

## 98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 HB3741

by Rep. Kenneth Dunkin

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 ILCS 5/22-30

Amends the School Code. Requires (instead of allows) a school district or nonpublic school to maintain at a school a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors. Effective immediately.

LRB098 14650 NHT 49484 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning education.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section
- 5 22-30 as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/22-30)
- 7 Sec. 22-30. Self-administration of medication and school
- 8 nurse administration.
- 9 (a) In this Section:
- "Asthma inhaler" means a quick reliever asthma inhaler.
- "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a medical device for
- 12 immediate self-administration by a person at risk of
- 13 anaphylaxis.
- "Medication" means a medicine, prescribed by (i) a
- 15 physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches,
- 16 (ii) a physician assistant who has been delegated the authority
- 17 to prescribe asthma medications by his or her supervising
- 18 physician, or (iii) an advanced practice registered nurse who
- 19 has a written collaborative agreement with a collaborating
- 20 physician that delegates the authority to prescribe asthma
- 21 medications, for a pupil that pertains to the pupil's asthma
- and that has an individual prescription label.
- "Self-administration" means a pupil's discretionary use of

- and ability to carry his or her prescribed asthma medication.
  - (b) A school, whether public or nonpublic, must permit the self-administration of medication by a pupil with asthma or the use of an epinephrine auto-injector by a pupil, provided that:
    - (1) the parents or guardians of the pupil provide to the school (i) written authorization from the parents or guardians for the self-administration of medication or (ii) for use of an epinephrine auto-injector, written authorization from the pupil's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse; and
    - (2) the parents or guardians of the pupil provide to the school (i) the prescription label, which must contain the name of the medication, the prescribed dosage, and the time at which or circumstances under which the medication is to be administered, or (ii) for use of an epinephrine auto-injector, a written statement from the pupil's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse containing the following information:
      - (A) the name and purpose of the epinephrine auto-injector;
        - (B) the prescribed dosage; and
      - (C) the time or times at which or the special circumstances under which the epinephrine auto-injector is to be administered.
- The information provided shall be kept on file in the office of the school nurse or, in the absence of a school nurse, the

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school's administrator.

(b-5) A school district or nonpublic school may authorize the provision of an epinephrine auto-injector to a student or any personnel authorized under a student's Individual Health Care Action Plan, Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action Plan and Treatment Authorization Form, or plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 to administer an epinephrine auto-injector to the student, that meets the prescription on file.

The school district or nonpublic school authorize a school nurse do the following: (i) provide an epinephrine auto-injector to a student or any personnel authorized under a student's Individual Health Care Action Plan, Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action Plan and Treatment Authorization Form, or plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 to administer an epinephrine auto-injector to the student, that meets the prescription on file; (ii) administer an epinephrine auto-injector that meets the prescription on file to any student who has an Individual Health Care Action Plan, Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action Plan and Treatment Authorization Form, or plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 that authorizes the use of an Epinephrine auto-injector; and (iii) administer an epinephrine auto-injector to any student that the school nurse in good faith professionally believes is having an anaphylactic reaction.

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(c) The school district or nonpublic school must inform the parents or guardians of the pupil, in writing, that the school district or nonpublic school and its employees and agents, including a physician providing standing protocol prescription for school epinephrine auto-injectors, are to incur no liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury arising from the self-administration of medication or use of an epinephrine auto-injector regardless of whether authorization was given by the pupil's parents or quardians or by the pupil's physician, physician's assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse. The parents or quardians of the pupil must sign a statement acknowledging that the school district or nonpublic school and its employees and agents are to incur no liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury arising from the self-administration of medication or use of an epinephrine auto-injector regardless of whether authorization was given by the pupil's parents or quardians or by the pupil's physician, physician's assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse and that the parents or guardians must indemnify and hold harmless the school district or nonpublic school and its employees and agents against any claims, except a claim based willful and wanton conduct, arising out self-administration of medication or use of an epinephrine auto-injector regardless of whether authorization was given by the pupil's parents or quardians or by the pupil's physician,

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practice registered nurse.

physician's assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse. 1 2 When a school nurse administers an epinephrine auto-injector to 3 a student whom the school nurse in good faith professionally believes is having an anaphylactic reaction, notwithstanding 5 the lack of notice to the parents or quardians of the pupil or 6 the absence of the parents or quardians signed statement 7 acknowledging no liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, the school district or nonpublic school and its 8 9 employees and agents, including a physician providing standing 10 protocol or prescription for school epinephrine 11 auto-injectors, are to incur no liability, except for willful 12 and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury arising from the 13 use of an epinephrine auto-injector regardless of whether 14 authorization was given by the pupil's parents or guardians or by the pupil's physician, physician's assistant, or advanced 15

- (d) The permission for self-administration of medication or use of an epinephrine auto-injector is effective for the school year for which it is granted and shall be renewed each subsequent school year upon fulfillment of the requirements of this Section.
- (e) Provided that the requirements of this Section are fulfilled, a pupil with asthma may possess and use his or her medication or a pupil may possess and use an epinephrine auto-injector (i) while in school, (ii) while at a school-sponsored activity, (iii) while under the supervision

- of school personnel, or (iv) before or after normal school activities, such as while in before-school or after-school care on school-operated property.
- (f) The school district or nonpublic school shall  $\frac{may}{may}$ 5 maintain at a school in a locked, secure location a supply of epinephrine 6 auto-injectors. A physician may 7 epinephrine auto-injectors in the name of the school district or nonpublic school to be maintained for use when necessary. 8 9 The school district or nonpublic school supply of epinephrine 10 auto-injectors may be provided to and utilized by any student 11 authorized to self-administer that meets the prescription on 12 file or by any personnel authorized under a student's 13 Individual Health Care Action Plan, Illinois Food Allergy 14 Emergency Action Plan and Treatment Authorization Form, or plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 15 16 1973 to administer an epinephrine auto-injector to the student, 17 that meets the prescription on file. When a student does not have an epinephrine auto-injector or a prescription for an 18 epinephrine auto-injector on file, the school nurse may utilize 19 20 the school district or nonpublic school supply of epinephrine auto-injectors to respond to anaphylactic reaction, under a 21 22 standing protocol from a physician licensed to practice 23 medicine in all its branches and the requirements of this Section. 24
- 25 (Source: P.A. 96-1460, eff. 8-20-10; 97-361, eff. 8-15-11.)
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

becoming law. 1