



99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2015 and 2016

HB3370

by Rep. Patricia R. Bellock

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

15 ILCS 505/16.6 new
35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the State Treasurer Act. Requires the State Treasurer to establish an Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE) program, pursuant to Section 529A of the Internal Revenue Code, for the purpose of administering ABLE accounts established to encourage and assist individuals and families in saving private funds for the purpose of supporting individuals with disabilities. Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates a corresponding deduction for contributions to an ABLE account. Provides for an addition modification in an amount equal to the contribution component of any nonqualified withdrawal or refund from an ABLE account that was previously deducted under the Act.

LRB099 07586 HLH 27716 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning State government.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The State Treasurer Act is amended by adding
5 Section 16.6 as follows:

6 (15 ILCS 505/16.6 new)

7 Sec. 16.6. ABLE accounts.

8 (a) The State Treasurer shall establish an Achieving a
9 Better Life Experience (ABLE) program for the purpose of
10 administering ABLE accounts established to encourage and
11 assist individuals and families in saving private funds for the
12 purpose of supporting individuals with disabilities. Under the
13 program, one or more persons may make contributions to an ABLE
14 account to meet the qualified disability expenses of the
15 designated beneficiary of the account.

16 (b) Unless otherwise permitted under Section 529A of the
17 Internal Revenue Code, the owner of an ABLE account shall be
18 the designated beneficiary of the account; provided that if the
19 designated beneficiary of the account is a minor or has a
20 custodian or other fiduciary appointed for the purposes of
21 managing his or her financial affairs, the custodian or
22 fiduciary for the designated beneficiary may serve as the
23 account owner if such form of ownership is permitted or not

1 prohibited under Section 529A of the Internal Revenue Code.

2 (c) Unless otherwise permitted under Section 529A of the
3 Internal Revenue Code, the designated beneficiary of an ABLE
4 account shall be a resident of the State or of a contracting
5 state. The State Treasurer shall determine residency for such
6 purposes in such manner as may be required or permissible under
7 Section 529A of the Internal Revenue Code, or, in the absence
8 of any guidance under Section 529A, by such other means as the
9 State Treasurer shall consider advisable for purposes of
10 satisfying the requirements of Section 529A.

11 (d) Any person may make contributions to an ABLE account to
12 meet the qualified disability expenses of the designated
13 beneficiary of the account; provided that the account and
14 contributions meet the other requirements of this Section and
15 rules adopted by the State Treasurer.

16 (e) The State Treasurer and, to the extent required by the
17 terms of the designation, any designated administrator shall
18 operate the program so that it constitutes a qualified ABLE
19 program in compliance with the requirements of Section 529A of
20 the Internal Revenue Code.

21 (f) The State Treasurer and any designated administrator
22 shall provide investment options for the investment of amounts
23 contributed to an ABLE account in accordance with the
24 provisions of Section 529A of the Internal Revenue Code.

25 (g) Funds contributed to the program shall be held in trust
26 for the designated beneficiary of the account.

1 (h) The State Treasurer shall have the power and authority
2 to adopt rules, enter into contracts and agreements, charge
3 fees and expenses to the funds held under the program or to
4 persons establishing or owning ABLE accounts, make reports,
5 retain designated administrators, employees, experts and
6 consultants, and do all other things necessary or convenient to
7 implement this Section.

8 (i) For the purposes of this Section:

9 "Achieving a better life experience account" or "ABLE
10 account", means an account established under the program
11 pursuant to this Section and any implementing rules for the
12 purposes of funding future qualified disability expenses of a
13 designated beneficiary.

14 "Contracting state" means a "contracting State" as defined
15 under Section 529A of the Internal Revenue Code.

16 "Designated administrator" means any corporation or other
17 entity whose powers and privileges are provided for in any
18 general or special law, whether for profit or not, designated
19 or retained by the State Treasurer for the purpose of
20 administering, subject to the State Treasurer's ongoing
21 supervision, all or any portion of the investment, marketing,
22 recordkeeping, administrative, or other functions of the
23 program.

24 "Designated beneficiary" means the individual with a
25 disability named as the beneficiary of an ABLE account.

26 "Individual with a disability" means an individual who is

1 an "eligible individual" as defined under Section 529A of the
2 Internal Revenue Code.

3 "Qualified disability expenses" means "qualified
4 disability expenses" as defined under Section 529A of the
5 Internal Revenue Code.

6 "Section 529A" means Section 529A of the Internal Revenue
7 Code of 1986, as amended, or any successor provision thereto,
8 and any regulations promulgated thereunder or tax
9 announcements or other binding regulatory guidance provided
10 with respect thereto.

11 Section 10. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
12 changing Section 203 as follows:

13 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

14 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

15 (a) Individuals.

16 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
17 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
18 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
19 (2).

20 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
21 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
22 sum of the following amounts:

23 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
24 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the

1 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
2 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
3 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
4 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
5 Code;

6 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
7 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
8 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
9 taxable year;

10 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
11 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
12 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
13 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
14 for which a deduction was previously taken under
15 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
16 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
17 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
18 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
19 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
20 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
21 which is attributable to such principal residence;

22 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
23 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
24 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
25 computation of adjusted gross income;

26 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in

1 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
2 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
3 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
4 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
5 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
6 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section
7 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

8 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
9 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
10 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
11 gross income and for which the individual claims a
12 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

13 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
14 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
15 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
16 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code;

18 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
19 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
20 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
21 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
22 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
23 deductions taken in all taxable years under
24 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

25 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
26 the last day of the last tax year for which the

1 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
2 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
3 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
4 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
5 equal to that subtraction modification.

6 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
7 modification under this subparagraph only once with
8 respect to any one piece of property;

9 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
10 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
11 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the same unitary business group but for the
15 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
16 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
17 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
19 who would be a member of the same unitary business
20 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
21 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
22 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
23 required to apportion business income under different
24 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
25 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
26 extent that dividends were included in base income of

1 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
2 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
3 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
4 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
5 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
6 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue
7 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
8 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

9 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

10 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
12 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
13 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
14 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
15 with respect to such interest; or

16 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
18 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
19 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
20 following:

21 (a) the person, during the same taxable
22 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
23 to a person that is not a related member, and

24 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
25 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
26 person did not have as a principal purpose the

1 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
2 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
3 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
4 terms; or

5 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
6 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
7 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
8 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
9 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
10 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

11 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
13 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
14 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
15 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
16 to the application or use of an alternative method
17 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

18 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
19 Director from making any other adjustment
20 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
21 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
22 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
23 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
24 and such regulations provide methods and standards
25 by which the Department will utilize its authority
26 under Section 404 of this Act;

1 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
2 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
3 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
6 foreign person who would be a member of the same
7 unitary business group but for the fact that the
8 foreign person's business activity outside the United
9 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
10 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
12 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
13 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
14 from being included in the unitary business group
15 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
16 business income under different subsections of Section
17 304. The addition modification required by this
18 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
19 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
20 group for the same taxable year and received by the
21 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
22 business group (including amounts included in gross
23 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
24 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
25 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
26 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible

1 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
2 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
3 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
4 reduction to the addition modification required under
5 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
6 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"
7 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
8 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
9 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
10 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
11 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
12 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
13 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
14 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
15 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
16 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
17 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
18 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
19 assets.

20 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

21 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
24 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
25 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
26 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect

1 to such item; or

2 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
5 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
6 following:

7 (a) the person during the same taxable
8 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
9 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
10 not a related member, and

11 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
12 intangible expense or cost between the
13 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
14 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
15 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
16 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
17 or

18 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
21 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
22 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
23 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
24 writing to the application or use of an alternative
25 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

26 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the

1 Director from making any other adjustment
2 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
3 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
4 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
5 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
6 and such regulations provide methods and standards
7 by which the Department will utilize its authority
8 under Section 404 of this Act;

9 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
11 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
12 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
14 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
15 business group but for the fact that the person is
16 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
17 included in the unitary business group because he or
18 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
19 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
20 addition modification required by this subparagraph
21 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
22 included in base income of the unitary group for the
23 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
25 (including amounts included in gross income under
26 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code

1 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
2 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
3 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
4 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
5 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
6 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
7 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
8 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

9 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
10 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
11 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
12 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
13 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
14 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
15 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
16 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
17 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
18 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
20 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
22 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
23 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
24 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
25 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
26 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)

1 adopts and determines that its offering materials
2 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
3 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
4 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
5 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
6 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
7 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
8 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
9 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
10 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
11 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

12 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
13 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
14 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
15 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
16 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
17 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
18 participants in its offering materials or makes a
19 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
20 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
21 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
22 out-of-state program distributes its offering
23 materials;

24 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
25 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
26 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
2 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
3 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
4 under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

5 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
6 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified
7 withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition
8 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 administered by the State that is not used for
10 qualified expenses at an eligible education
11 institution, an amount equal to the contribution
12 component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund
13 that was previously deducted from base income under
14 subsection (a) (2) (y) of this Section, provided that
15 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the
16 beneficiary's death or disability;

17 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
18 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
19 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
20 Act;

21 (D-24) For taxable years beginning on or after
22 January 1, 2016, in the case of a nonqualified
23 withdrawal or refund of moneys from an ABLE account
24 established under Section 16.6 of the State Treasurer
25 Act, an amount equal to the contribution component of
26 the nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was

1 previously deducted from base income under subsection
2 (a) (2) (HH) of this Section;

3 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
4 following amounts:

5 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
6 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
7 any compensation (including but not limited to any
8 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
9 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
10 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
11 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
12 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
13 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
14 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
15 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
16 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
17 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
18 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
19 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
20 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
22 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
23 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
24 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
25 resident by reason of being a member of any component
26 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect

1 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
2 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
3 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
4 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
5 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
6 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
8 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are
9 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
11 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
12 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
14 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
15 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
16 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
17 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
18 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
20 thereto;

21 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

22 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
23 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
24 and included in such total for the taxable year;

25 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
26 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
2 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
3 of taxable income;

4 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
5 such total which were paid by a corporation which
6 conducts business operations in a River Edge
7 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
8 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
9 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
10 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
11 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

12 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total that were paid by a corporation that
14 conducts business operations in a federally designated
15 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
16 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
17 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
18 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
19 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
20 this subparagraph (K);

21 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
22 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
23 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
24 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
25 Revenue Code;

26 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted

1 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
2 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
3 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
4 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
5 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
6 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
7 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
8 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
9 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
11 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
13 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
14 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
17 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
18 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
19 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
20 United States; provided that, in the case of any
21 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
22 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
23 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
24 of bond premium amortization;

25 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
26 job training project established pursuant to the Tax

1 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

2 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
3 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
4 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
5 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
6 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
7 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
8 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
9 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

10 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
11 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
12 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
13 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
14 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

15 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
16 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

17 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
18 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
19 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
20 medical care savings account established under the
21 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
22 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
23 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
24 as provided in that Act;

25 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
26 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in

1 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
2 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
3 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
4 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
5 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

6 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
7 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
8 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
9 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
10 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
11 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

12 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
13 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
14 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
15 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
16 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
17 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
18 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
19 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
20 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
21 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the
23 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not
24 exceed the taxable income attributable to that
25 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
26 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no

1 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
2 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
3 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
4 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
5 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
6 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
7 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
8 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
9 times a number that represents the fractional
10 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
11 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
12 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

13 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
14 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
15 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
16 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
17 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
19 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
20 extent includible in gross income for federal income
21 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
22 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
23 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
24 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
25 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
26 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived

1 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
2 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
3 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
4 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
5 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
6 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
7 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
8 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
9 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
10 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
11 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
12 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
13 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
14 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
15 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
16 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
17 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
18 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
19 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
20 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
21 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
22 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
23 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
24 of Section 250;

25 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
26 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,

1 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
2 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
3 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
4 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
5 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
6 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
7 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
8 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
9 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
10 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
11 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
12 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
13 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
14 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
15 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
16 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
17 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
18 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
19 from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
21 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
22 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
23 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
24 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
25 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

26 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation

1 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
2 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
3 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
4 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
5 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
6 the bonus depreciation deduction;

7 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
8 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
9 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
10 0.429); and

11 (3) for taxable years ending after December
12 31, 2005:

13 (i) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
15 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
16 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
17 0.429); and

18 (ii) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
21 1.0.

22 The aggregate amount deducted under this
23 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
24 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
25 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
26 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection

1 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
2 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
5 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
6 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
7 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
8 an amount equal to that addition modification.

9 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
10 the last day of the last tax year for which the
11 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
12 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
13 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
14 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
15 equal to that addition modification.

16 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
17 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
18 piece of property.

19 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250;

21 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
22 other than salary, received by a driver in a
23 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

24 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
25 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
26 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with

1 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
2 modification with respect to such transaction under
3 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
4 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
5 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
6 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
7 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
8 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
9 is required to make an addition modification with
10 respect to such transaction under Section
11 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
12 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
13 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
14 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
16 into account for the taxable year (net of the
17 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
20 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
21 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
22 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
24 who would be a member of the same unitary business
25 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
26 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the

1 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
2 required to apportion business income under different
3 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
4 addition modification required to be made for the same
5 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
6 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
8 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

9 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
10 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
11 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
12 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
13 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
14 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
15 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
18 who would be a member of the same unitary business
19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
22 required to apportion business income under different
23 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
24 addition modification required to be made for the same
25 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
26 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
2 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250;

4 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
5 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
6 under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
7 Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
8 This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250; ~~and~~

10 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
11 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
12 add back any insurance premiums under Section
13 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
14 that part of a reimbursement received from the
15 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
16 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
17 company) that would have been taken into account as a
18 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
19 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
20 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG),
21 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add
22 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
23 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph
24 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

25 -

26 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after

1 January 1, 2016, an amount equal to the contributions
2 made by the taxpayer to an ABLE account established
3 under Section 16.6 of the State Treasurer Act, to the
4 extent that those amounts are not otherwise excluded
5 from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income;
6 this subparagraph (HH) is exempt from the provisions of
7 Section 250.

8 (b) Corporations.

9 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
11 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

12 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
13 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
14 of the following amounts:

15 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
16 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
17 received from regulated investment companies during
18 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
19 income in the computation of taxable income;

20 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
21 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
22 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

23 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
24 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
25 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount

1 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
2 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
3 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
4 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
5 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
6 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
7 law and is not a new enactment);

8 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
9 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
10 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
11 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

12 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
13 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
14 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
15 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
16 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
17 the amount by which addition modifications other than
18 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
19 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
20 year, with the following limitations applied in the
21 order that they are listed:

22 (i) the addition modification relating to the
23 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
24 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
25 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
26 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)

1 which related to that net operating loss and which
2 was taken into account in calculating the base
3 income of an earlier taxable year, and

4 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
5 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
6 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
7 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
8 such carryback or carryforward;

9 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
10 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
11 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
12 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
13 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
14 independently under the preceding provisions of this
15 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

16 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
17 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
18 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
19 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
20 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

21 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
22 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
23 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
24 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code;

26 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,

1 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
2 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
3 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
4 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
5 deductions taken in all taxable years under
6 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

7 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
8 the last day of the last tax year for which the
9 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
10 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
11 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
12 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
13 equal to that subtraction modification.

14 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
15 modification under this subparagraph only once with
16 respect to any one piece of property;

17 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
18 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
19 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
22 member of the same unitary business group but for the
23 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
24 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
25 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person

1 who would be a member of the same unitary business
2 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
3 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
4 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
5 required to apportion business income under different
6 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
7 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
8 extent that dividends were included in base income of
9 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
10 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
11 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
12 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
13 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
14 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
16 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
17 incurred.

18 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

19 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
21 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
24 with respect to such interest; or

25 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if

1 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
2 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person, during the same taxable
5 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
6 to a person that is not a related member, and

7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
8 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
9 person did not have as a principal purpose the
10 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
11 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
12 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
13 terms; or

14 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
15 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
16 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
17 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
18 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
19 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

20 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
23 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
24 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
25 to the application or use of an alternative method
26 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

1 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
2 Director from making any other adjustment
3 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
4 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
5 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
6 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
7 and such regulations provide methods and standards
8 by which the Department will utilize its authority
9 under Section 404 of this Act;

10 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
11 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
12 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
15 foreign person who would be a member of the same
16 unitary business group but for the fact that the
17 foreign person's business activity outside the United
18 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
19 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
21 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
22 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
23 from being included in the unitary business group
24 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
25 business income under different subsections of Section
26 304. The addition modification required by this

1 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
2 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
3 group for the same taxable year and received by the
4 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
5 business group (including amounts included in gross
6 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
8 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
9 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
10 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
11 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
12 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
13 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
14 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
15 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
16 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
17 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
18 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
19 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
20 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
22 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
23 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
24 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
25 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
26 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service

1 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
2 similar types of intangible assets.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
7 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
8 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
9 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
10 to such item; or

11 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
14 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
15 following:

16 (a) the person during the same taxable
17 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
18 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
19 not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 intangible expense or cost between the
22 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
23 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
24 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
25 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
26 or

1 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
4 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
5 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
6 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
7 writing to the application or use of an alternative
8 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
10 Director from making any other adjustment
11 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
12 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
13 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
14 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
15 and such regulations provide methods and standards
16 by which the Department will utilize its authority
17 under Section 404 of this Act;

18 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
20 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
21 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
23 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
24 business group but for the fact that the person is
25 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
26 included in the unitary business group because he or

1 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
2 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
3 addition modification required by this subparagraph
4 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
5 included in base income of the unitary group for the
6 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
8 (including amounts included in gross income under
9 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
10 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
11 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
12 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
13 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
14 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
15 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
16 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or
17 Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;

18 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
19 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
20 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
21 estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of
22 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

23 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
24 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
25 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
26 Act;

1 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
2 following amounts:

3 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
4 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
5 and included in such total for the taxable year;

6 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
7 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

8 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
9 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
10 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
11 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
12 for the taxable year;

13 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
14 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
15 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
16 171(a) (2), and 265(a) (2) and amounts disallowed as
17 interest expense by Section 291(a) (3) of the Internal
18 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
19 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
20 265(a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
21 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
22 Sections 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, 291(a) (3), and
23 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
24 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
25 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e) (3)
26 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years

1 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
2 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
4 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
5 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
6 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
7 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
8 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
9 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
10 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
11 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
12 from the provisions of Section 250;

13 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
14 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
15 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
16 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
17 United States; provided that, in the case of any
18 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
19 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
20 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
21 of bond premium amortization;

22 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
23 such total which were paid by a corporation which
24 conducts business operations in a River Edge
25 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
26 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially

1 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
2 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250;

4 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
5 such total that were paid by a corporation that
6 conducts business operations in a federally designated
7 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
8 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
9 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
10 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
11 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
12 this subparagraph (L);

13 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
14 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
15 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
16 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
17 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
18 property which is eligible for the River Edge
19 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
20 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
21 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
22 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
23 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
24 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment
25 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using
26 for this purpose the original basis of such property on

1 the date that it was placed in service in the River
2 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification
3 available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection
4 shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the
5 borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the
6 eligible property as calculated under the previous
7 sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
8 provisions of Section 250;

9 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
10 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
11 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
12 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
13 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
14 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
15 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
16 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
17 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
18 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
19 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
20 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
21 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
22 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
23 date that it was placed in service in a federally
24 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
25 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
26 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph

1 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
2 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
3 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
4 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
5 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
6 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
7 calculated under the previous sentence;

8 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
9 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
10 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
11 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
12 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
13 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
14 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
15 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
16 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
17 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
18 Section 250;

19 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
20 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
21 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
22 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
23 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
24 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
25 and received from a corporation that is not created or
26 organized under the laws of the United States or any

1 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
2 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
3 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
4 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal
5 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
6 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
7 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
8 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive
10 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
11 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
12 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
13 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
14 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
15 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
16 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
17 dividends received from a captive real estate
18 investment trust, from any such corporation specified
19 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
20 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
21 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
22 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
23 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
24 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
25 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
26 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

1 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
2 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
3 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

4 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
5 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
6 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
7 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
8 the Internal Revenue Code;

9 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
10 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
11 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
12 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
13 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
14 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
15 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
16 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
17 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
18 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
19 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
20 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250;

22 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
23 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
24 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
25 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
26 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and

1 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
2 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
3 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
4 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
18 the bonus depreciation deduction;

19 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
20 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
21 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (3) for taxable years ending after December
24 31, 2005:

25 (i) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
3 0.429); and

4 (ii) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 1.0.

8 The aggregate amount deducted under this
9 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
10 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
11 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
12 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
13 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
14 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
15 Section 250;

16 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
17 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
18 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
19 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
20 equal to that addition modification.

21 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
22 the last day of the last tax year for which the
23 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
24 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
25 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
26 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount

1 equal to that addition modification.

2 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
3 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
4 piece of property.

5 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
6 provisions of Section 250;

7 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
8 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
9 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
10 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
11 modification with respect to such transaction under
12 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
13 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
14 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
15 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
16 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
17 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
18 is required to make an addition modification with
19 respect to such transaction under Section
20 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
21 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
22 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
23 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
24 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
25 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
26 addition modification with respect to such transaction

1 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
2 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
3 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
4 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
5 from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
7 into account for the taxable year (net of the
8 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
9 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
11 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
12 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
13 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
15 who would be a member of the same unitary business
16 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
17 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
18 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
19 required to apportion business income under different
20 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
21 addition modification required to be made for the same
22 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
23 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
25 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

26 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible

1 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
2 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
3 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
5 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
6 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
8 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
9 who would be a member of the same unitary business
10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
13 required to apportion business income under different
14 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
15 addition modification required to be made for the same
16 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
17 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
19 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250;

21 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
22 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
23 add back any insurance premiums under Section
24 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
25 that part of a reimbursement received from the
26 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or

1 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
2 company) that would have been taken into account as a
3 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
4 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
5 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
6 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
7 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
8 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
9 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

10 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
11 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
12 965(e) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable
13 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to
14 Section 965(e) (2) (A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
15 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
16 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
17 Section 250.

18 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
19 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
20 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior
21 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment
22 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or
23 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in
24 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a) (3) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code.

1 (c) Trusts and estates.

2 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
3 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
4 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

5 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
6 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
7 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
8 following amounts:

9 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
10 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
11 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
12 in the computation of taxable income;

13 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
14 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
15 required to distribute all of its income currently,
16 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
17 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
18 the computation of taxable income;

19 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
20 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
21 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

22 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
23 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
24 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
25 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

26 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss

1 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
2 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
3 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
4 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
5 the amount by which addition modifications other than
6 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
7 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
8 the following limitations applied in the order that
9 they are listed:

10 (i) the addition modification relating to the
11 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
12 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
13 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
14 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
15 which related to that net operating loss and which
16 was taken into account in calculating the base
17 income of an earlier taxable year, and

18 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
19 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
20 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
21 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
22 such carryback or carryforward;

23 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
24 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
25 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
26 addition modification provided in this subparagraph

1 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
2 independently under the preceding provisions of this
3 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

4 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
5 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
6 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
7 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
8 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
9 Act;

10 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
11 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
12 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
13 computation of taxable income;

14 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
15 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
16 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
17 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
18 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

19 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
20 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
21 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
22 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code; and

24 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
25 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
26 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an

1 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
2 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
3 deductions taken in all taxable years under
4 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

5 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
6 the last day of the last tax year for which the
7 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
8 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
9 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
10 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
11 equal to that subtraction modification.

12 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
13 modification under this subparagraph only once with
14 respect to any one piece of property;

15 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
16 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
17 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
18 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
20 member of the same unitary business group but for the
21 fact that the foreign person's business activity
22 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
23 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
24 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
25 who would be a member of the same unitary business
26 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited

1 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
2 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
3 required to apportion business income under different
4 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
5 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
6 extent that dividends were included in base income of
7 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
8 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
9 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
10 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
11 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
12 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
14 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
15 incurred.

16 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

17 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
19 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
20 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
21 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
22 with respect to such interest; or

23 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
25 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
26 preponderance of the evidence, both of the

1 following:

2 (a) the person, during the same taxable
3 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
4 to a person that is not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
7 person did not have as a principal purpose the
8 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
9 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
10 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
11 terms; or

12 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
13 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
14 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
15 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
16 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
17 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

18 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
20 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
21 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
22 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
23 to the application or use of an alternative method
24 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

25 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
26 Director from making any other adjustment

1 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
2 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
3 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
4 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
5 and such regulations provide methods and standards
6 by which the Department will utilize its authority
7 under Section 404 of this Act;

8 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
9 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
10 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
13 foreign person who would be a member of the same
14 unitary business group but for the fact that the
15 foreign person's business activity outside the United
16 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
17 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
19 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
20 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
21 from being included in the unitary business group
22 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
23 business income under different subsections of Section
24 304. The addition modification required by this
25 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
26 dividends were included in base income of the unitary

1 group for the same taxable year and received by the
2 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
3 business group (including amounts included in gross
4 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
6 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
7 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
8 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
9 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
10 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
11 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
12 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
13 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
14 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
15 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
16 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
17 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
18 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
20 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
21 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
22 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
23 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
24 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
25 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
26 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

1 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

2 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
5 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
6 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
7 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
8 to such item; or

9 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
12 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
13 following:

14 (a) the person during the same taxable
15 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
16 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
17 not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 intangible expense or cost between the
20 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
21 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
22 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
23 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
24 or

25 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
2 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
3 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
4 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
5 writing to the application or use of an alternative
6 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

7 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
8 Director from making any other adjustment
9 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
10 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
11 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
12 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
13 and such regulations provide methods and standards
14 by which the Department will utilize its authority
15 under Section 404 of this Act;

16 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
18 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
19 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
21 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
22 business group but for the fact that the person is
23 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
24 included in the unitary business group because he or
25 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
26 income under different subsections of Section 304. The

1 addition modification required by this subparagraph
2 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
3 included in base income of the unitary group for the
4 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
6 (including amounts included in gross income under
7 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
8 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
9 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
10 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
11 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
12 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
13 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
14 modification required under Section 203(c) (2) (G-12) or
15 Section 203(c) (2) (G-13) of this Act;

16 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
17 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
18 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
19 Act;

20 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
21 following amounts:

22 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
23 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
24 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
26 distributions under the provisions of any retirement

1 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
2 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
3 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
4 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
6 thereto;

7 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

8 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
9 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
10 and included in such total for the taxable year;

11 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
12 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
13 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
14 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
15 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
16 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
17 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
18 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
19 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
20 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
21 amortization;

22 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
23 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
24 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
25 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
26 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and

1 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
2 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
3 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2),
4 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
5 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
6 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal
7 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
9 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
10 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total which were paid by a corporation which
14 conducts business operations in a River Edge
15 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
16 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
17 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
18 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
19 provisions of Section 250;

20 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
21 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
22 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

23 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
24 such total that were paid by a corporation that
25 conducts business operations in a federally designated
26 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a

1 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
2 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
3 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
4 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
5 this subparagraph (O);

6 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
7 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
8 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
9 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
10 the Internal Revenue Code;

11 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
12 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
13 extent includible in gross income for federal income
14 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
15 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
16 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
17 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
18 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
19 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
20 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
21 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
22 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
23 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
24 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
25 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
26 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of

1 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
2 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
3 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
4 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
5 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
6 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
7 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
8 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
9 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
10 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
11 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
12 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
13 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
14 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
15 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
16 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
17 of Section 250;

18 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
19 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
20 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
21 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
22 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
23 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

24 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
25 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
26 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property

1 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
2 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
3 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
4 the bonus depreciation deduction;

5 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
6 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
7 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
8 0.429); and

9 (3) for taxable years ending after December
10 31, 2005:

11 (i) for property on which a bonus
12 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
13 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
14 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
15 0.429); and

16 (ii) for property on which a bonus
17 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
18 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
19 1.0.

20 The aggregate amount deducted under this
21 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
22 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
23 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
24 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
25 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
26 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of

1 Section 250;

2 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
3 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
4 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
5 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
6 equal to that addition modification.

7 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
8 the last day of the last tax year for which the
9 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
10 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
11 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
12 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
13 equal to that addition modification.

14 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
15 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
16 piece of property.

17 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
18 provisions of Section 250;

19 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
20 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
21 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
22 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
23 modification with respect to such transaction under
24 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
25 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
26 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any

1 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
2 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
3 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
4 is required to make an addition modification with
5 respect to such transaction under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
7 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
8 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
9 from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
11 into account for the taxable year (net of the
12 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
13 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
15 the fact the foreign person's business activity
16 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
17 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
19 who would be a member of the same unitary business
20 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
21 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
22 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
23 required to apportion business income under different
24 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
25 addition modification required to be made for the same
26 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for

1 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
3 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

4 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
5 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
6 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
7 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
9 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
10 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
19 addition modification required to be made for the same
20 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
21 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
23 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250;

25 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
26 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the

1 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
2 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
3 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
4 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from
5 Section 250;

6 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
7 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
8 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
9 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
10 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

11 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
12 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
13 add back any insurance premiums under Section
14 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
15 that part of a reimbursement received from the
16 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
17 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
18 company) that would have been taken into account as a
19 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
20 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
21 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
22 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
23 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
24 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
25 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

26 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification

1 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
2 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
3 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
4 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
5 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
6 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

7 (d) Partnerships.

8 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
9 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
10 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

11 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
12 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
13 of the following amounts:

14 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
15 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
16 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
17 in the computation of taxable income;

18 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
19 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
20 the taxable year;

21 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
22 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
23 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

24 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
25 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue

1 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
2 computation of taxable income;

3 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
4 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
5 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
6 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code;

8 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
9 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
10 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
11 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
12 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
13 deductions taken in all taxable years under
14 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
16 the last day of the last tax year for which the
17 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
18 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
19 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
20 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
21 equal to that subtraction modification.

22 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
23 modification under this subparagraph only once with
24 respect to any one piece of property;

25 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
26 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for

1 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the same unitary business group but for the
5 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
6 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
8 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
9 who would be a member of the same unitary business
10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
13 required to apportion business income under different
14 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
15 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
16 extent that dividends were included in base income of
17 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
18 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
19 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
20 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
21 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
22 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
24 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
25 incurred.

26 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

1 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
3 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
4 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
5 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
6 with respect to such interest; or

7 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
9 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
10 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
11 following:

12 (a) the person, during the same taxable
13 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
14 to a person that is not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
17 person did not have as a principal purpose the
18 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
19 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
20 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
21 terms; or

22 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
23 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
24 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
25 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
26 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is

1 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

2 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
4 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
5 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
6 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
7 to the application or use of an alternative method
8 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
10 Director from making any other adjustment
11 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
12 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
13 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
14 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
15 and such regulations provide methods and standards
16 by which the Department will utilize its authority
17 under Section 404 of this Act; and

18 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
19 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
20 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
23 foreign person who would be a member of the same
24 unitary business group but for the fact that the
25 foreign person's business activity outside the United
26 States is 80% or more of that person's total business

1 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
3 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
4 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
5 from being included in the unitary business group
6 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
7 business income under different subsections of Section
8 304. The addition modification required by this
9 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
10 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
11 group for the same taxable year and received by the
12 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
13 business group (including amounts included in gross
14 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
16 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
17 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
18 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
19 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
20 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
21 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
22 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
23 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
24 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
25 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
26 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,

1 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
2 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
4 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
5 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
6 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
7 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
8 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
9 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
10 similar types of intangible assets;

11 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

12 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
15 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
16 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
17 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
18 to such item; or

19 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
22 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
23 following:

24 (a) the person during the same taxable
25 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
26 intangible expense or cost to a person that is

1 not a related member, and

2 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
3 intangible expense or cost between the
4 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
5 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
6 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
7 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
8 or

9 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
12 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
13 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
14 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
15 writing to the application or use of an alternative
16 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

17 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
18 Director from making any other adjustment
19 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
20 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
21 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
22 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
23 and such regulations provide methods and standards
24 by which the Department will utilize its authority
25 under Section 404 of this Act;

26 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December

1 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
2 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
3 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
4 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
5 person who would be a member of the same unitary
6 business group but for the fact that the person is
7 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
8 included in the unitary business group because he or
9 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
10 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
11 addition modification required by this subparagraph
12 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
13 included in base income of the unitary group for the
14 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
16 (including amounts included in gross income under
17 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
18 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
19 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
20 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
21 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
22 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
23 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
24 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or
25 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

26 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

1 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
2 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
3 Act;

4 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
5 amounts:

6 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

7 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
8 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
9 and included in such total for the taxable year;

10 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
11 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
12 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
13 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
14 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
15 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
16 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
17 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
18 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
19 of bond premium amortization;

20 (H) Any income of the partnership which
21 constitutes personal service income as defined in
22 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
23 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
24 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
25 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
26 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of

1 Section 250;

2 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
3 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
4 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
5 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
6 including amounts distributable to organizations
7 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
8 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
9 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
11 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
12 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
13 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
14 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
15 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
16 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
17 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
18 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
19 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
21 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
23 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
24 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in

1 such total which were paid by a corporation which
2 conducts business operations in a River Edge
3 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
4 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
5 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
6 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
9 job training project established pursuant to the Real
10 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

11 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
12 such total that were paid by a corporation that
13 conducts business operations in a federally designated
14 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
15 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
16 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
17 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
18 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
19 this subparagraph (M);

20 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
21 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
22 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
23 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
24 the Internal Revenue Code;

25 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
26 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction

1 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
2 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
3 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
4 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

5 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
6 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
7 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
8 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
9 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
10 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
11 the bonus depreciation deduction;

12 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
13 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
14 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
15 0.429); and

16 (3) for taxable years ending after December
17 31, 2005:

18 (i) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
21 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (ii) for property on which a bonus
24 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
25 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
26 1.0.

1 The aggregate amount deducted under this
2 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
3 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
4 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
6 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
7 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
10 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
11 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
12 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
13 equal to that addition modification.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which the
16 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
17 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
18 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
19 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
20 equal to that addition modification.

21 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
22 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
23 piece of property.

24 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of

1 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
2 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
3 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
4 modification with respect to such transaction under
5 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
6 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
7 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
8 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
9 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
10 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
11 is required to make an addition modification with
12 respect to such transaction under Section
13 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
14 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
15 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
16 from Section 250;

17 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
18 into account for the taxable year (net of the
19 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
22 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
23 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
6 addition modification required to be made for the same
7 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
9 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
10 Section 250;

11 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
12 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
13 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
16 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
17 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
18 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
19 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
20 who would be a member of the same unitary business
21 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
22 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
23 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
24 required to apportion business income under different
25 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
26 addition modification required to be made for the same

1 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
2 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
4 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

5 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
6 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
7 add back any insurance premiums under Section
8 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
9 that part of a reimbursement received from the
10 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
11 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
12 company) that would have been taken into account as a
13 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
14 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
15 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the
16 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
17 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
18 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph
19 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

20 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

21 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
22 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
23 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
24 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
25 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or

1 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
2 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
3 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
4 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
6 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
7 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
8 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
9 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
10 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
11 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
12 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
13 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
15 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
16 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
17 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
18 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
19 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
20 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
21 addition modification must be made under those
22 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
23 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
24 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
25 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
26 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal

1 Revenue Code.

2 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
3 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
4 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

5 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
6 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
7 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
8 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
9 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
10 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
13 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
14 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
15 insurance company taxable income;

16 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
17 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
18 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
19 investment company taxable income;

20 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
21 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
22 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
23 estate investment trust taxable income;

24 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
25 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
26 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return

1 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
2 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
3 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
4 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
5 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
6 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
7 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
8 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue
9 Code had been in effect for all such years;

10 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
11 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
12 organization determined in accordance with the
13 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
14 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition
15 against offsetting losses from patronage activities
16 against income from nonpatronage activities; except
17 that a cooperative corporation or association may make
18 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment
19 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the
20 event such election is made, such losses shall be
21 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with
22 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and
23 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by
24 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed
25 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred.
26 The election shall be effective for all taxable years

1 with original returns due on or after the date of the
2 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an
3 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act,
4 to provide that the election shall be effective for
5 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years
6 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made,
7 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the
8 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting
9 forth requirements for documenting the elections and
10 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
11 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
12 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
13 existing law;

14 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
15 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
16 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
17 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
18 corporation determined in accordance with Section
19 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
20 taxable income shall take into account those items
21 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
23 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
24 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
25 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
26 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in

1 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
2 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
3 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

4 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
5 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
6 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
7 income shall take into account those items which are
8 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
9 but which would be taken into account by an individual
10 in calculating his taxable income.

11 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
12 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
13 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
14 business has been classified as business income and in a
15 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
16 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
17 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
18 related to that asset or business that generated the
19 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
20 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
21 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
22 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
23 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
24 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
25 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
26 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding

1 taxable years.

2 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

3 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
4 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
5 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

6 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
7 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
8 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
10 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

11 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
12 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
13 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
14 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
15 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
16 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
17 such gain included in the amount determined under
18 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

19 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

20 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
21 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
22 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
23 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
24 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
25 determining gain) for such property on that date

1 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
2 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
3 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
4 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
5 such property.

6 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
7 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
8 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
9 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
10 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
11 property for federal income tax purposes for the
12 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
13 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
14 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
15 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
16 period for the property.

17 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
18 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
19 purposes of this paragraph.

20 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
21 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
22 to be deducted more than once.

23 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
24 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on

1 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
2 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
3 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
4 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
5 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
6 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
7 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

8 (Source: P.A. 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-120, eff. 8-4-09; 96-198,
9 eff. 8-10-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-520, eff. 8-14-09;
10 96-835, eff. 12-16-09; 96-932, eff. 1-1-11; 96-935, eff.
11 6-21-10; 96-1214, eff. 7-22-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-507,
12 eff. 8-23-11; 97-905, eff. 8-7-12.)