

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2015 and 2016 HB1377

by Rep. Scott Drury

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

625 ILCS 5/6-113 625 ILCS 5/6-205 625 ILCS 5/11-501.01 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-113

Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Provides that whenever the Secretary of State issues an administrative order requiring the use of an ignition interlock device, a driver's license containing an ignition interlock device restriction shall be issued. Requires the administrative order to set forth the duration of the restriction and any other applicable terms and conditions. Provides that individuals required to use an ignition interlock device shall only operate vehicles in which that device is installed. Deletes obsolete language regarding judicial driving permits. Effective July 1, 2015.

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1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 6-113, 6-205, and 11-501.01 as follows:
- 6 (625 ILCS 5/6-113) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-113)
- 7 Sec. 6-113. Restricted licenses and permits.
- 8 (a) The Secretary of State upon issuing a drivers license 9 or permit shall have the authority whenever good cause appears to impose restrictions suitable to the licensee's driving 10 ability with respect to the type of, or special mechanical 11 12 control devices required on, a motor vehicle which the licensee 13 may operate or such other restrictions applicable to the 14 licensee as the Secretary of State may determine to be appropriate to assure the safe operation of a motor vehicle by 15 16 the licensee.
 - (b) The Secretary of State may either issue a special restricted license or permit or may set forth such restrictions upon the usual license or permit form.
- (c) The Secretary of State may issue a probationary license to a person whose driving privileges have been suspended pursuant to subsection (d) of this Section or subsection (a) (2) of Section 6-206 of this Code. This subsection (c) does not

- apply to any driver required to possess a CDL for the purpose
- of operating a commercial motor vehicle. The Secretary of State
- 3 shall promulgate rules pursuant to the Illinois Administrative
- 4 Procedure Act, setting forth the conditions and criteria for
- 5 the issuance and cancellation of probationary licenses.
- 6 (d) The Secretary of State may upon receiving satisfactory
- 7 evidence of any violation of the restrictions of such license
- 8 or permit suspend, revoke or cancel the same without
- 9 preliminary hearing, but the licensee or permittee shall be
- 10 entitled to a hearing as in the case of a suspension or
- 11 revocation.
- 12 (e) It is unlawful for any person to operate a motor
- vehicle in any manner in violation of the restrictions imposed
- on a restricted license or permit issued to him.
- 15 (f) Whenever the holder of a restricted driving permit is
- issued a citation for any of the following offenses including
- 17 similar local ordinances, the restricted driving permit is
- immediately invalidated:
- 19 1. Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a
- 20 motor vehicle;
- 2. Violation of Section 11-501 of this Act relating to
- the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence
- of intoxicating liquor or narcotic drugs;
- 24 3. Violation of Section 11-401 of this Act relating to
- 25 the offense of leaving the scene of a traffic accident
- 26 involving death or injury;

- 4. Violation of Section 11-504 of this Act relating to the offense of drag racing; or
- 5. Violation of Section 11-506 of this Act relating to the offense of street racing.

The police officer issuing the citation shall confiscate the restricted driving permit and forward it, along with the citation, to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county in which the citation was issued.

- (g) The Secretary of State may issue a special restricted license for a period of 48 months to individuals using vision aid arrangements other than standard eyeglasses or contact lenses, allowing the operation of a motor vehicle during nighttime hours. The Secretary of State shall adopt rules defining the terms and conditions by which the individual may obtain and renew this special restricted license. At a minimum, all drivers must meet the following requirements:
 - 1. Possess a valid driver's license and have operated a motor vehicle during daylight hours for a period of 12 months using vision aid arrangements other than standard eyeglasses or contact lenses.
 - 2. Have a driving record that does not include any traffic accidents that occurred during nighttime hours, for which the driver has been found to be at fault, during the 12 months before he or she applied for the special restricted license.
 - 3. Successfully complete a road test administered

during nighttime hours.

The special restricted license holder must submit to the Secretary annually a vision specialist report from his or her ophthalmologist or optometrist that the special restricted license holder's vision has not changed. If the special restricted license holder fails to submit this vision specialist report, the special restricted license shall be cancelled under Section 6-201 of this Code.

At a minimum, all drivers renewing this license must meet the following requirements:

- 1. Successfully complete a road test administered during nighttime hours.
- 2. Have a driving record that does not include any traffic accidents that occurred during nighttime hours, for which the driver has been found to be at fault, during the 12 months before he or she applied for the special restricted license.
- (h) Any driver issued a special restricted license as defined in subsection (g) whose privilege to drive during nighttime hours has been suspended due to an accident occurring during nighttime hours may request a hearing as provided in Section 2-118 of this Code to contest that suspension. If it is determined that the accident for which the driver was at fault was not influenced by the driver's use of vision aid arrangements other than standard eyeglasses or contact lenses, the Secretary may reinstate that driver's privilege to drive

during nighttime hours.

- (i) The Secretary of State may issue a special restricted training permit for a period of 6 months to individuals using vision aid arrangements other than standard eyeglasses or contact lenses, allowing the operation of a motor vehicle between sunset and 10:00 p.m. provided the driver is accompanied by a person holding a valid driver's license without nighttime operation restrictions. The Secretary may adopt rules defining the terms and conditions by which the individual may obtain and renew this special restricted training permit. At a minimum, all persons applying for a special restricted training permit must meet the following requirements:
 - 1. Possess a valid driver's license and have operated a motor vehicle during daylight hours for a period of 6 months using vision aid arrangements other than standard eyeglasses or contact lenses.
 - 2. Have a driving record that does not include any traffic accidents, for which the person has been found to be at fault, during the 6 months before he or she applied for the special restricted training permit.
- (j) Whenever the Secretary of State has issued an administrative order requiring an individual to use an ignition interlock device after his or her driver's license has been reinstated, that individual shall be issued a driver's license containing the ignition interlock device restriction. The

- 1 <u>administrative order shall set forth the duration of the</u>
- 2 restriction and any other applicable terms and conditions.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 97-229, eff. 7-28-11; 98-746, eff. 1-1-15;
- 4 98-747, eff. 1-1-15; revised 10-2-14.)
- 5 (625 ILCS 5/6-205)
- 6 Sec. 6-205. Mandatory revocation of license or permit;
- 7 Hardship cases.
- 8 (a) Except as provided in this Section, the Secretary of
- 9 State shall immediately revoke the license, permit, or driving
- 10 privileges of any driver upon receiving a report of the
- driver's conviction of any of the following offenses:
- 12 1. Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a
- motor vehicle;
- 2. Violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a
- 15 similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the
- offense of operating or being in physical control of a
- 17 vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or
- 18 drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any
- 19 combination thereof;
- 3. Any felony under the laws of any State or the
- 21 federal government in the commission of which a motor
- vehicle was used;
- 4. Violation of Section 11-401 of this Code relating to
- 24 the offense of leaving the scene of a traffic accident
- 25 involving death or personal injury;

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1	5. Perjury or the making of a false affidavit or
2	statement under oath to the Secretary of State under this
3	Code or under any other law relating to the ownership or
4	operation of motor vehicles;
5	6. Conviction upon 3 charges of violation of Section
6	11-503 of this Code relating to the offense of reckless
7	driving committed within a period of 12 months;
8	7. Conviction of any offense defined in Section 4-102
9	of this Code;
10	8. Violation of Section 11-504 of this Code relating to
11	the offense of drag racing;
12	9. Violation of Chapters 8 and 9 of this Code;
13	10. Violation of Section 12-5 of the Criminal Code of
14	1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 arising from the use of a
15	motor vehicle;
16	11. Violation of Section 11-204.1 of this Code relating
17	to aggravated fleeing or attempting to elude a peace
18	officer;
19	12. Violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of
20	Section 6-507, or a similar law of any other state,
21	relating to the unlawful operation of a commercial motor
22	vehicle;
23	13. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of

this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if

the driver has been previously convicted of a violation of

that Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance

- and the driver was less than 21 years of age at the time of the offense;
 - 14. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-506 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of street racing;
 - 15. A second or subsequent conviction of driving while the person's driver's license, permit or privileges was revoked for reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense:
 - 16. Any offense against any provision in this Code, or any local ordinance, regulating the movement of traffic when that offense was the proximate cause of the death of any person. Any person whose driving privileges have been revoked pursuant to this paragraph may seek to have the revocation terminated or to have the length of revocation reduced by requesting an administrative hearing with the Secretary of State prior to the projected driver's license application eligibility date;
 - 17. Violation of subsection (a-2) of Section 11-1301.3 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
 - 18. A second or subsequent conviction of illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or any methamphetamine prohibited under the

Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act. A defendant found guilty of this offense while operating a motor vehicle shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State.

- (b) The Secretary of State shall also immediately revoke the license or permit of any driver in the following situations:
 - 1. Of any minor upon receiving the notice provided for in Section 5-901 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 that the minor has been adjudicated under that Act as having committed an offense relating to motor vehicles prescribed in Section 4-103 of this Code;
 - 2. Of any person when any other law of this State requires either the revocation or suspension of a license or permit;
 - 3. Of any person adjudicated under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 based on an offense determined to have been committed in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang as provided in Section 5-710 of that Act, and that involved the operation or use of a motor vehicle or the use of a driver's license or permit. The revocation shall remain in effect for the period determined by the court. Upon the direction of the court, the Secretary shall

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issue the person a judicial driving permit, also known as a JDP. The JDP shall be subject to the same terms as a JDP issued under Section 6-206.1, except that the court may direct that a JDP issued under this subdivision

effective immediately.

(c)(1) Whenever a person is convicted of any of the offenses enumerated in this Section, the court may recommend and the Secretary of State in his discretion, without regard to whether the recommendation is made by the court may, upon application, issue to the person a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of the petitioner's employment related duties, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to a medical facility for the receipt of necessary medical care or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself to and from drug remedial rehabilitative alcohol or or activity recommended by a licensed service provider, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to classes, as a student, at an accredited educational institution, or to allow the petitioner to transport children, elderly persons, or disabled persons who not hold driving privileges and are living in the petitioner's household to and from daycare; if the petitioner demonstrate that no alternative is able to means

transportation is reasonably available and that the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare; provided that the Secretary's discretion shall be limited to cases where undue hardship, as defined by the rules of the Secretary of State, would result from a failure to issue the restricted driving permit. Those multiple offenders identified in subdivision (b) 4 of Section 6-208 of this Code, however, shall not be eligible for the issuance of a restricted driving permit.

(2) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

(3) If:

- (A) a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to any combination of:
- (i) a single conviction of violating Section

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1	11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a
2	local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense,
3	or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
4	Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or
5	other drugs is recited as an element of the
6	offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or
7	(ii) a statutory summary suspension or
8	revocation under Section 11-501.1; or
9	(iii) a suspension pursuant to Section
10	6-203.1;
11	arising out of separate occurrences; or
12	(B) a person has been convicted of one violation of
13	Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her
14	driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked
15	because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal
16	Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to
17	the offense of reckless homicide where the use of
18	alcohol or other drugs was recited as an element of the
19	offense, or a similar provision of a law of another
20	state;
21	that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not
22	operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an
23	ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
24	(4) The person issued a permit conditioned on the use

of an ignition interlock device must pay to the Secretary

of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed

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\$30 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.

- (5) If the restricted driving permit is issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes.
- (6) In each case the Secretary of State may issue a restricted driving permit for period he а deems appropriate, except that the permit shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. The Secretary may not, however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or any similar out-of-state offense, or any combination of these offenses, until the expiration of at one year from the date of the revocation. restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as

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a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for revocation, suspension, or cancellation restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the petitioner to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete However, if individual's the program. an driving privileges have been revoked in accordance with paragraph 13 of subsection (a) of this Section, no restricted driving permit shall be issued until the individual has served 6 months of the revocation period.

(c-5) (Blank).

(c-6) If a person is convicted of a second violation of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked, where the revocation was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the person's driving privileges shall be revoked pursuant to subdivision (a) (15) of this Section. The person may not make application for a license or permit until the expiration of five years from

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- the effective date of the revocation or the expiration of five years from the date of release from a term of imprisonment, whichever is later.
 - (c-7) If a person is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked, where the revocation was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the person may never apply for a license or permit.
 - (d)(1) Whenever a person under the age of 21 is convicted under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, Secretary of State shall revoke the driving privileges of that person. One year after the date of revocation, and upon application, the Secretary of State may, if satisfied that the person applying will not endanger the public safety or welfare, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle only between the hours of 5 a.m. and 9 p.m. or as otherwise provided by this Section for a period of one year. After this one year period, and upon reapplication for a license as provided in Section 6-106, upon payment of the appropriate reinstatement fee provided under paragraph (b) of Section 6-118, the Secretary of State, in his discretion, may reinstate the petitioner's driver's license and driving privileges, or extend the restricted driving permit as many

times as the Secretary of State deems appropriate, by additional periods of not more than 12 months each.

- suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
- (3) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to any combination of:
 - (A) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or
 - (B) a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1; or

- 1 (C) a suspension pursuant to Section 6-203.1;
- arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
 - (4) The person issued a permit conditioned upon the use of an interlock device must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.
 - (5) If the restricted driving permit is issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against driving a vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes.
 - (6) A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit.

- (d-5) The revocation of the license, permit, or driving privileges of a person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state, is permanent. The Secretary may not, at any time, issue a license or permit to that person.
- 10 (e) This Section is subject to the provisions of the Driver
 11 License Compact.
 - (f) Any revocation imposed upon any person under subsections 2 and 3 of paragraph (b) that is in effect on December 31, 1988 shall be converted to a suspension for a like period of time.
 - (g) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose driving privileges have been revoked under any provisions of this Code.
 - (h) The Secretary of State shall require the use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by a person who has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 for each month that he or she uses the device. The Secretary shall establish

- 1 by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use
- of the interlock system, the amount of the fee, and the
- 3 procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.
- 4 During the time period in which a person is required to install
- 5 an ignition interlock device under this subsection (h), that
- 6 person shall only operate vehicles in which ignition interlock
- 7 <u>devices have been installed, except as allowed</u> by subdivision
- 8 (c)(5) or (d)(5) of this Section.
- 9 (i) (Blank).
- 10 (j) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of
- 11 State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the
- operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a
- 13 CDL whose driving privileges have been revoked, suspended,
- 14 cancelled, or disqualified under any provisions of this Code.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-607, eff. 8-24-09;
- 16 96-1180, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1305, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1344, eff.
- 7-1-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-838, eff. 1-1-13; 97-844, eff.
- 18 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- 19 (625 ILCS 5/11-501.01)
- 20 Sec. 11-501.01. Additional administrative sanctions.
- 21 (a) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final
- 22 sentencing or an order for supervision, for an offense based
- 23 upon an arrest for a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar
- 24 provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required
- 25 to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an

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- alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists 1 2 and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of treatment 3 appropriate. Programs conducting as these evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human 4 5 Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid for by the individual required to undergo the professional 6 7 evaluation.
 - (b) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating Section 11-501, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating that Section, may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel offered by, or under contract with, a county State's Attorney's office, a probation and court services department, Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be determined by the court.
 - (c) Every person found guilty of violating Section 11-501, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of that Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense of an emergency response as provided in subsection (i) of this Section.
- 24 (d) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving 25 privileges of any person convicted under Section 11-501 or a 26 similar provision of a local ordinance.

- (e) The Secretary of State shall require the use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by a person who has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 for each month that he or she uses the device. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the interlock system, the amount of the fee, and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees. During the time period in which a person is required to install an ignition interlock device under this subsection (e), that person shall only operate vehicles in which ignition interlock devices have been installed, except as allowed by subdivision (c) (5) or (d) (5) of Section 6-205 of this Code.
- (f) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating Section 11-501, including any person placed on court supervision for violating Section 11-501, shall be assessed \$750, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as follows: \$350 to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest, and \$400 shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been previously convicted of violating Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000, and the circuit clerk shall distribute \$200 to the law

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enforcement agency that made the arrest and \$800 to the State Treasurer for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under (f) shall be used for enforcement subsection prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by Section 11-501 of this Code, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (f) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used to purchase law enforcement equipment that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State.

(g) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (f) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund

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and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by Section 11-501 of this Code, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.

(h) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor or compliance with any remedial education treatment recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's

- state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and drug treatment licensure standards.
- (i) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by 5 law, an individual convicted of a violation of Section 11-501, Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, 6 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 7 8 similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, 9 snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of Section 11-501, 10 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, 11 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 12 similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in 13 an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency 14 15 response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection 16 17 (i), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the 18 19 rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an 20 ambulance. With respect to funds designated for the Department of State Police, the moneys shall be remitted by the circuit 21 22 court clerk to the State Police within one month after receipt 23 for deposit into the State Police DUI Fund. With respect to 24 funds designated for the Department of Natural Resources, the 25 Department of Natural Resources shall deposit the moneys into 26 the Conservation Police Operations Assistance Fund.

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- (j) A person that is subject to a chemical test or tests of blood under subsection (a) of Section 11-501.1 or subdivision (c)(2) of Section 11-501.2 of this Code, whether or not that person consents to testing, shall be liable for the expense up to \$500 for blood withdrawal by a physician authorized to practice medicine, a licensed physician assistant, a licensed advanced practice nurse, a registered nurse, a trained phlebotomist, a licensed paramedic, or a qualified person other than a police officer approved by the Department of State Police to withdraw blood, who responds, whether at a law enforcement facility or a health care facility, to a police department request for the drawing of blood based upon refusal of the person to submit to a lawfully requested breath test or probable cause exists to believe the test would disclose the ingestion, consumption, or use of drugs or intoxicating compounds if:
 - (1) the person is found guilty of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance; or
 - (2) the person pleads guilty to or stipulates to facts supporting a violation of Section 11-503 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the plea or stipulation was the result of a plea agreement in which the person was originally charged with violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar local ordinance.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 97-931, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1050, eff. 1-1-13;

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- 1 98-292, eff. 1-1-14; 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 98-973, eff.
- 2 8-15-14.)
- 3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1,
- 4 2015.