

## 99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2015 and 2016 HB2939

by Rep. Robert Rita

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Riverboat Gambling Act. Changes the short title to the Illinois Gambling Act and changes corresponding references to the Act throughout the statutes. Authorizes the Illinois Gaming Board to conduct gambling operations on a riverboat or in a casino, through a licensed manager, within the City of Chicago. Provides that the City of Chicago shall select the site for the gambling operation and acquire, upon consultation with the Capital Development Board, any land necessary for its construction, including by condemnation or eminent domain, and the City of Chicago shall convey to the Illinois Gaming Board property so acquired upon reimbursement to the City of Chicago of the purchase price of the property, plus reasonable interest costs. Requires the Capital Development Board to construct, repair, and maintain, or contract for and supervise the construction, repair, and maintenance of, facilities for use by the Board to conduct the gambling operations. Provides deadlines for the selection of a licensed manager for the gambling operations and limits the number of positions that may be operated. Provides that no admissions tax shall be imposed upon admissions to that gambling operation. Amends the Riverboat Gambling Act and the Video Gaming Act to prohibit political contributions from certain licensees. Makes other changes. Contains a severability clause. Effective September 1, 2015.

LRB099 06480 MLM 26552 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning gaming.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and
  Dependency Act is amended by changing Section 5-20 as follows:
- 6 (20 ILCS 301/5-20)

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- 7 Sec. 5-20. Compulsive gambling program.
- 8 (a) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall 9 establish a program for public education, research, and 10 training regarding problem and compulsive gambling and the 11 treatment and prevention of problem and compulsive gambling.
- Subject to specific appropriation for these stated purposes,
- the program must include all of the following:
- 14 (1) Establishment and maintenance of a toll-free "800"
  15 telephone number to provide crisis counseling and referral
  16 services to families experiencing difficulty as a result of
  17 problem or compulsive gambling.
  - (2) Promotion of public awareness regarding the recognition and prevention of problem and compulsive gambling.
- 21 (3) Facilitation, through in-service training and 22 other means, of the availability of effective assistance 23 programs for problem and compulsive gamblers.

- 1 (4) Conducting studies to identify adults and 2 juveniles in this State who are, or who are at risk of 3 becoming, problem or compulsive gamblers.
- (b) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall either 4 5 establish and maintain the program or contract with a private or public entity for the establishment and maintenance of the 6 7 program. Subject to appropriation, either the Department or the 8 private or public entity shall implement the toll-free 9 telephone number, promote public awareness, and conduct 10 in-service training concerning problem and compulsive 11 gambling.
- (c) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall produce and supply the signs specified in Section 10.7 of the Illinois Lottery Law, Section 34.1 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, Section 4.3 of the Bingo License and Tax Act, Section 8.1 of the Charitable Games Act, and Section 13.1 of the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 89-374, eff. 1-1-96; 89-626, eff. 8-9-96.)
- Section 10. The Illinois Lottery Law is amended by changing
  Section 9.1 as follows:
- 21 (20 ILCS 1605/9.1)
- Sec. 9.1. Private manager and management agreement.
- 23 (a) As used in this Section:
- "Offeror" means a person or group of persons that responds

- 1 to a request for qualifications under this Section.
- 2 "Request for qualifications" means all materials and
- 3 documents prepared by the Department to solicit the following
- 4 from offerors:
- 5 (1) Statements of qualifications.
- 6 (2) Proposals to enter into a management agreement,
- 7 including the identity of any prospective vendor or vendors
- 8 that the offeror intends to initially engage to assist the
- 9 offeror in performing its obligations under the management
- 10 agreement.
- "Final offer" means the last proposal submitted by an
- 12 offeror in response to the request for qualifications,
- including the identity of any prospective vendor or vendors
- 14 that the offeror intends to initially engage to assist the
- offeror in performing its obligations under the management
- 16 agreement.
- "Final offeror" means the offeror ultimately selected by
- 18 the Governor to be the private manager for the Lottery under
- 19 subsection (h) of this Section.
- 20 (b) By September 15, 2010, the Governor shall select a
- 21 private manager for the total management of the Lottery with
- integrated functions, such as lottery game design, supply of
- 23 goods and services, and advertising and as specified in this
- 24 Section.
- 25 (c) Pursuant to the terms of this subsection, the
- 26 Department shall endeavor to expeditiously terminate the

existing contracts in support of the Lottery in effect on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly in connection with the selection of the private manager. As part of its obligation to terminate these contracts and select the private manager, the Department shall establish a mutually agreeable timetable to transfer the functions of existing contractors to the private manager so that existing Lottery operations are not materially diminished or impaired during the transition. To that end, the Department shall do the following:

- (1) where such contracts contain a provision authorizing termination upon notice, the Department shall provide notice of termination to occur upon the mutually agreed timetable for transfer of functions;
- (2) upon the expiration of any initial term or renewal term of the current Lottery contracts, the Department shall not renew such contract for a term extending beyond the mutually agreed timetable for transfer of functions; or
- (3) in the event any current contract provides for termination of that contract upon the implementation of a contract with the private manager, the Department shall perform all necessary actions to terminate the contract on the date that coincides with the mutually agreed timetable for transfer of functions.

If the contracts to support the current operation of the Lottery in effect on the effective date of this amendatory Act

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- of the 96th General Assembly are not subject to termination as provided for in this subsection (c), then the Department may include a provision in the contract with the private manager specifying a mutually agreeable methodology for incorporation.
  - (c-5) The Department shall include provisions in the management agreement whereby the private manager shall, for a fee, and pursuant to a contract negotiated with the Department (the "Employee Use Contract"), utilize the services of current Department employees to assist in the administration and operation of the Lottery. The Department shall be the employer of all such bargaining unit employees assigned to perform such work for the private manager, and such employees shall be State employees, as defined by the Personnel Code. Department employees shall operate under the same employment policies, rules, regulations, and procedures, as other employees of the Department. In addition, neither historical representation rights under the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act, nor existing collective bargaining agreements, shall be disturbed by the management agreement with the private manager for the management of the Lottery.
  - (d) The management agreement with the private manager shall include all of the following:
- 23 (1) A term not to exceed 10 years, including any renewals.
  - (2) A provision specifying that the Department:
- 26 (A) shall exercise actual control over all

significant business decisions;

- (A-5) has the authority to direct or countermand operating decisions by the private manager at any time;
- (B) has ready access at any time to information regarding Lottery operations;
- (C) has the right to demand and receive information from the private manager concerning any aspect of the Lottery operations at any time; and
- (D) retains ownership of all trade names, trademarks, and intellectual property associated with the Lottery.
- (3) A provision imposing an affirmative duty on the private manager to provide the Department with material information and with any information the private manager reasonably believes the Department would want to know to enable the Department to conduct the Lottery.
- (4) A provision requiring the private manager to provide the Department with advance notice of any operating decision that bears significantly on the public interest, including, but not limited to, decisions on the kinds of games to be offered to the public and decisions affecting the relative risk and reward of the games being offered, so the Department has a reasonable opportunity to evaluate and countermand that decision.
- (5) A provision providing for compensation of the private manager that may consist of, among other things, a

fee for services and a performance based bonus as consideration for managing the Lottery, including terms that may provide the private manager with an increase in compensation if Lottery revenues grow by a specified percentage in a given year.

- (6) (Blank).
- (7) A provision requiring the deposit of all Lottery proceeds to be deposited into the State Lottery Fund except as otherwise provided in Section 20 of this Act.
- (8) A provision requiring the private manager to locate its principal office within the State.
- (8-5) A provision encouraging that at least 20% of the cost of contracts entered into for goods and services by the private manager in connection with its management of the Lottery, other than contracts with sales agents or technical advisors, be awarded to businesses that are a minority owned business, a female owned business, or a business owned by a person with disability, as those terms are defined in the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act.
- (9) A requirement that so long as the private manager complies with all the conditions of the agreement under the oversight of the Department, the private manager shall have the following duties and obligations with respect to the management of the Lottery:
  - (A) The right to use equipment and other assets

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used in the operation of the Lottery. 1 2 (B) The rights and obligations under contracts with retailers and vendors. 3 (C) The implementation of a comprehensive security 4 program by the private manager. (D) The implementation of a comprehensive system 6 7 of internal audits. 8 (E) The implementation of a program by the private 9 manager to curb compulsive gambling by persons playing 10 the Lottery. 11 (F) A system for determining (i) the type of 12 Lottery games, (ii) the method of selecting winning 13 tickets, (iii) the manner of payment of prizes to 14 holders of winning tickets, (iv) the frequency of drawings of winning tickets, (v) the method to be used 15 16 in selling tickets, (vi) a system for verifying the 17 validity of tickets claimed to be winning tickets, (vii) the basis upon which retailer commissions are 18 19 established by the manager, and (viii) minimum 20 payouts. (10) A requirement that advertising and promotion must 21 22 be consistent with Section 7.8a of this Act. 23 (11) A requirement that the private manager market the 24 Lottery to those residents who are new, infrequent, or

lapsed players of the Lottery, especially those who are

most likely to make regular purchases on the Internet as

permitted by law.

- (12) A code of ethics for the private manager's officers and employees.
- (13) A requirement that the Department monitor and oversee the private manager's practices and take action that the Department considers appropriate to ensure that the private manager is in compliance with the terms of the management agreement, while allowing the manager, unless specifically prohibited by law or the management agreement, to negotiate and sign its own contracts with vendors.
- (14) A provision requiring the private manager to periodically file, at least on an annual basis, appropriate financial statements in a form and manner acceptable to the Department.
  - (15) Cash reserves requirements.
- (16) Procedural requirements for obtaining the prior approval of the Department when a management agreement or an interest in a management agreement is sold, assigned, transferred, or pledged as collateral to secure financing.
- (17) Grounds for the termination of the management agreement by the Department or the private manager.
  - (18) Procedures for amendment of the agreement.
- (19) A provision requiring the private manager to engage in an open and competitive bidding process for any procurement having a cost in excess of \$50,000 that is not

a part of the private manager's final offer. The process shall favor the selection of a vendor deemed to have submitted a proposal that provides the Lottery with the best overall value. The process shall not be subject to the provisions of the Illinois Procurement Code, unless specifically required by the management agreement.

- (20) The transition of rights and obligations, including any associated equipment or other assets used in the operation of the Lottery, from the manager to any successor manager of the lottery, including the Department, following the termination of or foreclosure upon the management agreement.
- (21) Right of use of copyrights, trademarks, and service marks held by the Department in the name of the State. The agreement must provide that any use of them by the manager shall only be for the purpose of fulfilling its obligations under the management agreement during the term of the agreement.
- (22) The disclosure of any information requested by the Department to enable it to comply with the reporting requirements and information requests provided for under subsection (p) of this Section.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the Department shall select a private manager through a competitive request for qualifications process consistent with Section 20-35 of the Illinois Procurement Code, which shall take into

## account:

- (1) the offeror's ability to market the Lottery to those residents who are new, infrequent, or lapsed players of the Lottery, especially those who are most likely to make regular purchases on the Internet;
- (2) the offeror's ability to address the State's concern with the social effects of gambling on those who can least afford to do so;
- (3) the offeror's ability to provide the most successful management of the Lottery for the benefit of the people of the State based on current and past business practices or plans of the offeror; and
- (4) the offeror's poor or inadequate past performance in servicing, equipping, operating or managing a lottery on behalf of Illinois, another State or foreign government and attracting persons who are not currently regular players of a lottery.
- (f) The Department may retain the services of an advisor or advisors with significant experience in financial services or the management, operation, and procurement of goods, services, and equipment for a government-run lottery to assist in the preparation of the terms of the request for qualifications and selection of the private manager. Any prospective advisor seeking to provide services under this subsection (f) shall disclose any material business or financial relationship during the past 3 years with any potential offeror, or with a

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subcontractor presently providing goods, contractor or services, or equipment to the Department to support the Lottery. The Department shall evaluate the material business or financial relationship of each prospective advisor. Department shall not select any prospective advisor with a substantial business or financial relationship that Department deems to impair the objectivity of the services to be provided by the prospective advisor. During the course of the advisor's engagement by the Department, and for a period of one year thereafter, the advisor shall not enter into any business or financial relationship with any offeror or any vendor identified to assist an offeror in performing its under the management agreement. Any advisor obligations retained by the Department shall be disqualified from being an offeror. The Department shall not include terms in the request for qualifications that provide a material advantage whether directly or indirectly to any potential offeror, or subcontractor presently providing contractor or services, or equipment to the Department to support the Lottery, including terms contained in previous responses to requests for proposals or qualifications submitted Illinois, another State or foreign government when those terms are uniquely associated with a particular potential offeror, contractor, or subcontractor. The request for proposals by the Department on December 22, 2008 "LOT08GAMESYS" and reference number "22016176" is declared 1 void.

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- 2 (g) The Department shall select at least 2 offerors as
  3 finalists to potentially serve as the private manager no later
  4 than August 9, 2010. Upon making preliminary selections, the
  5 Department shall schedule a public hearing on the finalists'
  6 proposals and provide public notice of the hearing at least 7
  7 calendar days before the hearing. The notice must include all
  8 of the following:
  - (1) The date, time, and place of the hearing.
  - (2) The subject matter of the hearing.
- 11 (3) A brief description of the management agreement to 12 be awarded.
  - (4) The identity of the offerors that have been selected as finalists to serve as the private manager.
    - (5) The address and telephone number of the Department.
  - (h) At the public hearing, the Department shall (i) provide sufficient time for each finalist to present and explain its proposal to the Department and the Governor or the Governor's designee, including an opportunity to respond to questions posed by the Department, Governor, or designee and (ii) allow the public and non-selected offerors to comment on the presentations. The Governor or a designee shall attend the public hearing. After the public hearing, the Department shall have 14 calendar days to recommend to the Governor whether a management agreement should be entered into with a particular finalist. After reviewing the Department's recommendation, the

- Governor may accept or reject the Department's recommendation, and shall select a final offeror as the private manager by publication of a notice in the Illinois Procurement Bulletin on or before September 15, 2010. The Governor shall include in the notice a detailed explanation and the reasons why the final superior to other offerors and will provide offeror is management services in a manner that best achieves objectives of this Section. The Governor shall also sign the management agreement with the private manager.
  - (i) Any action to contest the private manager selected by the Governor under this Section must be brought within 7 calendar days after the publication of the notice of the designation of the private manager as provided in subsection (h) of this Section.
  - (j) The Lottery shall remain, for so long as a private manager manages the Lottery in accordance with provisions of this Act, a Lottery conducted by the State, and the State shall not be authorized to sell or transfer the Lottery to a third party.
  - (k) Any tangible personal property used exclusively in connection with the lottery that is owned by the Department and leased to the private manager shall be owned by the Department in the name of the State and shall be considered to be public property devoted to an essential public and governmental function.
    - (1) The Department may exercise any of its powers under

- this Section or any other law as necessary or desirable for the execution of the Department's powers under this Section.
  - (m) Neither this Section nor any management agreement entered into under this Section prohibits the General Assembly from authorizing forms of gambling that are not in direct competition with the Lottery. The forms of gambling authorized by this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly constitute authorized forms of gambling that are not in direct competition with the Lottery.
  - (n) The private manager shall be subject to a complete investigation in the third, seventh, and tenth years of the agreement (if the agreement is for a 10-year term) by the Department in cooperation with the Auditor General to determine whether the private manager has complied with this Section and the management agreement. The private manager shall bear the cost of an investigation or reinvestigation of the private manager under this subsection.
  - (o) The powers conferred by this Section are in addition and supplemental to the powers conferred by any other law. If any other law or rule is inconsistent with this Section, including, but not limited to, provisions of the Illinois Procurement Code, then this Section controls as to any management agreement entered into under this Section. This Section and any rules adopted under this Section contain full and complete authority for a management agreement between the Department and a private manager. No law, procedure,

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proceeding, publication, notice, consent, approval, order, or act by the Department or any other officer, Department, agency, or instrumentality of the State or any political subdivision is required for the Department to enter into a management agreement under this Section. This Section contains full and complete authority for the Department to approve any contracts entered into by a private manager with a vendor providing goods, services, or both goods and services to the private manager under the terms of the management agreement, including subcontractors of such vendors.

receipt of a written request from the Chief Procurement Officer, the Department shall provide to the Chief Procurement Officer a complete and un-redacted copy of the management agreement or any contract that is subject to the Department's approval authority under this subsection (o). The Department shall provide a copy of the agreement or contract to the Chief Procurement Officer in the time specified by the Chief Procurement Officer in his or her written request, but no later than 5 business days after the request is received by the Department. The Chief Procurement Officer must retain any portions of the management agreement or of any contract designated by the Department as confidential, proprietary, or trade secret information in complete confidence pursuant to subsection (g) of Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act. The Department shall also provide the Chief Procurement Officer with reasonable advance written notice of any contract that is

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1 pending Department approval.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the the Chief Procurement Officer shall contrary, adopt administrative rules, including emergency rules, to establish a procurement process to select a successor private manager if a private management agreement has been terminated. selection process shall at a minimum take into account the criteria set forth in items (1) through (4) of subsection (e) of this Section and may include provisions consistent with subsections (f), (g), (h), and (i) of this Section. The Chief Procurement Officer shall also implement and administer the adopted selection process upon the termination of a private Department, after management agreement. The the Procurement Officer certifies that the procurement process has been followed in accordance with the rules adopted under this subsection (o), shall select a final offeror as the private manager and sign the management agreement with the private manager.

Except as provided in Sections 21.2, 21.5, 21.6, 21.7, 21.8, and 21.9, the Department shall distribute all proceeds of lottery tickets and shares sold in the following priority and manner:

- (1) The payment of prizes and retailer bonuses.
- (2) The payment of costs incurred in the operation and administration of the Lottery, including the payment of sums due to the private manager under the management

agreement with the Department.

- (3) On the last day of each month or as soon thereafter as possible, the State Comptroller shall direct and the State Treasurer shall transfer from the State Lottery Fund to the Common School Fund an amount that is equal to the proceeds transferred in the corresponding month of fiscal year 2009, as adjusted for inflation, to the Common School Fund.
- (4) On or before the last day of each fiscal year, deposit any remaining proceeds, subject to payments under items (1), (2), and (3) into the Capital Projects Fund each fiscal year.
- (p) The Department shall be subject to the following reporting and information request requirements:
  - (1) the Department shall submit written quarterly reports to the Governor and the General Assembly on the activities and actions of the private manager selected under this Section;
  - (2) upon request of the Chief Procurement Officer, the Department shall promptly produce information related to the procurement activities of the Department and the private manager requested by the Chief Procurement Officer; the Chief Procurement Officer must retain confidential, proprietary, or trade secret information designated by the Department in complete confidence pursuant to subsection (g) of Section 7 of the Freedom of

- 1 Information Act; and
- 2 (3) at least 30 days prior to the beginning of the
- 3 Department's fiscal year, the Department shall prepare an
- 4 annual written report on the activities of the private
- 5 manager selected under this Section and deliver that report
- 6 to the Governor and General Assembly.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 97-464, eff. 8-19-11; 98-463, eff. 8-16-13;
- 8 98-649, eff. 6-16-14.)
- 9 Section 15. The Department of Revenue Law of the Civil
- 10 Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section
- 11 2505-305 as follows:
- 12 (20 ILCS 2505/2505-305) (was 20 ILCS 2505/39b15.1)
- 13 Sec. 2505-305. Investigators.
- 14 (a) The Department has the power to appoint investigators
- 15 to conduct all investigations, searches, seizures, arrests,
- 16 and other duties imposed under the provisions of any law
- 17 administered by the Department. Except as provided in
- 18 subsection (c), these investigators have and may exercise all
- 19 the powers of peace officers solely for the purpose of
- 20 enforcing taxing measures administered by the Department.
- 21 (b) The Director must authorize to each investigator
- 22 employed under this Section and to any other employee of the
- 23 Department exercising the powers of a peace officer a distinct
- 24 badge that, on its face, (i) clearly states that the badge is

- 1 authorized by the Department and (ii) contains a unique
- 2 identifying number. No other badge shall be authorized by the
- 3 Department.
- 4 (c) The Department may enter into agreements with the
- 5 Illinois Gaming Board providing that investigators appointed
- 6 under this Section shall exercise the peace officer powers set
- 7 forth in paragraph (20.6) of subsection (c) of Section 5 of the
- 8 Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 96-37, eff. 7-13-09.)
- 10 Section 20. The State Finance Act is amended by changing
- 11 Sections 5d and 6z-45 as follows:
- 12 (30 ILCS 105/5d) (from Ch. 127, par. 141d)
- 13 Sec. 5d. State Construction Account Fund.
- 14 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this Section or
- 15 by Section 5e of this Act, the State Construction Account Fund
- shall be used exclusively for the construction, reconstruction
- and maintenance of the State maintained highway system. Except
- 18 as provided by Section 5e of this Act, none of the money
- 19 deposited in the State Construction Account Fund shall be used
- 20 to pay the cost of administering the Motor Fuel Tax Law as now
- or hereafter amended, nor be appropriated for use by the
- 22 Department of Transportation to pay the cost of its operations
- or administration, nor be used in any manner for the payment of
- 24 regular or contractual employees of the State, nor be

transferred or allocated by the Comptroller and Treasurer or be otherwise used, except for the sole purpose of construction, reconstruction and maintenance of the State maintained highway system as the Illinois General Assembly shall provide by appropriation from this fund. Beginning with the month immediately following the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985, investment income which is attributable to the investment of moneys of the State Construction Account Fund shall be retained in that fund for the uses specified in this Section.

- (b) None of the money deposited into the State Construction

  Account Fund pursuant to subsection (c-40) of Section 13 of the

  Illinois Gambling Act shall be used for the construction,

  reconstruction, or maintenance of highways located within the

  City of Chicago.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 84-431.)
- (30 ILCS 105/6z-45)
- 18 Sec. 6z-45. The School Infrastructure Fund.
- 19 (a) The School Infrastructure Fund is created as a special fund in the State Treasury.

In addition to any other deposits authorized by law, beginning January 1, 2000, on the first day of each month, or as soon thereafter as may be practical, the State Treasurer and State Comptroller shall transfer the sum of \$5,000,000 from the General Revenue Fund to the School Infrastructure Fund, except

that, notwithstanding any other provision of law, and in addition to any other transfers that may be provided for by law, before June 30, 2012, the Comptroller and the Treasurer shall transfer \$45,000,000 from the General Revenue Fund into the School Infrastructure Fund, and, for fiscal year 2013 only, the Treasurer and the Comptroller shall transfer \$1,250,000 from the General Revenue Fund to the School Infrastructure Fund on the first day of each month; provided, however, that no such transfers shall be made from July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2003.

(b) Subject to the transfer provisions set forth below, money in the School Infrastructure Fund shall, if and when the State of Illinois incurs any bonded indebtedness for the construction of school improvements under the School Construction Law, be set aside and used for the purpose of paying and discharging annually the principal and interest on that bonded indebtedness then due and payable, and for no other purpose.

In addition to other transfers to the General Obligation Bond Retirement and Interest Fund made pursuant to Section 15 of the General Obligation Bond Act, upon each delivery of bonds issued for construction of school improvements under the School Construction Law, the State Comptroller shall compute and certify to the State Treasurer the total amount of principal of, interest on, and premium, if any, on such bonds during the then current and each succeeding fiscal year. With respect to

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the interest payable on variable rate bonds, such certifications shall be calculated at the maximum rate of interest that may be payable during the fiscal year, after taking into account any credits permitted in the related indenture or other instrument against the amount of such interest required to be appropriated for that period.

On or before the last day of each month, the State Treasurer and State Comptroller shall transfer from the School Infrastructure Fund to the General Obligation Bond Retirement and Interest Fund an amount sufficient to pay the aggregate of the principal of, interest on, and premium, if any, on the bonds payable on their next payment date, divided by the number of monthly transfers occurring between the last previous payment date (or the delivery date if no payment date has yet occurred) and the next succeeding payment date. Interest payable on variable rate bonds shall be calculated at the maximum rate of interest that may be payable for the relevant period, after taking into account any credits permitted in the related indenture or other instrument against the amount of such interest required to be appropriated for that period. Interest for which moneys have already been deposited into the capitalized interest account within the General Obligation Bond Retirement and Interest Fund shall not be included in the calculation of the amounts to be transferred under this subsection.

(b-5) The money deposited into the School Infrastructure

- Fund from transfers pursuant to subsections (c-30) and (c-35)
- of Section 13 of the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act shall be
- 3 applied, without further direction, as provided in subsection
- 4 (b-3) of Section 5-35 of the School Construction Law.
- 5 (c) The surplus, if any, in the School Infrastructure Fund
- 6 after payments made pursuant to subsections (b) and (b-5) of
- 7 this Section shall, subject to appropriation, be used as
- 8 follows:
- 9 First to make 3 payments to the School Technology
- 10 Revolving Loan Fund as follows:
- 11 Transfer of \$30,000,000 in fiscal year 1999;
- 12 Transfer of \$20,000,000 in fiscal year 2000; and
- 13 Transfer of \$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2001.
- 14 Second to pay the expenses of the State Board of
- 15 Education and the Capital Development Board in administering
- 16 programs under the School Construction Law, the total expenses
- not to exceed \$1,200,000 in any fiscal year.
- 18 Third to pay any amounts due for grants for school
- 19 construction projects and debt service under the School
- 20 Construction Law.
- 21 Fourth to pay any amounts due for grants for school
- 22 maintenance projects under the School Construction Law.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 97-732, eff. 6-30-12; 98-18, eff. 6-7-13.)
- Section 22. The General Obligation Bond Act is amended by
- 25 changing Sections 2 and 3 as follows:

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1 (30 ILCS 330/2) (from Ch. 127, par. 652)

Sec. 2. Authorization for Bonds. The State of Illinois is authorized to issue, sell and provide for the retirement of General Obligation Bonds of the State of Illinois for the categories and specific purposes expressed in Sections 2 through 8 of this Act, in the total amount of \$50,817,925,743 \$49,917,925,743.

The bonds authorized in this Section 2 and in Section 16 of this Act are herein called "Bonds".

Of the total amount of Bonds authorized in this Act, up to \$2,200,000,000 in aggregate original principal amount may be issued and sold in accordance with the Baccalaureate Savings Act in the form of General Obligation College Savings Bonds.

Of the total amount of Bonds authorized in this Act, up to \$300,000,000 in aggregate original principal amount may be issued and sold in accordance with the Retirement Savings Act in the form of General Obligation Retirement Savings Bonds.

Of the total amount of Bonds authorized in this Act, the additional \$10,000,000,000 authorized by Public Act 93-2, the \$3,466,000,000 authorized by Public Act 96-43, and the \$4,096,348,300 authorized by Public Act 96-1497 shall be used solely as provided in Section 7.2.

The issuance and sale of Bonds pursuant to the General Obligation Bond Act is an economical and efficient method of financing the long-term capital needs of the State. This Act

- will permit the issuance of a multi-purpose General Obligation
- 2 Bond with uniform terms and features. This will not only lower
- 3 the cost of registration but also reduce the overall cost of
- 4 issuing debt by improving the marketability of Illinois General
- 5 Obligation Bonds.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-771, eff. 7-10-12;
- 7 97-813, eff. 7-13-12; 98-94, eff. 7-17-13; 98-463, eff.
- 8 8-16-13; 98-781, eff. 7-22-14.)
- 9 (30 ILCS 330/3) (from Ch. 127, par. 653)
- Sec. 3. Capital Facilities. The amount of \$10,653,963,443
- \$9,753,963,443 is authorized to be used for the acquisition,
- development, construction, reconstruction, improvement,
- financing, architectural planning and installation of capital
- 14 facilities within the State, consisting of buildings,
- 15 structures, durable equipment, land, interests in land, and the
- 16 costs associated with the purchase and implementation of
- 17 information technology, including but not limited to the
- 18 purchase of hardware and software, for the following specific
- 19 purposes:
- 20 (a) \$3,393,228,000 for educational purposes by State
- 21 universities and colleges, the Illinois Community College
- Board created by the Public Community College Act and for
- grants to public community colleges as authorized by
- Sections 5-11 and 5-12 of the Public Community College Act;
- 25 (b) \$1,648,420,000 for correctional purposes at State

prison and correctional centers;

- (c) \$599,183,000 for open spaces, recreational and conservation purposes and the protection of land;
- (d) \$751,317,000 for child care facilities, mental and public health facilities, and facilities for the care of disabled veterans and their spouses;
- (e) \$2,152,790,000 for use by the State, its departments, authorities, public corporations, commissions and agencies;
- (f) \$818,100 for cargo handling facilities at port districts and for breakwaters, including harbor entrances, at port districts in conjunction with facilities for small boats and pleasure crafts;
- (g) \$297,177,074 for water resource management projects;
- (h) \$16,940,269 for the provision of facilities for food production research and related instructional and public service activities at the State universities and public community colleges;
- (i) \$36,000,000 for grants by the Secretary of State, as State Librarian, for central library facilities authorized by Section 8 of the Illinois Library System Act and for grants by the Capital Development Board to units of local government for public library facilities;
- (j) \$25,000,000 for the acquisition, development, construction, reconstruction, improvement, financing,

architectural planning and installation of capital facilities consisting of buildings, structures, durable equipment and land for grants to counties, municipalities or public building commissions with correctional facilities that do not comply with the minimum standards of the Department of Corrections under Section 3-15-2 of the Unified Code of Corrections;

- (k) \$5,000,000 for grants in fiscal year 1988 by the Department of Conservation for improvement or expansion of aquarium facilities located on property owned by a park district;
- (1) \$599,590,000 to State agencies for grants to local governments for the acquisition, financing, architectural planning, development, alteration, installation, and construction of capital facilities consisting of buildings, structures, durable equipment, and land; and
- (m) \$228,500,000 for the Illinois Open Land Trust Program as defined by the Illinois Open Land Trust Act.
- (n) \$900,000,000 for the acquisition, development, construction, reconstruction, improvement, financing, architectural planning, and installation of capital facilities consisting of buildings, structures, durable equipment, and land for gambling operations authorized under Section 7.3a of the Illinois Gambling Act.

The amounts authorized above for capital facilities may be used for the acquisition, installation, alteration,

- 1 construction, or reconstruction of capital facilities and for
- 2 the purchase of equipment for the purpose of major capital
- 3 improvements which will reduce energy consumption in State
- 4 buildings or facilities.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 98-94, eff. 7-17-13.)
- 6 Section 25. The Joliet Regional Port District Act is
- 7 amended by changing Section 5.1 as follows:
- 8 (70 ILCS 1825/5.1) (from Ch. 19, par. 255.1)
- 9 Sec. 5.1. Riverboat and casino gambling. Notwithstanding
- any other provision of this Act, the District may not regulate
- 11 the operation, conduct, or navigation of any riverboat gambling
- 12 casino licensed under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, and
- 13 the District may not license, tax, or otherwise levy any
- 14 assessment of any kind on any riverboat gambling casino
- 15 licensed under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act. The General
- 16 Assembly declares that the powers to regulate the operation,
- 17 conduct, and navigation of riverboat gambling casinos and to
- 18 license, tax, and levy assessments upon riverboat gambling
- 19 casinos are exclusive powers of the State of Illinois and the
- 20 Illinois Gaming Board as provided in the Illinois Riverboat
- 21 Gambling Act.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 87-1175.)
- Section 30. The Consumer Installment Loan Act is amended by

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1 changing Section 12.5 as follows:

- 2 (205 ILCS 670/12.5)
- 3 Sec. 12.5. Limited purpose branch.
- (a) Upon the written approval of the Director, a licensee
  may maintain a limited purpose branch for the sole purpose of
  making loans as permitted by this Act. A limited purpose branch
  may include an automatic loan machine. No other activity shall
  be conducted at the site, including but not limited to,
  accepting payments, servicing the accounts, or collections.
  - (b) The licensee must submit an application for a limited purpose branch to the Director on forms prescribed by the Director with an application fee of \$300. The approval for the limited purpose branch must be renewed concurrently with the renewal of the licensee's license along with a renewal fee of \$300 for the limited purpose branch.
    - (c) The books, accounts, records, and files of the limited purpose branch's transactions shall be maintained at the licensee's licensed location. The licensee shall notify the Director of the licensed location at which the books, accounts, records, and files shall be maintained.
  - (d) The licensee shall prominently display at the limited purpose branch the address and telephone number of the licensee's licensed location.
- 24 (e) No other business shall be conducted at the site of the 25 limited purpose branch unless authorized by the Director.

- 1 (f) The Director shall make and enforce reasonable rules 2 for the conduct of a limited purpose branch.
- (g) A limited purpose branch may not be located within

  1,000 feet of a facility operated by an inter-track wagering

  licensee or an organization licensee subject to the Illinois

  Horse Racing Act of 1975, on a riverboat or in a casino subject

  to the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, or within 1,000 feet of

  the location at which the riverboat docks or within 1,000 feet
- 10 (Source: P.A. 90-437, eff. 1-1-98.)
- Section 35. The Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 is amended by changing Sections 54 and 54.75 as follows:
- 13 (230 ILCS 5/54)

of a casino.

- 14 Sec. 54. Horse Racing Equity Fund.
- 15 (a) There is created in the State Treasury a Fund to be
  16 known as the Horse Racing Equity Fund. The Fund shall consist
  17 of moneys paid into it pursuant to subsection (c-5) of Section
  18 13 of the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act. The Fund shall be
  19 administered by the Racing Board.
- 20 (b) The moneys deposited into the Fund shall be distributed 21 by the Racing Board within 10 days after those moneys are 22 deposited into the Fund as follows:
- 23 (1) Fifty percent of all moneys distributed under this 24 subsection shall be distributed to organization licensees

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to be distributed at their race meetings as purses. Fifty-seven percent of the amount distributed under this paragraph (1) shall be distributed for thoroughbred race meetings and 43% shall be distributed for standardbred race meetings. Within each breed, moneys shall be allocated to each organization licensee's purse fund in accordance with the ratio between the purses generated for that breed by that licensee during the prior calendar year and the total purses generated throughout the State for that breed during the prior calendar year.

(2) The remaining 50% of the moneys distributed under this subsection (b) shall be distributed pro rata according to the aggregate proportion of state-wide handle at the racetrack, inter-track, and inter-track wagering locations that derive their licenses from a racetrack identified in this paragraph (2) for calendar years 1994, 1996, and 1997 to (i) any person (or its successors or assigns) who had operating control of a racing facility at which live racing was conducted in calendar year 1997 and who has operating control of an organization licensee that conducted racing in calendar year 1997 and is a licensee in the current year, or (ii) any person (or its successors or assigns) who has operating control of a racing facility located in a county that is bounded by the Mississippi River that has a population of less than 150,000 according to the 1990 decennial census and conducted an average of 60 days of

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racing per year between 1985 and 1993 and has been awarded
an inter-track wagering license in the current year.

If any person identified in this paragraph (2) becomes ineligible to receive moneys from the Fund, such amount shall be redistributed among the remaining persons in proportion to their percentages otherwise calculated.

(Source: P.A. 98-18, eff. 6-7-13.)

(230 ILCS 5/54.75)

Sec. 54.75. Horse Racing Equity Trust Fund.

- (a) There is created a Fund to be known as the Horse Racing Equity Trust Fund, which is a non-appropriated trust fund held separate and apart from State moneys. The Fund shall consist of moneys paid into it by owners licensees under the <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act for the purposes described in this Section. The Fund shall be administered by the Board. Moneys in the Fund shall be distributed as directed and certified by the Board in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b).
- (b) The moneys deposited into the Fund, plus any accrued interest on those moneys, shall be distributed within 10 days after those moneys are deposited into the Fund as follows:
  - (1) Sixty percent of all moneys distributed under this subsection shall be distributed to organization licensees to be distributed at their race meetings as purses. Fifty-seven percent of the amount distributed under this paragraph (1) shall be distributed for thoroughbred race

meetings and 43% shall be distributed for standardbred race meetings. Within each breed, moneys shall be allocated to each organization licensee's purse fund in accordance with the ratio between the purses generated for that breed by that licensee during the prior calendar year and the total purses generated throughout the State for that breed during the prior calendar year by licensees in the current calendar year.

- (2) The remaining 40% of the moneys distributed under this subsection (b) shall be distributed as follows:
  - (A) 11% shall be distributed to any person (or its successors or assigns) who had operating control of a racetrack that conducted live racing in 2002 at a racetrack in a county with at least 230,000 inhabitants that borders the Mississippi River and is a licensee in the current year; and
  - (B) the remaining 89% shall be distributed pro rata according to the aggregate proportion of total handle from wagering on live races conducted in Illinois (irrespective of where the wagers are placed) for calendar years 2004 and 2005 to any person (or its successors or assigns) who (i) had majority operating control of a racing facility at which live racing was conducted in calendar year 2002, (ii) is a licensee in the current year, and (iii) is not eligible to receive moneys under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph (2).

The moneys received by an organization licensee under this paragraph (2) shall be used by each organization licensee to improve, maintain, market, and otherwise operate its racing facilities to conduct live racing, which shall include backstretch services and capital improvements related to live racing and the backstretch. Any organization licensees sharing common ownership may pool the moneys received and spent at all racing facilities commonly owned in order to meet these requirements.

If any person identified in this paragraph (2) becomes ineligible to receive moneys from the Fund, such amount shall be redistributed among the remaining persons in proportion to their percentages otherwise calculated.

- (c) The Board shall monitor organization licensees to ensure that moneys paid to organization licensees under this Section are distributed by the organization licensees as provided in subsection (b).
- 19 (Source: P.A. 95-1008, eff. 12-15-08.)
- Section 40. The Riverboat Gambling Act is amended by changing Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5.1, 6, 7, 7.3, 7.4, 8, 9, 11, 11.1, 12, 13, 14, 15, 18, 18.1, 19, 20, and 24 and by adding Sections 7.3a and 18.2 as follows:
- 24 (230 ILCS 10/1) (from Ch. 120, par. 2401)

- 1 Sec. 1. Short title. This Act shall be known and may be
- 2 cited as the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 86-1029.)
- 4 (230 ILCS 10/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 2402)
- 5 Sec. 2. Legislative Intent.
- 6 (a) This Act is intended to benefit the people of the State
- of Illinois by assisting economic development, and promoting
- 8 Illinois tourism<sub>L</sub> and  $\frac{by}{}$  increasing the amount of revenues
- 9 available to the State to assist and support education, and to
- 10 defray State expenses.
- 11 (b) While authorization of riverboat and casino gambling
- 12 will enhance investment, <u>beautification</u>, development and
- 13 tourism in Illinois, it is recognized that it will do so
- 14 successfully only if public confidence and trust in the
- 15 credibility and integrity of the gambling operations and the
- 16 regulatory process is maintained. Therefore, regulatory
- 17 provisions of this Act are designed to strictly regulate the
- 18 facilities, persons, associations and practices related to
- 19 gambling operations pursuant to the police powers of the State,
- including comprehensive law enforcement supervision.
- 21 (c) The Illinois Gaming Board established under this Act
- should, as soon as possible, inform each applicant for an
- 23 owners license of the Board's intent to grant or deny a
- 24 license.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 93-28, eff. 6-20-03.)

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- (230 ILCS 10/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 2403)
- 2 Sec. 3. Riverboat Gambling Authorized.
  - (a) Riverboat <u>and casino</u> gambling operations <del>and the system</del> of wagering incorporated therein, as defined in this Act, are hereby authorized to the extent that they are carried out in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
    - (b) This Act does not apply to the pari-mutuel system of wagering used or intended to be used in connection with the horse-race meetings as authorized under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, lottery games authorized under the Illinois Lottery Law, bingo authorized under the Bingo License and Tax Act, charitable games authorized under the Charitable Games Act or pull tabs and jar games conducted under the Illinois Pull Tabs and Jar Games Act.
    - (c) Riverboat gambling conducted pursuant to this Act may be authorized upon any water within the State of Illinois or any water other than Lake Michigan which constitutes a boundary of the State of Illinois. Notwithstanding any provision in this subsection (c) to the contrary, a manager conducting gambling operations on behalf of the State may conduct riverboat gambling on Lake Michigan from a home dock located on Lake Michigan. A licensee may conduct riverboat gambling authorized under this Act regardless of whether it conducts excursion cruises. A licensee may permit the continuous ingress and egress of passengers for the purpose of gambling.

- HB2939
- 1 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)
- 2 (230 ILCS 10/4) (from Ch. 120, par. 2404)
- 3 Sec. 4. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 4 (a) "Board" means the Illinois Gaming Board.
- 5 (b) "Occupational license" means a license issued by the
- 6 Board to a person or entity to perform an occupation which the
- 7 Board has identified as requiring a license to engage in
- 8 riverboat gambling or casino gambling in Illinois.
- 9 <del>(c)</del> "Gambling game" includes, but is not limited to,
- 10 baccarat, twenty-one, poker, craps, slot machine, video game of
- 11 chance, roulette wheel, klondike table, punchboard, faro
- 12 layout, keno layout, numbers ticket, push card, jar ticket, or
- 13 pull tab which is authorized by the Board as a wagering device
- 14 under this Act.
- 15 (d) "Riverboat" means a self-propelled excursion boat, a
- permanently moored barge, or permanently moored barges that are
- 17 permanently fixed together to operate as one vessel, on which
- 18 lawful gambling is authorized and licensed as provided in this
- 19 Act.
- 20 <del>(e)</del> "Managers license" means a license issued by the Board
- 21 to a person or entity to manage gambling operations conducted
- by the State pursuant to Section 7.3 or Section 7.3a.
- 23 (f) "Dock" means the location where a riverboat moors for
- 24 the purpose of embarking passengers for and disembarking
- 25 passengers from the riverboat.

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- (g) "Gross receipts" means the total amount of money 1 2 exchanged for the purchase of chips, tokens, or electronic 3 cards by riverboat patrons.
- 4 (h) "Adjusted gross receipts" means the gross receipts less 5 winnings paid to wagerers.
  - (i) "Cheat" means to alter the selection of criteria which determine the result of a gambling game or the amount or frequency of payment in a gambling game.
  - <del>(j) (Blank).</del>
- 10 (k) "Gambling operation" means the conduct of authorized 11 gambling games authorized under this Act upon a riverboat or in 12 a casino.
- 13 (1) "License bid" means the lump sum amount of money that 14 an applicant bids and agrees to pay the State in return for an 15 owners license that is re-issued on or after July 1, 2003.
  - (m) The terms "minority person", "female", and "person with a disability" shall have the same meaning as defined in Section 2 of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act.
- 20 "Casino" means a facility at which lawful gambling is 21 authorized as provided in this Act.
- 22 "Owners license" means a license to conduct riverboat or 23 casino gambling operations and the authorization to conduct 24 gambling operations under Section 7.3a of this Act.
- 25 "Licensed owner" means a person or entity who holds an 26 owners license.

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- 1 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 2 (230 ILCS 10/5) (from Ch. 120, par. 2405)
- 3 Sec. 5. Gaming Board.
  - (a) (1) There is hereby established the Illinois Gaming Board, which shall have the powers and duties specified in this Act, and all other powers necessary and proper to fully and effectively execute this Act for the purpose of administering, regulating, and enforcing the system of riverboat and casino gambling established by this Act. Its jurisdiction shall extend under this Act to every person, association, corporation, partnership and trust involved in riverboat and casino gambling operations in the State of Illinois.
    - (2) The Board shall consist of 5 members to be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, one of whom shall be designated by the Governor to be chairperson chairman. Each member shall have a reasonable knowledge of the practice, procedure and principles of gambling operations. Each member shall either be a resident of Illinois or shall certify that he or she will become a resident of Illinois before taking office.
- On and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of
  the 99th General Assembly, new appointees to the Board must
  include the following:
- 24 (A) One member who has received, at a minimum, a
  25 bachelor's degree from an accredited school and at least 10

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1	years of verifiable training and experience in the fields
2	of investigation and law enforcement.
3	(B) One member who is a certified public accountant
4	with experience in auditing and with knowledge of complex
5	corporate structures and transactions.
6	(C) One member who has 5 years' experience as a
7	principal, senior officer, or director of a company or
8	business with either material responsibility for the daily
9	operations and management of the overall company or
10	business or material responsibility for the policy making
11	of the company or business.
12	(D) One member who is a lawyer licensed to practice law
13	in Illinois.
14	Notwithstanding any provision of this subsection (a), the
15	requirements of subparagraphs (A) through (D) of this paragraph
16	(2) shall not apply to any person reappointed pursuant to
17	paragraph (3).
18	No more than 3 members of the Board may be from the same
19	political party. The Board should reflect the ethnic, cultural,
20	and geographic diversity of the State. No Board member shall,
21	within a period of one year immediately preceding nomination,
22	have been employed or received compensation or fees for

23 services from a person or entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in business with the Board, a licensee, or a 24 licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. Board 25 26 members must publicly disclose all prior affiliations with

- gaming interests, including any compensation, fees, bonuses, salaries, and other reimbursement received from a person or entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in business with the Board, a licensee, or a licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. This disclosure must be made within 30 days after nomination but prior to confirmation by the Senate and must be made available to the members of the Senate. At least one member shall be experienced in law enforcement and criminal investigation, at least one member shall be a certified public accountant experienced in accounting and auditing, and at least one member shall be a lawyer licensed to practice law in Illinois.
  - (3) The terms of office of the Board members shall be 3 years, except that the terms of office of the initial Board members appointed pursuant to this Act will commence from the effective date of this Act and run as follows: one for a term ending July 1, 1991, 2 for a term ending July 1, 1992, and 2 for a term ending July 1, 1993. Upon the expiration of the foregoing terms, the successors of such members shall serve a term for 3 years and until their successors are appointed and qualified for like terms. Vacancies in the Board shall be filled for the unexpired term in like manner as original appointments. Each member of the Board shall be eligible for reappointment at the discretion of the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.
    - (4) Each member of the Board shall receive \$300 for each

- day the Board meets and for each day the member conducts any hearing pursuant to this Act. Each member of the Board shall also be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the execution of official duties.
  - (5) No person shall be appointed a member of the Board or continue to be a member of the Board who is, or whose spouse, child or parent is, a member of the board of directors of, or a person financially interested in, any gambling operation subject to the jurisdiction of this Board, or any race track, race meeting, racing association or the operations thereof subject to the jurisdiction of the Illinois Racing Board. No Board member shall hold any other public office. No person shall be a member of the Board who is not of good moral character or who has been convicted of, or is under indictment for, a felony under the laws of Illinois or any other state, or the United States.
  - (5.5) No member of the Board shall engage in any political activity. For the purposes of this Section, "political" means any activity in support of or in connection with any campaign for federal, State, or local elective office or any political organization, but does not include activities (i) relating to the support or opposition of any executive, legislative, or administrative action (as those terms are defined in Section 2 of the Lobbyist Registration Act), (ii) relating to collective bargaining, or (iii) that are otherwise in furtherance of the person's official State duties or governmental and public

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- 1 service functions.
  - (6) Any member of the Board may be removed by the Governor for neglect of duty, misfeasance, malfeasance, or nonfeasance in office or for engaging in any political activity.
    - (7) Before entering upon the discharge of the duties of his office, each member of the Board shall take an oath that he will faithfully execute the duties of his office according to the laws of the State and the rules and regulations adopted therewith and shall give bond to the State of Illinois, approved by the Governor, in the sum of \$25,000. Every such bond, when duly executed and approved, shall be recorded in the office of the Secretary of State. Whenever the Governor determines that the bond of any member of the Board has become or is likely to become invalid or insufficient, he shall require such member forthwith to renew his bond, which is to be approved by the Governor. Any member of the Board who fails to take oath and give bond within 30 days from the date of his appointment, or who fails to renew his bond within 30 days after it is demanded by the Governor, shall be guilty of neglect of duty and may be removed by the Governor. The cost of any bond given by any member of the Board under this Section shall be taken to be a part of the necessary expenses of the Board.
    - (7.5) For the examination of all mechanical, electromechanical, or electronic table games, slot machines, slot accounting systems, and other electronic gaming equipment

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- for compliance with this Act, the Board may utilize the 1 independent 2 services of one or more outside testing 3 laboratories that have been accredited by a national accreditation body and that, in the judgment of the Board, are 5 qualified to perform such examinations.
  - (8) The Board shall employ such personnel as may be necessary to carry out its functions and shall determine the salaries of all personnel, except those personnel whose salaries are determined under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement. No person shall be employed to serve the Board who is, or whose spouse, parent or child is, an official of, or has a financial interest in or financial relation with, any operator engaged in gambling operations within this State or any organization engaged in conducting horse racing within this State. Any employee violating these prohibitions shall be subject to termination of employment.
  - (9) An Administrator shall perform any and all duties that the Board shall assign him. The salary of the Administrator shall be determined by the Board and, in addition, he shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses incurred by him in discharge of his official duties. The Administrator shall keep records of all proceedings of the Board and shall preserve all records, books, documents and other papers belonging to the Board or entrusted to its care. The Administrator shall devote his full time to the duties of the office and shall not hold any other office or employment.

- (b) The Board shall have general responsibility for the implementation of this Act. Its duties include, without limitation, the following:
  - (1) To decide promptly and in reasonable order all license applications. Any party aggrieved by an action of the Board denying, suspending, revoking, restricting or refusing to renew a license may request a hearing before the Board. A request for a hearing must be made to the Board in writing within 5 days after service of notice of the action of the Board. Notice of the action of the Board shall be served either by personal delivery or by certified mail, postage prepaid, to the aggrieved party. Notice served by certified mail shall be deemed complete on the business day following the date of such mailing. The Board shall conduct all requested hearings promptly and in reasonable order;
  - (2) To conduct all hearings pertaining to civil violations of this Act or rules and regulations promulgated hereunder;
  - (3) To promulgate such rules and regulations as in its judgment may be necessary to protect or enhance the credibility and integrity of gambling operations authorized by this Act and the regulatory process hereunder;
  - (4) To provide for the establishment and collection of all license and registration fees and taxes imposed by this

Act and the rules and regulations issued pursuant hereto.

All such fees and taxes shall be deposited into the State

Gaming Fund;

- (5) To provide for the levy and collection of penalties and fines for the violation of provisions of this Act and the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder. All such fines and penalties shall be deposited into the Education Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of the State of Illinois:
- (6) To be present through its inspectors and agents any time gambling operations are conducted on any riverboat or in any casino for the purpose of certifying the revenue thereof, receiving complaints from the public, and conducting such other investigations into the conduct of the gambling games and the maintenance of the equipment as from time to time the Board may deem necessary and proper;
- (7) To review and rule upon any complaint by a licensee regarding any investigative procedures of the State which are unnecessarily disruptive of gambling operations. The need to inspect and investigate shall be presumed at all times. The disruption of a licensee's operations shall be proved by clear and convincing evidence, and establish that: (A) the procedures had no reasonable law enforcement purposes, and (B) the procedures were so disruptive as to unreasonably inhibit gambling operations;
  - (8) To hold at least one meeting each quarter of the

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fiscal year. In addition, special meetings may be called by the Chairman or any 2 Board members upon 72 hours written notice to each member. All Board meetings shall be subject to the Open Meetings Act. Three members of the Board shall constitute a quorum, and 3 votes shall be required for any final determination by the Board. The Board shall keep a complete and accurate record of all its meetings. A majority of the members of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business, for the performance of any duty, or for the exercise of any power which this Act requires the Board members to transact, perform or exercise en banc, except that, upon order of the Board, one of the Board members or an administrative law judge designated by the Board may conduct any hearing provided for under this Act or by Board rule and may recommend findings and decisions to the Board. The Board member or administrative law judge conducting such hearing shall have all powers and rights granted to the Board in this Act. The record made at the time of the hearing shall be reviewed by the Board, or a majority thereof, and the findings and decision of the majority of the Board shall constitute the order of the Board in such case;

(9) To maintain records which are separate and distinct from the records of any other State board or commission. Such records shall be available for public inspection and shall accurately reflect all Board proceedings;

- (10) To file a written annual report with the Governor on or before March 1 each year and such additional reports as the Governor may request. The annual report shall include a statement of receipts and disbursements by the Board, actions taken by the Board, and any additional information and recommendations which the Board may deem valuable or which the Governor may request;
  - (11) (Blank);
  - (12) (Blank);
- (13) To assume responsibility for administration and enforcement of the Video Gaming Act; and
- (14) To adopt, by rule, a code of conduct governing Board members and employees that <u>ensures</u> ensure, to the maximum extent possible, that persons subject to this Code avoid situations, relationships, or associations that may represent or lead to a conflict of interest.
- (c) The Board shall have jurisdiction over and shall supervise all gambling operations governed by this Act. The Board shall have all powers necessary and proper to fully and effectively execute the provisions of this Act, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - (1) To investigate applicants and determine the eligibility of applicants for licenses and to select among competing applicants the applicants which best serve the interests of the citizens of Illinois.
    - (2) To have jurisdiction and supervision over all

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riverboat gambling operations authorized under this Act in this State and all persons in places on riverboats where gambling operations are conducted.

- (3) To promulgate rules and regulations for the purpose administering the provisions of this Act and to prescribe rules, regulations and conditions under which all riverboat gambling operations subject to this Act in the State shall be conducted. Such rules and regulations are to provide for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest and for the best interests of riverboat gambling, including rules and regulations regarding the inspection of casinos and such riverboats, and the review of any permits or licenses necessary to operate a riverboat or casino under any laws or regulations applicable to riverboats or casinos, and to penalties for violations thereof.
- (4) To enter the office, riverboats, casinos, and other facilities, or other places of business of a licensee, where evidence of the compliance or noncompliance with the provisions of this Act is likely to be found.
- (5) To investigate alleged violations of this Act or the rules of the Board and to take appropriate disciplinary action against a licensee or a holder of an occupational license for a violation, or institute appropriate legal action for enforcement, or both.
  - (6) To adopt standards for the licensing of all persons

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and entities under <u>Section 7 of</u> this Act, as well as for electronic or mechanical gambling games, and to establish fees for such licenses.

- (7) To adopt appropriate standards for all riverboats, casinos, and other facilities authorized under this Act.
- (8) To require that the records, including financial or other statements of any licensee under this Act, shall be kept in such manner as prescribed by the Board and that any such licensee involved in the ownership or management of gambling operations submit to the Board an annual balance sheet and profit and loss statement, list of the stockholders or other persons having a 1% or greater beneficial interest in the gambling activities of each licensee, and any other information the Board deems necessary in order to effectively administer this Act and all rules, regulations, orders and final decisions promulgated under this Act.
- (9) To conduct hearings, issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and subpoenas duces tecum for the production of books, records and other pertinent documents in accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and to administer oaths and affirmations to the witnesses, when, in the judgment of the Board, it is necessary to administer or enforce this Act or the Board rules.
  - (10) To prescribe a form to be used by any licensee

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involved in the ownership or management of gambling operations as an application for employment for their employees.

(11) To revoke or suspend licenses, as the Board may see fit and in compliance with applicable laws of the State administrative procedures, and to applications for the renewal of licenses. The Board may suspend an owners license, without notice or hearing, upon a determination that the safety or health of patrons or employees is jeopardized by continuing а gambling operation conducted under that license riverboat's operation. The suspension may remain in effect until the Board determines that the cause for suspension has been abated. The Board may revoke an the owners license upon a determination that the licensee <del>owner</del> has satisfactory progress toward abating the hazard. The authority to revoke or suspend licenses under this paragraph (11) does not extend to the authorization to conduct casino gambling operations under Section 7.3a of this Act.

(12) To eject or exclude or authorize the ejection or exclusion of, any person from riverboat gambling facilities where that such person is in violation of this Act, rules and regulations thereunder, or final orders of the Board, or where such person's conduct or reputation is such that his or her presence within the riverboat gambling

facilities may, in the opinion of the Board, call into question the honesty and integrity of the gambling operations or interfere with the orderly conduct thereof; provided that the propriety of such ejection or exclusion is subject to subsequent hearing by the Board.

- (13) To require all licensees of gambling operations to utilize a cashless wagering system whereby all players' money is converted to tokens, electronic cards, or chips which shall be used only for wagering in the gambling establishment.
  - (14) (Blank).
- (15) To suspend, revoke, or restrict licenses, to require the removal of a licensee or an employee of a licensee for a violation of this Act or a Board rule or for engaging in a fraudulent practice, and to impose civil penalties of up to \$5,000 against individuals and up to \$10,000 or an amount equal to the daily gross receipts, whichever is larger, against licensees for each violation of any provision of the Act, any rules adopted by the Board, any order of the Board or any other action which, in the Board's discretion, is a detriment or impediment to riverboat gambling operations. The authority to suspend, revoke, or restrict licenses under this paragraph (15) does not extend to the authorization to conduct casino gambling operations under Section 7.3a of this Act.
  - (16) To hire employees to gather information, conduct

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investigations and carry out any other tasks contemplated under this Act.

- (17) To establish minimum levels of insurance to be maintained by licensees.
- (18) To authorize a licensee to sell or serve alcoholic liquors, wine or beer as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934 on board a riverboat or in a casino and to have exclusive authority to establish the hours for sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor on board a riverboat or in a casino, notwithstanding any provision of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or any local ordinance, and regardless  $\circ f$ whether the riverboat makes excursions. The establishment of the hours for sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor on board a riverboat or in a casino is an exclusive power and function of the State. A home rule unit may not establish the hours for sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor on board a riverboat or in a casino. This paragraph (18) amendatory Act of 1991 is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.
- (19) After consultation with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, to establish binding emergency orders upon the concurrence of a majority of the members of the Board regarding the navigability of water, relative to excursions, in the event of extreme weather conditions,

acts of God or other extreme circumstances.

- (20) To delegate the execution of any of its powers under this Act for the purpose of administering and enforcing this Act and the its rules adopted by the Board under this Act and regulations hereunder.
- (20.5) To approve any contract entered into on its behalf.
- (20.6) To appoint investigators to conduct investigations, searches, seizures, arrests, and other duties imposed under this Act, as deemed necessary by the Board. These investigators have and may exercise all of the rights and powers of peace officers, provided that these powers shall be limited to offenses or violations occurring or committed <u>in a casino or</u> on a riverboat or dock, as defined in subsections (d) and (f) of Section 4, or as otherwise provided by this Act or any other law.
- (20.7) To contract with the Department of State Police for the use of trained and qualified State police officers and with the Department of Revenue for the use of trained and qualified Department of Revenue investigators to conduct investigations, searches, seizures, arrests, and other duties imposed under this Act and to exercise all of the rights and powers of peace officers, provided that the powers of Department of Revenue investigators under this paragraph subdivision (20.7) shall be limited to offenses or violations occurring or committed in a casino or on a

riverboat or dock, as defined in subsections (d) and (f) of Section 4, or as otherwise provided by this Act or any other law. In the event the Department of State Police or the Department of Revenue is unable to fill contracted police or investigative positions, the Board may appoint investigators to fill those positions pursuant to paragraph subdivision (20.6).

- (21) To take any other action as may be reasonable or appropriate to enforce this Act and the rules adopted by the Board under this Act and regulations hereunder.
- All Board powers enumerated in this Section in relation to licensees shall apply equally to the holder of a managers license issued pursuant to Section 7.3 of this Act.
- (d) The Board may seek and shall receive the cooperation of the Department of State Police in conducting background investigations of applicants and in fulfilling its responsibilities under this Section. Costs incurred by the Department of State Police as a result of such cooperation shall be paid by the Board in conformance with the requirements of Section 2605-400 of the Department of State Police Law (20 ILCS 2605/2605-400).
- (e) The Board must authorize to each investigator and to any other employee of the Board exercising the powers of a peace officer a distinct badge that, on its face, (i) clearly states that the badge is authorized by the Board and (ii) contains a unique identifying number. No other badge shall be

- 1 authorized by the Board.
- 2 (f) The Board, on behalf of the State of Illinois, is
- 3 authorized to acquire by conveyance from the City of Chicago in
- 4 Cook County, Illinois real estate acquired by the City of
- 5 Chicago under subsection (b) of Section 7.3a of this Act.
- The Board shall have the authority to hold title to
- 7 property as provided in subsection (b) of Section 7.3a of this
- 8 <u>Act.</u>
- 9 (Source: P.A. 98-377, eff. 1-1-14; 98-582, eff. 8-27-13.)
- 10 (230 ILCS 10/5.1) (from Ch. 120, par. 2405.1)
- 11 Sec. 5.1. Disclosure of records.
- 12 (a) Notwithstanding any applicable statutory provision to
- 13 the contrary, the Board shall, on written request from any
- 14 person, provide information furnished by an applicant or
- 15 licensee concerning the applicant or licensee, his products,
- services or gambling enterprises and his business holdings, as
- 17 follows:
- 18 (1) The name, business address and business telephone
- 19 number of any applicant or licensee.
- 20 (2) An identification of any applicant or licensee
- 21 including, if an applicant or licensee is not an
- individual, the state of incorporation or registration,
- 23 the corporate officers, and the identity of all
- shareholders or participants. If an applicant or licensee
- 25 has a pending registration statement filed with the

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Securities and Exchange Commission, only the names of those persons or entities holding interest of 5% or more must be provided.

- (3) An identification of any business, including, if applicable, the state of incorporation or registration, in which an applicant or licensee or an applicant's or licensee's spouse or children has an equity interest of more than 1%. If an applicant or licensee is a corporation, partnership or other business entity, the applicant or licensee shall identify any other corporation, partnership or business entity in which it has an equity interest of 1% including, if applicable, the more, state or incorporation or registration. This information need not be provided by a corporation, partnership or other business entity that has a pending registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- (4) Whether an applicant or licensee has been indicted, convicted, pleaded guilty or nolo contendere, or forfeited bail concerning any criminal offense under the laws of any jurisdiction, either felony or misdemeanor (except for traffic violations), including the date, the name and location of the court, arresting agency and prosecuting agency, the case number, the offense, the disposition and the location and length of incarceration.
- (5) Whether an applicant or licensee has had any license or certificate issued by a licensing authority in

- (6) Whether an applicant or licensee has ever filed or had filed against it a proceeding in bankruptcy or has ever been involved in any formal process to adjust, defer, suspend or otherwise work out the payment of any debt including the date of filing, the name and location of the court, the case and number of the disposition.
- (7) Whether an applicant or licensee has filed, or been served with a complaint or other notice filed with any public body, regarding the delinquency in the payment of, or a dispute over the filings concerning the payment of, any tax required under federal, State or local law, including the amount, type of tax, the taxing agency and time periods involved.
- (8) A statement listing the names and titles of all public officials or officers of any unit of government, and relatives of said public officials or officers who, directly or indirectly, own any financial interest in, have any beneficial interest in, are the creditors of or hold any debt instrument issued by, or hold or have any interest

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- 1 in any contractual or service relationship with, 2 applicant or licensee.
  - (9) Whether an applicant or licensee has made, directly or indirectly, any political contribution, or any loans, donations or other payments, to any candidate or office holder, within 5 years from the date of filing the application, including the amount and the method of payment.
  - (10) The name and business telephone number of the counsel representing an applicant or licensee in matters before the Board.
  - A description of any proposed or (11)approved riverboat or casino gaming operation, including the type of boat, home dock or casino location, expected economic benefit to the community, anticipated or actual number of employees, any statement from an applicant or licensee regarding compliance with federal and State affirmative action guidelines, projected or actual admissions and projected or actual adjusted gross gaming receipts.
  - (12) A description of the product or service to be supplied by an applicant for a supplier's license.
  - (b) Notwithstanding any applicable statutory provision to the contrary, the Board shall, on written request from any person, also provide the following information:
    - (1) The amount of the wagering tax and admission tax paid daily to the State of Illinois by the holder of an

- 1 owner's license.
- 2 (2) Whenever the Board finds an applicant for an 3 owner's license unsuitable for licensing, a copy of the 4 written letter outlining the reasons for the denial.
- 5 (3) Whenever the Board has refused to grant leave for 6 an applicant to withdraw his application, a copy of the 7 letter outlining the reasons for the refusal.
  - (c) Subject to the above provisions, the Board shall not disclose any information which would be barred by:
- 10 (1) Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act; or
- 11 (2) The statutes, rules, regulations or 12 intergovernmental agreements of any jurisdiction.
- 13 (d) The Board may assess fees for the copying of
  14 information in accordance with Section 6 of the Freedom of
  15 Information Act.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 17 (230 ILCS 10/6) (from Ch. 120, par. 2406)
- 18 Sec. 6. Application for Owners License.
- 19 (a) A qualified person may apply to the Board for an owners
  20 license to conduct a riverboat gambling operation as provided
  21 in Section 7 of this Act. The application shall be made on
  22 forms provided by the Board and shall contain such information
  23 as the Board prescribes, including but not limited to the
  24 identity of the riverboat on which such gambling operation is
  25 to be conducted and the exact location where such riverboat

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- will be docked, a certification that the riverboat will be registered under this Act at all times during which gambling operations are conducted on board, detailed information regarding the ownership and management of the applicant, and detailed personal information regarding the applicant. Any application for an owners license to be re-issued on or after June 1, 2003 shall also include the applicant's license bid in a form prescribed by the Board. Information provided on the application shall be used as a basis for a thorough background investigation which the Board shall conduct with respect to each applicant. An incomplete application shall be cause for denial of a license by the Board.
- (b) Applicants shall submit with their application all documents, resolutions, and letters of support from governing body that represents the municipality or county wherein the licensee will dock.
- (c) Each applicant shall disclose the identity of every person, association, trust or corporation having a greater than 1% direct or indirect pecuniary interest in the riverboat gambling operation with respect to which the license is sought. If the disclosed entity is a trust, the application shall disclose the names and addresses of the beneficiaries; if a corporation, the names and addresses of all stockholders and directors; if a partnership, the names and addresses of all partners, both general and limited.
  - (d) An application shall be filed and considered in

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accordance with the rules of the Board. An application fee of \$50,000 shall be paid at the time of filing to defray the costs associated with the background investigation conducted by the Board. If the costs of the investigation exceed \$50,000, the applicant shall pay the additional amount to the Board. If the costs of the investigation are less than \$50,000, the applicant shall receive a refund of the remaining amount. All information, records, interviews, reports, statements, memoranda or other data supplied to or used by the Board in the course of its review or investigation of an application for a license or a renewal under this Act shall be privileged, strictly confidential and shall be used only for the purpose of evaluating an applicant for a license or a renewal. Such information, records, interviews, reports, statements. memoranda or other data shall not be admissible as evidence, nor discoverable in any action of any kind in any court or before any tribunal, board, agency or person, except for any action deemed necessary by the Board.

- (e) The Board shall charge each applicant a fee set by the Department of State Police to defray the costs associated with the search and classification of fingerprints obtained by the Board with respect to the applicant's application. These fees shall be paid into the State Police Services Fund.
- (f) The licensed owner shall be the person primarily responsible for the boat itself. Only one riverboat gambling operation may be authorized by the Board on any riverboat. The

- 1 applicant must identify each riverboat it intends to use and
- 2 certify that the riverboat: (1) has the authorized capacity
- 3 required in this Act; (2) is accessible to disabled persons;
- 4 and (3) is fully registered and licensed in accordance with any
- 5 applicable laws.
- 6 (g) A person who knowingly makes a false statement on an
- 7 application is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 9 (230 ILCS 10/7) (from Ch. 120, par. 2407)
- 10 Sec. 7. Owners Licenses.
- 11 (a) The Board shall issue owners licenses to persons  $\underline{\text{or}}$
- 12 <u>entities</u> , firms or corporations which apply for such licenses
- upon payment to the Board of the non-refundable license fee set
- by the Board, upon payment of a \$25,000 license fee for the
- 15 first year of operation and a \$5,000 license fee for each
- succeeding year and upon a determination by the Board that the
- 17 applicant is eligible for an owners license pursuant to this
- 18 Act and the rules of the Board. From the effective date of this
- amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly until (i) 3 years
- after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th
- 21 General Assembly, (ii) the date any organization licensee
- begins to operate a slot machine or video game of chance under
- 23 the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or this Act, (iii) the
- 24 date that payments begin under subsection (c-5) of Section 13
- of the Act, or (iv) the wagering tax imposed under Section 13

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of this Act is increased by law to reflect a tax rate that is at least as stringent or more stringent than the tax rate contained in subsection (a-3) of Section 13, whichever occurs first, as a condition of licensure and as an alternative source of payment for those funds payable under subsection (c-5) of Section 13 of this the Riverboat Gambling Act, any owners licensee that holds or receives its owners license on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, other than an owners licensee operating a riverboat with adjusted gross receipts in calendar year 2004 of less than \$200,000,000, must pay into the Horse Racing Equity Trust Fund, in addition to any other payments required under this Act, an amount equal to 3% of the adjusted gross receipts received by the owners licensee. The payments required under this Section shall be made by the owners licensee to the State Treasurer no later than 3:00 o'clock p.m. of the day after the day when the adjusted gross receipts were received by the owners licensee. A person, firm or entity corporation is ineligible to receive an owners license if:

- (1) the person has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this State, any other state, or the United States;
- (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or substantially similar laws of any other jurisdiction;
  - (3) the person or entity has submitted an application

1	for	a	license	under	this	Act	which	contains	false
2	info	rma	tion;						

- (4) the person is a member of the Board;
- (5) a person defined in (1), (2), (3) or (4) is an officer, director or managerial employee of the entity firm or corporation;
- (6) the <u>entity</u> <u>firm or corporation</u> employs a person defined in (1), (2), (3) or (4) who participates in the management or operation of gambling operations authorized under this Act;
  - (7) (blank); or
- (8) a license of the person or entity , firm or corporation issued under this Act, or a license to own or operate gambling facilities in any other jurisdiction, has been revoked.
- The Board is expressly prohibited from making changes to the requirement that licensees make payment into the Horse Racing Equity Trust Fund without the express authority of the Illinois General Assembly and making any other rule to implement or interpret this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. For the purposes of this paragraph, "rules" is given the meaning given to that term in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.
- 24 (b) In determining whether to grant an owners license to an applicant, the Board shall consider:
- 26 (1) the character, reputation, experience and

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1	financial integrity of the applicants and of any other or
2	separate person that either:
3	(A) controls, directly or indirectly, such
4	applicant, or
5	(B) is controlled, directly or indirectly, by such
6	applicant or by a person which controls, directly or
7	<pre>indirectly, such applicant;</pre>
8	(2) the facilities or proposed facilities for the
9	conduct of riverboat gambling;
10	(3) the highest prospective total revenue to be derived
11	by the State from the conduct of riverboat gambling;
12	(4) the extent to which the ownership of the applicant
13	reflects the diversity of the State by including minority
14	persons, females, and persons with a disability and the
15	good faith affirmative action plan of each applicant to
16	recruit, train and upgrade minority persons, females, and
17	persons with a disability in all employment
18	classifications;
19	(5) the financial ability of the applicant to purchase
20	and maintain adequate liability and casualty insurance;
21	(6) whether the applicant has adequate capitalization
22	to provide and maintain, for the duration of a license, a
23	riverboat;

(7) the extent to which the applicant exceeds or meets

other standards for the issuance of an owners license which

the Board may adopt by rule; and

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- 1 (8) the The amount of the applicant's license bid.
- 2 (c) Each owners license shall specify the place where riverboats shall operate and dock.
  - (d) Each applicant shall submit with his application, on forms provided by the Board, 2 sets of his fingerprints.
  - (e) The Board may issue up to 10 licenses authorizing the holders of such licenses to own riverboats. In the application for an owners license, the applicant shall state the dock at which the riverboat is based and the water on which the riverboat will be located. The Board shall issue 5 licenses to become effective not earlier than January 1, 1991. Three of such licenses shall authorize riverboat gambling on the Mississippi River, or, with approval by the municipality in which the riverboat was docked on August 7, 2003 and with Board approval, be authorized to relocate to a new location, in a municipality that (1) borders on the Mississippi River or is within 5 miles of the city limits of a municipality that borders on the Mississippi River and (2), on August 7, 2003, had a riverboat conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to a license issued under this Act; one of which shall authorize riverboat gambling from a home dock in the city of East St. Louis. One other license shall authorize riverboat gambling on the Illinois River south of Marshall County. The Board shall issue one additional license to become effective not earlier than March 1, 1992, which shall authorize riverboat gambling on the Des Plaines River in Will County. The Board may

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issue 4 additional licenses to become effective not earlier 1 2 than March 1, 1992. In determining the water upon which 3 riverboats will operate, the Board shall consider the economic benefit which riverboat gambling confers on the State, and 5 shall seek to assure that all regions of the State share in the economic benefits of riverboat gambling. 6

In granting all licenses, the Board may give favorable consideration to economically depressed areas of the State, to applicants presenting plans which provide for significant economic development over a large geographic area, and to applicants who currently operate non-gambling riverboats in Illinois. The Board shall review all applications for owners licenses, and shall inform each applicant of the Board's decision. The Board may grant an owners license to an applicant that has not submitted the highest license bid, but if it does not select the highest bidder, the Board shall issue a written decision explaining why another applicant was selected and identifying the factors set forth in this Section that favored the winning bidder.

(e-10) In addition to any other revocation powers granted to the Board under this Act, the Board may revoke the owners license of a licensee which fails to begin conducting gambling within 15 months of receipt of the Board's approval of the application if the Board determines that license revocation is in the best interests of the State.

(f) The first 10 owners licenses issued under this Act

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- shall permit the holder to own up to 2 riverboats and equipment thereon for a period of 3 years after the effective date of the license. Holders of the first 10 owners licenses must pay the annual license fee for each of the 3 years during which they
- 5 are authorized to own riverboats.
  - (g) Upon the termination, expiration, or revocation of each of the first 10 licenses, which shall be issued for a 3 year period, all licenses are renewable annually upon payment of the fee and a determination by the Board that the licensee continues to meet all of the requirements of this Act and the Board's rules. However, for licenses renewed on or after May 1, 1998, renewal shall be for a period of 4 years, unless the Board sets a shorter period.
- 14 (h) An owners license <u>issued under this Section</u> shall 15 entitle the licensee to own up to 2 riverboats.
  - A licensee shall limit the number of <u>gaming positions</u> gambling participants to 1,200 for any such owners license.
    - A licensee may operate both of its riverboats concurrently, provided that the total number of gaming positions gambling participants on both riverboats does not exceed 1,200. Riverboats licensed to operate on the Mississippi River and the Illinois River south of Marshall County shall have an authorized capacity of at least 500 persons. Any other riverboat licensed under this Act shall have an authorized capacity of at least 400 persons.
      - (i) A licensed owner is authorized to apply to the Board

- for and, if approved therefor, to receive all licenses from the 1 2 Board necessary for the operation of a riverboat, including a 3 liquor license, a license to prepare and serve food for human consumption, and other necessary licenses. All use, occupation 4 5 and excise taxes which apply to the sale of food and beverages in this State and all taxes imposed on the sale or use of 6 tangible personal property apply to such sales aboard the 7 8 riverboat.
- 9 (j) The Board may issue or re-issue a license authorizing a 10 riverboat to dock in a municipality or approve a relocation 11 under Section 11.2 only if, prior to the issuance or 12 re-issuance of the license or approval, the governing body of the municipality in which the riverboat will dock has by a 13 14 majority vote approved the docking of riverboats in the 15 municipality. The Board may issue or re-issue a license 16 authorizing a riverboat to dock in areas of a county outside 17 any municipality or approve a relocation under Section 11.2 only if, prior to the issuance or re-issuance of the license or 18 19 approval, the governing body of the county has by a majority 20 vote approved of the docking of riverboats within such areas.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- 22 (230 ILCS 10/7.3)
- Sec. 7.3. State conduct of gambling operations; reissued
- 24 license.
- 25 (a) If, after reviewing each application for a re-issued

- license, the Board determines that the highest prospective total revenue to the State would be derived from State conduct of the gambling operation in lieu of re-issuing the license, the Board shall inform each applicant of its decision. The Board shall thereafter have the authority, without obtaining an owners license, to conduct riverboat gambling operations as previously authorized by the terminated, expired, revoked, or nonrenewed license through a licensed manager selected pursuant to an open and competitive bidding process as set forth in Section 7.5 and as provided in Section 7.4.
- (b) The Board may locate any riverboat on which a gambling operation is conducted by the State in any home dock location authorized by Section 3(c) upon receipt of approval from a majority vote of the governing body of the municipality or county, as the case may be, in which the riverboat will dock.
- (c) The Board shall have jurisdiction over and shall supervise all gambling operations conducted by the State provided for in this Act and shall have all powers necessary and proper to fully and effectively execute the provisions of this Act relating to gambling operations conducted by the State.
- (d) The maximum number of owners licenses authorized under Section  $\frac{7}{7}$  (e) shall be reduced by one for each instance in which the Board authorizes the State to conduct a riverboat gambling operation under subsection (a) in lieu of re-issuing a license to an applicant under Section 7.1.

HB2939

- 1 (Source: P.A. 93-28, eff. 6-20-03.)
- 2 (230 ILCS 10/7.3a new)
- 3 Sec. 7.3a. State conduct of gambling operations; Chicago
- 4 casino.
- 5 <u>(a) The Board is authorized to conduct gambling operations</u>
- on a riverboat or in a casino, through a licensed manager,
- 7 within the City of Chicago.
- 8 (b) The City of Chicago shall select the site for the
- 9 gambling operation and acquire, upon consultation with the
- 10 Capital Development Board, any land necessary for its
- 11 construction. For the purposes of this subsection (b), the City
- of Chicago may acquire, by eminent domain or by condemnation
- 13 proceedings in the manner provided by the Eminent Domain Act,
- 14 real or personal property or interests in real or personal
- 15 property located in the City of Chicago, and the City of
- 16 Chicago shall convey to the Illinois Gaming Board property so
- 17 acquired upon reimbursement to the City of Chicago of the
- purchase price of the property, plus reasonable interest costs.
- 19 The acquisition of property under this subsection (b) is
- declared to be for a public use.
- 21 (c) The Capital Development Board shall construct, repair,
- 22 and maintain, or contract for and supervise the construction,
- 23 repair, and maintenance of, facilities for use by the Board to
- 24 conduct gambling operations under this Section.
- 25 (d) The Board must select and license a manager for the

- gambling operations authorized under this Section pursuant to 1 2 Section 7.4 of this Act within 6 months after the effective 3 date of this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly. The 4 Board may, upon written request to the majority and minority 5 leaders of the House of Representatives and the Senate no less than 14 days prior to the expiration of the 6-month period, 6 7 request an extension on this deadline to select and license a manager of no more than 45 days. Either house of the General 8 9 Assembly may, by resolution, deny the 45-day extension.
- 10 (e) The qambling operation authorized under this Section
  11 shall operate not less than 4,000 positions or more than 10,000
  12 positions.
- (f) The Board shall have jurisdiction over and shall

  supervise all gambling operations conducted by the State

  provided for in this Section and shall have all powers

  necessary and proper to fully and effectively execute the

  provisions of this Section relating to gambling operations

  conducted by the State.
- 19 (230 ILCS 10/7.4)
- Sec. 7.4. Managers licenses.
- 21 (a) A qualified person may apply to the Board for a 22 managers license to operate and manage any gambling operation 23 conducted by the State. The application shall be made on forms 24 provided by the Board and shall contain such information as the 25 Board prescribes, including but not limited to information

1	required	in :	Sections	6(a),	(b),	and	(C)	and	infor	mation
2	relating	to t	he appli	cant's	propo	sed p	rice	to ma	anage	State
3	gambling	opera	ations a	nd to	provid	e the	rive	erboat	t, gai	mbling
4	equipment	, and	d supplie	es nece	essary	to co	nduct	: Stat	te gai	mbling
5	operation	s.								

- (b) Each applicant must submit evidence to the Board that minority persons and females hold ownership interests in the applicant of at least 16% and 4%, respectively.
- (c) A person, firm, or corporation is ineligible to receive a managers license if:
  - (1) the person has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this State, any other state, or the United States;
  - (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or substantially similar laws of any other jurisdiction;
  - (3) the person has submitted an application for a license under this Act which contains false information;
    - (4) the person is a member of the Board;
  - (5) a person defined in <u>paragraph</u> (1), (2), (3), or (4) is an officer, director, or managerial employee of the firm or corporation;
  - (6) the firm or corporation employs a person defined in <u>paragraph</u> (1), (2), (3), or (4) who participates in the management or operation of gambling operations authorized under this Act; or

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- 1 (7) a license of the person, firm, or corporation 2 issued under this Act, or a license to own or operate 3 gambling facilities in any other jurisdiction, has been 4 revoked.
- 5 (d) Each applicant shall submit with his or her 6 application, on forms prescribed by the Board, 2 sets of his or 7 her fingerprints.
  - (e) The Board shall charge each applicant a fee, set by the Board, to defray the costs associated with the background investigation conducted by the Board.
  - (f) A person who knowingly makes a false statement on an application is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
    - (g) The managers license shall be for a term not <u>less than</u>

      4 years but not more than to exceed 10 years, shall be renewable at the Board's option, and shall contain such terms and provisions as the Board deems necessary to protect or enhance the credibility and integrity of State gambling operations, achieve the highest prospective total revenue to the State, and otherwise serve the interests of the citizens of Illinois.
  - (h) Issuance of a managers license shall be subject to an open and competitive bidding process. The Board may select an applicant other than the lowest bidder by price. If it does not select the lowest bidder, the Board shall issue a notice of who the lowest bidder was and a written decision as to why another bidder was selected.

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- 1 (Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- 2 (230 ILCS 10/8) (from Ch. 120, par. 2408)
- 3 Sec. 8. Suppliers licenses.
- 4 (a) The Board may issue a suppliers license to such persons, firms or corporations which apply therefor upon the payment of a non-refundable application fee set by the Board, upon a determination by the Board that the applicant is eligible for a suppliers license and upon payment of a \$5,000 annual license fee.
- 10 (b) The holder of a suppliers license is authorized to sell
  11 or lease, and to contract to sell or lease, gambling equipment
  12 and supplies to any licensee involved in the ownership or
  13 management of gambling operations.
  - (c) Gambling supplies and equipment may not be distributed unless supplies and equipment conform to standards adopted by rules of the Board.
- 17 (d) A person, firm or corporation is ineligible to receive 18 a suppliers license if:
  - (1) the person has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this State, any other state, or the United States;
  - (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or substantially similar laws of any other jurisdiction;
- 25 (3) the person has submitted an application for a

1 license under this Act which contains false information;

- (4) the person is a member of the Board;
- (5) the entity firm or corporation is one in which a person defined in paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (4), is an officer, director, or managerial employee;
- (6) the firm or corporation employs a person who participates in the management or operation of riverboat gambling authorized under this Act;
- (7) the license of the person, firm, or corporation issued under this Act, or a license to own or operate gambling facilities in any other jurisdiction, has been revoked.
- (e) Any person that supplies any equipment, devices, or supplies to a licensed riverboat gambling operation or casino gambling operation must first obtain a suppliers license. A supplier shall furnish to the Board a list of all equipment, devices and supplies offered for sale or lease in connection with gambling games authorized under this Act. A supplier shall keep books and records for the furnishing of equipment, devices and supplies to gambling operations separate and distinct from any other business that the supplier might operate. A supplier shall file a quarterly return with the Board listing all sales and leases. A supplier shall permanently affix its name or a distinctive logo or other mark or design element identifying the manufacturer or supplier to all its equipment, devices, and supplies, except gaming chips without a value impressed,

- engraved, or imprinted on it, for gambling operations. The 1 2 Board may waive this requirement for any specific product or 3 products if it determines that the requirement is not necessary to protect the integrity of the game. Items purchased from a 4 5 licensed supplier may continue to be used even though the 6 supplier subsequently changes its name, distinctive logo, or 7 other mark or design element; undergoes a change in ownership; 8 or ceases to be licensed as a supplier for any reason. Any 9 supplier's equipment, devices or supplies which are used by any 10 person in an unauthorized gambling operation shall be forfeited 11 to the State. A licensed owner may own its own equipment, 12 devices, and supplies. Each holder of an owners license or, in 13 the case of a gambling operation conducted on behalf of the 14 State, a manager's license under this the Act shall file an 15 annual report listing its inventories of gambling equipment, 16 devices and supplies.
- (f) Any person who knowingly makes a false statement on an application is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 19 (g) Any gambling equipment, devices, and supplies provided
  20 by any licensed supplier may either be repaired on the
  21 riverboat or in the casino or removed from the riverboat or
  22 casino to a an on-shore facility owned by the holder of an
  23 owners license for repair.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-12, eff. 5-10-13;
- 25 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

- (230 ILCS 10/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 2409)
- 2 Sec. 9. Occupational licenses.
  - (a) The Board may issue an occupational license to an applicant upon the payment of a non-refundable fee set by the Board, upon a determination by the Board that the applicant is eligible for an occupational license and upon payment of an annual license fee in an amount to be established. To be eligible for an occupational license, an applicant must:
    - (1) be at least 21 years of age if the applicant will perform any function involved in gaming by patrons. Any applicant seeking an occupational license for a non-gaming function shall be at least 18 years of age;
    - (2) not have been convicted of a felony offense, a violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or a similar statute of any other jurisdiction;
    - (2.5) not have been convicted of a crime, other than a crime described in item (2) of this subsection (a), involving dishonesty or moral turpitude, except that the Board may, in its discretion, issue an occupational license to a person who has been convicted of a crime described in this item (2.5) more than 10 years prior to his or her application and has not subsequently been convicted of any other crime;
    - (3) have demonstrated a level of skill or knowledge which the Board determines to be necessary in order to

operate gambling aboard a riverboat or in a casino; and

- (4) have met standards for the holding of an occupational license as adopted by rules of the Board. Such rules shall provide that any person or entity seeking an occupational license to manage gambling operations <u>under this Act</u> hereunder shall be subject to background inquiries and further requirements similar to those required of applicants for an owners license. Furthermore, such rules shall provide that each such entity shall be permitted to manage gambling operations for only one licensed owner.
- (b) Each application for an occupational license shall be on forms prescribed by the Board and shall contain all information required by the Board. The applicant shall set forth in the application: whether he has been issued prior gambling related licenses; whether he has been licensed in any other state under any other name, and, if so, such name and his age; and whether or not a permit or license issued to him in any other state has been suspended, restricted or revoked, and, if so, for what period of time.
- (c) Each applicant shall submit with his application, on forms provided by the Board, 2 sets of his fingerprints. The Board shall charge each applicant a fee set by the Department of State Police to defray the costs associated with the search and classification of fingerprints obtained by the Board with respect to the applicant's application. These fees shall be paid into the State Police Services Fund.

- (d) The Board may in its discretion refuse an occupational license to any person: (1) who is unqualified to perform the duties required of such applicant; (2) who fails to disclose or states falsely any information called for in the application; (3) who has been found guilty of a violation of this Act or whose prior gambling related license or application therefor has been suspended, restricted, revoked or denied for just cause in any other state; or (4) for any other just cause.
- (e) The Board may suspend, revoke or restrict any occupational licensee: (1) for violation of any provision of this Act; (2) for violation of any of the rules and regulations of the Board; (3) for any cause which, if known to the Board, would have disqualified the applicant from receiving such license; or (4) for default in the payment of any obligation or debt due to the State of Illinois; or (5) for any other just cause.
- (f) A person who knowingly makes a false statement on an application is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (g) Any license issued pursuant to this Section shall be valid for a period of one year from the date of issuance.
  - (h) Nothing in this Act shall be interpreted to prohibit a licensed owner from entering into an agreement with a public community college or a school approved under the Private Business and Vocational Schools Act of 2012 for the training of any occupational licensee. Any training offered by such a school shall be in accordance with a written agreement between

- 1 the licensed owner and the school.
- 2 (i) Any training provided for occupational licensees may be
- 3 conducted either at the site of the gambling facility on the
- 4 riverboat or at a school with which a licensed owner has
- 5 entered into an agreement pursuant to subsection (h).
- 6 (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11; 97-650, eff. 2-1-12;
- 7 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- 8 (230 ILCS 10/11) (from Ch. 120, par. 2411)
- 9 Sec. 11. Conduct of gambling. Gambling may be conducted by
- 10 licensed owners or licensed managers on behalf of the State
- 11 aboard riverboats. Gambling may be conducted by a licensed
- manager at a casino. Gambling authorized under this Section is  $\tau$
- 13 subject to the following standards:
- 14 (1) A licensee may conduct riverboat gambling
- authorized under this Act regardless of whether it conducts
- excursion cruises. A licensee may permit the continuous
- ingress and egress of patrons <del>passengers</del> on a riverboat not
- used for excursion cruises for the purpose of gambling.
- 19 Excursion cruises shall not exceed 4 hours for a round
- trip. However, the Board may grant express approval for an
- 21 extended cruise on a case-by-case basis.
- 22 (2) (Blank).
- 23 (3) Minimum and maximum wagers on games shall be set by
- the licensee.
- 25 (4) Agents of the Board and the Department of State

- (5) Employees of the Board shall have the right to be present on the riverboat or in the casino or on adjacent facilities under the control of the licensee.
- (6) Gambling equipment and supplies customarily used in conducting riverboat or casino gambling must be purchased or leased only from suppliers licensed for such purpose under this Act. The Board may approve the transfer, sale, or lease of gambling equipment and supplies by a licensed owner from or to an affiliate of the licensed owner as long as the gambling equipment and supplies were initially acquired from a supplier licensed in Illinois.
- (7) Persons licensed under this Act shall permit no form of wagering on gambling games except as permitted by this Act.
- (8) Wagers may be received only from a person present on a licensed riverboat or in a casino. No person present on a licensed riverboat or in a casino shall place or attempt to place a wager on behalf of another person who is not present on the riverboat or in a casino.
  - (9) Wagering shall not be conducted with money or other

negotiable currency.

- (10) A person under age 21 shall not be permitted on an area of a riverboat or casino where gambling is being conducted, except for a person at least 18 years of age who is an employee of the riverboat or casino gambling operation. No employee under age 21 shall perform any function involved in gambling by the patrons. No person under age 21 shall be permitted to make a wager under this Act, and any winnings that are a result of a wager by a person under age 21, whether or not paid by a licensee, shall be treated as winnings for the privilege tax purposes, confiscated, and forfeited to the State and deposited into the Education Assistance Fund.
- (11) Gambling excursion cruises are permitted only when the waterway for which the riverboat is licensed is navigable, as determined by the Board in consultation with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. This paragraph (11) does not limit the ability of a licensee to conduct gambling authorized under this Act when gambling excursion cruises are not permitted.
- (12) All tokens, chips or electronic cards used to make wagers must be purchased (i) from a licensed owner or manager, in the case of a riverboat, either aboard a riverboat or at an onshore facility which has been approved by the Board and which is located where the riverboat docks or (ii) in the case of a casino, from a licensed manager at

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the casino. The tokens, chips or electronic cards may be purchased by means of an agreement under which the owner or manager extends credit to the patron. Such tokens, chips or electronic cards may be used while aboard the riverboat or in the casino only for the purpose of making wagers on gambling games.

- (13) Notwithstanding any other Section of this Act, in addition to the other licenses authorized under this Act, the Board may issue special event licenses allowing persons are not otherwise licensed to conduct riverboat gambling to conduct such gambling on a specified date or series of dates. Riverboat gambling under such a license may take place on a riverboat not normally used for riverboat gambling. The Board shall establish standards, fees and fines for, and limitations upon, such licenses, which may differ from the standards, fees, fines and limitations otherwise applicable under this Act. All such fees shall be deposited into the State Gaming Fund. All such fines shall be deposited into the Education Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of the State of Illinois.
- In addition to the above, gambling must be conducted in accordance with all rules adopted by the Board.
- (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)

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1 (230 ILCS 10/11.1) (from Ch. 120, par. 2411.1)

Sec. 11.1. Collection of amounts owing under credit agreements. Notwithstanding any applicable statutory provision to the contrary, a licensed owner or manager who extends credit to a riverboat gambling patron pursuant to Section 11 (a) (12) of this Act is expressly authorized to institute a cause of action to collect any amounts due and owing under the extension of credit, as well as the <u>licensed</u> owner's or manager's costs, expenses and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in collection.

- 11 (Source: P.A. 93-28, eff. 6-20-03.)
- 12 (230 ILCS 10/12) (from Ch. 120, par. 2412)
- 13 Sec. 12. Admission tax; fees.

(a) A tax is hereby imposed upon admissions to riverboats 14 15 operated by licensed owners authorized pursuant to Section 7 of 16 this Act. Until July 1, 2002, the rate is \$2 per person admitted. From July 1, 2002 until July 1, 2003, the rate is \$3 17 per person admitted. From July 1, 2003 until August 23, 2005 18 19 (the effective date of Public Act 94-673), for a licensee that 20 admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in the previous calendar 21 year, the rate is \$3 per person admitted; for a licensee that 22 admitted more than 1,000,000 but no more than 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$4 per person 23 24 admitted; and for a licensee that admitted more than 2,300,000 25 persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$5 per

- person admitted. Beginning on August 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-673), for a licensee that admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in calendar year 2004, the rate is \$2 per person admitted, and for all other licensees, including licensees that were not conducting gambling operations in 2004, the rate is \$3 per person admitted. This admission tax is imposed upon the licensed owner conducting gambling.
  - (1) The admission tax shall be paid for each admission, except that a person who exits a riverboat gambling facility and reenters that riverboat gambling facility within the same gaming day shall be subject only to the initial admission tax.
    - (2) (Blank).
  - (3) The riverboat licensee may issue tax-free passes to actual and necessary officials and employees of the licensee or other persons actually working on the riverboat.
  - (4) The number and issuance of tax-free passes is subject to the rules of the Board, and a list of all persons to whom the tax-free passes are issued shall be filed with the Board.
  - (a-5) A fee is hereby imposed upon admissions to gambling operations operated by licensed managers on behalf of the State pursuant to Section 7.3 at the rates provided in this subsection (a-5). For a licensee that admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$3

- per person admitted; for a licensee that admitted more than 1,000,000 but no more than 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$4 per person admitted; and for a licensee that admitted more than 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$5 per person admitted.
  - (1) The admission fee shall be paid for each admission.
  - (2) (Blank).
  - (3) The licensed manager may issue fee-free passes to actual and necessary officials and employees of the manager or other persons actually working on the riverboat.
  - (4) The number and issuance of fee-free passes is subject to the rules of the Board, and a list of all persons to whom the fee-free passes are issued shall be filed with the Board.
  - (a-10) No fee shall be imposed upon admissions to the gambling operation operated by a licensed manager on behalf of the State pursuant to Section 7.3a.
  - (b) From the tax imposed under subsection (a) and the fee imposed under subsection (a-5), a municipality shall receive from the State \$1 for each person embarking on a riverboat docked within the municipality, and a county shall receive \$1 for each person embarking on a riverboat docked within the county but outside the boundaries of any municipality. The municipality's or county's share shall be collected by the Board on behalf of the State and remitted quarterly by the State, subject to appropriation, to the treasurer of the unit

- 1 of local government for deposit in the general fund.
- 2 (c) The licensed owner shall pay the entire admission tax
- 3 to the Board and the licensed manager shall pay the entire
- 4 admission fee to the Board. Such payments shall be made daily.
- 5 Accompanying each payment shall be a return on forms provided
- 6 by the Board which shall include other information regarding
- 7 admissions as the Board may require. Failure to submit either
- 8 the payment or the return within the specified time may result
- 9 in suspension or revocation of the owners or managers license.
- 10 (d) The Board shall administer and collect the admission
- 11 tax imposed by this Section, to the extent practicable, in a
- manner consistent with the provisions of Sections 4, 5, 5a, 5b,
- 13 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9 and 10 of the
- 14 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform
- 15 Penalty and Interest Act.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 95-663, eff. 10-11-07; 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 17 (230 ILCS 10/13) (from Ch. 120, par. 2413)
- 18 Sec. 13. Wagering tax; rate; distribution.
- 19 (a) Until January 1, 1998, a tax is imposed on the adjusted
- 20 gross receipts received from gambling games authorized under
- 21 this Act at the rate of 20%.
- 22 (a-1) From January 1, 1998 until July 1, 2002, a privilege
- tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting
- 24 riverboat gambling operations, based on the adjusted gross
- 25 receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games

1	authorized under this Act at the following rates:
2	15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
3	including \$25,000,000;
4	20% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
5	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
6	25% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
7	\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
8	30% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
9	\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
10	35% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
11	\$100,000,000.
12	(a-2) From July 1, 2002 until July 1, 2003, a privilege tax
13	is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting
14	riverboat gambling operations, other than licensed managers
15	conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the
16	State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a
17	licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at
18	the following rates:
19	15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
20	including \$25,000,000;
21	22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
22	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
23	27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
24	\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
25	32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of

\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;

1	37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
2	\$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;
3	45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
4	\$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;
5	50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
6	\$200,000,000.
7	(a-3) Beginning July 1, 2003, a privilege tax is imposed on
8	persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat
9	gambling operations, other than licensed managers conducting
10	riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on
11	the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from
12	gambling games authorized under this Act at the following
13	rates:
14	15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
15	including \$25,000,000;
16	27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
17	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$37,500,000;
18	32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
19	\$37,500,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
	737,300,000 Dut not exceeding 730,000,000,
20	37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li></ul>	
	37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
21	37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
21 22	37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000; 45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
<ul><li>21</li><li>22</li><li>23</li></ul>	37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;  45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;

1 \$250,000,000.

An amount equal to the amount of wagering taxes collected under this subsection (a-3) that are in addition to the amount of wagering taxes that would have been collected if the wagering tax rates under subsection (a-2) were in effect shall be paid into the Common School Fund.

The privilege tax imposed under this subsection (a-3) shall no longer be imposed beginning on the earlier of (i) July 1, 2005; (ii) the first date after June 20, 2003 that riverboat gambling operations are conducted pursuant to a dormant license; or (iii) the first day that riverboat gambling operations are conducted under the authority of an owners license that is in addition to the 10 owners licenses initially authorized under this Act. For the purposes of this subsection (a-3), the term "dormant license" means an owners license that is authorized by this Act under which no riverboat gambling operations are being conducted on June 20, 2003.

(a-4) Beginning on the first day on which the tax imposed under subsection (a-3) is no longer imposed, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat gambling operations, other than licensed managers conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at the following rates:

15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and

- 1 including \$25,000,000;
- 2 22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
- 27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
- 32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
- 37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;
- 10 45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;
- 50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$200,000,000.
- 14 (a-8) Riverboat gambling operations conducted by a
  15 licensed manager on behalf of the State are not subject to the
  16 tax imposed under this Section.
- 17 (a-10) The taxes imposed by this Section shall be paid by
  18 the licensed owner to the Board not later than 5:00 o'clock
  19 p.m. of the day after the day when the wagers were made.
- is no longer imposed pursuant to item (i) of the last paragraph of subsection (a-3), then by June 15 of each year, each owners licensee, other than an owners licensee that admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in calendar year 2004, must, in addition to the payment of all amounts otherwise due under this Section, pay to the Board a reconciliation payment in the amount, if

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any, by which the licensed owner's base amount exceeds the amount of net privilege tax paid by the licensed owner to the Board in the then current State fiscal year. A licensed owner's net privilege tax obligation due for the balance of the State fiscal year shall be reduced up to the total of the amount paid by the licensed owner in its June 15 reconciliation payment. The obligation imposed by this subsection (a-15) is binding on any person, firm, corporation, or other entity that acquires an ownership interest in any such owners license. The obligation imposed under this subsection (a-15) terminates on the earliest of: (i) July 1, 2007, (ii) the first day after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly that riverboat gambling operations are conducted pursuant to a dormant license, (iii) the first day that riverboat gambling operations are conducted under the authority of an owners license that is in addition to the 10 owners licenses initially authorized under this Act, or (iv) the first day that a licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 conducts gaming operations with slot machines or other electronic gaming devices. The Board must reduce the obligation imposed under this subsection (a-15) by an amount the Board deems reasonable for any of the following reasons: (A) an act or acts of God, (B) an act of bioterrorism or terrorism or a bioterrorism or terrorism threat that was investigated by a law enforcement agency, or (C) a condition beyond the control of the owners licensee that does not result from any act or omission by the

- 1 owners licensee or any of its agents and that poses a hazardous
- 2 threat to the health and safety of patrons. If an owners
- 3 licensee pays an amount in excess of its liability under this
- 4 Section, the Board shall apply the overpayment to future
- 5 payments required under this Section.
- 6 For purposes of this subsection (a-15):
- 7 "Act of God" means an incident caused by the operation of
- 8 an extraordinary force that cannot be foreseen, that cannot be
- 9 avoided by the exercise of due care, and for which no person
- 10 can be held liable.
- "Base amount" means the following:
- 12 For a riverboat in Alton, \$31,000,000.
- For a riverboat in East Peoria, \$43,000,000.
- 14 For the Empress riverboat in Joliet, \$86,000,000.
- For a riverboat in Metropolis, \$45,000,000.
- For the Harrah's riverboat in Joliet, \$114,000,000.
- 17 For a riverboat in Aurora, \$86,000,000.
- 18 For a riverboat in East St. Louis, \$48,500,000.
- 19 For a riverboat in Elgin, \$198,000,000.
- 20 "Dormant license" has the meaning ascribed to it in
- 21 subsection (a-3).
- "Net privilege tax" means all privilege taxes paid by a
- 23 licensed owner to the Board under this Section, less all
- 24 payments made from the State Gaming Fund pursuant to subsection
- 25 (b) of this Section.
- The changes made to this subsection (a-15) by Public Act

Board.

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conducted.

- 94-839 are intended to restate and clarify the intent of Public Act 94-673 with respect to the amount of the payments required to be made under this subsection by an owners licensee to the
- 5 (b) From Until January 1, 1998, 25% of the tax revenue 6 deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section shall be 7 paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the 8 unit of local government which is designated as the home dock 9 of the riverboat. Beginning January 1, 1998, from the tax 10 revenue from owners licenses issued under Section 7 of this Act 11 deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an 12 amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross receipts generated by a 13 riverboat shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government that is 14 15 designated as the home dock of the riverboat. From the tax 16 revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund pursuant to 17 riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section 7.3 of this Act, an amount 18 19 equal to 5% of adjusted gross receipts generated pursuant to 20 those riverboat gambling operations shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit 21 22 of local government that is designated as the home dock of the
  - (c) Appropriations, as approved by the General Assembly, may be made from the State Gaming Fund to the Board (i) for the

riverboat upon which those riverboat gambling operations are

1 administration and enforcement of this Act and the Video Gaming

2 Act, (ii) for distribution to the Department of State Police

and to the Department of Revenue for the enforcement of this

Act, and (iii) to the Department of Human Services for the

5 administration of programs to treat problem gambling.

(c-5) Before May 26, 2006 (the effective date of Public Act 94-804) and beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, unless any organization licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 begins to operate a slot machine or video game of chance under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or this Act, after the payments required under subsections (b) and (c) have been made, an amount equal to 15% of the adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an owners licensee conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners licensee that is initially issued after June 25, 1999, or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section 7.3, whichever comes first, shall be paid from the State Gaming Fund into the Horse Racing Equity Fund.

(c-10) Each year the General Assembly shall appropriate from the General Revenue Fund to the Education Assistance Fund an amount equal to the amount paid into the Horse Racing Equity Fund pursuant to subsection (c-5) in the prior calendar year.

(c-15) After the payments required under subsections (b), (c), and (c-5) have been made, an amount equal to 2% of the

adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an owners licensee conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners license that is initially issued after June 25, 1999, or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section 7.3, whichever comes first, shall be paid, subject to appropriation from the General Assembly, from the State Gaming Fund to each home rule county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants for the purpose of enhancing the county's criminal justice system.

(c-20) Each year the General Assembly shall appropriate from the General Revenue Fund to the Education Assistance Fund an amount equal to the amount paid to each home rule county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants pursuant to subsection (c-15) in the prior calendar year.

(c-25) On July 1, 2013 and each July 1 thereafter, \$1,600,000 shall be transferred from the State Gaming Fund to the Chicago State University Education Improvement Fund.

(c-30) On July 1, 2013 or as soon as possible thereafter, \$92,000,000 shall be transferred from the State Gaming Fund to the School Infrastructure Fund and \$23,000,000 shall be transferred from the State Gaming Fund to the Horse Racing Equity Fund.

(c-35) Beginning on July 1, 2013, in addition to any amount transferred under subsection (c-30) of this Section, \$5,530,000\$ shall be transferred monthly from the State Gaming

1	Fund to the School Infrastructure Fund.
2	(c-40) Revenues from the gambling operation operated by a
3	licensed manager on behalf of the State pursuant to Section
4	7.3a deposited into the State Gaming Fund shall be distributed
5	as follows:
6	(1) reimbursement of any construction costs of the
7	gambling facility, including debt service on any bonds
8	issued for that purpose, shall be made to the Capital
9	Development Board;
10	(2) any amounts due to the licensed manager of the
11	gambling operation shall be paid in accordance with the
12	terms of any agreement made with the managers licenses
13	under Section 7.4 of this Act and during the competitive
14	bidding process under Section 7.5 of this Act;
15	(3) \$5,000,000 shall be paid annually, subject to
16	appropriation, to the Department of Human Services for the
17	administration of programs to treat problem gambling; and
18	(4) the remainder of amounts deposited shall be
19	distributed as follows:
20	(A) an amount equal to 50% of the remainder shall
21	<pre>be distributed as follows:</pre>
22	(i) an amount equal to 2%, at least \$8,000,000
23	annually, shall be distributed to Cook County to be
24	used for capital expenditures or public pension
25	payments, or both;
26	(ii) an amount equal to 1 1/2%, at least

1	\$6,000,000 annually, shall be distributed (A) in
2	accordance with a regional capital development
3	plan entered into by the following communities:
4	Village of Beecher, City of Blue Island, Village of
5	Burnham, Calumet City, Village of Calumet Park,
6	City of Chicago Heights, City of County Club Hills,
7	Village of Dixmoor, Village of Dolton, Village of
8	East Hazel Crest, Village of Flossmoor, Village of
9	Ford Heights, Village of Glenwood, City of Harvey,
10	Village of Hazel Crest, Village of Homewood,
11	Village of Lansing, Village of Lynwood, City of
12	Markham, Village of Matteson, Village of
13	Midlothian, City of Oak Forest, Village of Olympia
14	Fields, Village of Orland Hills, Village of Orland
15	Park, City of Palos Heights, Village of Park
16	Forest, Village of Phoenix, Village of Posen,
17	Village of Richton Park, Village of Riverdale,
18	Village of Robbins, Village of Sauk Village,
19	Village of South Chicago Heights, Village of South
20	Holland, Village of Steger, Village of Thornton,
21	and Village of Tinley Park or (B) if no regional
22	capital development plan exists, equally among the
23	communities listed in item (A) of this subdivision
24	(ii) to be used for capital expenditures or public
25	pension payments, or both; and
26	(iii) the remainder shall be distributed to

1	the City of Chicago to be used for capital
2	expenditures, public pension payments, or
3	education purposes, or any combination thereof; if
4	used for education purposes, moneys must be
5	allocated on a per-student basis;
6	(B) an amount equal to 25% of the remainder shall
7	be appropriated each month to the State Board of
8	Education to be used for grants to school districts by
9	the State Board of Education in amounts determined as
10	follows: the total amount appropriated to the State
11	Board of Education divided by the number of students in
12	the State outside of City of Chicago School District
13	299 and then multiplied by the number of students in
14	the school district, based on average daily attendance
15	in that district; moneys distributed under this item
16	(B) shall be in addition to and not in lieu of other
17	moneys provided to school districts by the State; and
18	(C) an amount equal to 25% of the remainder shall
19	be transferred monthly into the State Construction
20	Account Fund.
21	(d) From time to time, the Board shall transfer the
22	remainder of the funds generated by this Act into the Education
23	Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of the State of
24	Illinois.
25	(e) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit the unit of local

government designated as the home dock of the riverboat from

- 1 entering into agreements with other units of local government
- 2 in this State or in other states to share its portion of the
- 3 tax revenue.
- 4 (f) To the extent practicable, the Board shall administer
- 5 and collect the wagering taxes imposed by this Section in a
- 6 manner consistent with the provisions of Sections 4, 5, 5a, 5b,
- 7 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9, and 10 of the
- 8 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform
- 9 Penalty and Interest Act.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 98-18, eff. 6-7-13.)
- 11 (230 ILCS 10/14) (from Ch. 120, par. 2414)
- 12 Sec. 14. Licensees Records Reports Supervision.
- 13 (a) Licensed owners or, in the case of the gambling
- 14 operation operated by a licensed manager on behalf of the
- 15 State, the licensed manager A licensed owner shall keep his
- books and records so as to clearly show the following:
- 17 (1) The amount received daily from admission fees.
- 18 (2) The total amount of gross receipts.
- 19 (3) The total amount of the adjusted gross receipts.
- 20 (b) Licensed owners or, in the case of the gambling
- 21 operation operated by a licensed manager on behalf of the
- 22 State, the licensed manager The licensed owner shall furnish to
- the Board reports and information as the Board may require with
- 24 respect to its activities on forms designed and supplied for
- 25 such purpose by the Board.

- 1 (c) The books and records kept by a licensed owner as
- 2 provided by this Section are public records and the
- 3 examination, publication, and dissemination of the books and
- 4 records are governed by the provisions of The Freedom of
- 5 Information Act.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 86-1029.)
- 7 (230 ILCS 10/15) (from Ch. 120, par. 2415)
- 8 Sec. 15. Audit of Licensee Operations. Annually, the
- 9 licensed owner or manager shall transmit to the Board an audit
- of the financial transactions and condition of the licensee's
- or manager's total operations. Additionally, within 90 days
- 12 after the end of each quarter of each fiscal year, the licensed
- owner or manager shall transmit to the Board a compliance
- 14 report on engagement procedures determined by the Board. All
- 15 audits and compliance engagements shall be conducted by
- 16 certified public accountants selected by the Board. Each
- 17 certified public accountant must be registered in the State of
- 18 Illinois under the Illinois Public Accounting Act. The
- 19 compensation for each certified public accountant shall be paid
- 20 directly by the licensed owner or manager to the certified
- 21 public accountant.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 23 (230 ILCS 10/18) (from Ch. 120, par. 2418)
- Sec. 18. Prohibited Activities Penalty.

1	(a)	A	person	is	guilty	of	a	Class	A	misdemeanor	for	doing
2	anv of t	he	follow	ina	:							

- (1) Conducting gambling where wagering is used or to be used without a license issued by the Board.
  - (2) Conducting gambling where wagering is permitted other than in the manner specified by Section 11.
- 7 (b) A person is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor for doing 8 any of the following:
- 9 (1) permitting a person under 21 years to make a wager;
  10 or
- 11 (2) violating paragraph (12) of subsection (a) of 12 Section 11 of this Act.
  - (c) A person wagering or accepting a wager at any location outside the riverboat or casino in violation of paragraph is subject to the penalties in paragraphs (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of Section 28-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 is subject to the penalties provided in that Section.
  - (d) A person commits a Class 4 felony and, in addition, shall be barred for life from gambling operations riverboats under the jurisdiction of the Board, if the person does any of the following:
    - (1) Offers, promises, or gives anything of value or benefit to a person who is connected with a riverboat or casino owner including, but not limited to, an officer or employee of a licensed owner or holder of an occupational license pursuant to an agreement or arrangement or with the

intent that the promise or thing of value or benefit will influence the actions of the person to whom the offer, promise, or gift was made in order to affect or attempt to affect the outcome of a gambling game, or to influence official action of a member of the Board.

- (2) Solicits or knowingly accepts or receives a promise of anything of value or benefit while the person is connected with a riverboat or casino, including, but not limited to, an officer or employee of a licensed owner, or the holder of an occupational license, pursuant to an understanding or arrangement or with the intent that the promise or thing of value or benefit will influence the actions of the person to affect or attempt to affect the outcome of a gambling game, or to influence official action of a member of the Board.
- (3) Uses or possesses with the intent to use a device to assist:
  - (i) In projecting the outcome of the game.
  - (ii) In keeping track of the cards played.
  - (iii) In analyzing the probability of the occurrence of an event relating to the gambling game.
  - (iv) In analyzing the strategy for playing or betting to be used in the game except as permitted by the Board.
  - (4) Cheats at a gambling game.
    - (5) Manufactures, sells, or distributes any cards,

chips, dice, game or device which is intended to be used to violate any provision of this Act.

- (6) Alters or misrepresents the outcome of a gambling game on which wagers have been made after the outcome is made sure but before it is revealed to the players.
- (7) Places a bet after acquiring knowledge, not available to all players, of the outcome of the gambling game which is subject of the bet or to aid a person in acquiring the knowledge for the purpose of placing a bet contingent on that outcome.
- (8) Claims, collects, or takes, or attempts to claim, collect, or take, money or anything of value in or from the gambling games, with intent to defraud, without having made a wager contingent on winning a gambling game, or claims, collects, or takes an amount of money or thing of value of greater value than the amount won.
- (9) Uses counterfeit chips or tokens in a gambling game.
- (10) Possesses any key or device designed for the purpose of opening, entering, or affecting the operation of a gambling game, drop box, or an electronic or mechanical device connected with the gambling game or for removing coins, tokens, chips or other contents of a gambling game. This paragraph (10) does not apply to a gambling licensee or employee of a gambling licensee acting in furtherance of the employee's employment.

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- The possession of more than one of the devices 1 2 described in subsection (d), paragraphs (3), (5), or (10) 3 permits a rebuttable presumption that the possessor intended to use the devices for cheating. 4
  - (f) A person under the age of 21 who, except as authorized under paragraph (10) of Section 11, enters upon a riverboat or in a casino commits a petty offense and is subject to a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$250 for a first offense and of not less than \$200 or more than \$500 for a second or subsequent offense.
- 11 An action to prosecute any crime occurring on a riverboat 12 shall be tried in the county of the dock at which the riverboat 13 is based. An action to prosecute any crime occurring in a casino shall be tried in the county in which the casino is 14 15 located.
- (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.) 16
- 17 (230 ILCS 10/18.1)
- Sec. 18.1. Distribution of certain fines. If a fine is imposed on an owner licensee for knowingly sending marketing or promotional materials to any person placed on the self-exclusion list, then the Board shall distribute an amount equal to 15% of the fine imposed to the unit of local government in which the riverboat or casino is located for the purpose of awarding grants to non-profit entities that assist 25 gambling addicts.

1 (Source: P.A. 96-224, eff. 8-11-09.)

- 2 (230 ILCS 10/18.2 new)
- 3 Sec. 18.2. Prohibition on political contributions from
- 4 <u>certain licensees and applicants.</u>
- 5 (a) The General Assembly has a compelling interest in
- 6 protecting the integrity of both the electoral process and the
- 7 legislative process by preventing corruption and the
- 8 appearance of corruption which may arise through permitting
- 9 certain political campaign contributions by certain persons
- involved in the gaming industry and regulated by the State.
- 11 Unlike most other regulated industries, gaming is especially
- 12 susceptible to corruption and potential criminal influence.
- In Illinois, only licensed gaming activities are legal and
- 14 all other gaming activities are strictly prohibited. Given
- 15 these circumstances, it is imperative to eliminate any
- 16 potential corrupt influence in the gaming industry and the
- 17 electoral process. Banning political campaign contributions by
- certain persons subject to this Section to State officeholders
- 19 and candidates for such offices and to county and municipal
- officeholders and candidates for such offices in counties and
- 21 municipalities that receive financial benefits from gaming
- 22 activities is necessary to prevent corruption and the
- appearance of corruption that may arise when political campaign
- 24 contributions and gaming that is regulated by the State and
- 25 that confers benefits on counties and municipalities are

## 1 <u>intermingled</u>.

The General Assembly has prohibited political campaign contributions to certain State and local officeholders and candidates for such offices by certain persons with State of Illinois and Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority contracts and pending bids or proposals for contracts of over \$50,000 and certain individuals and entities affiliated with such persons. Certain gaming licensees will receive receipts far in excess of the base level of contract amounts subject to such other campaign contribution prohibitions.

## (b) As used in this Section:

"Affiliated entity" means (i) any corporate parent and each operating subsidiary of the business entity applying for or holding a license, (ii) each operating subsidiary of the corporate parent of the business entity applying for or holding a license, (iii) any organization recognized by the United States Internal Revenue Service as a tax-exempt organization described in Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (or any successor provision of federal tax law) established by one or more business entities seeking or holding a license, any affiliated entity of such business entity, or any affiliated person of such business entity, and (iv) any political committee for which the business entity applying for or holding a license, or any 501(c) organization described in item (iii) related to that business entity, is the sponsoring entity, as defined in Section 9-3 of the Election Code. For

1	purposes	of	item	(iv),	the	funding	of	all	business	entities

- 2 applying for or holding a license shall be aggregated in
- determining whether such political committee is an affiliated
- 4 entity.
- 5 "Affiliated person" means (i) any person with any ownership
- 6 interest or distributive share in excess of 1% of any business
- 7 entity applying for or holding a license, (ii) executive
- 8 employees of any such business entity, (iii) any person
- 9 designated as a key person under this Act, and (iv) the spouse
- of such persons.
- "Contribution" means a contribution as defined in Section
- 12 9-1.4 of the Election Code.
- "Declared candidate" means a person who has filed a
- 14 statement of candidacy and petition for nomination or election
- in the principal office of the State Board of Elections, or in
- 16 the office of the appropriate election authority for any county
- or municipality in which a casino or electronic gaming device
- is located or proposed or which receives any gaming revenue.
- "Executive employee" means any person who is (i) an officer
- 20 or director or who fulfills duties equivalent to those of an
- 21 officer or director of a business entity applying for or
- 22 holding a license and (ii) any employee of such business entity
- 23 who is required to register under the Lobbyist Registration
- 24 Act.
- 25 <u>"License" means any owners license issued pursuant to</u>
- Section 7 of this Act or managers license issued pursuant to

1 Section 7.4 of this Act.

"Officeholder" means the Governor, Lieutenant Governor,
Attorney General, Secretary of State, Comptroller, Treasurer,
member of the General Assembly, or any officeholder in any
county or municipality in which a riverboat, casino, or
electronic gaming device is located or proposed or which
receives any gaming revenue.

"Business entity" means any entity doing business for profit, whether organized as a corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship, limited liability company, or partnership or otherwise.

(c) Any person or business entity applying for or holding a license, any affiliated entities or persons of such business entity, and any entities or persons soliciting a contribution or causing a contribution to be made on behalf of such person or business entity, are prohibited from making any contribution to any officeholder or declared candidate or any political committee affiliated with any officeholder or declared candidate, as defined in Section 9-1.8 of the Election Code. This prohibition shall commence upon filing of an application for a license and shall continue for a period of 2 years after termination, suspension, or revocation of the license.

The Board shall have authority to suspend, revoke, or restrict the license and to impose civil penalties of up to \$100,000 for each violation of this subsection (c). A notice of each such violation and the penalty imposed shall be published

on the Board's website and in the Illinois Register. Payments
received by the State pursuant to this subsection (c) shall be
deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

Any officeholder or declared candidate or any political committee affiliated with any officeholder or declared candidate that has received a contribution in violation of this subsection (c) shall pay an amount equal to the value of the contribution to the State no more than 30 days after notice of the violation concerning the contribution appears in the Illinois Register. Payments received by the State pursuant to this subsection (c) shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

(d) The Board shall post on its website a list of all persons, business entities, and affiliated entities prohibited from making contributions to any officeholder or declared candidate political committee pursuant to subsection (c), which list shall be updated and published on, at a minimum, a semiannual basis.

Any person, business entity, or affiliated entity prohibited from making contributions to any officeholder or declared candidate political committee pursuant to subsection (c) shall notify the Board within 7 days after discovering any necessary change or addition to the information relating to that person, business entity, or affiliated entity contained in the list.

An individual who acts in good faith and in reliance on any

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information contained in the list shall not be subject to any
penalties or liability imposed for a violation of this Section.

(e) If any provision of this Section is held invalid or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity of that provision or application does not affect the other provisions or applications of this Section that can be given effect without the invalid application or provision.

(230 ILCS 10/19) (from Ch. 120, par. 2419)

Sec. 19. Forfeiture of property.

- (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), any riverboat or casino used for the conduct of gambling games in violation of this Act shall be considered a gambling place in violation of Section 28-3 of the Criminal Code of 2012. Every gambling device found on a riverboat or in a casino operating gambling games in violation of this Act shall be subject to seizure, confiscation and destruction as provided in Section 28-5 of the Criminal Code of 2012.
- (b) It is not a violation of this Act for a riverboat or other watercraft which is licensed for gaming by a contiguous state to dock on the shores of this State if the municipality having jurisdiction of the shores, or the county in the case of unincorporated areas, has granted permission for docking and no gaming is conducted on the riverboat or other watercraft while it is docked on the shores of this State. No gambling device shall be subject to seizure, confiscation or destruction if the

- 1 gambling device is located on a riverboat or other watercraft
- which is licensed for gaming by a contiguous state and which is
- docked on the shores of this State if the municipality having
- 4 jurisdiction of the shores, or the county in the case of
- 5 unincorporated areas, has granted permission for docking and no
- 6 gaming is conducted on the riverboat or other watercraft while
- 7 it is docked on the shores of this State.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- 9 (230 ILCS 10/20) (from Ch. 120, par. 2420)
- 10 Sec. 20. Prohibited activities civil penalties. Any
- 11 person who conducts a gambling operation without first
- obtaining a license to do so, or who continues to conduct such
- 13 games after revocation of his license, or any licensee who
- 14 conducts or allows to be conducted any unauthorized gambling
- games on a riverboat or in a casino where it is authorized to
- 16 conduct its <del>riverboat</del> gambling operation, in addition to other
- 17 penalties provided, shall be subject to a civil penalty equal
- 18 to the amount of gross receipts derived from wagering on the
- 19 gambling games, whether unauthorized or authorized, conducted
- 20 on that day as well as confiscation and forfeiture of all
- 21 gambling game equipment used in the conduct of unauthorized
- 22 gambling games.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 86-1029.)
- 24 (230 ILCS 10/24)

- 1 Sec. 24. Applicability of this <del>Illinois Riverboat Cambling</del>
- 2 Act. The provisions of the this <del>Illinois Riverboat Cambling</del>
- 3 Act, and all rules promulgated thereunder, shall apply to the
- 4 Video Gaming Act, except where there is a conflict between the
- 5 2 Acts.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 96-37, eff. 7-13-09.)
- 7 Section 45. The Video Gaming Act is amended by changing
- 8 Sections 5, 25, 45, 79, and 80 and by adding Section 81 as
- 9 follows:
- 10 (230 ILCS 40/5)
- 11 Sec. 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- "Board" means the Illinois Gaming Board.
- "Credit" means one, 5, 10, or 25 cents either won or
- 14 purchased by a player.
- 15 "Distributor" means an individual, partnership,
- 16 corporation, or limited liability company licensed under this
- 17 Act to buy, sell, lease, or distribute video gaming terminals
- 18 or major components or parts of video gaming terminals to or
- 19 from terminal operators.
- "Electronic card" means a card purchased from a licensed
- 21 establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, licensed
- veterans establishment, or licensed truck stop establishment
- for use in that establishment as a substitute for cash in the
- 24 conduct of gaming on a video gaming terminal.

"Electronic voucher" means a voucher printed by an electronic video game machine that is redeemable in the licensed establishment for which it was issued.

"Terminal operator" means an individual, partnership, corporation, or limited liability company that is licensed under this Act and that owns, services, and maintains video gaming terminals for placement in licensed establishments, licensed truck stop establishments, licensed fraternal establishments, or licensed veterans establishments.

"Licensed technician" means an individual who is licensed under this Act to repair, service, and maintain video gaming terminals.

"Licensed terminal handler" means a person, including but not limited to an employee or independent contractor working for a manufacturer, distributor, supplier, technician, or terminal operator, who is licensed under this Act to possess or control a video gaming terminal or to have access to the inner workings of a video gaming terminal. A licensed terminal handler does not include an individual, partnership, corporation, or limited liability company defined as a manufacturer, distributor, supplier, technician, or terminal operator under this Act.

"Manufacturer" means an individual, partnership, corporation, or limited liability company that is licensed under this Act and that manufactures or assembles video gaming terminals.

"Supplier" means an individual, partnership, corporation, or limited liability company that is licensed under this Act to supply major components or parts to video gaming terminals to licensed terminal operators.

"Net terminal income" means money put into a video gaming terminal minus credits paid out to players.

"Video gaming terminal" means any electronic video game machine that, upon insertion of cash, electronic cards or vouchers, or any combination thereof, is available to play or simulate the play of a video game, including but not limited to video poker, line up, and blackjack, as authorized by the Board utilizing a video display and microprocessors in which the player may receive free games or credits that can be redeemed for cash. The term does not include a machine that directly dispenses coins, cash, or tokens or is for amusement purposes only.

"Licensed establishment" means any licensed retail establishment where alcoholic liquor is drawn, poured, mixed, or otherwise served for consumption on the premises, whether the establishment operates on a nonprofit or for-profit basis. "Licensed establishment" includes any such establishment that has a contractual relationship with an inter-track wagering location licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, provided any contractual relationship shall not include any transfer or offer of revenue from the operation of video gaming under this Act to any licensee licensed under the

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Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. Provided, however, that the 1 2 establishment that such a licensed has contractual 3 relationship with an inter-track wagering location licensee may not, itself, be (i) an inter-track wagering location 4 5 licensee, (ii) the corporate parent or subsidiary of any licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, 6 7 or (iii) the corporate subsidiary of a corporation that is also 8 the corporate parent or subsidiary of any licensee licensed 9 under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. "Licensed 10 establishment" does not include a facility operated by an 11 organization licensee, an inter-track wagering licensee, or an 12 inter-track wagering location licensee licensed under the 13 Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or a riverboat licensed under 14 the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, except as provided in this 15 paragraph. The changes made to this definition by Public Act 16 98-587 are declarative of existing law.

"Licensed fraternal establishment" means the location where a qualified fraternal organization that derives its charter from a national fraternal organization regularly meets.

"Licensed veterans establishment" means the location where a qualified veterans organization that derives its charter from a national veterans organization regularly meets.

"Licensed truck stop establishment" means a facility (i) that is at least a 3-acre facility with a convenience store, (ii) with separate diesel islands for fueling commercial motor

- 1 vehicles, (iii) that sells at retail more than 10,000 gallons
- of diesel or biodiesel fuel per month, and (iv) with parking
- 3 spaces for commercial motor vehicles. "Commercial motor
- 4 vehicles" has the same meaning as defined in Section 18b-101 of
- 5 the Illinois Vehicle Code. The requirement of item (iii) of
- 6 this paragraph may be met by showing that estimated future
- 7 sales or past sales average at least 10,000 gallons per month.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-31, eff. 6-24-13;
- 9 98-582, eff. 8-27-13; 98-587, eff. 8-27-13; 98-756, eff.
- $10 \quad 7-16-14.$
- 11 (230 ILCS 40/25)
- 12 Sec. 25. Restriction of licensees.
- 13 (a) Manufacturer. A person may not be licensed as a
- manufacturer of a video gaming terminal in Illinois unless the
- 15 person has a valid manufacturer's license issued under this
- 16 Act. A manufacturer may only sell video gaming terminals for
- 17 use in Illinois to persons having a valid distributor's
- 18 license.
- 19 (b) Distributor. A person may not sell, distribute, or
- lease or market a video gaming terminal in Illinois unless the
- 21 person has a valid distributor's license issued under this Act.
- 22 A distributor may only sell video gaming terminals for use in
- 23 Illinois to persons having a valid distributor's or terminal
- 24 operator's license.
- 25 (c) Terminal operator. A person may not own, maintain, or

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place a video gaming terminal unless he has a valid terminal operator's license issued under this Act. A terminal operator may only place video gaming terminals for use in Illinois in licensed establishments, licensed truck stop establishments, licensed fraternal establishments, and licensed veterans establishments. No terminal operator may give anything of value, including but not limited to a loan or financing arrangement, to a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment as any incentive or inducement to locate video terminals in that establishment. Of the after-tax profits from a video gaming terminal, 50% shall be paid to the terminal operator and 50% shall be paid to the licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed establishment. or licensed veterans establishment, notwithstanding any agreement to the contrary. A video terminal operator that violates one or more requirements of this subsection is guilty of a Class 4 felony and is subject to termination of his or her license by the Board.

- (d) Licensed technician. A person may not service, maintain, or repair a video gaming terminal in this State unless he or she (1) has a valid technician's license issued under this Act, (2) is a terminal operator, or (3) is employed by a terminal operator, distributor, or manufacturer.
- 25 (d-5) Licensed terminal handler. No person, including, but 26 not limited to, an employee or independent contractor working

- for a manufacturer, distributor, supplier, technician, or terminal operator licensed pursuant to this Act, shall have possession or control of a video gaming terminal, or access to the inner workings of a video gaming terminal, unless that person possesses a valid terminal handler's license issued under this Act.
- 7 (e) Licensed establishment. No video gaming terminal may be 8 placed in any licensed establishment, licensed veterans 9 establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, or licensed 10 fraternal establishment unless the owner or agent of the owner 11 of the licensed establishment, licensed veterans 12 establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, or licensed 13 fraternal establishment has entered into a written 14 agreement with the terminal operator for placement of the 15 terminals. A copy of the use agreement shall be on file in the 16 terminal operator's place of business and available for 17 inspection by individuals authorized by the Board. A licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed 18 veterans establishment, or licensed fraternal establishment 19 20 may operate up to 5 video gaming terminals on its premises at 21 any time.
- 22 (f) (Blank).

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(g) Financial interest restrictions. As used in this Act, "substantial interest" in a partnership, a corporation, an organization, an association, a business, or a limited liability company means:

(A)	Whe	n, wit	th resp	pect	to a	sole	propri	etorship,	an
individu	ıal c	r his	or her	spou	se ow	ns, op	perates	, manages,	or
conducts	3, (	direct	ly or	in	direc	tly,	the o	organizati	on,
associat	cion,	or bu	siness	s, or	any p	art th	nereof;	or	

- (B) When, with respect to a partnership, the individual or his or her spouse shares in any of the profits, or potential profits, of the partnership activities; or
- (C) When, with respect to a corporation, an individual or his or her spouse is an officer or director, or the individual or his or her spouse is a holder, directly or beneficially, of 5% or more of any class of stock of the corporation; or
- (D) When, with respect to an organization not covered in (A), (B) or (C) above, an individual or his or her spouse is an officer or manages the business affairs, or the individual or his or her spouse is the owner of or otherwise controls 10% or more of the assets of the organization; or
- (E) When an individual or his or her spouse furnishes 5% or more of the capital, whether in cash, goods, or services, for the operation of any business, association, or organization during any calendar year; or
- (F) When, with respect to a limited liability company, an individual or his or her spouse is a member, or the individual or his or her spouse is a holder, directly or beneficially, of 5% or more of the membership interest of

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1 the limited liability company.

For purposes of this subsection (g), "individual" includes all individuals or their spouses whose combined interest would qualify as a substantial interest under this subsection (g) and whose activities with respect to an organization, association, or business are so closely aligned or coordinated as to constitute the activities of a single entity.

Location restriction. A licensed establishment, (h) licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment that is (i) located within 1,000 feet of a facility operated by an organization licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or a casino or the home dock of a riverboat licensed under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act or (ii) located within 100 feet of a school or a place of worship under the Religious Corporation Act, is ineligible to operate a video gaming terminal. The location restrictions in this subsection (h) do not apply if (A) a facility operated by an organization licensee, a school, or a place of worship moves to or is established within the restricted area after a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment becomes licensed under this Act or (B) a school or place of worship moves to or is established within the restricted area licensed establishment, licensed truck establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed

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1 veterans establishment obtains its original liquor license.

2 For the purpose of this subsection, "school" means an

elementary or secondary public school, or an elementary or

secondary private school registered with or recognized by the

5 State Board of Education.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection (h), the Board may waive the requirement that a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment not be located within 1,000 feet from a facility operated by an organization licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or a casino or the home dock of a riverboat licensed under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act. The Board shall not grant such waiver if there is any common ownership or control, shared business activity, or contractual arrangement of any type between the establishment and the organization licensee or owners licensee of a riverboat. The Board shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of this paragraph.

(i) Undue economic concentration. In addition to considering all other requirements under this Act, in deciding whether to approve the operation of video gaming terminals by a terminal operator in a location, the Board shall consider the impact of any economic concentration of such operation of video gaming terminals. The Board shall not allow a terminal operator to operate video gaming terminals if the Board determines such operation will result in undue economic concentration. For

- 1 purposes of this Section, "undue economic concentration" means
- 2 that a terminal operator would have such actual or potential
- 3 influence over video gaming terminals in Illinois as to:
- 4 (1) substantially impede or suppress competition among terminal operators;
- 6 (2) adversely impact the economic stability of the video gaming industry in Illinois; or
- 8 (3) negatively impact the purposes of the Video Gaming
  9 Act.
- 10 The Board shall adopt rules concerning undue economic 11 concentration with respect to the operation of video gaming 12 terminals in Illinois. The rules shall include, but not be 13 limited to, (i) limitations on the number of video gaming 14 terminals operated by any terminal operator within a defined 15 geographic radius and (ii) guidelines on the discontinuation of 16 operation of any such video gaming terminals the Board 17 determines will cause undue economic concentration.
- (j) The provisions of the Illinois Antitrust Act are fully and equally applicable to the activities of any licensee under this Act.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-31, eff. 6-24-13; 98-77,
- 22 eff. 7-15-13; 98-112, eff. 7-26-13; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)
- 23 (230 ILCS 40/45)
- Sec. 45. Issuance of license.
- 25 (a) The burden is upon each applicant to demonstrate his

- suitability for licensure. Each video gaming terminal manufacturer, distributor, supplier, operator, handler, licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, and licensed veterans establishment shall be licensed by the Board. The Board may issue or deny a license under this Act to any person pursuant to the same criteria set forth in Section 9 of the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act.
  - (a-5) The Board shall not grant a license to a person who has facilitated, enabled, or participated in the use of coin-operated devices for gambling purposes or who is under the significant influence or control of such a person. For the purposes of this Act, "facilitated, enabled, or participated in the use of coin-operated amusement devices for gambling purposes" means that the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. If there is pending legal action against a person for any such violation, then the Board shall delay the licensure of that person until the legal action is resolved.
  - (b) Each person seeking and possessing a license as a video gaming terminal manufacturer, distributor, supplier, operator, handler, licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment shall submit to a background investigation conducted by the Board with the assistance of the State Police or other law enforcement. To the extent that the

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corporate structure of the applicant allows, the background investigation shall include any or all of the following as the Board deems appropriate or as provided by rule for each category of licensure: (i) each beneficiary of a trust, (ii) each partner of a partnership, (iii) each member of a limited liability company, (iv) each director and officer of a publicly or non-publicly held corporation, (v) each stockholder of a non-publicly held corporation, (vi) each stockholder of 5% or more of a publicly held corporation, or (vii) each stockholder of 5% or more in a parent or subsidiary corporation.

- (c) Each person seeking and possessing a license as a video gaming terminal manufacturer, distributor, supplier, operator, licensed establishment, licensed handler, truck establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment shall disclose the identity of every person, association, trust, corporation, or limited liability company having a greater than 1% direct or indirect pecuniary interest in the video gaming terminal operation for which the license is sought. If the disclosed entity is a trust, the application shall disclose the names and addresses of the beneficiaries; if a corporation, the names and addresses of all stockholders and directors; if a limited liability company, the names and addresses of all members; or if a partnership, the names and addresses of all partners, both general and limited.
- (d) No person may be licensed as a video gaming terminal manufacturer, distributor, supplier, operator, handler,

1	licensed	establishmen	nt, li	censed	truck	stop e	establ	ishment,
2	licensed	fraternal	establ	ishment,	, or	licen	sed	veterans
3	establish	ment if that	person	has beer	n found	by the	e Board	d to:

- (1) have a background, including a criminal record, reputation, habits, social or business associations, or prior activities that pose a threat to the public interests of the State or to the security and integrity of video gaming;
- (2) create or enhance the dangers of unsuitable, unfair, or illegal practices, methods, and activities in the conduct of video gaming; or
- (3) present questionable business practices and financial arrangements incidental to the conduct of video gaming activities.
- (e) Any applicant for any license under this Act has the burden of proving his or her qualifications to the satisfaction of the Board. The Board may adopt rules to establish additional qualifications and requirements to preserve the integrity and security of video gaming in this State.
- (f) A non-refundable application fee shall be paid at the time an application for a license is filed with the Board in the following amounts:

(4) Supplier ..... \$2,500

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 (1) Manufacturer
 \$5,000

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 (2) Distributor
 \$5,000

 25
 (3) Terminal operator
 \$5,000

1	(5) Technician \$100
2	(6) Terminal Handler \$50
3	(g) The Board shall establish an annual fee for each
4	license not to exceed the following:
5	(1) Manufacturer \$10,000
6	(2) Distributor\$10,000
7	(3) Terminal operator\$5,000
8	(4) Supplier \$2,000
9	(5) Technician \$100
10	(6) Licensed establishment, licensed truck stop
11	establishment, licensed fraternal establishment,
12	or licensed veterans establishment \$100
13	(7) Video gaming terminal\$100
14	(8) Terminal Handler \$50
15	(h) A terminal operator and a licensed establishment,
16	licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal
17	establishment, or licensed veterans establishment shall
18	equally split the fees specified in item $(7)$ of subsection $(g)$ .
19	(Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-31, eff. 6-24-13;
20	98-587, eff. 8-27-13; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)
21	(230 ILCS 40/79)
22	Sec. 79. Investigators. Investigators appointed by the
23	Board pursuant to the powers conferred upon the Board by
24	paragraph (20.6) of subsection (c) of Section 5 of the <u>Illinois</u>
25	Riverboat Gambling Act and Section 80 of this Act shall have

authority to conduct investigations, searches, seizures, 1 2 arrests, and other duties imposed under this Act and the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, as deemed necessary by the 3 Board. These investigators have and may exercise all of the 4 5 rights and powers of peace officers, provided that these powers 6 shall be (1) limited to offenses or violations occurring or committed in connection with conduct subject to this Act, 7 8 including, but not limited to, the manufacture, distribution, 9 supply, operation, placement, service, maintenance, or play of 10 video gaming terminals and the distribution of profits and 11 collection of revenues resulting from such play, and (2) 12 exercised, to the fullest extent practicable, in cooperation with the local police department of the applicable municipality 13 14 or, if these powers are exercised outside the boundaries of an 15 incorporated municipality or within a municipality that does 16 not have its own police department, in cooperation with the 17 department whose jurisdiction encompasses police the 18 applicable locality.

19 (Source: P.A. 97-809, eff. 7-13-12.)

20 (230 ILCS 40/80)

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Sec. 80. Applicability of Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act. The provisions of the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, and all rules promulgated thereunder, shall apply to the Video Gaming Act, except where there is a conflict between the 2 Acts. All provisions of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act shall apply,

- as far as practicable, to the subject matter of this Act to the
- 2 same extent as if such provisions were included herein.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 96-37, eff. 7-13-09.)
- 4 (230 ILCS 40/81 new)
- 5 <u>Sec. 81. Prohibition of political contributions from</u> 6 certain licensees and applicants.
  - (a) The General Assembly has a compelling interest in protecting the integrity of both the electoral process and the legislative process by preventing corruption and the appearance of corruption which may arise through permitting certain political campaign contributions by certain persons involved in the gaming industry and regulated by the State.

    Unlike most other regulated industries, gaming is especially susceptible to corruption and potential criminal influence.

In Illinois, only licensed gaming activities are legal and all other gaming activities are strictly prohibited. Given these circumstances, it is imperative to eliminate any potential corrupt influence in the gaming industry and the electoral process. Banning political campaign contributions by certain persons subject to this Section to State officeholders and candidates for such offices and, where necessary, to county and municipal officeholders and candidates for such offices in counties and municipalities that receive financial benefits from gaming activities is necessary to prevent corruption and the appearance of corruption that may arise when political

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campaign contributions and gaming that is regulated by the

State and that confers benefits on counties and municipalities

3 <u>are intermingled.</u>

## (b) As used in this Section:

"Affiliated entity" means (i) any corporate parent and each operating subsidiary of the business entity applying for or holding a license, (ii) each operating subsidiary of the corporate parent of the business entity applying for or holding a license, (iii) any organization recognized by the United States Internal Revenue Service as a tax-exempt organization described in Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (or any successor provision of federal tax law) established by one or more business entities seeking or holding a license, any affiliated entity of such business entity, or any affiliated person of such business entity, and (iv) any political committee for which the business entity applying for or holding a license, or any 501(c) organization described in item (iii) related to that business entity, is the sponsoring entity, as defined in Section 9-3 of the Election Code. For purposes of item (iv), the funding of all business entities applying for or holding a license shall be aggregated in determining whether such political committee is an affiliated entity. "Affiliated person" means (i) any person with any ownership interest or distributive share in excess of 1% of any business

entity applying for or holding a license, (ii) executive

- 1 <u>employees of any such business entity</u>, (iii) any person
- 2 <u>designated as a person of significant influence and control</u>
- 3 <u>under the Video Gaming Act</u>, and (iv) the spouse of such
- 4 persons.
- 5 "Business entity" means any entity doing business for
- 6 profit, whether organized as a corporation, partnership, sole
- 7 proprietorship, limited liability company, or partnership or
- 8 <u>otherwise.</u>
- 9 "Contribution" means a contribution as defined in Section
- 10 9-1.4 of the Election Code.
- "Declared candidate" means a person who has filed a
- 12 statement of candidacy and petition for nomination or election
- in the principal office of the State Board of Elections, or in
- 14 the office of the appropriate election authority for any county
- or municipality in which a video gaming terminal is located or
- 16 proposed or which receives any video gaming revenue, for the
- office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General,
- 18 Secretary of State, Comptroller, Treasurer, member of the
- 19 General Assembly, chief executive or any member of the
- 20 legislative body of any municipality in which a video gaming
- 21 terminal is located or proposed or which receives any video
- 22 gaming revenue, or chief executive or any member of the
- 23 legislative body of any county containing any unincorporated
- 24 area in which a video gaming terminal is located or which
- 25 receives any video gaming revenue.
- "Executive employee" means any person who is an officer or

1 <u>director or who fulfills duties equivalent to those of an</u>

2 officer or director of a business entity applying for or

holding a license; and (ii) any employee of such business

entity who is required to register under the Lobbyist

5 Registration Act.

"License" means any license issued pursuant to this Act.

"Officeholder" means the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, the Attorney General, the Secretary of State, the Comptroller, the Treasurer, a member of the General Assembly, the chief executive or any member of the legislative body of any municipality in which a video gaming terminal is located or proposed or which receives any video gaming revenue, or the chief executive or any member of the legislative body of any county containing any unincorporated area in which a video gaming terminal is located or which receives any video gaming revenue.

(c) Any person or business entity applying for or holding a manufacturer or distributor license, any affiliated entities or persons of such business entity, and any entities or persons soliciting a contribution or causing a contribution to be made on behalf of such person or business entity, are prohibited from making any contribution to any officeholder or declared candidate or any political committee affiliated with any officeholder or declared candidate, as defined in Section 9-1.8 of the Election Code.

The Board shall have authority to suspend, revoke, or

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restrict the license and to impose civil penalties of up to \$100,000, for each violation of this subsection (c). A notice of each such violation and the penalty imposed shall be published on the Board's website and in the Illinois Register.

Payments received by the State pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

Any person or business entity applying for or holding a terminal operator license, any affiliated entities or persons of such business entity, and any entities or persons soliciting a contribution or causing a contribution to be made on behalf of such person or business entity, are prohibited from making any contribution to any officeholder or declared candidate or any political committee affiliated with any officeholder or declared candidate, as defined in Section 9-1.8 of the Election Code, except that any such person or entity may make a contribution to the chief executive or any member of the legislative body of any municipality in which a video gaming terminal is located or proposed or which receives any video gaming revenue, the chief executive or any member of the legislative body of any county containing any unincorporated area in which a video gaming terminal is located or which receives any video gaming revenue, or any declared candidates for such offices, so long as the video gaming terminal associated with the terminal operator license held or applied for is not located in the same municipality or county in which the officeholder or declared candidate holds or is seeking

- 1 office. This prohibition shall commence upon filing of an
- 2 application for a license and shall continue for a period of 2
- 3 years after termination, suspension, or revocation of the
- 4 license.
- 5 Any officeholder or declared candidate or any political
- 6 <u>committee affiliated with any officeholder or declared</u>
- 7 candidate that has received a contribution in violation of this
- 8 subsection (c) shall pay an amount equal to the value of the
- 9 contribution to the State no more than 30 days after notice of
- 10 the violation concerning the contribution appears in the
- 11 Illinois Register. Payments received by the State pursuant to
- 12 <u>this subsection shall be deposited into the General Revenue</u>
- Fund.
- 14 The provisions of this subsection (c) shall apply only to
- persons or entities applying for or holding a manufacturer
- license, a distributor license, or a terminal operator license
- and shall not apply to persons or entities applying for or
- 18 holding any other licenses under this Act.
- 19 <u>(d) The Board shall post on its website a list of all</u>
- 20 persons, business entities, and affiliated entities prohibited
- 21 from making contributions to any officeholder or declared
- 22 candidate political committee pursuant to subsection (c),
- 23 which list shall be updated and published on, at a minimum, a
- 24 semiannual basis.
- 25 Any person, business entity, or affiliated entity
- 26 prohibited from making contributions to any officeholder or

- declared candidate political committee pursuant to subsection
- 2 (c) of this Section shall notify the Board within 7 days after
- 3 <u>discovering any necessary change or addition to the information</u>
- 4 <u>relating to that person, business entity, or affiliated entity</u>
- 5 contained in the list.
- An individual who acts in good faith and in reliance on any
- 7 <u>information contained in the list shall not be subject to any</u>
- 8 penalties or liability imposed for a violation of this Section.
- 9 (e) If any provision of this Section is held invalid or its
- 10 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
- invalidity of that provision or application does not affect the
- 12 other provisions or applications of this Section that can be
- given effect without the invalid application or provision.
- 14 Section 50. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by
- changing Sections 5-1 and 6-30 as follows:
- 16 (235 ILCS 5/5-1) (from Ch. 43, par. 115)
- 17 Sec. 5-1. Licenses issued by the Illinois Liquor Control
- 18 Commission shall be of the following classes:
- 19 (a) Manufacturer's license Class 1. Distiller, Class 2.
- 20 Rectifier, Class 3. Brewer, Class 4. First Class Wine
- 21 Manufacturer, Class 5. Second Class Wine Manufacturer, Class 6.
- 22 First Class Winemaker, Class 7. Second Class Winemaker, Class
- 8. Limited Wine Manufacturer, Class 9. Craft Distiller, Class
- 24 10. Craft Brewer,

- 1 (b) Distributor's license,
- 2 (c) Importing Distributor's license,
- 3 (d) Retailer's license,
- 4 (e) Special Event Retailer's license (not-for-profit),
- 5 (f) Railroad license,
- 6 (q) Boat license,
- 7 (h) Non-Beverage User's license,
- 8 (i) Wine-maker's premises license,
- 9 (j) Airplane license,
- 10 (k) Foreign importer's license,
- 11 (1) Broker's license,
- 12 (m) Non-resident dealer's license,
- 13 (n) Brew Pub license,
- 14 (o) Auction liquor license,
- 15 (p) Caterer retailer license,
- 16 (q) Special use permit license,
- 17 (r) Winery shipper's license.
- No person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal
- 19 business entity that is engaged in the manufacturing of wine
- 20 may concurrently obtain and hold a wine-maker's license and a
- 21 wine manufacturer's license.
- 22 (a) A manufacturer's license shall allow the manufacture,
- 23 importation in bulk, storage, distribution and sale of
- 24 alcoholic liquor to persons without the State, as may be
- 25 permitted by law and to licensees in this State as follows:
- Class 1. A Distiller may make sales and deliveries of

- 1 alcoholic liquor to distillers, rectifiers, importing
- distributors, distributors and non-beverage users and to no
- 3 other licensees.
- 4 Class 2. A Rectifier, who is not a distiller, as defined
- 5 herein, may make sales and deliveries of alcoholic liquor to
- 6 rectifiers, importing distributors, distributors, retailers
- 7 and non-beverage users and to no other licensees.
- 8 Class 3. A Brewer may make sales and deliveries of beer to
- 9 importing distributors and distributors and may make sales as
- 10 authorized under subsection (e) of Section 6-4 of this Act.
- 11 Class 4. A first class wine-manufacturer may make sales and
- deliveries of up to 50,000 gallons of wine to manufacturers,
- importing distributors and distributors, and to no other
- 14 licensees.
- 15 Class 5. A second class Wine manufacturer may make sales
- 16 and deliveries of more than 50,000 gallons of wine to
- 17 manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors and to
- 18 no other licensees.
- 19 Class 6. A first-class wine-maker's license shall allow the
- 20 manufacture of up to 50,000 gallons of wine per year, and the
- 21 storage and sale of such wine to distributors in the State and
- 22 to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A
- 23 person who, prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act
- of the 95th General Assembly, is a holder of a first-class
- wine-maker's license and annually produces more than 25,000
- 26 gallons of its own wine and who distributes its wine to

- 1 licensed retailers shall cease this practice on or before July
- 2 1, 2008 in compliance with this amendatory Act of the 95th
- 3 General Assembly.
- 4 Class 7. A second-class wine-maker's license shall allow
- 5 the manufacture of between 50,000 and 150,000 gallons of wine
- 6 per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors
- 7 in this State and to persons without the State, as may be
- 8 permitted by law. A person who, prior to the effective date of
- 9 this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, is a holder
- 10 of a second-class wine-maker's license and annually produces
- 11 more than 25,000 gallons of its own wine and who distributes
- 12 its wine to licensed retailers shall cease this practice on or
- before July 1, 2008 in compliance with this amendatory Act of
- the 95th General Assembly.
- 15 Class 8. A limited wine-manufacturer may make sales and
- deliveries not to exceed 40,000 gallons of wine per year to
- 17 distributors, and to non-licensees in accordance with the
- 18 provisions of this Act.
- 19 Class 9. A craft distiller license shall allow the
- 20 manufacture of up to 30,000 gallons of spirits by distillation
- 21 for one year after the effective date of this amendatory Act of
- 22 the 97th General Assembly and up to 35,000 gallons of spirits
- 23 by distillation per year thereafter and the storage of such
- 24 spirits. If a craft distiller licensee is not affiliated with
- any other manufacturer, then the craft distiller licensee may
- sell such spirits to distributors in this State and up to 2,500

1 gallons of such spirits to non-licensees to the extent

permitted by any exemption approved by the Commission pursuant

3 to Section 6-4 of this Act.

Any craft distiller licensed under this Act who on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly was licensed as a distiller and manufactured no more spirits than permitted by this Section shall not be required to pay the initial licensing fee.

Class 10. A craft brewer's license, which may only be issued to a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer, shall allow the manufacture of up to 930,000 gallons of beer per year. A craft brewer licensee may make sales and deliveries to importing distributors and distributors and to retail licensees in accordance with the conditions set forth in paragraph (18) of subsection (a) of Section 3-12 of this Act.

(a-1) A manufacturer which is licensed in this State to make sales or deliveries of alcoholic liquor to licensed distributors or importing distributors and which enlists agents, representatives, or individuals acting on its behalf who contact licensed retailers on a regular and continual basis in this State must register those agents, representatives, or persons acting on its behalf with the State Commission.

Registration of agents, representatives, or persons acting on behalf of a manufacturer is fulfilled by submitting a form to the Commission. The form shall be developed by the Commission and shall include the name and address of the

applicant, the name and address of the manufacturer he or she represents, the territory or areas assigned to sell to or discuss pricing terms of alcoholic liquor, and any other questions deemed appropriate and necessary. All statements in the forms required to be made by law or by rule shall be deemed material, and any person who knowingly misstates any material fact under oath in an application is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. Fraud, misrepresentation, false statements, misleading statements, evasions, or suppression of material facts in the securing of a registration are grounds for suspension or revocation of the registration. The State Commission shall post a list of registered agents on the Commission's website.

- (b) A distributor's license shall allow the wholesale purchase and storage of alcoholic liquors and sale of alcoholic liquors to licensees in this State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law.
- (c) An importing distributor's license may be issued to and held by those only who are duly licensed distributors, upon the filing of an application by a duly licensed distributor, with the Commission and the Commission shall, without the payment of any fee, immediately issue such importing distributor's license to the applicant, which shall allow the importation of alcoholic liquor by the licensee into this State from any point in the United States outside this State, and the purchase of alcoholic liquor in barrels, casks or other bulk containers and

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the bottling of such alcoholic liquors before resale thereof, 1 2 but all bottles or containers so filled shall be sealed, labeled, stamped and otherwise made to comply with all 3 provisions, rules and regulations governing manufacturers in 4 the preparation and bottling of alcoholic liquors. 5 6 importing distributor's license shall permit such licensee to 7 purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed non-resident 8 dealers and foreign importers only.

(d) A retailer's license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in the license, alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. Nothing in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall deny, limit, remove, or restrict the ability of a holder of a retailer's license to transfer, deliver, or ship alcoholic liquor to the purchaser for use or consumption subject to any applicable local law or ordinance. Any retail license issued to a manufacturer shall only permit the manufacturer to sell beer at retail on the premises actually occupied by the manufacturer. For the purpose of further describing the type of business conducted at a retail licensed premises, a retailer's licensee may be designated by the State Commission as (i) an on premise consumption retailer, (ii) an off premise sale retailer, or (iii) a combined on premise consumption and off premise sale retailer.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection (d), a retail licensee may sell alcoholic liquors to a special

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event retailer licensee for resale to the extent permitted under subsection (e).

(e) A special event retailer's license (not-for-profit) shall permit the licensee to purchase alcoholic liquors from an Illinois licensed distributor (unless the licensee purchases less than \$500 of alcoholic liquors for the special event, in which case the licensee may purchase the alcoholic liquors from a licensed retailer) and shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale, at retail, alcoholic liquors for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form and only at the location and on the specific dates designated for the special event in the license. An applicant for a special event retailer license must (i) furnish with the application: (A) a resale number issued under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or evidence that the applicant is registered under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, (B) a current, valid exemption identification number issued under Section 1q of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and a certification to the Commission that the purchase of alcoholic liquors will be a tax-exempt purchase, or (C) a statement that the applicant is not registered under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, does not hold a resale number under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and does not hold an exemption number under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, in which event the Commission shall set forth on the special event retailer's license a statement to that effect; (ii)

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submit with the application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance in the maximum limits; and (iii) show proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant has obtained local authority approval.

(f) A railroad license shall permit the licensee to import alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors and importing distributors from within or outside this State; and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be sold or dispensed on a club, buffet, lounge or dining car operated on an electric, gas or steam railway in this State; and provided further, that railroad licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to importing distributors. A railroad license shall also permit the licensee to sell or dispense alcoholic liquors on any club, buffet, lounge or dining car operated on an electric, gas or steam railway regularly operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic liquors to any licensee within this State. A license shall be obtained for each car in which such sales are made.

- (g) A boat license shall allow the sale of alcoholic liquor in individual drinks, on any passenger boat regularly operated as a common carrier on navigable waters in this State or on any riverboat operated under the <u>Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act</u>, which boat or riverboat maintains a public dining room or restaurant thereon.
- (h) A non-beverage user's license shall allow the licensee to purchase alcoholic liquor from a licensed manufacturer or importing distributor, without the imposition of any tax upon the business of such licensed manufacturer or importing distributor as to such alcoholic liquor to be used by such licensee solely for the non-beverage purposes set forth in subsection (a) of Section 8-1 of this Act, and such licenses shall be divided and classified and shall permit the purchase, possession and use of limited and stated quantities of alcoholic liquor as follows:
- - (i) A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee that concurrently holds a first-class wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises specified in such license not more than 50,000 gallons of the first-class wine-maker's wine that is made at the first-class wine-maker's

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licensed premises per year for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee who concurrently holds a second-class wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises specified in such license up to 100,000 gallons of the second-class wine-maker's wine that is made at the second-class wine-maker's licensed premises per year for use or consumption but not for resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee that concurrently holds a first-class wine-maker's license or a second-class wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at retail at the premises specified in the wine-maker's premises license, for use or consumption but not for resale in any form, any beer, wine, and spirits purchased from a licensed distributor. Upon approval from the State Commission, a wine-maker's premises license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at (i) the wine-maker's licensed premises and (ii) at up to 2 additional locations for use and consumption and not for resale. Each location shall require additional licensing per location as specified in Section 5-3 of this Act. A wine-maker's premises licensee shall secure liquor liability insurance coverage in an amount at least equal to the maximum liability amounts set forth in subsection (a) of Section 6-21 of this Act.

(j) An airplane license shall permit the licensee to import alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors

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in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors and importing distributors from within or outside this State; and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be sold or dispensed on an airplane; and provided further, that airplane licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to importing distributors. An airplane licensee shall also permit the sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquors on any passenger airplane regularly operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic liquors to any licensee within this State. A single airplane license shall be required of an airline company if liquor service is provided on board aircraft in this State. The annual fee for such license shall be as determined in Section 5-3.

(k) A foreign importer's license shall permit such licensee to purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed non-resident dealers only, and to import alcoholic liquor other than in bulk from any point outside the United States and to sell such alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed importing distributors and to no one else in Illinois; provided that (i) the foreign importer registers with the State Commission every brand of alcoholic liquor that it proposes to sell to Illinois licensees during the license period, (ii) the foreign importer

complies with all of the provisions of Section 6-9 of this Act with respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale, and (iii) the foreign importer complies with the provisions of Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these provisions apply to manufacturers.

(1) (i) A broker's license shall be required of all persons who solicit orders for, offer to sell or offer to supply alcoholic liquor to retailers in the State of Illinois, or who offer to retailers to ship or cause to be shipped or to make contact with distillers, rectifiers, brewers or manufacturers or any other party within or without the State of Illinois in order that alcoholic liquors be shipped to a distributor, importing distributor or foreign importer, whether such solicitation or offer is consummated within or without the State of Illinois.

No holder of a retailer's license issued by the Illinois Liquor Control Commission shall purchase or receive any alcoholic liquor, the order for which was solicited or offered for sale to such retailer by a broker unless the broker is the holder of a valid broker's license.

The broker shall, upon the acceptance by a retailer of the broker's solicitation of an order or offer to sell or supply or deliver or have delivered alcoholic liquors, promptly forward to the Illinois Liquor Control Commission a notification of said transaction in such form as the Commission may by

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- 1 regulations prescribe.
- 2 (ii) A broker's license shall be required of a person 3 within this State, other than a retail licensee, who, for a fee or commission, promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for 4 5 alcoholic liquor, for use or consumption and not for resale, to be shipped from this State and delivered to residents outside 6 7 of this State by an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier. This Section does not apply to any person who 8 9 promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for wine as specifically authorized in Section 6-29 of this Act. 10
  - A broker's license under this subsection (1) shall not entitle the holder to buy or sell any alcoholic liquors for his own account or to take or deliver title to such alcoholic liquors.
  - This subsection (1) shall not apply to distributors, employees of distributors, or employees of a manufacturer who has registered the trademark, brand or name of the alcoholic liquor pursuant to Section 6-9 of this Act, and who regularly sells such alcoholic liquor in the State of Illinois only to its registrants thereunder.
- Any agent, representative, or person subject to registration pursuant to subsection (a-1) of this Section shall not be eligible to receive a broker's license.
- 24 (m) A non-resident dealer's license shall permit such 25 licensee to ship into and warehouse alcoholic liquor into this 26 State from any point outside of this State, and to sell such

alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed foreign importers and importing distributors and to no one else in this State; provided that (i) said non-resident dealer shall register with the Illinois Liquor Control Commission each and every brand of alcoholic liquor which it proposes to sell to Illinois licensees during the license period, (ii) it shall comply with all of the provisions of Section 6-9 hereof with respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale, and (iii) the non-resident dealer shall comply with the provisions of Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these provisions apply to manufacturers.

(n) A brew pub license shall allow the licensee (i) to manufacture beer only on the premises specified in the license, (ii) to make sales of the beer manufactured on the premises or, with the approval of the Commission, beer manufactured on another brew pub licensed premises that is substantially owned and operated by the same licensee to importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees for use and consumption, (iii) to store the beer upon the premises, and (iv) to sell and offer for sale at retail from the licensed premises, provided that a brew pub licensee shall not sell for off-premises consumption more than 50,000 gallons per year. A person who holds a brew pub license may simultaneously hold a craft brewer license if he or she otherwise qualifies for the craft brewer license and the craft brewer license is for a location separate

- from the brew pub's licensed premises. A brew pub license shall
  permit a person who has received prior approval from the
  Commission to annually transfer no more than a total of 50,000
  gallons of beer manufactured on premises to all other licensed
  brew pubs that are substantially owned and operated by the same
  person.
  - (o) A caterer retailer license shall allow the holder to serve alcoholic liquors as an incidental part of a food service that serves prepared meals which excludes the serving of snacks as the primary meal, either on or off-site whether licensed or unlicensed.
  - (p) An auction liquor license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at auction wine and spirits for use or consumption, or for resale by an Illinois liquor licensee in accordance with provisions of this Act. An auction liquor license will be issued to a person and it will permit the auction liquor licensee to hold the auction anywhere in the State. An auction liquor licensee must be obtained for each auction at least 14 days in advance of the auction date.
  - (q) A special use permit license shall allow an Illinois licensed retailer to transfer a portion of its alcoholic liquor inventory from its retail licensed premises to the premises specified in the license hereby created, and to sell or offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in the license hereby created, the transferred alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. A special

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use permit license may be granted for the following time periods: one day or less; 2 or more days to a maximum of 15 days per location in any 12 month period. An applicant for the special use permit license must also submit with the application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the maximum limits and have local authority approval.

(r) A winery shipper's license shall allow a person with a first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's license, a first-class or second-class wine-maker's license, or a limited wine manufacturer's license or who is licensed to make wine under the laws of another state to ship wine made by that licensee directly to a resident of this State who is 21 years of age or older for that resident's personal use and not for resale. Prior to receiving a winery shipper's license, an applicant for the license must provide the Commission with a true copy of its current license in any state in which it is licensed as a manufacturer of wine. An applicant for a winery shipper's license must also complete an application form that provides any other information the Commission deems necessary. The application form shall include an acknowledgement consenting to the jurisdiction of the Commission, the Illinois Department of Revenue, and the courts of this State concerning the enforcement of this Act and any related laws, rules, and regulations, including authorizing the Department of Revenue and the Commission to conduct audits for the purpose of

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ensuring compliance with this amendatory Act.

A winery shipper licensee must pay to the Department of Revenue the State liquor gallonage tax under Section 8-1 for all wine that is sold by the licensee and shipped to a person in this State. For the purposes of Section 8-1, a winery shipper licensee shall be taxed in the same manner as a manufacturer of wine. A licensee who is not otherwise required to register under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act must register under the Use Tax Act to collect and remit use tax to the Department of Revenue for all gallons of wine that are sold by the licensee and shipped to persons in this State. If a licensee fails to remit the tax imposed under this Act in accordance with the provisions of Article VIII of this Act, the winery shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with the provisions of Article VII of this Act. If a licensee fails to properly register and remit tax under the Use Tax Act or the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act for all wine that is sold by the winery shipper and shipped to persons in this State, the winery shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with the provisions of Article VII of this Act.

A winery shipper licensee must collect, maintain, and submit to the Commission on a semi-annual basis the total number of cases per resident of wine shipped to residents of this State. A winery shipper licensed under this subsection (r) must comply with the requirements of Section 6-29 of this amendatory Act.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 97-5, eff. 6-1-11; 97-455, eff. 8-19-11; 97-813,
- 2 eff. 7-13-12; 97-1166, eff. 3-1-13; 98-394, eff. 8-16-13;
- 3 98-401, eff. 8-16-13; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)
- 4 (235 ILCS 5/6-30) (from Ch. 43, par. 144f)
- 5 Sec. 6-30. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act,
- 6 the Illinois Gaming Board shall have exclusive authority to
- 7 establish the hours for sale and consumption of alcoholic
- 8 liquor on board a riverboat during riverboat gambling
- 9 excursions and in a casino conducted in accordance with the
- 10 Ill<u>inois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 87-826.)
- 12 Section 55. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
- changing Section 10-17.15 as follows:
- 14 (305 ILCS 5/10-17.15)
- 15 Sec. 10-17.15. Certification of information to State
- 16 gaming licensees.
- 17 (a) For purposes of this Section, "State gaming licensee"
- 18 means, as applicable, an organization licensee or advance
- 19 deposit wagering licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse
- 20 Racing Act of 1975, an owners licensee licensed under the
- 21 Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, or a licensee that operates,
- 22 under any law of this State, one or more facilities or gaming
- 23 locations at which lawful gambling is authorized and licensed

1 as provided in the <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act.

- (b) The Department may provide, by rule, for certification to any State gaming licensee of past due child support owed by a responsible relative under a support order entered by a court or administrative body of this or any other State on behalf of a resident or non-resident receiving child support services under this Article in accordance with the requirements of Title IV-D, Part D, of the Social Security Act. The State gaming licensee shall have the ability to withhold from winnings required to be reported to the Internal Revenue Service on Form W-2G, up to the full amount of winnings necessary to pay the winner's past due child support. The rule shall provide for notice to and an opportunity to be heard by each responsible relative affected and any final administrative decision rendered by the Department shall be reviewed only under and in accordance with the Administrative Review Law.
- (c) For withholding of winnings, the State gaming licensee shall be entitled to an administrative fee not to exceed the lesser of 4% of the total amount of cash winnings paid to the gambling winner or \$150.
- (d) In no event may the total amount withheld from the cash payout, including the administrative fee, exceed the total cash winnings claimed by the obligor. If the cash payout claimed is greater than the amount sufficient to satisfy the obligor's delinquent child support payments, the State gaming licensee shall pay the obligor the remaining balance of the payout, less

- 1 the administrative fee authorized by subsection (c) of this
- 2 Section, at the time it is claimed.
- 3 (e) A State gaming licensee who in good faith complies with
- 4 the requirements of this Section shall not be liable to the
- 5 gaming winner or any other individual or entity.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 98-318, eff. 8-12-13.)
- 7 Section 60. The Firearm Concealed Carry Act is amended by
- 8 changing Section 65 as follows:
- 9 (430 ILCS 66/65)
- 10 Sec. 65. Prohibited areas.
- 11 (a) A licensee under this Act shall not knowingly carry a
- 12 firearm on or into:
- 13 (1) Any building, real property, and parking area under
- the control of a public or private elementary or secondary
- school.
- 16 (2) Any building, real property, and parking area under
- the control of a pre-school or child care facility,
- including any room or portion of a building under the
- 19 control of a pre-school or child care facility. Nothing in
- 20 this paragraph shall prevent the operator of a child care
- 21 facility in a family home from owning or possessing a
- firearm in the home or license under this Act, if no child
- 23 under child care at the home is present in the home or the
- firearm in the home is stored in a locked container when a

child under child care at the home is present in the home.

- (3) Any building, parking area, or portion of a building under the control of an officer of the executive or legislative branch of government, provided that nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit a licensee from carrying a concealed firearm onto the real property, bikeway, or trail in a park regulated by the Department of Natural Resources or any other designated public hunting area or building where firearm possession is permitted as established by the Department of Natural Resources under Section 1.8 of the Wildlife Code.
- (4) Any building designated for matters before a circuit court, appellate court, or the Supreme Court, or any building or portion of a building under the control of the Supreme Court.
- (5) Any building or portion of a building under the control of a unit of local government.
- (6) Any building, real property, and parking area under the control of an adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison, or jail.
- (7) Any building, real property, and parking area under the control of a public or private hospital or hospital affiliate, mental health facility, or nursing home.
- (8) Any bus, train, or form of transportation paid for in whole or in part with public funds, and any building, real property, and parking area under the control of a

public transportation facility paid for in whole or in part with public funds.

- (9) Any building, real property, and parking area under the control of an establishment that serves alcohol on its premises, if more than 50% of the establishment's gross receipts within the prior 3 months is from the sale of alcohol. The owner of an establishment who knowingly fails to prohibit concealed firearms on its premises as provided in this paragraph or who knowingly makes a false statement or record to avoid the prohibition on concealed firearms under this paragraph is subject to the penalty under subsection (c-5) of Section 10-1 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934.
- (10) Any public gathering or special event conducted on property open to the public that requires the issuance of a permit from the unit of local government, provided this prohibition shall not apply to a licensee who must walk through a public gathering in order to access his or her residence, place of business, or vehicle.
- (11) Any building or real property that has been issued a Special Event Retailer's license as defined in Section 1-3.17.1 of the Liquor Control Act during the time designated for the sale of alcohol by the Special Event Retailer's license, or a Special use permit license as defined in subsection (q) of Section 5-1 of the Liquor Control Act during the time designated for the sale of

- 1 alcohol by the Special use permit license.
  - (12) Any public playground.
    - (13) Any public park, athletic area, or athletic facility under the control of a municipality or park district, provided nothing in this Section shall prohibit a licensee from carrying a concealed firearm while on a trail or bikeway if only a portion of the trail or bikeway includes a public park.
    - (14) Any real property under the control of the Cook County Forest Preserve District.
    - (15) Any building, classroom, laboratory, medical clinic, hospital, artistic venue, athletic venue, entertainment venue, officially recognized university-related organization property, whether owned or leased, and any real property, including parking areas, sidewalks, and common areas under the control of a public or private community college, college, or university.
    - (16) Any building, real property, or parking area under the control of a gaming facility licensed under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act or the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, including an inter-track wagering location licensee.
    - (17) Any stadium, arena, or the real property or parking area under the control of a stadium, arena, or any collegiate or professional sporting event.
      - (18) Any building, real property, or parking area under

- 1 the control of a public library.
- 2 (19) Any building, real property, or parking area under 3 the control of an airport.
  - (20) Any building, real property, or parking area under the control of an amusement park.
    - (21) Any building, real property, or parking area under the control of a zoo or museum.
    - (22) Any street, driveway, parking area, property, building, or facility, owned, leased, controlled, or used by a nuclear energy, storage, weapons, or development site or facility regulated by the federal Nuclear Regulatory Commission. The licensee shall not under any circumstance store a firearm or ammunition in his or her vehicle or in a compartment or container within a vehicle located anywhere in or on the street, driveway, parking area, property, building, or facility described in this paragraph.
  - (23) Any area where firearms are prohibited under federal law.
  - (a-5) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit a public or private community college, college, or university from:
    - (1) prohibiting persons from carrying a firearm within a vehicle owned, leased, or controlled by the college or university;
  - (2) developing resolutions, regulations, or policies regarding student, employee, or visitor misconduct and discipline, including suspension and expulsion;

- (3) developing resolutions, regulations, or policies regarding the storage or maintenance of firearms, which must include designated areas where persons can park vehicles that carry firearms; and
  - (4) permitting the carrying or use of firearms for the purpose of instruction and curriculum of officially recognized programs, including but not limited to military science and law enforcement training programs, or in any designated area used for hunting purposes or target shooting.
- (a-10) The owner of private real property of any type may prohibit the carrying of concealed firearms on the property under his or her control. The owner must post a sign in accordance with subsection (d) of this Section indicating that firearms are prohibited on the property, unless the property is a private residence.
- (b) Notwithstanding subsections (a), (a-5), and (a-10) of this Section except under paragraph (22) or (23) of subsection (a), any licensee prohibited from carrying a concealed firearm into the parking area of a prohibited location specified in subsection (a), (a-5), or (a-10) of this Section shall be permitted to carry a concealed firearm on or about his or her person within a vehicle into the parking area and may store a firearm or ammunition concealed in a case within a locked vehicle or locked container out of plain view within the vehicle in the parking area. A licensee may carry a concealed

- firearm in the immediate area surrounding his or her vehicle within a prohibited parking lot area only for the limited purpose of storing or retrieving a firearm within the vehicle's trunk, provided the licensee ensures the concealed firearm is unloaded prior to exiting the vehicle. For purposes of this subsection, "case" includes a glove compartment or console that completely encloses the concealed firearm or ammunition, the trunk of the vehicle, or a firearm carrying box, shipping box, or other container.
- (c) A licensee shall not be in violation of this Section while he or she is traveling along a public right of way that touches or crosses any of the premises under subsection (a), (a-5), or (a-10) of this Section if the concealed firearm is carried on his or her person in accordance with the provisions of this Act or is being transported in a vehicle by the licensee in accordance with all other applicable provisions of law.
  - (d) Signs stating that the carrying of firearms is prohibited shall be clearly and conspicuously posted at the entrance of a building, premises, or real property specified in this Section as a prohibited area, unless the building or premises is a private residence. Signs shall be of a uniform design as established by the Department and shall be 4 inches by 6 inches in size. The Department shall adopt rules for standardized signs to be used under this subsection.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 98-63, eff. 7-9-13.)

- Section 65. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by changing Sections 28-1, 28-1.1, 28-3, 28-5, and 28-7 as follows:
- 4 (720 ILCS 5/28-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-1)
- 5 Sec. 28-1. Gambling.
- 6 (a) A person commits gambling when he or she:
  - (1) knowingly plays a game of chance or skill for money or other thing of value, unless excepted in subsection (b) of this Section;
    - (2) knowingly makes a wager upon the result of any game, contest, or any political nomination, appointment or election;
    - (3) knowingly operates, keeps, owns, uses, purchases, exhibits, rents, sells, bargains for the sale or lease of, manufactures or distributes any gambling device;
    - (4) contracts to have or give himself or herself or another the option to buy or sell, or contracts to buy or sell, at a future time, any grain or other commodity whatsoever, or any stock or security of any company, where it is at the time of making such contract intended by both parties thereto that the contract to buy or sell, or the option, whenever exercised, or the contract resulting therefrom, shall be settled, not by the receipt or delivery of such property, but by the payment only of differences in

prices thereof; however, the issuance, purchase, sale, exercise, endorsement or guarantee, by or through a person registered with the Secretary of State pursuant to Section 8 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953, or by or through a person exempt from such registration under said Section 8, of a put, call, or other option to buy or sell securities which have been registered with the Secretary of State or which are exempt from such registration under Section 3 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 is not gambling within the meaning of this paragraph (4);

- (5) knowingly owns or possesses any book, instrument or apparatus by means of which bets or wagers have been, or are, recorded or registered, or knowingly possesses any money which he has received in the course of a bet or wager;
- (6) knowingly sells pools upon the result of any game or contest of skill or chance, political nomination, appointment or election;
- (7) knowingly sets up or promotes any lottery or sells, offers to sell or transfers any ticket or share for any lottery;
- (8) knowingly sets up or promotes any policy game or sells, offers to sell or knowingly possesses or transfers any policy ticket, slip, record, document or other similar device;
  - (9) knowingly drafts, prints or publishes any lottery

ticket or share, or any policy ticket, slip, record, document or similar device, except for such activity related to lotteries, bingo games and raffles authorized by and conducted in accordance with the laws of Illinois or any other state or foreign government;

- (10) knowingly advertises any lottery or policy game, except for such activity related to lotteries, bingo games and raffles authorized by and conducted in accordance with the laws of Illinois or any other state;
- (11) knowingly transmits information as to wagers, betting odds, or changes in betting odds by telephone, telegraph, radio, semaphore or similar means; or knowingly installs or maintains equipment for the transmission or receipt of such information; except that nothing in this subdivision (11) prohibits transmission or receipt of such information for use in news reporting of sporting events or contests; or
- (12) knowingly establishes, maintains, or operates an Internet site that permits a person to play a game of chance or skill for money or other thing of value by means of the Internet or to make a wager upon the result of any game, contest, political nomination, appointment, or election by means of the Internet. This item (12) does not apply to activities referenced in items (6) and (6.1) of subsection (b) of this Section.
- (b) Participants in any of the following activities shall

1 not be convicted of gambling:

- (1) Agreements to compensate for loss caused by the happening of chance including without limitation contracts of indemnity or guaranty and life or health or accident insurance.
- (2) Offers of prizes, award or compensation to the actual contestants in any bona fide contest for the determination of skill, speed, strength or endurance or to the owners of animals or vehicles entered in such contest.
- (3) Pari-mutuel betting as authorized by the law of this State.
- (4) Manufacture of gambling devices, including the acquisition of essential parts therefor and the assembly thereof, for transportation in interstate or foreign commerce to any place outside this State when such transportation is not prohibited by any applicable Federal law; or the manufacture, distribution, or possession of video gaming terminals, as defined in the Video Gaming Act, by manufacturers, distributors, and terminal operators licensed to do so under the Video Gaming Act.
- (5) The game commonly known as "bingo", when conducted in accordance with the Bingo License and Tax Act.
- (6) Lotteries when conducted by the State of Illinois in accordance with the Illinois Lottery Law. This exemption includes any activity conducted by the Department of Revenue to sell lottery tickets pursuant to the provisions

- of the Illinois Lottery Law and its rules.
  - (6.1) The purchase of lottery tickets through the Internet for a lottery conducted by the State of Illinois under the program established in Section 7.12 of the Illinois Lottery Law.
    - (7) Possession of an antique slot machine that is neither used nor intended to be used in the operation or promotion of any unlawful gambling activity or enterprise. For the purpose of this subparagraph (b)(7), an antique slot machine is one manufactured 25 years ago or earlier.
    - (8) Raffles and poker runs when conducted in accordance with the Raffles and Poker Runs Act.
    - (9) Charitable games when conducted in accordance with the Charitable Games Act.
    - (10) Pull tabs and jar games when conducted under the Illinois Pull Tabs and Jar Games Act.
    - (11) Gambling games <del>conducted on riverboats</del> when authorized by the Illinois <del>Riverboat</del> Gambling Act.
    - (12) Video gaming terminal games at a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment when conducted in accordance with the Video Gaming Act.
    - (13) Games of skill or chance where money or other things of value can be won but no payment or purchase is required to participate.

- 1 (c) Sentence.
- 2 Gambling is a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent
- 3 conviction under subsections (a) (3) through (a) (12), is a Class
- 4 4 felony.
- 5 (d) Circumstantial evidence.
- In prosecutions under this Section circumstantial evidence
- 7 shall have the same validity and weight as in any criminal
- 8 prosecution.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13; 98-644, eff. 6-10-14.)
- 10 (720 ILCS 5/28-1.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-1.1)
- 11 Sec. 28-1.1. Syndicated gambling.
- 12 (a) Declaration of Purpose. Recognizing the close
- 13 relationship between professional gambling and other organized
- crime, it is declared to be the policy of the legislature to
- 15 restrain persons from engaging in the business of gambling for
- profit in this State. This Section shall be liberally construed
- 17 and administered with a view to carrying out this policy.
- 18 (b) A person commits syndicated gambling when he or she
- 19 operates a "policy game" or engages in the business of
- 20 bookmaking.
- 21 (c) A person "operates a policy game" when he or she
- 22 knowingly uses any premises or property for the purpose of
- 23 receiving or knowingly does receive from what is commonly
- 24 called "policy":
- 25 (1) money from a person other than the bettor or player

whose bets or plays are represented by the money; or

- (2) written "policy game" records, made or used over any period of time, from a person other than the bettor or player whose bets or plays are represented by the written record.
- (d) A person engages in bookmaking when he or she knowingly receives or accepts more than five bets or wagers upon the result of any trials or contests of skill, speed or power of endurance or upon any lot, chance, casualty, unknown or contingent event whatsoever, which bets or wagers shall be of such size that the total of the amounts of money paid or promised to be paid to the bookmaker on account thereof shall exceed \$2,000. Bookmaking is the receiving or accepting of bets or wagers regardless of the form or manner in which the bookmaker records them.
- (e) Participants in any of the following activities shall not be convicted of syndicated gambling:
  - (1) Agreements to compensate for loss caused by the happening of chance including without limitation contracts of indemnity or guaranty and life or health or accident insurance;
  - (2) Offers of prizes, award or compensation to the actual contestants in any bona fide contest for the determination of skill, speed, strength or endurance or to the owners of animals or vehicles entered in the contest;
    - (3) Pari-mutuel betting as authorized by law of this

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- (4) Manufacture of gambling devices, including the acquisition of essential parts therefor and the assembly thereof, for transportation in interstate or foreign commerce to any place outside this State when the transportation is not prohibited by any applicable Federal law;
- (5) Raffles and poker runs when conducted in accordance with the Raffles and Poker Runs Act;
  - (6) Gambling games conducted on riverboats <u>or in</u>
    <u>casinos</u> when authorized by the <u>Illinois</u> <del>Riverboat</del> Gambling
    Act; and
- (7) Video gaming terminal games at a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment when conducted in accordance with the Video Gaming Act.
- 18 (f) Sentence. Syndicated gambling is a Class 3 felony.

  19 (Source: P.A. 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13; 98-644, eff. 6-10-14.)
- 20 (720 ILCS 5/28-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-3)
  - Sec. 28-3. Keeping a Gambling Place. A "gambling place" is any real estate, vehicle, boat or any other property whatsoever used for the purposes of gambling other than gambling conducted in the manner authorized by the <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act or the Video Gaming Act. Any person who knowingly permits any

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- premises or property owned or occupied by him or under his control to be used as a gambling place commits a Class A misdemeanor. Each subsequent offense is a Class 4 felony. When any premises is determined by the circuit court to be a gambling place:
- 6 (a) Such premises is a public nuisance and may be proceeded
  7 against as such, and
  - (b) All licenses, permits or certificates issued by the State of Illinois or any subdivision or public agency thereof authorizing the serving of food or liquor on such premises shall be void; and no license, permit or certificate so cancelled shall be reissued for such premises for a period of 60 days thereafter; nor shall any person convicted of keeping a gambling place be reissued such license for one year from his conviction and, after a second conviction of keeping a gambling place, any such person shall not be reissued such license, and
  - (c) Such premises of any person who knowingly permits thereon a violation of any Section of this Article shall be held liable for, and may be sold to pay any unsatisfied judgment that may be recovered and any unsatisfied fine that may be levied under any Section of this Article.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09.)
- 23 (720 ILCS 5/28-5) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-5)
- Sec. 28-5. Seizure of gambling devices and gambling funds.
- 25 (a) Every device designed for gambling which is incapable

of lawful use or every device used unlawfully for gambling shall be considered a "gambling device", and shall be subject to seizure, confiscation and destruction by the Department of State Police or by any municipal, or other local authority, within whose jurisdiction the same may be found. As used in this Section, a "gambling device" includes any slot machine, and includes any machine or device constructed for the reception of money or other thing of value and so constructed as to return, or to cause someone to return, on chance to the player thereof money, property or a right to receive money or property. With the exception of any device designed for gambling which is incapable of lawful use, no gambling device shall be forfeited or destroyed unless an individual with a property interest in said device knows of the unlawful use of the device.

- (b) Every gambling device shall be seized and forfeited to the county wherein such seizure occurs. Any money or other thing of value integrally related to acts of gambling shall be seized and forfeited to the county wherein such seizure occurs.
- (c) If, within 60 days after any seizure pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this Section, a person having any property interest in the seized property is charged with an offense, the court which renders judgment upon such charge shall, within 30 days after such judgment, conduct a forfeiture hearing to determine whether such property was a gambling device at the time of seizure. Such hearing shall be commenced by a written

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petition by the State, including material allegations of fact, the name and address of every person determined by the State to any property interest in the seized property, representation that written notice of the date, time and place of such hearing has been mailed to every such person by certified mail at least 10 days before such date, and a request for forfeiture. Every such person may appear as a party and present evidence at such hearing. The quantum of proof required shall be a preponderance of the evidence, and the burden of proof shall be on the State. If the court determines that the seized property was a gambling device at the time of seizure, an order of forfeiture and disposition of the seized property shall be entered: a gambling device shall be received by the State's Attorney, who shall effect its destruction, except that valuable parts thereof may be liquidated and the resultant money shall be deposited in the general fund of the county wherein such seizure occurred; money and other things of value shall be received by the State's Attorney and, liquidation, shall be deposited in the general fund of the county wherein such seizure occurred. However, in the event that a defendant raises the defense that the seized slot machine is an antique slot machine described in subparagraph (b) (7) of Section 28-1 of this Code and therefore he is exempt from the charge of a gambling activity participant, the seized antique slot machine shall not be destroyed or otherwise altered until a final determination is made by the Court as to

- whether it is such an antique slot machine. Upon a final determination by the Court of this question in favor of the defendant, such slot machine shall be immediately returned to the defendant. Such order of forfeiture and disposition shall, for the purposes of appeal, be a final order and judgment in a civil proceeding.
  - (d) If a seizure pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this Section is not followed by a charge pursuant to subparagraph (c) of this Section, or if the prosecution of such charge is permanently terminated or indefinitely discontinued without any judgment of conviction or acquittal (1) the State's Attorney shall commence an in rem proceeding for the forfeiture and destruction of a gambling device, or for the forfeiture and deposit in the general fund of the county of any seized money or other things of value, or both, in the circuit court and (2) any person having any property interest in such seized gambling device, money or other thing of value may commence separate civil proceedings in the manner provided by law.
  - (e) Any gambling device displayed for sale to a riverboat gambling operation or casino gambling operation or used to train occupational licensees of a riverboat gambling operation or casino gambling operation as authorized under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act is exempt from seizure under this Section.
  - (f) Any gambling equipment, devices and supplies provided by a licensed supplier in accordance with the <u>Illinois</u>

- 1 Riverboat Gambling Act which are removed from a the riverboat
- 2 or casino for repair are exempt from seizure under this
- 3 Section.
- 4 (g) The following video gaming terminals are exempt from
- 5 seizure under this Section:
- 6 (1) Video gaming terminals for sale to a licensed 7 distributor or operator under the Video Gaming Act.
- 8 (2) Video gaming terminals used to train licensed
  9 technicians or licensed terminal handlers.
- 10 (3) Video gaming terminals that are removed from a
  11 licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment,
  12 licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans
- 13 establishment for repair.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 98-31, eff. 6-24-13.)
- 15 (720 ILCS 5/28-7) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-7)
- 16 Sec. 28-7. Gambling contracts void.
- 17 (a) All promises, notes, bills, bonds, covenants,
- 18 contracts, agreements, judgments, mortgages, or other
- 19 securities or conveyances made, given, granted, drawn, or
- 20 entered into, or executed by any person whatsoever, where the
- 21 whole or any part of the consideration thereof is for any money
- or thing of value, won or obtained in violation of any Section
- of this Article are null and void.
- 24 (b) Any obligation void under this Section may be set aside
- and vacated by any court of competent jurisdiction, upon a

- 1 complaint filed for that purpose, by the person so granting,
- 2 giving, entering into, or executing the same, or by his
- 3 executors or administrators, or by any creditor, heir, legatee,
- 4 purchaser or other person interested therein; or if a judgment,
- 5 the same may be set aside on motion of any person stated above,
- on due notice thereof given.
- 7 (c) No assignment of any obligation void under this Section
- 8 may in any manner affect the defense of the person giving,
- 9 granting, drawing, entering into or executing such obligation,
- or the remedies of any person interested therein.
- 11 (d) This Section shall not prevent a licensed owner or
- 12 licensed manager of a riverboat gambling operation or casino
- 13 gambling operation from instituting a cause of action to
- 14 collect any amount due and owing under an extension of credit
- to a riverboat gambling patron as authorized under Section 11.1
- of the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 87-826.)
- 18 Section 70. The Eminent Domain Act is amended by changing
- 19 Section 15-5-25 as follows:
- 20 (735 ILCS 30/15-5-25)
- Sec. 15-5-25. Eminent domain powers in ILCS Chapters 205
- 22 through 430. The following provisions of law may include
- 23 express grants of the power to acquire property by condemnation
- 24 or eminent domain:

- 1 (220 ILCS 5/8-509); Public Utilities Act; public utilities; for
- 2 construction of certain improvements.
- 3 (220 ILCS 15/1); Gas Storage Act; corporations engaged in the
- distribution, transportation, or storage of natural gas or
- 5 manufactured gas; for their operations.
- 6 (220 ILCS 15/2 and 15/6); Gas Storage Act; corporations engaged
- 7 in the distribution, transportation, or storage of natural
- 8 gas or manufactured gas; for use of an underground
- 9 geological formation for gas storage.
- 10 (220 ILCS 30/13); Electric Supplier Act; electric
- 11 cooperatives; for general purposes.
- 12 (220 ILCS 55/3); Telegraph Act; telegraph companies; for
- telegraph lines.
- 14 (220 ILCS 65/4); Telephone Company Act; telecommunications
- carriers; for telephone company purposes.
- 16 (225 ILCS 435/23); Ferries Act; ferry operators; for a landing,
- ferryhouse, or approach.
- 18 (225 ILCS 440/9); Highway Advertising Control Act of 1971;
- 19 Department of Transportation; for removal of signs
- adjacent to highways.
- 21 (230 ILCS 10/7.3a); Illinois Gambling Act; City of Chicago; for
- 22 construction of gambling facilities.
- 23 (310 ILCS 5/6 and 5/38); State Housing Act; housing
- corporations; for general purposes.
- 25 (310 ILCS 10/8.3); Housing Authorities Act; housing

- 1 authorities; for general purposes.
- 2 (310 ILCS 10/8.15); Housing Authorities Act; housing
- 3 authorities; for implementation of conservation plans and
- 4 demolition.
- 5 (310 ILCS 10/9); Housing Authorities Act; housing authorities;
- for general purposes.
- 7 (310 ILCS 20/5); Housing Development and Construction Act;
- 8 housing authorities; for development or redevelopment.
- 9 (310 ILCS 35/2); House Relocation Act; political subdivisions
- and municipal corporations; for relocation of dwellings
- 11 for highway construction.
- 12 (315 ILCS 5/14); Blighted Areas Redevelopment Act of 1947; land
- clearance commissions; for redevelopment projects.
- 14 (315 ILCS 10/5); Blighted Vacant Areas Development Act of 1949;
- 15 State of Illinois; for housing development.
- 16 (315 ILCS 20/9 and 20/42); Neighborhood Redevelopment
- 17 Corporation Law; neighborhood redevelopment corporations;
- for general purposes.
- 19 (315 ILCS 25/4 and 25/6); Urban Community Conservation Act;
- 20 municipal conservation boards; for conservation areas.
- 21 (315 ILCS 30/12); Urban Renewal Consolidation Act of 1961;
- 22 municipal departments of urban renewal; for blighted area
- 23 redevelopment projects.
- 24 (315 ILCS 30/20 and 30/22); Urban Renewal Consolidation Act of
- 25 1961; municipal departments of urban renewal; for
- implementing conservation areas.

- 1 (315 ILCS 30/24); Urban Renewal Consolidation Act of 1961;
- 2 municipal departments of urban renewal; for general
- 3 purposes.
- 4 (415 ILCS 95/6); Junkyard Act; Department of Transportation;
- for junkyards or scrap processing facilities.
- 6 (420 ILCS 35/1); Radioactive Waste Storage Act; Illinois
- 7 Emergency Management Agency; for radioactive by-product
- 8 and waste storage.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 94-1055, eff. 1-1-07.)
- 10 Section 75. The Payday Loan Reform Act is amended by
- 11 changing Section 3-5 as follows:
- 12 (815 ILCS 122/3-5)
- 13 Sec. 3-5. Licensure.
- 14 (a) A license to make a payday loan shall state the
- address, including city and state, at which the business is to
- 16 be conducted and shall state fully the name of the licensee.
- 17 The license shall be conspicuously posted in the place of
- 18 business of the licensee and shall not be transferable or
- 19 assignable.
- 20 (b) An application for a license shall be in writing and in
- 21 a form prescribed by the Secretary. The Secretary may not issue
- 22 a payday loan license unless and until the following findings
- 23 are made:
- 24 (1) that the financial responsibility, experience,

- character, and general fitness of the applicant are such as to command the confidence of the public and to warrant the belief that the business will be operated lawfully and fairly and within the provisions and purposes of this Act; and
- 6 (2) that the applicant has submitted such other
  7 information as the Secretary may deem necessary.
  - (c) A license shall be issued for no longer than one year, and no renewal of a license may be provided if a licensee has substantially violated this Act and has not cured the violation to the satisfaction of the Department.
  - (d) A licensee shall appoint, in writing, the Secretary as attorney-in-fact upon whom all lawful process against the licensee may be served with the same legal force and validity as if served on the licensee. A copy of the written appointment, duly certified, shall be filed in the office of the Secretary, and a copy thereof certified by the Secretary shall be sufficient evidence to subject a licensee to jurisdiction in a court of law. This appointment shall remain in effect while any liability remains outstanding in this State against the licensee. When summons is served upon the Secretary as attorney-in-fact for a licensee, the Secretary shall immediately notify the licensee by registered mail, enclosing the summons and specifying the hour and day of service.
  - (e) A licensee must pay an annual fee of \$1,000. In addition to the license fee, the reasonable expense of any

- examination or hearing by the Secretary under any provisions of this Act shall be borne by the licensee. If a licensee fails to renew its license by December 31, its license shall automatically expire; however, the Secretary, in his or her
- 6 (1) payment of the annual fee within 30 days of the 7 date of expiration; and

discretion, may reinstate an expired license upon:

- (2) proof of good cause for failure to renew.
- under the same license, but the Secretary may issue more than one license to the same licensee upon compliance with all the provisions of this Act governing issuance of a single license. The location, except those locations already in existence as of June 1, 2005, may not be within one mile of a horse race track subject to the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, within one mile of a facility at which gambling is conducted under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, within one mile of the location at which a riverboat subject to the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act docks, or within one mile of any State of Illinois or United States military base or naval installation.
- (g) No licensee shall conduct the business of making loans under this Act within any office, suite, room, or place of business in which (1) any loans are offered or made under the Consumer Installment Loan Act other than title secured loans as defined in subsection (a) of Section 15 of the Consumer Installment Loan Act and governed by Title 38, Section 110.330

- of the Illinois Administrative Code or (2) any other business
- 2 is solicited or engaged in unless the other business is
- 3 licensed by the Department or, in the opinion of the Secretary,
- 4 the other business would not be contrary to the best interests
- of consumers and is authorized by the Secretary in writing.
- 6 (g-5) Notwithstanding subsection (g) of this Section, a
- 7 licensee may obtain a license under the Consumer Installment
- 8 Loan Act (CILA) for the exclusive purpose and use of making
- 9 title secured loans, as defined in subsection (a) of Section 15
- of CILA and governed by Title 38, Section 110.300 of the
- 11 Illinois Administrative Code. A licensee may continue to
- 12 service Consumer Installment Loan Act loans that were
- outstanding as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of
- the 96th General Assembly.
- 15 (h) The Secretary shall maintain a list of licensees that
- shall be available to interested consumers and lenders and the
- public. The Secretary shall maintain a toll-free number whereby
- 18 consumers may obtain information about licensees. The
- 19 Secretary shall also establish a complaint process under which
- 20 an aggrieved consumer may file a complaint against a licensee
- or non-licensee who violates any provision of this Act.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 96-936, eff. 3-21-11.)
- 23 Section 80. The Travel Promotion Consumer Protection Act is
- 24 amended by changing Section 2 as follows:

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- 1 (815 ILCS 420/2) (from Ch. 121 1/2, par. 1852)
- 2 Sec. 2. Definitions.
- (a) "Travel promoter" means a person, including a tour 3 operator, who sells, provides, furnishes, contracts for, 4 5 arranges or advertises that he or she will arrange wholesale or 6 retail transportation by air, land, sea or navigable stream, either separately or in conjunction with other services. 7 "Travel promoter" does not include (1) an air carrier; (2) a 8 9 sea carrier; (3) an officially appointed agent of an air 10 carrier who is a member in good standing of the Airline 11 Reporting Corporation; (4) a travel promoter who has in force 12 \$1,000,000 or more of liability insurance coverage for 13 professional errors and omissions and a surety bond or equivalent surety in the amount of \$100,000 or more for the 14 15 benefit of consumers in the event of a bankruptcy on the part 16 the travel promoter; or (5) a riverboat subject to 17 regulation under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act.
  - (b) "Advertise" means to make any representation in the solicitation of passengers and includes communication with other members of the same partnership, corporation, joint venture, association, organization, group or other entity.
  - (c) "Passenger" means a person on whose behalf money or other consideration has been given or is to be given to another, including another member of the same partnership, corporation, joint venture, association, organization, group or other entity, for travel.

- 1 (d) "Ticket or voucher" means a writing or combination of
- 2 writings which is itself good and sufficient to obtain
- 3 transportation and other services for which the passenger has
- 4 contracted.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)
- 6 Section 97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are
- 7 severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.
- 8 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect September
- 9 1, 2015.

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