## 98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

## 2013 and 2014

#### SB1682

Introduced 2/15/2013, by Sen. Kyle McCarter

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

10 ILCS 5/17-9	from Ch. 46, par. 1	7-9
10 ILCS 5/18-5	from Ch. 46, par. 1	8-5

Amends the Election Code. Requires that a person seeking to vote on election day present a government-issued photo identification card to the election judge (now, required only when voting early). Effective immediately.

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AN ACT concerning elections.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing
Sections 17-9 and 18-5 as follows:

6 (10 ILCS 5/17-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-9)

7 Sec. 17-9. Any person desiring to vote shall (i) present to the judges of election for verification of the person's 8 9 identity his or her Illinois driver's license, his or her non-driver identification card issued by the Illinois 10 State, or <u>another</u> government-issued Secretary of 11 12 identification document containing his or her photograph and (ii) give his name and, if required to do so, his residence to 13 14 the judges of election, one of whom shall thereupon announce the same in a loud and distinct tone of voice, clear, and 15 16 audible; the judges of elections shall check each application 17 for ballot against the list of voters registered in that precinct to whom grace period, absentee, or early ballots have 18 19 been issued for that election, which shall be provided by the 20 election authority and which list shall be available for 21 inspection by pollwatchers. A voter applying to vote in the 22 precinct on election day whose name appears on the list as having been issued a grace period, absentee, or early ballot 23

shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct, except that a 1 2 voter to whom an absentee ballot was issued may vote in the 3 precinct if the voter submits to the election judges that absentee ballot for cancellation. If the voter is unable to 4 5 submit the absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit to the election judges (i) a portion of the 6 7 absentee ballot if the absentee ballot was torn or mutilated or 8 an affidavit executed before the election (ii) judges 9 specifying that (A) the voter never received an absentee ballot 10 or (B) the voter completed and returned an absentee ballot and 11 was informed that the election authority did not receive that 12 absentee ballot. All applicable provisions of Articles 4, 5 or 6 shall be complied with and if such name is found on the 13 14 register of voters by the officer having charge thereof, he 15 shall likewise repeat said name, and the voter shall be allowed 16 to enter within the proximity of the voting booths, as above 17 provided. One of the judges shall give the voter one, and only one of each ballot to be voted at the election, on the back of 18 19 which ballots such judge shall indorse his initials in such 20 manner that they may be seen when each such ballot is properly folded, and the voter's name shall be immediately checked on 21 22 the register list. In those election jurisdictions where 23 perforated ballot cards are utilized of the type on which 24 write-in votes can be cast above the perforation, the election 25 authority shall provide a space both above and below the 26 perforation for the judge's initials, and the judge shall

endorse his or her initials in both spaces. Whenever a proposal 1 2 for a constitutional amendment or for the calling of a constitutional convention is to be voted upon at the election, 3 the separate blue ballot or ballots pertaining thereto shall, 4 5 when being handed to the voter, be placed on top of the other 6 ballots to be voted at the election in such manner that the legend appearing on the back thereof, as prescribed in Section 7 8 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly visible to the voter. At all 9 elections, when a registry may be required, if the name of any person so desiring to vote at such election is not found on the 10 11 register of voters, he or she shall not receive a ballot until 12 he or she shall have complied with the law prescribing the 13 manner and conditions of voting by unregistered voters. If any 14 person desiring to vote at any election shall be challenged, he or she shall not receive a ballot until he or she shall have 15 16 established his right to vote in the manner provided 17 hereinafter; and if he or she shall be challenged after he has received his ballot, he shall not be permitted to vote until he 18 19 or she has fully complied with such requirements of the law 20 upon being challenged. Besides the election officer, not more than 2 voters in excess of the whole number of voting booths 21 22 provided shall be allowed within the proximity of the voting 23 booths at one time. The provisions of this Act, so far as they require the registration of voters as a condition to their 24 25 being allowed to vote shall not apply to persons otherwise entitled to vote, who are, at the time of the election, or at 26

any time within 60 days prior to such election have been engaged in the military or naval service of the United States, and who appear personally at the polling place on election day and produce to the judges of election satisfactory evidence thereof, but such persons, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be permitted to vote at such election without previous registration.

8 All such persons shall also make an affidavit which shall9 be in substantially the following form:

10 State of Illinois,)

11

) ss.

12 County of .....)

13 ..... Precinct ..... Ward

I, ...., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen 14 15 of the United States, of the age of 18 years or over, and that 16 within the past 60 days prior to the date of this election at 17 which I am applying to vote, I have been engaged in the .... (military or naval) service of the United States; and I am 18 qualified to vote under and by virtue of the Constitution and 19 laws of the State of Illinois, and that I am a legally 20 qualified voter of this precinct and ward except that I have, 21 22 because of such service, been unable to register as a voter; 23 that I now reside at .... (insert street and number, if any) in this precinct and ward; that I have maintained a legal 24 25 residence in this precinct and ward for 30 days and in this 26 State 30 days next preceding this election.

- 5 - LRB098 06961 HLH 37018 b SB1682 1 2 Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date). 3 4 Judge of Election. 5 The affidavit of any such person shall be supported by the 6 affidavit of a resident and qualified voter of any such precinct and ward, which affidavit shall be in substantially 7 8 the following form: 9 State of Illinois,) 10 ) ss. 11 County of .....) 12 ..... Precinct ..... Ward 13 I, ..., do solemnly swear (or affirm), that I am a 14 resident of this precinct and ward and entitled to vote at this 15 election; that I am acquainted with .... (name of the 16 applicant); that I verily believe him to be an actual bona fide resident of this precinct and ward and that I verily believe 17 that he or she has maintained a legal residence therein 30 days 18 19 and in this State 30 days next preceding this election. 20 21 Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date). 22 23 Judge of Election. 24 All affidavits made under the provisions of this Section

shall be enclosed in a separate envelope securely sealed, and shall be transmitted with the returns of the elections to the county clerk or to the board of election commissioners, who shall preserve the said affidavits for the period of 6 months, during which period such affidavits shall be deemed public records and shall be freely open to examination as such. (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)

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(10 ILCS 5/18-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 18-5)

9 Sec. 18-5. Any person desiring to vote and whose name is 10 found upon the register of voters by the person having charge 11 thereof, shall (i) present to the judges of election for verification of the person's identity his or her Illinois 12 driver's license, his or her non-driver identification card 13 issued by the Illinois Secretary of State, or another 14 15 government-issued identification document containing his or 16 her photograph, (ii) then be questioned by one of the judges as to his nativity, his term of residence at present address, 17 18 precinct, State and United States, his age, whether naturalized 19 and if so the date of naturalization papers and court from which secured, and (iii) he shall be asked to state his 20 21 residence when last previously registered and the date of the 22 election for which he then registered. The judges of elections shall check each application for ballot against the list of 23 24 voters registered in that precinct to whom grace period, 25 absentee, and early ballots have been issued for that election,

which shall be provided by the election authority and which 1 2 list shall be available for inspection by pollwatchers. A voter applying to vote in the precinct on election day whose name 3 appears on the list as having been issued a grace period, 4 5 absentee, or early ballot shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct, except that a voter to whom an absentee ballot was 6 issued may vote in the precinct if the voter submits to the 7 8 election judges that absentee ballot for cancellation. If the 9 voter is unable to submit the absentee ballot, it shall be 10 sufficient for the voter to submit to the election judges (i) a 11 portion of the absentee ballot if the absentee ballot was torn 12 or mutilated or (ii) an affidavit executed before the election 13 judges specifying that (A) the voter never received an absentee 14 ballot or (B) the voter completed and returned an absentee 15 ballot and was informed that the election authority did not 16 receive that absentee ballot. If such person so registered 17 shall be challenged as disgualified, the party challenging shall assign his reasons therefor, and thereupon one of the 18 judges shall administer to him an oath to answer questions, and 19 20 if he shall take the oath he shall then be questioned by the judge or judges touching such cause of challenge, and touching 21 22 any other cause of disqualification. And he may also be 23 questioned by the person challenging him in regard to his qualifications and identity. But if a majority of the judges 24 25 are of the opinion that he is the person so registered and a 26 qualified voter, his vote shall then be received accordingly.

But if his vote be rejected by such judges, such person may 1 2 afterward produce and deliver an affidavit to such judges, subscribed and sworn to by him before one of the judges, in 3 which it shall be stated how long he has resided in such 4 5 precinct, and state; that he is a citizen of the United States, and is a duly qualified voter in such precinct, and that he is 6 7 the identical person so registered. In addition to such an 8 affidavit, the person so challenged shall provide to the judges 9 of election proof of residence by producing 2 forms of 10 identification showing the person's current residence address, 11 provided that such identification may include a lease or 12 contract for a residence and not more than one piece of mail addressed to the person at his current residence address and 13 14 postmarked not earlier than 30 days prior to the date of the 15 election, or the person shall procure a witness personally 16 known to the judges of election, and resident in the precinct 17 (or district), or who shall be proved by some legal voter of such precinct or district, known to the judges to be such, who 18 19 shall take the oath following, viz:

I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a resident of this election precinct (or district), and entitled to vote at this election, and that I have been a resident of this State for 30 days last past, and am well acquainted with the person whose vote is now offered; that he is an actual and bona fide resident of this election precinct (or district), and has resided herein 30 days, and as I verily believe, in this State,

1 30 days next preceding this election.

2 The oath in each case may be administered by one of the judges of election, or by any officer, resident in the precinct 3 or district, authorized by law to administer oaths. Also 4 5 supported by an affidavit by a registered voter residing in such precinct, stating his own residence, and that he knows 6 such person; and that he does reside at the place mentioned and 7 8 has resided in such precinct and state for the length of time 9 as stated by such person, which shall be subscribed and sworn 10 to in the same way. For purposes of this Section, the 11 submission of a photo identification issued by a college or 12 university, accompanied by either (i) a copy of the applicant's 13 contract or lease for a residence or (ii) one piece of mail 14 addressed to the person at his or her current residence address 15 and postmarked not earlier than 30 days prior to the date of 16 the election, shall be sufficient to establish proof of 17 residence. Whereupon the vote of such person shall be received, and entered as other votes. But such judges, having charge of 18 19 such registers, shall state in their respective books the facts 20 in such case, and the affidavits, so delivered to the judges, shall be preserved and returned to the office of the 21 22 commissioners of election. Blank affidavits of the character 23 aforesaid shall be sent out to the judges of all the precincts, 24 and the judges of election shall furnish the same on demand and administer the oaths without criticism. Such oaths, if 25 26 administered by any other officer than such judge of election,

shall not be received. Whenever a proposal for a constitutional 1 2 amendment or for the calling of a constitutional convention is 3 to be voted upon at the election, the separate blue ballot or ballots pertaining thereto shall be placed on top of the other 4 5 ballots to be voted at the election in such manner that the legend appearing on the back thereof, as prescribed in Section 6 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly visible to the voter, and in 7 8 this fashion the ballots shall be handed to the voter by the 9 judge.

10 Immediately after voting, the voter shall be instructed whether the voting equipment, if used, accepted or rejected the 11 12 ballot or identified the ballot as under-voted. A voter whose 13 identified as under-voted for ballot is а statewide 14 constitutional office may return to the voting booth and 15 complete the voting of that ballot. A voter whose ballot is not 16 accepted by the voting equipment may, upon surrendering the 17 ballot, request and vote another ballot. The voter's surrendered ballot shall be initialed by the election judge and 18 19 handled as provided in the appropriate Article governing that 20 voting equipment.

The voter shall, upon quitting the voting booth, deliver to one of the judges of election all of the ballots, properly folded, which he received. The judge of election to whom the voter delivers his ballots shall not accept the same unless all of the ballots given to the voter are returned by him. If a voter delivers less than all of the ballots given to him, the

judge to whom the same are offered shall advise him in a voice 1 2 clearly audible to the other judges of election that the voter must return the remainder of the ballots. The statement of the 3 judge to the voter shall clearly express the fact that the 4 5 voter is not required to vote such remaining ballots but that whether or not he votes them he must fold and deliver them to 6 7 the judge. In making such statement the judge of election shall 8 not indicate by word, gesture or intonation of voice that the 9 unreturned ballots shall be voted in any particular manner. No 10 new voter shall be permitted to enter the voting booth of a 11 voter who has failed to deliver the total number of ballots 12 received by him until such voter has returned to the voting booth pursuant to the judge's request and again guit the booth 13 14 with all of the ballots required to be returned by him. Upon 15 receipt of all such ballots the judges of election shall enter 16 the name of the voter, and his number, as above provided in 17 this Section, and the judge to whom the ballots are delivered shall immediately put the ballots into the ballot box. If any 18 voter who has failed to deliver all the ballots received by him 19 20 refuses to return to the voting booth after being advised by the judge of election as herein provided, the judge shall 21 22 inform the other judges of such refusal, and thereupon the 23 ballot or ballots returned to the judge shall be deposited in 24 the ballot box, the voter shall be permitted to depart from the 25 polling place, and a new voter shall be permitted to enter the 26 voting booth.

The judge of election who receives the ballot or ballots 1 2 from the voter shall announce the residence and name of such 3 voter in a loud voice. The judge shall put the ballot or ballots received from the voter into the ballot box in the 4 5 presence of the voter and the judges of election, and in plain 6 view of the public. The judges having charge of such registers 7 shall then, in a column prepared thereon, in the same line of, the name of the voter, mark "Voted" or the letter "V". 8

9 No judge of election shall accept from any voter less than 10 the full number of ballots received by such voter without first 11 advising the voter in the manner above provided of the 12 necessity of returning all of the ballots, nor shall any such 13 judge advise such voter in a manner contrary to that which is 14 herein permitted, or in any other manner violate the provisions 15 of this Section; provided, that the acceptance by a judge of 16 election of less than the full number of ballots delivered to a 17 voter who refuses to return to the voting booth after being properly advised by such judge shall not be a violation of this 18 19 Section.

20 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07; 96-317, eff. 1-1-10.)

21 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 22 becoming law.