

HR1076 LRB098 20647 GRL 57250 r

HOUSE RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, Insurance protects the United States economy from the adverse effects of the risks inherent in economic growth and development while also providing the resources necessary to rebuild physical and economic infrastructure, offer indemnification for business disruption, and provide coverage for medical and liability costs from injuries and loss of life in the event of catastrophic losses to persons or property; and

WHEREAS, The terrorist attack of September 11, 2001 produced insured losses larger than any natural or man-made event in history; claims paid by insurers to their policyholders eventually totaled some \$32.5 billion, making this the second most costly insurance event in United States history; and

WHEREAS, The sheer enormity of the terrorist-induced loss, combined with the possibility of future attacks, produced financial shockwaves that shook insurance markets, causing insurers and reinsurers to exclude coverage arising from acts of terrorism from virtually all commercial property and liability policies; and

WHEREAS, The lack of terrorism risk insurance contributed to a paralysis in the economy, especially in construction,

1 tourism, business travel, and real estate finance; and

- 2 WHEREAS, The United States Congress originally passed the
- 3 Terrorism Risk Insurance Act of 2002, Pub. L. 107-297 (TRIA),
- 4 in which the federal government agreed to provide terrorism
- 5 reinsurance to insurers and reauthorized this arrangement via
- 6 the Terrorism Risk Insurance Extension Act of 2005, Pub. L.
- 7 109-144, and the Terrorism Risk Insurance Program
- 8 Reauthorization Act of 2007, Pub. L. 110-160 (TRIPRA); and
- 9 WHEREAS, Under TRIPRA, the federal government provides
- 10 such reinsurance after industry-wide losses attributable to
- annual certified terrorism events exceed \$100 million; and
- 12 WHEREAS, Coverage under TRIPRA is provided to an individual
- 13 insurer after the insurer has incurred losses related to
- 14 terrorism equal to 20% of the insurer's previous year earned
- premium for property-casualty lines; and
- 16 WHEREAS, After an individual insurer has reached such a
- threshold, the insurer pays 15% of residual losses and the
- 18 federal government pays the remaining 85%; and
- 19 WHEREAS, The Terrorism Risk Insurance Program has an annual
- 20 cap of \$100 billion of aggregate insured losses, beyond which
- 21 the federal program does not provide coverage; and

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- 1 WHEREAS, TRIPRA requires the federal government to recoup
- 2 100% of the benefits provided under the program via policy
- 3 holder surcharges to the extent the aggregate insured losses
- 4 are less than \$27.5 billion and enables the government to
- 5 recoup expenditures beyond that mandatory recoupment amount;
- 6 and
- 7 WHEREAS, Without question, TRIA and its successors are the
- 8 principal reason for the continued stability in the insurance
- 9 and reinsurance market for terrorism insurance to the benefit
- of our overall economy; and
- 11 WHEREAS, The presence of a robust private/public
- 12 partnership has provided stability and predictability and has
- 13 allowed insurers to actively participate in the market in a
- meaningful way; and
- WHEREAS, Without a program such as TRIPRA, many citizens
- 16 who want and need terrorism coverage to operate their
- businesses all across the nation would be either unable to get
- insurance or unable to afford the limited coverage that would
- 19 be available; and
- 20 WHEREAS, Without federally provided reinsurance, property
- 21 and casualty insurers will face less availability of terrorism

- 1 reinsurance and will therefore be severely restricted in their
- 2 ability to provide sufficient coverage for acts of terrorism to
- 3 support our economy; and
- WHEREAS, Unfortunately, despite the hard work and dedication of this nation's counterterrorism agencies and the bravery of the men and women in uniform who fought and continue to fight battles abroad to keep us safe here at home, the threat from terrorist attacks in the United States is both real and substantial and will remain as such for the foreseeable
- 10 future; therefore, be it
- RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE
 NINETY-EIGHTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that
 we urge Congress and the President of the United States to
 reauthorize the Terrorism Risk Insurance Program; and be it
 further
- RESOLVED, That suitable copies of this resolution be delivered to the President of the United States, the Speaker and Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, the President Pro Tempore and the Secretary of the United States Senate, and the members of the Illinois congressional delegation.