

Rep. Arthur Turner

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Filed: 5/15/2014

09800SB0978ham001

Section 3 as follows:

LRB098 21360 RLC 59661 a

AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 978 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The State Records Act is amended by changing

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 978

- 6 (5 ILCS 160/3) (from Ch. 116, par. 43.6)
- 7 Sec. 3. Records as property of State.
- (a) All records created or received by or under the 8 authority of or coming into the custody, control, or possession 9 10 of public officials of this State in the course of their public 11 duties are the property of the State. These records may not be 12 mutilated, destroyed, transferred, removed, or otherwise 13 damaged or disposed of, in whole or in part, except as provided by law. Any person shall have the right of access to any public 14 15 records, unless access to the records is otherwise limited or prohibited by law. This subsection (a) does not apply to 16

records that are subject to expungement under subsections (1.5) and (1.6) of Section 5-915 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

- (b) Reports and records of the obligation, receipt and use of public funds of the State are public records available for inspection by the public, except as access to such records is otherwise limited or prohibited by law or pursuant to law. These records shall be kept at the official place of business of the State or at a designated place of business of the State. These records shall be available for public inspection during regular office hours except when in immediate use by persons exercising official duties which require the use of those records. Nothing in this section shall require the State to invade or assist in the invasion of any person's right to privacy. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to limit any right given by statute or rule of law with respect to the inspection of other types of records.
- Warrants and vouchers in the keeping of the State Comptroller may be destroyed by him as authorized in "An Act in relation to the reproduction and destruction of records kept by the Comptroller", approved August 1, 1949, as now or hereafter amended after obtaining the approval of the State Records Commission.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 92-866, eff. 1-3-03.)
- Section 10. The Criminal Identification Act is amended by changing Section 5.2 as follows:

1	(20 ILCS 2630/5.2)
2	Sec. 5.2. Expungement and sealing.
3	(a) General Provisions.
4	(1) Definitions. In this Act, words and phrases have
5	the meanings set forth in this subsection, except when a
6	particular context clearly requires a different meaning.
7	(A) The following terms shall have the meanings
8	ascribed to them in the Unified Code of Corrections,
9	730 ILCS 5/5-1-2 through 5/5-1-22:
10	(i) Business Offense (730 ILCS 5/5-1-2),
11	(ii) Charge (730 ILCS 5/5-1-3),
12	(iii) Court (730 ILCS 5/5-1-6),
13	(iv) Defendant (730 ILCS 5/5-1-7),
14	(v) Felony (730 ILCS 5/5-1-9),
15	(vi) Imprisonment (730 ILCS 5/5-1-10),
16	(vii) Judgment (730 ILCS 5/5-1-12),
17	(viii) Misdemeanor (730 ILCS $5/5-1-14$),
18	(ix) Offense (730 ILCS 5/5-1-15),
19	(x) Parole (730 ILCS 5/5-1-16),
20	(xi) Petty Offense (730 ILCS $5/5-1-17$),
21	(xii) Probation (730 ILCS $5/5-1-18$),
22	(xiii) Sentence (730 ILCS 5/5-1-19),
23	(xiv) Supervision (730 ILCS $5/5-1-21$), and
24	(xv) Victim (730 ILCS 5/5-1-22).
25	(B) As used in this Section, "charge not initiated

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by arrest" means a charge (as defined by 730 ILCS 5/5-1-3) brought against a defendant where the defendant is not arrested prior to or as a direct result of the charge.

- (C) "Conviction" means a judgment of conviction or sentence entered upon a plea of guilty or upon a verdict or finding of guilty of an offense, rendered by a legally constituted jury or by a court of competent jurisdiction authorized to try the case without a jury. An order of supervision successfully completed by the petitioner is not a conviction. An order of qualified (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(J)) probation successfully completed by the petitioner is not a conviction. An order of supervision or an order of probation that is qualified terminated unsatisfactorily is a conviction, unless t.he unsatisfactory termination is reversed, vacated, or modified and the judgment of conviction, if any, is reversed or vacated.
- (D) "Criminal offense" means a petty offense, business offense, misdemeanor, felony, or municipal ordinance violation (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(H)). As used in this Section, a minor traffic offense (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(G)) shall not be considered a criminal offense.
 - "Expunge" means to physically destroy the

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records or return them to the petitioner and to obliterate the petitioner's name from any official index or public record, or both. Nothing in this Act shall require the physical destruction of the circuit court file, but such records relating to arrests or charges, or both, ordered expunged shall be impounded required by subsections (d)(9)(A)(ii) as and (d)(9)(B)(ii).

- (F) As used in this Section, "last sentence" means the sentence, order of supervision, or order of qualified probation (as defined by subsection (a)(1)(J)), for a criminal offense (as defined by subsection (a)(1)(D)) that terminates last in time in any jurisdiction, regardless of whether the petitioner included the criminal offense for which the or order of supervision or qualified sentence probation was imposed in his or her petition. If multiple sentences, orders of supervision, or orders of qualified probation terminate on the same day and are last in time, they shall be collectively considered the "last sentence" regardless of whether they were ordered to run concurrently.
- (G) "Minor traffic offense" means a petty offense, business offense, or Class C misdemeanor under the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a municipal or local ordinance.

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- "Municipal ordinance violation" means (H) offense defined by a municipal or local ordinance that is criminal in nature and with which the petitioner was charged or for which the petitioner was arrested and released without charging.
- "Petitioner" means an adult or a minor (I) prosecuted as an adult who has applied for relief under this Section.
- (J) "Qualified probation" means an order of probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control Community Protection Act, Section 5-6-3.3 or 5-6-3.4 the Unified Code of Corrections, Section 12-4.3(b)(1) and (2) of the Criminal Code of 1961 (as those provisions existed before their deletion by Public Act 89-313), Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency Act, Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, or Section 10 of the Steroid Control Act. For the purpose of this Section, "successful completion" of an order of qualified probation under Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency Act and Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act means that the probation was terminated satisfactorily and the

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judgment of conviction was vacated.

- (K) "Seal" means to physically and electronically maintain the records, unless the records would otherwise be destroyed due to age, but to make the records unavailable without a court order, subject to the exceptions in Sections 12 and 13 of this Act. The petitioner's name shall also be obliterated from the official index required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order to seal shall not be affected.
 - (L) "Sexual offense committed against a minor" includes but is not limited to the offenses of indecent solicitation of a child or criminal sexual abuse when the victim of such offense is under 18 years of age.
 - (M) "Terminate" as it relates to a sentence or order of supervision or qualified probation includes either satisfactory or unsatisfactory termination of the sentence, unless otherwise specified in this Section.
- (2) Minor Traffic Offenses. Orders of supervision or convictions for minor traffic offenses shall not affect a petitioner's eligibility to expunge or seal records pursuant to this Section.
- (3) Exclusions. Except as otherwise provided subsections (b) (5), (b) (6), (b) (8), (e), (e-5), and (e-6)

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of this Section, the court shall not order: 1

- (A) the sealing or expungement of the records of arrests or charges not initiated by arrest that result in an order of supervision for or conviction of: (i) any sexual offense committed against a minor; (ii) Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance; or (iii) Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, unless the arrest or charge is for a misdemeanor violation of subsection (a) of Section 11-503 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, that occurred prior to the offender reaching the age of 25 years and the offender has no other conviction for violating Section 11-501 or 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- (B) the sealing or expungement of records of minor traffic offenses (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(G)), unless the petitioner was arrested and released without charging.
- (C) the sealing of the records of arrests or charges not initiated by arrest which result in an order of supervision, an order of qualified probation (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(J)), or a conviction for the following offenses:
 - (i) offenses included in Article 11 of the

1	Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012
2	or a similar provision of a local ordinance, except
3	Section 11-14 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
4	Criminal Code of 2012, or a similar provision of a
5	local ordinance;
6	(ii) Section 11-1.50, 12-3.4, 12-15, 12-30,
7	26-5, or 48-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
8	Criminal Code of 2012, or a similar provision of a
9	local ordinance;
10	(iii) offenses defined as "crimes of violence"
11	in Section 2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act
12	or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
13	(iv) offenses which are Class A misdemeanors
14	under the Humane Care for Animals Act; or
15	(v) any offense or attempted offense that
16	would subject a person to registration under the
17	Sex Offender Registration Act.
18	(D) the sealing of the records of an arrest which
19	results in the petitioner being charged with a felony
20	offense or records of a charge not initiated by arrest
21	for a felony offense unless:
22	(i) the charge is amended to a misdemeanor and
23	is otherwise eligible to be sealed pursuant to
24	<pre>subsection (c);</pre>
25	(ii) the charge is brought along with another
26	charge as a part of one case and the charge results

1	in acquittal, dismissal, or conviction when the
2	conviction was reversed or vacated, and another
3	charge brought in the same case results in a
4	disposition for a misdemeanor offense that is
5	eligible to be sealed pursuant to subsection (c) or
6	a disposition listed in paragraph (i), (iii), or
7	(iv) of this subsection;
8	(iii) the charge results in first offender
9	probation as set forth in subsection (c)(2)(E);
10	(iv) the charge is for a felony offense listed
11	in subsection (c)(2)(F) or the charge is amended to
12	a felony offense listed in subsection (c)(2)(F);
13	(v) the charge results in acquittal,
14	dismissal, or the petitioner's release without
15	conviction; or
16	(vi) the charge results in a conviction, but
17	the conviction was reversed or vacated.
18	(b) Expungement.
19	(1) A petitioner may petition the circuit court to
20	expunge the records of his or her arrests and charges not
21	initiated by arrest when:
22	(A) He or she has never been convicted of a
23	criminal offense; and
24	(B) Each arrest or charge not initiated by arrest
25	sought to be expunged resulted in: (i) acquittal,
26	dismissal, or the petitioner's release without

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charging, unless excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B); (ii) a conviction which was vacated or reversed, unless excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B); (iii) an order of supervision and such supervision was successfully completed by the petitioner, unless excluded by subsection (a)(3)(A) or (a)(3)(B); or (iv) an order of qualified probation (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(J) and such probation was successfully completed by the petitioner.

- (2) Time frame for filing a petition to expunge.
- (A) When the arrest or charge not initiated by arrest sought to be expunded resulted in an acquittal, dismissal, the petitioner's release without charging, or the reversal or vacation of a conviction, there is no waiting period to petition for the expungement of such records.
- (B) When the arrest or charge not initiated by arrest sought to be expunded resulted in an order of supervision, successfully completed by the petitioner, the following time frames will apply:
 - (i) Those arrests or charges that resulted in orders of supervision under Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or under Section 11-1.50, 12-3.2, or 12-15 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or a

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similar provision of a local ordinance, shall not be eligible for expungement until 5 years have passed following the satisfactory termination of the supervision.

- (i-5) Those arrests or charges that resulted in orders of supervision for a misdemeanor violation of subsection (a) of Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, that occurred prior to the offender reaching the age of 25 years and the offender has no other conviction for violating Section 11-501 or 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance shall not be eligible for expungement until the petitioner has reached the age of 25 years.
- (ii) Those arrests or charges that resulted in orders of supervision for any other offenses shall not be eligible for expungement until 2 years have passed following the satisfactory termination of the supervision.
- (C) When the arrest or charge not initiated by arrest sought to be expunded resulted in an order of qualified probation, successfully completed by the petitioner, such records shall not be eliqible for expungement until 5 years have passed following the satisfactory termination of the probation.

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- (3) Those records maintained by the Department for persons arrested prior to their 17th birthday shall be expunded as provided in Section 5-915 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
- Whenever a person has been arrested for or (4) convicted of any offense, in the name of a person whose identity he or she has stolen or otherwise come into possession of, the aggrieved person from whom the identity was stolen or otherwise obtained without authorization, upon learning of the person having been arrested using his or her identity, may, upon verified petition to the chief judge of the circuit wherein the arrest was made, have a court order entered nunc pro tunc by the Chief Judge to correct the arrest record, conviction record, if any, and all official records of the arresting authority, the Department, other criminal justice agencies, the prosecutor, and the trial court concerning such arrest, if any, by removing his or her name from all such records in connection with the arrest and conviction, if any, and by inserting in the records the name of the offender, if known or ascertainable, in lieu of the aggrieved's name. The records of the circuit court clerk shall be sealed until further order of the court upon good cause shown and the name of the aggrieved person obliterated on the official index required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but the order shall

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not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order. Nothing in this Section shall limit the Department of State Police or other criminal justice agencies or prosecutors from listing under an offender's name the false names he or she has used.

- (5) Whenever a person has been convicted of criminal assault, aggravated criminal sexual predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, criminal sexual abuse, or aggravated criminal sexual abuse, the victim of that offense may request that the State's Attorney of the county in which the conviction occurred file a verified petition with the presiding trial judge at the petitioner's trial to have a court order entered to seal the records of the circuit court clerk in connection with the proceedings of the trial court concerning that offense. However, the records of the arresting authority and the Department of State Police concerning the offense shall not be sealed. The court, upon good cause shown, shall make the records of the circuit court clerk in connection with the proceedings of the trial court concerning the offense available for public inspection.
- (6) If a conviction has been set aside on direct review or on collateral attack and the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the petitioner was factually innocent of the charge, the court that finds the petitioner

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factually innocent of the charge shall enter an expungement order for the conviction for which the petitioner has been determined to be innocent as provided in subsection (b) of Section 5-5-4 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

- Nothing in this Section shall prevent Department of State Police from maintaining all records of any person who is admitted to probation upon terms and conditions and who fulfills those terms and conditions pursuant to Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, Section 5-6-3.3 or 5-6-3.4 of the Unified Code of Corrections, Section 12-4.3 or subdivision (b)(1) Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or Criminal Code of 2012, Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency Act, Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, or Section 10 of the Steroid Control Act.
- (8) If the petitioner has been granted a certificate of innocence under Section 2-702 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the court that grants the certificate of innocence shall also enter an order expunging the conviction for which the petitioner has been determined to be innocent as provided in subsection (h) of Section 2-702 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (c) Sealing.

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1	(1) Applicability. Notwithstanding any other provision
2	of this Act to the contrary, and cumulative with any rights
3	to expungement of criminal records, this subsection
4	authorizes the sealing of criminal records of adults and of
5	minors prosecuted as adults.
6	(2) Eligible Records. The following records may be
7	sealed:
8	(A) All arrests resulting in release without
9	charging;
10	(B) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest
11	resulting in acquittal, dismissal, or conviction when
12	the conviction was reversed or vacated, except as
13	excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B);
14	(C) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest
15	resulting in orders of supervision successfully
16	completed by the petitioner, unless excluded by
17	subsection (a)(3);
18	(D) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest
19	resulting in convictions unless excluded by subsection
20	(a) (3);
21	(E) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest
22	resulting in orders of first offender probation under
23	Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of
24	the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of

the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection

Act, or Section 5-6-3.3 of the Unified Code of

Ι	Corrections; and
2	(F) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest
3	resulting in felony convictions for the following
4	offenses:
5	(i) Class 4 felony convictions for:
6	Prostitution under Section 11-14 of the
7	Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of
8	2012.
9	Possession of cannabis under Section 4 of
10	the Cannabis Control Act.
11	Possession of a controlled substance under
12	Section 402 of the Illinois Controlled
13	Substances Act.
14	Offenses under the Methamphetamine
15	Precursor Control Act.
16	Offenses under the Steroid Control Act.
17	Theft under Section 16-1 of the Criminal
18	Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
19	Retail theft under Section 16A-3 or
20	paragraph (a) of 16-25 of the Criminal Code of
21	1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
22	Deceptive practices under Section 17-1 of
23	the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code
24	of 2012.
25	Forgery under Section 17-3 of the Criminal
2.6	Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

Т	Possession of burglary tools under Section
2	19-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
3	Criminal Code of 2012.
4	(ii) Class 3 felony convictions for:
5	Theft under Section 16-1 of the Criminal
6	Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
7	Retail theft under Section 16A-3 or
8	paragraph (a) of 16-25 of the Criminal Code of
9	1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
10	Deceptive practices under Section 17-1 of
11	the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code
12	of 2012.
13	Forgery under Section 17-3 of the Criminal
14	Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
15	Possession with intent to manufacture or
16	deliver a controlled substance under Section
17	401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
18	(3) When Records Are Eligible to Be Sealed. Records
19	identified as eligible under subsection (c)(2) may be
20	sealed as follows:
21	(A) Records identified as eligible under
22	subsection (c)(2)(A) and (c)(2)(B) may be sealed at any
23	time.
24	(B) Records identified as eligible under
25	subsection (c)(2)(C) may be sealed (i) 3 years after
26	the termination of petitioner's last sentence (as

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defined in subsection (a)(1)(F)) if the petitioner has never been convicted of a criminal offense (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(D)); or (ii) 4 years after the termination of the petitioner's last sentence defined in subsection (a)(1)(F)) if the petitioner has ever been convicted of a criminal offense (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(D).

- (C) Records identified as eligible subsections (c)(2)(D), (c)(2)(E), and (c)(2)(F) may be sealed 4 years after the termination of petitioner's last sentence (as defined in subsection (a) (1) (F)).
- Records identified in subsection (D) (a)(3)(A)(iii) may be sealed after the petitioner has reached the age of 25 years.
- (4) Subsequent felony convictions. A person may not have subsequent felony conviction records sealed as provided in this subsection (c) if he or she is convicted of any felony offense after the date of the sealing of prior felony convictions as provided in this subsection (c). The court may, upon conviction for a subsequent felony offense, order the unsealing of prior felony conviction records previously ordered sealed by the court.
- (5) Notice of eligibility for sealing. Upon entry of a disposition for an eligible record under this subsection (c), the petitioner shall be informed by the court of the

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- 1 right to have the records sealed and the procedures for the sealing of the records. 2
 - Procedure. The following procedures apply expungement under subsections (b), (e), and (e-6) and sealing under subsections (c) and (e-5):
 - (1) Filing the petition. Upon becoming eligible to petition for the expungement or sealing of records under Section, the petitioner shall file a petition requesting the expungement or sealing of records with the clerk of the court where the arrests occurred or the charges were brought, or both. If arrests occurred or charges were brought in multiple jurisdictions, a petition must be filed in each such jurisdiction. The petitioner shall pay the applicable fee, if not waived.
 - (2) Contents of petition. The petition shall be verified and shall contain the petitioner's name, date of birth, current address and, for each arrest or charge not initiated by arrest sought to be sealed or expunged, the case number, the date of arrest (if any), the identity of the arresting authority, and such other information as the court may require. During the pendency of the proceeding, the petitioner shall promptly notify the circuit court clerk of any change of his or her address. If the petitioner has received a certificate of eligibility for sealing from the Prisoner Review Board under paragraph (10) of subsection (a) of Section 3-3-2 of the Unified Code of

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1 Corrections, the certificate shall be attached to the 2 petition.

- (3) Drug test. The petitioner must attach to the petition proof that the petitioner has passed a test taken within 30 days before the filing of the petition showing the absence within his or her body of all illegal substances as defined by the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, and the Cannabis Control Act if he or she is petitioning to:
 - (A) seal felony records under clause (c) (2) (E);
 - (B) seal felony records for a violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or the Cannabis Control Act under clause (c) (2) (F);
 - (C) seal felony records under subsection (e-5); or
 - (D) expunge felony records of a qualified probation under clause (b)(1)(B)(iv).
- (4) Service of petition. The circuit court clerk shall promptly serve a copy of the petition and documentation to support the petition under subsection $(e)_{\tau}$ $(e-5)_{\tau}$ or (e-6) on the State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting the offense, the Department of State Police, the arresting agency and the chief legal officer of the unit of local government effecting the arrest.
 - (5) Objections.

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1	(A) Any party entitled to notice of the petition
2	may file an objection to the petition. All objections
3	shall be in writing, shall be filed with the circuit
4	court clerk, and shall state with specificity the basis
5	of the objection. Whenever a person who has been
6	convicted of an offense is granted a pardon by the
7	Governor which specifically authorizes expungement, an
8	objection to the petition may not be filed.

- (B) Objections to a petition to expunge or seal must be filed within 60 days of the date of service of the petition.
- (6) Entry of order.
- (A) The Chief Judge of the circuit wherein the charge was brought, any judge of that circuit designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge at the petitioner's trial, if any, shall rule on the petition to expunge or seal as set forth in this subsection (d)(6).
- (B) Unless the State's Attorney or prosecutor, the Department of State Police, the arresting agency, or the chief legal officer files an objection to the petition to expunge or seal within 60 days from the date of service of the petition, the court shall enter an order granting or denying the petition.
- (7) Hearings. If an objection is filed, the court shall

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set a date for a hearing and notify the petitioner and all parties entitled to notice of the petition of the hearing date at least 30 days prior to the hearing. Prior to the hearing, the State's Attorney shall consult with the Department as to the appropriateness of the relief sought in the petition to expunde or seal. At the hearing, the court shall hear evidence on whether the petition should or should not be granted, and shall grant or deny the petition to expunge or seal the records based on the evidence presented at the hearing. The court may consider the following:

- (A) the strength of the evidence supporting the defendant's conviction;
- (B) the reasons for retention of the conviction records by the State;
- (C) the petitioner's age, criminal record history, and employment history;
- (D) the period of time between the petitioner's arrest on the charge resulting in the conviction and the filing of the petition under this Section; and
- (E) the specific adverse consequences the petitioner may be subject to if the petition is denied.
- (8) Service of order. After entering an order to expunge or seal records, the court must provide copies of order to the Department, in a form and manner prescribed by the Department, to the petitioner, to the

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State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting the offense, to the arresting agency, to the chief legal officer of the unit of local government effecting the arrest, and to such other criminal justice agencies as may be ordered by the court.

- (9) Implementation of order.
- (A) Upon entry of an order to expunge records pursuant to (b) (2) (A) or (b) (2) (B) (ii), or both:
 - (i) the records shall be expunged (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(E)) by the arresting agency, the Department, and any other agency as ordered by the court, within 60 days of the date of service of the order, unless a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order is filed pursuant paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of this Section;
 - (ii) the records of the circuit court clerk shall be impounded until further order of the court upon good cause shown and the name of the petitioner obliterated on the official required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order; and
 - (iii) in response to an inquiry for expunged records, the court, the Department, or the agency

1	receiving such inquiry, shall reply as it does in
2	response to inquiries when no records ever
3	existed.
4	(B) Upon entry of an order to expunge records
5	pursuant to (b)(2)(B)(i) or (b)(2)(C), or both:
6	(i) the records shall be expunged (as defined
7	in subsection (a)(1)(E)) by the arresting agency
8	and any other agency as ordered by the court,
9	within 60 days of the date of service of the order,
10	unless a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider
11	the order is filed pursuant to paragraph (12) of
12	subsection (d) of this Section;
13	(ii) the records of the circuit court clerk
14	shall be impounded until further order of the court
15	upon good cause shown and the name of the
16	petitioner obliterated on the official index
17	required to be kept by the circuit court clerk
18	under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but
19	the order shall not affect any index issued by the
20	circuit court clerk before the entry of the order;
21	(iii) the records shall be impounded by the
22	Department within 60 days of the date of service of
23	the order as ordered by the court, unless a motion
24	to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order is filed
25	pursuant to paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of
26	this Section;

1	(iv) records impounded by the Department may
2	be disseminated by the Department only as required
3	by law or to the arresting authority, the State's
4	Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the
5	same or a similar offense or for the purpose of
6	sentencing for any subsequent felony, and to the
7	Department of Corrections upon conviction for any
8	offense; and
9	(v) in response to an inquiry for such records
10	from anyone not authorized by law to access such
11	$\operatorname{records}_{\boldsymbol{L}}$ the court, the Department, or the agency
12	receiving such inquiry shall reply as it does in
13	response to inquiries when no records ever
14	existed.
15	(B-5) Upon entry of an order to expunge records
16 ur	nder subsection (e-6):
17	(i) the records shall be expunged (as defined
18	in subsection (a)(1)(E)) by the arresting agency
19	and any other agency as ordered by the court,
20	within 60 days of the date of service of the order,
21	unless a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider
22	the order is filed under paragraph (12) of
23	subsection (d) of this Section;
24	(ii) the records of the circuit court clerk
25	shall be impounded until further order of the court
26	upon good cause shown and the name of the

petitioner obliterated on the official 1 2 required to be kept by the circuit court clerk 3 under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but the order shall not affect any index issued by the 4 5 circuit court clerk before the entry of the order; (iii) the records shall be impounded by the 6 Department within 60 days of the date of service of 7 8 the order as ordered by the court, unless a motion 9 to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order is filed 10 under paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of this Section: 11 (iv) records impounded by the Department may 12 13 be disseminated by the Department only as required 14 by law or to the arresting authority, the State's 15 Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the 16 same or a similar offense or for the purpose of 17 sentencing for any subsequent felony, and to the Department of Corrections upon conviction for any 18 19 offense; and 20 (v) in response to an inquiry for these records 2.1 from anyone not authorized by law to access the 22 records, the court, the Department, or the agency 23 receiving the inquiry shall reply as it does in 24 response to inquiries when no records 25 existed.

(C) Upon entry of an order to seal records under

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subsection (c), the arresting agency, any other agency as ordered by the court, the Department, and the court shall seal the records (as defined in subsection (a) (1) (K)). In response to an inquiry for such records from anyone not authorized by law to access such records, the court, the Department, or the agency receiving such inquiry shall reply as it does in response to inquiries when no records ever existed.

(D) The Department shall send written notice to the petitioner of its compliance with each order to expunge or seal records within 60 days of the date of service of that order or, if a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider is filed, within 60 days of service of the order resolving the motion, if that order requires the Department to expunge or seal records. In the event of an appeal from the circuit court order, the Department shall send written notice to the petitioner of its compliance with an Appellate Court or Supreme Court judgment to expunge or seal records within 60 days of the issuance of the court's mandate. The notice is not required while any motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider, or any appeal or petition for discretionary appellate review, is pending.

(10) Fees. The Department may charge the petitioner a fee equivalent to the cost of processing any order to expunge or seal records. Notwithstanding any provision of

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the Clerks of Courts Act to the contrary, the circuit court clerk may charge a fee equivalent to the cost associated with the sealing or expungement of records by the circuit court clerk. From the total filing fee collected for the petition to seal or expunge, the circuit court clerk shall deposit \$10 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund, to be used to offset the costs incurred by the circuit court clerk in performing the additional duties required to serve the petition to seal or expunge on all parties. The circuit court clerk shall collect and forward the Department of State Police portion of the fee to the Department and it shall be deposited in the State Police Services Fund.

- (11) Final Order. No court order issued under the expungement or sealing provisions of this Section shall become final for purposes of appeal until 30 days after service of the order on the petitioner and all parties entitled to notice of the petition.
- (12) Motion to Vacate, Modify, or Reconsider. Under Section 2-1203 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the petitioner or any party entitled to notice may file a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order granting or denying the petition to expunge or seal within 60 days of service of the order. If filed more than 60 days after service of the order, a petition to vacate, modify, or reconsider shall comply with subsection (c) of Section

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2-1401 of the Code of Civil Procedure. Upon filing of a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider, notice of the motion shall be served upon the petitioner and all parties entitled to notice of the petition.

- (13) Effect of Order. An order granting a petition under the expungement or sealing provisions of this Section shall not be considered void because it fails to comply with the provisions of this Section or because of any error asserted in a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider. The circuit court retains jurisdiction to determine whether the order is voidable and to vacate, modify, or reconsider its terms based on a motion filed under paragraph (12) of this subsection (d).
- (14) Compliance with Order Granting Petition to Seal Records. Unless a court has entered a stay of an order granting a petition to seal, all parties entitled to notice of the petition must fully comply with the terms of the order within 60 days of service of the order even if a party is seeking relief from the order through a motion filed under paragraph (12) of this subsection (d) or is appealing the order.
- (15) Compliance with Order Granting Petition Expunge Records. While a party is seeking relief from the order granting the petition to expunge through a motion filed under paragraph (12) of this subsection (d) or is appealing the order, and unless a court has entered a stay

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of that order, the parties entitled to notice of the petition must seal, but need not expunge, the records until there is a final order on the motion for relief or, in the case of an appeal, the issuance of that court's mandate.

- (16) The changes to this subsection (d) made by Public Act 98-163 this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly apply to all petitions pending on August 5, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-163) this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly and to all orders ruling on a petition to expunge or seal on or after August 5, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-163) this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly.
- (e) Whenever a person who has been convicted of an offense granted a pardon by the Governor which specifically authorizes expungement, he or she may, upon verified petition to the Chief Judge of the circuit where the person had been convicted, any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge at the defendant's trial, have a court order entered expunging the record of arrest from the official records of the arresting authority and order that the records of the circuit court clerk and the Department be sealed until further order of the court upon good cause shown or as otherwise provided herein, and the name of the defendant obliterated from the official index requested to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts

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Act in connection with the arrest and conviction for the offense for which he or she had been pardoned but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order. All records sealed by the Department may be disseminated by the Department only to the arresting authority, the State's Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the same or similar offense or for the purpose of sentencing for any subsequent felony. Upon conviction for any subsequent offense, the Department of Corrections shall have access to all sealed records of the Department pertaining to that individual. Upon entry of the order of expungement, the circuit court clerk shall promptly mail a copy of the order to the person who was pardoned.

(e-5) Whenever a person who has been convicted of an offense is granted a certificate of eligibility for sealing by the Prisoner Review Board which specifically authorizes sealing, he or she may, upon verified petition to the Chief Judge of the circuit where the person had been convicted, any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge at the petitioner's trial, have a court order entered sealing the record of arrest from the official records of the arresting authority and order that the records of the circuit court clerk and the Department be sealed until further order of the court upon good cause shown or as otherwise provided herein, and the name of the petitioner obliterated

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from the official index requested to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act in connection with the arrest and conviction for the offense for which he or she had been granted the certificate but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order. All records sealed by the Department may be disseminated by the Department only as required by this Act or to the arresting authority, a law enforcement agency, the State's Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the same or similar offense or for the purpose of sentencing for any subsequent felony. Upon conviction for any subsequent offense, the Department of Corrections shall have access to all sealed records of the Department pertaining to that individual. Upon entry of the order of sealing, the circuit court clerk shall promptly mail a copy of the order to the person who was granted the certificate of eligibility for sealing.

(e-6) Whenever a person who has been convicted of an offense is granted a certificate of eligibility for expungement by the Prisoner Review Board which specifically authorizes expungement, he or she may, upon verified petition to the Chief Judge of the circuit where the person had been convicted, any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge at the petitioner's trial, have a court order entered expunging the record of arrest from the official

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records of the arresting authority and order that the records of the circuit court clerk and the Department be sealed until further order of the court upon good cause shown or as otherwise provided herein, and the name of the petitioner obliterated from the official index requested to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act in connection with the arrest and conviction for the offense for which he or she had been granted the certificate but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order. All records sealed by the Department may be disseminated by the Department only as required by this Act or to the arresting authority, a law enforcement agency, the State's Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the same or similar offense or for the purpose of sentencing for any subsequent felony. Upon conviction for any subsequent offense, the Department of Corrections shall have access to all expunded records of the Department pertaining to that individual. Upon entry of the order of expungement, the circuit court clerk shall promptly mail a copy of the order to the person who was granted the certificate of eligibility for expungement.

(f) Subject to available funding, the Illinois Department of Corrections shall conduct a study of the impact of sealing, especially on employment and recidivism rates, utilizing a random sample of those who apply for the sealing of their criminal records under Public Act 93-211. At the request of the

- Illinois Department of Corrections, records of the Illinois 1
- 2 Department of Employment Security shall be utilized as
- appropriate to assist in the study. The study shall not 3
- 4 disclose any data in a manner that would allow the
- 5 identification of any particular individual or employing unit.
- 6 The study shall be made available to the General Assembly no
- later than September 1, 2010. 7
- (Source: P.A. 97-443, eff. 8-19-11; 97-698, eff. 1-1-13; 8
- 9 97-1026, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1109, eff.
- 10 1-1-13; 97-1118, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1120, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1150,
- eff. 1-25-13; 98-133, eff. 1-1-14; 98-142, eff. 1-1-14; 98-163, 11
- eff. 8-5-13; 98-164, eff. 1-1-14; 98-399, eff. 8-16-13; revised 12
- 13 9-4-13.
- 14 Section 15. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by
- 15 changing Sections 5-125 and 5-915 as follows:
- 16 (705 ILCS 405/5-125)
- Sec. 5-125. Concurrent jurisdiction. Any minor alleged to 17
- 18 have violated a traffic, boating, or fish and game law, or a
- municipal or county ordinance, may be prosecuted for the 19
- violation and if found guilty punished under any statute or 20
- ordinance relating to the violation, without reference to the 21
- 22 procedures set out in this Article, except that:
- 23 (1) any detention, must be in compliance with this
- 24 Article; and

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1	(2) the confidentiality of records provisions in Part 9
2	of this Article shall apply to any law enforcement and
3	court records relating to prosecution of a minor under 18
4	years of age for a municipal or county ordinance violation.
5	For the purpose of this Section, "traffic violation" shall
6	include a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961
7	or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of
8	reckless homicide, Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code,
9	or any similar county or municipal ordinance.
10	(Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
11	(705 ILCS 405/5-915)
12	Sec. 5-915. Expungement of juvenile law enforcement and
13	court records.
14	(0.05) For purposes of this Section and Section 5-622:
15	"Expunge" means to physically destroy the records and
16	to obliterate the minor's name from any official index or
17	public record, or both. Nothing in this Act shall require
18	the physical destruction of the internal office records,
19	files, or databases maintained by a State's Attorney's
20	Office or other prosecutor.
21	"Law enforcement record" includes but is not limited to
22	records of arrest, station adjustments, fingerprints,

probation adjustments, the issuance of a notice to appear,

or any other records maintained by a law enforcement agency

relating to a minor suspected of committing an offense.

(1) Whenever any person has attained the age of 18 or
whenever all juvenile court proceedings relating to that person
have been terminated, whichever is later, the person may
petition the court to expunge law enforcement records relating
to incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday or his
or her juvenile court records, or both, but only in the
following circumstances:

- (a) the minor was arrested and no petition for delinquency was filed with the clerk of the circuit court;
- (b) the minor was charged with an offense and was found not delinquent of that offense; or
- (c) the minor was placed under supervision pursuant to Section 5-615, and the order of supervision has since been successfully terminated; or
- (d) the minor was adjudicated for an offense which would be a Class B misdemeanor, Class C misdemeanor, or a petty or business offense if committed by an adult.
- (1.5) Commencing 180 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, the Department of State Police shall automatically expunge, on or before January 1 of each year, a person's law enforcement records relating to incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday in the Department's possession or control and which contains the final disposition which pertain to the person when arrested as a minor if:

1	<u>(</u>	a) the	e m:	inor	was	arres	sted	and	no	petitio	on for
2	delino	quency	was	file	d with	the	clerk	of	the	circuit	court;
3	and										

(b) since the date of the minor's most recent arrest, at least 6 months have elapsed without an additional arrest, filing of a petition for delinquency whether related or not to a previous arrest, or filing of charges not initiated by arrest.

The Department of State Police shall allow a person to use the Access and Review process, established in the Department of State Police, for verifying that his or her law enforcement records relating to incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday eligible under this subsection have been expunged as provided in this subsection.

A State's Attorney, prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting a minor, or the arresting agency or agencies may file an objection to the automatic expungement of the law enforcement records pertaining to the person with the Department of State Police. An objection must be filed at least 45 days prior to January 1. This subsection shall serve as notice to State's Attorneys, prosecutors charged with the duty of prosecuting a minor, and arresting agencies that annual automatic expungement of records under this subsection shall commence 180 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly. The objection shall serve to remove the records from qualification for automatic

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1 expungement. The Department of State Police may not interpret 2 the objection legally or procedurally.

The Department of State Police shall provide by rule the process for access, review, objection, and automatic expungement. Through emergency rulemaking the Department of State Police and the Cook County State's Attorney's office shall work together to establish a mutually agreed upon data source for purposes of confirming expungement eligibility under this subsection.

(1.6) Commencing on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, a person whose law enforcement records are not subject to subsection (1.5) of this Section and who has attained the age of 18 years may use the Access and Review process, established in the Department of State Police, for verifying his or her law enforcement records relating to incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday in the Department's possession or control which pertain to the person when arrested as a minor, if the incident occurred no earlier than 30 years before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly. If the person identifies a law enforcement record that meets the requirements of this subsection, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1.5) of this Section, and all juvenile court proceedings related to the person have been terminated, the person may file a Request for Expungement of Juvenile Law Enforcement Records, in the form and manner prescribed by the Department of State Police,

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- with the Department and the Department shall consider expungement of the record as otherwise provided for automatic expungement under subsection (1.5) of this Section. The person shall provide notice and a copy of the Request for Expungement of Juvenile Law Enforcement Records to the arresting agency, prosecutor charged with the prosecution of the minor, or the State's Attorney of the county that prosecuted the minor. The Department of State Police shall provide by rule the process for access, review, and Request for Expungement of Juvenile Law Enforcement Records. Through emergency rulemaking the Department of State Police and the Cook County State's Attorney's office shall work together to establish a mutually agreed upon data source for purposes of confirming expungement eligibility under this subsection.
 - (2) Any person may petition the court to expunge all law enforcement records relating to any incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday which did not result in proceedings in criminal court and all juvenile court records with respect to any adjudications except those based upon first degree murder and sex offenses which would be felonies if committed by an adult, if the person for whom expungement is sought has had no convictions for any crime since his or her 18th birthday and:
 - (a) has attained the age of 21 years; or
 - (b) 5 years have elapsed since all juvenile court proceedings relating to him or her have been terminated or his or her commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice

- 1 pursuant to this Act has been terminated;
- whichever is later of (a) or (b). Nothing in this Section 5-915 2
- precludes a minor from obtaining expungement under Section 3
- 4 5-622.

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- 5 (2.5)If a minor is arrested and no petition for 6 delinquency is filed with the clerk of the circuit court as provided in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) at the time the 7 minor is released from custody, the youth officer, 8 9 applicable, or other designated person from the arresting 10 agency, shall notify verbally and in writing to the minor or 11 the minor's parents or quardians that if the State's Attorney does not file a petition for delinquency, the minor has a right 12 13 to petition to have his or her arrest record expunded when the minor attains the age of 18 or when all juvenile court 14 15 proceedings relating to that minor have been terminated and 16 that unless a petition to expunde is filed, the minor shall have an arrest record and shall provide the minor and the 17 18 minor's parents or guardians with an expungement information 19 packet, including a petition to expunge juvenile records
 - (2.6) If a minor is charged with an offense and is found not delinquent of that offense; or if a minor is placed under supervision under Section 5-615, and the order of supervision is successfully terminated; or if a minor is adjudicated for an offense that would be a Class B misdemeanor, a Class C misdemeanor, or a business or petty offense if committed by an

obtained from the clerk of the circuit court.

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adult; or if a minor has incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday that have not resulted in proceedings in criminal court, or resulted in proceedings in juvenile court, and the adjudications were not based upon first degree murder or sex offenses that would be felonies if committed by an adult; then at the time of sentencing or dismissal of the case, the judge shall inform the delinquent minor of his or her right to petition for expungement as provided by law, and the clerk of the circuit court shall provide an expungement information packet to the delinquent minor, written in plain language, including a petition for expundement, a sample of a completed instructions petition, expungement t.hat. shall information informing the minor that (i) once the case is expunged, it shall be treated as if it never occurred, (ii) he or she may apply to have petition fees waived, (iii) once he or she obtains an expungement, he or she may not be required to disclose that he or she had a juvenile record, and (iv) he or she may file the petition on his or her own or with the assistance of an attorney. The failure of the judge to inform the delinquent minor of his or her right to petition for expungement as provided by law does not create a substantive right, nor is that failure grounds for: (i) a reversal of an adjudication of delinquency, (ii) a new trial; or (iii) an appeal.

(2.7) For counties with a population over 3,000,000, the clerk of the circuit court shall send a "Notification of a

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      Possible Right to Expungement" post card to the minor at the
      address last received by the clerk of the circuit court on the
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      date that the minor attains the age of 18 based on the
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      birthdate provided to the court by the minor or his or her
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      quardian in cases under paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of
      subsection (1); and when the minor attains the age of 21 based
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      on the birthdate provided to the court by the minor or his or
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      her quardian in cases under subsection (2).
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          (2.8) The petition for expungement for subsection (1) may
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      include multiple offenses on the same petition and shall be
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      substantially in the following form:
                 IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF ...., ILLINOIS
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                        ..... JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
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      IN THE INTEREST OF )
                             NO.
15
                        )
16
                        )
17
      18
      (Name of Petitioner)
                   PETITION TO EXPUNCE JUVENILE RECORDS
19
20
                    (705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 1))
21
           (Please prepare a separate petition for each offense)
22
      Now comes ....., petitioner, and respectfully requests
      that this Honorable Court enter an order expunging all juvenile
23
24
      law enforcement and court records of petitioner and in support
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- 1 thereof states that: Petitioner has attained the age of 18,
- 2 his/her birth date being, or all Juvenile Court
- proceedings terminated as of, whichever occurred later. 3
- 4 Petitioner was arrested on by the
- 5 Department for the offense or offenses of, and:
- 6 (Check All That Apply One:)
- () a. no petition or petitions were $\frac{\text{was}}{\text{was}}$ filed with the Clerk 7
- 8 of the Circuit Court.
- 9 () b. was charged with and was found not delinquent of
- 10 the offense or offenses.
- 11 () c. a petition or petitions were $\frac{\text{was}}{\text{mas}}$ filed and the petition
- or petitions were was dismissed without a 12 finding of
- 13 delinquency on
- 14 () d. on placed under supervision pursuant to Section
- 15 5-615 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and such order of
- 16 supervision successfully terminated on
- () e. was adjudicated for the offense or offenses, which would 17
- have been a Class B misdemeanor, a Class C misdemeanor, or a 18
- petty offense or business offense if committed by an adult. 19
- 20 Petitioner has has not been arrested on charges in
- 21 this or any county other than the charges listed above. If
- 22 petitioner has been arrested on additional charges, please list
- 23 the charges below:
- 24 Charge(s):
- 25 Arresting Agency or Agencies:
- 26 Disposition/Result: (choose from a. through e., above):

1	WHEREFORE, the petitioner respectfully requests this Honorable
2	Court to (1) order all law enforcement agencies to expunge all
3	records of petitioner to this incident or incidents, and (2) to
4	order the Clerk of the Court to expunge all records concerning
5	the petitioner regarding this incident or incidents.
6	
7	Petitioner (Signature)
8	
9	Petitioner's Street Address
10	
11	City, State, Zip Code
12	••••••••••
13	Petitioner's Telephone Number
14	Pursuant to the penalties of perjury under the Code of Civil
15	Procedure, 735 ILCS 5/1-109, I hereby certify that the
16	statements in this petition are true and correct, or on
17	information and belief I believe the same to be true.
18	
19	Petitioner (Signature)
20	The Petition for Expungement for subsection (2) shall be

substantially in the following form:

2 IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS 3 JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN THE INTEREST OF) 4 NO. 5) 6 7 8 (Name of Petitioner) 9 PETITION TO EXPUNGE JUVENILE RECORDS 10 (705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 2)) 11 (Please prepare a separate petition for each offense) 12 Now comes, petitioner, and respectfully requests 13 that this Honorable Court enter an order expunging all Juvenile Law Enforcement and Court records of petitioner and in support 14 15 thereof states that: 16 The incident for which the Petitioner seeks expungement 17 occurred before the Petitioner's 18th birthday and did not result in proceedings in criminal court and the Petitioner has 18 19 not had any convictions for any crime since his/her 18th 20 birthday; and 21 The incident for which the Petitioner seeks expungement 22 occurred before the Petitioner's 18th birthday and the 23 adjudication was not based upon first-degree murder or sex

- 1 offenses which would be felonies if committed by an adult, and
- 2 the Petitioner has not had any convictions for any crime since
- his/her 18th birthday. 3
- 4 Petitioner was arrested on by the Police
- 5 Department for the offense of, and:
- 6 (Check whichever one occurred the latest:)
- () a. The Petitioner has attained the age of 21 years, his/her 7
- 8 birthday being; or
- 9 () b. 5 years have elapsed since all juvenile court
- 10 proceedings relating to the Petitioner have been terminated; or
- 11 the Petitioner's commitment to the Department of Juvenile
- Justice pursuant to the expungement of juvenile law enforcement 12
- and court records provisions of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 13
- has been terminated. Petitioner ...has ...has not been arrested 14
- 15 on charges in this or any other county other than the charge
- 16 listed above. If petitioner has been arrested on additional
- charges, please list the charges below: 17
- 18 Charge(s):
- 19 Arresting Agency or Agencies:
- 20 Disposition/Result: (choose from a or b, above):
- 21 WHEREFORE, the petitioner respectfully requests this Honorable
- 22 Court to (1) order all law enforcement agencies to expunge all
- 23 records of petitioner related to this incident, and (2) to
- 24 order the Clerk of the Court to expunge all records concerning
- 25 the petitioner regarding this incident.

1	
2	Petitioner (Signature)
3	
4	Petitioner's Street Address
5	
6	City, State, Zip Code
7	
8	Petitioner's Telephone Number
9	Pursuant to the penalties of perjury under the Code of Civil
10	Procedure, 735 ILCS 5/1-109, I hereby certify that the
11	statements in this petition are true and correct, or on
12	information and belief I believe the same to be true.
13	
14	Petitioner (Signature)
15	(3) The chief judge of the circuit in which an arrest was
16	made or a charge was brought or any judge of that circuit
17	designated by the chief judge may, upon verified petition of a
18	person who is the subject of an arrest or a juvenile court
19	proceeding under subsection (1) or (2) of this Section, order
20	the law enforcement records or official court file, or both, to
21	be expunged from the official records of the arresting
22	authority, the clerk of the circuit court and the Department of
23	State Police. The person whose records are to be expunded shall

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petition the court using the appropriate form containing his or her current address and shall promptly notify the clerk of the circuit court of any change of address. Notice of the petition shall be served upon the State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting the offense, the Department of State Police, and the arresting agency or agencies by the clerk of the circuit court. If an objection is filed within 45 days of the notice of the petition, the clerk of the circuit court shall set a date for hearing after the 45 day objection period. At the hearing the court shall hear evidence on whether the expungement should or should not be granted. Unless the State's Attorney or prosecutor, the Department of State Police, or an arresting agency objects to the expungement within 45 days of the notice, the court may enter an order granting expungement. The person whose records are to be expunded shall pay the clerk of the circuit court a fee equivalent to the cost associated with expungement of records by the clerk and the Department of State Police. The clerk shall forward a certified copy of the order to the Department of State Police, the appropriate portion of the fee to the Department of State Police for processing, and deliver a certified copy of the order to the arresting agency.

(3.1) The Notice of Expungement shall be in substantially the following form:

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS

26 JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

1	IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
2)
3)
4)
5	(Name of Petitioner)
6	NOTICE
7	TO: State's Attorney
8	TO: Arresting Agency
9	
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15	TO: Illinois State Police
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20	ATTENTION: Expungement
21	You are hereby notified that on, at, in courtroom
22	, located at, before the Honorable, Judge, or any
23	judge sitting in his/her stead, I shall then and there present
24	a Petition to Expunge Juvenile records in the above-entitled

1	matter, at which time and place you may appear.
2	
3	Petitioner's Signature
4	
5	Petitioner's Street Address
6	
7	City, State, Zip Code
8	
9	Petitioner's Telephone Number
10	PROOF OF SERVICE
11	On the day of, 20, I on oath state that I
12	served this notice and true and correct copies of the
13	above-checked documents by:
14	(Check One:)
15	delivering copies personally to each entity to whom they are
16	directed;
17	or
18	by mailing copies to each entity to whom they are directed by
19	depositing the same in the U.S. Mail, proper postage fully
20	prepaid, before the hour of 5:00 p.m., at the United States
21	Postal Depository located at
22	
23	
24	Signature
25	Clerk of the Circuit Court or Deputy Clerk
26	Printed Name of Delinquent Minor/Petitioner:

1	Address:
2	Telephone Number:
3	(3.2) The Order of Expungement shall be in substantially
4	the following form:
5	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
6	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
7	IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
8)
9)
10)
11	(Name of Petitioner)
12	DOB
13	Arresting Agency/Agencies
14	ORDER OF EXPUNGEMENT
15	(705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 3))
16	This matter having been heard on the petitioner's motion and
17	the court being fully advised in the premises does find that
18	the petitioner is indigent or has presented reasonable cause to
19	waive all costs in this matter, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:
20	() 1. Clerk of Court and Department of State Police costs
21	are hereby waived in this matter.
22	() 2. The Illinois State Police Bureau of Identification
23	and the following law enforcement agencies expunge all records
24	of petitioner relating to an arrest dated for the

1	offense of
2	Law Enforcement Agencies:
3	
4	
5	() 3. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk of the Circuit
6	Court expunge all records regarding the above-captioned case.
7	ENTER:
8	
9	JUDGE
10	DATED:
11	Name:
12	Attorney for:
13	Address: City/State/Zip:
14	Attorney Number:
15	(3.3) The Notice of Objection shall be in substantially the
16	following form:
17	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
18	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
19	IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
20)
21)
22)
23	(Name of Petitioner)

1	TO: (Attorney, Public Defender, Minor)
2	
3	
4	TO: (Illinois State Police)
5	
6	
7	TO: (Clerk of the Court)
8	
9	
10	TO: (Judge)
11	
12	
13	TO: (Arresting Agency/Agencies)
14	
15	
16	ATTENTION: You are hereby notified that an objection has been
17	filed by the following entity regarding the above-named minor's
18	petition for expungement of juvenile records:
19	() State's Attorney's Office;
20	() Prosecutor (other than State's Attorney's Office) charged
21	with the duty of prosecuting the offense sought to be expunged;
22	() Department of Illinois State Police; or
23	() Arresting Agency or Agencies.
24	The agency checked above respectfully requests that this case
25	be continued and set for hearing on whether the expungement
26	should or should not be granted.

1	DATED:
2	Name:
3	Attorney For:
4	Address:
5	City/State/Zip:
6	Telephone:
7	Attorney No.:
8	FOR USE BY CLERK OF THE COURT PERSONNEL ONLY
9	This matter has been set for hearing on the foregoing
10	objection, on in room, located at, before the
11	Honorable, Judge, or any judge sitting in his/her stead.
12	(Only one hearing shall be set, regardless of the number of
13	Notices of Objection received on the same case).
14	A copy of this completed Notice of Objection containing the
15	court date, time, and location, has been sent via regular U.S.
16	Mail to the following entities. (If more than one Notice of
17	Objection is received on the same case, each one must be
18	completed with the court date, time and location and mailed to
19	the following entities):
20	() Attorney, Public Defender or Minor;
21	() State's Attorney's Office;
22	() Prosecutor (other than State's Attorney's Office) charged
23	with the duty of prosecuting the offense sought to be expunged;
24	() Department of Illinois State Police; and
25	() Arresting agency or agencies.
26	Date:

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- 1 Initials of Clerk completing this section:
- 2 (4) Upon entry of an order expunging records or files, the offense, which the records or files concern shall be treated as 3 4 if it never occurred. Law enforcement officers and other public 5 offices and agencies shall properly reply on inquiry that no 6 record or file exists with respect to the person.
 - (5) Records which have not been expunded are sealed, and may be obtained only under the provisions of Sections 5-901, 5-905 and 5-915.
 - (6) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit the maintenance of information relating to an offense after records or files concerning the offense have been expunged if the information is kept in a manner that does not enable identification of the offender. This information may only be used for statistical and bona fide research purposes.
 - (6.5) The Department of State Police or any employee of the Department shall be immune from civil or criminal liability for failure to expunge any records of arrest that are subject to expungement under subsection (1.5) or (1.6) of this Section because of inability to verify a record or because an objection to the expungement of the record has been filed by any arresting agency, prosecutor charged with the prosecution of the minor, or the State's Attorney of the county that prosecuted the minor. Nothing in subsection (1.5) or (1.6) of this Section shall create Department of State Police liability or responsibility for the expungement of law enforcement

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records it does not possess.

- (7) (a) The State Appellate Defender shall establish, maintain, and carry out, by December 31, 2004, a juvenile expungement program to provide information and assistance to minors eligible to have their juvenile records expunged.
- (b) The State Appellate Defender shall develop brochures, pamphlets, and other materials in printed form and through the agency's World Wide Web site. The pamphlets and other materials shall include at a minimum the following information:
- 10 (i) An explanation of the State's juvenile expungement 11 process;
- 12 (ii) The circumstances under which juvenile 13 expungement may occur;
 - (iii) The juvenile offenses that may be expunded;
- 15 (iv) The steps necessary to initiate and complete the 16 juvenile expungement process; and
 - (v) Directions on how to contact the State Appellate Defender.
 - (c) The State Appellate Defender shall establish and maintain a statewide toll-free telephone number that a person may use to receive information or assistance concerning the expungement of juvenile records. The State Appellate Defender shall advertise the toll-free telephone number statewide. The State Appellate Defender shall develop an expungement information packet that may be sent to eligible persons seeking expungement of their juvenile records, which may include, but

- 1 is not limited to, a pre-printed expungement petition with
- 2 instructions on how to complete the petition and a pamphlet
- 3 containing information that would assist individuals through
- 4 the juvenile expungement process.
- 5 (d) The State Appellate Defender shall compile a statewide
- 6 list of volunteer attorneys willing to assist eligible
- 7 individuals through the juvenile expungement process.
- 8 (e) This Section shall be implemented from funds
- 9 appropriated by the General Assembly to the State Appellate
- 10 Defender for this purpose. The State Appellate Defender shall
- 11 employ the necessary staff and adopt the necessary rules for
- implementation of this Section.
- 13 (8) (a) Except with respect to law enforcement agencies, the
- 14 Department of Corrections, State's Attorneys, or other
- 15 prosecutors, an expunded juvenile record may not be considered
- 16 by any private or public entity in employment matters,
- 17 certification, licensing, revocation of certification or
- 18 licensure, or registration. Applications for employment must
- 19 contain specific language that states that the applicant is not
- 20 obligated to disclose expunged juvenile records of conviction
- or arrest. Employers may not ask if an applicant has had a
- 22 juvenile record expunded. Effective January 1, 2005, the
- 23 Department of Labor shall develop a link on the Department's
- 24 website to inform employers that employers may not ask if an
- 25 applicant had a juvenile record expunged and that application
- 26 for employment must contain specific language that states that

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- 1 the applicant is not obligated to disclose expunded juvenile records of arrest or conviction. 2
 - (b) A person whose juvenile records have been expunded is not entitled to remission of any fines, costs, or other money paid as a consequence of expungement. This amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly does not affect the right of the victim of a crime to prosecute or defend a civil action for damages.
 - (c) The expungement of juvenile records under Section 5-622 shall be funded by the additional fine imposed under Section 5-9-1.17 of the Unified Code of Corrections and additional appropriations made by the General Assembly for such purpose.
 - (9) The changes made to this Section by Public Act 98-61 this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly apply to law enforcement records of a minor who has been arrested or taken into custody on or after January 1, 2014 (the effective date of <u>Public Act 98-61</u>) this amendatory Act.
- (10) The changes made in subsection (1.5) of this Section 18 by this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly apply to 19 20 law enforcement records of a minor who has been arrested or taken into custody on or after January 1, 2015. The changes 21 22 made in subsection (1.6) of this Section by this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly apply to law enforcement records 23 24 of a minor who has been arrested or taken into custody before 25 January 1, 2015.
- (Source: P.A. 98-61, eff. 1-1-14; revised 3-27-14.)". 26