

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 SB2278

Introduced 2/15/2013, by Sen. Wm. Sam McCann

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Creates the Family and Personal Protection Act. Provides that the Department of State Police shall issue a license to carry a loaded or unloaded handqun to an applicant who resides in a non-home rule county of the State and who meets specified qualifications, has provided the application and specified documentation, and has submitted the requisite fees. Provides that a license to carry a handgun entitles a licensee to carry in any non-home rule county of the State a loaded handgun, either concealed or openly, on or about his or her person or in a vehicle, except in certain prohibited locations. Provides that a completed application for a license shall be submitted to the office of the sheriff of the county in which the applicant resides with all accompanying materials and fees. Provides that the sheriff shall review the application and submit a completed application, all accompanying materials, and the application fee to the Department within 30 days of receipt. Provides that a sheriff may submit an objection to an application, provided the objection is in writing, includes specific reasons for the objection, and is submitted with the application. Amends various Acts to make conforming changes.

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CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT 1 AN ACT concerning firearms.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Family
- 5 and Personal Protection Act.
- 6 Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 7 "Concealed firearm" means a loaded or unloaded handgun
- 8 carried on or about a person completely or mostly concealed
- 9 from view of the public, or carried in a vehicle in such a way
- 10 as it is concealed from view of the public.
- "Department" means the Department of State Police.
- "Director" means the Director of State Police.
- "Fund" means the Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust
- 14 Fund.
- "Handgun" means any device which is designed to expel a
- 16 projectile or projectiles by the action of an explosion,
- expansion of gas, or escape of gas that is designed to be held
- 18 and fired by the use of a single hand, and includes a
- 19 combination of parts from which the firearm can be assembled.
- "Handgun" does not include a stun gun or taser.
- "License" means a license issued by the Department of State
- 22 Police to carry a loaded or unloaded concealed firearm.
- "Licensee" means a person issued a license to carry a

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1 concealed firearm.

"Peace officer" means (i) any person who by virtue of his or her office or public employment is vested by law with a duty to maintain public order or to make arrests for offenses, whether that duty extends to all offenses or is limited to specific offenses, or (ii) any person who, by statute, is granted and authorized to exercise powers similar to those conferred upon any peace officer employed by a law enforcement agency of this State.

Section 15. Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust Fund. Fees from applications for licenses shall be deposited into the Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust Fund, a special fund that is created in the State treasury. Moneys in the Fund may be invested and any income from investments shall be deposited into the Fund. Subject to appropriation, moneys in the Fund shall exclusively be used to assist the Department with the administrative costs associated with this Act.

Section 20. Issuance of licenses to carry a concealed firearm.

(a) The Department shall issue a license to an applicant who: (i) resides in a non-home rule county and (ii) meets the qualifications of Section 25; (iii) has provided the application and documentation required in Section 30; and (iv) has submitted the requisite fees. The Department shall issue a

- 1 renewal, corrected, or duplicate license in accordance with
- 2 this Act.
- 3 (a-1) A licensee may carry a concealed handgun in any
- 4 non-home rule county of this State regardless of the county of
- 5 issuance, subject to the limitations and restrictions imposed
- 6 by this Act.
- 7 (a-5) A licensee shall possess a license at all times the
- 8 licensee carries a concealed firearm except (i) if the person
- 9 is carrying or possessing a concealed weapon and the person is
- on his or her land or in his or her abode or legal dwelling or
- in the abode or legal dwelling of another person as an invitee
- 12 with that person's permission; (ii) if the person is authorized
- to carry a firearm under Section 24-2 of the Criminal Code of
- 14 2012; or (iii) the weapon is broken down in a non-functioning
- 15 state, is not immediately accessible, or is enclosed in a case,
- firearm carrying box, shipping box, or other container.
- 17 (a-10) A licensee shall display the license upon the
- 18 request of a peace officer or person designated to enforce the
- 19 provisions of Section 70.
- 20 (b) The Department shall make applications for a license
- 21 available no later than 180 days after the effective date of
- 22 this Act. Applications shall be available at Department
- locations, sheriff offices, on the Department's official
- 24 website, and any other location designated by the Department.
- 25 (c) A completed application for a license shall be
- submitted to the office of the sheriff of the county in which

the applicant resides with all accompanying materials and fees. The sheriff shall review the application and submit a completed application, all accompanying materials, and the application fee to the Department within 30 days of receipt. The sheriff shall promptly return an incomplete application to the applicant. Each applicant for a license shall submit a \$100 application fee, of which \$25 shall be retained by the sheriff for expenses related to receiving and reviewing applications, and \$75 shall be submitted to the Department and deposited into the Citizen Safety and Self Defense Trust Fund. The sheriff may require an applicant to submit the fee in 2 portions: (1) \$25 payable to the sheriff, and (2) \$75 payable to the Department.

(d) A sheriff may submit an objection to an application, provided the objection is in writing, includes specific reasons for the objection, and is submitted with the application. Upon request of a municipal law enforcement agency, the sheriff shall notify the municipal law enforcement agency of the name, address, and date of birth of any person submitting an application for a license. The municipal law enforcement agency may submit to the sheriff information deemed to be relevant to the application, and the sheriff may consider that information when determining whether to submit an objection. Any objection submitted by a sheriff, including reports submitted to a sheriff by a municipal law enforcement agency, must be disclosed to the applicant unless disclosure would interfere with a criminal investigation, or as determined by the

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- Department, that disclosure may threaten the safety or welfare of the sheriff or municipal law enforcement agency.
- 3 (e) Notwithstanding subsection (a), the Department may consider any objection or recommendation made by the sheriff 5 and may determine the applicant is ineligible based solely on those objections. If the applicant is found by the Department 6 7 to be ineligible, the Department shall deny the application and 8 notify the applicant and the sheriff in writing, stating the 9 grounds for denial. The notice of denial must inform the 10 applicant that he or she may, within 30 days, appeal the denial 11 and submit additional materials relevant to the grounds for 12 denial. Upon receiving the additional documentation, the 13 Department shall reconsider its decision and inform the 14 applicant within 30 days of the result of the reconsideration. 15 If upon reconsideration the Department denies the application, 16 the applicant must be informed of the right to administrative 17 review.
 - (f) The license shall be issued by the Department within 45 days of receipt of a completed application from a sheriff. A license shall be valid for a period of 5 years.
- 21 (g) The Department shall adopt rules to implement the 22 provisions of this Section.
- Section 25. Qualifications of an applicant for a license.

 The Department shall issue a license to an applicant completing
 an application in accordance with Section 30 of this Act if the

1 person:

- (a) is at least 21 years of age;
 - (b) has a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card, or if applying for a non-resident license, has a notarized document stating the applicant is eligible under federal law and the laws of his or her home state to own a firearm;
 - (c) resides within the State of Illinois or resides in another state and requests a license under Section 65;
 - (d) has not been convicted of (i) a felony, (ii) a misdemeanor involving the use or threat of physical force or violence to any person within the 10 years preceding the date of the application, or (iii) a misdemeanor involving the use, possession, or distribution of a controlled substance or cannabis within the 10 years preceding the date of the application;
 - (e) has not been a patient in a mental institution within the past 5 years, has not been adjudicated as a mental defective, and is not intellectually disabled;
 - (f) is not free on any form of bond or pretrial release, other than for a traffic offense or other disqualifying act, and has no outstanding warrants in Illinois or any other state;
 - (g) does not chronically and habitually use alcoholic beverages as evidenced by the applicant having 2 or more convictions for violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or similar provision of a local ordinance

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within 5 years preceding the date of the application, or if the applicant has elected treatment under the supervision of a licensed program in accordance with the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act or similar laws of any other state, within 5 years preceding the date of the application; and

- (h) has completed firearms training and any educational component required in Section 85 of this Act.
- 9 Section 30. Contents of application.
- 10 (a) The application shall be in writing, under oath and
 11 penalty of perjury, on a standard form adopted by the
 12 Department and shall be accompanied by the documentation
 13 required in this Section and all applicable fees.
- 14 (b) The application shall contain the following 15 information:
 - (1) the applicant's name, current address, gender, date and year of birth, place of birth, height, weight, hair color, eye color, maiden name or any other name the applicant has used or identified with, and any address at which the applicant resided for more than 30 days within the 5 years preceding the date of the application;
 - (2) the applicant's driver's license or state identification card number and the last 4 digits of the applicant's social security number;
 - (3) questions to certify or demonstrate the applicant

- has completed firearms training and any educational component required in Section 85 of this Act;
 - (4) a statement that the applicant is a resident of the State of Illinois, except persons applying under Section 65 shall be instructed to submit the information required in that Section;
 - (5) a waiver of privacy and confidentiality rights and privileges of the applicant under all federal and State laws, including those governing access to juvenile court, criminal justice, psychological or psychiatric records, or records relating to the applicant's history of institutionalization, and an affirmative request that any person having custody of the records provide them or information concerning them to the Department;
 - (6) a conspicuous warning that false statements made by the applicant shall result in prosecution for perjury in accordance with Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of 2012;
 - (7) an affirmation that the applicant either possesses a currently valid Illinois Firearm Owner's Identification Card, in which case the application shall include the card number, or is applying for the card in conjunction with the application for a license, except persons applying under Section 65 shall be instructed to submit a copy of a valid license to carry a handgun issued by their home state, if applicable, or submit a notarized document stating the applicant is eligible under the laws of his or her home

state to possess a handgun; and

- (8) an affirmation that the applicant has never been convicted of (i) a felony, (ii) a misdemeanor involving the use or threat of physical force or violence to any person within the 10 years preceding the date of the application, or (iii) a misdemeanor involving the use, possession, or distribution of a controlled substance or cannabis within the 10 years preceding the date of the application.
- (c) A person applying for a license shall provide a head and shoulder color photograph in a size specified by the Department that was taken within the 30 days preceding the date of the application. The applicant shall consent to the Department reviewing and using the applicant's digital driver's license or Illinois Identification photograph and signature, if available. The Secretary of State shall allow the Department access to the photograph and signature for the purpose of identifying the applicant and issuing the applicant a license.
- (d) A person applying for a license shall submit with an application a full set of legible fingerprints. Fingerprinting may be administered by the Department or any other federal, State, county, or municipal law enforcement agency. The cost of fingerprinting shall be paid by the applicant, provided that the Department or law enforcement agency may charge no more than \$25 for a single set of fingerprints. The Department shall accept a hard copy or electronic version of fingerprints.

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- 1 (e) A person applying for a license shall submit a 2 photocopy of a certificate or other evidence of completion of a 3 course to show compliance with Section 85 of this Act.
 - (f) The Department is authorized to establish a system for electronically submitting applications, including applications for renewal or a replacement license.
- 7 Section 35. Database of applicants and licensees.
 - (a) The Department shall maintain a database of applicants for a license and licenses. The database shall be available to all Illinois law enforcement agencies, State's Attorneys, and the Attorney General. Members and staff of the judiciary may access the database for the purpose of determining whether to confiscate a license or to ensure compliance with this Act or any other law. The database shall be searchable and provide all information included in the application, a photo of licensee, and any information related applicant or violations of this Act. Individual law enforcement agencies shall not maintain a separate, searchable database applicants and licensees containing information included in the database.
 - (b) The Department shall make available on its website and upon request under the Freedom of Information Act statistical information about the age, race, and gender of applicants and licensees, and the number of licenses issued by county. The report shall be updated monthly. Except as provided in this

subsection, applications and information in the database shall be confidential and exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act. The Department may answer requests to confirm or deny whether a person has been issued a license as part of inquiries dealing with a criminal investigation. Individual law enforcement agencies, State's Attorneys, and judicial staff shall sign a confidentiality agreement, prepared by the Department, prior to receiving access to the database. No law enforcement agency, State's Attorney, or member or staff of the judiciary, other than the Department, shall provide any information to a requester not entitled to it by law, except as required or necessary for the conduct of a criminal investigation.

14 Section 40. Suspension or revocation of a license.

- (a) A license issued or renewed under this Act shall be revoked if, at any time, the licensee is found ineligible for a license based on the criteria set forth in Section 25 of this Act or the licensee no longer possesses a Firearm Owner's Identification Card or if a non-resident licensee has his or her home state license to carry a firearm revoked. This subsection shall not apply to a person who has filed an application with the State Police for renewal of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card and who is not otherwise ineligible to obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification Card.
 - (b) A license shall be suspended if an order of protection

under Section 112A-14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 or under Section 214 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 is issued against a licensee. The license shall be suspended for the duration of the order or until the order is terminated by a court and the Department shall not reissue or renew a license for the duration of the order or until the order is terminated. If an order of protection is issued against a licensee, the licensee shall surrender the license, as applicable, to the court at the time the order is entered or to the law enforcement agency or entity designated to serve process at the time the licensee is served the order. The court, law enforcement agency, or entity responsible for serving the order shall transmit the license to the Department.

- (c) The Department may temporarily or permanently suspend a license for a violation of Section 70 of this Act in accordance with subsection (i) of Section 70.
- (d) A license shall be invalid upon expiration of the license, unless the licensee has submitted an application to renew the license. A person who fails to renew his or her license within 6 months after its expiration must reapply for a new license and pay the fee for a new application.
- 22 (e) The Department may suspend a license if a licensee 23 fails to submit a change of address or name or fails to report 24 a lost or destroyed license to the Department within 30 days.

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- (a) Not later than 120 days before the expiration of any license issued under this Act, the Department shall notify the licensee in writing of the expiration and furnish an application for renewal of the license or make the application available on-line.
- 6 (b) Applications for renewal of a license shall be made directly to the Department. A license shall be renewed for a 7 8 period of 5 years upon receipt of a completed renewal 9 application and a \$50 renewal fee. The renewal application 10 shall contain the information required in Section 30, except 11 that the applicant need not resubmit а full set of 12 fingerprints. Each applicant for a renewal shall submit, on a 13 form prescribed by the Department, proof that the applicant (i) 14 has participated in at least one shooting competition with a 15 handgun within 6 months of the application for renewal, (ii) 16 has completed an equivalent range exercise as prescribed in 17 Section 85 and attested to by any instructor qualified under this Act, a certified law enforcement instructor, or NRA 18 19 certified instructor. or (iii) has completed Firearms 20 Instructor Training under Section 90. The Department shall make the range recertification form available on its website or as 21 22 part of a renewal application.
- Section 50. Change of address, change of name, or lost or destroyed licenses.
- 25 (a) The licensee shall notify the Department within 30 days

- of moving or changing a residence or any change of name, and upon the discovery of the loss or destruction of a license.
 - (b) If a licensee changes residence within this State or changes his or her name, the licensee shall request a new license. The licensee shall submit a \$25 fee, a notarized statement that the licensee has changed residence or his or her name, and a photograph as required in Section 30 of this Act. The statement must include the prior and current address or name and the date the licensee moved or changed his or her name.
 - (c) A lost or destroyed license shall be invalid. To request a new license, the licensee shall submit (i) a \$25 fee, (ii) a notarized statement that the licensee no longer possesses the license and that it was lost or destroyed, (iii) a copy of a police report stating that the license was lost, destroyed, or stolen, and (iv) a photograph as required in Section 30 of this Act.
 - Section 65. Non-resident applications. A person from another state or territory of the United States may apply for a non-resident license. The applicant shall apply to the Department and must meet the qualifications established in Section 25. The applicant shall submit (i) the application and documentation required in Section 30; (ii) a notarized document stating the applicant (A) is eligible under federal law and the laws of his or her home state to own a firearm, (B) if

applicable, has a license or permit to carry a firearm or concealed firearm issued by his or her home state and that a copy is attached to the application, (C) understands Illinois laws pertaining to the possession and transport of firearms, and (D) acknowledges that the applicant is subject to the jurisdiction of the Department and Illinois courts for any violation of this Act; and (iii) a \$100 application fee. In lieu of an Illinois State driver's license or identification card, he or she shall provide similar documentation from his or her state or territory.

- 11 Section 70. Restrictions.
- 12 (a) No license issued under this Act shall authorize any person to knowingly carry a handgun into:
 - (1) Any building under the control of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Comptroller, or Treasurer.
 - (2) Any building under control of the General Assembly or any of its support service agencies, including the portion of a building in which a committee of the General Assembly convenes for the purpose of conducting meetings of committees, joint committees, or legislative commissions.
 - (3) Any courthouse or building occupied in whole or in part by the Circuit, Appellate, or Supreme Court or a room designated as a courtroom for court proceedings by any of these courts.

- 1 (4) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government or special district.
 - (5) Any establishment licensed to dispense alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises if less than 50% of its annual gross income comes from the sale of food.
 - (6) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons and property.
 - (7) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law.
 - (8) Any elementary or secondary school without the consent of school authorities. School authorities shall inform the appropriate law enforcement agency and any law enforcement personnel on site of that consent.
 - (9) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the manager. Nothing in this Section shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a family home from owning or possessing a firearm or license.
 - (10) Any gaming facility licensed under the Riverboat Gambling Act or the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975.
 - (11) Any gated area of an amusement park.
 - (12) Any stadium, arena, or collegiate or professional sporting event.
 - (13) Any mental health facility.
 - (14) Any community college, college, or university campus without consent of the school authorities. School

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- authorities shall inform the appropriate law enforcement agency and any law enforcement personnel on site of that consent.
 - (15) Any library without the written consent of the library's governing body. The governing body shall inform the appropriate law enforcement agency of that consent.
 - (16) Any police, sheriff, or State Police office or station without the consent of the chief law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station.
 - (17) Any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison, or jail.
 - (b) A municipality or school district may prohibit or limit licensees from carrying a handgun into or within any building owned, leased, or controlled by that municipality or school district by a majority vote of members of its governing board. A resolution or ordinance shall not prohibit a licensee from carrying a handgun in any building used for public housing, on any sidewalk, on any highway or roadway, or in any public restroom. A resolution or ordinance shall not prohibit a licensee from carrying a handgun in a public transportation while accessing the services of a public facility or transportation agency. For purposes of this Section, "public transportation facility" means a terminal or other place where a person may obtain public transportation. For purposes of this Section, "public transportation agency" means a public or private agency that provides transportation or conveyance of

persons by means available to the general public, except for transportation by automobiles not used for conveyance of the general public as passengers. The resolution or ordinance may specify that persons violating the resolution or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building and subjected to a civil fine of no more than \$100 for any violation of the provisions of the resolution or ordinance.

- (c) The owner, business or commercial lessee, or manager of a private business enterprise, or any other private organization, entity, or person, may prohibit licensees from carrying a handgun on the premises under its control. However, any owner shall allow for any lessee to carry or possess a handgun in accordance with this Act in any part of a building or upon any property he or she leases.
- (d) Any person licensed under this Act who is prohibited from carrying a handgun into a building or on the premises as specified in subsection (a) or designated in accordance with subsection (b) or (c) shall be permitted to store that handgun or ammunition in a locked vehicle or locked compartment or container within his or her vehicle. A licensee shall not be in violation of this Section if the firearm is on his or her person or located in a vehicle on or near the premises or when traveling along a public right of way specified or designated in subsection (a), (b), or (c). A licensee shall not be in violation of subsection (b) or (c) of this Section if a building or premises designated under subsection (b) or (c) if

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- the building or premises is not properly posted as required under subsection (q) of this Section.
- 3 (e) If a law enforcement officer initiates an investigative 4 stop, including but not limited to a traffic stop, of a 5 licensee who is carrying a concealed firearm, the licensee 6 shall immediately disclose to the officer that he or she is in 7 possession of a concealed firearm under this Act.
 - (f) A licensee shall not carry a concealed firearm while under the influence of illegal drugs or hallucinogenic drugs or alcohol. For the purposes of this subsection (f), under the influence of alcohol means a blood alcohol content of .08 or greater.
 - (g) Signs stating that the carrying of a concealed weapon is prohibited shall be clearly and conspicuously posted at every entrance of a building or premises specified in subsection (a) or designated in accordance with subsection (b) or (c). The Department shall adopt rules for standardized signs to be used under this subsection.
- (h) A violation of subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or

 (f) is a Class B misdemeanor. A willful violation of subsection

 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) is a Class A misdemeanor. The

 court may require a licensee to pay a \$150 fee, in addition to

 any other fines, fees, or court costs, for a violation of

 subsection (e). This fee shall be deposited into the Citizen

 Safety and Self-Defense Trust Fund.
 - (i) The Department may suspend a license for up to 90 days

- for a violation of subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f)
- or up to 180 days for a willful violation of subsection (a),
- 3 (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f). The Department shall permanently
- 4 revoke a license for 3 or more violations of this Section.
- Section 75. Immunity, employees, agents, businesses, and private entities.
- 7 (a) The office of the county sheriff, or any employee or 8 agent of the county sheriff, or the Department of State Police 9 shall not be liable for damages in any civil action arising 10 from alleged wrongful or improper granting, renewing, or 11 failure to revoke licenses issued under this Act, except for 12 willful or wanton misconduct. The office of the county sheriff and any employees or agents shall not be liable for submitting 13 14 specific or articulable reasons why an applicant should be 15 denied a license, unless the objection contains false. 16 malicious, or inaccurate information and the objection constituted willful and wanton misconduct. 17
 - (b) A municipality, school district, or the owner, business or commercial lessee, or manager of a private business enterprise, or any other private organization or entity shall not be liable for damages in any civil action arising from prohibiting licensees from carrying a handgun on the premises under his, her, or its control.
- 24 Section 80. Fees.

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- 1 (a) Fees collected under this Act by the Department and
- 2 deposited into the Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust Fund
- 3 shall be appropriated for administration of this Act.
- 4 (b) Fees shall be:
- 5 New license: \$100.
- 6 Renewal of license: \$50.
- 7 Duplicate license due to lost or destroyed: \$25.
- 8 Corrected license due to change of address or name: \$25.
- 9 Late renewal fee: \$25.
- 10 (c) By March 1 of each year, the Department shall submit a statistical report to the Governor, the President of the 11 12 Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives 13 indicating the number of licenses issued, revoked, suspended, 14 denied, and issued after appeal since the last report and in 15 total and also the number of licenses currently valid. The 16 report shall also include the number of arrests and convictions 17 and the types of crimes committed since the last report by individuals issued handgun carry licenses. 18
- 19 (d) The Secretary of State shall conduct a study to
 20 determine the cost and feasibility of creating a method of
 21 adding an identifiable code, background, or other means to show
 22 that a person has been issued a license to carry a handgun by
 23 the Department on the person's driver's license.
- 24 Section 85. Applicant training.
- 25 (a) The applicant training course shall be the standardized

training course furnished by the Department and taught by a 1 2 qualified firearms instructor, consisting of 8 hours of instruction, covering at least the following topics: 3 (1) handgun safety in the classroom, at home, on the firing range, or while carrying the firearm; (2) the basic principles of marksmanship; 6 7 (3) care and cleaning of handguns; and (4) by means of a videotape produced or approved by the 8 9 Department: 10 (A) the requirements for obtaining a handgun carry 11 license in this State; 12 (B) laws relating to firearms as prescribed in the 13 Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 2012, and 18 U.S.C. 921 through 14 15 930; and 16 (C) laws relating to the justifiable use of force 17 as prescribed in Article 7 of the Criminal Code of 2012. 18 (5) live firing exercises of sufficient duration for 19 20 each applicant to fire a handgun: (A) a minimum of 30 rounds; and 21 22 (B) 20 rounds from a distance of 7 yards and 10 23 rounds from a distance of 15 yards at a B-21 silhouette 24 or equivalent target as approved by the Department. 25 (b) The classroom portion of the course may, at the

qualified firearms instructor's discretion, be divided into

- 1 segments of not less than 2 hours each.
- 2 (c) Applicant training courses shall not be open to anyone
- 3 under the age of 16 and no certificate of completion shall be
- 4 issued to persons less than 20 years of age.
- 5 (c-5) Instructors shall maintain all records for students'
- 6 performance for not less than 5 years.
- 7 (d) Qualified firearms instructors may only discuss the
- 8 contents of the video or the statutory provisions of listed in
- 9 clauses (A), (B), and (C) of subparagraph (4) of paragraph (a)
- 10 to ensure the students comprehend the subject matter for
- 11 preparation of the written exam.
- 12 (e) At the conclusion of the classroom portion of the
- 13 applicant training course, the qualified firearms instructor
- 14 shall:
- 15 (1) distribute a standard course examination to the
- 16 students;
- 17 (2) not leave the room in which the examination is
- being held while the examination is in progress;
- 19 (3) collect examination booklets and answer sheets
- from each student at the end of the examination period; and
- 21 (4) not grade the examinations in the presence of
- 22 students.
- 23 (f) A person shall not:
- 24 (1) make an unauthorized copy of the applicant training
- course examination, in whole or in part;
- 26 (2) possess the applicant training course examination,

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- or questions from the examination, unless authorized by the Department; or
 - (3) divulge the contents of an applicant training course examination questions to another person.
- 5 (g) Students shall provide their own safe, functional 6 handgun and factory-loaded ammunition.
- 7 (h) Grades of "passing" shall not be given on range work to 8 an applicant who:
- 9 (1) does not follow the orders of the certified 10 firearms instructor;
 - (2) in the judgment of the certified firearms instructor, handles a firearm in a manner that poses a danger to the applicant or to others; or
 - (3) during the testing portion of the range work fails to hit the silhouette portion of the target with 70% of the 30 rounds fired.
 - (i) Certified firearms instructors shall:
 - (1) allow monitoring of their classes by officials of any certifying agency;
 - (2) make all course records available upon demand to authorized personnel of the Department; and
- 22 (3) not divulge course records except as authorized by 23 the certifying agency.
- 24 (j) Fees for applicant training courses shall be set by the instructor.
- 26 (k) An applicant training course shall not have more than

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- 1 40 students in the classroom portion or more than 5 students 2 per range officer engaged in range firing.
- 3 (1) Within 3 business days after the completion of the course, the certified firearms instructor shall:
 - (1) grade the examinations; and
 - (2) issue to the student:
 - (A) a certificate of successful course completion; nothing in this Section shall prevent the instructor from issuing the certificate on the same day as the course was completed; or
 - (B) notification that the applicant has failed the written portion of the course, the live firing portion of the course, or both, and will not be issued a certificate of completion.
- 15 (m) A student shall be issued a certificate of completion 16 if he or she:
 - (1) answers at least 70% of the written examination questions correctly. The Department shall develop the written exam not to exceed 50 questions; and
- 20 (2) achieves a grade of "passing" on the range work.
 - (n)(1) Students who score below 70% on the written examination may retake the examination one time without having to retake the course.
- 24 (2) Students who do not achieve a grade of "passing" on the 25 range work may repeat the range work one time without having to 26 retake the course.

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- (o) The Department shall make materials for applicant training available to qualified instructors online through the Department's website or Internet. If the Department fails to have training materials available 90 days after the effective date of this Act, then the requirements of this Section shall be deemed to have been met by the applicant providing proof of passage of a National Rifle Association Basic Pistol Course.
- (p) For purposes of this Section, successful completion of Firearms Instructor Training under Section 90 shall meet the training requirements of this Section.
- 11 Section 90. Firearms instructors training.
- 12 (a) Not later than 90 days after the effective date of this 1.3 Act, the Department shall offer and teach courses to qualify instructors under this Section in each State Police District. 14 15 Courses shall be available at least bi-monthly, or whenever 5 16 or more individuals request a class in any State Police District. However, nothing in this Section shall require a 17 18 course to be held if there are no requests pending, and 19 adjoining districts may combine classes in order to have at 20 least 5 participants.
- 21 (b) Persons who are not qualified firearms instructors 22 shall not teach applicant training courses.
- 23 (c) Persons who are not qualified firearms instructors 24 shall not advertise or otherwise represent courses they teach 25 as qualifying their students to meet the requirements to

- 1 receive a handgun carry license in this State.
- 2 (d) Persons who are not certified instructor trainers shall
- 3 not teach instructor qualification courses.
- 4 (e) Persons wishing to become qualified firearms
- 5 instructors shall:
- 6 (1) be at least 21 years of age;
- 7 (2) be a citizen of the United States; and
- 8 (3) meet the requirements of subsection (c) of Section
- 9 25.
- 10 (f) Persons wishing to become instructor trainers, in
- 11 addition to the requirements of subsection (e) of this Section,
- 12 shall:
- 13 (1) possess a high school diploma or GED certificate;
- 14 and
- 15 (2) have at least one of the following valid firearms
- 16 instructor certifications:
- 17 (A) any National Rifle Association Instructor
- 18 Certification:
- 19 (B) certification from a firearms instructor's
- 20 course offered by a State or federal governmental
- 21 agency; or
- 22 (C) a similar firearms instructor qualifying
- course, approved by the Director of State Police or his
- or her designee.
- 25 (g) (1) Applicants shall agree to background checks.
- 26 (2) An applicant may be disqualified from taking firearms

1	instructor training, or have his or her instructor
2	qualification revoked, if the applicant:
3	(A) does not meet the requirements of this Act to
4	possess a handgun carry license;
5	(B) provides false or misleading information on the
6	application; or
7	(C) has had a prior instructor qualification revoked by
8	the Department or other issuing body.
9	(h) The training course to certify firearms instructors and
10	instructor trainers shall include:
11	(1) Not more than 16 hours of instruction covering at
12	least the following topics by means of a videotape produced
13	or approved by the Department:
14	(A) the requirements for obtaining a handgun carry
15	license in this State;
16	(B) laws relating to firearms as contained in the
17	Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, Article 24 of
18	the Criminal Code of 2012, and 18 U.S.C. 921 through
19	930;
20	(C) laws relating to the justifiable use of force
21	as contained in Article 7 of the Criminal Code of 2012;
22	(D) the conducting of applicant training courses;
23	(E) record-keeping requirements of this Act;
24	(F) the basic nomenclature of handguns;
25	(G) the basic principles of marksmanship; and
26	(H) the safe handling of handguns.

(2) A classroom demonstration, during which 1 the 2 instructor candidate shall receive instruction on and 3 demonstrate competency in the ability to prepare and deliver a classroom presentation using materials from the 4 applicant curriculum. (3) Range instruction and firing of live ammunition, 6 7 during which the instructor candidate shall receive 8 instruction on and demonstrate competency in the ability 9 to: 10 (A) handle and fire a handgun safely and 11 accurately; 12 (B) conduct a function test and safety inspection 13 of revolvers and pistols; (C) clean revolvers and pistols; and 14 15 (D) supervise and conduct live firing exercises in 16 a safe and efficient manner. 17 (i) To qualify as a certified firearms instructor or instructor trainer, instructor candidates shall achieve: 18 (1) a minimum score of 70% on a written examination 19 covering the material taught during the classroom portion 20 of the course; and 21 22 (2) a minimum score of 70% on range firing of a handgun 23 while aiming at a B-21 silhouette target or an equivalent 24 as approved by the Department, with a minimum of: 25 (A) twenty rounds from 7 yards; and

(B) ten rounds from 15 yards; and

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1	(C) a score of "passing" from the course instructor
2	for demonstrating competency in each of the following:
3	(i) supervising and conducting live fire;
4	(ii) cleaning and inspecting handguns; and
5	(iii) preparing and delivering the classroom
6	lecture.
7	(j) Instructor candidates who fail to meet the minimum
8	requirements of subsection (i) of this Section may retake the
9	examination, range work, or classroom demonstration one time
10	without having to repeat the course.
11	(k) Qualified firearms instructor and instructor trainer
12	certificates shall be valid for 10 years from the date of
13	issue. Qualified firearms instructors or instructor trainers
14	may renew their certification by successfully completing a
15	refresher course offered or approved by the Department.
16	(1) The fees for instructor courses or refresher courses
17	shall be \$100 per student paid to the Department. Fees shall
18	not be refunded to those who do not pass or otherwise fail to
19	complete a course.
20	(m) Course participants shall provide their own safe,
21	functional handgun and factory-loaded ammunition.
22	(n) Prior to conducting range firing, the course instructor
23	shall:
24	(1) inspect each applicant's firearm; and

(2) not allow the firing of a handgun which is not in

sound mechanical condition or otherwise may pose a safety

- 1 hazard.
- 2 Section 100. Operability. This Act becomes operative 120
- 3 days after the effective date of this Act.
- 4 Section 105. Severability. The provisions of this Act are
- 5 severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.
- 6 Section 900. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by
- 7 changing Section 7.5 as follows:
- 8 (5 ILCS 140/7.5)
- 9 Sec. 7.5. Statutory Exemptions. To the extent provided for
- 10 by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be exempt
- 11 from inspection and copying:
- 12 (a) All information determined to be confidential under
- 13 Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and Development Act.
- 14 (b) Library circulation and order records identifying
- 15 library users with specific materials under the Library Records
- 16 Confidentiality Act.
- 17 (c) Applications, related documents, and medical records
- 18 received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures
- Board and any and all documents or other records prepared by
- 20 the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board or its
- 21 staff relating to applications it has received.
- 22 (d) Information and records held by the Department of

- 1 Public Health and its authorized representatives relating to
- 2 known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible disease or
- 3 any information the disclosure of which is restricted under the
- 4 Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act.
- 5 (e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under
- 6 Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.
- 7 (f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of the
- 8 Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying Qualifications
- 9 Based Selection Act.
- 10 (g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and
- 11 exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.
- 12 (h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under
- 13 the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of
- 14 any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office
- 15 that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive
- 16 Inspector General's office under that Act.
- 17 (i) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan
- 18 submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local
- 19 emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section
- 20 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- 21 (j) Information and data concerning the distribution of
- 22 surcharge moneys collected and remitted by wireless carriers
- 23 under the Wireless Emergency Telephone Safety Act.
- 24 (k) Law enforcement officer identification information or
- 25 driver identification information compiled by a law
- 26 enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under

- 1 Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 2 (1) Records and information provided to a residential
- 3 health care facility resident sexual assault and death review
- 4 team or the Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review
- 5 Team Act.
- 6 (m) Information provided to the predatory lending database
- 7 created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property
- 8 Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that
- 9 Article.
- 10 (n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of
- 11 compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as
- 12 provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes
- 13 Litigation Act. This subsection (n) shall apply until the
- 14 conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution
- 15 chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or
- 16 sentencing.
- 17 (o) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed
- 18 under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances
- 19 Registry Act.
- 20 (p) Security portions of system safety program plans,
- 21 investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or
- 22 information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the
- 23 Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the
- 24 Regional Transportation Authority Act or the St. Clair County
- 25 Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety Act.
- 26 (q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the

- 1 Personnel Records Review Act.
- 2 (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the
- 3 Illinois School Student Records Act.
- 4 (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under
- 5 Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.
- 6 (t) All identified or deidentified health information in
- 7 the form of health data or medical records contained in, stored
- 8 in, submitted to, transferred by, or released from the Illinois
- 9 Health Information Exchange, and identified or deidentified
- 10 health information in the form of health data and medical
- 11 records of the Illinois Health Information Exchange in the
- 12 possession of the Illinois Health Information Exchange
- 13 Authority due to its administration of the Illinois Health
- 14 Information Exchange. The terms "identified" and
- 15 "deidentified" shall be given the same meaning as in the Health
- 16 Insurance Accountability and Portability Act of 1996, Public
- 17 Law 104-191, or any subsequent amendments thereto, and any
- 18 regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 19 (u) Records and information provided to an independent team
- of experts under Brian's Law.
- (v) Names and information of people who have applied for or
- 22 received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under the
- 23 Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.
- 24 (w) Personally identifiable information which is exempted
- 25 from disclosure under subsection (g) of Section 19.1 of the
- 26 Toll Highway Act.

- 1 (x) Information which is exempted from disclosure under
- 2 Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section 8-11-21 of the
- 3 Illinois Municipal Code.
- 4 (y) Information maintained by the Department of State
- 5 Police in accordance with subsection (a) of Section 35 of the
- 6 Family and Personal Protection Act, except as authorized by
- 7 that Act.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 96-542, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1235, eff. 1-1-11;
- 9 96-1331, eff. 7-27-10; 97-80, eff. 7-5-11; 97-333, eff.
- 10 8-12-11; 97-342, eff. 8-12-11; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12; 97-976,
- 11 eff. 1-1-13.)
- 12 Section 905. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
- 13 Section 5.826 as follows:
- 14 (30 ILCS 105/5.826 new)
- 15 Sec. 5.826. The Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust Fund.
- 16 Section 910. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by
- 17 changing Sections 21-6 and 24-2 as follows:
- 18 (720 ILCS 5/21-6) (from Ch. 38, par. 21-6)
- 19 Sec. 21-6. Unauthorized Possession or Storage of Weapons.
- 20 (a) Whoever possesses or stores any weapon enumerated in
- 21 Section 33A-1 in any building or on land supported in whole or
- 22 in part with public funds or in any building on such land

- 1 without prior written permission from the chief security
- 2 officer for such land or building commits a Class A
- 3 misdemeanor.
- 4 (b) The chief security officer must grant any reasonable
- 5 request for permission under paragraph (a).
- 6 (c) This Section shall not apply to a person acting
- 7 <u>lawfully under the Family and Personal Protection Act.</u>
- 8 (Source: P.A. 89-685, eff. 6-1-97.)
- 9 (720 ILCS 5/24-2)
- Sec. 24-2. Exemptions.
- 11 (a) Subsections 24-1(a)(3), 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(10), and
- 12 24-1(a) (13) and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of
- 13 the following:
- 14 (1) Peace officers, and any person summoned by a peace
- officer to assist in making arrests or preserving the
- peace, while actually engaged in assisting such officer.
- 17 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons,
- 18 penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the
- 19 detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense,
- while in the performance of their official duty, or while
- 21 commuting between their homes and places of employment.
- 22 (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
- 23 the United States or the Illinois National Guard or the
- 24 Reserve Officers Training Corps, while in the performance
- of their official duty.

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- (4) Special agents employed by a railroad or a public utility to perform police functions, and guards of armored car companies, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment or commuting between their homes and places of employment; and watchmen while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment.
- (5) Persons licensed as private security contractors, private detectives, or private alarm contractors, or employed by an agency certified by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, if their duties include the carrying of a weapon under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment or commuting between their homes and places of employment, provided that such commuting is accomplished within one hour from departure from home or place of employment, as the case may be. A person shall considered eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours of training for a private security contractor, private detective, or private alarm contractor, or employee of a licensed agency and 20 hours of required firearm training, and has been issued a firearm card by the Department of Financial Professional Regulation. Conditions for the renewal of

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firearm control cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those cards issued under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. The firearm control card shall be carried by the private security contractor, private detective, or private alarm contractor, or employee of the licensed agency at all times when he or she is in possession of a concealable weapon.

(6) Any person regularly employed in a commercial or industrial operation as a security guard for the protection of persons employed and private property related to such commercial or industrial operation, while actually engaged in the performance of his or her duty or traveling between sites or properties belonging to the employer, and who, as a security quard, is a member of a security force of at least 5 persons registered with the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation; provided that such security guard has successfully completed a course of approved by and supervised by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 hours of training that includes the theory of enforcement, liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person shall be considered eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required

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firearm training, and has been issued a firearm control card by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. Conditions for the renewal of firearm control cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those cards issued under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. The firearm control card shall be carried by the security guard at all times when he or she is in possession of a concealable weapon.

- (7) Agents and investigators of the Illinois Legislative Investigating Commission authorized by the Commission to carry the weapons specified in subsections 24-1(a)(3) and 24-1(a)(4), while on duty in the course of any investigation for the Commission.
- (8) Persons employed by a financial institution for the protection of other employees and property related to such financial institution, while actually engaged in the performance of their duties, commuting between their homes and places of employment, or traveling between sites or properties owned or operated by such financial institution, provided that any person so employed has successfully completed a course of study, approved by and supervised by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 hours of training which includes theory of law enforcement,

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liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person shall be considered to be eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, and has been issued a firearm control card by the Financial and Professional Regulation. of Conditions for renewal of firearm control cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those issued under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. Such firearm control card shall be carried by the person so trained at all times when such person is in possession of a concealable weapon. For purposes of this subsection, "financial institution" means a bank, savings and loan association, credit union or company providing armored car services.

- (9) Any person employed by an armored car company to drive an armored car, while actually engaged in the performance of his duties.
- (10) Persons who have been classified as peace officers pursuant to the Peace Officer Fire Investigation Act.
- (11) Investigators of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor authorized by the board of governors of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor to carry weapons pursuant to Section 7.06 of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor's Act.

- (12) Special investigators appointed by a State's Attorney under Section 3-9005 of the Counties Code.
 - (12.5) Probation officers while in the performance of their duties, or while commuting between their homes, places of employment or specific locations that are part of their assigned duties, with the consent of the chief judge of the circuit for which they are employed.
 - (13) Court Security Officers while in the performance of their official duties, or while commuting between their homes and places of employment, with the consent of the Sheriff.
 - (13.5) A person employed as an armed security guard at a nuclear energy, storage, weapons or development site or facility regulated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission who has completed the background screening and training mandated by the rules and regulations of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
 - (14) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of weapons to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through (13.5) of this subsection to possess those weapons.
 - (b) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of the following:
 - (1) Members of any club or organization organized for the purpose of practicing shooting at targets upon established target ranges, whether public or private, and patrons of such ranges, while such members or patrons are

- 1 using their firearms on those target ranges.
 - (2) Duly authorized military or civil organizations while parading, with the special permission of the Governor.
 - (3) Hunters, trappers or fishermen with a license or permit while engaged in hunting, trapping or fishing.
 - (4) Transportation of weapons that are broken down in a non-functioning state or are not immediately accessible.
 - (5) Carrying or possessing any pistol, revolver, stungun or taser or other firearm on the land or in the legal dwelling of another person as an invitee with that person's permission.
 - (6) A licensee under the Family and Personal Protection Act, notwithstanding Section 70 of that Act, if the licensee meets the requirements of the Family and Personal Protection Act.
 - (c) Subsection 24-1(a)(7) does not apply to or affect any of the following:
 - (1) Peace officers while in performance of their official duties.
 - (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.
 - (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in the performance of their official duty.

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- (4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine guns to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through (3) of this subsection to possess machine guns, if the machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or are not immediately accessible.
- (5) Persons licensed under federal law to manufacture any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets can be discharged by a single function of the firing device, or ammunition for such weapons, and actually engaged in the business of manufacturing such weapons or ammunition, but only with respect to activities which are within the lawful such business, such scope of as the manufacture, transportation, or testing of such weapons or ammunition. This exemption does not authorize the general private possession of any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets can be discharged by a single function of the firing device, but only such possession and activities as are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing business described in this paragraph.

During transportation, such weapons shall be broken down in a non-functioning state or not immediately accessible.

(6) The manufacture, transport, testing, delivery, transfer or sale, and all lawful commercial or experimental activities necessary thereto, of rifles, shotguns, and weapons made from rifles or shotguns, or ammunition for

such rifles, shotguns or weapons, where engaged in by a person operating as a contractor or subcontractor pursuant to a contract or subcontract for the development and supply of such rifles, shotguns, weapons or ammunition to the United States government or any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, when such activities are necessary and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

The exemption granted under this subdivision (c)(6) shall also apply to any authorized agent of any such contractor or subcontractor who is operating within the scope of his employment, where such activities involving such weapon, weapons or ammunition are necessary and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

During transportation, any such weapon shall be broken down in a non-functioning state, or not immediately accessible.

(7) A person possessing a rifle with a barrel or barrels less than 16 inches in length if: (A) the person has been issued a Curios and Relics license from the U.S. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives; or (B) the person is an active member of a bona fide, nationally recognized military re-enacting group and the modification is required and necessary to accurately portray the weapon for historical re-enactment purposes; the re-enactor is in possession of a valid and current re-enacting group membership credential; and the overall length of the weapon

- 1 as modified is not less than 26 inches.
- 2 During transportation, any such weapon shall be broken
- down in a non-functioning state, or not immediately
- 4 accessible.
- 5 (d) Subsection 24-1(a)(1) does not apply to the purchase,
- 6 possession or carrying of a black-jack or slung-shot by a peace
- 7 officer.
- 8 (e) Subsection 24-1(a)(8) does not apply to any owner,
- 9 manager or authorized employee of any place specified in that
- 10 subsection nor to any law enforcement officer or a licensee
- 11 under the Family and Personal Protection Act, notwithstanding
- 12 Section 70 of that Act.
- 13 (f) Subsection 24-1(a)(4) and subsection 24-1(a)(10) and
- 14 Section 24-1.6 do not apply to members of any club or
- organization organized for the purpose of practicing shooting
- 16 at targets upon established target ranges, whether public or
- private, while using their firearms on those target ranges.
- 18 (g) Subsections 24-1(a)(11) and 24-3.1(a)(6) do not apply
- 19 to:
- 20 (1) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
- 21 the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in
- 22 the performance of their official duty.
- 23 (2) Bonafide collectors of antique or surplus military
- 24 ordinance.
- 25 (3) Laboratories having a department of forensic
- 26 ballistics, or specializing in the development of

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ammunition or explosive ordinance.

- (4) Commerce, preparation, assembly or possession of explosive bullets by manufacturers of ammunition licensed by the federal government, in connection with the supply of those organizations and persons exempted by subdivision (g) (1) of this Section, or like organizations and persons outside this State, or the transportation of explosive bullets to any organization or person exempted in this Section by a common carrier or by a vehicle owned or leased by an exempted manufacturer.
- (g-5) Subsection 24-1(a)(6) does not apply to or affect persons licensed under federal law to manufacture any device or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm, firearms, or ammunition for those firearms equipped with those devices, and actually engaged in the business of manufacturing those firearms, or ammunition, but only with respect to activities that are within the lawful scope of that business, such as the manufacture, transportation, or testing of those devices, firearms, or ammunition. This exemption does not authorize the general private possession of any device or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm, but only such possession and activities as are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing business described in this subsection (a-5). transportation, these devices shall be detached from any weapon

- 1 or not immediately accessible.
- 2 (g-6) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section
- 3 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any parole agent or parole
- 4 supervisor who meets the qualifications and conditions
- 5 prescribed in Section 3-14-1.5 of the Unified Code of
- 6 Corrections.
- 7 (g-7) Subsection 24-1(a)(6) does not apply to a peace
- 8 officer while serving as a member of a tactical response team
- 9 or special operations team. A peace officer may not personally
- 10 own or apply for ownership of a device or attachment of any
- 11 kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the
- 12 report of any firearm. These devices shall be owned and
- maintained by lawfully recognized units of government whose
- 14 duties include the investigation of criminal acts.
- 15 (g-10) Subsections 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(8), and
- 16 24-1(a)(10), and Sections 24-1.6 and 24-3.1 do not apply to an
- 17 athlete's possession, transport on official Olympic and
- 18 Paralympic transit systems established for athletes, or use of
- 19 competition firearms sanctioned by the International Olympic
- 20 Committee, the International Paralympic Committee, the
- 21 International Shooting Sport Federation, or USA Shooting in
- 22 connection with such athlete's training for and participation
- 23 in shooting competitions at the 2016 Olympic and Paralympic
- 24 Games and sanctioned test events leading up to the 2016 Olympic
- and Paralympic Games.
- 26 (h) An information or indictment based upon a violation of

- 1 any subsection of this Article need not negative any exemptions
- 2 contained in this Article. The defendant shall have the burden
- 3 of proving such an exemption.
- 4 (i) Nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or
- 5 affect the transportation, carrying, or possession, of any
- 6 pistol or revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm consigned
- 7 to a common carrier operating under license of the State of
- 8 Illinois or the federal government, where such transportation,
- 9 carrying, or possession is incident to the lawful
- 10 transportation in which such common carrier is engaged; and
- 11 nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or affect the
- 12 transportation, carrying, or possession of any pistol,
- 13 revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm, not the subject of
- and regulated by subsection 24-1(a) (7) or subsection 24-2(c) of
- this Article, which is unloaded and enclosed in a case, firearm
- 16 carrying box, shipping box, or other container, by the
- 17 possessor of a valid Firearm Owners Identification Card.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 96-7, eff. 4-3-09; 96-230, eff. 1-1-10; 96-742,
- 19 eff. 8-25-09; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 97-465, eff. 8-22-11;
- 20 97-676, eff. 6-1-12; 97-936, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1010, eff. 1-1-13;
- 21 revised 8-23-12.)

1	INDE	EX
2	Statutes amended in o	order of appearance
3	New Act	
4	5 ILCS 140/7.5	
5	30 ILCS 105/5.826 new	
6	720 ILCS 5/21-6 from 0	Ch. 38, par. 21-6

7 720 ILCS 5/24-2