

Sen. Michael Noland

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1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1518
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 1518, AS AMENDED,
3	by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4	following:
5	"Section 5. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by
6	changing Section 3.330 as follows:
7	(415 ILCS 5/3.330) (was 415 ILCS 5/3.32)
8	Sec. 3.330. Pollution control facility.
9	(a) "Pollution control facility" is any waste storage site,
10	sanitary landfill, waste disposal site, waste transfer
11	station, waste treatment facility, or waste incinerator. This
12	includes sewers, sewage treatment plants, and any other
13	facilities owned or operated by sanitary districts organized
14	under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act.
15	The following are not pollution control facilities:
16	(1) (blank);

(2) waste storage sites regulated under 40 CFR, Part
 761.42;

3 (3) sites or facilities used by any person conducting a waste storage, waste treatment, waste disposal, waste 4 5 transfer or waste incineration operation, or a combination thereof, for wastes generated by such person's own 6 7 activities, when such wastes are stored, treated, disposed 8 of, transferred or incinerated within the site or facility 9 owned, controlled or operated by such person, or when such 10 wastes are transported within or between sites or facilities owned, controlled or operated by such person; 11

12 (4) sites or facilities at which the State is 13 performing removal or remedial action pursuant to Section 14 22.2 or 55.3;

(5) abandoned quarries used solely for the disposal of concrete, earth materials, gravel, or aggregate debris resulting from road construction activities conducted by a unit of government or construction activities due to the construction and installation of underground pipes, lines, conduit or wires off of the premises of a public utility company which are conducted by a public utility;

(6) sites or facilities used by any person to
 specifically conduct a landscape composting operation;

(7) regional facilities as defined in the Central
Midwest Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Compact;
(8) the portion of a site or facility where coal

combustion wastes are stored or disposed of in accordance
with subdivision (r)(2) or (r)(3) of Section 21;

3 (9) the portion of a site or facility used for the 4 collection, storage or processing of waste tires as defined 5 in Title XIV;

(10) the portion of a site or facility used for 6 7 treatment of petroleum contaminated materials by 8 application onto or incorporation into the soil surface and any portion of that site or facility used for storage of 9 10 petroleum contaminated materials before treatment. Only those categories of petroleum listed in Section 57.9(a)(3)11 are exempt under this subdivision (10); 12

(11) the portion of a site or facility where used oil is collected or stored prior to shipment to a recycling or energy recovery facility, provided that the used oil is generated by households or commercial establishments, and the site or facility is a recycling center or a business where oil or gasoline is sold at retail;

19 (11.5) processing sites or facilities that receive 20 only on-specification used oil, as defined in 35 Ill. 21 Admin. Code 739, originating from used oil collectors for 22 processing that is managed under 35 Ill. Admin. Code 739 to 23 products for sale to off-site produce petroleum 24 facilities, if these processing sites or facilities are: 25 (i) located within a home rule unit of local government 26 with a population of at least 30,000 according to the 2000 -4- LRB099 08988 MGM 33870 a

federal census, that home rule unit of local government has 1 been designated as an Urban Round II Empowerment Zone by 2 3 the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, and that home rule unit of local government 4 5 has enacted an ordinance approving the location of the site or facility and provided funding for the site or facility; 6 7 (ii) in compliance with all applicable zoning and 8 requirements;

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9 (12) the portion of a site or facility utilizing coal 10 combustion waste for stabilization and treatment of only waste generated on that site or facility when used in 11 12 connection with response actions pursuant to the federal 13 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and 14 Liability Act of 1980, the federal Resource Conservation 15 and Recovery Act of 1976, or the Illinois Environmental Protection Act or as authorized by the Agency; 16

(13) the portion of a site or facility that accepts exclusively general construction or demolition debris and is operated and located in accordance with Section 22.38 of this Act;

(14) the portion of a site or facility, located within a unit of local government that has enacted local zoning requirements, used to accept, separate, and process uncontaminated broken concrete, with or without protruding metal bars, provided that the uncontaminated broken concrete and metal bars are not speculatively accumulated, 09900SB1518sam003

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are at the site or facility no longer than one year after their acceptance, and are returned to the economic mainstream in the form of raw materials or products;

4 (15) the portion of a site or facility located in a 5 county with a population over 3,000,000 that has obtained 6 local siting approval under Section 39.2 of this Act for a 7 municipal waste incinerator on or before July 1, 2005 and 8 that is used for a non-hazardous waste transfer station;

9 (16) a site or facility that temporarily holds in 10 transit for 10 days or less, non-putrescible solid waste in original containers, no larger in capacity than 500 11 gallons, provided that such waste is further transferred to 12 13 a recycling, disposal, treatment, or storage facility on a 14 non-contiguous site and provided such site or facility 15 complies with the applicable 10-day transfer requirements 16 of the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 17 1976 and United States Department of Transportation 18 hazardous material requirements. For purposes of this 19 Section only, "non-putrescible solid waste" means waste 20 other than municipal garbage that does not rot or become 21 putrid, including, but not limited to, paints, solvent, 22 filters, and absorbents;

(17) the portion of a site or facility located in a
county with a population greater than 3,000,000 that has
obtained local siting approval, under Section 39.2 of this
Act, for a municipal waste incinerator on or before July 1,

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2005 and that is used for wood combustion facilities for energy recovery that accept and burn only wood material, as included in a fuel specification approved by the Agency;

4 (18) a transfer station used exclusively for landscape 5 waste, including a transfer station where landscape waste 6 is ground to reduce its volume, where the landscape waste 7 is held no longer than 24 hours from the time it was 8 received;

9 (19) the portion of a site or facility that (i) is used 10 for the composting of food scrap, livestock waste, crop 11 residue, uncontaminated wood waste, or paper waste, 12 including, but not limited to, corrugated paper or 13 cardboard, and (ii) meets all of the following 14 requirements:

(A) There must not be more than a total of 30,000
cubic yards of livestock waste in raw form or in the
process of being composted at the site or facility at
any one time.

(B) All food scrap, livestock waste, crop residue,
uncontaminated wood waste, and paper waste must, by the
end of each operating day, be processed and placed into
an enclosed vessel in which air flow and temperature
are controlled, or all of the following additional
requirements must be met:

(i) The portion of the site or facility usedfor the composting operation must include a

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setback of at least 200 feet from the nearest potable water supply well.

3 (ii) The portion of the site or facility used 4 for the composting operation must be located 5 outside the boundary of the 10-year floodplain or 6 floodproofed.

7 (iii) Except in municipalities with more than 8 1,000,000 inhabitants, the portion of the site or 9 facility used for the composting operation must be 10 located at least one-eighth of a mile from the 11 nearest residence, other than a residence located 12 on the same property as the site or facility.

13 (iv) The portion of the site or facility used 14 for the composting operation must be located at 15 least one-eighth of a mile from the property line 16 of all of the following areas:

(I) Facilities that primarily serve to 17 18 treat people that house or are 19 immunocompromised or immunosuppressed, such as 20 cancer or AIDS patients; people with asthma, 21 cystic fibrosis, or bioaerosol allergies; or 22 children under the age of one year.

(II) Primary and secondary schools and
adjacent areas that the schools use for
recreation.

(III) Any facility for child care licensed

under Section 3 of the Child Care Act of 1969; 1 preschools; and adjacent areas that the 2 3 facilities or preschools use for recreation. (v) By the end of each operating day, all food 4 5 livestock waste, crop residue, scrap, 6 uncontaminated wood waste, and paper waste must be 7 (i) processed into windrows or other piles and (ii) 8 covered in a manner that prevents scavenging by 9 birds and animals and that prevents other 10 nuisances.

(C) Food scrap, livestock waste, crop residue,
 uncontaminated wood waste, paper waste, and compost
 must not be placed within 5 feet of the water table.

(D) The site or facility must meet all of the
requirements of the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16
U.S.C. 1271 et seq.).

17 (E) The site or facility must not (i) restrict the flow of a 100-year flood, (ii) result in washout of 18 19 food scrap, livestock waste, crop residue, 20 uncontaminated wood waste, or paper waste from a 21 100-year flood, or (iii) reduce the temporary water 22 storage capacity of the 100-year floodplain, unless 23 measures are undertaken to provide alternative storage 24 capacity, such as by providing lagoons, holding tanks, 25 or drainage around structures at the facility.

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(F) The site or facility must not be located in any

area where it may pose a threat of harm or destruction 1 to the features for which: 2 3 (i) an irreplaceable historic or archaeological site has been listed under the 4 5 National Historic Preservation Act (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.) or the Illinois Historic Preservation 6 7 Act: 8 (ii) a natural landmark has been designated by 9 the National Park Service or the Illinois State Historic Preservation Office; or 10 11 (iii) a natural area has been designated as a Dedicated Illinois Nature Preserve under the 12

14 (G) The site or facility must not be located in an 15 area where it may jeopardize the continued existence of 16 any designated endangered species, result in the destruction or adverse modification of the critical 17 habitat for such species, or cause or contribute to the 18 19 taking of any endangered or threatened species of 20 plant, fish, or wildlife listed under the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) or the Illinois 21 22 Endangered Species Protection Act;

Illinois Natural Areas Preservation Act.

(20) the portion of a site or facility that is located entirely within a home rule unit having a population of no less than 120,000 and no more than 135,000, according to the 2000 federal census, and that meets all of the

following requirements:

(i) the portion of the site or facility is used
exclusively to perform testing of a thermochemical
conversion technology using only woody biomass,
collected as landscape waste within the boundaries of
the home rule unit, as the hydrocarbon feedstock for
the production of synthetic gas in accordance with
Section 39.9 of this Act;

9 (ii) the portion of the site or facility is in 10 compliance with all applicable zoning requirements; 11 and

(iii) a complete application for a demonstration permit at the portion of the site or facility has been submitted to the Agency in accordance with Section 39.9 of this Act within one year after July 27, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1314);

(21) the portion of a site or facility used to perform limited testing of a gasification conversion technology in accordance with Section 39.8 of this Act and for which a complete permit application has been submitted to the Agency prior to one year from April 9, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-887);

(22) the portion of a site or facility that is used to
incinerate only pharmaceuticals from residential sources
that are collected and transported by law enforcement
agencies under Section 17.9A of this Act; and

1 1, 2017, the portion of a site or (23) <u>until</u> Julv facility: 2 3 (A) that is used exclusively for the transfer of commingled landscape waste and food scrap held at the 4 site or facility for no longer than 24 hours after 5 their receipt; 6 7 (B) that is located entirely within a home rule 8 unit having a population of either (i) not less than 9 100,000 and not more than 115,000 according to the 2010 10 federal census or (ii) not less than 5,000 and not more than 10,000 according to the 2010 federal census; 11 (C) that is permitted, by the Agency, prior to 12 13 January 1, 2002, for the transfer of landscape waste; 14 and 15 (D) for which a permit application is submitted to 16 the Agency within 6 months after January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98 146) to modify an 17 existing permit for the transfer of landscape waste to 18 19 also include, on a demonstration basis not to exceed 24 20 18 months each time a permit is issued, the transfer of 21 commingled landscape waste and food scrap. 22 (b) A new pollution control facility is:

(1) a pollution control facility initially permitted
 for development or construction after July 1, 1981; or

(2) the area of expansion beyond the boundary of a
 currently permitted pollution control facility; or

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(3) a permitted pollution control facility requesting
 approval to store, dispose of, transfer or incinerate, for
 the first time, any special or hazardous waste.
 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-545, eff. 1-1-12;
 98-146, eff. 1-1-14; 98-239, eff. 8-9-13; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14;
 98-1130, eff. 1-1-15.)

7 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 8 becoming law.".