1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing Section 9-7 as follows:
- 6 (10 ILCS 5/9-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 9-7)
- 7 Sec. 9-7. Records and accounts.

committee;

of-

10

- 8 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the treasurer of 9 a political committee shall keep a detailed and exact account
- 11 (a) the total of all contributions made to or for the
- (b) the full name and mailing address of every person
 making a contribution and the date and amount thereof;
- 15 (c) the total of all expenditures made by or on behalf 16 of the committee;
- (d) the full name and mailing address of every person to whom any expenditure is made, and the date and amount thereof;
- 20 (e) proof of payment, stating the particulars, for 21 every expenditure made by or on behalf of the committee.
- The treasurer shall preserve all records and accounts required by this section for a period of 2 years.

- (2) The treasurer of a political committee shall keep a 1
- 2 detailed and exact account of the total amount of contributions
- made to or for a committee at an event licensed under Section 3
- 8.1 of the Raffles and Poker Runs Act. For an event licensed 4
- 5 under Section 8.1, the treasurer is not required to keep a
- 6 detailed and exact account of the full name and mailing address
- of a person who purchases tickets at the event in an amount 7
- that does not exceed \$150. 8
- 9 (Source: P.A. 96-832, eff. 1-1-11; 97-766, eff. 7-6-12.)
- 10 Section 10. The Raffles Act is amended by changing Sections
- 11 0.01, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 8 as follows:
- 12 (230 ILCS 15/0.01) (from Ch. 85, par. 2300)
- Sec. 0.01. Short title. This Act may be cited as the 13
- 14 Raffles and Poker Runs Act.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 86-1324.)
- 16 (230 ILCS 15/1) (from Ch. 85, par. 2301)
- Sec. 1. Definitions. \rightarrow For the purposes of this Act the 17
- 18 terms defined in this Section have the meanings given them.
- 19 "Net Proceeds" means the gross receipts from the conduct of
- 20 raffles, less reasonable sums expended for prizes, local
- 21 license fees and other reasonable operating expenses incurred
- 22 as a result of operating a raffle or poker run.
- "Key location" means the location where the poker run 23

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

concludes and the prize or prizes are awarded.

"Poker run" means an event organized by an organization licensed under this Act in which participants travel to multiple predetermined locations, including a key location, drawing a playing card or equivalent item at each location, in order to assemble a facsimile of a poker hand or other numeric score. "Poker run" includes dice runs, marble runs, or other events where the objective is to build the best hand or highest score by obtaining an item at each location.

"Raffle" means a form of lottery, as defined in Section 28-2(b) of the Criminal Code of 2012, conducted by an organization licensed under this Act, in which:

- (1) the player pays or agrees to pay something of value for a chance, represented and differentiated by a number or by a combination of numbers or by some other medium, one or more of which chances is to be designated the winning chance;
- (2) the winning chance is to be determined through a drawing or by some other method based on an element of chance by an act or set of acts on the part of persons conducting or connected with the lottery, except that the winning chance shall not be determined by the outcome of a publicly exhibited sporting contest.
- (Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.) 24
- 25 (230 ILCS 15/2) (from Ch. 85, par. 2302)

1 Sec. 2. Licensing.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

(a) The governing body of any county or municipality within this State may establish a system for the licensing of organizations to operate raffles. The governing bodies of a county and one or more municipalities may, pursuant to a written contract, jointly establish a system for the licensing of organizations to operate raffles within any area of contiquous territory not contained within the corporate limits of a municipality which is not a party to such contract. The governing bodies of two or more adjacent counties or two or more adjacent municipalities located within a county may, pursuant to a written contract, jointly establish a system for the licensing of organizations to operate raffles within the corporate limits of such counties or municipalities. licensing authority may establish special categories licenses and promulgate rules relating to the various categories. The licensing system shall provide for limitations (1) the aggregate retail value of all prizes merchandise awarded by a licensee in a single raffle, (2) the maximum retail value of each prize awarded by a licensee in a single raffle, (3) the maximum price which may be charged for each raffle chance issued or sold and (4) the maximum number of days during which chances may be issued or sold. The licensing system may include a fee for each license in an amount to be determined by the local governing body. Licenses issued pursuant to this Act shall be valid for one raffle or for a

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

specified number of raffles to be conducted during a specified period not to exceed one year and may be suspended or revoked for any violation of this Act. A local governing body shall act on a license application within 30 days from the date of application. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prohibit a county or municipality from adopting rules or ordinances for the operation of raffles that are more restrictive than provided for in this Act. The governing body of a municipality may authorize the sale of raffle chances only within the borders of the municipality. The governing body of the county may authorize the sale of raffle chances only in those areas which are both within the borders of the county and outside the borders of any municipality.

(a-5) The governing body of any county within this State may establish a system for the licensing of organizations to operate poker runs. The governing bodies of 2 or more adjacent counties may, pursuant to a written contract, jointly establish a system for the licensing of organizations to operate poker runs within the corporate limits of such counties. The licensing authority may establish special categories of licenses and adopt rules relating to the various categories. The licensing system may include a fee not to exceed \$25 for each license. Licenses issued pursuant to this Act shall be valid for one poker run or for a specified number of poker runs to be conducted during a specified period not to exceed one year and may be suspended or revoked for any violation of this

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

Act. A local governing body shall act on a license application 1 2 within 30 days after the date of application.

(b) Licenses shall be issued only to bona fide religious, charitable, labor, business, fraternal, educational veterans' organizations that operate without profit to their members and which have been in existence continuously for a period of 5 years immediately before making application for a license and which have had during that entire 5 year period a bona fide membership engaged in carrying out their objects, or to a non-profit fundraising organization that the licensing authority determines is organized for the sole purpose of providing financial assistance to an identified individual or group of individuals suffering extreme financial hardship as the result of an illness, disability, accident or disaster. A licensing authority may waive the 5-year requirement under this subsection (b) for a bona fide religious, charitable, labor, business, fraternal, educational, or veterans' organization that applies for a license to conduct a poker run if the organization is a local organization that is affiliated with and chartered by a national or State organization that meets the 5-year requirement.

For purposes of this Act, the following definitions apply. Non-profit: An organization or institution organized and conducted on a not-for-profit basis with no personal profit inuring to any one as a result of the operation. Charitable: An organization or institution organized and operated to benefit

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

an indefinite number of the public. The service rendered to those eligible for benefits must also confer some benefit on the public. Educational: An organization or institution organized and operated to provide systematic instruction in useful branches of learning by methods common to schools and institutions of learning which compare favorably in their scope intensity with the course of study presented tax-supported schools. Religious: Any church, congregation, society, or organization founded for the purpose of religious worship. Fraternal: An organization of persons having a common interest, the primary interest of which is to both promote the welfare of its members and to provide assistance to the general public in such a way as to lessen the burdens of government by caring for those that otherwise would be cared for by the government. Veterans: An organization or association comprised of members of which substantially all are individuals who are veterans or spouses, widows, or widowers of veterans, the primary purpose of which is to promote the welfare of its members and to provide assistance to the general public in such a way as to confer a public benefit. Labor: An organization composed of workers organized with the objective of betterment of the conditions of those engaged in such pursuit and the a higher degree of efficiency in their development of respective occupations. Business: A voluntary organization composed of individuals and businesses who have joined together to advance the commercial, financial, industrial and civic

- 1 interests of a community.
- 2 (c) Poker runs shall be licensed by the governing body with
- 3 jurisdiction over the key location. The license granted by the
- key location shall cover the entire poker run, including 4
- locations other than the key location. Each license issued 5
- shall include the name and address of each predetermined 6
- 7 location.
- (Source: P.A. 86-820.) 8
- 9 (230 ILCS 15/3) (from Ch. 85, par. 2303)
- 10 Sec. 3. License - Application - Issuance - Restrictions -
- 11 Persons ineligible. Licenses issued by the governing body of
- 12 any county or municipality are subject to the following
- restrictions: 1.3
- 14 (1) No person, firm or corporation shall conduct raffles or
- 15 chances or poker runs without having first obtained a license
- 16 therefor pursuant to this Act.
- (2) The license and application for license must specify 17
- 18 the area or areas within the licensing authority in which
- raffle chances will be sold or issued or a poker run will be 19
- conducted, the time period during which raffle chances will be 20
- 21 sold or issued or a poker run will be conducted, the time of
- 22 determination of winning chances and the location or locations
- at which winning chances will be determined. 23
- 24 (3) The license application must contain a sworn statement
- 25 attesting to the not-for-profit character of the prospective

- 1 licensee organization, signed by the presiding officer and the
- 2 secretary of that organization.
- 3 (4) The application for license shall be prepared in
- 4 accordance with the ordinance of the local governmental unit.
- 5 (5) A license authorizes the licensee to conduct raffles $\underline{\text{or}}$
- 6 <u>poker runs</u> as defined in this Act.
- 7 The following are ineligible for any license under this
- 8 Act:
- 9 (a) any person who has been convicted of a felony;
- 10 (b) any person who is or has been a professional gambler or
- 11 gambling promoter;
- 12 (c) any person who is not of good moral character;
- 13 (d) any firm or corporation in which a person defined in
- 14 (a), (b) or (c) has a proprietary, equitable or credit
- interest, or in which such a person is active or employed;
- (e) any organization in which a person defined in (a), (b)
- or (c) is an officer, director, or employee, whether
- 18 compensated or not;
- 19 (f) any organization in which a person defined in (a), (b)
- 20 or (c) is to participate in the management or operation of a
- 21 raffle as defined in this Act.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 85-160.)
- 23 (230 ILCS 15/4) (from Ch. 85, par. 2304)
- Sec. 4. Conduct of raffles and poker runs.
- 25 (a) The conducting of raffles and poker runs is subject to

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- the following restrictions:
 - (1) The entire net proceeds of any raffle or poker run must be exclusively devoted to the lawful purposes of the organization permitted to conduct that game.
 - (2) No person except a bona fide member of the sponsoring organization may participate in the management or operation of the raffle or poker run.
 - (3) No person may receive any remuneration or profit for participating in the management or operation of the raffle or poker run.
 - (4) A licensee may rent a premises on which to determine the winning chance or chances in a raffle only from an organization which is also licensed under this Act. A premises where a poker run is held is not required to obtain a license if the name and location of the premises is listed as a predetermined location on the license issued for the poker run and the premises does not charge for use of the premises.
 - (5) Raffle chances may be sold or issued only within the area specified on the license and winning chances may be determined only at those locations specified on the license for a raffle.
 - (6) A person under the age of 18 years may participate in the conducting of raffles or chances or poker runs only with the permission of a parent or guardian. A person under the age of 18 years may be within the area where winning

1.3

- chances <u>in a raffle or winning hands or scores in a poker</u>

 <u>run</u> are being determined only when accompanied by his

 parent or guardian.
 - (b) If a lessor rents premises where a winning chance or chances on a raffle or a winning hand or score in a poker run is are determined, the lessor shall not be criminally liable if the person who uses the premises for the determining of winning chances does not hold a license issued by the governing body of any county or municipality under the provisions of this Act.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 87-1271.)
- 11 (230 ILCS 15/5) (from Ch. 85, par. 2305)
 - Sec. 5. Manager; bond Raffles manager bond. All operation of and the conduct of raffles and poker runs shall be under the supervision of a single raffles manager designated by the organization. The manager shall give a fidelity bond in an amount determined by the licensing authority in favor of the organization conditioned upon his honesty in the performance of his duties. Terms of the bond shall provide that notice shall be given in writing to the licensing authority not less than 30 days prior to its cancellation. The governing body of a local unit of government may waive this bond requirement by including a waiver provision in the license issued to an organization under this Act, provided that a license containing such waiver provision shall be granted only by unanimous vote of the members of the licensed organization.

1.3

(Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

- 2 (230 ILCS 15/6) (from Ch. 85, par. 2306)
- 3 Sec. 6. Records.
 - (a) Each organization licensed to conduct raffles and chances or poker run events shall keep records of its gross receipts, expenses and net proceeds for each single gathering or occasion at which winning chances in a raffle or winning hands or scores in a poker run are determined. All deductions from gross receipts for each single gathering or occasion shall be documented with receipts or other records indicating the amount, a description of the purchased item or service or other reason for the deduction, and the recipient. The distribution of net proceeds shall be itemized as to payee, purpose, amount and date of payment.
 - (b) Gross receipts from the operation of raffles programs or poker runs shall be segregated from other revenues of the organization, including bingo gross receipts, if bingo games are also conducted by the same nonprofit organization pursuant to license therefor issued by the Department of Revenue of the State of Illinois, and placed in a separate account. Each organization shall have separate records of its raffles and poker runs. The person who accounts for gross receipts, expenses and net proceeds from the operation of raffles or poker runs shall not be the same person who accounts for other revenues of the organization.

- 1 (c) Each organization licensed to conduct raffles or poker
- 2 <u>runs</u> shall report promptly after the conclusion of each raffle
- 3 or poker run to its membership, and to the licensing local unit
- 4 of government, its gross receipts, expenses and net proceeds
- 5 from raffles or poker runs, and the distribution of net
- 6 proceeds itemized as required in this Section.
- 7 (d) Records required by this Section shall be preserved for
- 8 3 years, and organizations shall make available their records
- 9 relating to operation of raffles or poker runs for public
- inspection at reasonable times and places.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 82-711.)
- 12 (230 ILCS 15/8) (from Ch. 85, par. 2308)
- 13 Sec. 8. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize
- 14 the conducting or operating of any gambling scheme, enterprise,
- activity or device other than raffles or poker runs as provided
- 16 for herein.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 81-1365.)
- 18 Section 15. The Charitable Games Act is amended by changing
- 19 Section 2 as follows:
- 20 (230 ILCS 30/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 1122)
- Sec. 2. Definitions. For purposes of this Act, the
- 22 following definitions apply:
- 23 "Charitable games" means the 14 games of chance involving

- cards, dice, wheels, random selection of numbers, and gambling tickets which may be conducted at charitable games events listed as follows: roulette, blackjack, poker, pull tabs, craps, bang, beat the dealer, big six, gin rummy, five card
- 5 stud poker, chuck-a-luck, keno, hold-em poker, and merchandise

6 wheel.

7

8

9

10

11

19

20

21

22

23

- "Charitable games event" or "event" means the type of fundraising event authorized by the Act at which participants pay to play charitable games for the chance of winning cash or noncash prizes. "Charitable games event" or "event" includes a poker run.
- "Charitable organization" means an organization or institution organized and operated to benefit an indefinite number of the public.
- "Chips" means scrip, play money, poker or casino chips, or any other representations of money, used to make wagers on the outcome of any charitable game.
- "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
 - "Educational organization" means an organization or institution organized and operated to provide systematic instruction in useful branches of learning by methods common to schools and institutions of learning which compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the course of study presented in tax-supported schools.
- 25 "Fraternal organization" means an organization of persons 26 having a common interest that is organized and operated

- SECOLE ENGLOSSES
- 1 exclusively to promote the welfare of its members and to
- 2 benefit the general public on a continuing and consistent
- 3 basis, including but not limited to ethnic organizations.
- 4 "Labor organization" means an organization composed of
- 5 labor unions or workers organized with the objective of
- 6 betterment of the conditions of those engaged in such pursuit
- 7 and the development of a higher degree of efficiency in their
- 8 respective occupations.
- 9 "Licensed organization" means a qualified organization
- 10 that has obtained a license to conduct a charitable games event
- in conformance with the provisions of this Act.
- 12 "Non-profit organization" means an organization or
- institution organized and conducted on a not-for-profit basis
- 14 with no personal profit inuring to anyone as a result of the
- 15 operation.
- 16 "Organization" means a: A corporation, agency,
- 17 partnership, association, firm, business, or other entity
- 18 consisting of 2 or more persons joined by a common interest or
- 19 purpose.
- 20 "Person" means any natural individual, corporation,
- 21 partnership, limited liability company, organization as
- 22 defined in this Section, qualified organization, licensed
- organization, licensee under this Act, or volunteer.
- 24 "Poker run" means an event organized by a sponsoring
- 25 organization in which participants travel to 5 or more
- 26 predetermined locations, drawing a playing card or equivalent

- item at each location, in order to assemble a facsimile of a 1 2 poker hand or other numeric score. "Poker run" includes dice runs, marble runs, or other events where the objective is to 3 build the best hand or highest score by obtaining an 4
- 5 each location.

9

10

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- "Premises" means a distinct parcel of land and 6 7 buildings thereon.
 - "Provider" means the person or organization owning, leasing, or controlling premises upon which any charitable games event is to be conducted.
- 11 "Qualified organization" means:
 - (a) a charitable, religious, fraternal, veterans, labor, educational organization, or other institution organized and conducted on a not-for-profit basis with no personal profit inuring to anyone as a result of the operation and which is exempt from federal income taxation under Sections 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(5), 501(c)(8), 501(c)(10) or 501(c)(19) of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (b) a veterans organization as defined in Section 1.1 of the "Bingo License and Tax Act" organized and conducted on a not-for-profit basis with no personal profit inuring to anyone as a result of the operation; or
 - auxiliary organization of a (C) An veterans organization.
- "Religious organization" means any church, congregation, 25 26 society, or organization founded for the purpose of religious

- 1 worship.
- 2 "Sponsoring organization" means a qualified organization
- 3 that has obtained a license to conduct a charitable games event
- 4 in conformance with the provisions of this Act.
- 5 "Supplier" means any person, firm, or corporation that
- 6 sells, leases, lends, distributes, or otherwise provides to any
- 7 organization licensed to conduct charitable games events in
- 8 Illinois any charitable games equipment.
- 9 "Veterans' organization" means an organization comprised
- of members of which substantially all are individuals who are
- 11 veterans or spouses, widows, or widowers of veterans, the
- 12 primary purpose of which is to promote the welfare of its
- members and to provide assistance to the general public in such
- a way as to confer a public benefit.
- 15 "Volunteer" means a person recruited by a licensed
- organization who voluntarily performs services at a charitable
- 17 games event, including participation in the management or
- operation of a game, as defined in Section 8.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 98-426, eff. 8-16-13.)
- Section 20. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by
- 21 changing Section 6-2 as follows:
- 22 (235 ILCS 5/6-2) (from Ch. 43, par. 120)
- Sec. 6-2. Issuance of licenses to certain persons
- 24 prohibited.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this Section and in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 3-12, no license of any kind issued by the State Commission or any local commission shall be issued to:
 - (1) A person who is not a resident of any city, village or county in which the premises covered by the license are located; except in case of railroad or boat licenses.
 - (2) A person who is not of good character and reputation in the community in which he resides.
 - (3) A person who is not a citizen of the United States.
 - (4) A person who has been convicted of a felony under any Federal or State law, unless the Commission determines that such person has been sufficiently rehabilitated to warrant the public trust after considering matters set forth in such person's application and the Commission's investigation. The burden of proof of sufficient rehabilitation shall be on the applicant.
 - (5) A person who has been convicted of keeping a place prostitution or keeping а place of iuvenile of prostitution, promoting prostitution that involves keeping place of prostitution, or promoting juvenile prostitution that involves keeping a place of juvenile prostitution.
 - (6) A person who has been convicted of pandering or other crime or misdemeanor opposed to decency and morality.
 - (7) A person whose license issued under this Act has

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (8) A person who at the time of application for renewal of any license issued hereunder would not be eligible for such license upon a first application.
- A copartnership, if any general partnership thereof, or any limited partnership thereof, owning more than 5% of the aggregate limited partner interest in such copartnership would not be eligible to receive a license hereunder for any reason other than residence within the political subdivision, unless residency is required by local ordinance.
- (10) A corporation or limited liability company, if any member, officer, manager or director thereof, or any stockholder or stockholders owning in the aggregate more than 5% of the stock of such corporation, would not be eligible to receive a license hereunder for any reason other than citizenship and residence within the political subdivision.
- (10a) A corporation or limited liability company unless it is incorporated or organized in Illinois, or unless it is a foreign corporation or foreign limited liability company which is qualified under the Business Corporation Act of 1983 or the Limited Liability Company Act to transact business in Illinois. The Commission shall permit and accept from an applicant for a license under this Act proof prepared from the Secretary of State's

website that the corporation or limited liability company is in good standing and is qualified under the Business Corporation Act of 1983 or the Limited Liability Company Act to transact business in Illinois.

- (11) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager or agent unless the manager or agent possesses the same qualifications required by the licensee.
- (12) A person who has been convicted of a violation of any Federal or State law concerning the manufacture, possession or sale of alcoholic liquor, subsequent to the passage of this Act or has forfeited his bond to appear in court to answer charges for any such violation.
- (13) A person who does not beneficially own the premises for which a license is sought, or does not have a lease thereon for the full period for which the license is to be issued.
- (14) Any law enforcing public official, including members of local liquor control commissions, any mayor, alderman, or member of the city council or commission, any president of the village board of trustees, any member of a village board of trustees, or any president or member of a county board; and no such official shall have a direct interest in the manufacture, sale, or distribution of alcoholic liquor, except that a license may be granted to such official in relation to premises that are not located within the territory subject to the jurisdiction of that

official if the issuance of such license is approved by the 1 2 State Liquor Control Commission and except that a license 3 may be granted, in a city or village with a population of 55,000 or less, to any alderman, member of a city council, 4 or member of a village board of trustees in relation to 6 premises that are located within the territory subject to jurisdiction of that official if (i) the sale of 7 8 alcoholic liquor pursuant to the license is incidental to 9 the selling of food, (ii) the issuance of the license is 10 approved by the State Commission, (iii) the issuance of the 11 license is in accordance with all applicable local 12 ordinances in effect where the premises are located, and (iv) the official granted a license does not vote on 13 14 alcoholic liquor issues pending before the board or council 15 to which the license holder is elected. Notwithstanding any 16 provision of this paragraph (14) to the contrary, an 17 alderman or member of a city council or commission, a member of a village board of trustees other than the 18 19 president of the village board of trustees, or a member of 20 a county board other than the president of a county board may have a direct interest in the manufacture, sale, or 21 22 distribution of alcoholic liquor as long as he or she is 23 not a law enforcing public official, a mayor, a village 24 board president, or president of a county board. To prevent 25 any conflict of interest, the elected official with the

direct interest in the manufacture, sale, or distribution

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

of alcoholic liquor shall not participate in any meetings, hearings, matters or decisions on impacting the manufacture, sale, or distribution of alcoholic liquor. Furthermore, the mayor of a city with a population of 55,000 or less or the president of a village with a population of 55,000 or less may have an interest in the manufacture, sale, or distribution of alcoholic liquor as long as the council or board over which he or she presides has made a local liquor control commissioner appointment that complies with the requirements of Section 4-2 of this Act.

- (15) A person who is not a beneficial owner of the business to be operated by the licensee.
- (16) A person who has been convicted of a gambling offense as proscribed by any of subsections (a) (3) through (a) (11) of Section 28-1 of, or as proscribed by Section 28-1.1 or 28-3 of, the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or as proscribed by a statute replaced by any of the aforesaid statutory provisions.
- (17) A person or entity to whom a federal wagering stamp has been issued by the federal government, unless the person or entity is eligible to be issued a license under the Raffles and Poker Runs Act or the Illinois Pull Tabs and Jar Games Act.
- (18) A person who intends to sell alcoholic liquors for use or consumption on his or her licensed retail premises

1 who does no

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

who does not have liquor liability insurance coverage for that premises in an amount that is at least equal to the maximum liability amounts set out in subsection (a) of Section 6-21.

- (19) A person who is licensed by any licensing authority as a manufacturer of beer, or any partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or trust or any subsidiary, affiliate, or agent thereof, or any other form of business enterprise licensed as a manufacturer of beer, having any legal, equitable, or beneficial interest, directly or indirectly, in a person licensed in this State as a distributor or importing distributor. For purposes of this paragraph (19), a person who is licensed by any licensing authority as a "manufacturer of beer" shall also mean a brewer and a non-resident dealer who is also a manufacturer of beer, including а partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or trust or any subsidiary, affiliate, or agent thereof, or any other form of business enterprise licensed as a manufacturer of beer.
- (20) A person who is licensed in this State as a distributor or importing distributor, or any partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or trust or any subsidiary, affiliate, or agent thereof, or any other form of business enterprise licensed in this State as a distributor or importing distributor having any legal, equitable, or beneficial interest, directly or indirectly,

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

in a person licensed as a manufacturer of beer by any licensing authority, or any partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or trust or any subsidiary, affiliate, or agent thereof, or any other form of business enterprise, except for a person who owns, on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, no more than 5% of the outstanding shares of a manufacturer of beer whose shares are publicly traded on an exchange within the meaning of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. For the purposes of this paragraph (20), a person who is licensed by any licensing authority "manufacturer of beer" shall also mean a brewer and a non-resident dealer who is also a manufacturer of beer, including a partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or trust or any subsidiary, affiliate, or agent thereof, or any other form of business enterprise licensed

(b) A criminal conviction of a corporation is not grounds for the denial, suspension, or revocation of a license applied for or held by the corporation if the criminal conviction was not the result of a violation of any federal or State law concerning the manufacture, possession or sale of alcoholic liquor, the offense that led to the conviction did not result in any financial gain to the corporation and the corporation has terminated its relationship with each director, officer, employee, or controlling shareholder whose actions directly

as a manufacturer of beer.

- 1 contributed to the conviction of the corporation. The
- 2 Commission shall determine if all provisions of this subsection
- 3 (b) have been met before any action on the corporation's
- 4 license is initiated.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 97-1059, eff. 8-24-12; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13;
- 6 98-10, eff. 5-6-13; 98-21, eff. 6-13-13, revised 9-24-13.)
- 7 Section 25. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by
- 8 changing Sections 28-1 and 28-1.1 as follows:
- 9 (720 ILCS 5/28-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-1)
- 10 Sec. 28-1. Gambling.
- 11 (a) A person commits gambling when he or she:
- 12 (1) knowingly plays a game of chance or skill for money
- or other thing of value, unless excepted in subsection (b)
- of this Section;
- 15 (2) knowingly makes a wager upon the result of any
- game, contest, or any political nomination, appointment or
- 17 election;
- 18 (3) knowingly operates, keeps, owns, uses, purchases,
- exhibits, rents, sells, bargains for the sale or lease of,
- 20 manufactures or distributes any gambling device;
- 21 (4) contracts to have or give himself or herself or
- another the option to buy or sell, or contracts to buy or
- sell, at a future time, any grain or other commodity
- 24 whatsoever, or any stock or security of any company, where

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

it is at the time of making such contract intended by both parties thereto that the contract to buy or sell, or the option, whenever exercised, or the contract resulting therefrom, shall be settled, not by the receipt or delivery of such property, but by the payment only of differences in prices thereof; however, the issuance, purchase, sale, exercise, endorsement or guarantee, by or through a person registered with the Secretary of State pursuant to Section 8 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953, or by or through a person exempt from such registration under said Section 8, of a put, call, or other option to buy or sell securities which have been registered with the Secretary of State or which are exempt from such registration under Section 3 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 is not gambling within the meaning of this paragraph (4);

- (5) knowingly owns or possesses any book, instrument or apparatus by means of which bets or wagers have been, or are, recorded or registered, or knowingly possesses any money which he has received in the course of a bet or wager;
- (6) knowingly sells pools upon the result of any game or contest of skill or chance, political nomination, appointment or election;
- (7) knowingly sets up or promotes any lottery or sells, offers to sell or transfers any ticket or share for any lottery;

device;

- (8) knowingly sets up or promotes any policy game or sells, offers to sell or knowingly possesses or transfers any policy ticket, slip, record, document or other similar
- (9) knowingly drafts, prints or publishes any lottery ticket or share, or any policy ticket, slip, record, document or similar device, except for such activity related to lotteries, bingo games and raffles authorized by and conducted in accordance with the laws of Illinois or any other state or foreign government;
- (10) knowingly advertises any lottery or policy game, except for such activity related to lotteries, bingo games and raffles authorized by and conducted in accordance with the laws of Illinois or any other state;
- (11) knowingly transmits information as to wagers, betting odds, or changes in betting odds by telephone, telegraph, radio, semaphore or similar means; or knowingly installs or maintains equipment for the transmission or receipt of such information; except that nothing in this subdivision (11) prohibits transmission or receipt of such information for use in news reporting of sporting events or contests; or
- (12) knowingly establishes, maintains, or operates an Internet site that permits a person to play a game of chance or skill for money or other thing of value by means of the Internet or to make a wager upon the result of any

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- game, contest, political nomination, appointment, 1 2 election by means of the Internet. This item (12) does not apply to activities referenced in items (6) and (6.1) of 3 subsection (b) of this Section.
 - (b) Participants in any of the following activities shall not be convicted of gambling:
 - (1) Agreements to compensate for loss caused by the happening of chance including without limitation contracts of indemnity or guaranty and life or health or accident insurance.
 - (2) Offers of prizes, award or compensation to the actual contestants in any bona fide contest for the determination of skill, speed, strength or endurance or to the owners of animals or vehicles entered in such contest.
 - (3) Pari-mutuel betting as authorized by the law of this State.
 - (4) Manufacture of gambling devices, including the acquisition of essential parts therefor and the assembly thereof, for transportation in interstate or foreign commerce to any place outside this State when such transportation is not prohibited by any applicable Federal law; or the manufacture, distribution, or possession of video gaming terminals, as defined in the Video Gaming Act, by manufacturers, distributors, and terminal operators licensed to do so under the Video Gaming Act.
 - (5) The game commonly known as "bingo", when conducted

in accordance with the Bingo License and Tax Act.

- (6) Lotteries when conducted by the State of Illinois in accordance with the Illinois Lottery Law. This exemption includes any activity conducted by the Department of Revenue to sell lottery tickets pursuant to the provisions of the Illinois Lottery Law and its rules.
- (6.1) The purchase of lottery tickets through the Internet for a lottery conducted by the State of Illinois under the program established in Section 7.12 of the Illinois Lottery Law.
- (7) Possession of an antique slot machine that is neither used nor intended to be used in the operation or promotion of any unlawful gambling activity or enterprise. For the purpose of this subparagraph (b)(7), an antique slot machine is one manufactured 25 years ago or earlier.
- (8) Raffles <u>and poker runs</u> when conducted in accordance with the Raffles and Poker Runs Act.
- (9) Charitable games when conducted in accordance with the Charitable Games Act.
- (10) Pull tabs and jar games when conducted under the Illinois Pull Tabs and Jar Games Act.
- (11) Gambling games conducted on riverboats when authorized by the Riverboat Gambling Act.
- (12) Video gaming terminal games at a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans

- establishment when conducted in accordance with the Video 1 2 Gaming Act.
- (13) Games of skill or chance where money or other 3 things of value can be won but no payment or purchase is 4 5 required to participate.
- 6 (c) Sentence.
- 7 Gambling is a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent 8 conviction under subsections (a)(3) through (a)(12), is a Class 9 4 felony.
- 10 (d) Circumstantial evidence.
- 11 In prosecutions under this Section circumstantial evidence
- 12 shall have the same validity and weight as in any criminal
- 13 prosecution.
- (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 14
- 96-1203, eff. 7-22-10; 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13.) 15
- 16 (720 ILCS 5/28-1.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-1.1)
- 17 Sec. 28-1.1. Syndicated gambling.
- 18 Declaration of Purpose. Recognizing the (a) 19 relationship between professional gambling and other organized 20 crime, it is declared to be the policy of the legislature to
- 21 restrain persons from engaging in the business of gambling for
- 22 profit in this State. This Section shall be liberally construed
- and administered with a view to carrying out this policy. 23
- 24 (b) A person commits syndicated gambling when he or she 25 operates a "policy game" or engages in the business of

- 2 (c) A person "operates a policy game" when he or she 3 knowingly uses any premises or property for the purpose of 4 receiving or knowingly does receive from what is commonly
- 5 called "policy":
- 6 (1) money from a person other than the bettor or player
 7 whose bets or plays are represented by the money; or
 - (2) written "policy game" records, made or used over any period of time, from a person other than the bettor or player whose bets or plays are represented by the written record.
 - (d) A person engages in bookmaking when he or she knowingly receives or accepts more than five bets or wagers upon the result of any trials or contests of skill, speed or power of endurance or upon any lot, chance, casualty, unknown or contingent event whatsoever, which bets or wagers shall be of such size that the total of the amounts of money paid or promised to be paid to the bookmaker on account thereof shall exceed \$2,000. Bookmaking is the receiving or accepting of bets or wagers regardless of the form or manner in which the bookmaker records them.
 - (e) Participants in any of the following activities shall not be convicted of syndicated gambling:
 - (1) Agreements to compensate for loss caused by the happening of chance including without limitation contracts of indemnity or guaranty and life or health or accident

- (2) Offers of prizes, award or compensation to the actual contestants in any bona fide contest for the determination of skill, speed, strength or endurance or to the owners of animals or vehicles entered in the contest;
- (3) Pari-mutuel betting as authorized by law of this State;
- (4) Manufacture of gambling devices, including the acquisition of essential parts therefor and the assembly thereof, for transportation in interstate or foreign commerce to any place outside this State when the transportation is not prohibited by any applicable Federal law;
- (5) Raffles <u>and poker runs</u> when conducted in accordance with the Raffles and Poker Runs Act;
- (6) Gambling games conducted on riverboats when authorized by the Riverboat Gambling Act; and
- (7) Video gaming terminal games at a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment when conducted in accordance with the Video Gaming Act.
- 23 (f) Sentence. Syndicated gambling is a Class 3 felony. 24 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13.)
- 25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 26 becoming law.