1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Probate Act of 1975 is amended by changing
 Section 11a-10 as follows:
- 6 (755 ILCS 5/11a-10) (from Ch. 110 1/2, par. 11a-10)

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Sec. 11a-10. Procedures preliminary to hearing.

8 (a) Upon the filing of a petition pursuant to Section 9 11a-8, the court shall set a date and place for hearing to take place within 30 days. The court shall appoint a guardian ad 10 litem to report to the court concerning the respondent's best 11 interests consistent with the provisions of this Section, 12 13 except that the appointment of a guardian ad litem shall not be 14 required when the court determines that such appointment is not necessary for the protection of the respondent or a reasonably 15 16 informed decision on the petition. If the guardian ad litem is 17 not a licensed attorney, he or she shall be qualified, by training or experience, to work with or advocate for the 18 19 developmentally disabled, mentally ill, physically disabled, 20 elderlv, persons disabled because of the or mental deterioration, depending on the type of disability that is 21 22 alleged in the petition. The court may allow the guardian ad litem reasonable compensation. The guardian ad litem may 23

consult with a person who by training or experience is 1 2 qualified to work with persons with a developmental disability, persons with mental illness, or physically disabled persons, or 3 persons disabled because of mental deterioration, depending on 4 5 the type of disability that is alleged. The guardian ad litem 6 shall personally observe the respondent prior to the hearing 7 and shall inform him orally and in writing of the contents of the petition and of his rights under Section 11a-11. The 8 9 quardian ad litem shall also attempt to elicit the respondent's 10 position concerning the adjudication of disability, the 11 proposed guardian, a proposed change in residential placement, 12 changes in care that might result from the guardianship, and 13 other areas of inquiry deemed appropriate by the court. Notwithstanding any provision in the Mental Health and 14 15 Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act or any other 16 law, a guardian ad litem shall have the right to inspect and 17 copy any medical or mental health record of the respondent which the quardian ad litem deems necessary, provided that the 18 information so disclosed shall not be utilized for any other 19 purpose nor be redisclosed except in connection with the 20 proceedings. At or before the hearing, the guardian ad litem 21 22 shall file a written report detailing his or her observations 23 of the respondent, the responses of the respondent to any of the inquires detailed in this Section, the opinion of the 24 25 quardian ad litem or other professionals with whom the quardian appropriateness 26 ad litem consulted concerning the of

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1 guardianship, and any other material issue discovered by the 2 guardian ad litem. The guardian ad litem shall appear at the 3 hearing and testify as to any issues presented in his or her 4 report.

5 (b) The court (1) may appoint counsel for the respondent, 6 if the court finds that the interests of the respondent will be 7 best served by the appointment, and (2) shall appoint counsel 8 upon respondent's request or if the respondent takes a position 9 adverse to that of the quardian ad litem. The respondent shall 10 be permitted to obtain the appointment of counsel either at the 11 hearing or by any written or oral request communicated to the 12 court prior to the hearing. The summons shall inform the 13 respondent of this right to obtain appointed counsel. The court 14 may allow counsel for the respondent reasonable compensation.

15 (c) If the respondent is unable to pay the fee of the 16 guardian ad litem or appointed counsel, or both, the court may 17 enter an order for the petitioner to pay all such fees or such amounts as the respondent or the respondent's estate may be 18 19 unable to pay. However, in cases where the Office of State 20 Guardian is the petitioner, consistent with Section 30 of the Guardianship and Advocacy Act, where the public guardian is the 21 22 petitioner, consistent with Section 13-5 of the Probate Act of 23 1975, where an elder abuse provider agency is the petitioner, pursuant to Section 9 of the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, or 24 25 where the Department of Human Services Office of Inspector 26 General is the petitioner, consistent with Section 45 of the

Abuse of Adults with Disabilities Intervention Act, or where 1 2 the Department of Children and Family Services is the 3 petitioner under subparagraph (d) of subsection (1) of Section 2-27 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, no guardian ad litem or 4 5 legal fees shall be assessed against the Office of State 6 Guardian, the public quardian, the elder abuse provider agency, 7 or the Department of Human Services Office of Inspector 8 General, or the Department of Children and Family Services.

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9 (d) The hearing may be held at such convenient place as the 10 court directs, including at a facility in which the respondent 11 resides.

12 (e) Unless he is the petitioner, the respondent shall be 13 personally served with a copy of the petition and a summons not 14 less than 14 days before the hearing. The summons shall be 15 printed in large, bold type and shall include the following 16 notice:

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NOTICE OF RIGHTS OF RESPONDENT

18 You have been named as a respondent in a guardianship 19 petition asking that you be declared a disabled person. If the 20 court grants the petition, a guardian will be appointed for 21 you. A copy of the guardianship petition is attached for your 22 convenience.

23 The date and time of the hearing are:

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24 The place where the hearing will occur is:

25 The Judge's name and phone number is:

26 If a guardian is appointed for you, the guardian may be

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given the right to make all important personal decisions for you, such as where you may live, what medical treatment you may receive, what places you may visit, and who may visit you. A guardian may also be given the right to control and manage your money and other property, including your home, if you own one. You may lose the right to make these decisions for yourself.

You have the following legal rights:

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8 (1) You have the right to be present at the court 9 hearing.

10 (2) You have the right to be represented by a lawyer,
11 either one that you retain, or one appointed by the Judge.

12 (3) You have the right to ask for a jury of six persons13 to hear your case.

14 (4) You have the right to present evidence to the court15 and to confront and cross-examine witnesses.

16 (5) You have the right to ask the Judge to appoint an
17 independent expert to examine you and give an opinion about
18 your need for a guardian.

19 (6) You have the right to ask that the court hearing be20 closed to the public.

21 (7) You have the right to tell the court whom you22 prefer to have for your guardian.

You do not have to attend the court hearing if you do not want to be there. If you do not attend, the Judge may appoint a guardian if the Judge finds that a guardian would be of benefit to you. The hearing will not be postponed or canceled if you do SB1340 Enrolled - 6 - LRB098 02581 HEP 32586 b

1 not attend.

IT IS VERY IMPORTANT THAT YOU ATTEND THE HEARING IF YOU DO NOT WANT A GUARDIAN OR IF YOU WANT SOMEONE OTHER THAN THE PERSON NAMED IN THE GUARDIANSHIP PETITION TO BE YOUR GUARDIAN. IF YOU DO NOT WANT A GUARDIAN OF IF YOU HAVE ANY OTHER PROBLEMS, YOU SHOULD CONTACT AN ATTORNEY OR COME TO COURT AND TELL THE JUDGE.

8 Service of summons and the petition may be made by a 9 private person 18 years of age or over who is not a party to the 10 action.

(f) Notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given by the petitioner by mail or in person to those persons, including the proposed guardian, whose names and addresses appear in the petition and who do not waive notice, not less than 14 days before the hearing.

16 (Source: P.A. 96-1052, eff. 7-14-10; 97-375, eff. 8-15-11; 17 97-1095, eff. 8-24-12.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.