

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2015 and 2016 HB3446

Introduced 2/26/2015, by Rep. Daniel V. Beiser - Frank J. Mautino - Patrick J. Verschoore - Lawrence M. Walsh, Jr.

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

235 ILCS 5/6-16 230 ILCS 40/40 from Ch. 43, par. 131

Amends the Liquor Control Act of 1934. Provides that a licensee may bring a civil action against a person under the age of 21 who (1) procures or attempts to procure alcoholic liquor from the licensee or (2) possesses or consumes alcoholic liquor on the licensee's premises. Provides that the court shall award the licensee damages in the amount of \$1,000 plus the costs of the action, including reasonable attorney fees. Provides that a licensee may bring a civil action against the person under the age of 21 regardless of whether that person has been convicted of, or received a citation for, engaging in that conduct, but the licensee has the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the person engaged in that conduct. Authorizes the licensee to bring the action against the parent or guardian of a person under the age of 18 who is not an emancipated minor. Requires a licensee to provide notice of the licensee's intent to bring the civil action to the person under the age of 21 or the person's parent or guardian, if applicable. Amends the Video Gaming Act. Provides that a licensee may bring a civil action against a person under the age of 21 who uses or plays or attempts to use or play a video gaming terminal on the licensee's premises. Contains similar provisions concerning damages, the burden of proof, civil actions against a parent of a person under the age of 18, and notice.

LRB099 05866 RPS 25914 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by changing Section 6-16 as follows:
- 6 (235 ILCS 5/6-16) (from Ch. 43, par. 131)
- 7 Sec. 6-16. Prohibited sales and possession.
- 8 (a) (i) No licensee nor any officer, associate, member, 9 representative, agent, or employee of such licensee shall sell, give, or deliver alcoholic liquor to any person under the age 10 of 21 years or to any intoxicated person, except as provided in 11 Section 6-16.1. (ii) No express company, common carrier, or 12 13 contract carrier nor any representative, agent, or employee on 14 behalf of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for 15 delivery within this State shall knowingly give or knowingly 16 17 deliver to a residential address any shipping container clearly labeled as containing alcoholic liquor and labeled as requiring 18 19 signature of an adult of at least 21 years of age to any person 20 in this State under the age of 21 years. An express company, 21 common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports 22 such alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State shall obtain a signature at the time of delivery acknowledging 23

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receipt of the alcoholic liquor by an adult who is at least 21 years of age. At no time while delivering alcoholic beverages within this State may any representative, agent, or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State deliver the alcoholic liquor to a residential address without the acknowledgment of the consignee and without first obtaining a signature at the time of the delivery by an adult who is at least 21 years of age. A signature of a person on file with the express company, common carrier, or contract carrier does not constitute acknowledgement of the consignee. Any express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State that violates this item (ii) of this subsection (a) by delivering alcoholic liquor without the acknowledgement of the consignee and without first obtaining a signature at the time of the delivery by an adult who is at least 21 years of age is quilty of a business offense for which the express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that transports alcoholic liquor within this State shall be fined not more than \$1,001 for a first offense, not more than \$5,000 for a second offense, and not more than \$10,000 for a third or subsequent offense. An express company, common carrier, or contract carrier shall be held vicariously liable for the actions of its representatives, agents, or employees. For purposes of this Act, in addition to other methods authorized by law, an express company, common

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carrier, or contract carrier shall be considered served with process when a representative, agent, or employee alleged to have violated this Act is personally served. Each shipment of alcoholic liquor delivered in violation of this item (ii) of this subsection (a) constitutes a separate offense. (iii) No person, after purchasing or otherwise obtaining alcoholic liquor, shall sell, give, or deliver such alcoholic liquor to another person under the age of 21 years, except in the performance of a religious ceremony or service. Except as otherwise provided in item (ii), any express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that transports alcoholic liquor within this State that violates the provisions of item (i), (ii), or (iii) of this paragraph of this subsection (a) is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the sentence shall include, but shall not be limited to, a fine of not less than \$500. Any person who violates the provisions of item (iii) of this paragraph of this subsection (a) is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the sentence shall include, but shall not be limited to a fine of not less than \$500 for a first offense and not less than \$2,000 for a second or subsequent offense. Any person who knowingly violates the provisions of item (iii) of this paragraph of this subsection (a) is guilty of a Class 4 felony if a death occurs as the result of the violation.

If a licensee or officer, associate, member, representative, agent, or employee of the licensee, or a representative, agent, or employee of an express company,

common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State, is prosecuted under this paragraph of this subsection (a) for selling, giving, or delivering alcoholic liquor to a person under the age of 21 years, the person under 21 years of age who attempted to buy or receive the alcoholic liquor may be prosecuted pursuant to Section 6-20 of this Act, unless the person under 21 years of age was acting under the authority of a law enforcement agency, the Illinois Liquor Control Commission, or a local liquor control commissioner pursuant to a plan or action to investigate, patrol, or conduct any similar enforcement action.

For the purpose of preventing the violation of this Section, any licensee, or his agent or employee, or a representative, agent, or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State, shall refuse to sell, deliver, or serve alcoholic beverages to any person who is unable to produce adequate written evidence of identity and of the fact that he or she is over the age of 21 years, if requested by the licensee, agent, employee, or representative.

Adequate written evidence of age and identity of the person is a document issued by a federal, state, county, or municipal government, or subdivision or agency thereof, including, but not limited to, a motor vehicle operator's license, a registration certificate issued under the Federal Selective

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Service Act, or an identification card issued to a member of the Armed Forces. Proof that the defendant-licensee, or his employee or agent, or the representative, agent, or employee of the express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State demanded, was shown and reasonably relied upon such written evidence in any transaction forbidden by this Section is an affirmative defense in any criminal prosecution therefor or to any proceedings for the suspension or revocation of any license based thereon. It shall not, however, be an affirmative defense if the agent or employee accepted the written evidence knowing it to be false or fraudulent. If a false or fraudulent Illinois driver's license or Illinois identification card is presented by a person less than 21 years of age to a licensee or the licensee's agent or employee for the purpose of ordering, purchasing, attempting to purchase, or otherwise obtaining or attempting to obtain the serving of any alcoholic beverage, the law enforcement officer or agency investigating the incident shall, upon the conviction of the person who presented the fraudulent license or identification, make a report of the matter to the Secretary of State on a form provided by the Secretary of State.

However, no agent or employee of the licensee or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State shall be disciplined or discharged for selling or

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furnishing liquor to a person under 21 years of age if the agent or employee demanded and was shown, before furnishing liquor to a person under 21 years of age, adequate written evidence of age and identity of the person issued by a federal, state, county or municipal government, or subdivision or agency thereof, including but not limited to a motor vehicle operator's license, a registration certificate issued under the Federal Selective Service Act, or an identification card issued to a member of the Armed Forces. This paragraph, however, shall not apply if the agent or employee accepted the written evidence knowing it to be false or fraudulent.

Any person who sells, gives, or furnishes to any person under the age of 21 years any false or fraudulent written, printed, or photostatic evidence of the age and identity of such person or who sells, gives or furnishes to any person under the age of 21 years evidence of age and identification of any other person is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the person's sentence shall include, but shall not be limited to, a fine of not less than \$500.

Any person under the age of 21 years who presents or offers to any licensee, his agent or employee, any written, printed or photostatic evidence of age and identity that is false, fraudulent, or not actually his or her own for the purpose of ordering, purchasing, attempting to purchase or otherwise procuring or attempting to procure, the serving of any alcoholic beverage, who falsely states in writing that he or

she is at least 21 years of age when receiving alcoholic liquor from a representative, agent, or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier, or who has in his or her possession any false or fraudulent written, printed, or photostatic evidence of age and identity, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the person's sentence shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following: a fine of not less than \$500 and at least 25 hours of community service. If possible, any community service shall be performed for an alcohol abuse prevention program.

Any person under the age of 21 years who has any alcoholic beverage in his or her possession on any street or highway or in any public place or in any place open to the public is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. This Section does not apply to possession by a person under the age of 21 years making a delivery of an alcoholic beverage in pursuance of the order of his or her parent or in pursuance of his or her employment.

(a-1) It is unlawful for any parent or guardian to knowingly permit his or her residence, any other private property under his or her control, or any vehicle, conveyance, or watercraft under his or her control to be used by an invitee of the parent's child or the guardian's ward, if the invitee is under the age of 21, in a manner that constitutes a violation of this Section. A parent or guardian is deemed to have knowingly permitted his or her residence, any other private property under his or her control, or any vehicle, conveyance,

or watercraft under his or her control to be used in violation of this Section if he or she knowingly authorizes or permits consumption of alcoholic liquor by underage invitees. Any person who violates this subsection (a-1) is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the person's sentence shall include, but shall not be limited to, a fine of not less than \$500. Where a violation of this subsection (a-1) directly or indirectly results in great bodily harm or death to any person, the person violating this subsection shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony. Nothing in this subsection (a-1) shall be construed to prohibit the giving of alcoholic liquor to a person under the age of 21 years in the performance of a religious ceremony or service in observation of a religious holiday.

For the purposes of this subsection (a-1) where the residence or other property has an owner and a tenant or lessee, the trier of fact may infer that the residence or other property is occupied only by the tenant or lessee.

- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this Section whoever violates this Section shall, in addition to other penalties provided for in this Act, be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (c) Any person shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor where he or she knowingly authorizes or permits a residence which he or she occupies to be used by an invitee under 21 years of age and:
- (1) the person occupying the residence knows that any such person under the age of 21 is in possession of or is

consuming any alcoholic beverage; and

2 (2) the possession or consumption of the alcohol by the 3 person under 21 is not otherwise permitted by this Act.

For the purposes of this subsection (c) where the residence has an owner and a tenant or lessee, the trier of fact may infer that the residence is occupied only by the tenant or lessee. The sentence of any person who violates this subsection (c) shall include, but shall not be limited to, a fine of not less than \$500. Where a violation of this subsection (c) directly or indirectly results in great bodily harm or death to any person, the person violating this subsection (c) shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony. Nothing in this subsection (c) shall be construed to prohibit the giving of alcoholic liquor to a person under the age of 21 years in the performance of a religious ceremony or service in observation of a religious holiday.

A person shall not be in violation of this subsection (c) if (A) he or she requests assistance from the police department or other law enforcement agency to either (i) remove any person who refuses to abide by the person's performance of the duties imposed by this subsection (c) or (ii) terminate the activity because the person has been unable to prevent a person under the age of 21 years from consuming alcohol despite having taken all reasonable steps to do so and (B) this assistance is requested before any other person makes a formal complaint to the police department or other law enforcement agency about the

1 activity.

- (d) Any person who rents a hotel or motel room from the proprietor or agent thereof for the purpose of or with the knowledge that such room shall be used for the consumption of alcoholic liquor by persons under the age of 21 years shall be quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, any person who has alcoholic liquor in his or her possession on public school district property on school days or at events on public school district property when children are present is guilty of a petty offense, unless the alcoholic liquor (i) is in the original container with the seal unbroken and is in the possession of a person who is not otherwise legally prohibited from possessing the alcoholic liquor or (ii) is in the possession of a person in or for the performance of a religious service or ceremony authorized by the school board.
- (f) A licensee may bring a civil action against a person under the age of 21 years who:
- (1) procures or attempts to procure alcoholic liquor from the licensee; or
- 21 (2) possesses or consumes alcoholic liquor on the licensee's premises.
 - If judgment is entered in favor of the licensee, the court shall award damages to the licensee in the amount of \$1,000 plus the costs of the action, including reasonable attorney's fees. A licensee may bring an action under this subsection (f)

- 1 regardless of whether the person under the age of 21 has been
- 2 <u>convicted of</u>, or received a citation for, engaging in the
- 3 conduct specified in paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection
- 4 (f), but the licensee has the burden of proving, by a
- 5 preponderance of the evidence, that the person engaged in the
- 6 conduct specified in paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection
- 7 (f).
- 8 If the person is under the age of 18 years and is not an
- 9 emancipated minor, a licensee may bring the civil action under
- 10 this subsection (f) against the parent or guardian of that
- 11 person.
- 12 A licensee may not bring a civil action under this
- 13 subsection (f) unless the licensee has first provided notice of
- 14 the licensee's intent to bring a civil action under this
- 15 subsection (f) to the person under the age of 21 or, if
- 16 applicable, that person's parent or quardian. The notice shall
- be mailed to the last-known address of the person under the age
- of 21 years or, if applicable, the parent or guardian of a
- 19 person under the age of 18 years at least 15 days prior to
- 20 filing the action and shall include a demand for the relief
- 21 described in this subsection (f). The State Commission may, by
- 22 rule, prescribe a form for this notice.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 97-1049, eff. 1-1-13; 98-1017, eff. 1-1-15.)
- Section 10. The Video Gaming Act is amended by changing
- 25 Section 40 as follows:

1 (230 ILCS 40/40)

- 2 Sec. 40. Video gaming terminal use by minors prohibited.
- 3 (a) No licensee shall cause or permit any person under the 4 age of 21 years to use or play a video gaming terminal. Any
- 5 licensee who knowingly permits a person under the age of 21
- 6 years to use or play a video gaming terminal is guilty of a
- 7 business offense and shall be fined an amount not to exceed
- 8 \$5,000.
- 9 (b) A licensee may bring a civil action against a person
- 10 <u>under the age of 21 years who uses or plays or attempts to use</u>
- or play a video gaming terminal on the licensee's premises. If
- judgment is entered in favor of the licensee, the court shall
- award damages to the licensee in the amount of \$1,000 plus the
- 14 costs of the action, including reasonable attorney's fees.
- 15 <u>If the person is under the age of 18 years and is not an</u>
- 16 <u>emancipated minor, a licensee may bring the civil action under</u>
- this subsection (b) against the parent or quardian of that
- 18 <u>person.</u>
- 19 A licensee may not bring a civil action under this
- 20 subsection (b) unless the licensee has first provided notice of
- 21 the licensee's intent to bring a civil action under this
- 22 subsection (b) to the person under the age of 21 or, if
- applicable, that person's parent or guardian. The notice shall
- 24 be mailed to the last-known address of the person under the age
- of 21 years or, if applicable, the parent or quardian of a

- 1 person under the age of 18 years at least 15 days prior to
- 2 <u>filing the action and shall include a demand for the relief</u>
- described in this subsection (b). The Board may, by rule,
- 4 prescribe a form for this notice.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09.)