



Sen. Christine Radogno

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1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1046

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 1046 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "ARTICLE 1. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.

5 Section 1-1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
6 Local Government Taxpayer Protection Act of 2015.

7 Section 1-5. Legislative intent. As of 2015, Illinois
8 taxpayers are paying the second highest median property taxes
9 in the United States. While property taxes are a critical
10 source of revenue for units of local government, school
11 districts, and other local governmental entities, the high
12 property tax burden hinders economic growth. The General
13 Assembly finds that freezing property tax extensions until
14 voters, acting by referendum, approve an increase in the tax
15 extension will return control of local tax and spending policy

1 to voters and, as property values begin to grow, reduce
2 property tax rates.

3 To ensure that units of local government, school districts,
4 and other governmental entities that depend upon property tax
5 revenue are able to continue providing critical services to
6 their residents notwithstanding this property tax freeze, the
7 General Assembly further finds that it is necessary to reduce
8 the State-imposed mandates on local governments that have
9 increased the cost of providing these services. These mandates
10 include the following:

11 (1) According to the United States Census Bureau's 2012
12 report on state and local government finance, employee
13 wages and benefits are the largest operational expense of
14 local governments in Illinois. Although the Illinois
15 Public Labor Relations Act and the Illinois Educational
16 Labor Relations Act are intended to afford local
17 governments with discretion over their budgets, employee
18 costs remain a significant expense. The changes made by
19 this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly to the
20 Illinois Public Labor Relations Act and the Illinois
21 Educational Labor Relations Act are intended to empower
22 local governments to contain these costs.

23 (2) Despite critical infrastructure and capital needs,
24 the cost of capital projects is often higher for local
25 governments than for the private sector. In particular,
26 labor costs are higher due to the State's mandated

1 prevailing wage, which often exceeds the wage required for
2 federally funded projects and the wage that actually
3 prevails in the market, and the use of project labor
4 agreements.

5 The purpose of this amendatory Act of the 99th General
6 Assembly is to alleviate the property tax burden. To offset the
7 property tax freeze, it is necessary to reduce labor and
8 capital costs incurred by units of local government, school
9 districts, and other local governmental entities as a result of
10 State mandates.

11 ARTICLE 5. AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

12 Section 5-5. The Illinois Public Labor Relations Act is
13 amended by changing Section 4 and by adding Section 4.5 as
14 follows:

15 (5 ILCS 315/4) (from Ch. 48, par. 1604)

16 Sec. 4. Management rights.

17 (a) Employers shall not be required to bargain over matters
18 of inherent managerial policy, which shall include such areas
19 of discretion or policy as the functions of the employer,
20 standards of services, its overall budget, the organizational
21 structure and selection of new employees, examination
22 techniques and direction of employees. Employers, however,
23 shall be required to bargain collectively with regard to policy

1 matters directly affecting wages, hours and terms and
2 conditions of employment as well as the impact thereon upon
3 request by employee representatives, except as provided in this
4 Section or Section 7.5.

5 To preserve the rights of employers and exclusive
6 representatives which have established collective bargaining
7 relationships or negotiated collective bargaining agreements
8 prior to the effective date of this Act, employers shall be
9 required to bargain collectively with regard to any matter
10 concerning wages, hours or conditions of employment about which
11 they have bargained for and agreed to in a collective
12 bargaining agreement prior to the effective date of this Act,
13 except as provided in this Section or Section 7.5.

14 The chief judge of the judicial circuit that employs a
15 public employee who is a court reporter, as defined in the
16 Court Reporters Act, has the authority to hire, appoint,
17 promote, evaluate, discipline, and discharge court reporters
18 within that judicial circuit.

19 Nothing in this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly
20 shall be construed to intrude upon the judicial functions of
21 any court. This amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly
22 applies only to nonjudicial administrative matters relating to
23 the collective bargaining rights of court reporters.

24 (b) In any unit of local government or school district to
25 which this subsection applies, as provided in Section 4.5 of
26 this Act, public employees or a labor organization may not

1 bargain collectively on:

2 (1) the decision of the employer to contract with a
3 third party for any services, the process for bidding on
4 such a contract, the identity of the provider of such
5 services, or the effect of any such contract on bargaining
6 unit members, provided that this subsection does not limit
7 the ability of employees or a labor organization to bid on
8 any such contract;

9 (2) any pay increase, either through changes to the pay
10 schedule or as a result of accumulated years of service, in
11 excess of the amount specified by ordinance or resolution
12 of the governing authority of the public employer;

13 (3) the provision of any health insurance, including
14 the payment of premiums, the extent of coverage, or the
15 identity of the insurer;

16 (4) the use of employee time for business of the labor
17 organization, other than reasonable time provided to an
18 employee to attend a grievance hearing when his or her
19 rights are substantially affected by the hearing or his or
20 her testimony is needed for the determination of any
21 substantial factual question;

22 (5) required levels of staffing for departments,
23 divisions, shifts, stations, or assignments; or

24 (6) procedures, processes, forms, and criteria for
25 personnel evaluations, or the use of evaluations or
26 seniority in assignments, promotions, layoffs, and

1 reductions-in-force.

2 (c) Any agreement, understanding, or practice, whether
3 written or oral, and whether express or implied, between any
4 labor organization and any public employer made in violation of
5 this Section is hereby declared to be unlawful, null and void,
6 and of no legal effect.

7 (Source: P.A. 98-599, eff. 6-1-14.)

8 (5 ILCS 315/4.5 new)

9 Sec. 4.5. Adoption of limitations on subjects of collective
10 bargaining.

11 (a) The county board or board of county commissioners of a
12 county may by ordinance elect to apply the limitations under
13 subsection (b) of Section 4 to bargaining with that county and
14 with any other public employer whose boundaries are entirely
15 within that county.

16 (b) The corporate authorities of a municipality may by
17 ordinance elect to apply the limitations under subsection (b)
18 of Section 4 to bargaining with that municipality and with any
19 other public employer whose boundaries are entirely within that
20 municipality.

21 (c) The governing authority of a unit of local government
22 or school district, including a county or municipality, may by
23 ordinance or resolution elect to apply the limitations under
24 subsection (b) of Section 4 to bargaining with that unit of
25 local government or school district.

1 (d) If a petition, signed by a number of registered voters
2 equal in number to at least 5% of the total number of
3 registered voters in a county or municipality, asking to apply
4 the limitations under subsection (b) of Section 4 to collective
5 bargaining in that county or municipality is presented to the
6 clerk of that county or municipality, the clerk shall certify
7 the question of whether to apply such limitations in that
8 county or municipality to the proper election authority, who
9 shall submit the question at the next election in accordance
10 with the general election law.

11 The question of whether to apply the limitations under
12 subsection (b) of Section 4 shall be presented in substantially
13 the following form:

14 Shall each unit of local government and school district
15 located within (legal name of the county or municipality)
16 be free to determine certain matters without negotiating
17 with employee unions, such as the use of service providers,
18 the decision to provide health benefits, caps on total
19 payroll, employees' use of government time for union
20 matters, required staffing levels, evaluation procedures,
21 and, in the case of schools, curriculum?

22 The votes must be recorded as "Yes" or "No". If a majority
23 of voters voting on the question are in favor of applying such
24 limitations, subsection (b) of Section 4 shall apply to
25 bargaining with that county or municipality and with any other
26 public employer whose boundaries are entirely within that

1 county or municipality.

2 (e) If a petition, signed by a number of registered voters
3 equal in number to at least 5% of the total number of
4 registered voters in a unit of local government or school
5 district, asking to apply the limitations under subsection (b)
6 of Section 4 to collective bargaining with that unit of local
7 government or school district is presented to the clerk of that
8 unit of local government or school district, the clerk shall
9 certify the question of whether to apply such limitations to
10 that unit of local government or school district to the proper
11 election authority, who shall submit the question at the next
12 election in accordance with the general election law.

13 The question of whether to apply the limitations under
14 subsection (b) of Section 4 shall be presented in substantially
15 the following form:

16 Shall (the legal name of the unit of local government
17 or school district) be free to determine certain matters
18 without negotiating with employee unions, such as the use
19 of service providers, the decision to provide health
20 benefits, caps on total payroll, employees' use of
21 government time for union matters, required staffing
22 levels, evaluation procedures, and, in the case of schools,
23 curriculum?

24 The votes must be recorded as "Yes" or "No". If a majority
25 of voters voting on the question are in favor of applying such
26 limitations, subsection (b) of Section 4 shall apply to

1 bargaining with that unit of local government or school
2 district.

3 Section 5-10. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
4 Sections 18-185, 18-205, 18-213, and 18-214 and by adding
5 Section 18-242 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 200/18-185)

7 Sec. 18-185. Short title; definitions. This Division 5 may
8 be cited as the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. As used
9 in this Division 5:

10 "Consumer Price Index" means the Consumer Price Index for
11 All Urban Consumers for all items published by the United
12 States Department of Labor.

13 "Extension limitation", for levy years prior to 2016, means
14 (a) the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer
15 Price Index during the 12-month calendar year preceding the
16 levy year or (b) the rate of increase approved by voters under
17 Section 18-205.

18 "Extension limitation", beginning in levy year 2016, means
19 0% or the rate of increase approved by the voters under Section
20 18-205.

21 "Affected county" means a county of 3,000,000 or more
22 inhabitants or a county contiguous to a county of 3,000,000 or
23 more inhabitants.

24 "Taxing district" has the same meaning provided in Section

1 1-150, except as otherwise provided in this Section. For the
2 1991 through 1994 levy years only, "taxing district" includes
3 only each non-home rule taxing district having the majority of
4 its 1990 equalized assessed value within any county or counties
5 contiguous to a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants.
6 Beginning with the 1995 levy year and through the 2015 levy
7 year, "taxing district" includes only each non-home rule taxing
8 district subject to this Law before the 1995 levy year and each
9 non-home rule taxing district not subject to this Law before
10 the 1995 levy year having the majority of its 1994 equalized
11 assessed value in an affected county or counties. Beginning
12 with the levy year in which this Law becomes applicable to a
13 taxing district as provided in Section 18-213, "taxing
14 district" also includes those taxing districts made subject to
15 this Law as provided in Section 18-213. Beginning with the 2016
16 levy year, "taxing district" means each unit of local
17 government, school district, or community college district in
18 the State with the power to levy taxes, including, but not
19 limited to, home rule units and taxing districts that were not
20 subject to this Law prior to the effective date of this
21 amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly.

22 "Aggregate extension" for taxing districts to which this
23 Law applied before the 1995 levy year means the annual
24 corporate extension for the taxing district and those special
25 purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing
26 district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for

1 the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general
2 obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for
3 any taxing district to pay interest or principal on general
4 obligation bonds issued before October 1, 1991; (c) made for
5 any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds
6 issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued
7 before October 1, 1991; (d) made for any taxing district to pay
8 interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to
9 refund bonds issued after October 1, 1991 that were approved by
10 referendum; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or
11 principal on revenue bonds issued before October 1, 1991 for
12 payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and
13 credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a
14 tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds
15 shall be made only after the governing body of the unit of
16 local government finds that all other sources for payment are
17 insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments
18 under a building commission lease when the lease payments are
19 for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before
20 October 1, 1991, to pay for the building project; (g) made for
21 payments due under installment contracts entered into before
22 October 1, 1991; (h) made for payments of principal and
23 interest on bonds issued under the Metropolitan Water
24 Reclamation District Act to finance construction projects
25 initiated before October 1, 1991; (i) made for payments of
26 principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section

1 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to
2 exceed the debt service extension base less the amount in items
3 (b), (c), (e), and (h) of this definition for non-referendum
4 obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to
5 referendum; (j) made for payments of principal and interest on
6 bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt
7 Reform Act; (k) made by a school district that participates in
8 the Special Education District of Lake County, created by
9 special education joint agreement under Section 10-22.31 of the
10 School Code, for payment of the school district's share of the
11 amounts required to be contributed by the Special Education
12 District of Lake County to the Illinois Municipal Retirement
13 Fund under Article 7 of the Illinois Pension Code; the amount
14 of any extension under this item (k) shall be certified by the
15 school district to the county clerk; (l) made to fund expenses
16 of providing joint recreational programs for the handicapped
17 under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14
18 of the Illinois Municipal Code; (m) made for temporary
19 relocation loan repayment purposes pursuant to Sections 2-3.77
20 and 17-2.2d of the School Code; (n) made for payment of
21 principal and interest on any bonds issued under the authority
22 of Section 17-2.2d of the School Code; (o) made for
23 contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under
24 Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the
25 amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the
26 Illinois Pension Code; and (p) made for road purposes in the

1 first year after a township assumes the rights, powers, duties,
2 assets, property, liabilities, obligations, and
3 responsibilities of a road district abolished under the
4 provisions of Section 6-133 of the Illinois Highway Code.

5 "Aggregate extension" for the taxing districts to which
6 this Law did not apply before the 1995 levy year (except taxing
7 districts subject to this Law in accordance with Section 18-213
8 or this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly) means the
9 annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those
10 special purpose extensions that are made annually for the
11 taxing district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a)
12 made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on
13 general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b)
14 made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on
15 general obligation bonds issued before March 1, 1995; (c) made
16 for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds
17 issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued
18 before March 1, 1995; (d) made for any taxing district to pay
19 interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to
20 refund bonds issued after March 1, 1995 that were approved by
21 referendum; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or
22 principal on revenue bonds issued before March 1, 1995 for
23 payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and
24 credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a
25 tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds
26 shall be made only after the governing body of the unit of

1 local government finds that all other sources for payment are
2 insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments
3 under a building commission lease when the lease payments are
4 for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before
5 March 1, 1995 to pay for the building project; (g) made for
6 payments due under installment contracts entered into before
7 March 1, 1995; (h) made for payments of principal and interest
8 on bonds issued under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation
9 District Act to finance construction projects initiated before
10 October 1, 1991; (h-4) made for stormwater management purposes
11 by the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater
12 Chicago under Section 12 of the Metropolitan Water Reclamation
13 District Act; (i) made for payments of principal and interest
14 on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local
15 Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt
16 service extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), and
17 (e) of this definition for non-referendum obligations, except
18 obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum and bonds
19 described in subsection (h) of this definition; (j) made for
20 payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under
21 Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (k) made
22 for payments of principal and interest on bonds authorized by
23 Public Act 88-503 and issued under Section 20a of the Chicago
24 Park District Act for aquarium or museum projects; (l) made for
25 payments of principal and interest on bonds authorized by
26 Public Act 87-1191 or 93-601 and (i) issued pursuant to Section

1 21.2 of the Cook County Forest Preserve District Act, (ii)
2 issued under Section 42 of the Cook County Forest Preserve
3 District Act for zoological park projects, or (iii) issued
4 under Section 44.1 of the Cook County Forest Preserve District
5 Act for botanical gardens projects; (m) made pursuant to
6 Section 34-53.5 of the School Code, whether levied annually or
7 not; (n) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational
8 programs for the handicapped under Section 5-8 of the Park
9 District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal
10 Code; (o) made by the Chicago Park District for recreational
11 programs for the handicapped under subsection (c) of Section
12 7.06 of the Chicago Park District Act; (p) made for
13 contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under
14 Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the
15 amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the
16 Illinois Pension Code; and (q) made by Ford Heights School
17 District 169 under Section 17-9.02 of the School Code.

18 "Aggregate extension" for all taxing districts to which
19 this Law applies in accordance with Section 18-213, except for
20 those taxing districts subject to paragraph (2) of subsection
21 (e) of Section 18-213, means the annual corporate extension for
22 the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that
23 are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special
24 purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay
25 interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were
26 approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay

1 interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before
2 the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to
3 the taxing district is held; (c) made for any taxing district
4 to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or
5 continue to refund those bonds issued before the date on which
6 the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing
7 district is held; (d) made for any taxing district to pay
8 interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to
9 refund bonds issued after the date on which the referendum
10 making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held if
11 the bonds were approved by referendum after the date on which
12 the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing
13 district is held; (e) made for any taxing district to pay
14 interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before the date
15 on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the
16 taxing district is held for payment of which a property tax
17 levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local
18 government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of
19 interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only after
20 the governing body of the unit of local government finds that
21 all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those
22 payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission
23 lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds
24 issued by the commission before the date on which the
25 referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is
26 held to pay for the building project; (g) made for payments due

1 under installment contracts entered into before the date on
2 which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing
3 district is held; (h) made for payments of principal and
4 interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local
5 Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt
6 service extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), and
7 (e) of this definition for non-referendum obligations, except
8 obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (i) made
9 for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under
10 Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (j) made
11 for a qualified airport authority to pay interest or principal
12 on general obligation bonds issued for the purpose of paying
13 obligations due under, or financing airport facilities
14 required to be acquired, constructed, installed or equipped
15 pursuant to, contracts entered into before March 1, 1996 (but
16 not including any amendments to such a contract taking effect
17 on or after that date); (k) made to fund expenses of providing
18 joint recreational programs for the handicapped under Section
19 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the
20 Illinois Municipal Code; (l) made for contributions to a
21 firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the
22 Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified
23 under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code;
24 and (m) made for the taxing district to pay interest or
25 principal on general obligation bonds issued pursuant to
26 Section 19-3.10 of the School Code.

1 "Aggregate extension" for all taxing districts to which
2 this Law applies in accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection
3 (e) of Section 18-213 or this amendatory Act of the 99th
4 General Assembly means the annual corporate extension for the
5 taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are
6 made annually for the taxing district, excluding special
7 purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay
8 interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were
9 approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay
10 interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before
11 the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (c) made for
12 any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds
13 issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued
14 before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (d)
15 made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on
16 bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after
17 the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 if the bonds
18 were approved by referendum after the effective date of this
19 amendatory Act of 1997; (e) made for any taxing district to pay
20 interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before the
21 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 for payment of
22 which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the
23 unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the
24 payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made
25 only after the governing body of the unit of local government
26 finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to

1 make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building
2 commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement
3 of bonds issued by the commission before the effective date of
4 this amendatory Act of 1997 to pay for the building project;
5 (g) made for payments due under installment contracts entered
6 into before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997;
7 (h) made for payments of principal and interest on limited
8 bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt
9 Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service
10 extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), and (e) of
11 this definition for non-referendum obligations, except
12 obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (i) made
13 for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under
14 Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (j) made
15 for a qualified airport authority to pay interest or principal
16 on general obligation bonds issued for the purpose of paying
17 obligations due under, or financing airport facilities
18 required to be acquired, constructed, installed or equipped
19 pursuant to, contracts entered into before March 1, 1996 (but
20 not including any amendments to such a contract taking effect
21 on or after that date); (k) made to fund expenses of providing
22 joint recreational programs for the handicapped under Section
23 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the
24 Illinois Municipal Code; and (l) made for contributions to a
25 firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the
26 Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified

1 under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code.

2 "Debt service extension base" means an amount equal to that
3 portion of the extension for a taxing district for the 1994
4 levy year, or for those taxing districts subject to this Law in
5 accordance with Section 18-213, except for those subject to
6 paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213, for the levy
7 year in which the referendum making this Law applicable to the
8 taxing district is held, or for those taxing districts subject
9 to this Law in accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection (e)
10 of Section 18-213 for the 1996 levy year, constituting an
11 extension for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued
12 by the taxing district without referendum, but not including
13 excluded non-referendum bonds. For park districts (i) that were
14 first subject to this Law in 1991 or 1995 and (ii) whose
15 extension for the 1994 levy year for the payment of principal
16 and interest on bonds issued by the park district without
17 referendum (but not including excluded non-referendum bonds)
18 was less than 51% of the amount for the 1991 levy year
19 constituting an extension for payment of principal and interest
20 on bonds issued by the park district without referendum (but
21 not including excluded non-referendum bonds), "debt service
22 extension base" means an amount equal to that portion of the
23 extension for the 1991 levy year constituting an extension for
24 payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the park
25 district without referendum (but not including excluded
26 non-referendum bonds). A debt service extension base

1 established or increased at any time pursuant to any provision
2 of this Law, except Section 18-212, shall be increased each
3 year commencing with the later of (i) the 2009 levy year or
4 (ii) the first levy year in which this Law becomes applicable
5 to the taxing district, by the lesser of 5% or the percentage
6 increase in the Consumer Price Index during the 12-month
7 calendar year preceding the levy year. The debt service
8 extension base may be established or increased as provided
9 under Section 18-212. "Excluded non-referendum bonds" means
10 (i) bonds authorized by Public Act 88-503 and issued under
11 Section 20a of the Chicago Park District Act for aquarium and
12 museum projects; (ii) bonds issued under Section 15 of the
13 Local Government Debt Reform Act; or (iii) refunding
14 obligations issued to refund or to continue to refund
15 obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum.

16 "Special purpose extensions" include, but are not limited
17 to, extensions for levies made on an annual basis for
18 unemployment and workers' compensation, self-insurance,
19 contributions to pension plans, and extensions made pursuant to
20 Section 6-601 of the Illinois Highway Code for a road
21 district's permanent road fund whether levied annually or not.
22 The extension for a special service area is not included in the
23 aggregate extension.

24 "Aggregate extension base" means the taxing district's
25 last preceding aggregate extension as adjusted under Sections
26 18-135, 18-215, and 18-230. An adjustment under Section 18-135

1 shall be made for the 2007 levy year and all subsequent levy
2 years whenever one or more counties within which a taxing
3 district is located (i) used estimated valuations or rates when
4 extending taxes in the taxing district for the last preceding
5 levy year that resulted in the over or under extension of
6 taxes, or (ii) increased or decreased the tax extension for the
7 last preceding levy year as required by Section 18-135(c).
8 Whenever an adjustment is required under Section 18-135, the
9 aggregate extension base of the taxing district shall be equal
10 to the amount that the aggregate extension of the taxing
11 district would have been for the last preceding levy year if
12 either or both (i) actual, rather than estimated, valuations or
13 rates had been used to calculate the extension of taxes for the
14 last levy year, or (ii) the tax extension for the last
15 preceding levy year had not been adjusted as required by
16 subsection (c) of Section 18-135.

17 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for levy year
18 2012, the aggregate extension base for West Northfield School
19 District No. 31 in Cook County shall be \$12,654,592.

20 "Levy year" has the same meaning as "year" under Section
21 1-155.

22 "New property" means (i) the assessed value, after final
23 board of review or board of appeals action, of new improvements
24 or additions to existing improvements on any parcel of real
25 property that increase the assessed value of that real property
26 during the levy year multiplied by the equalization factor

1 issued by the Department under Section 17-30, (ii) the assessed
2 value, after final board of review or board of appeals action,
3 of real property not exempt from real estate taxation, which
4 real property was exempt from real estate taxation for any
5 portion of the immediately preceding levy year, multiplied by
6 the equalization factor issued by the Department under Section
7 17-30, including the assessed value, upon final stabilization
8 of occupancy after new construction is complete, of any real
9 property located within the boundaries of an otherwise or
10 previously exempt military reservation that is intended for
11 residential use and owned by or leased to a private corporation
12 or other entity, (iii) in counties that classify in accordance
13 with Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois Constitution, an
14 incentive property's additional assessed value resulting from
15 a scheduled increase in the level of assessment as applied to
16 the first year final board of review market value, and (iv) any
17 increase in assessed value due to oil or gas production from an
18 oil or gas well required to be permitted under the Hydraulic
19 Fracturing Regulatory Act that was not produced in or accounted
20 for during the previous levy year. In addition, the county
21 clerk in a county containing a population of 3,000,000 or more
22 shall include in the 1997 recovered tax increment value for any
23 school district, any recovered tax increment value that was
24 applicable to the 1995 tax year calculations.

25 "Qualified airport authority" means an airport authority
26 organized under the Airport Authorities Act and located in a

1 county bordering on the State of Wisconsin and having a
2 population in excess of 200,000 and not greater than 500,000.

3 "Recovered tax increment value" means, except as otherwise
4 provided in this paragraph, the amount of the current year's
5 equalized assessed value, in the first year after a
6 municipality terminates the designation of an area as a
7 redevelopment project area previously established under the
8 Tax Increment Allocation Development Act in the Illinois
9 Municipal Code, previously established under the Industrial
10 Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, previously
11 established under the Economic Development Project Area Tax
12 Increment Act of 1995, or previously established under the
13 Economic Development Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, of each
14 taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the
15 redevelopment project area over and above the initial equalized
16 assessed value of each property in the redevelopment project
17 area. For the taxes which are extended for the 1997 levy year,
18 the recovered tax increment value for a non-home rule taxing
19 district that first became subject to this Law for the 1995
20 levy year because a majority of its 1994 equalized assessed
21 value was in an affected county or counties shall be increased
22 if a municipality terminated the designation of an area in 1993
23 as a redevelopment project area previously established under
24 the Tax Increment Allocation Development Act in the Illinois
25 Municipal Code, previously established under the Industrial
26 Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, or previously

1 established under the Economic Development Area Tax Increment
2 Allocation Act, by an amount equal to the 1994 equalized
3 assessed value of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of
4 real property in the redevelopment project area over and above
5 the initial equalized assessed value of each property in the
6 redevelopment project area. In the first year after a
7 municipality removes a taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of
8 real property from a redevelopment project area established
9 under the Tax Increment Allocation Development Act in the
10 Illinois Municipal Code, the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law in
11 the Illinois Municipal Code, or the Economic Development Area
12 Tax Increment Allocation Act, "recovered tax increment value"
13 means the amount of the current year's equalized assessed value
14 of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property
15 removed from the redevelopment project area over and above the
16 initial equalized assessed value of that real property before
17 removal from the redevelopment project area.

18 Except as otherwise provided in this Section, "limiting
19 rate" means a fraction the numerator of which is the last
20 preceding aggregate extension base times an amount equal to one
21 plus the extension limitation defined in this Section and the
22 denominator of which is the current year's equalized assessed
23 value of all real property in the territory under the
24 jurisdiction of the taxing district during the prior levy year.
25 For those taxing districts that reduced their aggregate
26 extension for the last preceding levy year, the highest

1 aggregate extension in any of the last 3 preceding levy years
2 shall be used for the purpose of computing the limiting rate.
3 The denominator shall not include new property or the recovered
4 tax increment value. If a new rate, a rate decrease, or a
5 limiting rate increase has been approved at an election held
6 after March 21, 2006, then (i) the otherwise applicable
7 limiting rate shall be increased by the amount of the new rate
8 or shall be reduced by the amount of the rate decrease, as the
9 case may be, or (ii) in the case of a limiting rate increase,
10 the limiting rate shall be equal to the rate set forth in the
11 proposition approved by the voters for each of the years
12 specified in the proposition, after which the limiting rate of
13 the taxing district shall be calculated as otherwise provided.
14 In the case of a taxing district that obtained referendum
15 approval for an increased limiting rate on March 20, 2012, the
16 limiting rate for tax year 2012 shall be the rate that
17 generates the approximate total amount of taxes extendable for
18 that tax year, as set forth in the proposition approved by the
19 voters; this rate shall be the final rate applied by the county
20 clerk for the aggregate of all capped funds of the district for
21 tax year 2012.

22 (Source: P.A. 97-611, eff. 1-1-12; 97-1154, eff. 1-25-13; 98-6,
23 eff. 3-29-13; 98-23, eff. 6-17-13.)

24 (35 ILCS 200/18-205)

25 Sec. 18-205. Referendum to increase the extension

1 limitation. A taxing district is limited to an extension
2 limitation as defined in Section 18-185 ~~of 5% or the percentage~~
3 ~~increase in the Consumer Price Index during the 12-month~~
4 ~~calendar year preceding the levy year, whichever is less.~~ A
5 taxing district may increase its extension limitation for one
6 or more levy years if that taxing district holds a referendum
7 before the levy date for the first levy year at which a
8 majority of voters voting on the issue approves adoption of a
9 higher extension limitation. Referenda shall be conducted at a
10 regularly scheduled election in accordance with the Election
11 Code. For referenda to increase the extension limitation for
12 levy years prior to 2016, the ~~The~~ question shall be presented
13 in substantially the following manner ~~for all elections held~~
14 ~~after March 21, 2006:~~

15 Shall the extension limitation under the Property Tax
16 Extension Limitation Law for (insert the legal name,
17 number, if any, and county or counties of the taxing
18 district and geographic or other common name by which a
19 school or community college district is known and referred
20 to), Illinois, be increased from the lesser of 5% or the
21 percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index over the
22 prior levy year to (insert the percentage of the proposed
23 increase)% per year for (insert each levy year for which
24 the increased extension limitation will apply)?

25 For referenda to increase the extension limitation for levy
26 year 2016 and thereafter, the question shall be presented in

1 substantially the following manner:

2 Shall the extension limitation under the Property Tax
3 Extension Limitation Law for (insert the legal name,
4 number, if any, and county or counties of the taxing
5 district and geographic or other common name by which a
6 school or community college district is known and referred
7 to), Illinois, be increased from 0% to (insert the
8 percentage of the proposed increase)% per year for (insert
9 each levy year for which the increased extension limitation
10 will apply)?

11 The votes must be recorded as "Yes" or "No".

12 If a majority of voters voting on the issue approves the
13 adoption of the increase, the increase shall be applicable for
14 each levy year specified.

15 The ballot for any question submitted pursuant to this
16 Section shall have printed thereon, but not as a part of the
17 question submitted, only the following supplemental
18 information (which shall be supplied to the election authority
19 by the taxing district) in substantially the following form:

20 (1) For the (insert the first levy year for which the
21 increased extension limitation will be applicable) levy
22 year the approximate amount of the additional tax
23 extendable against property containing a single family
24 residence and having a fair market value at the time of the
25 referendum of \$100,000 is estimated to be \$....

26 (2) Based upon an average annual percentage increase

1 (or decrease) in the market value of such property of ...%
2 (insert percentage equal to the average annual percentage
3 increase or decrease for the prior 3 levy years, at the
4 time the submission of the question is initiated by the
5 taxing district, in the amount of (A) the equalized
6 assessed value of the taxable property in the taxing
7 district less (B) the new property included in the
8 equalized assessed value), the approximate amount of the
9 additional tax extendable against such property for the ...
10 levy year is estimated to be \$... and for the ... levy year
11 is estimated to be \$....

12 Paragraph (2) shall be included only if the increased
13 extension limitation will be applicable for more than one year
14 and shall list each levy year for which the increased extension
15 limitation will be applicable. The additional tax shown for
16 each levy year shall be the approximate dollar amount of the
17 increase over the amount of the most recently completed
18 extension at the time the submission of the question is
19 initiated by the taxing district. The approximate amount of the
20 additional tax extendable shown in paragraphs (1) and (2) shall
21 be calculated by multiplying \$100,000 (the fair market value of
22 the property without regard to any property tax exemptions) by
23 (i) the percentage level of assessment prescribed for that
24 property by statute, or by ordinance of the county board in
25 counties that classify property for purposes of taxation in
26 accordance with Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois

1 Constitution; (ii) the most recent final equalization factor
2 certified to the county clerk by the Department of Revenue at
3 the time the taxing district initiates the submission of the
4 proposition to the electors; (iii) the last known aggregate
5 extension base of the taxing district at the time the
6 submission of the question is initiated by the taxing district;
7 and (iv) the difference between the percentage increase
8 proposed in the question and (A) the lesser of 5% or the
9 percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for the prior
10 levy year (or an estimate of the percentage increase for the
11 prior levy year if the increase is unavailable at the time the
12 submission of the question is initiated by the taxing district)
13 or (B) 0%, as applicable; and dividing the result by the last
14 known equalized assessed value of the taxing district at the
15 time the submission of the question is initiated by the taxing
16 district. This amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly is
17 intended to clarify the existing requirements of this Section,
18 and shall not be construed to validate any prior non-compliant
19 referendum language. Any notice required to be published in
20 connection with the submission of the question shall also
21 contain this supplemental information and shall not contain any
22 other supplemental information. Any error, miscalculation, or
23 inaccuracy in computing any amount set forth on the ballot or
24 in the notice that is not deliberate shall not invalidate or
25 affect the validity of any proposition approved. Notice of the
26 referendum shall be published and posted as otherwise required

1 by law, and the submission of the question shall be initiated
2 as provided by law.

3 (Source: P.A. 97-1087, eff. 8-24-12.)

4 (35 ILCS 200/18-213)

5 Sec. 18-213. Referenda on applicability of the Property Tax
6 Extension Limitation Law.

7 (a) The provisions of this Section do not apply to a taxing
8 district subject to this Law because a majority of its 1990
9 equalized assessed value is in a county or counties contiguous
10 to a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, or because a
11 majority of its 1994 equalized assessed value is in an affected
12 county and the taxing district was not subject to this Law
13 before the 1995 levy year.

14 (b) Prior to levy year 2016, the ~~The~~ county board of a
15 county that is not subject to this Law may, by ordinance or
16 resolution, submit to the voters of the county the question of
17 whether to make all non-home rule taxing districts that have
18 all or a portion of their equalized assessed valuation situated
19 in the county subject to this Law in the manner set forth in
20 this Section.

21 For purposes of this Section only:

22 "Taxing district" has the same meaning provided in Section
23 1-150.

24 "Equalized assessed valuation" means the equalized
25 assessed valuation for a taxing district for the immediately

1 preceding levy year.

2 (c) The ordinance or resolution shall request the
3 submission of the proposition at any election, except a
4 consolidated primary election, for the purpose of voting for or
5 against making the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law
6 applicable to all non-home rule taxing districts that have all
7 or a portion of their equalized assessed valuation situated in
8 the county.

9 The question shall be placed on a separate ballot and shall
10 be in substantially the following form:

11 Shall the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law (35
12 ILCS 200/18-185 through 18-245), which limits annual
13 property tax extension increases, apply to non-home rule
14 taxing districts with all or a portion of their equalized
15 assessed valuation located in (name of county)?

16 Votes on the question shall be recorded as "yes" or "no".

17 (d) The county clerk shall order the proposition submitted
18 to the electors of the county at the election specified in the
19 ordinance or resolution. If part of the county is under the
20 jurisdiction of a board or boards of election commissioners,
21 the county clerk shall submit a certified copy of the ordinance
22 or resolution to each board of election commissioners, which
23 shall order the proposition submitted to the electors of the
24 taxing district within its jurisdiction at the election
25 specified in the ordinance or resolution.

26 (e) (1) With respect to taxing districts having all of

1 their equalized assessed valuation located in the county,
2 if a majority of the votes cast on the proposition are in
3 favor of the proposition, then this Law becomes applicable
4 to the taxing district beginning on January 1 of the year
5 following the date of the referendum.

6 (2) With respect to taxing districts that meet all the
7 following conditions this Law shall become applicable to
8 the taxing district beginning on January 1, 1997. The
9 districts to which this paragraph (2) is applicable

10 (A) do not have all of their equalized assessed
11 valuation located in a single county,

12 (B) have equalized assessed valuation in an
13 affected county,

14 (C) meet the condition that each county, other than
15 an affected county, in which any of the equalized
16 assessed valuation of the taxing district is located
17 has held a referendum under this Section at any
18 election, except a consolidated primary election, held
19 prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of
20 1997, and

21 (D) have a majority of the district's equalized
22 assessed valuation located in one or more counties in
23 each of which the voters have approved a referendum
24 under this Section prior to the effective date of this
25 amendatory Act of 1997. For purposes of this Section,
26 in determining whether a majority of the equalized

1 assessed valuation of the taxing district is located in
2 one or more counties in which the voters have approved
3 a referendum under this Section, the equalized
4 assessed valuation of the taxing district in any
5 affected county shall be included with the equalized
6 assessed value of the taxing district in counties in
7 which the voters have approved the referendum.

8 (3) With respect to taxing districts that do not have
9 all of their equalized assessed valuation located in a
10 single county and to which paragraph (2) of subsection (e)
11 is not applicable, if each county other than an affected
12 county in which any of the equalized assessed valuation of
13 the taxing district is located has held a referendum under
14 this Section at any election, except a consolidated primary
15 election, held in any year and if a majority of the
16 equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district is
17 located in one or more counties that have each approved a
18 referendum under this Section, then this Law shall become
19 applicable to the taxing district on January 1 of the year
20 following the year in which the last referendum in a county
21 in which the taxing district has any equalized assessed
22 valuation is held. For the purposes of this Law, the last
23 referendum shall be deemed to be the referendum making this
24 Law applicable to the taxing district. For purposes of this
25 Section, in determining whether a majority of the equalized
26 assessed valuation of the taxing district is located in one

1 or more counties that have approved a referendum under this
2 Section, the equalized assessed valuation of the taxing
3 district in any affected county shall be included with the
4 equalized assessed value of the taxing district in counties
5 that have approved the referendum.

6 (f) Immediately after a referendum is held under this
7 Section, the county clerk of the county holding the referendum
8 shall give notice of the referendum having been held and its
9 results to all taxing districts that have all or a portion of
10 their equalized assessed valuation located in the county, the
11 county clerk of any other county in which any of the equalized
12 assessed valuation of any taxing district is located, and the
13 Department of Revenue. After the last referendum affecting a
14 multi-county taxing district is held, the Department of Revenue
15 shall determine whether the taxing district is subject to this
16 Law and, if so, shall notify the taxing district and the county
17 clerks of all of the counties in which a portion of the
18 equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district is located
19 that, beginning the following January 1, the taxing district is
20 subject to this Law. For each taxing district subject to
21 paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of this Section, the Department
22 of Revenue shall notify the taxing district and the county
23 clerks of all of the counties in which a portion of the
24 equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district is located
25 that, beginning January 1, 1997, the taxing district is subject
26 to this Law.

1 (g) Referenda held under this Section shall be conducted in
2 accordance with the Election Code.

3 (Source: P.A. 89-510, eff. 7-11-96; 89-718, eff. 3-7-97.)

4 (35 ILCS 200/18-214)

5 Sec. 18-214. Referenda on removal of the applicability of
6 the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law to non-home rule
7 taxing districts.

8 (a) The provisions of this Section do not apply to a taxing
9 district that is subject to this Law because a majority of its
10 1990 equalized assessed value is in a county or counties
11 contiguous to a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, or
12 because a majority of its 1994 equalized assessed value is in
13 an affected county and the taxing district was not subject to
14 this Law before the 1995 levy year.

15 (b) For purposes of this Section only:

16 "Taxing district" means any non-home rule taxing district
17 that became subject to this Law under Section 18-213 of this
18 Law.

19 "Equalized assessed valuation" means the equalized
20 assessed valuation for a taxing district for the immediately
21 preceding levy year.

22 (c) The county board of a county that became subject to
23 this Law by a referendum approved by the voters of the county
24 under Section 18-213 may, by ordinance or resolution, in the
25 manner set forth in this Section, submit to the voters of the

1 county the question of whether this Law applies to all non-home
2 rule taxing districts that have all or a portion of their
3 equalized assessed valuation situated in the county in the
4 manner set forth in this Section.

5 (d) The ordinance or resolution shall request the
6 submission of the proposition at any election, except a
7 consolidated primary election, for the purpose of voting for or
8 against the continued application of the Property Tax Extension
9 Limitation Law to all non-home rule taxing districts that have
10 all or a portion of their equalized assessed valuation situated
11 in the county.

12 The question shall be placed on a separate ballot and shall
13 be in substantially the following form:

14 Shall the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law (35
15 ILCS 200/18-185 through 35 ILCS 200/18-245), which limits
16 annual property tax extension increases, apply to non-home
17 rule taxing districts with all or a portion of their
18 equalized assessed valuation located in (name of county)?

19 Votes on the question shall be recorded as "yes" or "no".

20 (e) The county clerk shall order the proposition submitted
21 to the electors of the county at the election specified in the
22 ordinance or resolution. If part of the county is under the
23 jurisdiction of a board or boards of election commissioners,
24 the county clerk shall submit a certified copy of the ordinance
25 or resolution to each board of election commissioners, which
26 shall order the proposition submitted to the electors of the

1 taxing district within its jurisdiction at the election
2 specified in the ordinance or resolution.

3 (f) With respect to taxing districts having all of their
4 equalized assessed valuation located in one county, if a
5 majority of the votes cast on the proposition are against the
6 proposition, then this Law shall not apply to the taxing
7 district beginning on January 1 of the year following the date
8 of the referendum.

9 (g) With respect to taxing districts that do not have all
10 of their equalized assessed valuation located in a single
11 county, if both of the following conditions are met, then this
12 Law shall no longer apply to the taxing district beginning on
13 January 1 of the year following the date of the referendum.

14 (1) Each county in which the district has any equalized
15 assessed valuation must either, (i) have held a referendum
16 under this Section, (ii) be an affected county, or (iii)
17 have held a referendum under Section 18-213 at which the
18 voters rejected the proposition at the most recent election
19 at which the question was on the ballot in the county.

20 (2) The majority of the equalized assessed valuation of
21 the taxing district, other than any equalized assessed
22 valuation in an affected county, is in one or more counties
23 in which the voters rejected the proposition. For purposes
24 of this Section, in determining whether a majority of the
25 equalized assessed valuation of the taxing district is
26 located in one or more counties in which the voters have

1 rejected the proposition under this Section, the equalized
2 assessed valuation of any taxing district in a county which
3 has held a referendum under Section 18-213 at which the
4 voters rejected that proposition, at the most recent
5 election at which the question was on the ballot in the
6 county, will be included with the equalized assessed value
7 of the taxing district in counties in which the voters have
8 rejected the referendum held under this Section.

9 (h) Immediately after a referendum is held under this
10 Section, the county clerk of the county holding the referendum
11 shall give notice of the referendum having been held and its
12 results to all taxing districts that have all or a portion of
13 their equalized assessed valuation located in the county, the
14 county clerk of any other county in which any of the equalized
15 assessed valuation of any such taxing district is located, and
16 the Department of Revenue. After the last referendum affecting
17 a multi-county taxing district is held, the Department of
18 Revenue shall determine whether the taxing district is no
19 longer subject to this Law and, if the taxing district is no
20 longer subject to this Law, the Department of Revenue shall
21 notify the taxing district and the county clerks of all of the
22 counties in which a portion of the equalized assessed valuation
23 of the taxing district is located that, beginning on January 1
24 of the year following the date of the last referendum, the
25 taxing district is no longer subject to this Law.

26 (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no

1 referendum may be submitted under this Section for levy year
2 2016 or thereafter.

3 (Source: P.A. 89-718, eff. 3-7-97.)

4 (35 ILCS 200/18-242 new)

5 Sec. 18-242. Home . This Division 5 is a limitation, under
6 subsection (g) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois
7 Constitution, on the power of home rule units to tax.

8 Section 5-15. The Local Government Energy Conservation Act
9 is amended by changing Section 3 as follows:

10 (50 ILCS 515/3)

11 Sec. 3. Applicable laws. Other State laws and related
12 administrative requirements apply to this Act, including, but
13 not limited to, the following laws and related administrative
14 requirements: the Illinois Human Rights Act, ~~the Prevailing~~
15 ~~Wage Act,~~ the Public Construction Bond Act, the Public Works
16 Preference Act (repealed on June 16, 2010 by Public Act
17 96-929), the Employment of Illinois Workers on Public Works
18 Act, the Freedom of Information Act, the Open Meetings Act, the
19 Illinois Architecture Practice Act of 1989, the Professional
20 Engineering Practice Act of 1989, the Structural Engineering
21 Practice Act of 1989, the Local Government Professional
22 Services Selection Act, and the Contractor Unified License and
23 Permit Bond Act.

1 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11.)

2 Section 5-20. The Local Government Facility Lease Act is
3 amended by changing Section 35 as follows:

4 (50 ILCS 615/35)

5 Sec. 35. Wage requirements. In order to protect the wages,
6 working conditions, and job opportunities of employees
7 employed by the lessee of leased facility property used for
8 airport purposes to perform work on the site of the leased
9 premises previously performed by employees of the lessor on the
10 site of the leased premises and who were in recognized
11 bargaining units at the time of the lease, the lessee, and any
12 subcontractor retained by the lessee to perform such work on
13 the site of the leased premises, shall be required to pay to
14 those employees an amount not less than the economic equivalent
15 of the standard of wages and benefits enjoyed by the lessor's
16 employees who previously performed that work. The lessor shall
17 certify to the lessee the amount of wages and benefits (or
18 their equivalent) as of the time of the lease, and any changes
19 to those amounts as they may occur during the term of the
20 lease. ~~All projects at the leased facility property used for~~
21 ~~airport purposes shall be considered public works for purposes~~
22 ~~of the Prevailing Wage Act.~~

23 (Source: P.A. 94-750, eff. 5-9-06.)

1 Section 5-25. The Counties Code is amended by changing
2 Section 5-1134 as follows:

3 (55 ILCS 5/5-1134)

4 Sec. 5-1134. Project labor agreements.

5 (a) ~~Any sports, arts, or entertainment facilities that~~
6 ~~receive revenue from a tax imposed under subsection (b) of~~
7 ~~Section 5-1030 of this Code shall be considered to be public~~
8 ~~works within the meaning of the Prevailing Wage Act.~~ The county
9 authorities responsible for the construction, renovation,
10 modification, or alteration of the sports, arts, or
11 entertainment facilities shall enter into project labor
12 agreements with labor organizations as defined in the National
13 Labor Relations Act to assure that no labor dispute interrupts
14 or interferes with the construction, renovation, modification,
15 or alteration of the projects.

16 (b) The project labor agreements must include the
17 following:

18 (1) provisions establishing the minimum hourly wage
19 for each class of labor organization employees;

20 (2) provisions establishing the benefits and other
21 compensation for such class of labor organization; and

22 (3) provisions establishing that no strike or disputes
23 will be engaged in by the labor organization employees.

24 The county, taxing bodies, municipalities, and the labor
25 organizations shall have the authority to include other terms

1 and conditions as they deem necessary.

2 (c) The project labor agreement shall be filed with the
3 Director of the Illinois Department of Labor in accordance with
4 procedures established by the Department. At a minimum, the
5 project labor agreement must provide the names, addresses, and
6 occupations of the owner of the facilities and the individuals
7 representing the labor organization employees participating in
8 the project labor agreement. The agreement must also specify
9 the terms and conditions required in subsection (b) of this
10 Section.

11 (d) In any agreement for the construction or rehabilitation
12 of a facility using revenue generated under subsection (b) of
13 Section 5-1030 of this Code, in connection with the
14 prequalification of general contractors for construction or
15 rehabilitation of the facility, it shall be required that a
16 commitment will be submitted detailing how the general
17 contractor will expend 15% or more of the aggregate dollar
18 value of the project as a whole with one or more minority-owned
19 businesses, female-owned businesses, or businesses owned by a
20 person with a disability, as these terms are defined in Section
21 2 of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and
22 Persons with Disabilities Act.

23 (Source: P.A. 98-313, eff. 8-12-13; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

24 (60 ILCS 1/100-20 rep.)

25 Section 5-30. The Township Code is amended by repealing

1 Section 100-20.

2 Section 5-35. The School Code is amended by changing
3 Section 19b-15 as follows:

4 (105 ILCS 5/19b-15)

5 Sec. 19b-15. Applicable laws. Other State laws and related
6 administrative requirements apply to this Article, including,
7 but not limited to, the following laws and related
8 administrative requirements: the Illinois Human Rights Act,
9 ~~the Prevailing Wage Act,~~ the Public Construction Bond Act, the
10 Public Works Preference Act (repealed on June 16, 2010 by
11 Public Act 96-929), the Employment of Illinois Workers on
12 Public Works Act, the Freedom of Information Act, the Open
13 Meetings Act, the Illinois Architecture Practice Act of 1989,
14 the Professional Engineering Practice Act of 1989, the
15 Structural Engineering Practice Act of 1989, the Local
16 Government Professional Services Selection Act, and the
17 Contractor Unified License and Permit Bond Act.

18 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11.)

19 Section 5-40. The Public Community College Act is amended
20 by changing Section 1-3 as follows:

21 (110 ILCS 805/1-3)

22 Sec. 1-3. Applicable laws. Other State laws and related

1 administrative requirements apply to this Act, including, but
2 not limited to, the following laws and related administrative
3 requirements: the Illinois Human Rights Act, ~~the Prevailing~~
4 ~~Wage Act,~~ the Public Construction Bond Act, the Employment of
5 Illinois Workers on Public Works Act, the Freedom of
6 Information Act, the Open Meetings Act, the Illinois
7 Architecture Practice Act of 1989, the Professional
8 Engineering Practice Act of 1989, the Structural Engineering
9 Practice Act of 1989, the Local Government Professional
10 Services Selection Act, and the Contractor Unified License and
11 Permit Bond Act. The provisions of the Procurement of Domestic
12 Products Act shall apply to this Act to the extent practicable,
13 provided that the Procurement of Domestic Products Act must not
14 be applied to this Act in a manner that is inconsistent with
15 the requirements of this Act.

16 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-1105, eff. 8-27-12.)

17 Section 5-45. The Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act
18 is amended by changing Sections 4.5 and 7 and by adding Section
19 4.7 as follows:

20 (115 ILCS 5/4.5)

21 Sec. 4.5. Subjects of collective bargaining.

22 (a) Notwithstanding the existence of any other provision in
23 this Act or other law, collective bargaining between an
24 educational employer whose territorial boundaries are

1 coterminous with those of a city having a population in excess
2 of 500,000 and an exclusive representative of its employees may
3 include any of the following subjects:

4 (1) (Blank).

5 (2) Decisions to contract with a third party for one or
6 more services otherwise performed by employees in a
7 bargaining unit and the procedures for obtaining such
8 contract or the identity of the third party, except as
9 provided in subsection (d).

10 (3) Decisions to layoff or reduce in force employees,
11 except as provided in subsection (d) with respect to a
12 layoff or reduction in force resulting from a service
13 contract.

14 (4) Decisions to determine class size, class staffing
15 and assignment, class schedules, academic calendar, length
16 of the work and school day with respect to a public school
17 district organized under Article 34 of the School Code
18 only, length of the work and school year with respect to a
19 public school district organized under Article 34 of the
20 School Code only, hours and places of instruction, or pupil
21 assessment policies.

22 (5) Decisions concerning use and staffing of
23 experimental or pilot programs and decisions concerning
24 use of technology to deliver educational programs and
25 services and staffing to provide the technology.

26 (b) The subject or matters described in subsection (a) are

1 permissive subjects of bargaining between an educational
2 employer and an exclusive representative of its employees and,
3 for the purpose of this Act, are within the sole discretion of
4 the educational employer to decide to bargain, provided that
5 the educational employer is required to bargain over the impact
6 of a decision concerning such subject or matter on the
7 bargaining unit upon request by the exclusive representative.
8 During this bargaining, the educational employer shall not be
9 precluded from implementing its decision. If, after a
10 reasonable period of bargaining, a dispute or impasse exists
11 between the educational employer and the exclusive
12 representative, the dispute or impasse shall be resolved
13 exclusively as set forth in subsection (b) of Section 12 of
14 this Act in lieu of a strike under Section 13 of this Act.
15 Neither the Board nor any mediator or fact-finder appointed
16 pursuant to subsection (a-10) of Section 12 of this Act shall
17 have jurisdiction over such a dispute or impasse.

18 (c) A provision in a collective bargaining agreement that
19 was rendered null and void because it involved a prohibited
20 subject of collective bargaining under this subsection (c) as
21 this subsection (c) existed before the effective date of this
22 amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly remains null and
23 void and shall not otherwise be reinstated in any successor
24 agreement unless the educational employer and exclusive
25 representative otherwise agree to include an agreement reached
26 on a subject or matter described in subsection (a) of this

1 Section as subsection (a) existed before this amendatory Act of
2 the 93rd General Assembly.

3 (d) In any public school district to which this subsection
4 applies, as provided in Section 4.7, public employees or a
5 labor organization may not bargain collectively on:

6 (1) the decision of the educational employer to
7 contract with a third party for any services, the process
8 for bidding on such a contract, the identity of the
9 provider of such services, or the effect of any such
10 contract on bargaining unit members, provided that this
11 subsection does not limit the ability of educational
12 employees or a labor organization to bid on any such
13 contract;

14 (2) any pay increase, either through changes to the pay
15 schedule or as a result of accumulated years of service, in
16 excess of the amount specified by resolution of the
17 governing body of the public school district;

18 (3) the provision of any health insurance, including
19 the payment of premiums, the extent of coverage, or the
20 identity of the insurer;

21 (4) the use of educational employee time for business
22 of the labor organization, other than reasonable time
23 provided to an educational employee to attend a grievance
24 hearing when his or her rights are substantially affected
25 by the hearing or his or her testimony is needed for the
26 determination of any substantial factual question;

1 (5) required levels of staffing for departments,
2 divisions, shifts, stations, or assignments;

3 (6) procedures, processes, forms, and criteria for
4 personnel evaluations, or the use of evaluations or
5 seniority in assignments, promotions, layoffs, and
6 reductions-in-force; or

7 (7) curriculum or standards of student academic
8 performance, conduct, and discipline in school.

9 (e) If subsection (b) of Section 4 of the Illinois Public
10 Labor Relations Act applies to a public school district,
11 educational employees or a labor organization may not bargain
12 collectively on the matters described in that subsection or on
13 the matters described in paragraph (7) of subsection (d) of
14 this Section.

15 (f) Any agreement, understanding, or practice, whether
16 written or oral, and whether express or implied, between any
17 labor organization and any educational employer made in
18 violation of this Section is hereby declared to be unlawful,
19 null and void, and of no legal effect.

20 (Source: P.A. 97-7, eff. 6-13-11; 97-8, eff. 6-13-11.)

21 (115 ILCS 5/4.7 new)

22 Sec. 4.7. Adoption of limitations on subjects of collective
23 bargaining.

24 (a) The governing body of a public school district may by
25 resolution prohibit elect to apply the limitations under

1 subsection (d) of Section 4.5 to bargaining with that public
2 school district.

3 (b) If a petition, signed by a number of registered voters
4 equal in number to at least 5% of the total number of
5 registered voters in a public school district, asking to apply
6 the limitations under subsection (d) of Section 4.5 to that
7 public school district is presented to the clerk of that public
8 school district, the clerk shall certify the question of
9 whether to apply such limitations to that public school
10 district to the proper election authority, who shall submit the
11 question at the next election in accordance with the general
12 election law.

13 The question of whether to apply the limitations under
14 subsection (d) of Section 4.5 shall be presented in
15 substantially the following form:

16 Shall (the legal name of the public school district) be
17 free to determine certain matters without negotiating with
18 employee unions, such as the use of service providers, the
19 decision to provide health benefits, caps on total payroll,
20 employees' use of government time for union matters,
21 required staffing levels, evaluation procedures, and
22 curriculum?

23 The votes must be recorded as "Yes" or "No". If a majority
24 of voters voting on the question are in favor of applying such
25 limitations, subsection (d) of Section 4.5 shall apply to
26 bargaining with that public school district.

1 (115 ILCS 5/7) (from Ch. 48, par. 1707)

2 Sec. 7. Recognition of exclusive bargaining
3 representatives - unit determination. The Board is empowered
4 to administer the recognition of bargaining representatives of
5 employees of public school districts, including employees of
6 districts which have entered into joint agreements, or
7 employees of public community college districts, or any State
8 college or university, and any State agency whose major
9 function is providing educational services, making certain
10 that each bargaining unit contains employees with an
11 identifiable community of interest and that no unit includes
12 both professional employees and nonprofessional employees
13 unless a majority of employees in each group vote for inclusion
14 in the unit.

15 (a) In determining the appropriateness of a unit, the Board
16 shall decide in each case, in order to ensure employees the
17 fullest freedom in exercising the rights guaranteed by this
18 Act, the unit appropriate for the purpose of collective
19 bargaining, based upon but not limited to such factors as
20 historical pattern of recognition, community of interest,
21 including employee skills and functions, degree of functional
22 integration, interchangeability and contact among employees,
23 common supervision, wages, hours and other working conditions
24 of the employees involved, and the desires of the employees.
25 Nothing in this Act, except as herein provided, shall interfere

1 with or negate the current representation rights or patterns
2 and practices of employee organizations which have
3 historically represented employees for the purposes of
4 collective bargaining, including but not limited to the
5 negotiations of wages, hours and working conditions,
6 resolutions of employees' grievances, or resolution of
7 jurisdictional disputes, ~~or the establishment and maintenance~~
8 ~~of prevailing wage rates,~~ unless a majority of the employees so
9 represented expresses a contrary desire under the procedures
10 set forth in this Act. This Section, however, does not prohibit
11 multi-unit bargaining. Notwithstanding the above factors,
12 where the majority of public employees of a craft so decide,
13 the Board shall designate such craft as a unit appropriate for
14 the purposes of collective bargaining.

15 The sole appropriate bargaining unit for tenured and
16 tenure-track academic faculty at each campus of the University
17 of Illinois shall be a unit that is comprised of
18 non-supervisory academic faculty employed more than half-time
19 and that includes all tenured and tenure-track faculty of that
20 University campus employed by the board of trustees in all of
21 the campus's undergraduate, graduate, and professional schools
22 and degree and non-degree programs (with the exception of the
23 college of medicine, the college of pharmacy, the college of
24 dentistry, the college of law, and the college of veterinary
25 medicine, each of which shall have its own separate unit),
26 regardless of current or historical representation rights or

1 patterns or the application of any other factors. Any decision,
2 rule, or regulation promulgated by the Board to the contrary
3 shall be null and void.

4 (b) An educational employer shall voluntarily recognize a
5 labor organization for collective bargaining purposes if that
6 organization appears to represent a majority of employees in
7 the unit. The employer shall post notice of its intent to so
8 recognize for a period of at least 20 school days on bulletin
9 boards or other places used or reserved for employee notices.
10 Thereafter, the employer, if satisfied as to the majority
11 status of the employee organization, shall send written
12 notification of such recognition to the Board for
13 certification. Any dispute regarding the majority status of a
14 labor organization shall be resolved by the Board which shall
15 make the determination of majority status.

16 Within the 20 day notice period, however, any other
17 interested employee organization may petition the Board to seek
18 recognition as the exclusive representative of the unit in the
19 manner specified by rules and regulations prescribed by the
20 Board, if such interested employee organization has been
21 designated by at least 15% of the employees in an appropriate
22 bargaining unit which includes all or some of the employees in
23 the unit intended to be recognized by the employer. In such
24 event, the Board shall proceed with the petition in the same
25 manner as provided in paragraph (c) of this Section.

26 (c) A labor organization may also gain recognition as the

1 exclusive representative by an election of the employees in the
2 unit. Petitions requesting an election may be filed with the
3 Board:

4 (1) by an employee or group of employees or any labor
5 organizations acting on their behalf alleging and
6 presenting evidence that 30% or more of the employees in a
7 bargaining unit wish to be represented for collective
8 bargaining or that the labor organization which has been
9 acting as the exclusive bargaining representative is no
10 longer representative of a majority of the employees in the
11 unit; or

12 (2) by an employer alleging that one or more labor
13 organizations have presented a claim to be recognized as an
14 exclusive bargaining representative of a majority of the
15 employees in an appropriate unit and that it doubts the
16 majority status of any of the organizations or that it
17 doubts the majority status of an exclusive bargaining
18 representative.

19 The Board shall investigate the petition and if it has
20 reasonable cause to suspect that a question of representation
21 exists, it shall give notice and conduct a hearing. If it finds
22 upon the record of the hearing that a question of
23 representation exists, it shall direct an election, which shall
24 be held no later than 90 days after the date the petition was
25 filed. Nothing prohibits the waiving of hearings by the parties
26 and the conduct of consent elections.

1 (c-5) The Board shall designate an exclusive
2 representative for purposes of collective bargaining when the
3 representative demonstrates a showing of majority interest by
4 employees in the unit. If the parties to a dispute are without
5 agreement on the means to ascertain the choice, if any, of
6 employee organization as their representative, the Board shall
7 ascertain the employees' choice of employee organization, on
8 the basis of dues deduction authorization or other evidence,
9 or, if necessary, by conducting an election. All evidence
10 submitted by an employee organization to the Board to ascertain
11 an employee's choice of an employee organization is
12 confidential and shall not be submitted to the employer for
13 review. The Board shall ascertain the employee's choice of
14 employee organization within 120 days after the filing of the
15 majority interest petition; however, the Board may extend time
16 by an additional 60 days, upon its own motion or upon the
17 motion of a party to the proceeding. If either party provides
18 to the Board, before the designation of a representative, clear
19 and convincing evidence that the dues deduction
20 authorizations, and other evidence upon which the Board would
21 otherwise rely to ascertain the employees' choice of
22 representative, are fraudulent or were obtained through
23 coercion, the Board shall promptly thereafter conduct an
24 election. The Board shall also investigate and consider a
25 party's allegations that the dues deduction authorizations and
26 other evidence submitted in support of a designation of

1 representative without an election were subsequently changed,
2 altered, withdrawn, or withheld as a result of employer fraud,
3 coercion, or any other unfair labor practice by the employer.
4 If the Board determines that a labor organization would have
5 had a majority interest but for an employer's fraud, coercion,
6 or unfair labor practice, it shall designate the labor
7 organization as an exclusive representative without conducting
8 an election. If a hearing is necessary to resolve any issues of
9 representation under this Section, the Board shall conclude its
10 hearing process and issue a certification of the entire
11 appropriate unit not later than 120 days after the date the
12 petition was filed. The 120-day period may be extended one or
13 more times by the agreement of all parties to a hearing to a
14 date certain.

15 (c-6) A labor organization or an employer may file a unit
16 clarification petition seeking to clarify an existing
17 bargaining unit. The Board shall conclude its investigation,
18 including any hearing process deemed necessary, and issue a
19 certification of clarified unit or dismiss the petition not
20 later than 120 days after the date the petition was filed. The
21 120-day period may be extended one or more times by the
22 agreement of all parties to a hearing to a date certain.

23 (d) An order of the Board dismissing a representation
24 petition, determining and certifying that a labor organization
25 has been fairly and freely chosen by a majority of employees in
26 an appropriate bargaining unit, determining and certifying

1 that a labor organization has not been fairly and freely chosen
2 by a majority of employees in the bargaining unit or certifying
3 a labor organization as the exclusive representative of
4 employees in an appropriate bargaining unit because of a
5 determination by the Board that the labor organization is the
6 historical bargaining representative of employees in the
7 bargaining unit, is a final order. Any person aggrieved by any
8 such order issued on or after the effective date of this
9 amendatory Act of 1987 may apply for and obtain judicial review
10 in accordance with provisions of the Administrative Review Law,
11 as now or hereafter amended, except that such review shall be
12 afforded directly in the Appellate Court of a judicial district
13 in which the Board maintains an office. Any direct appeal to
14 the Appellate Court shall be filed within 35 days from the date
15 that a copy of the decision sought to be reviewed was served
16 upon the party affected by the decision.

17 No election may be conducted in any bargaining unit during
18 the term of a collective bargaining agreement covering such
19 unit or subdivision thereof, except the Board may direct an
20 election after the filing of a petition between January 15 and
21 March 1 of the final year of a collective bargaining agreement.
22 Nothing in this Section prohibits the negotiation of a
23 collective bargaining agreement covering a period not
24 exceeding 3 years. A collective bargaining agreement of less
25 than 3 years may be extended up to 3 years by the parties if the
26 extension is agreed to in writing before the filing of a

1 petition under this Section. In such case, the final year of
2 the extension is the final year of the collective bargaining
3 agreement. No election may be conducted in a bargaining unit,
4 or subdivision thereof, in which a valid election has been held
5 within the preceding 12 month period.

6 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 96-813, eff. 10-30-09.)

7 Section 5-50. The Prevailing Wage Act is amended by
8 changing Section 2 as follows:

9 (820 ILCS 130/2) (from Ch. 48, par. 39s-2)

10 Sec. 2. This Act applies to the wages of laborers,
11 mechanics and other workers employed in any public works, as
12 hereinafter defined, by any public body and to anyone under
13 contracts for public works. This includes any maintenance,
14 repair, assembly, or disassembly work performed on equipment
15 whether owned, leased, or rented.

16 As used in this Act, unless the context indicates
17 otherwise:

18 "Public works" means all fixed works constructed or
19 demolished by any public body, or paid for wholly or in part
20 out of public funds. "Public works" as defined herein includes
21 all projects financed in whole or in part with bonds, grants,
22 loans, or other funds made available by or through the State or
23 any of its political subdivisions, including but not limited
24 to: bonds issued under the Industrial Project Revenue Bond Act

1 (Article 11, Division 74 of the Illinois Municipal Code), the
2 Industrial Building Revenue Bond Act, the Illinois Finance
3 Authority Act, the Illinois Sports Facilities Authority Act, or
4 the Build Illinois Bond Act; loans or other funds made
5 available pursuant to the Build Illinois Act; loans or other
6 funds made available pursuant to the Riverfront Development
7 Fund under Section 10-15 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone
8 Act; or funds from the Fund for Illinois' Future under Section
9 6z-47 of the State Finance Act, ~~funds for school construction~~
10 ~~under Section 5 of the General Obligation Bond Act, funds~~
11 ~~authorized under Section 3 of the School Construction Bond Act,~~
12 ~~funds for school infrastructure under Section 6z-45 of the~~
13 ~~State Finance Act,~~ and funds for transportation purposes under
14 Section 4 of the General Obligation Bond Act. "Public works"
15 also includes (i) all projects financed in whole or in part
16 with funds from the Department of Commerce and Economic
17 Opportunity under the Illinois Renewable Fuels Development
18 Program Act for which there is no project labor agreement; (ii)
19 all work performed pursuant to a public private agreement under
20 the Public Private Agreements for the Illiana Expressway Act or
21 the Public-Private Agreements for the South Suburban Airport
22 Act; and (iii) all projects undertaken under a public-private
23 agreement under the Public-Private Partnerships for
24 Transportation Act. "Public works" also includes all projects
25 at leased facility property used for airport purposes under
26 Section 35 of the Local Government Facility Lease Act. "Public

1 works" also includes the construction of a new wind power
2 facility by a business designated as a High Impact Business
3 under Section 5.5(a)(3)(E) of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act.
4 "Public works" does not include work done directly by any
5 public utility company, whether or not done under public
6 supervision or direction, or paid for wholly or in part out of
7 public funds. "Public works" also includes any corrective
8 action performed pursuant to Title XVI of the Environmental
9 Protection Act for which payment from the Underground Storage
10 Tank Fund is requested. "Public works" does not include
11 projects undertaken by the owner at an owner-occupied
12 single-family residence or at an owner-occupied unit of a
13 multi-family residence. "Public works" does not include work
14 performed for soil and water conservation purposes on
15 agricultural lands, whether or not done under public
16 supervision or paid for wholly or in part out of public funds,
17 done directly by an owner or person who has legal control of
18 those lands.

19 "Public works" does not include work done or projects
20 performed by or on behalf of a unit of local government or
21 school district whether or not done under public supervision or
22 paid for wholly or in part with public funds and whether or not
23 owned by a unit of local government or a school district.

24 "Construction" means all work on public works involving
25 laborers, workers or mechanics. This includes any maintenance,
26 repair, assembly, or disassembly work performed on equipment

1 whether owned, leased, or rented.

2 "Locality" means the county where the physical work upon
3 public works is performed, except (1) that if there is not
4 available in the county a sufficient number of competent
5 skilled laborers, workers and mechanics to construct the public
6 works efficiently and properly, "locality" includes any other
7 county nearest the one in which the work or construction is to
8 be performed and from which such persons may be obtained in
9 sufficient numbers to perform the work and (2) that, with
10 respect to contracts for highway work with the Department of
11 Transportation of this State, "locality" may at the discretion
12 of the Secretary of the Department of Transportation be
13 construed to include two or more adjacent counties from which
14 workers may be accessible for work on such construction.

15 "Public body" means the State or any officer, board or
16 commission of the State or any political subdivision or
17 department thereof, or any institution supported in whole or in
18 part by public funds; "public body" does not, however, include
19 a unit of local government or a school district, ~~and includes~~
20 ~~every county, city, town, village, township, school district,~~
21 ~~irrigation, utility, reclamation improvement or other district~~
22 ~~and every other political subdivision, district or~~
23 ~~municipality of the state whether such political subdivision,~~
24 ~~municipality or district operates under a special charter or~~
25 ~~not.~~

26 The terms "general prevailing rate of hourly wages",

1 "general prevailing rate of wages" or "prevailing rate of
2 wages" when used in this Act mean the hourly cash wages plus
3 annualized fringe benefits for training and apprenticeship
4 programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of
5 Apprenticeship and Training, health and welfare, insurance,
6 vacations and pensions paid generally, in the locality in which
7 the work is being performed, to employees engaged in work of a
8 similar character on public works.

9 (Source: P.A. 97-502, eff. 8-23-11; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13;
10 98-482, eff. 1-1-14; 98-740, eff. 7-16-14; 98-756, eff.
11 7-16-14.)

12 Section 5-90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding
13 Section 8.39 as follows:

14 (30 ILCS 805/8.39 new)

15 Sec. 8.39. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8
16 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the
17 implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory Act of
18 the 99th General Assembly."