n" means a homestead
10	exemption that was granted for real p	roperty in a taxable year
11	if the property was not eligible for	r that exemption in that
12	taxable year. If the taxpayer receive	es an erroneous homestead
13	exemption under a single Section of	this Code for the same
14	property in multiple years, that ex	kemption is considered a
15	single erroneous homestead exemptic	on for purposes of this
16	Section. However, if the taxpayer rec	eives erroneous homestead

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exemptions under multiple Sections of this Code for the same property, or if the taxpayer receives erroneous homestead exemptions under the same Section of this Code for multiple properties, then each of those exemptions is considered a separate erroneous homestead exemption for purposes of this Section.

"Homestead exemption" means an exemption under Section 7 with disabilities), 15-167 (returning 8 15-165 (veterans 9 veterans), 15-168 (persons with disabilities), 15-169 10 (standard homestead for veterans with disabilities), 15-170 11 (senior citizens), 15-172 (senior citizens assessment freeze), 15-175 (general homestead), 15-176 (alternative general 12 13 homestead), or 15-177 (long-time occupant).

14 "Erroneous exemption principal amount" means the total 15 difference between the property taxes actually billed to a 16 property index number and the amount of property taxes that 17 would have been billed but for the erroneous exemption or 18 exemptions.

19 "Taxpayer" means the property owner or leasehold owner that 20 erroneously received a homestead exemption upon property.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the chief county assessment officer shall include the following information with each assessment notice sent in a general assessment year: (1) a list of each homestead exemption available under Article 15 of this Code and a description of the eligibility criteria for that 09900SB2427ham002 -3- LRB099 15844 HLH 49285 a

1 exemption; (2) a list of each homestead exemption applied to 2 the property in the current assessment year; (3) information 3 regarding penalties and interest that may be incurred under 4 this Section if the taxpayer received an erroneous homestead 5 exemption in a previous taxable year; and (4) notice of the 6 60-day grace period available under this subsection. If, within 60 days after receiving his or her assessment notice, the 7 8 taxpayer notifies the chief county assessment officer that he 9 or she received an erroneous homestead exemption in a previous 10 taxable year, and if the taxpayer pays the erroneous exemption 11 principal amount, plus interest as provided in subsection (f), then the taxpayer shall not be liable for the penalties 12 13 provided in subsection (f) with respect to that exemption.

(c) In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, when 14 15 the chief county assessment officer determines that one or more 16 erroneous homestead exemptions was applied to the property, the erroneous exemption principal amount, together with all 17 applicable interest and penalties as provided in subsections 18 (f) and (j), shall constitute a lien in the name of the People 19 20 of Cook County on the property receiving the erroneous 21 homestead exemption. Upon becoming aware of the existence of 22 one or more erroneous homestead exemptions, the chief county 23 assessment officer shall cause to be served, by both regular 24 mail and certified mail, a notice of discovery as set forth in 25 subsection (c-5). The chief county assessment officer in a 26 county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants may cause a lien to

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1 be recorded against property that (1) is located in the county and (2) received one or more erroneous homestead exemptions if, 2 3 upon determination of the chief county assessment officer, the 4 taxpayer received: (A) one or 2 erroneous homestead exemptions 5 for real property, including at least one erroneous homestead 6 exemption granted for the property against which the lien is sought, during any of the 3 collection years immediately prior 7 8 to the current collection year in which the notice of discovery 9 is served; or (B) 3 or more erroneous homestead exemptions for 10 real property, including at least one erroneous homestead 11 exemption granted for the property against which the lien is sought, during any of the 6 collection years immediately prior 12 13 to the current collection year in which the notice of discovery 14 is served. Prior to recording the lien against the property, 15 the chief county assessment officer shall cause to be served, 16 by both regular mail and certified mail, return receipt 17 requested, on the person to whom the most recent tax bill was mailed and the owner of record, a notice of intent to record a 18 19 lien against the property. The chief county assessment officer 20 shall cause the notice of intent to record a lien to be served 21 within 3 years from the date on which the notice of discovery 22 was served.

(c-5) The notice of discovery described in subsection (c) shall: (1) identify, by property index number, the property for which the chief county assessment officer has knowledge indicating the existence of an erroneous homestead exemption;

1 (2) set forth the taxpayer's liability for principal, interest, penalties, and administrative costs including, but not limited 2 to, recording fees described in subsection (f); (3) inform the 3 4 taxpayer that he or she will be served with a notice of intent 5 to record a lien within 3 years from the date of service of the notice of discovery; and (4) inform the taxpayer that he or she 6 may pay the outstanding amount, plus interest, penalties, and 7 8 administrative costs at any time prior to being served with the 9 notice of intent to record a lien or within 30 days after the 10 notice of intent to record a lien is served; and (5) inform the 11 taxpayer that, if the taxpayer provided notice to the chief county assessment officer as provided in subsection (d-1) of 12 13 Section 15-175 of this Code, upon submission by the taxpayer of 14 evidence of timely notice and receipt thereof by the chief 15 county assessment officer, the chief county assessment officer 16 will withdraw the notice of discovery and reissue a notice of discovery in compliance with this Section in which the taxpayer 17 is not liable for interest and penalties for the current tax 18 19 year in which the notice was received.

## 20 For the purposes of this subsection (c-5):

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21 <u>"Collection year" means the year in which the first and</u> 22 second installment of the current tax year is billed.

## 23 <u>"Current tax year" means the year prior to the</u> 24 <u>collection year.</u>

(d) The notice of intent to record a lien described in
subsection (c) shall: (1) identify, by property index number,

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1 the property against which the lien is being sought; (2) 2 identify each specific homestead exemption that was 3 erroneously granted and the year or years in which each 4 exemption was granted; (3) set forth the erroneous exemption 5 principal amount due and the interest amount and any penalty 6 and administrative costs due; (4) inform the taxpayer that he or she may request a hearing within 30 days after service and 7 may appeal the hearing officer's ruling to the circuit court; 8 9 (5) inform the taxpayer that he or she may pay the erroneous 10 exemption principal amount, plus interest and penalties, 11 within 30 days after service; and (6) inform the taxpayer that, if the lien is recorded against the property, the amount of the 12 13 lien will be adjusted to include the applicable recording fee and that fees for recording a release of the lien shall be 14 15 incurred by the taxpayer. A lien shall not be filed pursuant to 16 this Section if the taxpayer pays the erroneous exemption principal amount, plus penalties and interest, within 30 days 17 of service of the notice of intent to record a lien. 18

(e) The notice of intent to record a lien shall also 19 20 include a form that the taxpayer may return to the chief county assessment officer to request a hearing. The taxpayer may 21 22 request a hearing by returning the form within 30 days after 23 service. The hearing shall be held within 90 days after the 24 taxpayer is served. The chief county assessment officer shall 25 promulgate rules of service and procedure for the hearing. The 26 chief county assessment officer must generally follow rules of

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1 evidence and practices that prevail in the county circuit courts, but, because of the nature of these proceedings, the 2 3 chief county assessment officer is not bound by those rules in 4 all particulars. The chief county assessment officer shall 5 appoint a hearing officer to oversee the hearing. The taxpayer 6 shall be allowed to present evidence to the hearing officer at the hearing. After taking into consideration all the relevant 7 8 testimony and evidence, the hearing officer shall make an 9 administrative decision on whether the taxpayer was 10 erroneously granted a homestead exemption for the taxable year 11 in question. The taxpayer may appeal the hearing officer's ruling to the circuit court of the county where the property is 12 13 located as a final administrative decision under the 14 Administrative Review Law.

15 (f) A lien against the property imposed under this Section 16 shall be filed with the county recorder of deeds, but may not be filed sooner than 60 days after the notice of intent to 17 18 record a lien was delivered to the taxpayer if the taxpayer 19 does not request a hearing, or until the conclusion of the 20 hearing and all appeals if the taxpayer does request a hearing. 21 If a lien is filed pursuant to this Section and the taxpayer 22 received one or 2 erroneous homestead exemptions during any of 23 the 3 collection years immediately prior to the current 24 collection year in which the notice of discovery is served, 25 then the erroneous exemption principal amount, plus 10% 26 interest per annum or portion thereof from the date the

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1 erroneous exemption principal amount would have become due if properly included in the tax bill, shall be charged against the 2 property by the chief county assessment officer. However, if a 3 4 lien is filed pursuant to this Section and the taxpayer 5 received 3 or more erroneous homestead exemptions during any of 6 the 6 collection years immediately prior to the current collection year in which the notice of discovery is served, the 7 8 erroneous exemption principal amount, plus a penalty of 50% of 9 the total amount of the erroneous exemption principal amount 10 for that property and 10% interest per annum or portion thereof 11 from the date the erroneous exemption principal amount would have become due if properly included in the tax bill, shall be 12 13 charged against the property by the chief county assessment 14 officer. If a lien is filed pursuant to this Section, the 15 taxpayer shall not be liable for interest that accrues between 16 the date the notice of discovery is served and the date the lien is filed. Before recording the lien with the county 17 18 recorder of deeds, the chief county assessment officer shall adjust the amount of the lien to add administrative costs, 19 20 including but not limited to the applicable recording fee, to the total lien amount. 21

(g) If a person received an erroneous homestead exemption under Section 15-170 and: (1) the person was the spouse, child, grandchild, brother, sister, niece, or nephew of the previous taxpayer; and (2) the person received the property by bequest or inheritance; then the person is not liable for the penalties 09900SB2427ham002 -9- LRB099 15844 HLH 49285 a

imposed under this Section for any year or years during which the chief county assessment officer did not require an annual application for the exemption. However, that person is responsible for any interest owed under subsection (f).

5 (h) If the erroneous homestead exemption was granted as a 6 result of a clerical error or omission on the part of the chief county assessment officer, and if the taxpayer has paid the tax 7 8 bills as received for the year in which the error occurred, 9 then the interest and penalties authorized by this Section with 10 respect to that homestead exemption shall not be chargeable to 11 the taxpayer. However, nothing in this Section shall prevent the collection of the erroneous exemption principal amount due 12 13 and owing.

(i) A lien under this Section is not valid as to (1) any 14 15 bona fide purchaser for value without notice of the erroneous 16 homestead exemption whose rights in and to the underlying parcel arose after the erroneous homestead exemption was 17 granted but before the filing of the notice of lien; or (2) any 18 19 mortgagee, judgment creditor, or other lienor whose rights in 20 and to the underlying parcel arose before the filing of the 21 notice of lien. A title insurance policy for the property that 22 is issued by a title company licensed to do business in the 23 State showing that the property is free and clear of any liens 24 imposed under this Section shall be prima facie evidence that 25 the taxpayer is without notice of the erroneous homestead 26 exemption. Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to impair

the rights of subsequent creditors and subsequent purchasers
 under Section 30 of the Conveyances Act.

3 (j) When a lien is filed against the property pursuant to 4 this Section, the chief county assessment officer shall mail a 5 copy of the lien to the person to whom the most recent tax bill was mailed and to the owner of record, and the outstanding 6 liability created by such a lien is due and payable within 30 7 days after the mailing of the lien by the chief county 8 assessment officer. This liability is deemed delinquent and 9 10 shall bear interest beginning on the day after the due date at 11 a rate of 1.5% per month or portion thereof. Payment shall be made to the county treasurer. Upon receipt of the full amount 12 13 due, as determined by the chief county assessment officer, the 14 county treasurer shall distribute the amount paid as provided 15 in subsection (k). Upon presentment by the taxpayer to the 16 chief county assessment officer of proof of payment of the total liability, the chief county assessment officer shall 17 provide in reasonable form a release of the lien. The release 18 of the lien provided shall clearly inform the taxpayer that it 19 20 is the responsibility of the taxpayer to record the lien 21 release form with the county recorder of deeds and to pay any 22 applicable recording fees.

(k) The county treasurer shall pay collected erroneous exemption principal amounts, pro rata, to the taxing districts, or their legal successors, that levied upon the subject property in the taxable year or years for which the erroneous 09900SB2427ham002 -11- LRB099 15844 HLH 49285 a

1 homestead exemptions were granted, except as set forth in this 2 Section. The county treasurer shall deposit collected 3 penalties and interest into a special fund established by the 4 county treasurer to offset the costs of administration of the 5 provisions of this Section by the chief county assessment 6 officer's office, as appropriated by the county board. If the costs of administration of this Section exceed the amount of 7 8 interest and penalties collected in the special fund, the chief 9 county assessor shall be reimbursed by each taxing district or 10 their legal successors for those costs. Such costs shall be 11 paid out of the funds collected by the county treasurer on behalf of each taxing district pursuant to this Section. 12

13 (1) The chief county assessment officer in a county with 14 3,000,000 or more inhabitants shall establish an amnesty period 15 for all taxpayers owing any tax due to an erroneous homestead 16 exemption granted in a tax year prior to the 2013 tax year. The amnesty period shall begin on the effective date of this 17 amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly and shall run 18 through December 31, 2013. If, during the amnesty period, the 19 20 taxpayer pays the entire arrearage of taxes due for tax years prior to 2013, the county clerk shall abate and not seek to 21 22 collect any interest or penalties that may be applicable and 23 shall not seek civil or criminal prosecution for any taxpayer 24 for tax years prior to 2013. Failure to pay all such taxes due 25 during the amnesty period established under this Section shall 26 invalidate the amnesty period for that taxpayer.

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1 The chief county assessment officer in a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants shall (i) mail notice of the 2 3 amnesty period with the tax bills for the second installment of 4 taxes for the 2012 assessment year and (ii) as soon as possible 5 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th 6 General Assembly, publish notice of the amnesty period in a newspaper of general circulation in the county. Notices shall 7 8 include information on the amnesty period, its purpose, and the 9 method by which to make payment.

10 Taxpayers who are a party to any criminal investigation or 11 to any civil or criminal litigation that is pending in any circuit court or appellate court, or in the Supreme Court of 12 13 this State, for nonpayment, delinquency, or fraud in relation 14 to any property tax imposed by any taxing district located in 15 the State on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 16 98th General Assembly may not take advantage of the amnesty 17 period.

A taxpayer who has claimed 3 or more homestead exemptions in error shall not be eligible for the amnesty period established under this subsection.

21 (Source: P.A. 98-93, eff. 7-16-13; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 22 98-811, eff. 1-1-15; 98-1143, eff. 1-1-15; 99-143, eff. 23 7-27-15.)

24 (35 ILCS 200/15-175)

25 Sec. 15-175. General homestead exemption.

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1 (a) Except as provided in Sections 15-176 and 15-177, 2 homestead property is entitled to an annual homestead exemption 3 limited, except as described here with relation to 4 cooperatives, to a reduction in the equalized assessed value of 5 homestead property equal to the increase in equalized assessed 6 value for the current assessment year above the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, up to the maximum 7 reduction set forth below. If however, the 1977 equalized 8 9 assessed value upon which taxes were paid is subsequently 10 determined by local assessing officials, the Property Tax 11 Appeal Board, or a court to have been excessive, the equalized assessed value which should have been placed on the property 12 13 for 1977 shall be used to determine the amount of the 14 exemption.

15 (b) Except as provided in Section 15-176, the maximum 16 reduction before taxable year 2004 shall be \$4,500 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$3,500 in all other 17 counties. Except as provided in Sections 15-176 and 15-177, for 18 taxable years 2004 through 2007, the maximum reduction shall be 19 20 \$5,000, for taxable year 2008, the maximum reduction is \$5,500, and, for taxable years 2009 through 2011, the maximum reduction 21 is \$6,000 in all counties. For taxable years 2012 22 and 23 thereafter, the maximum reduction is \$7,000 in counties with 24 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$6,000 in all other counties. 25 If a county has elected to subject itself to the provisions of 26 Section 15-176 as provided in subsection (k) of that Section,

then, for the first taxable year only after the provisions of Section 15-176 no longer apply, for owners who, for the taxable year, have not been granted a senior citizens assessment freeze homestead exemption under Section 15-172 or a long-time occupant homestead exemption under Section 15-177, there shall be an additional exemption of \$5,000 for owners with a household income of \$30,000 or less.

(c) In counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if, 8 9 based on the most recent assessment, the equalized assessed 10 value of the homestead property for the current assessment year 11 is greater than the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, the owner of the property shall automatically receive 12 13 the exemption granted under this Section in an amount equal to the increase over the 1977 assessment up to the maximum 14 reduction set forth in this Section. 15

16 (d) If in any assessment year beginning with the 2000 assessment year, homestead property has a pro-rata valuation 17 under Section 9-180 resulting in an increase in the assessed 18 valuation, a reduction in equalized assessed valuation equal to 19 the increase in equalized assessed value of the property for 20 21 the year of the pro-rata valuation above the equalized assessed 22 value of the property for 1977 shall be applied to the property on a proportionate basis for the period the property qualified 23 24 as homestead property during the assessment year. The maximum 25 proportionate homestead exemption shall not exceed the maximum 26 homestead exemption allowed in the county under this Section

1 divided by 365 and multiplied by the number of days the 2 property qualified as homestead property.

3 (d-1) In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, where 4 the chief county assessment officer provides a notice of 5 discovery, if a property is not occupied by its owner as a 6 principal residence as of January 1 of the current tax year, then the property owner shall notify the chief county 7 assessment officer of that fact on a form prescribed by the 8 9 chief county assessment officer. That notice must be received 10 by the chief county assessment officer on or before March 1 of the collection year. If mailed, the form shall be sent by 11 certified mail, return receipt requested. If the form is 12 13 provided in person, the chief county assessment officer shall 14 provide a date stamped copy of the notice. Failure to provide 15 timely notice pursuant to this section (d-1) shall result in 16 the exemption being treated as an erroneous exemption. Upon timely receipt of the notice for the current tax year, no 17 exemption shall be applied to the property for the current tax 18 19 year. If the exemption is not removed upon timely receipt of 20 the notice by the chief assessment officer, then the error is considered granted as a result of a cle<u>rical error or omission</u> 21 22 on the part of the chief county assessment officer as described in subsection (h) of Section 9-275, and the property owner 23 24 shall not be liable for the payment of interest and penalties 25 due to the erroneous exemption for the current tax year for which the notice was filed after the date that notice was 26

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1 timely received pursuant to this subsection. Notice provided under this subsection shall not constitute a defense or amnesty 2 3 for prior year erroneous exemptions. 4 For the purposes of this subsection (d-1): 5 "Collection year" means the year in which the first and second installment of the current tax year is billed. 6 "Current tax year" means the year prior to the 7 collection year. 8 9 (e) The chief county assessment officer when may, 10 considering whether to grant a leasehold exemption under this Section, require the following conditions to be met: 11 (1) that a notarized application for the exemption, 12 13 signed by both the owner and the lessee of the property, 14 must be submitted each year during the application period 15 in effect for the county in which the property is located; 16 (2) that a copy of the lease must be filed with the 17 chief county assessment officer by the owner of the 18 property at the time the notarized application is submitted; 19 20 (3) that the lease must expressly state that the lessee 21 is liable for the payment of property taxes; and 22 (4) that the lease must include the following language 23 in substantially the following form: 24 "Lessee shall be liable for the payment of real 25 estate taxes with respect to the residence in 26 accordance with the terms and conditions of Section

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15-175 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/15-175). 1 The permanent real estate index number for the premises 2 is (insert number), and, according to the most recent 3 4 property tax bill, the current amount of real estate 5 taxes associated with the premises is (insert amount) per year. The parties agree that the monthly rent set 6 7 forth above shall be increased or decreased pro rata 8 (effective January 1 of each calendar year) to reflect 9 any increase or decrease in real estate taxes. Lessee 10 shall be deemed to be satisfying Lessee's liability for 11 the above mentioned real estate taxes with the monthly rent payments as set forth above (or increased or 12 13 decreased as set forth herein).".

In addition, if there is a change in lessee, or if the lessee vacates the property, then the chief county assessment officer may require the owner of the property to notify the chief county assessment officer of that change.

18 This subsection (e) does not apply to leasehold interests 19 in property owned by a municipality.

(f) "Homestead property" under this Section includes residential property that is occupied by its owner or owners as his or their principal dwelling place, or that is a leasehold interest on which a single family residence is situated, which is occupied as a residence by a person who has an ownership interest therein, legal or equitable or as a lessee, and on which the person is liable for the payment of property taxes.

1 For land improved with an apartment building owned and operated 2 as a cooperative or a building which is a life care facility as defined in Section 15-170 and considered to be a cooperative 3 4 under Section 15-170, the maximum reduction from the equalized 5 assessed value shall be limited to the increase in the value 6 above the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, up to the maximum reduction set forth above, multiplied by the 7 8 number of apartments or units occupied by a person or persons 9 who is liable, by contract with the owner or owners of record, 10 for paying property taxes on the property and is an owner of 11 record of a legal or equitable interest in the cooperative apartment building, other than a leasehold interest. For 12 13 purposes of this Section, the term "life care facility" has the meaning stated in Section 15-170. 14

15 "Household", as used in this Section, means the owner, the 16 spouse of the owner, and all persons using the residence of the 17 owner as their principal place of residence.

18 "Household income", as used in this Section, means the 19 combined income of the members of a household for the calendar 20 year preceding the taxable year.

21 "Income", as used in this Section, has the same meaning as 22 provided in Section 3.07 of the Senior Citizens and Persons 23 with Disabilities Property Tax Relief Act, except that "income" 24 does not include veteran's benefits.

25 (g) In a cooperative where a homestead exemption has been 26 granted, the cooperative association or its management firm 1 shall credit the savings resulting from that exemption only to 2 the apportioned tax liability of the owner who qualified for 3 the exemption. Any person who willfully refuses to so credit 4 the savings shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

5 (h) Where married persons maintain and reside in separate 6 residences qualifying as homestead property, each residence 7 shall receive 50% of the total reduction in equalized assessed 8 valuation provided by this Section.

9 (i) In all counties, the assessor or chief county 10 assessment officer may determine the eligibility of 11 residential property to receive the homestead exemption and the amount of the exemption by application, visual inspection, 12 13 questionnaire or other reasonable methods. The determination shall be made in accordance with guidelines established by the 14 15 Department, provided that the taxpayer applying for an 16 additional general exemption under this Section shall submit to the chief county assessment officer an application with an 17 affidavit of the applicant's total household income, age, 18 marital status (and, if married, the name and address of the 19 20 applicant's spouse, if known), and principal dwelling place of members of the household on January 1 of the taxable year. The 21 22 Department shall issue guidelines establishing a method for verifying the accuracy of the affidavits filed by applicants 23 24 under this paragraph. The applications shall be clearly marked applications for the Additional General Homestead 25 as 26 Exemption.

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1 (i-5) This subsection (i-5) applies to counties with 2 3,000,000 or more inhabitants. In the event of a sale of 3 homestead property, the homestead exemption shall remain in 4 effect for the remainder of the assessment year of the sale. 5 Upon receipt of a transfer declaration transmitted by the 6 recorder pursuant to Section 31-30 of the Real Estate Transfer Tax Law for property receiving an exemption under this Section, 7 the assessor shall mail a notice and forms to the new owner of 8 9 the property providing information pertaining to the rules and 10 applicable filing periods for applying or reapplying for 11 homestead exemptions under this Code for which the property may be eligible. If the new owner fails to apply or reapply for a 12 13 homestead exemption during the applicable filing period or the 14 property no longer qualifies for an existing homestead 15 exemption, the assessor shall cancel such exemption for any 16 ensuing assessment year.

(j) In counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, in the event of a sale of homestead property the homestead exemption shall remain in effect for the remainder of the assessment year of the sale. The assessor or chief county assessment officer may require the new owner of the property to apply for the homestead exemption for the following assessment year.

(k) Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates
Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the
implementation of any mandate created by this Section.

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(Source: P.A. 98-7, eff. 4-23-13; 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 99-143,
 eff. 7-27-15; 99-164, eff. 7-28-15; revised 8-25-15.)

3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 4 becoming law.".