

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2015 and 2016 HB4359

by Rep. Greg Harris

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Illinois Police Training Act. Provides that the annual training of each police chief and deputy police chief must include at least one course on the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, and firearms investigations. Amends the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. Provides that the Department of State Police has authority to deny an application for or to revoke and seize a Firearm Owner's Identification Card (FOID card) previously issued under the Act if the Department finds that the applicant or the person to whom the card was issued is or was at the time of issuance a person named on the consolidated Terrorist Watchlist maintained by the Terrorist Screening Center administered by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Provides that if the Department of State Police has not received the Firearm Disposition Record within 5 business days after sending notice of revocation and seizure of an FOID card, the Department must send a second notice to the sheriff and law enforcement agency where the person resides. The second notice shall include the compliance requirements under the Act. Upon receiving the second notice, the sheriff or law enforcement agency shall report to the Department the status and efforts pursued regarding compliance under the Act. If the person whose FOID card has been revoked fails to comply with the requirements of the Act, the sheriff or law enforcement agency where the person resides shall (rather than may) petition the court for a warrant to search for and seize the person's FOID card and firearms. Provides that within 30 days after the effective date of the amendatory Act, and by January 31 of each year thereafter, the Department of State Police shall provide written notice of the requirements of this provision to every sheriff and law enforcement agency within the State. Effective immediately.

LRB099 15666 MRW 40044 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning safety.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Illinois Police Training Act is amended by changing Section 10.7 as follows:

6 (50 ILCS 705/10.7)

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Sec. 10.7. Mandatory training; police chief and deputy police chief. Each police chief and deputy police chief shall obtain at least 20 hours of training each year. The training must be approved by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training and Standards Board and must be related to law enforcement, management or executive development, or ethics, and must include at least one course on the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, and firearms investigations. This requirement may be satisfied by attending any training portion of a conference held by an association that represents chiefs of police that has been approved by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training and Standards Board. Any police chief and any deputy police chief, upon presentation of a certificate of completion from the person or entity conducting the training, shall be reimbursed by the municipality in accordance with the municipal policy regulating the terms of reimbursement, for his or

- 1 reasonable expenses in obtaining the training required under
- 2 this Section. No police chief or deputy police chief may attend
- 3 any recognized training offering without the prior approval of
- 4 his or her municipal mayor, manager, or immediate supervisor.
- 5 This Section does not apply to the City of Chicago or the
- 6 Sheriff's Police Department in Cook County.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 94-354, eff. 1-1-06.)
- 8 Section 10. The Firearm Owners Identification Card Act is
- 9 amended by changing Sections 8 and 9.5 as follows:
- 10 (430 ILCS 65/8) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-8)
- 11 Sec. 8. Grounds for denial and revocation. The Department
- of State Police has authority to deny an application for or to
- 13 revoke and seize a Firearm Owner's Identification Card
- 14 previously issued under this Act only if the Department finds
- that the applicant or the person to whom such card was issued
- is or was at the time of issuance:
- 17 (a) A person under 21 years of age who has been
- 18 convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or
- 19 adjudged delinquent;
- 20 (b) A person under 21 years of age who does not have
- 21 the written consent of his parent or guardian to acquire
- and possess firearms and firearm ammunition, or whose
- 23 parent or guardian has revoked such written consent, or
- 24 where such parent or quardian does not qualify to have a

Firearm Owner's Identification Card;

- (c) A person convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction;
 - (d) A person addicted to narcotics;
- (e) A person who has been a patient of a mental health facility within the past 5 years or a person who has been a patient in a mental health facility more than 5 years ago who has not received the certification required under subsection (u) of this Section. An active law enforcement officer employed by a unit of government who is denied, revoked, or has his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card seized under this subsection (e) may obtain relief as described in subsection (c-5) of Section 10 of this Act if the officer did not act in a manner threatening to the officer, another person, or the public as determined by the treating clinical psychologist or physician, and the officer seeks mental health treatment;
- (f) A person whose mental condition is of such a nature that it poses a clear and present danger to the applicant, any other person or persons or the community;
 - (g) A person who has an intellectual disability;
- (h) A person who intentionally makes a false statement in the Firearm Owner's Identification Card application;
- (i) An alien who is unlawfully present in the United States under the laws of the United States;
 - (i-5) An alien who has been admitted to the United

(j) (Blank);

1	States under a non-immigrant visa (as that term is defined
2	in Section 101(a)(26) of the Immigration and Nationality
3	Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(26))), except that this subsection
4	(i-5) does not apply to any alien who has been lawfully
5	admitted to the United States under a non-immigrant visa if
6	that alien is:
7	(1) admitted to the United States for lawful
8	hunting or sporting purposes;
9	(2) an official representative of a foreign
10	government who is:
11	(A) accredited to the United States Government
12	or the Government's mission to an international
13	organization having its headquarters in the United
14	States; or
15	(B) en route to or from another country to
16	which that alien is accredited;
17	(3) an official of a foreign government or
18	distinguished foreign visitor who has been so
19	designated by the Department of State;
20	(4) a foreign law enforcement officer of a friendly
21	foreign government entering the United States on
22	official business; or
23	(5) one who has received a waiver from the Attorney
24	General of the United States pursuant to 18 U.S.C.
25	922 (y) (3);

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- (k) A person who has been convicted within the past 5 years of battery, assault, aggravated assault, violation of an order of protection, or a substantially similar offense in another jurisdiction, in which a firearm was used or possessed;
- (1) A person who has been convicted of domestic battery, aggravated domestic battery, or a substantially similar offense in another jurisdiction committed before, on or after January 1, 2012 (the effective date of Public Act 97-158). If the applicant or person who has been previously issued a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under this Act knowingly and intelligently waives the right to have an offense described in this paragraph (1) tried by a jury, and by quilty plea or otherwise, results in a conviction for an offense in which a domestic relationship is not a required element of the offense but in which a determination of the applicability of 18 U.S.C. 922(g)(9) is made under Section 112A-11.1 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, an entry by the court of a judgment of conviction for that offense shall be grounds for denying an application for and for revoking and seizing a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued to the person under this Act;
 - (m) (Blank);
- (n) A person who is prohibited from acquiring or possessing firearms or firearm ammunition by any Illinois

State statute or by federal law;

- (o) A minor subject to a petition filed under Section 5-520 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 alleging that the minor is a delinquent minor for the commission of an offense that if committed by an adult would be a felony;
- (p) An adult who had been adjudicated a delinquent minor under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for the commission of an offense that if committed by an adult would be a felony;
- (q) A person who is not a resident of the State of Illinois, except as provided in subsection (a-10) of Section 4;
- (r) A person who has been adjudicated as a person with a mental disability;
- (s) A person who has been found to have a developmental disability;
- (t) A person involuntarily admitted into a mental health facility; $\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial t}$
- (u) A person who has had his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card revoked or denied under subsection (e) of this Section or item (iv) of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 4 of this Act because he or she was a patient in a mental health facility as provided in subsection (e) of this Section, shall not be permitted to obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification Card, after the 5-year period has lapsed, unless he or she has received a

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health evaluation by a physician, clinical mental psychologist, or qualified examiner as those terms are defined in the Mental Health Developmental and Disabilities Code, and has received a certification that he or she is not a clear and present danger to himself, herself, or others. The physician, clinical psychologist, or qualified examiner making the certification and his or her employer shall not be held criminally, civilly, or professionally liable for making or not making the certification required under this subsection, except for willful or wanton misconduct. This subsection does not apply to a person whose firearm possession rights have been restored through administrative or judicial action under Section 10 or 11 of this Act; or

(v) A person named on the consolidated Terrorist

Watchlist maintained by the Terrorist Screening Center

administered by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Upon revocation of a person's Firearm Owner's Identification Card, the Department of State Police shall provide notice to the person and the person shall comply with Section 9.5 of this Act.

- 22 (Source: P.A. 98-63, eff. 7-9-13; 98-508, eff. 8-19-13; 98-756,
- 23 eff. 7-16-14; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)
- 24 (430 ILCS 65/9.5)
- 25 Sec. 9.5. Revocation of Firearm Owner's Identification

l Card	٠.

- (a) A person who receives a revocation notice under Section 9 of this Act shall, within 48 hours of receiving notice of the revocation:
 - (1) surrender his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card to the local law enforcement agency where the person resides. The local law enforcement agency shall provide the person a receipt and transmit the Firearm Owner's Identification Card to the Department of State Police; and
 - (2) complete a Firearm Disposition Record on a form prescribed by the Department of State Police and place his or her firearms in the location or with the person reported in the Firearm Disposition Record. The form shall require the person to disclose:
 - (A) the make, model, and serial number of each firearm owned by or under the custody and control of the revoked person;
 - (B) the location where each firearm will be maintained during the prohibited term; and
 - (C) if any firearm will be transferred to the custody of another person, the name, address and Firearm Owner's Identification Card number of the transferee.
 - (b) The local law enforcement agency shall provide a copy of the Firearm Disposition Record to the person whose Firearm

- Owner's Identification Card has been revoked and to the Department of State Police.
 - (c) If the person whose Firearm Owner's Identification Card has been revoked fails to comply with the requirements of this Section, the sheriff or law enforcement agency where the person resides shall may petition the circuit court to issue a warrant to search for and seize the Firearm Owner's Identification Card and firearms in the possession or under the custody or control of the person whose Firearm Owner's Identification Card has been revoked.
 - (c-5) If the Department of State Police has not received the Firearm Disposition Record within 5 business days after sending notice under Section 9 of this Act, the Department must send a second notice to the sheriff and law enforcement agency where the person resides. The second notice shall include the requirements under this Section. Upon receiving the second notice, the sheriff or law enforcement agency shall report to the Department of State Police the status and efforts pursued regarding compliance under this Section, in a form prescribed by the Department.
 - (d) A violation of subsection (a) of this Section is a Class A misdemeanor.
 - (e) The observation of a Firearm Owner's Identification
 Card in the possession of a person whose Firearm Owner's
 Identification Card has been revoked constitutes a sufficient
 basis for the arrest of that person for violation of this

- 1 Section.
- 2 (f) Within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, the Department of 3 4 State Police shall provide written notice of the requirements 5 of this Section to persons whose Firearm Owner's Identification 6 Cards have been revoked, suspended, or expired and who have 7 failed to surrender their cards to the Department. Within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 8 9 99th General Assembly, and by January 31 of each year
- 10 <u>thereafter</u>, the <u>Department of State Police</u> shall provide
- 11 written notice of the requirements of this Section to every
- sheriff and law enforcement agency within this State.
- 13 (g) A person whose Firearm Owner's Identification Card has
- been revoked and who received notice under subsection (f) shall
- 15 comply with the requirements of this Section within 48 hours of
- 16 receiving notice.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 98-63, eff. 7-9-13.)
- 18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 19 becoming law.

1	INDEX
2	Statutes amended in order of appearance
3	50 ILCS 705/10.7
4	430 ILCS 65/8 from Ch. 38, par. 83-8
5	430 ILCS 65/9.5

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