

**HB5586**



**99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

**State of Illinois**

**2015 and 2016**

**HB5586**

by Rep. Stephanie A. Kifowit

**SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:**

720 ILCS 5/11-9.3

Amends the Criminal Code of 2012. Prohibits a convicted child sex offender from knowingly being present at a county fair or within 500 feet of a county fair. Defines "county fair".

LRB099 17692 SLF 42051 b

CORRECTIONAL  
BUDGET AND  
IMPACT NOTE ACT  
MAY APPLY

**A BILL FOR**

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**  
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by changing  
5 Section 11-9.3 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.3)

7 Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex  
8 offenders prohibited; approaching, contacting, residing with,  
9 or communicating with a child within certain places by child  
10 sex offenders prohibited.

11 (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be  
12 present in any school building, on real property comprising any  
13 school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a  
14 school to transport students to or from school or a school  
15 related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present  
16 in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless  
17 the offender is a parent or guardian of a student attending the  
18 school and the parent or guardian is: (i) attending a  
19 conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the  
20 progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii)  
21 participating in child review conferences in which evaluation  
22 and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her  
23 child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending

1 conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or  
2 her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the  
3 principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or  
4 unless the offender has permission to be present from the  
5 superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private  
6 school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if  
7 permission is granted, the superintendent or school board  
8 president must inform the principal of the school where the sex  
9 offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of  
10 the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex  
11 offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is  
12 responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she  
13 arrives on school property and when he or she departs from  
14 school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the  
15 vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain  
16 under the direct supervision of a school official.

17 (a-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly  
18 be present within 100 feet of a site posted as a pick-up or  
19 discharge stop for a conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by  
20 a school to transport students to or from school or a school  
21 related activity when one or more persons under the age of 18  
22 are present at the site.

23 (a-10) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly  
24 be present in any public park building, a playground or  
25 recreation area within any publicly accessible privately owned  
26 building, or on real property comprising any public park when

1 persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on  
2 the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a  
3 child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or  
4 guardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the  
5 building or on the grounds.

6 (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly  
7 loiter within 500 feet of a school building or real property  
8 comprising any school while persons under the age of 18 are  
9 present in the building or on the grounds, unless the offender  
10 is a parent or guardian of a student attending the school and  
11 the parent or guardian is: (i) attending a conference at the  
12 school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or  
13 her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child  
14 review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions  
15 may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special  
16 education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss  
17 other student issues concerning his or her child such as  
18 retention and promotion and notifies the principal of the  
19 school of his or her presence at the school or has permission  
20 to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in  
21 the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of  
22 a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent  
23 or school board president must inform the principal of the  
24 school where the sex offender will be present. Notification  
25 includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours  
26 in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The

1 sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's  
2 office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or  
3 she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be  
4 present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the  
5 duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school  
6 official.

7 (b-2) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly  
8 loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a public park  
9 building or real property comprising any public park while  
10 persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on  
11 the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a  
12 child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or  
13 guardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the  
14 building or on the grounds.

15 (b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly  
16 reside within 500 feet of a school building or the real  
17 property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18  
18 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex  
19 offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or  
20 the real property comprising any school that persons under 18  
21 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and  
22 was purchased before July 7, 2000 (the effective date of Public  
23 Act 91-911).

24 (b-10) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly  
25 reside within 500 feet of a playground, child care institution,  
26 day care center, part day child care facility, day care home,

1 group day care home, or a facility providing programs or  
2 services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of  
3 age. Nothing in this subsection (b-10) prohibits a child sex  
4 offender from residing within 500 feet of a playground or a  
5 facility providing programs or services exclusively directed  
6 toward persons under 18 years of age if the property is owned  
7 by the child sex offender and was purchased before July 7,  
8 2000. Nothing in this subsection (b-10) prohibits a child sex  
9 offender from residing within 500 feet of a child care  
10 institution, day care center, or part day child care facility  
11 if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was  
12 purchased before June 26, 2006. Nothing in this subsection  
13 (b-10) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500  
14 feet of a day care home or group day care home if the property  
15 is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before  
16 August 14, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-821).

17 (b-15) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly  
18 reside within 500 feet of the victim of the sex offense.  
19 Nothing in this subsection (b-15) prohibits a child sex  
20 offender from residing within 500 feet of the victim if the  
21 property in which the child sex offender resides is owned by  
22 the child sex offender and was purchased before August 22,  
23 2002.

24 This subsection (b-15) does not apply if the victim of the  
25 sex offense is 21 years of age or older.

26 (b-20) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly

1 communicate, other than for a lawful purpose under Illinois  
2 law, using the Internet or any other digital media, with a  
3 person under 18 years of age or with a person whom he or she  
4 believes to be a person under 18 years of age, unless the  
5 offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18 years  
6 of age.

7 (c) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly  
8 operate, manage, be employed by, volunteer at, be associated  
9 with, or knowingly be present at any: (i) facility providing  
10 programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under  
11 the age of 18; (ii) day care center; (iii) part day child care  
12 facility; (iv) child care institution; (v) school providing  
13 before and after school programs for children under 18 years of  
14 age; (vi) day care home; or (vii) group day care home. This  
15 does not prohibit a child sex offender from owning the real  
16 property upon which the programs or services are offered or  
17 upon which the day care center, part day child care facility,  
18 child care institution, or school providing before and after  
19 school programs for children under 18 years of age is located,  
20 provided the child sex offender refrains from being present on  
21 the premises for the hours during which: (1) the programs or  
22 services are being offered or (2) the day care center, part day  
23 child care facility, child care institution, or school  
24 providing before and after school programs for children under  
25 18 years of age, day care home, or group day care home is  
26 operated.

1 (c-2) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to  
2 participate in a holiday event involving children under 18  
3 years of age, including but not limited to distributing candy  
4 or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus  
5 costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as a  
6 department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny  
7 costume on or preceding Easter. For the purposes of this  
8 subsection, child sex offender has the meaning as defined in  
9 this Section, but does not include as a sex offense under  
10 paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Section, the offense  
11 under subsection (c) of Section 11-1.50 of this Code. This  
12 subsection does not apply to a child sex offender who is a  
13 parent or guardian of children under 18 years of age that are  
14 present in the home and other non-familial minors are not  
15 present.

16 (c-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to:

17 (1) knowingly operate, manage, be employed by, or be  
18 associated with any county fair when persons under the age  
19 of 18 are present; or -

20 (2) knowingly be present at a county fair or loiter  
21 within 500 feet of a county fair that is located in a  
22 county with a population of less than 150,000.

23 (c-6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender who owns and  
24 resides at residential real estate to knowingly rent any  
25 residential unit within the same building in which he or she  
26 resides to a person who is the parent or guardian of a child or



1 children under 18 years of age. This subsection shall apply  
2 only to leases or other rental arrangements entered into after  
3 January 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-820).

4 (c-7) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly  
5 offer or provide any programs or services to persons under 18  
6 years of age in his or her residence or the residence of  
7 another or in any facility for the purpose of offering or  
8 providing such programs or services, whether such programs or  
9 services are offered or provided by contract, agreement,  
10 arrangement, or on a volunteer basis.

11 (c-8) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly  
12 operate, whether authorized to do so or not, any of the  
13 following vehicles: (1) a vehicle which is specifically  
14 designed, constructed or modified and equipped to be used for  
15 the retail sale of food or beverages, including but not limited  
16 to an ice cream truck; (2) an authorized emergency vehicle; or  
17 (3) a rescue vehicle.

18 (d) Definitions. In this Section:

19 (1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:

20 (i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any  
21 substantially similar federal law or law of another  
22 state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of  
23 this subsection (d) or the attempt to commit an  
24 included sex offense, and the victim is a person under  
25 18 years of age at the time of the offense; and:

26 (A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt

1 to commit such offense; or

2 (B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity  
3 of such offense or an attempt to commit such  
4 offense; or

5 (C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity  
6 pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the  
7 Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense  
8 or an attempt to commit such offense; or

9 (D) is the subject of a finding not resulting  
10 in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to  
11 subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of  
12 Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged  
13 commission or attempted commission of such  
14 offense; or

15 (E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity  
16 following a hearing conducted pursuant to a  
17 federal law or the law of another state  
18 substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section  
19 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of  
20 such offense or of the attempted commission of such  
21 offense; or

22 (F) is the subject of a finding not resulting  
23 in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to  
24 a federal law or the law of another state  
25 substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section  
26 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963

1 for the alleged violation or attempted commission  
2 of such offense; or

3 (ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person  
4 pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons  
5 Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the  
6 law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to  
7 such certification is committed or attempted against a  
8 person less than 18 years of age; or

9 (iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of  
10 the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous  
11 Persons Act.

12 Convictions that result from or are connected with the  
13 same act, or result from offenses committed at the same  
14 time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as  
15 one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is  
16 not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

17 (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),  
18 "sex offense" means:

19 (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of  
20 the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012:  
21 10-4 (forcible detention), 10-7 (aiding or abetting  
22 child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10)),  
23 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 11-1.40 (predatory  
24 criminal sexual assault of a child), 11-6 (indecent  
25 solicitation of a child), 11-6.5 (indecent  
26 solicitation of an adult), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation

1 of a child), 11-9.2 (custodial sexual misconduct),  
2 11-9.5 (sexual misconduct with a person with a  
3 disability), 11-11 (sexual relations within families),  
4 11-14.3(a)(1) (promoting prostitution by advancing  
5 prostitution), 11-14.3(a)(2)(A) (promoting  
6 prostitution by profiting from prostitution by  
7 compelling a person to be a prostitute),  
8 11-14.3(a)(2)(C) (promoting prostitution by profiting  
9 from prostitution by means other than as described in  
10 subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2) of  
11 subsection (a) of Section 11-14.3), 11-14.4 (promoting  
12 juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a  
13 juvenile prostitute), 11-20.1 (child pornography),  
14 11-20.1B (aggravated child pornography), 11-21  
15 (harmful material), 11-25 (grooming), 11-26 (traveling  
16 to meet a minor), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child),  
17 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was committed in  
18 any school, on real property comprising any school, in  
19 any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school  
20 to transport students to or from school or a school  
21 related activity, or in a public park), 11-30 (public  
22 indecency) (when committed in a school, on real  
23 property comprising a school, in any conveyance owned,  
24 leased, or contracted by a school to transport students  
25 to or from school or a school related activity, or in a  
26 public park). An attempt to commit any of these

1 offenses.

2 (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections  
3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of  
4 2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of  
5 age: 11-1.20 (criminal sexual assault), 11-1.30  
6 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 11-1.50  
7 (criminal sexual abuse), 11-1.60 (aggravated criminal  
8 sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these  
9 offenses.

10 (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections  
11 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of  
12 2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age  
13 and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

14 10-1 (kidnapping),  
15 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),  
16 10-3 (unlawful restraint),  
17 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint),  
18 11-9.1(A) (permitting sexual abuse of a child).

19 An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

20 (iv) A violation of any former law of this State  
21 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in  
22 clause (2)(i) or (2)(ii) of subsection (d) of this  
23 Section.

24 (2.5) For the purposes of subsections (b-5) and (b-10)  
25 only, a sex offense means:

26 (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of

1 the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012:  
2 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding or  
3 abetting child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10)),  
4 11-1.40 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a  
5 child), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child),  
6 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9.2  
7 (custodial sexual misconduct), 11-9.5 (sexual  
8 misconduct with a person with a disability), 11-11  
9 (sexual relations within families), 11-14.3(a)(1)  
10 (promoting prostitution by advancing prostitution),  
11 11-14.3(a)(2)(A) (promoting prostitution by profiting  
12 from prostitution by compelling a person to be a  
13 prostitute), 11-14.3(a)(2)(C) (promoting prostitution  
14 by profiting from prostitution by means other than as  
15 described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2)  
16 of subsection (a) of Section 11-14.3), 11-14.4  
17 (promoting juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1  
18 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-20.1 (child  
19 pornography), 11-20.1B (aggravated child pornography),  
20 11-25 (grooming), 11-26 (traveling to meet a minor), or  
21 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child). An attempt to  
22 commit any of these offenses.

23 (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections  
24 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of  
25 2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of  
26 age: 11-1.20 (criminal sexual assault), 11-1.30

1 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 11-1.60  
2 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and subsection (a)  
3 of Section 11-1.50 (criminal sexual abuse). An attempt  
4 to commit any of these offenses.

5 (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections  
6 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of  
7 2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age  
8 and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

9 10-1 (kidnapping),

10 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

11 10-3 (unlawful restraint),

12 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint),

13 11-9.1(A) (permitting sexual abuse of a child).

14 An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

15 (iv) A violation of any former law of this State  
16 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this  
17 paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.

18 (3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the  
19 law of another state that is substantially equivalent to  
20 any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of  
21 this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose  
22 of this Section. A finding or adjudication as a sexually  
23 dangerous person under any federal law or law of another  
24 state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually  
25 Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for  
26 the purposes of this Section.

1 (4) "Authorized emergency vehicle", "rescue vehicle",  
2 and "vehicle" have the meanings ascribed to them in  
3 Sections 1-105, 1-171.8 and 1-217, respectively, of the  
4 Illinois Vehicle Code.

5 (5) "Child care institution" has the meaning ascribed  
6 to it in Section 2.06 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

7 (5.5) "County fair" means a fair sponsored by a fair  
8 association or agricultural society.

9 (6) "Day care center" has the meaning ascribed to it in  
10 Section 2.09 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

11 (7) "Day care home" has the meaning ascribed to it in  
12 Section 2.18 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

13 (8) "Facility providing programs or services directed  
14 towards persons under the age of 18" means any facility  
15 providing programs or services exclusively directed  
16 towards persons under the age of 18.

17 (9) "Group day care home" has the meaning ascribed to  
18 it in Section 2.20 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

19 (10) "Internet" has the meaning set forth in Section  
20 16-0.1 of this Code.

21 (11) "Loiter" means:

22 (i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the  
23 person is in a vehicle, or remaining in or around  
24 school or public park property.

25 (ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the  
26 person is in a vehicle, or remaining in or around



1 school or public park property, for the purpose of  
2 committing or attempting to commit a sex offense.

3 (iii) Entering or remaining in a building in or  
4 around school property, other than the offender's  
5 residence.

6 (12) "Part day child care facility" has the meaning  
7 ascribed to it in Section 2.10 of the Child Care Act of  
8 1969.

9 (13) "Playground" means a piece of land owned or  
10 controlled by a unit of local government that is designated  
11 by the unit of local government for use solely or primarily  
12 for children's recreation.

13 (14) "Public park" includes a park, forest preserve,  
14 bikeway, trail, or conservation area under the  
15 jurisdiction of the State or a unit of local government.

16 (15) "School" means a public or private preschool or  
17 elementary or secondary school.

18 (16) "School official" means the principal, a teacher,  
19 or any other certified employee of the school, the  
20 superintendent of schools or a member of the school board.

21 (e) For the purposes of this Section, the 500 feet distance  
22 shall be measured from: (1) the edge of the property of the  
23 school building or the real property comprising the school that  
24 is closest to the edge of the property of the child sex  
25 offender's residence or where he or she is loitering, and (2)  
26 the edge of the property comprising the public park building or

1 the real property comprising the public park, playground, child  
2 care institution, day care center, part day child care  
3 facility, or facility providing programs or services  
4 exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age, or a  
5 victim of the sex offense who is under 21 years of age, to the  
6 edge of the child sex offender's place of residence or place  
7 where he or she is loitering.

8 (f) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty  
9 of a Class 4 felony.

10 (Source: P.A. 97-698, eff. 1-1-13; 97-699, eff. 1-1-13;  
11 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-266, eff. 1-1-14.)