1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
Section 9-275 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 200/9-275)

7 Sec. 9-275. Erroneous homestead exemptions.

8 (a) For purposes of this Section:

9 "Erroneous homestead exemption" means а homestead exemption that was granted for real property in a taxable year 10 11 if the property was not eligible for that exemption in that 12 taxable year. If the taxpayer receives an erroneous homestead exemption under a single Section of this Code for the same 13 14 property in multiple years, that exemption is considered a single erroneous homestead exemption for purposes of this 15 16 Section. However, if the taxpayer receives erroneous homestead 17 exemptions under multiple Sections of this Code for the same property, or if the taxpayer receives erroneous homestead 18 19 exemptions under the same Section of this Code for multiple 20 properties, then each of those exemptions is considered a 21 separate erroneous homestead exemption for purposes of this 22 Section.

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"Homestead exemption" means an exemption under Section

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(disabled veterans), 15-167 (returning veterans), 1 15-165 2 15-168 (disabled persons), 15-169 (disabled veterans standard homestead), 15-170 (senior citizens), 15-172 (senior citizens 3 assessment freeze), 15-175 (general homestead), 15-176 4 15-177 5 (alternative general homestead), or (long-time 6 occupant).

7 <u>"Erroneous exemption principal amount" means the total</u> 8 <u>amount of property tax principal that would have been billed to</u> 9 <u>a property index number but for the erroneous homestead</u> 10 <u>exemption or exemptions a taxpayer received.</u>

11 <u>"Taxpayer" means the property owner or leasehold owner that</u>
12 <u>erroneously received a homestead exemption upon property.</u>

13 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the chief county assessment 14 officer shall include the following information with each 15 16 assessment notice sent in a general assessment year: (1) a list 17 of each homestead exemption available under Article 15 of this Code and a description of the eligibility criteria for that 18 exemption; (2) a list of each homestead exemption applied to 19 20 the property in the current assessment year; (3) information 21 regarding penalties and interest that may be incurred under 22 this Section if the property owner received an erroneous 23 homestead exemption in a previous taxable year; and (4) notice of the 60-day grace period available under this subsection. If, 24 25 within 60 days after receiving his or her assessment notice, 26 the property owner notifies the chief county assessment officer SB3476 Engrossed - 3 - LRB098 20013 HLH 55241 b

that he or she received an erroneous homestead exemption in a previous assessment year, and if the property owner pays the <u>erroneous exemption</u> principal amount of back taxes due and owing with respect to that exemption, plus interest as provided in subsection (f), then the property owner shall not be liable for the penalties provided in subsection (f) with respect to that exemption.

(c) In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, when 8 9 the chief county assessment officer determines that one or more 10 erroneous homestead exemptions was applied to the property, the 11 erroneous exemption principal amount, together with all 12 applicable interest and penalties as provided in subsections 13 (f) and (j), shall constitute a lien in the name of the People 14 of Cook County on the property receiving the erroneous 15 homestead exemption. The chief county assessment officer in a 16 county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants may cause a lien to 17 be recorded against property that (1) is located in the county and (2) received one or more erroneous homestead exemptions if, 18 19 upon determination of the chief county assessment officer, the 20 property owner received: (A) one or 2 erroneous homestead 21 exemptions for real property, including at least one erroneous 22 homestead exemption granted for the property against which the 23 sought, during any of the 3 assessment years lien is 24 immediately prior to the assessment year in which the notice of 25 intent to record a at tax lien is served; or (B) (2) 3 or more 26 erroneous homestead exemptions for real property, including at

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1 least one erroneous homestead exemption granted for the 2 property against which the lien is sought, during any of the 6 3 assessment years immediately prior to the assessment year in which the notice of intent to record a at tax lien is served. 4 5 Prior to recording the lien against the property, the chief county assessment officer shall cause to be served, by both 6 7 regular mail and certified mail, return receipt requested, on the person to whom the most recent tax bill was mailed and the 8 9 owner of record, a notice of intent to record a tax lien 10 against the property.

11 (d) The notice of intent to record a tax lien described in 12 subsection (c) shall: (1) identify, by property index number, the property against which the lien is being sought; 13 (2) 14 identify each specific homestead exemption that was 15 erroneously granted and the year or years in which each 16 exemption was granted; (3) set forth the erroneous exemption 17 principal amount due and the interest amount and any penalty due the arrearage of taxes that would have been due if not for 18 19 the erroneous homestead exemptions; (4) inform the taxpayer 20 property owner that he or she may request a hearing within 30 21 days after service and may appeal the hearing officer's ruling 22 to the circuit court; and (5) inform the taxpayer property 23 owner that he or she may pay the erroneous exemption principal amount due, plus interest and penalties, within 30 days after 24 25 service. A lien shall not be filed pursuant to this Section if the property owner pays the erroneous exemption principal 26

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amount, plus penalties and interest, within 30 days of service of the notice of intent to record a lien.

(e) The notice shall must also include a form that the 3 property owner may return to the chief county assessment 4 5 officer to request a hearing. The property owner may request a 6 hearing by returning the form within 30 days after service. The 7 hearing shall be held within 90 days after the property owner 8 is served. The chief county assessment officer shall promulgate 9 rules of service and procedure for the hearing. The chief 10 county assessment officer must generally follow rules of 11 evidence and practices that prevail in the county circuit 12 courts, but, because of the nature of these proceedings, the 13 chief county assessment officer is not bound by those rules in 14 all particulars. The chief county assessment officer shall 15 appoint a hearing officer to oversee the hearing. The property 16 owner shall be allowed to present evidence to the hearing 17 officer at the hearing. After taking into consideration all the relevant testimony and evidence, the hearing officer shall make 18 19 an administrative decision on whether the property owner was 20 erroneously granted a homestead exemption for the assessment 21 year in question. The property owner may appeal the hearing 22 officer's ruling to the circuit court of the county where the 23 property is located as a final administrative decision under the Administrative Review Law. 24

25 (f) A lien against the property imposed under this Section 26 shall be filed with the county recorder of deeds, but may not

be filed sooner than 60 days after the notice was delivered to 1 2 the property owner if the property owner does not request a hearing, or until the conclusion of the hearing and all appeals 3 if the property owner does request a hearing. If a lien is 4 5 filed pursuant to this Section and the property owner received 6 one or 2 erroneous homestead exemptions during any of the 3 7 assessment years immediately prior to the assessment year in 8 which the notice of intent to record a at tax lien is served, 9 then the erroneous exemption principal amount arrearages of 10 taxes that might have been assessed for that property, plus 10% 11 interest per annum or portion thereof from the date the 12 erroneous exemption principal amount would have become due if 13 properly included in the tax bill, shall be charged against the property by the chief county assessment officer treasurer. 14 However, if a lien is filed pursuant to this Section and the 15 16 property owner received 3 or more erroneous homestead 17 exemptions during any of the 6 assessment years immediately prior to the assessment year in which the notice of intent to 18 19 record a at tax lien is served, the erroneous exemption 20 principal amount arrearages of taxes that might have been 21 assessed for that property, plus a penalty of 50% of the total 22 amount of the erroneous exemption principal amount unpaid taxes 23 for each year for that property and 10% interest per annum or 24 portion thereof from the date the erroneous exemption principal 25 amount would have become due if properly included in the tax 26 bill, shall be charged against the property by the chief county SB3476 Engrossed - 7 - LRB098 20013 HLH 55241 b

1 assessment officer treasurer.

2 (q) If a person received an erroneous homestead exemption 3 under Section 15-170 and: (1) the person was the spouse, child, grandchild, brother, sister, niece, or nephew of the previous 4 5 property owner; and (2) the person received the property by 6 bequest or inheritance; then the person is not liable for the 7 penalties imposed under this <u>Section</u> for any year or 8 years during which the chief county assessment officer did not 9 require an annual application for the exemption. However, that 10 person is responsible for any interest owed under subsection 11 (f).

12 (h) If the erroneous homestead exemption was granted as a 13 result of a clerical error or omission on the part of the chief 14 county assessment officer, and if the property owner has paid 15 the its tax bills as received for the year in which the error 16 occurred, then the interest and penalties authorized by this 17 Section with respect to that homestead exemption shall not be chargeable to the property owner. However, nothing in this 18 19 Section shall prevent the collection of the erroneous exemption 20 principal amount of back taxes due and owing.

(i) A lien under this Section is not valid as to (1) any bona fide purchaser for value without notice of the erroneous homestead exemption whose rights in and to the underlying parcel arose after the erroneous homestead exemption was granted but before the filing of the notice of lien; or (2) any mortgagee, judgment creditor, or other lienor whose rights in SB3476 Engrossed - 8 - LRB098 20013 HLH 55241 b

and to the underlying parcel arose before the filing of the 1 2 notice of lien. A title insurance policy for the property that is issued by a title company licensed to do business in the 3 State showing that the property is free and clear of any liens 4 5 imposed under this Section shall be prima facie evidence that 6 the property owner is without notice of the erroneous homestead 7 exemption. Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to impair 8 the rights of subsequent creditors and subsequent purchasers 9 under Section 30 of the Conveyances Act.

10 (j) When a lien is filed against the property pursuant to 11 this Section, the chief county assessment officer shall mail a 12 copy of the lien to the person to whom the most recent tax bill was mailed and to the owner of record, and the outstanding 13 14 liability created by such a lien is due and payable within 30 15 days after the mailing of the lien by the chief county 16 assessment officer. Payment shall be made to the chief county 17 treasurer. Upon assessment officer who shall, upon receipt of the full amount due, as determined by the chief county 18 19 assessment officer, the county treasurer shall distribute the 20 amount paid as provided in subsection (k). Upon presentment by 21 the property owner to the chief county assessment officer of 22 proof of payment of the total liability, the chief county 23 assessment officer shall provide in reasonable form a release of the lien and shall transmit the funds received to the county 24 25 treasurer for distribution as provided in subsection (i) of 26 this Section. This liability is deemed delinguent and shall

SB3476 Engrossed -9 - LRB098 20013 HLH 55241 b bear interest beginning on the day after the due date <u>at a rate</u> of 1.5% per month or portion thereof.

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3 (k) The county treasurer shall pay collected erroneous exemption principal amounts, pro rata, unpaid taxes shall be 4 5 paid to the appropriate taxing districts, or their legal 6 successors, that levied upon the subject property in the 7 assessment year or years for which the erroneous homestead 8 exemptions were granted. The county treasurer shall pay 9 collected interest. Interest shall be paid to the county where 10 the property is located. The county treasurer shall deposit 11 collected penalties into a special fund established by the 12 county treasurer to offset The penalty shall be paid to the 13 chief county assessment officer's office for the costs of 14 administration of the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 15 98th General Assembly by the chief county assessment officer's 16 office, as appropriated by the county board.

17 (1) The chief county assessment officer in a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants shall establish an amnesty period 18 19 for all taxpayers owing any tax due to an erroneous homestead 20 exemption granted in a tax year prior to the 2013 tax year. The amnesty period shall begin on the effective date of this 21 22 amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly and shall run 23 through December 31, 2013. If, during the amnesty period, the 24 taxpayer pays the entire arrearage of taxes due for tax years 25 prior to 2013, the county clerk shall abate and not seek to 26 collect any interest or penalties that may be applicable and

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1 shall not seek civil or criminal prosecution for any taxpayer 2 for tax years prior to 2013. Failure to pay all such taxes due 3 during the amnesty period established under this Section shall 4 invalidate the amnesty period for that taxpayer.

5 The chief county assessment officer in a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants shall (i) mail notice of the 6 amnesty period with the tax bills for the second installment of 7 8 taxes for the 2012 assessment year and (ii) as soon as possible 9 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th 10 General Assembly, publish notice of the amnesty period in a 11 newspaper of general circulation in the county. Notices shall 12 include information on the amnesty period, its purpose, and the 13 method by in which to make payment.

14 Taxpayers who are a party to any criminal investigation or 15 to any civil or criminal litigation that is pending in any 16 circuit court or appellate court, or in the Supreme Court of 17 this State, for nonpayment, delinguency, or fraud in relation to any property tax imposed by any taxing district located in 18 the State on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 19 20 98th General Assembly may not take advantage of the amnesty 21 period.

A taxpayer who has claimed 3 or more homestead exemptions in error shall not be eligible for the amnesty period established under this subsection.

25 (Source: P.A. 98-93, eff. 7-16-13; revised 9-11-13.)