98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2013 and 2014

HB4641

by Rep. Wayne Rosenthal

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

30 ILCS	105/6z-18	from	Ch.	127,	par.	142z-18
30 ILCS	105/6z-20	from	Ch.	127,	par.	142z-20
35 ILCS	105/3-10					
35 ILCS	105/9	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.9
35 ILCS	110/3-10	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.33-10
35 ILCS	110/9	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.39
35 ILCS	115/3-10	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.103-10
35 ILCS	115/9	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.109
35 ILCS	120/2-10					
35 ILCS	120/3	from	Ch.	120,	par.	442

Amends the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Provides that the taxes on motor fuel and gasohol shall be imposed at the following rates: (1) 5.25% from July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015; (2) 4.25% from July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016; (3) 3.25% from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017; (4) 2.25% from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018; and (5) 1.25% on and after July 1, 2018. Makes changes concerning the distribution of proceeds. Amends the State Finance Act to make conforming changes. Effective immediately.

LRB098 17988 HLH 53113 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by changing
Sections 6z-18 and 6z-20 as follows:

6 (30 ILCS 105/6z-18) (from Ch. 127, par. 142z-18)

7 Sec. 6z-18. A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax Fund from sales of food for human consumption 8 9 which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has 10 been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 11 12 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and 13 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by 14 diabetics, which occurred in municipalities, shall be distributed to each municipality based upon the sales which 15 16 occurred in that municipality. The remainder shall be 17 distributed to each county based upon the sales which occurred in the unincorporated area of that county. 18

A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax Fund from the 6.25% general use tax rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by any agency of this State's government shall be

distributed to municipalities as provided in this paragraph. 1 2 Each municipality shall receive the amount attributable to sales for which Illinois addresses for titling or registration 3 purposes are given as being in such municipality. The remainder 4 5 of the money paid into the Local Government Tax Fund from such 6 sales shall be distributed to counties. Each county shall receive the amount attributable to sales for which Illinois 7 8 addresses for titling or registration purposes are given as 9 being located in the unincorporated area of such county.

10 A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax 11 Fund from the 6.25% general rate (and the applicable rate of 12 tax on motor fuel, gasohol, and , beginning July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, the 1.25% rate on motor fuel and 13 gasohol, and beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 14 2010, the 1.25% rate on sales tax holiday items) on sales 15 16 subject to taxation under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and 17 Service Occupation Tax Act, which the occurred in municipalities, shall be distributed to each municipality, 18 based upon the sales which occurred in that municipality. The 19 20 remainder shall be distributed to each county, based upon the sales which occurred in the unincorporated area of such county. 21

For the purpose of determining allocation to the local government unit, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other

1 mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the 2 purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is 3 exempt under the United States Constitution as a sale in 4 interstate or foreign commerce.

5 Whenever the Department determines that a refund of money 6 paid into the Local Government Tax Fund should be made to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department 7 8 shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order 9 to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named, 10 in such notification from the Department. Such refund shall be 11 paid by the State Treasurer out of the Local Government Tax 12 Fund.

13 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, 14 beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of the Department 15 of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred, and the 16 Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the 17 local sales tax increment, as defined in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected during the second 18 preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district 19 20 and deposited into the Local Government Tax Fund, less 3% of that amount, which shall be transferred into the Tax Compliance 21 22 and Administration Fund and shall be used by the Department, 23 subject to appropriation, to cover the costs of the Department 24 in administering the Innovation Development and Economy Act.

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the

Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the 1 2 disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities 3 and counties, the municipalities and counties to be those entitled to distribution of taxes or penalties paid to the 4 5 Department during the second preceding calendar month. The 6 amount to be paid to each municipality or county shall be the 7 amount (not including credit memoranda) collected during the 8 second preceding calendar month by the Department and paid into 9 the Local Government Tax Fund, plus an amount the Department 10 determines is necessary to offset any amounts which were 11 erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not including 12 an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, and not including 13 14 any amount which the Department determines is necessary to 15 offset any amounts which are payable to a different taxing body 16 but were erroneously paid to the municipality or county, and 17 not including any amounts that are transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund. Within 10 days after receipt, by the 18 19 Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to the 20 municipalities and counties, provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller 21 22 shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts 23 accordance with the directions contained in in such certification. 24

25 When certifying the amount of monthly disbursement to a 26 municipality or county under this Section, the Department shall

increase or decrease that amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the 6 months preceding the time a misallocation is discovered.

5 The provisions directing the distributions from the 6 special fund in the State Treasury provided for in this Section 7 shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing appropriation 8 of all amounts as provided herein. The State Treasurer and 9 State Comptroller are hereby authorized to make distributions 10 as provided in this Section.

11 In construing any development, redevelopment, annexation, 12 preannexation or other lawful agreement in effect prior to 13 September 1, 1990, which describes or refers to receipts from a county or municipal retailers' occupation tax, use tax or 14 15 service occupation tax which now cannot be imposed, such 16 description or reference shall be deemed to include the 17 replacement revenue for such abolished taxes, distributed from the Local Government Tax Fund. 18

As soon as possible after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, the State Comptroller shall order and the State Treasurer shall transfer \$6,600,000 from the Local Government Tax Fund to the Illinois State Medical Disciplinary Fund.

24 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-3, eff. 3-8-13.)

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(30 ILCS 105/6z-20) (from Ch. 127, par. 142z-20)

- 6 - LRB098 17988 HLH 53113 b

Sec. 6z-20. Of the money received from the 6.25% general 1 2 rate (and the applicable rate of tax on motor fuel, gasohol, and , beginning July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, the 3 1.25% rate on motor fuel and gasohol, and beginning on August 4 5 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, the 1.25% rate on sales tax 6 holiday items) on sales subject to taxation under the 7 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Service Occupation Tax Act and paid into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, 8 9 distribution to the Regional Transportation Authority tax 10 fund, created pursuant to Section 4.03 of the Regional 11 Transportation Authority Act, for deposit therein shall be made 12 based upon the retail sales occurring in a county having more 13 than 3,000,000 inhabitants. The remainder shall be distributed to each county having 3,000,000 or fewer inhabitants based upon 14 15 the retail sales occurring in each such county.

16 For the purpose of determining allocation to the local 17 government unit, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place 18 where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted 19 20 from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the 21 22 purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is 23 exempt under the United States Constitution as a sale in 24 interstate or foreign commerce.

25 Of the money received from the 6.25% general use tax rate 26 on tangible personal property which is purchased outside

Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or 1 2 registered by any agency of this State's government and paid 3 into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the amount for which Illinois addresses for titling or registration purposes 4 5 are given as being in each county having more than 3,000,000 6 distributed inhabitants shall be into the Regional 7 Transportation Authority tax fund, created pursuant to Section 8 4.03 the Regional Transportation Authority Act. of The 9 remainder of the money paid from such sales shall be 10 distributed to each county based on sales for which Illinois 11 addresses for titling or registration purposes are given as 12 being located in the county. Any money paid into the Regional 13 Transportation Authority Occupation and Use Tax Replacement 14 Fund from the County and Mass Transit District Fund prior to January 14, 1991, which has not been paid to the Authority 15 16 prior to that date, shall be transferred to the Regional 17 Transportation Authority tax fund.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund of money 18 19 paid into the County and Mass Transit District Fund should be 20 made to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause 21 22 the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the 23 person named, in such notification from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the County 24 25 and Mass Transit District Fund.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month,

beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of the Department 1 2 of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the 3 local sales tax increment, as defined in the Innovation 4 5 Development and Economy Act, collected during the second preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district 6 7 and deposited into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, 8 less 3% of that amount, which shall be transferred into the Tax 9 Compliance and Administration Fund and shall be used by the 10 Department, subject to appropriation, to cover the costs of the 11 Department in administering the Innovation Development and 12 Economy Act.

13 After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, 14 on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the 15 Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the 16 disbursement of stated sums of money to the Regional 17 Transportation Authority and to named counties, the counties to be those entitled to distribution, as hereinabove provided, of 18 19 taxes or penalties paid to the Department during the second 20 preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to the Regional Transportation Authority and each county having 3,000,000 or 21 22 fewer inhabitants shall be the amount (not including credit 23 memoranda) collected during the second preceding calendar 24 month by the Department and paid into the County and Mass 25 Transit District Fund, plus an amount the Department determines 26 is necessary to offset any amounts which were erroneously paid

to a different taxing body, and not including an amount equal 1 2 to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding 3 calendar month by the Department, and not including any amount which the Department determines is necessary to offset any 4 5 amounts which were payable to a different taxing body but were 6 erroneously paid to the Regional Transportation Authority or 7 county, and not including any amounts that are transferred to 8 the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund. Within 10 days after receipt, by 9 the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to the 10 Regional Transportation Authority and counties, provided for 11 in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the 12 Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn 13 for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in such certification. 14

15 When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to the 16 Regional Transportation Authority or to a county under this 17 Section, the Department shall increase or decrease that amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous 18 offset 19 disbursements. The amount shall be the amount 20 erroneously disbursed within the 6 months preceding the time a misallocation is discovered. 21

The provisions directing the distributions from the special fund in the State Treasury provided for in this Section and from the Regional Transportation Authority tax fund created by Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing appropriation

of all amounts as provided herein. The State Treasurer and
 State Comptroller are hereby authorized to make distributions
 as provided in this Section.

In construing any development, redevelopment, annexation, 4 5 preannexation or other lawful agreement in effect prior to September 1, 1990, which describes or refers to receipts from a 6 7 county or municipal retailers' occupation tax, use tax or 8 service occupation tax which now cannot be imposed, such 9 description or reference shall be deemed to include the 10 replacement revenue for such abolished taxes, distributed from 11 the County and Mass Transit District Fund or Local Government 12 Distributive Fund, as the case may be.

13 (Source: P.A. 96-939, eff. 6-24-10; 96-1012, eff. 7-7-10; 14 97-333, eff. 8-12-11.)

Section 10. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

17 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of the tangible personal property. In all cases where property functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling price of the property. In all cases where property functionally

used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been 1 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at 2 3 retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State 4 5 or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail. For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the 6 7 price at which property would change hands between a willing buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion 8 9 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the 10 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by 11 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that 12 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by 13 the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of like kind and character in Illinois. 14

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of

1 sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under 2 this Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, 3 then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the 4 proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

5 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax 6 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales 7 made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 8 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made 9 thereafter.

10 With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and 11 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies 12 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the 13 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, 14 15 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no 16 less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the 17 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 18 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time. 19

With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

With respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than

alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 1 2 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 3 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering 4 5 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 6 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of 7 this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" 8 9 means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic 10 drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to 11 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated 12 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any 13 14 closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, 15 16 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as 17 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable 18 19 juice.

20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 21 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic 22 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft 23 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk 24 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater 25 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

26 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other

provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 1 2 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 3 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 4 5 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 6 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 7 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 8 9 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 10 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 11 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

12 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 13 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 14 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 15 16 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 17 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 18 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 19 20 flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan

lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:

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(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

9 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a 10 list of those ingredients contained in the compound, 11 substance or preparation.

Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

Beginning on July 1, 2014 and through June 30, 2015, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 5.25%.

Beginning on July 1, 2015 and through June 30, 2016, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 4.25%.

25 <u>Beginning on July 1, 2016 and through June 30, 2017, with</u> 26 <u>respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor</u> HB4641 - 16 - LRB098 17988 HLH 53113 b

Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the 1 Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 3.25%. 2 Beginning on July 1, 2017 and through June 30, 2018, with 3 respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor 4 5 Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 2.25%. 6 Beginning on July 1, 2018, with respect to motor fuel, as 7 defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, 8 9 as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is

10 imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

18 (Source: P.A. 97-636, eff. 6-1-12; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)

19 (35 ILCS 105/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.9)

Sec. 9. Except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, each retailer required or authorized to collect the tax imposed by this Act shall pay to the Department the amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he is required to file his return for the period during

which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to 1 2 January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to 3 reimburse the retailer for expenses incurred in collecting the 4 5 tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. In the 6 7 case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such 8 9 discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead 10 of when such retailer files his periodic return. The Department 11 may disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of 12 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of 13 registration has become final. A retailer need not remit that 14 15 part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is 16 required to remit and does remit the tax imposed by the 17 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, with respect to the sale of the 18 same property.

Where such tangible personal property is sold under a 19 20 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is 21 22 extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is 23 filed, the retailer, in collecting the tax (except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required 24 25 to be registered with an agency of this State), may collect for 26 each tax return period, only the tax applicable to that part of

1 the selling price actually received during such tax return 2 period.

Except as provided in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such retailer shall file a return for the preceding calendar month. Such return shall be filed on forms prescribed by the Department and shall furnish such information as the Department may reasonably require.

8 The Department may require returns to be filed on a 9 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 10 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 11 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The 12 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 13 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 14 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

15

1. The name of the seller;

The address of the principal place of business from
 which he engages in the business of selling tangible
 personal property at retail in this State;

19 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him 20 during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible 21 personal property by him during such preceding calendar 22 month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but 23 less all deductions allowed by law;

4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of thisAct;

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5. The amount of tax due;

HB4641

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5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

Such other reasonable information as the Department
 may require.

If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 8 9 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 10 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 11 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 12 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 13 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 14 15 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 16 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 17 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 18 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 19 20 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 21 22 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 23 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the 24 25 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 26 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the

Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

12 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic 13 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 14 with the permission of the Department.

15 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds 16 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make 17 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments 18 in the manner authorized by the Department.

19 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 20 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 21 requirements of this Section.

Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department

each month by the 20th day of the month next following the 1 2 month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 3 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is 4 5 incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's 6 average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, 7 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act was \$20,000 or more during the 8 9 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return 10 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month 11 next following the month during which such tax liability is 12 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before 13 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax 14 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each 15 16 payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's 17 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability 18 19 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete 20 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the 21 22 month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or 23 after January 1, 1985, and prior to January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 24 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's 25 26 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If

HB4641

the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on 1 2 or after January 1, 1987, and prior to January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 3 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 4 5 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If 6 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or 7 begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 8 9 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 10 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 11 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which 12 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 13 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 14 15 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 16 calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's 17 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited 18 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for 19 20 that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the 21 22 Department shall continue until such taxpayer's average 23 monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest 24 25 liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than 26 \$9,000, or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to

the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 1 2 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than 3 \$10,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred 4 5 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future 6 7 will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such 8 taxpayer may petition the Department for change in such 9 taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once 10 applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly 11 payments to the Department shall continue until such taxpayer's 12 average monthly liability to the Department during the 13 preceding 4 complete calendar guarters (excluding the month of 14 highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less 15 than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability 16 to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 17 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a 18 19 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred 20 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future 21 22 will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such 23 taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department shall change such 24 25 taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is 26 seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such

quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the 1 2 amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the 3 minimum amount due and the amount of such quarter monthly 4 5 payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the 6 taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as 7 8 provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable 9 rules and regulations to govern the guarter monthly payment 10 amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file 11 on other than a calendar monthly basis.

HB4641

12 If any such payment provided for in this Section exceeds 13 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Retailers' 14 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the 15 Service Use Tax Act, as shown by an original monthly return, 16 the Department shall issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum 17 no later than 30 days after the date of payment, which memorandum may be submitted by the taxpayer to the Department 18 in payment of tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the 19 20 taxpayer to the Department or be assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax 21 22 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, 23 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be 24 prescribed by the Department, except that if such excess 25 payment is shown on an original monthly return and is made after December 31, 1986, no credit memorandum shall be issued, 26

unless requested by the taxpayer. If no such request is made, 1 the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax 2 liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the 3 Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 4 5 the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in 6 accordance with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by 7 the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that 8 all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the 9 taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% or 1.75% vendor's discount shall 10 be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the 11 credit taken and that actually due, and the taxpayer shall be 12 liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

HB4641

13 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly 14 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 15 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 16 17 with the return for January, February, and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for 18 April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such 19 year; with the return for July, August and September of a given 20 year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return 21 22 for October, November and December of a given year being due by 23 January 20 of the following year.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department 1 may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with 2 the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the 3 following year.

4 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 5 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly 6 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

14 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, 15 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with 16 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of 17 tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a 18 separate return for each such item of tangible personal 19 20 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor 21 22 vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 23 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, 24 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer retailer for the purpose 25 of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor 26 vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft,

watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as 1 2 a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 3-55 of this 3 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all the aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in 4 5 that transaction to the Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of 6 this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 7 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration 8 9 and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped 10 with an inboard motor.

11 The transaction reporting return in the case of motor 12 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform 13 Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle 14 15 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name 16 and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price 17 including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the 18 19 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value 20 21 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such 22 trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of 23 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the 24 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on 25 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not 26 due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the

1 fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient 2 identification of the property sold; such other information as 3 is required in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and 4 such other information as the Department may reasonably 5 require.

The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft 6 7 and aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the 8 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling 9 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for 10 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer 11 for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the 12 extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after 13 14 deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; 15 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such 16 transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by 17 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is 18 19 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a 20 sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other 21 information as the Department may reasonably require.

Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later than 20 days after the date of delivery of the item that is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the tax

that is imposed by this Act may be transmitted to the 1 2 Department by way of the State agency with which, or State 3 officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if titling or registration is required) 4 5 if the Department and such agency or State officer determine 6 procedure will that this expedite the processing of 7 applications for title or registration.

8 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer 9 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit 10 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is 11 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the 12 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a tax receipt 13 (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied 14 that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser 15 may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with 16 whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property 17 that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in support of such purchaser's application for an 18 Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such 19 20 tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The

Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the
 mandate of this paragraph.

If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer 3 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of 4 5 tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not 6 7 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact 8 of such delay by the retailer, and may (upon the Department 9 being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit 10 the information required by the transaction reporting return 11 and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to 12 Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption the 13 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return 14 and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be 15 credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account 16 with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount 17 provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the 18 same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted 19 20 if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

21 Where a retailer collects the tax with respect to the 22 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and 23 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal 24 property and the retailer refunds the selling price thereof to 25 the purchaser, such retailer shall also refund, to the 26 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing

his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the 1 2 purchaser, the retailer may deduct the amount of the tax so 3 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other use tax which such retailer may be required to pay or remit to the 4 5 Department, as shown by such return, if the amount of the tax to be deducted was previously remitted to the Department by 6 7 such retailer. If the retailer has not previously remitted the 8 amount of such tax to the Department, he is entitled to no 9 deduction under this Act upon refunding such tax to the 10 purchaser.

11 Any retailer filing a return under this Section shall also 12 include (for the purpose of paying tax thereon) the total tax covered by such return upon the selling price of tangible 13 14 personal property purchased by him at retail from a retailer, 15 but as to which the tax imposed by this Act was not collected 16 from the retailer filing such return, and such retailer shall 17 remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such 18 return.

19 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the 20 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint 21 return which will enable retailers, who are required to file 22 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 23 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both 24 Acts on the one form.

25 Where the retailer has more than one business registered 26 with the Department under separate registration under this Act,

such retailer may not file each return that is due as a single
 return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file
 separate returns for each such registered business.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 4 5 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created, the net 6 7 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on 8 sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off 9 the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, 10 soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate 11 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 12 drugs, medical insulin, urine appliances and testing 13 materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury, 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property, other than tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail

1 from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency 2 of this State's government.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 3 4 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the 5 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% 6 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning 7 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue 8 9 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 10 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

Beginning August 1, 2014 and through July 31, 2015, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 24% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 5.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning August 1, 2015 and through July 31, 2016, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 29% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 4.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

21 <u>Beginning August 1, 2016 and through July 31, 2017, each</u> 22 <u>month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales</u> 23 <u>Tax Reform Fund 39% of the net revenue realized for the</u> 24 <u>preceding month from the 3.25% rate on the selling price of</u> 25 <u>motor fuel and gasohol.</u>

26 Beginning August 1, 2017 and through July 31, 2018, each

HB4641

1 month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales
2 Tax Reform Fund 56% of the net revenue realized for the
3 preceding month from the 2.25% rate on the selling price of
4 motor fuel and gasohol.

5 Beginning August 1, 2018, each month the Department shall 6 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the 7 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% 8 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

9 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 10 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue 11 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on 12 the selling price of tangible personal property which is 13 purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which 14 is titled or registered by an agency of this State's 15 government.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that <u>are is</u> now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total payment into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund under this Act and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.

6 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay 7 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service 8 9 Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an 10 amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground 11 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually 12 by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total 13 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, 14 the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and 15 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 16 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the 17 "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and 18 19 the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding 20 payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case

may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 1 2 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax 3 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the 4 5 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 6 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act 7 8 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois 9 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be 10 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 11 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the 12 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to 13 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last 14 15 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount 16 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account 17 in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from 18 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less 19 20 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build 21 22 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department 23 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no 24 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso 25 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund 26 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of

the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual 1 2 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, 3 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the 4 5 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing 6 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois 7 is sufficient, taking into account any future Bond Act 8 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such 9 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the 10 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 11 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be 12 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect 13 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 14 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are 15 16 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 17 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 18 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from 19 20 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 21 22 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 23 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; 24 25 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois 26 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be

deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

8 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 9 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment 10 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 11 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 12 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority 13 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 14 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 15 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of 16 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 17 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place 18 19 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

Total Deposit	Fiscal Year	20
\$0	1993	21
53,000,000	1994	22
58,000,000	1995	23
61,000,000	1996	24
64,000,000	1997	25
68,000,000	1998	26

	HB4641		- 39 -	LRB098 17988	HLH 53113 b
1		1999			71,000,000
2		2000			75,000,000
3		2001			80,000,000
4		2002			93,000,000
5		2003			99,000,000
6		2004			103,000,000
7		2005			108,000,000
8		2006			113,000,000
9		2007			119,000,000
10		2008			126,000,000
11		2009			132,000,000
12		2010			139,000,000
13		2011			146,000,000
14		2012			153,000,000
15		2013			161,000,000
16		2014			170,000,000
17		2015			179,000,000
18		2016			189,000,000
19		2017			199,000,000
20		2018			210,000,000
21		2019			221,000,000
22		2020			233,000,000
23		2021			246,000,000
24		2022			260,000,000
25		2023			275,000,000
26		2024			275,000,000

	HB4641	- 40 -	LRB098 17	988 HLH 53113 b
1	2025			275,000,000
2	2026			279,000,000
3	2027			292,000,000
4	2028			307,000,000
5	2029			322,000,000
6	2030			338,000,000
7	2031			350,000,000
8	2032			350,000,000
9	and			
10	each fiscal	year		
11	thereafter the	at bonds		
12	are outstandin	ng under		
13	Section 13.2	of the		
14	Metropolitan 1	Pier and		
15	Exposition Author	ority Act,		
16	but not after fisca	al year 2060.		
17	Beginning July 20) 1993 and in	each month	of each fiscal

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 17 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 18 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 19 20 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 21 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 22 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 23 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 24 25 required under this Section for previous months and years, 26 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project

Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 4 5 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 6 7 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 8 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 9 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 10 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 11 price of tangible personal property.

12 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 13 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 14 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 15 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 16 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year 17 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 18 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 19 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 20 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 21 22 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 23 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. 24

25 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 26 pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State

1 Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and 2 used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of 3 the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in 4 accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

12 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 13 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 14 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 15 overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

23 (Source: P.A. 97-95, eff. 7-12-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-24, 24 eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; 25 revised 9-9-13.)

Section 15. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing
 Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

3 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

HB4641

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

14 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the 15 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price 16 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% 17 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to 18 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 19 December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the selling price 20 21 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 22 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 23 24 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time. 25 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

6 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 7 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 8 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price 9 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 10 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and 11 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, 12 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less 13 14 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 15 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of 16 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% 17 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

At the election of any registered serviceman made for each fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual

cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an 1 2 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 3 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate 4 5 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax 6 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 7 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of those services. 8

9 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared 10 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of 11 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act 12 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the 13 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the 14 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the 15 16 rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic 17 beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for 18 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this 19 20 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for 21 22 the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and 23 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section, 24 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any 25 26 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether

carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, 1 2 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever 3 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed 4 5 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but 6 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the 7 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks 8 9 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

16 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 17 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 18 19 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 20 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 21 22 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 23 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 24 25 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 26 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,

1 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

2 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 3 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 4 5 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 6 7 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 8 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 9 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 10 flour or requires refrigeration.

11 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 12 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 13 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 14 15 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 16 17 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 18 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 19 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 20 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug 21 22 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 23 label includes:

24

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,

HB4641

1 substance or preparation.

Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public 2 3 Act 98-122) this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, 4 "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" 5 includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered 6 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical 7 Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

8 Beginning on July 1, 2014 and through June 30, 2015, with 9 respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor 10 Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the 11 Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 5.25%.

Beginning on July 1, 2015 and through June 30, 2016, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 4.25%.

Beginning on July 1, 2016 and through June 30, 2017, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 3.25%.

Beginning on July 1, 2017 and through June 30, 2018, with
 respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor
 Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the
 Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 2.25%.

24 <u>Beginning on July 1, 2018, with respect to motor fuel, as</u> 25 <u>defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol,</u> 26 <u>as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is</u> 1 imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

9 (Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-636, 10 eff. 6-1-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; revised 11 8-9-13.)

12 (35 ILCS 110/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.39)

Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect 13 14 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount 15 of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he 16 is required to file his return for the period during which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 17 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar 18 year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the 19 20 serviceman for expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping 21 records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and 22 supplying data to the Department on request. The Department may disallow the discount for servicemen whose certificate of 23 24 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but 25 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of

registration has become final. A serviceman need not remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is required to pay and does pay the tax imposed by the Service Occupation Tax Act with respect to his sale of service involving the incidental transfer by him of the same property.

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable Rules and Regulations to be promulgated by the Department. Such return shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such information as the Department may reasonably require.

13 The Department may require returns to be filed on a 14 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 15 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 16 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The 17 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 18 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 19 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

20

1. The name of the seller;

21 2. The address of the principal place of business from
22 which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
during the preceding calendar month, including receipts
from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed
by law;

4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
 Act;

3 4 5. The amount of tax due;

5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

5 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department6 may require.

7 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 8 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 9 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 10 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

11 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 12 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 13 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 14 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make 15 16 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 17 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 18 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 19 20 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 21 22 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 23 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 24 25 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 26 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year.

The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the 1 2 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 3 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 4 5 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of 6 7 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 8 9 funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

25 If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly 26 return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to

the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 1 2 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 3 with the return for January, February and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, 4 5 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; 6 with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 7 8 October, November and December of a given year being due by 9 January 20 of the following year.

10 If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly 11 or quarterly return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax 12 liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department 13 may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with 14 the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the 15 following year.

16 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 17 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly 18 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

26 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the

selling price of property which he sells and the purchaser 1 2 thereafter returns such property and the serviceman refunds the 3 selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the 4 5 purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct 6 7 the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from 8 any other Service Use Tax, Service Occupation Tax, retailers' 9 occupation tax or use tax which such serviceman may be required 10 to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, 11 provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted shall 12 previously have been remitted to the Department by such 13 serviceman. If the serviceman shall not previously have 14 remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be 15 entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to 16 the purchaser.

Any serviceman filing a return hereunder shall also include the total tax upon the selling price of tangible personal property purchased for use by him as an incident to a sale of service, and such serviceman shall remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such return.

If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file returns hereunder and also under the Service Occupation Tax Act, to furnish all the return information required by both

1 Acts on the one form.

Where the serviceman has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registration hereunder, such serviceman shall not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

7 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 8 pay into the State and Local Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in 9 the State Treasury, the net revenue realized for the preceding 10 month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption 11 which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold 12 (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has 13 been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and 14 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by 15 16 diabetics.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on transfers of tangible personal property, other than tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%

1 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning August 1, 2014 and through July 31, 2015, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 24% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 5.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

7 Beginning August 1, 2015 and through July 31, 2016, each 8 month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales 9 Tax Reform Fund 29% of the net revenue realized for the 10 preceding month from the 4.25% rate on the selling price of 11 motor fuel and gasohol.

12 <u>Beginning August 1, 2016 and through July 31, 2017, each</u> 13 <u>month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales</u> 14 <u>Tax Reform Fund 39% of the net revenue realized for the</u> 15 <u>preceding month from the 3.25% rate on the selling price of</u> 16 motor fuel and gasohol.

17 <u>Beginning August 1, 2017 and through July 31, 2018, each</u> 18 <u>month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales</u> 19 <u>Tax Reform Fund 56% of the net revenue realized for the</u> 20 <u>preceding month from the 2.25% rate on the selling price of</u> 21 motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning August 1, 2018, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

26 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall

pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that <u>are is</u> now taxed at 6.25%.

7 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay 8 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds 9 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service 10 Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an 11 amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground 12 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total 13 14 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, 15 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the 16 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in 17 any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the 18 19 average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average 20 monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments 21 made pursuant to this paragraph.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal

year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 1 2 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 3 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax 4 5 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called 6 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 7 8 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act 9 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois 10 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be 11 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 12 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois 13 14 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last 15 16 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount 17 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount 18 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from 19 20 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to 21 22 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build 23 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no 24 25 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso 26 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund

pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of 1 2 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, 3 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under 4 5 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing 6 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois 7 is sufficient, taking into account any future 8 Bond Act 9 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such 10 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the 11 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 12 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be 13 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect 14 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 15 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are 16 17 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond 18 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 19 20 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 21 22 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 23 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the 24 25 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; 26 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois

Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be 1 2 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the 3 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the 4 5 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department 6 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the 7 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act. 8

9 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 10 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment 11 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 12 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 13 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority 14 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 15 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 16 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of 17 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the 18 19 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place 20 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

Total		21
Deposit	Fiscal Year	
\$0	1993	22
53,000,000	1994	23
58,000,000	1995	24
61,000,000	1996	25

	HB4641		- 61 -	LRB098 17988 HLH 53113 b
1		1997		64,000,000
2		1998		68,000,000
3		1999		71,000,000
4		2000		75,000,000
5		2001		80,000,000
6		2002		93,000,000
7		2003		99,000,000
8		2004		103,000,000
9		2005		108,000,000
10		2006		113,000,000
11		2007		119,000,000
12		2008		126,000,000
13		2009		132,000,000
14		2010		139,000,000
15		2011		146,000,000
16		2012		153,000,000
17		2013		161,000,000
18		2014		170,000,000
19		2015		179,000,000
20		2016		189,000,000
21		2017		199,000,000
22		2018		210,000,000
23		2019		221,000,000
24		2020		233,000,000
25		2021		246,000,000
26		2022		260,000,000

	HB4641	- 62 -	LRB098 17988 HLH 53113 b
1	2023		275,000,000
2	2024		275,000,000
3	2025		275,000,000
4	2026		279,000,000
5	2027		292,000,000
6	2028		307,000,000
7	2029		322,000,000
8	2030		338,000,000
9	2031		350,000,000
10	2032		350,000,000
11	and		
12	each fiscal yea	r	
13	thereafter that bo	onds	
14	are outstanding ur	nder	
15	Section 13.2 of t	che	
16	Metropolitan Pier	and	
17	Exposition Authority	y Act,	
18	but not after fiscal ye	ear 2060.	

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 19 20 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 21 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 22 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 23 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 24 25 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 26 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", has been deposited.

6 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 7 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 8 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 9 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 10 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 11 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 12 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 13 price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 14 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 15 16 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 17 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year 18 19 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy 20 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 21 22 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 23 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 24 25 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. 26

- 64 - LRB098 17988 HLH 53113 b

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability.

19 (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13;
20 98-298, eff. 8-9-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; revised 9-9-13.)

21 Section 20. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by 22 changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

23 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)
 24 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this

Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of 1 2 the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use 3 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be 4 5 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible personal property transferred. The selling price of each item 6 7 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on 8 9 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the 10 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the 11 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the 12 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When, 13 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce 14 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the 15 16 tangible personal property transferred incident to the 17 completion of the contract.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an

incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the cost price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

7 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined 8 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply 9 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to 10 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 11 December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price 12 thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 13 14 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 15 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price 16 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and 17 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, 18 19 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of 20 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 21 22 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of 23 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time. 24

25 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax 26 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with

1 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax 2 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the 3 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the 4 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 5 December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price 6 thereafter.

7 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each 8 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual 9 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an 10 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 11 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or 12 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate 13 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 14 15 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to 16 the sale of those services.

17 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of 18 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act 19 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the 20 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the 21 22 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the 23 rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed 24 25 off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic 26 beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for

immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this 1 2 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 3 drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and 4 5 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by 6 diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section, 7 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any 8 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether 9 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, 10 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all 11 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever 12 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft 13 14 drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, 15 infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 16 17 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

24 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 25 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 26 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all

food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 1 2 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 3 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 4 5 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 6 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 7 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 8 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 9 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

10 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 11 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 12 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 13 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 14 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 15 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 16 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 17 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration. 18

19 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 20 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 21 22 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 23 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 24 25 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 26 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the

definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:

6

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

7 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
8 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
9 substance or preparation.

Beginning on <u>January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public</u> <u>Act 98-122)</u> this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

Beginning on July 1, 2014 and through June 30, 2015, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 5.25%.

Beginning on July 1, 2015 and through June 30, 2016, with
 respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor
 Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the
 Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 4.25%.

24 Beginning on July 1, 2016 and through June 30, 2017, with 25 respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor 26 Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the

1	Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 3.25%.
2	Beginning on July 1, 2017 and through June 30, 2018, with
3	respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor
4	Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the
5	Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 2.25%.
6	Beginning on July 1, 2018, with respect to motor fuel, as
7	defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol,
8	as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is
9	imposed at the rate of 1.25%.
10	(Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-636,
11	eff. 6-1-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; revised

12 8-9-13.)

HB4641

13 (35 ILCS 115/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.109)

14 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect 15 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount 16 of such tax at the time when he is required to file his return 17 for the period during which such tax was collectible, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and 18 19 after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is 20 greater, which is allowed to reimburse the serviceman for 21 expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, 22 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. The Department may disallow 23 24 the discount for servicemen whose certificate of registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the 25

Department's decision to revoke the certificate of
 registration has become final.

Where such tangible personal property is sold under a 3 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale 4 5 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is 6 extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is filed, the serviceman, in collecting the tax may collect, for 7 8 each tax return period, only the tax applicable to the part of 9 the selling price actually received during such tax return 10 period.

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be promulgated by the Department of Revenue. Such return shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such information as the Department may reasonably require.

18 The Department may require returns to be filed on a 19 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 20 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 21 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The 22 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 23 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 24 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

25 26 1. The name of the seller;

2. The address of the principal place of business from

which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;
3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
during the preceding calendar month, including receipts
from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed
by law;

6 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this7 Act;

8

9

5. The amount of tax due;

5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

Such other reasonable information as the Department
 may require.

12 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 13 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 14 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 15 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 16 17 2004 a serviceman may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Service Use 18 Tax as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act if 19 the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as 20 required by Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act. A 21 22 Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted prior 23 to October 1, 2003 or on or after September 1, 2004 by a serviceman as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax 24 Act, may be used by that serviceman to satisfy Service 25 26 Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the

certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to 1 2 tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under 3 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to 4 5 September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's Purchase 6 Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1, 2004. 7 No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September 8 9 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax liability 10 imposed under this Act, including any audit liability.

11 If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the 12 Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize 13 his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the 14 return for January, February and March of a given year being 15 due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May 16 and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with 17 the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 18 October, November and December of a given year being due by 19 20 January 20 of the following year.

If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

25 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 26 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly HB4641

1 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

9 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 10 11 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 12 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 13 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 14 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 15 16 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 17 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has 18 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 19 20 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the 21 22 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 23 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. 24 25 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 26

State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer.

8 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the 9 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments 10 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make 11 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments 12 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

13 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic 14 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 15 with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

23 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the 24 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and 25 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal 26 property and the serviceman refunds the selling price thereof

to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the 1 2 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing 3 his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so 4 5 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service Occupation Tax, Service Use Tax, Retailers' Occupation Tax or 6 7 Use Tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit 8 to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the 9 amount of the tax to be deducted shall previously have been 10 remitted to the Department by such serviceman. Ιf the 11 serviceman shall not previously have remitted the amount of 12 such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no 13 deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

14 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the 15 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint 16 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file 17 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 18 Act, the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, to furnish all 19 the return information required by all said Acts on the one 20 form.

21 Where the serviceman has more than one business registered 22 with the Department under separate registrations hereunder, 23 such serviceman shall file separate returns for each registered 24 business.

25 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 26 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund the revenue realized for

the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.

8 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 9 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the 10 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general 11 rate.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning August 1, 2014 and through July 31, 2015, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4.8% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 5.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

21 Beginning August 1, 2014 and through July 31, 2015, each 22 month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax 23 Fund 19.2% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month 24 from the 5.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and 25 gasohol.

26 Beginning August 1, 2015 and through July 31, 2016, each

month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit 1 2 District Fund 5.8% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 4.25% rate on the selling price of 3 4 motor fuel and gasohol. 5 Beginning August 1, 2015 and through July 31, 2016, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax 6 7 Fund 23.2% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 4.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and 8 9 gasohol. Beginning August 1, 2016 and through July 31, 2017, each 10 11 month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit 12 District Fund 7.8% of the net revenue realized for the 13 preceding month from the 3.25% rate on the selling price of 14 motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning August 1, 2016 and through July 31, 2017, each 15 16 month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax 17 Fund 31.2% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 3.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and 18 19 gasohol. 20 Beginning August 1, 2017 and through July 31, 2018, each 21 month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit 22 District Fund 11.2% of the net revenue realized for the 23 preceding month from the 2.25% rate on the selling price of 24 motor fuel and gasohol. 25 Beginning August 1, 2017 and through July 31, 2018, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax 26

Fund 44.8% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month
from the 2.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and
gasohol.

Beginning August 1, 2018, each month the Department shall
pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the
net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

8 <u>Beginning August 1, 2018, each month the Department shall</u> 9 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue 10 <u>realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the</u> 11 <u>selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.</u>

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on transfers of tangible personal property.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that <u>are is</u> now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay 1 2 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds 3 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to 4 5 the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank 6 Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the 7 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total 8 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, 9 the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers' 10 Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State 11 fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly 12 deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly 13 revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made 14 15 pursuant to this paragraph.

16 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 17 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on 18 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the 19 20 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 21 22 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 23 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax 24 25 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the 26 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called

HB4641

the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 1 2 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois 3 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be 4 5 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the 6 7 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois 8 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to 9 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last 10 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount 11 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Account in the 12 Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount 13 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less 14 15 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to 16 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build 17 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no 18 19 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund 20 21 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of 22 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual 23 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under 24 25 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the 26 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing

Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois 1 2 is sufficient, taking into account any future Bond Act investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such 3 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the 4 5 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 6 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be 7 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect 8 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 9 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on 10 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are 11 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 12 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond 13 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from 14 15 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 16 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 17 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the 18 19 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; 20 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois 21 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be 22 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the 23 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the 24 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department 25 26 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the

Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge
 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

3 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment 4 5 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 6 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 7 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority 8 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 9 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 10 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of 11 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 12 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the 13 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years. 14

15

Total

	Fiscal Year	Deposit
16	1993	\$0
17	1994	53,000,000
18	1995	58,000,000
19	1996	61,000,000
20	1997	64,000,000
21	1998	68,000,000
22	1999	71,000,000
23	2000	75,000,000
24	2001	80,000,000
25	2002	93,000,000

	HB4641		- 85 -	LRB098 17988	HLH 53113 b
1		2003			99,000,000
2		2004			103,000,000
3		2005			108,000,000
4		2006			113,000,000
5		2007			119,000,000
6		2008			126,000,000
7		2009			132,000,000
8		2010			139,000,000
9		2011			146,000,000
10		2012			153,000,000
11		2013			161,000,000
12		2014			170,000,000
13		2015			179,000,000
14		2016			189,000,000
15		2017			199,000,000
16		2018			210,000,000
17		2019			221,000,000
18		2020			233,000,000
19		2021			246,000,000
20		2022			260,000,000
21		2023			275,000,000
22		2024			275,000,000
23		2025			275,000,000
24		2026			279,000,000
25		2027			292,000,000
26		2028			307,000,000

1	2029	322,000,000
2	2030	338,000,000
3	2031	350,000,000
4	2032	350,000,000
5	and	
6	each fiscal year	
7	thereafter that bonds	
8	are outstanding under	
9	Section 13.2 of the	

10 Metropolitan Pier and

11 Exposition Authority Act,

12 but not after fiscal year 2060.

13 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 14 15 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 16 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 17 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 18 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 19 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 20 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 21 required under this Section for previous months and years, 22 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 23 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but 24 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 25 has been deposited.

26

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund

and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 8 9 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 10 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 11 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 12 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year 13 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 14 15 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 16 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 17 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 18 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 19 20 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance

- 88 - LRB098 17988 HLH 53113 b

HB4641

1 Act.

2 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a 3 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not 4 5 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual information return for the tax year specified in the notice. 6 Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement 7 8 of gross receipts as shown by the taxpayer's last Federal 9 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as 10 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the 11 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the 12 same period, the taxpayer shall attach to his annual return a 13 schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the 14 reasons for the difference. The taxpayer's annual return to the 15 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the 16 taxpayer during the year covered by such return, opening and 17 closing inventories of such goods for such year, cost of goods used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the 18 19 taxpayer during such year, pay roll information of the 20 taxpayer's business during such year and any additional reasonable information which the Department deems would be 21 22 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly 23 or annual returns filed by such taxpayer as hereinbefore provided for in this Section. 24

If the annual information return required by this Section is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable - 89 - LRB098 17988 HLH 53113 b

HB4641

1 as follows:

(i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable
for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such
taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by
the annual return for each month or fraction of a month
until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be
assessed and collected in the same manner as any other
penalty provided for in this Act.

9 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall 10 be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the 11 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

12 The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the 13 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who 14 15 willfully signs the annual return containing false or 16 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished 17 accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the Department shall include a warning that the person signing the 18 19 return may be liable for perjury.

The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the filing of an annual information return shall not apply to a serviceman who is not required to file an income tax return with the United States Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

5 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 6 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 7 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 8 overpayment of liability.

9 For greater simplicity of administration, it shall be 10 permissible for manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose 11 products are sold by numerous servicemen in Illinois, and who 12 wish to do so, to assume the responsibility for accounting and 13 paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the servicemen who are affected do 14 15 not make written objection to the Department to this 16 arrangement.

17 (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13;
18 98-298, eff. 8-9-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; revised 9-9-13.)

Section 25. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 2-10 and 3 as follows:

21 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in

1 the course of business.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with
respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of
this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

9 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory 10 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel 11 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a 12 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that 13 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has 14 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and 15 gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump 16 17 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4 18 19 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to 20 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty 21 22 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each 23 retail premises where a violation occurs.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1,

1 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July
2 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of
3 the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time,
4 however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined
5 in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the
6 tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of
7 sales of gasohol made during that time.

8 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined 9 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply 10 to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or 11 before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of 12 sales made thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 13 14 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 15 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of 16 sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 17 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 18 19 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with 20 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 21 22 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less 23 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed

by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

With respect to food for human consumption that is to be 4 5 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 6 7 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 8 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, 9 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering 10 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing 11 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 12 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" 13 14 means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to 15 16 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated 17 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any 18 19 closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless 20 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as 21 22 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, 23 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable 24 juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic

beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

5 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 6 7 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 8 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 9 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 10 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 11 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 12 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 13 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 14 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 15 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 16 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

17 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 18 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 19 20 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 21 22 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 23 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 24 25 flour or requires refrigeration.

26 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,

beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 1 2 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 3 4 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 5 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 6 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 7 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 8 9 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 10 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug 11 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 12 label includes:

13

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
substance or preparation.

Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

Beginning on July 1, 2014 and through June 30, 2015, with
respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor
Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the
Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 5.25%.
Beginning on July 1, 2015 and through June 30, 2016, with

respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor
 Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the
 Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 4.25%.

Beginning on July 1, 2016 and through June 30, 2017, with
respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor
Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the
Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 3.25%.

Beginning on July 1, 2017 and through June 30, 2018, with
respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor
Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the
Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 2.25%.

Beginning on July 1, 2018, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

16 (Source: P.A. 97-636, eff. 6-1-12; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)

17 (35 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 442)

Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a return with the Department, stating:

23

1. The name of the seller;

24 2. His residence address and the address of his25 principal place of business and the address of the

HB4641

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principal place of business (if that is a different address) from which he engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State;

3. Total amount of receipts received by him during the
preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may be,
from sales of tangible personal property, and from services
furnished, by him during such preceding calendar month or
quarter;

9 4. Total amount received by him during the preceding 10 calendar month or quarter on charge and time sales of 11 tangible personal property, and from services furnished, 12 by him prior to the month or quarter for which the return 13 is filed;

14

5. Deductions allowed by law;

6. Gross receipts which were received by him during the
preceding calendar month or quarter and upon the basis of
which the tax is imposed;

18 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this19 Act;

20

8. The amount of tax due;

21

9. The signature of the taxpayer; and

22 10. Such other reasonable information as the23 Department may require.

If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 1 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

HB4641

Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is claimed.

5 Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 6 2004 a retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as 7 provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser 8 9 provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 10 11 certification, accepted by a retailer prior to October 1, 2003 12 and on and after September 1, 2004 as provided in Section 3-85 13 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to satisfy Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in 14 15 the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject 16 to tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase 17 Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to 18 disallowed. 19 September 1, 2004 shall be Manufacturer's 20 Purchaser Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to 21 22 September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be 23 used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax liability imposed under this Act, including any 24 25 audit liability.

26

The Department may require returns to be filed on a

quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

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1. The name of the seller;

8 2. The address of the principal place of business from 9 which he engages in the business of selling tangible 10 personal property at retail in this State;

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible personal property by him during such preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;

4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
 Act;

18

5. The amount of tax due; and

Such other reasonable information as the Department
 may require.

Beginning on October 1, 2003, any person who is not a licensed distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer, as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, but is engaged in the business of selling, at retail, alcoholic liquor shall file a statement with the Department of Revenue, in a format and at a time prescribed by the Department, showing the total amount

paid for alcoholic liquor purchased during the preceding month 1 2 and such other information as is reasonably required by the 3 Department. The Department may adopt rules to require that this statement be filed in an electronic or telephonic format. Such 4 5 rules may provide for exceptions from the filing requirements of this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term 6 "alcoholic liquor" shall have the meaning prescribed in the 7 8 Liquor Control Act of 1934.

9 Beginning on October 1, 2003, every distributor, importing 10 distributor, and manufacturer of alcoholic liquor as defined in 11 the Liquor Control Act of 1934, shall file a statement with the 12 Department of Revenue, no later than the 10th day of the month 13 for the preceding month during which transactions occurred, by 14 electronic means, showing the total amount of gross receipts 15 from the sale of alcoholic liquor sold or distributed during 16 the preceding month to purchasers; identifying the purchaser to 17 it sold or distributed; the purchaser's tax whom was registration number; and such other information reasonably 18 19 required by the Department. А distributor, importing 20 distributor, or manufacturer of alcoholic liquor must personally deliver, mail, or provide by electronic means to 21 22 each retailer listed on the monthly statement a report 23 containing a cumulative total of that distributor's, importing distributor's, or manufacturer's total sales of alcoholic 24 25 liquor to that retailer no later than the 10th day of the month 26 for the preceding month during which the transaction occurred.

The distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer shall 1 2 notify the retailer as to the method by which the distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer will provide the sales 3 information. If the retailer is unable to receive the sales 4 5 information by electronic means, the distributor, importing 6 manufacturer shall distributor, or furnish the sales 7 information by personal delivery or by mail. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "electronic means" includes, but is 8 9 not limited to, the use of a secure Internet website, e-mail, 10 or facsimile.

If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable or creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less than 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents or more.

14 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 15 16 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 17 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make 18 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 19 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 20 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 21 22 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 23 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 24 25 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 26 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the

sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 1 2 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 3 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of 4 5 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 6 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 7 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 8 9 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of 10 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make 11 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 12 funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the

1 requirements of this Section.

Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on any return or other document under this Act shall, if such amount is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the nearest whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional part of a dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the nearest whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a dollar is less than 50 cents.

9 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly 10 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to 11 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 12 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February and March of a given year 13 14 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, 15 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; 16 with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 17 October, November and December of a given year being due by 18 January 20 of the following year. 19

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

26 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and

1 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly 2 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

Where the same person has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registrations under this Act, such person may not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

15 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, 16 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with 17 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, 18 19 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a 20 separate return for each such item of tangible personal property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same 21 22 transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor 23 vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, 24 25 watercraft, motor vehicle retailer or trailer retailer for the purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, 26

motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 1 watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as 2 a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 2-5 of this 3 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all aircraft, 4 5 watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that 6 transaction to the Department on the same uniform 7 invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 8 9 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration 10 and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped 11 with an inboard motor.

12 Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with 13 an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation tax 14 15 liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on such 16 transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise required 17 to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file monthly or quarterly returns. However, those retailers shall be required 18 19 to file returns on an annual basis.

The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in

property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the 1 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to 2 3 which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such 4 5 trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the 6 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on 7 8 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not 9 due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient 10 11 identification of the property sold; such other information as 12 is required in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle Code, and such other information as the Department may reasonably 13 14 require.

15 The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft 16 or aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the 17 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for 18 19 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer 20 for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for 21 22 the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after 23 deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such 24 25 transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by 26 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that

1 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is 2 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a 3 sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other 4 information as the Department may reasonably require.

5 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later 6 than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that is 7 being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner 8 than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting 9 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the 10 Illinois use tax may be transmitted to the Department by way of 11 the State agency with which, or State officer with whom the 12 tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if 13 titling or registration is required) if the Department and such agency or State officer determine that this procedure will 14 processing of applications 15 expedite the for title or 16 registration.

17 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit 18 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is 19 20 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax 21 22 receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is 23 satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer 24 with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal 25 26 property that is involved (if titling or registration is

required) in support of such purchaser's application for an
 Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration
 to such tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this 4 5 Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other 6 evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration 7 8 is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has 9 paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The 10 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the 11 mandate of this paragraph.

12 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer 13 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of 14 the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the 15 retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not 16 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact 17 of such delay by the retailer and may (upon the Department being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit 18 19 the information required by the transaction reporting return 20 and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to 21 the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption 22 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return 23 and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account 24 with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount 25 26 provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays

the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return 4 5 period to purchasers, on account of tangible personal property returned to the seller, shall be allowed as a deduction under 6 7 subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly return, as the case may be, in case the seller had theretofore included the 8 9 receipts from the sale of such tangible personal property in a 10 return filed by him and had paid the tax imposed by this Act 11 with respect to such receipts.

12 Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on 13 behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president, 14 vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly 15 accredited agent of such corporation.

16 Where the seller is a limited liability company, the return 17 filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall be 18 signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent of 19 the limited liability company.

Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing the return under this Section shall, at the time of filing such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records,

preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying 1 2 data to the Department on request. Any prepayment made pursuant to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the amount on 3 which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. In the case of 4 retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by 5 transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount 6 7 shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when such retailer files his periodic return. The Department may 8 9 disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of 10 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but 11 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of 12 registration has become final.

13 Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly 14 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax 15 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax 16 Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be 17 remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he 18 19 shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th 20 day of the month next following the month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department 21 22 on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month 23 during which such liability is incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the 24 25 Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service 26 Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any

HB4641

liability for prepaid sales tax to be remitted in accordance 1 2 with Section 2d of this Act, was \$20,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return 3 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month 4 5 next following the month during which such tax liability is 6 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before 7 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such 8 liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax 9 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each 10 payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or an amount set by the 11 12 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability 13 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete 14 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and 15 the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the 16 month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or 17 after January 1, 1985 and prior to January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 18 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's 19 20 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on 21 22 or after January 1, 1987 and prior to January 1, 1988, each 23 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 24 25 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If 26 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on

or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or 1 2 begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 3 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 4 5 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which 6 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 7 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 8 9 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 10 calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's 11 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The 12 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited 13 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the 14 15 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the 16 Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability 17 of \$10,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability 18 to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar 19 quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the 20 month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such 21 22 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as 23 computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a 24 25 taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in 26 the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer

to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the 1 2 reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the 3 Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On 4 5 and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of 6 the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by 7 taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue 8 9 until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the 10 Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters 11 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of 12 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's 13 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar 14 15 quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can 16 show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's 17 business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably 18 foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated 19 20 above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a 21 change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department 22 shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds 23 that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at 24 the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the 25 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the 26

difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the 1 2 amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely 3 paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the 4 5 minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section. 6 The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to 7 govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly 8 payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar 9 monthly basis.

10 The provisions of this paragraph apply before October 1, 11 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make 12 quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who 13 is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit 14 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average in 15 excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 complete 16 calendar quarters, shall file a return with the Department as 17 required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the 18 month during which such liability is incurred. If the month 19 20 during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985, each payment 21 22 shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the taxpayer's 23 actual liability under Section 2d. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 24 25 1986, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the 26

1 taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the 2 preceding calendar year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, each 3 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 4 5 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 6 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited 7 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for 8 9 that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case 10 may be. Once applicable, the requirement of the making of 11 quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this 12 paragraph shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly 13 prepaid tax collections during the preceding 2 complete calendar quarters is \$25,000 or less. If any such quarter 14 15 monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount 16 required, the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and 17 interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month in excess of the 18 19 minimum payments previously due.

The provisions of this paragraph apply on and after October 1, 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes that average in excess of \$20,000 per month during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters shall file a return with the Department as

required by Section 2f and shall make payments to 1 the 2 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which the liability is incurred. Each payment 3 shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual 4 5 liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for 6 the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of 7 the quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the 8 final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month 9 filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be. 10 Once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter 11 monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph 12 shall continue until the taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax 13 collections during the preceding 4 complete calendar guarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of 14 15 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for 16 17 each calendar guarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarters is less than \$20,000. If any such quarter monthly 18 19 payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required, the 20 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made 21 22 payments for that month in excess of the minimum payments 23 previously due.

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as

shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if 1 2 requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit 3 memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be assigned by 4 5 the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, 6 7 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be 8 prescribed by the Department. If no such request is made, the 9 taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability 10 subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act, 11 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service 12 Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules Use and 13 regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department 14 subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit 15 taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% 16 and 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% 17 of the difference between the credit taken and that actually due, and that taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and 18 interest on such difference. 19

If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability to the Department under this Act for the month which the taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess.

25 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall26 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund in the

State treasury which is hereby created, the net revenue 1 2 realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the 3 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 4 5 drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate 6 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 7 drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine testing 8 materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.

9 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 10 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a special 11 fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, 4% of the 12 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% 13 general rate.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 14 15 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the 16 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% 17 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the 18 County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue 19 20 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of sales tax holiday items. 21

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

26 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall

pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of sales tax holiday items.

8 <u>Beginning August 1, 2014 and through July 31, 2015, each</u> 9 <u>month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit</u> 10 <u>District Fund 4.8% of the net revenue realized for the</u> 11 <u>preceding month from the 5.25% rate on the selling price of</u> 12 <u>motor fuel and gasohol.</u>

Beginning August 1, 2014 and through July 31, 2015, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 19.2% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 5.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning August 1, 2015 and through July 31, 2016, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 5.8% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 4.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning August 1, 2015 and through July 31, 2016, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 23.2% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 4.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and

1 gasohol.

2	Beginning August 1, 2016 and through July 31, 2017, each
3	month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit
4	District Fund 7.8% of the net revenue realized for the
5	preceding month from the 3.25% rate on the selling price of
6	motor fuel and gasohol.
7	Beginning August 1, 2016 and through July 31, 2017, each
8	month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax
9	Fund 31.2% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month
10	from the 3.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and
11	gasohol.
12	Beginning August 1, 2017 and through July 31, 2018, each
13	month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit
14	District Fund 11.2% of the net revenue realized for the
15	preceding month from the 2.25% rate on the selling price of
16	motor fuel and gasohol.
17	Beginning August 1, 2017 and through July 31, 2018, each
18	month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax
19	Fund 44.8% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month
20	from the 2.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and
21	gasohol.
22	Beginning August 1, 2018, each month the Department shall
23	pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the
24	net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
25	rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.
26	Beginning August 1, 2018, each month the Department shall

pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are is now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay 11 12 into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on 13 the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process 14 15 of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental 16 Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total 17 payment into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund under this Act and the Use Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal 18 19 year.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the

Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, 1 2 the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used 3 in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal 4 5 to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited 6 7 into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this 8 paragraph.

9 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 10 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on 11 12 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal 13 14 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 15 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 16 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this Act, 17 Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts 18 being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 19 20 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to 21 22 the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax 23 Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as 24 hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall 25 be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other 26 moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; the

HB4641

1 "Annual Specified Amount" means the amounts specified below for 2 fiscal years 1986 through 1993:

3	Fiscal Year	Annual Specified Amount
4	1986	\$54,800,000
5	1987	\$76,650,000
6	1988	\$80,480,000
7	1989	\$88,510,000
8	1990	\$115,330,000
9	1991	\$145,470,000
10	1992	\$182,730,000
11	1993	\$206,520,000;

12 and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as 13 defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or the Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 and 14 15 each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, that if on 16 the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act 17 Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond 18 Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the 19 20 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 21 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the 22 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois 23 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to 24 the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the 25 payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to 26

HB4641

this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of 1 2 (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for 3 such fiscal year. The amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under clause (b) of the first sentence in this paragraph 4 5 shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and 6 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is 7 8 sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, 9 to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the 10 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if 11 any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on 12 any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the 13 Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of 14 15 Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any 16 month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build 17 Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such 18 month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred 19 20 in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 21 22 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such 23 deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received 24 by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build 25 Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the 26 Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this

sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to 1 2 clause (b) of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall 3 reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to that clause (b). The moneys received by the 4 5 Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited 6 into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond 7 8 Act.

9 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 10 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment 11 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 12 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 13 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority 14 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 15 in excess of sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 16 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of 17 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the 18 19 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place 20 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

Total		
Deposit	Fiscal Year	
\$0	1993	22
53,000,000	1994	23
58,000,000	1995	24
61,000,000	1996	25

	HB4641		- 126 -	LRB098 17988 HLH 53113 b
1		1997		64,000,000
2		1998		68,000,000
3		1999		71,000,000
4		2000		75,000,000
5		2001		80,000,000
6		2002		93,000,000
7		2003		99,000,000
8		2004		103,000,000
9		2005		108,000,000
10		2006		113,000,000
11		2007		119,000,000
12		2008		126,000,000
13		2009		132,000,000
14		2010		139,000,000
15		2011		146,000,000
16		2012		153,000,000
17		2013		161,000,000
18		2014		170,000,000
19		2015		179,000,000
20		2016		189,000,000
21		2017		199,000,000
22		2018		210,000,000
23		2019		221,000,000
24		2020		233,000,000
25		2021		246,000,000
26		2022		260,000,000

	HB4641	- 127 -	LRB098 17988 HLH 53113 b
1	2023		275,000,000
2	2024		275,000,000
3	2025		275,000,000
4	2026		279,000,000
5	2027		292,000,000
6	2028		307,000,000
7	2029		322,000,000
8	2030		338,000,000
9	2031		350,000,000
10	2032		350,000,000
11	and		
12	each fiscal	year	
13	thereafter tha	t bonds	
14	are outstandin	g under	

- 15 Section 13.2 of the
- 16 Metropolitan Pier and
- 17 Exposition Authority Act,

18 but not after fiscal year 2060.

19 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 20 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 21 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 22 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 23 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 24 25 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 26 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", has been deposited.

6 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 7 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 8 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 9 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 10 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 11 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 12 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 13 price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 14 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 15 16 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 17 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year 18 19 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy 20 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 21 22 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 23 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 24 25 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. 26

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a 7 8 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the 9 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not 10 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual 11 information return for the tax year specified in the notice. 12 Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last Federal 13 14 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as 15 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the 16 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the 17 same period, the retailer shall attach to his annual return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the 18 reasons for the difference. The retailer's annual return to the 19 20 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the 21 retailer during the year covered by such return, opening and 22 closing inventories of such goods for such year, costs of goods 23 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the 24 retailer during such year, payroll information of the 25 retailer's business during such year and any additional 26 reasonable information which the Department deems would be

helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly or annual returns filed by such retailer as provided for in this Section.

If the annual information return required by this Section is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable as follows:

7 (i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable 8 for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such 9 taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by 10 the annual return for each month or fraction of a month 11 until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be 12 assessed and collected in the same manner as any other 13 penalty provided for in this Act.

14 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall
15 be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the
16 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

17 The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the 18 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who 19 20 willfully signs the annual return containing false or 21 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished 22 accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the 23 Department shall include a warning that the person signing the 24 return may be liable for perjury.

The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of an annual information return do not apply to a retailer who is not

required to file an income tax return with the United States
 Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

10 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 11 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 12 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 13 overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

21 Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail 22 selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers at 23 the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs, 24 local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or 25 events, including any transient merchant as defined by Section 26 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is required to file a

report with the Department providing the name of the merchant's 1 2 business, the name of the person or persons engaged in 3 merchant's business, the permanent address and Illinois Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of the merchant, 4 5 the dates and location of the event and other reasonable information that the Department may require. The report must be 6 7 filed not later than the 20th day of the month next following 8 the month during which the event with retail sales was held. 9 Any person who fails to file a report required by this Section 10 commits a business offense and is subject to a fine not to 11 exceed \$250.

12 Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible 13 personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type 14 of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art shows, 15 flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or any 16 transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient 17 Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report of the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a daily 18 19 payment of the full amount of tax due. The Department shall 20 impose this requirement when it finds that there is а significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an 21 22 exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence 23 that a substantial number of concessionaires or other sellers who are not residents of Illinois will be engaging in the 24 25 business of selling tangible personal property at retail at the 26 exhibition or event, or other evidence of a significant risk of

HB4641	- 133 -	LRB098 17988 HLH 53113 b
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loss of revenue to the State. The Department shall notify concessionaires and other sellers affected by the imposition of this requirement. In the absence of notification by the Department, the concessionaires and other sellers shall file their returns as otherwise required in this Section.

6 (Source: P.A. 97-95, eff. 7-12-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-24, 7 eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; 8 revised 9-9-13.)

9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon10 becoming law.