SB1045 Enrolled

7

1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by 5 changing Section 15-1508 as follows:

6 (735 ILCS 5/15-1508) (from Ch. 110, par. 15-1508)

Sec. 15-1508. Report of Sale and Confirmation of Sale.

8 (a) Report. The person conducting the sale shall promptly 9 make a report to the court, which report shall include a copy 10 of all receipts and, if any, certificate of sale.

(b) Hearing. Upon motion and notice in accordance with 11 12 court rules applicable to motions generally, which motion shall 13 not be made prior to sale, the court shall conduct a hearing to 14 confirm the sale. Unless the court finds that (i) a notice required in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 15-1507 15 was not given, (ii) the terms of sale were unconscionable, 16 17 (iii) the sale was conducted fraudulently, or (iv) justice was otherwise not done, the court shall then enter an order 18 19 confirming the sale. The confirmation order shall include a 20 name, address, and telephone number of the holder of the 21 certificate of sale or deed issued pursuant to that certificate 22 or, if no certificate or deed was issued, the purchaser, whom a municipality or county may contact with concerns about the real 23

SB1045 Enrolled - 2 - LRB098 05334 HEP 35368 b

1 estate. The confirmation order may also:

2 (1) approve the mortgagee's fees and costs arising 3 between the entry of the judgment of foreclosure and the 4 confirmation hearing, those costs and fees to be allowable 5 to the same extent as provided in the note and mortgage and 6 in Section 15-1504;

7 (2) provide for a personal judgment against any party
8 for a deficiency; and

9 (3) determine the priority of the judgments of parties 10 who deferred proving the priority pursuant to subsection 11 (h) of Section 15-1506, but the court shall not defer 12 confirming the sale pending the determination of such 13 priority.

(b-3) Hearing to confirm sale of abandoned residential 14 15 property. Upon motion and notice by first-class mail to the 16 last known address of the mortgagor, which motion shall be made 17 prior to the sale and heard by the court at the earliest practicable time after conclusion of the sale, and upon the 18 19 posting at the property address of the notice required by 20 paragraph (2) of subsection (1) of Section 15-1505.8, the court shall enter an order confirming the sale of the abandoned 21 22 residential property, unless the court finds that a reason set 23 forth in items (i) through (iv) of subsection (b) of this 24 Section exists for not approving the sale, or an order is 25 entered pursuant to subsection (h) of Section 15-1505.8. The 26 confirmation order also may address the matters identified in SB1045 Enrolled - 3 - LRB098 05334 HEP 35368 b

1 items (1) through (3) of subsection (b) of this Section. The 2 notice required under subsection (b-5) of this Section shall 3 not be required.

(b-5) Notice with respect to residential real estate. With 4 5 respect to residential real estate, the notice required under subsection (b) of this Section shall be sent to the mortgagor 6 even if the mortgagor has previously been held in default. In 7 8 the event the mortgagor has filed an appearance, the notice 9 shall be sent to the address indicated on the appearance. In 10 all other cases, the notice shall be sent to the mortgagor at 11 the common address of the foreclosed property. The notice shall 12 be sent by first class mail. Unless the right to possession has been previously terminated by the court, the notice shall 13 14 include the following language in 12-point boldface 15 capitalized type:

16 IF YOU ARE THE MORTGAGOR (HOMEOWNER), YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO
 17 REMAIN IN POSSESSION FOR 30 DAYS AFTER ENTRY OF AN ORDER OF
 18 POSSESSION, IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 15-1701(c) OF THE
 19 ILLINOIS MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE LAW.

(b-10) Notice of confirmation order sent to municipality or county. A copy of the confirmation order required under subsection (b) shall be sent to the municipality in which the foreclosed property is located, or to the county within the boundary of which the foreclosed property is located if the foreclosed property is located in an unincorporated territory. A municipality or county must clearly publish on its website a SB1045 Enrolled - 4 - LRB098 05334 HEP 35368 b

single address to which a copy of the order shall be sent. If a 1 2 municipality or county does not maintain a website, then the 3 municipality or county must publicly post in its main office a single address to which a copy of the order shall be sent. In 4 the event that a municipality or county has not complied with 5 6 the publication requirement in this subsection (b-10), then a 7 copy of the order shall be sent by first class mail, postage 8 prepaid, to the chairperson of the county board or county clerk 9 in the case of a county, to the mayor or city clerk in the case 10 of a city, to the president of the board of trustees or village 11 clerk in the case of a village, or to the president or town 12 clerk in the case of a town.

13 (b-15) Notice of confirmation order sent to known insurers. 14 With respect to residential real estate, the party filing the 15 complaint shall send a copy of the confirmation order required 16 under subsection (b) by first class mail, postage prepaid, to 17 the last known property insurer of the foreclosed property. Failure to send or receive a copy of the order shall not impair 18 or abrogate in any way the rights of the mortgagee or purchaser 19 20 or affect the status of the foreclosure proceedings.

(c) Failure to Give Notice. If any sale is held without compliance with subsection (c) of Section 15-1507 of this Article, any party entitled to the notice provided for in paragraph (3) of that subsection (c) who was not so notified may, by motion supported by affidavit made prior to confirmation of such sale, ask the court which entered the SB1045 Enrolled - 5 - LRB098 05334 HEP 35368 b

judgment to set aside the sale. Any such party shall quarantee 1 2 or secure by bond a bid equal to the successful bid at the 3 prior sale, unless the party seeking to set aside the sale is the mortgagor, the real estate sold at the sale is residential 4 5 real estate, and the mortgagor occupies the residential real 6 estate at the time the motion is filed. In that event, no 7 guarantee or bond shall be required of the mortgagor. Any 8 subsequent sale is subject to the same notice requirement as 9 the original sale.

10 (d) Validity of Sale. Except as provided in subsection (c) 11 of Section 15-1508, no sale under this Article shall be held 12 invalid or be set aside because of any defect in the notice 13 or in the publication of the same, or thereof in the 14 proceedings of the officer conducting the sale, except upon 15 good cause shown in a hearing pursuant to subsection (b) of 16 Section 15-1508. At any time after a sale has occurred, any 17 party entitled to notice under paragraph (3) of subsection (c) of Section 15-1507 may recover from the mortgagee any damages 18 19 caused by the mortgagee's failure to comply with such paragraph 20 (3). Any party who recovers damages in a judicial proceeding brought under this subsection may also recover from the 21 22 mortgagee the reasonable expenses of litigation, including 23 reasonable attorney's fees.

(d-5) Making Home Affordable Program. The court that
entered the judgment shall set aside a sale held pursuant to
Section 15-1507, upon motion of the mortgagor at any time prior

SB1045 Enrolled - 6 - LRB098 05334 HEP 35368 b

to the confirmation of the sale, if the mortgagor proves by a 1 2 preponderance of the evidence that (i) the mortgagor has 3 applied for assistance under the Making Home Affordable Program established by the United States Department of the Treasury 4 5 pursuant to the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008, as amended by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 6 7 2009, and (ii) the mortgaged real estate was sold in material 8 violation of the program's requirements for proceeding to a 9 judicial sale. The provisions of this subsection (d-5), except 10 for this sentence, shall become inoperative on January 1, 2016 11 2014 for all actions filed under this Article after December 12 31, 2015 2013, in which the mortgagor did not apply for 13 assistance under the Making Home Affordable Program on or before December 31, 2015 2013. 14

(e) Deficiency Judgment. In any order confirming a sale 15 16 pursuant to the judgment of foreclosure, the court shall also 17 enter a personal judgment for deficiency against any party (i) if otherwise authorized and (ii) to the extent requested in the 18 19 complaint and proven upon presentation of the report of sale in 20 accordance with Section 15-1508. Except as otherwise provided 21 in this Article, a judgment may be entered for any balance of 22 money that may be found due to the plaintiff, over and above 23 the proceeds of the sale or sales, and enforcement may be had 24 for the collection of such balance, the same as when the 25 judgment is solely for the payment of money. Such judgment may be entered, or enforcement had, only in cases where personal 26

SB1045 Enrolled - 7 - LRB098 05334 HEP 35368 b

service has been had upon the persons personally liable for the
 mortgage indebtedness, unless they have entered their
 appearance in the foreclosure action.

4 (f) Satisfaction. Upon confirmation of the sale, the
5 judgment stands satisfied to the extent of the sale price less
6 expenses and costs. If the order confirming the sale includes a
7 deficiency judgment, the judgment shall become a lien in the
8 manner of any other judgment for the payment of money.

9 order confirming the sale shall (q) The include, 10 notwithstanding any previous orders awarding possession during 11 the pendency of the foreclosure, an award to the purchaser of 12 possession of the mortgaged real estate, as of the date 30 days 13 after the entry of the order, against the parties to the foreclosure whose interests have been terminated. 14

15 An order of possession authorizing the removal of a person 16 from possession of the mortgaged real estate shall be entered 17 and enforced only against those persons personally named as individuals in the complaint or the petition under subsection 18 (h) of Section 15-1701. No order of possession issued under 19 20 this Section shall be entered against a lessee with a bona fide 21 lease of a dwelling unit in residential real estate in 22 foreclosure, whether or not the lessee has been made a party in 23 the foreclosure. An order shall not be entered and enforced against any person who is only generically described as an 24 25 unknown owner or nonrecord claimant or by another generic 26 designation in the complaint.

SB1045 Enrolled - 8 - LRB098 05334 HEP 35368 b

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, the failure to 1 2 personally name, include, or seek an award of possession of the 3 mortgaged real estate against a person in the confirmation order shall not abrogate any right that the purchaser may have 4 5 to possession of the mortgaged real estate and to maintain a proceeding against that person for possession under Article IX 6 7 of this Code or, if applicable, under subsection (h) of Section 8 15-1701; and possession against a person who (1) has not been 9 personally named as a party to the foreclosure and (2) has not 10 been provided an opportunity to be heard in the foreclosure 11 proceeding may be sought only by maintaining a proceeding under 12 Article IX of this Code or, if applicable, under subsection (h) 13 of Section 15-1701.

14 (h) With respect to mortgaged real estate containing 5 or 15 more dwelling units, the order confirming the sale shall also 16 provide that (i) the mortgagor shall transfer to the purchaser 17 the security deposits, if any, that the mortgagor received to secure payment of rent or to compensate for damage to the 18 19 mortgaged real estate from any current occupant of a dwelling 20 unit of the mortgaged real estate, as well as any statutory interest that has not been paid to the occupant, and (ii) the 21 22 mortgagor shall provide an accounting of the security deposits 23 that are transferred, including the name and address of each occupant for whom the mortgagor holds the deposit and the 24 25 amount of the deposit and any statutory interest.

26 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-575, eff. 8-26-11;

SB1045 Enrolled - 9 - LRB098 05334 HEP 35368 b 97-1159, eff. 1-29-13; 97-1164, eff. 6-1-13; 98-514, eff. 11-19-13.)

3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon4 becoming law.