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within the United States, in large part due to Illinois' vast coal resources; and WHEREAS, Illinois has the largest recoverable bituminous coal reserves in the United States, a reserve base larger than all but 6 countries in the world, and the ability to produce all of America's electricity needs for 50 years; and WHEREAS, Illinois is a net exporter of electricity, the	1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 536
"WHEREAS, Illinois has been a leader in energy production within the United States, in large part due to Illinois' vast coal resources; and WHEREAS, Illinois has the largest recoverable bituminous coal reserves in the United States, a reserve base larger than all but 6 countries in the world, and the ability to produce all of America's electricity needs for 50 years; and WHEREAS, Illinois is a net exporter of electricity, the	2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Resolution 536 as follows:
within the United States, in large part due to Illinois' vast coal resources; and WHEREAS, Illinois has the largest recoverable bituminous coal reserves in the United States, a reserve base larger than all but 6 countries in the world, and the ability to produce all of America's electricity needs for 50 years; and WHEREAS, Illinois is a net exporter of electricity, the	3	by replacing everything after the heading with the following:
6 coal resources; and 7 WHEREAS, Illinois has the largest recoverable bituminous 8 coal reserves in the United States, a reserve base larger than 9 all but 6 countries in the world, and the ability to produce 10 all of America's electricity needs for 50 years; and 11 WHEREAS, Illinois is a net exporter of electricity, the	4	"WHEREAS, Illinois has been a leader in energy production
WHEREAS, Illinois has the largest recoverable bituminous coal reserves in the United States, a reserve base larger than all but 6 countries in the world, and the ability to produce all of America's electricity needs for 50 years; and WHEREAS, Illinois is a net exporter of electricity, the	5	within the United States, in large part due to Illinois' vast
8 coal reserves in the United States, a reserve base larger than 9 all but 6 countries in the world, and the ability to produce 10 all of America's electricity needs for 50 years; and 11 WHEREAS, Illinois is a net exporter of electricity, the	6	coal resources; and
9 all but 6 countries in the world, and the ability to produce 10 all of America's electricity needs for 50 years; and 11 WHEREAS, Illinois is a net exporter of electricity, the	7	WHEREAS, Illinois has the largest recoverable bituminous
all of America's electricity needs for 50 years; and WHEREAS, Illinois is a net exporter of electricity, the	8	coal reserves in the United States, a reserve base larger than
11 WHEREAS, Illinois is a net exporter of electricity, the	9	all but 6 countries in the world, and the ability to produce
	10	all of America's electricity needs for 50 years; and
	11	WHEREAS Illinois is a net exporter of electricity the
	12	largest electricity exporter in the Midwest, and one of the

largest in the United States; nearly 45% of Illinois' energy

comes from coal-burning plants within the State; and

- 1 WHEREAS, Coal power plants in the United States have met 2 the environmental challenges of the past 4 decades while 3 meeting the low-cost energy needs of the nation; and
- WHEREAS, The Illinois coal industry is currently responsible for over \$2,500,000,000 in annual economic activity within the State, including employing approximately 5,000 miners with an average salary of \$85,000 a year, higher than both the United States and Illinois median household incomes; and
- 10 WHEREAS, The Illinois coal industry has faced increased 11 environmental regulations in the last 2 decades that resulted 12 in coal production going from 62 million tons of mined coal in 13 1990 to a low of 31 million tons in 2003 and a loss of 6,500 14 direct jobs during this time period; and
- 15 WHEREAS, The Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 imposed 16 strict sulfur dioxide (S02) emission standards, making coal 17 mined in Illinois unusable without flue gas desulfurization 18 (FGD) equipment, often referred to as "scrubbers"; and
- 19 WHEREAS, Technology can be deployed that allows 20 high-sulfur Illinois coal to be burned efficiently while 21 meeting strict State and federal air emission standards;

- 1 specifically, the State of Illinois should be encouraging the
- retrofitting and use of advanced clean coal technologies such 2
- as flue gas desulfurization, wet electro-static precipitators 3
- 4 (wet ESPs), and oxy-combustion; and
- 5 WHEREAS, Illinois currently exports coal to 18 states that
- utilize advanced clean coal technologies; and 6
- 7 WHEREAS, Illinois power plants currently use Wyoming coal
- 8 despite the fact that advanced clean coal technology would
- 9 allow the utilization of Illinois coal, saving Illinois
- consumers hundreds of millions of dollars; and 10
- 11 WHEREAS, It is costing Illinois consumers more
- 12 \$1,000,000,000 annually to import coal from other states,
- primarily from Wyoming; and 13
- WHEREAS, Using Illinois coal within Illinois would lead to 14
- 15 substantial economic benefits by saving \$1,000,000,000 in
- 16 transportation costs and creating thousands of new jobs in
- mining and ancillary industries in currently economically 17
- depressed counties in central and southern Illinois while 18
- 19 creating more State and local tax revenue; and
- 20 WHEREAS, Using Illinois coal within Illinois benefits the
- 21 environment as well as the economy by reducing CO2 emissions

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- through the use of higher rank coals; and
- 2 WHEREAS, Switching to Illinois coal the 3 retrofitting and use of advanced clean coal technologies would 4 reduce CO2 emissions by at least 4% annually because Illinois 5 basin coal has a lower CO2 content than Wyoming coal, and an additional 20% reduction in CO2 emissions would result from the 6 7 reduction in transportation related emissions annually; and
 - WHEREAS, The recent growth in Illinois coal production has been due to approximately \$10 billion in new investment in the past 10 years in the Illinois coal fields producing low-cost coal and the retrofitting of pollution control technology in power plants throughout the United States in response to changes in the Clean Air Act mandating reduced air emissions; and
 - WHEREAS, The switch to Illinois coal will improve the competitiveness of Illinois power generation as Illinois coal has a lower delivered cost, stable pricing, and higher heat content; once retrofitted with advanced technology, Illinois power plants fired with Illinois coal should be more competitive in electricity markets, thereby helping to insure the continued generation of competitive power for both in-state customers and the out-of-state electricity market; and

- 1 WHEREAS, Much of the State of Illinois overlays the Mount
- Simon Sandstone, a saline-filled, porous, deep geological 2
- 3 formation of enormous capacity that has been determined to be
- 4 one of the most significant carbon resources in the United
- 5 States, and its development could result in expanded use of
- Illinois coal in a carbon-constrained world; and 6
- 7 WHEREAS, It is vital that Illinois coal be considered part
- 8 of an "All of the Above" approach to energy production in order
- 9 to keep Illinois as a leader in energy production, job
- 10 creation, economic growth, and environmental protection; and
- 11 WHEREAS, Illinois coal must be part of the solution to
- 12 reducing the State's carbon emissions and complying with
- 13 federal carbon emission requirements; and
- 14 WHEREAS, Sufficient studies have taken place, and the data
- 15 is clear that Illinois power plants should be using Illinois
- 16 coal; and
- 17 WHEREAS, Dynegy should offer to the people of the State of
- 18 Illinois an explanation of its plans for its 10 coal-fired
- plants in Illinois; therefore, be it 19
- 20 RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES ΟF
- 21 NINETY-NINTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we

- 1 urge the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, the
- 2 Illinois Commerce Commission, the Illinois Power Agency, the
- 3 Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, and
- 4 the Illinois Department of Revenue to take action to implement
- 5 the use of Illinois coal; and be it further
- RESOLVED, That we urge all agencies and stakeholders 6
- 7 developing strategies to comply with new federal carbon
- 8 emissions requirements to utilize Illinois coal to reduce
- 9 carbon emissions; and be it further
- 10 RESOLVED, That we urge Dynegy to provide an explanation of
- 11 its plans for its 10 coal-fired plants in Illinois to the
- General Assembly and Governor Rauner prior to June 14, 2015; 12
- 13 and be it further
- RESOLVED, That suitable copies of this resolution be 14
- delivered to Governor Bruce Rauner, the Illinois Congressional 15
- 16 delegation, and all the members of the General Assembly.".