



98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2013 and 2014

HB3714

by Rep. Christian L. Mitchell

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

30 ILCS 105/5.826 new	
30 ILCS 105/6z-100 new	
35 ILCS 105/3-10	
35 ILCS 105/9	from Ch. 120, par. 439.9
35 ILCS 110/3-10	from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10
35 ILCS 110/9	from Ch. 120, par. 439.39
35 ILCS 115/3-10	from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10
35 ILCS 115/9	from Ch. 120, par. 439.109
35 ILCS 120/2-10	
35 ILCS 120/3	from Ch. 120, par. 442

Amends the Use Tax Act, Service Use Tax Act, Service Occupation Tax Act, and Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Imposes a 2% surcharge on firearm ammunition. Amends the State Finance Act. Creates the High Crime Trauma Center Grant Fund. Requires the 2% surcharge to be deposited into the Fund. Subject to appropriation, authorizes the Department of Public Health to make grants to trauma centers in high crime areas. Effective immediately.

LRB098 14370 HLH 49019 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
5 Sections 5.826 and 6z-100 as follows:

6 (30 ILCS 105/5.826 new)

7 Sec. 5.826. The High Crime Trauma Center Grant Fund.

8 (30 ILCS 105/6z-100 new)

9 Sec. 6z-100. High Crime Trauma Center Grant Fund. The High
10 Crime Trauma Center Grant Fund is created as a special fund in
11 the State Treasury. Subject to appropriation, moneys in the
12 Fund shall be used by the Department of Public Health to make
13 grants to trauma centers in high crime areas for medical
14 emergency responses. "Trauma center" has the same meaning as in
15 the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act.

16 Section 10. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Sections
17 3-10 and 9 as follows:

18 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

19 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
20 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of

1 either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of
2 the tangible personal property. In all cases where property
3 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that
4 was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling
5 price of the property. In all cases where property functionally
6 used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been
7 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at
8 retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market
9 value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State
10 or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail.
11 For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the
12 price at which property would change hands between a willing
13 buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion
14 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the
15 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by
16 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that
17 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by
18 the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of
19 like kind and character in Illinois.

20 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
21 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
22 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
23 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

24 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with
25 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of
26 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

1 With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act
2 applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after
3 January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the
4 proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or
5 before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of
6 sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under
7 this Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%,
8 then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the
9 proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

10 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax
11 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales
12 made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31,
13 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made
14 thereafter.

15 With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and
16 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies
17 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1,
18 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the
19 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,
20 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no
21 less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the
22 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%
23 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than
24 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

25 With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with
26 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed

1 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or
2 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but
3 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

4 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be
5 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
6 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been
7 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and
8 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances,
9 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering
10 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing
11 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human
12 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of
13 this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks"
14 means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic
15 drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to
16 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated
17 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks
18 of whatever kind or description that are contained in any
19 closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless
20 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,
21 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as
22 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,
23 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable
24 juice.

25 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
26 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic

1 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
2 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
3 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
4 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

5 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
6 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
7 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
8 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
9 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
10 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
11 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
12 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
13 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
14 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
15 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
16 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

17 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
18 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
19 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
20 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
21 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
22 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
23 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
24 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
25 flour or requires refrigeration.

26 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,

1 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
2 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
3 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
4 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
5 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
6 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
7 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
8 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
9 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
10 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
11 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
12 label includes:

13 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

14 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
15 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
16 substance or preparation.

17 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
18 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription
19 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a
20 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use
21 of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

22 Beginning January 1, 2014, in addition to all other rates
23 of tax imposed under this Act, a surcharge of 2% is imposed on
24 the selling price of firearm ammunition. "Firearm" and "firearm
25 ammunition" have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 1.1
26 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.

1 If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer
2 is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before
3 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under
4 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed
5 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable
6 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state
7 use.

8 (Source: P.A. 97-636, eff. 6-1-12; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)

9 (35 ILCS 105/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.9)

10 Sec. 9. Except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft,
11 and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency
12 of this State, each retailer required or authorized to collect
13 the tax imposed by this Act shall pay to the Department the
14 amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time
15 when he is required to file his return for the period during
16 which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to
17 January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5
18 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to
19 reimburse the retailer for expenses incurred in collecting the
20 tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting
21 the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. In the
22 case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction
23 by transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such
24 discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead
25 of when such retailer files his periodic return. The Department

1 may disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of
2 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but
3 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of
4 registration has become final. A retailer need not remit that
5 part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is
6 required to remit and does remit the tax imposed by the
7 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, with respect to the sale of the
8 same property.

9 Where such tangible personal property is sold under a
10 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale
11 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is
12 extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is
13 filed, the retailer, in collecting the tax (except as to motor
14 vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required
15 to be registered with an agency of this State), may collect for
16 each tax return period, only the tax applicable to that part of
17 the selling price actually received during such tax return
18 period.

19 Except as provided in this Section, on or before the
20 twentieth day of each calendar month, such retailer shall file
21 a return for the preceding calendar month. Such return shall be
22 filed on forms prescribed by the Department and shall furnish
23 such information as the Department may reasonably require.

24 The Department may require returns to be filed on a
25 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar
26 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the

1 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
2 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
3 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
4 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

5 1. The name of the seller;

6 2. The address of the principal place of business from
7 which he engages in the business of selling tangible
8 personal property at retail in this State;

9 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
10 during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible
11 personal property by him during such preceding calendar
12 month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but
13 less all deductions allowed by law;

14 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
15 Act;

16 5. The amount of tax due;

17 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

18 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
19 may require.

20 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
21 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
22 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
23 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

24 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average
25 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all
26 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic

1 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has
2 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make
3 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
4 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has
5 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make
6 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
7 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has
8 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all
9 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
10 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the
11 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all
12 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered
13 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year.
14 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the
15 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other
16 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the
17 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year
18 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has
19 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of
20 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
21 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
22 funds transfer.

23 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
24 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments
25 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make
26 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments

1 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

2 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
3 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
4 with the permission of the Department.

5 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
6 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make
7 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
8 in the manner authorized by the Department.

9 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
10 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
11 requirements of this Section.

12 Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly
13 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers'
14 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Service
15 Use Tax Act was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete
16 calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department
17 each month by the 20th day of the month next following the
18 month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall
19 make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th,
20 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is
21 incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's
22 average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act,
23 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax
24 Act, and the Service Use Tax Act was \$20,000 or more during the
25 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return
26 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month

1 next following the month during which such tax liability is
2 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before
3 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such
4 liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax
5 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each
6 payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's
7 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the
8 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability
9 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete
10 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and
11 the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the
12 month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or
13 after January 1, 1985, and prior to January 1, 1987, each
14 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
15 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's
16 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If
17 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on
18 or after January 1, 1987, and prior to January 1, 1988, each
19 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
20 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's
21 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If
22 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on
23 or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or
24 begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an
25 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for
26 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same

1 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which
2 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1,
3 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an
4 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for
5 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same
6 calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's
7 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The
8 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited
9 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for
10 that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the
11 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the
12 Department shall continue until such taxpayer's average
13 monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4
14 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest
15 liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than
16 \$9,000, or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to
17 the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4
18 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than
19 \$10,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a
20 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred
21 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average
22 monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future
23 will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such
24 taxpayer may petition the Department for change in such
25 taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once
26 applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly

1 payments to the Department shall continue until such taxpayer's
2 average monthly liability to the Department during the
3 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of
4 highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less
5 than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability
6 to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the
7 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than
8 \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a
9 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred
10 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average
11 monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future
12 will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such
13 taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such
14 taxpayer's reporting status. The Department shall change such
15 taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is
16 seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such
17 quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the
18 amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be
19 liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the
20 minimum amount due and the amount of such quarter monthly
21 payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the
22 taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the
23 Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as
24 provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable
25 rules and regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment
26 amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file

1 on other than a calendar monthly basis.

2 If any such payment provided for in this Section exceeds
3 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Retailers'
4 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the
5 Service Use Tax Act, as shown by an original monthly return,
6 the Department shall issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum
7 no later than 30 days after the date of payment, which
8 memorandum may be submitted by the taxpayer to the Department
9 in payment of tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the
10 taxpayer to the Department or be assigned by the taxpayer to a
11 similar taxpayer under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax
12 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act,
13 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be
14 prescribed by the Department, except that if such excess
15 payment is shown on an original monthly return and is made
16 after December 31, 1986, no credit memorandum shall be issued,
17 unless requested by the taxpayer. If no such request is made,
18 the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax
19 liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the
20 Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act,
21 the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in
22 accordance with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by
23 the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that
24 all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the
25 taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% or 1.75% vendor's discount shall
26 be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the

1 credit taken and that actually due, and the taxpayer shall be
2 liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

3 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly
4 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to
5 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may
6 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis,
7 with the return for January, February, and March of a given
8 year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for
9 April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such
10 year; with the return for July, August and September of a given
11 year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return
12 for October, November and December of a given year being due by
13 January 20 of the following year.

14 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or
15 quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax
16 liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department
17 may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with
18 the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the
19 following year.

20 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
21 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly
22 returns.

23 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
24 the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the
25 case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business
26 which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act,

1 such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the
2 Department not more than one month after discontinuing such
3 business.

4 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft,
5 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with
6 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of
7 tangible personal property shall file, with the Department,
8 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a
9 separate return for each such item of tangible personal
10 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same
11 transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor
12 vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft,
13 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft,
14 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer retailer for the purpose
15 of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor
16 vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft,
17 watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as
18 a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 3-55 of this
19 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all the
20 aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in
21 that transaction to the Department on the same uniform
22 invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of
23 this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4
24 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration
25 and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped
26 with an inboard motor.

1 The transaction reporting return in the case of motor
2 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an
3 agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform
4 Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle
5 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name
6 and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price
7 including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in
8 property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the
9 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to
10 which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value
11 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such
12 trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of
13 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the
14 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on
15 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not
16 due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the
17 fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient
18 identification of the property sold; such other information as
19 is required in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and
20 such other information as the Department may reasonably
21 require.

22 The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft
23 and aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the
24 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling
25 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for
26 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer

1 for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the
2 extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for
3 the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after
4 deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price;
5 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such
6 transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by
7 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that
8 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is
9 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a
10 sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other
11 information as the Department may reasonably require.

12 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later
13 than 20 days after the date of delivery of the item that is
14 being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner
15 than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting
16 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the tax
17 that is imposed by this Act may be transmitted to the
18 Department by way of the State agency with which, or State
19 officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be
20 titled or registered (if titling or registration is required)
21 if the Department and such agency or State officer determine
22 that this procedure will expedite the processing of
23 applications for title or registration.

24 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer
25 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit
26 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is

1 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the
2 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a tax receipt
3 (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied
4 that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser
5 may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with
6 whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property
7 that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in
8 support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois
9 certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such
10 tangible personal property.

11 No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this
12 Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the
13 retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other
14 evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration
15 is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has
16 paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The
17 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the
18 mandate of this paragraph.

19 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer
20 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of
21 tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the
22 retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not
23 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact
24 of such delay by the retailer, and may (upon the Department
25 being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit
26 the information required by the transaction reporting return

1 and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to
2 the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption
3 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return
4 and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be
5 credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account
6 with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount
7 provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays
8 the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the
9 same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted
10 if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

11 Where a retailer collects the tax with respect to the
12 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and
13 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal
14 property and the retailer refunds the selling price thereof to
15 the purchaser, such retailer shall also refund, to the
16 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing
17 his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the
18 purchaser, the retailer may deduct the amount of the tax so
19 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other use tax which
20 such retailer may be required to pay or remit to the
21 Department, as shown by such return, if the amount of the tax
22 to be deducted was previously remitted to the Department by
23 such retailer. If the retailer has not previously remitted the
24 amount of such tax to the Department, he is entitled to no
25 deduction under this Act upon refunding such tax to the
26 purchaser.

1 Any retailer filing a return under this Section shall also
2 include (for the purpose of paying tax thereon) the total tax
3 covered by such return upon the selling price of tangible
4 personal property purchased by him at retail from a retailer,
5 but as to which the tax imposed by this Act was not collected
6 from the retailer filing such return, and such retailer shall
7 remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such
8 return.

9 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the
10 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint
11 return which will enable retailers, who are required to file
12 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax
13 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both
14 Acts on the one form.

15 Where the retailer has more than one business registered
16 with the Department under separate registration under this Act,
17 such retailer may not file each return that is due as a single
18 return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file
19 separate returns for each such registered business.

20 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
21 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special
22 fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created, the net
23 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on
24 sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off
25 the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages,
26 soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate

1 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
2 drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine testing
3 materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.

4 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
5 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the
6 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25%
7 general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property
8 which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer
9 and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's
10 government.

11 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
12 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special
13 fund in the State Treasury, 20% of the net revenue realized for
14 the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
15 price of tangible personal property, other than tangible
16 personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail
17 from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency
18 of this State's government.

19 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
20 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the
21 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
22 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning
23 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the
24 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue
25 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
26 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

1 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
2 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue
3 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
4 the selling price of tangible personal property which is
5 purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which
6 is titled or registered by an agency of this State's
7 government.

8 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall
9 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to
10 an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the
11 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of
12 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had
13 been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that
14 are ~~is~~ now taxed at 6.25%.

15 Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay
16 into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue
17 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
18 the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process
19 of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental
20 Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total
21 payment into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund under this Act
22 and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed
23 \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.

24 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay
25 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds
26 collected under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service

1 Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an
2 amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground
3 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually
4 by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total
5 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act,
6 the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and
7 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000
8 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the
9 "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference
10 between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and
11 the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding
12 payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

13 Beginning January 1, 2014, the Department shall pay into
14 the High Crime Trauma Center Grant Fund 100% of the net revenue
15 realized for the preceding month from the 2% surcharge on the
16 selling price of firearm ammunition.

17 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
18 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the
19 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on
20 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the
21 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal
22 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
23 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required
24 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3
25 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax
26 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the

1 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called
2 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
3 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act
4 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois
5 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be
6 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3
7 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the
8 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois
9 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to
10 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last
11 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount
12 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account
13 in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount
14 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from
15 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less
16 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to
17 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build
18 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department
19 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no
20 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso
21 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund
22 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of
23 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual
24 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided,
25 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under
26 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the

1 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing
2 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois
3 Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future
4 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such
5 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the
6 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds
7 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be
8 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect
9 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the
10 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on
11 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are
12 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the
13 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond
14 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less
15 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from
16 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond
17 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the
18 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency
19 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the
20 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund;
21 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois
22 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be
23 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the
24 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise
25 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the
26 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department

1 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the
 2 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge
 3 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

4 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
 5 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment
 6 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly
 7 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the
 8 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority
 9 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not
 10 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be
 11 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of
 12 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section
 13 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the
 14 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place
 15 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

16	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
17	1993	\$0
18	1994	53,000,000
19	1995	58,000,000
20	1996	61,000,000
21	1997	64,000,000
22	1998	68,000,000
23	1999	71,000,000
24	2000	75,000,000
25	2001	80,000,000
26	2002	93,000,000

1	2003	99,000,000
2	2004	103,000,000
3	2005	108,000,000
4	2006	113,000,000
5	2007	119,000,000
6	2008	126,000,000
7	2009	132,000,000
8	2010	139,000,000
9	2011	146,000,000
10	2012	153,000,000
11	2013	161,000,000
12	2014	170,000,000
13	2015	179,000,000
14	2016	189,000,000
15	2017	199,000,000
16	2018	210,000,000
17	2019	221,000,000
18	2020	233,000,000
19	2021	246,000,000
20	2022	260,000,000
21	2023	275,000,000
22	2024	275,000,000
23	2025	275,000,000
24	2026	279,000,000
25	2027	292,000,000
26	2028	307,000,000

1	2029	322,000,000
2	2030	338,000,000
3	2031	350,000,000
4	2032	350,000,000

5 and

6 each fiscal year

7 thereafter that bonds

8 are outstanding under

9 Section 13.2 of the

10 Metropolitan Pier and

11 Exposition Authority Act,

12 but not after fiscal year 2060.

13 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
14 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
15 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
16 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount
17 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by
18 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection
19 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition
20 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits
21 required under this Section for previous months and years,
22 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project
23 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but
24 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit",
25 has been deposited.

26 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund

1 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
2 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
3 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30,
4 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax
5 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the
6 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
7 price of tangible personal property.

8 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
9 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
10 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
11 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of
12 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year
13 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy
14 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the
15 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal
16 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this
17 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric
18 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of
19 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the
20 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

21 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
22 pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State
23 Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and
24 used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of
25 the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in
26 accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

1 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon
2 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
3 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from
4 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount
5 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act
6 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this
7 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

8 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
9 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
10 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
11 overpayment of liability.

12 For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers,
13 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in
14 Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may
15 assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the
16 Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such
17 sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written
18 objection to the Department to this arrangement.

19 (Source: P.A. 97-95, eff. 7-12-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-24,
20 eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14;
21 revised 9-9-13.)

22 Section 15. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing
23 Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

24 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

1 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
2 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
3 the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as
4 an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of
5 computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less
6 than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

7 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
8 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
9 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
10 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

11 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
12 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price
13 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
14 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80%
15 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
16 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
17 December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the selling price
18 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
19 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at
20 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
21 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

22 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
23 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
24 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
25 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
26 December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price

1 thereafter.

2 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax
3 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the
4 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price
5 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
6 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and
7 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,
8 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of
9 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less
10 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate
11 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of
12 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%
13 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

14 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
15 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
16 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
17 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price
18 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
19 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but
20 applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

21 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each
22 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual
23 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an
24 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in
25 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or
26 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate

1 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax
2 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost
3 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an
4 incident to the sale of those services.

5 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared
6 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of
7 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act
8 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the
9 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the
10 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the
11 Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the
12 rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed
13 off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic
14 beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
15 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this
16 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
17 drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for
18 the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and
19 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by
20 diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section,
21 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any
22 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether
23 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,
24 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all
25 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever
26 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed

1 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but
2 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated
3 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the
4 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks
5 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

6 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
7 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
8 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
9 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
10 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
11 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

12 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
13 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
14 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
15 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
16 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
17 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
18 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
19 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
20 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
21 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
22 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
23 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

24 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
25 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
26 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not

1 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
2 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
3 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
4 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
5 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
6 flour or requires refrigeration.

7 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
8 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
9 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
10 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
11 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
12 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
13 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
14 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
15 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
16 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
17 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
18 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
19 label includes:

20 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

21 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
22 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
23 substance or preparation.

24 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
25 Act 98-122) ~~this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly,~~
26 "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs"

1 includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered
2 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
3 Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

4 Beginning January 1, 2014, in addition to all other rates
5 of tax imposed under this Act, a surcharge of 2% is imposed on
6 the selling price of firearm ammunition. "Firearm" and "firearm
7 ammunition" have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 1.1
8 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.

9 If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is
10 acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before
11 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under
12 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed
13 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable
14 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state
15 use.

16 (Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-636,
17 eff. 6-1-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; revised
18 8-9-13.)

19 (35 ILCS 110/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.39)

20 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect
21 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount
22 of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he
23 is required to file his return for the period during which such
24 tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1,
25 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar

1 year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the
2 serviceman for expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping
3 records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and
4 supplying data to the Department on request. The Department may
5 disallow the discount for servicemen whose certificate of
6 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but
7 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of
8 registration has become final. A serviceman need not remit that
9 part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is
10 required to pay and does pay the tax imposed by the Service
11 Occupation Tax Act with respect to his sale of service
12 involving the incidental transfer by him of the same property.

13 Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or
14 before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such
15 serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month
16 in accordance with reasonable Rules and Regulations to be
17 promulgated by the Department. Such return shall be filed on a
18 form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such
19 information as the Department may reasonably require.

20 The Department may require returns to be filed on a
21 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar
22 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the
23 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
24 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
25 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
26 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

- 1 1. The name of the seller;
- 2 2. The address of the principal place of business from
3 which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;
- 4 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
5 during the preceding calendar month, including receipts
6 from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed
7 by law;
- 8 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
9 Act;
- 10 5. The amount of tax due;
- 11 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and
- 12 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
13 may require.

14 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
15 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
16 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
17 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

18 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average
19 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all
20 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
21 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has
22 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make
23 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
24 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has
25 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make
26 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic

1 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has
2 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all
3 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
4 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the
5 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all
6 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered
7 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year.
8 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the
9 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other
10 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the
11 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year
12 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has
13 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of
14 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
15 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
16 funds transfer.

17 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
18 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments
19 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make
20 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
21 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

22 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
23 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
24 with the permission of the Department.

25 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
26 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make

1 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
2 in the manner authorized by the Department.

3 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
4 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
5 requirements of this Section.

6 If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly
7 return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to
8 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may
9 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis,
10 with the return for January, February and March of a given year
11 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April,
12 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year;
13 with the return for July, August and September of a given year
14 being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for
15 October, November and December of a given year being due by
16 January 20 of the following year.

17 If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly
18 or quarterly return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax
19 liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department
20 may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with
21 the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the
22 following year.

23 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
24 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly
25 returns.

26 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning

1 the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the
2 case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of
3 business which makes him responsible for filing returns under
4 this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this
5 Act with the Department not more than 1 month after
6 discontinuing such business.

7 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the
8 selling price of property which he sells and the purchaser
9 thereafter returns such property and the serviceman refunds the
10 selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman shall
11 also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the
12 purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he
13 refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct
14 the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from
15 any other Service Use Tax, Service Occupation Tax, retailers'
16 occupation tax or use tax which such serviceman may be required
17 to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return,
18 provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted shall
19 previously have been remitted to the Department by such
20 serviceman. If the serviceman shall not previously have
21 remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be
22 entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to
23 the purchaser.

24 Any serviceman filing a return hereunder shall also include
25 the total tax upon the selling price of tangible personal
26 property purchased for use by him as an incident to a sale of

1 service, and such serviceman shall remit the amount of such tax
2 to the Department when filing such return.

3 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the
4 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint
5 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file
6 returns hereunder and also under the Service Occupation Tax
7 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both
8 Acts on the one form.

9 Where the serviceman has more than one business registered
10 with the Department under separate registration hereunder,
11 such serviceman shall not file each return that is due as a
12 single return covering all such registered businesses, but
13 shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

14 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
15 pay into the State and Local Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in
16 the State Treasury, the net revenue realized for the preceding
17 month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption
18 which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold
19 (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has
20 been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and
21 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and
22 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by
23 diabetics.

24 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
25 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 20% of the
26 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25%

1 general rate on transfers of tangible personal property, other
2 than tangible personal property which is purchased outside
3 Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or
4 registered by an agency of this State's government.

5 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
6 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the
7 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
8 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

9 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall
10 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to
11 an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the
12 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of
13 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had
14 been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that
15 are ~~is~~ now taxed at 6.25%.

16 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay
17 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds
18 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service
19 Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an
20 amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground
21 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually
22 by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total
23 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act,
24 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the
25 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in
26 any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average

1 monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the
2 average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average
3 monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments
4 made pursuant to this paragraph.

5 Beginning January 1, 2014, the Department shall pay into
6 the High Crime Trauma Center Grant Fund 100% of the net revenue
7 realized for the preceding month from the 2% surcharge on the
8 selling price of firearm ammunition.

9 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
10 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the
11 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on
12 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the
13 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal
14 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
15 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required
16 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3
17 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax
18 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the
19 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called
20 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
21 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act
22 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois
23 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be
24 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3
25 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the
26 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois

1 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to
2 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last
3 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount
4 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account
5 in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount
6 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from
7 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less
8 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to
9 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build
10 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department
11 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no
12 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso
13 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund
14 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of
15 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual
16 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided,
17 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under
18 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the
19 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing
20 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois
21 Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future
22 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such
23 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the
24 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds
25 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be
26 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect

1 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the
2 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on
3 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are
4 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the
5 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond
6 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less
7 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from
8 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond
9 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the
10 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency
11 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the
12 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund;
13 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois
14 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be
15 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the
16 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise
17 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the
18 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department
19 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the
20 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge
21 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

22 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
23 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment
24 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly
25 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the
26 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority

1 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not
 2 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be
 3 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of
 4 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section
 5 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the
 6 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place
 7 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

8	Fiscal Year	Total
		Deposit
9	1993	\$0
10	1994	53,000,000
11	1995	58,000,000
12	1996	61,000,000
13	1997	64,000,000
14	1998	68,000,000
15	1999	71,000,000
16	2000	75,000,000
17	2001	80,000,000
18	2002	93,000,000
19	2003	99,000,000
20	2004	103,000,000
21	2005	108,000,000
22	2006	113,000,000
23	2007	119,000,000
24	2008	126,000,000
25	2009	132,000,000

1	2010	139,000,000
2	2011	146,000,000
3	2012	153,000,000
4	2013	161,000,000
5	2014	170,000,000
6	2015	179,000,000
7	2016	189,000,000
8	2017	199,000,000
9	2018	210,000,000
10	2019	221,000,000
11	2020	233,000,000
12	2021	246,000,000
13	2022	260,000,000
14	2023	275,000,000
15	2024	275,000,000
16	2025	275,000,000
17	2026	279,000,000
18	2027	292,000,000
19	2028	307,000,000
20	2029	322,000,000
21	2030	338,000,000
22	2031	350,000,000
23	2032	350,000,000
24	and	
25	each fiscal year	
26	thereafter that bonds	

1 are outstanding under
2 Section 13.2 of the
3 Metropolitan Pier and
4 Exposition Authority Act,
5 but not after fiscal year 2060.

6 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
7 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
8 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
9 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount
10 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by
11 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection
12 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition
13 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits
14 required under this Section for previous months and years,
15 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project
16 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but
17 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit",
18 has been deposited.

19 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
20 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
21 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
22 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30,
23 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax
24 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the
25 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
26 price of tangible personal property.

1 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
2 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
3 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
4 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of
5 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year
6 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy
7 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the
8 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal
9 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this
10 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric
11 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of
12 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the
13 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

14 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
15 pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the
16 General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be
17 reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to
18 the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the
19 General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State
20 Finance Act.

21 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon
22 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
23 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from
24 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount
25 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act
26 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this

1 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

2 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
3 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
4 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
5 overpayment of liability.

6 (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13;
7 98-298, eff. 8-9-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; revised 9-9-13.)

8 Section 20. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by
9 changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

10 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

11 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
12 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
13 the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use
14 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of
15 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be
16 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible
17 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item
18 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a
19 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on
20 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the
21 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the
22 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the
23 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When,
24 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce

1 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this
2 Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the
3 tangible personal property transferred incident to the
4 completion of the contract.

5 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
6 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
7 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
8 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

9 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
10 tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost
11 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of
12 service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003,
13 (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an
14 incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on
15 or before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the cost price
16 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
17 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at
18 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
19 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

20 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
21 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
22 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
23 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
24 December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price
25 thereafter.

26 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax

1 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the
2 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price
3 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
4 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and
5 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,
6 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of
7 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less
8 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate
9 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of
10 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%
11 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

12 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
13 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
14 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax
15 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the
16 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the
17 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
18 December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price
19 thereafter.

20 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each
21 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual
22 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an
23 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in
24 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or
25 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate
26 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax

1 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost
2 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to
3 the sale of those services.

4 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared
5 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of
6 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act
7 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the
8 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the
9 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the
10 Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the
11 rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed
12 off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic
13 beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
14 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this
15 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
16 drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for
17 the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and
18 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by
19 diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section,
20 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any
21 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether
22 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,
23 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all
24 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever
25 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed
26 can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft

1 drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water,
2 infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A
3 Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing
4 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

5 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
6 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
7 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
8 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
9 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
10 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

11 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
12 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
13 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
14 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
15 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
16 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
17 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
18 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
19 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
20 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
21 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
22 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

23 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
24 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
25 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
26 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a

1 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
2 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
3 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
4 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
5 flour or requires refrigeration.

6 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
7 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
8 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
9 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
10 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
11 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
12 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
13 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
14 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
15 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
16 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
17 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
18 label includes:

19 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

20 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
21 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
22 substance or preparation.

23 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
24 Act 98-122) ~~this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly,~~
25 "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs"
26 includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered

1 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
2 Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

3 Beginning January 1, 2014, in addition to all other rates
4 of tax imposed under this Act, a surcharge of 2% is imposed on
5 the selling price of firearm ammunition. "Firearm" and "firearm
6 ammunition" have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 1.1
7 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.

8 (Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-636,
9 eff. 6-1-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14; revised
10 8-9-13.)

11 (35 ILCS 115/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.109)

12 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect
13 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount
14 of such tax at the time when he is required to file his return
15 for the period during which such tax was collectible, less a
16 discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and
17 after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is
18 greater, which is allowed to reimburse the serviceman for
19 expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records,
20 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying
21 data to the Department on request. The Department may disallow
22 the discount for servicemen whose certificate of registration
23 is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the
24 Department's decision to revoke the certificate of
25 registration has become final.

1 Where such tangible personal property is sold under a
2 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale
3 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is
4 extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is
5 filed, the serviceman, in collecting the tax may collect, for
6 each tax return period, only the tax applicable to the part of
7 the selling price actually received during such tax return
8 period.

9 Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or
10 before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such
11 serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month
12 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be
13 promulgated by the Department of Revenue. Such return shall be
14 filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain
15 such information as the Department may reasonably require.

16 The Department may require returns to be filed on a
17 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar
18 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the
19 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
20 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
21 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
22 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

- 23 1. The name of the seller;
- 24 2. The address of the principal place of business from
25 which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;
- 26 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him

1 during the preceding calendar month, including receipts
2 from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed
3 by law;

4 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
5 Act;

6 5. The amount of tax due;

7 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

8 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
9 may require.

10 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
11 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
12 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
13 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

14 Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1,
15 2004 a serviceman may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit
16 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Service Use
17 Tax as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act if
18 the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as
19 required by Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act. A
20 Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted prior
21 to October 1, 2003 or on or after September 1, 2004 by a
22 serviceman as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax
23 Act, may be used by that serviceman to satisfy Service
24 Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the
25 certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to
26 tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase

1 Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under
2 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to
3 September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's Purchase
4 Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1,
5 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1, 2004.
6 No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September
7 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax liability
8 imposed under this Act, including any audit liability.

9 If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the
10 Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize
11 his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the
12 return for January, February and March of a given year being
13 due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May
14 and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with
15 the return for July, August and September of a given year being
16 due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for
17 October, November and December of a given year being due by
18 January 20 of the following year.

19 If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the
20 Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize
21 his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for
22 a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

23 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
24 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly
25 returns.

26 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning

1 the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the
2 case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of
3 business which makes him responsible for filing returns under
4 this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this
5 Act with the Department not more than 1 month after
6 discontinuing such business.

7 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average
8 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all
9 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
10 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has
11 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make
12 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
13 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has
14 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make
15 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
16 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has
17 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all
18 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
19 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the
20 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all
21 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered
22 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year.
23 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the
24 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other
25 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the
26 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year

1 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has
2 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of
3 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
4 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
5 funds transfer.

6 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
7 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments
8 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make
9 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
10 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

11 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
12 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
13 with the permission of the Department.

14 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
15 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make
16 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
17 in the manner authorized by the Department.

18 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
19 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
20 requirements of this Section.

21 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the
22 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and
23 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal
24 property and the serviceman refunds the selling price thereof
25 to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the
26 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing

1 his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the
2 purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so
3 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service
4 Occupation Tax, Service Use Tax, Retailers' Occupation Tax or
5 Use Tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit
6 to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the
7 amount of the tax to be deducted shall previously have been
8 remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the
9 serviceman shall not previously have remitted the amount of
10 such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no
11 deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

12 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the
13 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint
14 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file
15 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax
16 Act, the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, to furnish all
17 the return information required by all said Acts on the one
18 form.

19 Where the serviceman has more than one business registered
20 with the Department under separate registrations hereunder,
21 such serviceman shall file separate returns for each registered
22 business.

23 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
24 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund the revenue realized for
25 the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human
26 consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it

1 is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food
2 which has been prepared for immediate consumption) and
3 prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical
4 appliances and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and
5 needles used by diabetics.

6 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
7 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the
8 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general
9 rate.

10 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
11 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the
12 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
13 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

14 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
15 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the revenue
16 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
17 transfers of tangible personal property.

18 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
19 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue
20 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
21 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

22 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall
23 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to
24 an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the
25 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of
26 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had

1 been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that
2 are ~~is~~ now taxed at 6.25%.

3 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay
4 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds
5 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax
6 Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to
7 the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank
8 Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the
9 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total
10 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act,
11 the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers'
12 Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State
13 fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly
14 deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average
15 monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly
16 revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made
17 pursuant to this paragraph.

18 Beginning January 1, 2014, the Department shall pay into
19 the High Crime Trauma Center Grant Fund 100% of the net revenue
20 realized for the preceding month from the 2% surcharge on the
21 selling price of firearm ammunition.

22 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
23 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the
24 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on
25 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the
26 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal

1 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
2 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required
3 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3
4 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax
5 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the
6 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called
7 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
8 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act
9 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois
10 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be
11 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3
12 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the
13 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois
14 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to
15 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last
16 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount
17 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Account in the
18 Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount
19 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from
20 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less
21 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to
22 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build
23 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department
24 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no
25 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso
26 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund

1 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of
2 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual
3 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided,
4 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under
5 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the
6 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing
7 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois
8 Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future
9 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such
10 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the
11 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds
12 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be
13 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect
14 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the
15 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on
16 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are
17 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the
18 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond
19 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less
20 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from
21 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond
22 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the
23 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency
24 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the
25 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund;
26 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois

1 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be
 2 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the
 3 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise
 4 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the
 5 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department
 6 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the
 7 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge
 8 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

9 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
 10 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment
 11 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly
 12 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the
 13 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority
 14 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not
 15 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be
 16 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of
 17 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section
 18 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the
 19 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place
 20 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
21		
22	1993	\$0
23	1994	53,000,000
24	1995	58,000,000
25	1996	61,000,000

1	1997	64,000,000
2	1998	68,000,000
3	1999	71,000,000
4	2000	75,000,000
5	2001	80,000,000
6	2002	93,000,000
7	2003	99,000,000
8	2004	103,000,000
9	2005	108,000,000
10	2006	113,000,000
11	2007	119,000,000
12	2008	126,000,000
13	2009	132,000,000
14	2010	139,000,000
15	2011	146,000,000
16	2012	153,000,000
17	2013	161,000,000
18	2014	170,000,000
19	2015	179,000,000
20	2016	189,000,000
21	2017	199,000,000
22	2018	210,000,000
23	2019	221,000,000
24	2020	233,000,000
25	2021	246,000,000
26	2022	260,000,000

1	2023	275,000,000
2	2024	275,000,000
3	2025	275,000,000
4	2026	279,000,000
5	2027	292,000,000
6	2028	307,000,000
7	2029	322,000,000
8	2030	338,000,000
9	2031	350,000,000
10	2032	350,000,000

11 and
12 each fiscal year
13 thereafter that bonds
14 are outstanding under
15 Section 13.2 of the
16 Metropolitan Pier and
17 Exposition Authority Act,
18 but not after fiscal year 2060.

19 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
20 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
21 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
22 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount
23 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by
24 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection
25 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition
26 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits

1 required under this Section for previous months and years,
2 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project
3 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but
4 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit",
5 has been deposited.

6 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
7 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
8 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
9 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30,
10 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax
11 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the
12 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
13 price of tangible personal property.

14 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
15 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
16 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
17 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of
18 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year
19 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy
20 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the
21 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal
22 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this
23 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric
24 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of
25 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the
26 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

1 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
2 pursuant to this Act, 75% shall be paid into the General
3 Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in
4 a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common
5 School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General
6 Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance
7 Act.

8 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a
9 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the
10 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not
11 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual
12 information return for the tax year specified in the notice.
13 Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement
14 of gross receipts as shown by the taxpayer's last Federal
15 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as
16 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the
17 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the
18 same period, the taxpayer shall attach to his annual return a
19 schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the
20 reasons for the difference. The taxpayer's annual return to the
21 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the
22 taxpayer during the year covered by such return, opening and
23 closing inventories of such goods for such year, cost of goods
24 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the
25 taxpayer during such year, pay roll information of the
26 taxpayer's business during such year and any additional

1 reasonable information which the Department deems would be
2 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly
3 or annual returns filed by such taxpayer as hereinbefore
4 provided for in this Section.

5 If the annual information return required by this Section
6 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable
7 as follows:

8 (i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable
9 for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such
10 taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by
11 the annual return for each month or fraction of a month
12 until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be
13 assessed and collected in the same manner as any other
14 penalty provided for in this Act.

15 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall
16 be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the
17 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

18 The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest
19 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the
20 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who
21 willfully signs the annual return containing false or
22 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished
23 accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the
24 Department shall include a warning that the person signing the
25 return may be liable for perjury.

26 The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the filing

1 of an annual information return shall not apply to a serviceman
2 who is not required to file an income tax return with the
3 United States Government.

4 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon
5 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
6 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from
7 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount
8 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act
9 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this
10 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

11 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
12 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
13 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
14 overpayment of liability.

15 For greater simplicity of administration, it shall be
16 permissible for manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose
17 products are sold by numerous servicemen in Illinois, and who
18 wish to do so, to assume the responsibility for accounting and
19 paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with
20 respect to such sales, if the servicemen who are affected do
21 not make written objection to the Department to this
22 arrangement.

23 (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13;
24 98-298, eff. 8-9-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14; revised 9-9-13.)

25 Section 25. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by

1 changing Sections 2-10 and 3 as follows:

2 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

3 Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
4 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
5 gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in
6 the course of business.

7 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
8 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
9 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
10 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

11 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with
12 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of
13 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

14 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory
15 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel
16 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a
17 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that
18 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of
19 Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has
20 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and
21 gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump
22 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be
23 printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4
24 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to
25 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a

1 required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty
2 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each
3 retail premises where a violation occurs.

4 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
5 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of
6 sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1,
7 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July
8 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of
9 the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time,
10 however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined
11 in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the
12 tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of
13 sales of gasohol made during that time.

14 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
15 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
16 to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or
17 before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of
18 sales made thereafter.

19 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax
20 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the
21 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of
22 sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December
23 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made
24 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
25 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
26 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at

1 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
2 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less
3 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

4 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
5 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
6 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
7 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or
8 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but
9 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

10 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be
11 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
12 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been
13 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and
14 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances,
15 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering
16 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing
17 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human
18 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of
19 this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks"
20 means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic
21 drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to
22 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated
23 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks
24 of whatever kind or description that are contained in any
25 closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless
26 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,

1 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as
2 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,
3 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable
4 juice.

5 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
6 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
7 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
8 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
9 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
10 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

11 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
12 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
13 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
14 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
15 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
16 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
17 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
18 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
19 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
20 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
21 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
22 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

23 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
24 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
25 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
26 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a

1 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
2 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
3 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
4 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
5 flour or requires refrigeration.

6 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
7 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
8 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
9 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
10 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
11 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
12 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
13 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
14 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
15 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
16 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
17 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
18 label includes:

19 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

20 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
21 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
22 substance or preparation.

23 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
24 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription
25 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a
26 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use

1 of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

2 Beginning January 1, 2014, in addition to all other rates
3 of tax imposed under this Act, a surcharge of 2% is imposed on
4 the selling price of firearm ammunition. "Firearm" and "firearm
5 ammunition" have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 1.1
6 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.

7 (Source: P.A. 97-636, eff. 6-1-12; 98-122, eff. 1-1-14.)

8 (35 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 442)

9 Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before
10 the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person engaged
11 in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail
12 in this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a
13 return with the Department, stating:

14 1. The name of the seller;

15 2. His residence address and the address of his
16 principal place of business and the address of the
17 principal place of business (if that is a different
18 address) from which he engages in the business of selling
19 tangible personal property at retail in this State;

20 3. Total amount of receipts received by him during the
21 preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may be,
22 from sales of tangible personal property, and from services
23 furnished, by him during such preceding calendar month or
24 quarter;

25 4. Total amount received by him during the preceding

1 calendar month or quarter on charge and time sales of
2 tangible personal property, and from services furnished,
3 by him prior to the month or quarter for which the return
4 is filed;

5 5. Deductions allowed by law;

6 6. Gross receipts which were received by him during the
7 preceding calendar month or quarter and upon the basis of
8 which the tax is imposed;

9 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
10 Act;

11 8. The amount of tax due;

12 9. The signature of the taxpayer; and

13 10. Such other reasonable information as the
14 Department may require.

15 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
16 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
17 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
18 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

19 Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of
20 prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is
21 claimed.

22 Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1,
23 2004 a retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit
24 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as
25 provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser
26 provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section

1 3-85 of the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit
2 certification, accepted by a retailer prior to October 1, 2003
3 and on and after September 1, 2004 as provided in Section 3-85
4 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to satisfy
5 Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in
6 the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject
7 to tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase
8 Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under
9 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to
10 September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's
11 Purchaser Credit reported on annual returns due on or after
12 January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to
13 September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be
14 used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to
15 satisfy any tax liability imposed under this Act, including any
16 audit liability.

17 The Department may require returns to be filed on a
18 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar
19 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the
20 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
21 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
22 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
23 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

24 1. The name of the seller;

25 2. The address of the principal place of business from
26 which he engages in the business of selling tangible

1 personal property at retail in this State;

2 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
3 during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible
4 personal property by him during such preceding calendar
5 month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but
6 less all deductions allowed by law;

7 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
8 Act;

9 5. The amount of tax due; and

10 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
11 may require.

12 Beginning on October 1, 2003, any person who is not a
13 licensed distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer,
14 as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, but is engaged in
15 the business of selling, at retail, alcoholic liquor shall file
16 a statement with the Department of Revenue, in a format and at
17 a time prescribed by the Department, showing the total amount
18 paid for alcoholic liquor purchased during the preceding month
19 and such other information as is reasonably required by the
20 Department. The Department may adopt rules to require that this
21 statement be filed in an electronic or telephonic format. Such
22 rules may provide for exceptions from the filing requirements
23 of this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term
24 "alcoholic liquor" shall have the meaning prescribed in the
25 Liquor Control Act of 1934.

26 Beginning on October 1, 2003, every distributor, importing

1 distributor, and manufacturer of alcoholic liquor as defined in
2 the Liquor Control Act of 1934, shall file a statement with the
3 Department of Revenue, no later than the 10th day of the month
4 for the preceding month during which transactions occurred, by
5 electronic means, showing the total amount of gross receipts
6 from the sale of alcoholic liquor sold or distributed during
7 the preceding month to purchasers; identifying the purchaser to
8 whom it was sold or distributed; the purchaser's tax
9 registration number; and such other information reasonably
10 required by the Department. A distributor, importing
11 distributor, or manufacturer of alcoholic liquor must
12 personally deliver, mail, or provide by electronic means to
13 each retailer listed on the monthly statement a report
14 containing a cumulative total of that distributor's, importing
15 distributor's, or manufacturer's total sales of alcoholic
16 liquor to that retailer no later than the 10th day of the month
17 for the preceding month during which the transaction occurred.
18 The distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer shall
19 notify the retailer as to the method by which the distributor,
20 importing distributor, or manufacturer will provide the sales
21 information. If the retailer is unable to receive the sales
22 information by electronic means, the distributor, importing
23 distributor, or manufacturer shall furnish the sales
24 information by personal delivery or by mail. For purposes of
25 this paragraph, the term "electronic means" includes, but is
26 not limited to, the use of a secure Internet website, e-mail,

1 or facsimile.

2 If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable or
3 creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less than
4 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents or more.

5 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average
6 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all
7 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
8 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has
9 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make
10 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
11 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has
12 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make
13 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
14 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has
15 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all
16 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
17 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the
18 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all
19 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered
20 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year.
21 The term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of
22 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other
23 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the
24 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year
25 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has
26 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of

1 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
2 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
3 funds transfer.

4 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
5 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments
6 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make
7 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
8 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

9 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
10 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
11 with the permission of the Department.

12 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
13 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make
14 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
15 in the manner authorized by the Department.

16 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
17 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
18 requirements of this Section.

19 Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on any
20 return or other document under this Act shall, if such amount
21 is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the nearest
22 whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional part of a
23 dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the nearest
24 whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a dollar is
25 less than 50 cents.

26 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly

1 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to
2 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may
3 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis,
4 with the return for January, February and March of a given year
5 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April,
6 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year;
7 with the return for July, August and September of a given year
8 being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for
9 October, November and December of a given year being due by
10 January 20 of the following year.

11 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or
12 quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax
13 liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the
14 Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual
15 basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20
16 of the following year.

17 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
18 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly
19 returns.

20 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
21 the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the
22 case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business
23 which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act,
24 such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the
25 Department not more than one month after discontinuing such
26 business.

1 Where the same person has more than one business registered
2 with the Department under separate registrations under this
3 Act, such person may not file each return that is due as a
4 single return covering all such registered businesses, but
5 shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

6 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft,
7 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with
8 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of
9 tangible personal property shall file, with the Department,
10 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a
11 separate return for each such item of tangible personal
12 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same
13 transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor
14 vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft,
15 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft,
16 watercraft, motor vehicle retailer or trailer retailer for the
17 purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft,
18 motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft,
19 watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as
20 a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 2-5 of this
21 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all aircraft,
22 watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that
23 transaction to the Department on the same uniform
24 invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of
25 this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4
26 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration

1 and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped
2 with an inboard motor.

3 Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft,
4 aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with
5 an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation tax
6 liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on such
7 transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise required
8 to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file monthly or
9 quarterly returns. However, those retailers shall be required
10 to file returns on an annual basis.

11 The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor
12 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an
13 agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform
14 Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle
15 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name
16 and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price
17 including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in
18 property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the
19 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to
20 which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value
21 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such
22 trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of
23 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the
24 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on
25 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not
26 due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the

1 fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient
2 identification of the property sold; such other information as
3 is required in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle Code, and
4 such other information as the Department may reasonably
5 require.

6 The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft
7 or aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the
8 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling
9 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for
10 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer
11 for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the
12 extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for
13 the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after
14 deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price;
15 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such
16 transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by
17 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that
18 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is
19 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a
20 sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other
21 information as the Department may reasonably require.

22 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later
23 than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that is
24 being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner
25 than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting
26 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the

1 Illinois use tax may be transmitted to the Department by way of
2 the State agency with which, or State officer with whom the
3 tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if
4 titling or registration is required) if the Department and such
5 agency or State officer determine that this procedure will
6 expedite the processing of applications for title or
7 registration.

8 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer
9 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit
10 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is
11 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the
12 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax
13 receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is
14 satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such
15 purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer
16 with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal
17 property that is involved (if titling or registration is
18 required) in support of such purchaser's application for an
19 Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration
20 to such tangible personal property.

21 No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this
22 Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the
23 retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other
24 evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration
25 is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has
26 paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The

1 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the
2 mandate of this paragraph.

3 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer
4 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of
5 the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the
6 retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not
7 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact
8 of such delay by the retailer and may (upon the Department
9 being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit
10 the information required by the transaction reporting return
11 and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to
12 the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption
13 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return
14 and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be
15 credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account
16 with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount
17 provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays
18 the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the
19 same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted
20 if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

21 Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return
22 period to purchasers, on account of tangible personal property
23 returned to the seller, shall be allowed as a deduction under
24 subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly return, as the case
25 may be, in case the seller had theretofore included the
26 receipts from the sale of such tangible personal property in a

1 return filed by him and had paid the tax imposed by this Act
2 with respect to such receipts.

3 Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on
4 behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president,
5 vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly
6 accredited agent of such corporation.

7 Where the seller is a limited liability company, the return
8 filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall be
9 signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent of
10 the limited liability company.

11 Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing the
12 return under this Section shall, at the time of filing such
13 return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this
14 Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75%
15 on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year,
16 whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the
17 retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records,
18 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying
19 data to the Department on request. Any prepayment made pursuant
20 to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the amount on
21 which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. In the case of
22 retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by
23 transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount
24 shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when
25 such retailer files his periodic return. The Department may
26 disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of

1 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but
2 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of
3 registration has become final.

4 Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly
5 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax
6 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax
7 Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be
8 remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was \$10,000
9 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he
10 shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th
11 day of the month next following the month during which such tax
12 liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department
13 on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month
14 during which such liability is incurred. On and after October
15 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the
16 Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service
17 Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any
18 liability for prepaid sales tax to be remitted in accordance
19 with Section 2d of this Act, was \$20,000 or more during the
20 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return
21 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month
22 next following the month during which such tax liability is
23 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before
24 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such
25 liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax
26 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each

1 payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's
2 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the
3 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability
4 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete
5 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and
6 the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the
7 month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or
8 after January 1, 1985 and prior to January 1, 1987, each
9 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
10 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's
11 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If
12 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on
13 or after January 1, 1987 and prior to January 1, 1988, each
14 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
15 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's
16 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If
17 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on
18 or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or
19 begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an
20 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for
21 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same
22 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which
23 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1,
24 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an
25 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for
26 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same

1 calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's
2 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The
3 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited
4 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for
5 that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the
6 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the
7 Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability
8 of \$10,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above
9 shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability
10 to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar
11 quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the
12 month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such
13 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as
14 computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete
15 calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a
16 taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in
17 the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer
18 to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the
19 reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000
20 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the
21 Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On
22 and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of
23 the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by
24 taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or
25 more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue
26 until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the

1 Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters
2 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of
3 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's
4 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for
5 each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar
6 quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can
7 show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's
8 business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate
9 that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably
10 foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated
11 above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a
12 change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department
13 shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds
14 that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be
15 long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at
16 the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the
17 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the
18 difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the
19 amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely
20 paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made
21 payments for that month to the Department in excess of the
22 minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section.
23 The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to
24 govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly
25 payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar
26 monthly basis.

1 The provisions of this paragraph apply before October 1,
2 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make
3 quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who
4 is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit
5 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average in
6 excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 complete
7 calendar quarters, shall file a return with the Department as
8 required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the
9 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the
10 month during which such liability is incurred. If the month
11 during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to the
12 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985, each payment
13 shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the taxpayer's
14 actual liability under Section 2d. If the month during which
15 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1,
16 1986, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the
17 taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the
18 taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the
19 preceding calendar year. If the month during which such tax
20 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, each
21 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's
22 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's
23 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year.
24 The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited
25 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for
26 that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case

1 may be. Once applicable, the requirement of the making of
2 quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this
3 paragraph shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly
4 prepaid tax collections during the preceding 2 complete
5 calendar quarters is \$25,000 or less. If any such quarter
6 monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount
7 required, the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and
8 interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has
9 previously made payments for that month in excess of the
10 minimum payments previously due.

11 The provisions of this paragraph apply on and after October
12 1, 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to
13 make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer
14 who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit
15 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes that average in
16 excess of \$20,000 per month during the preceding 4 complete
17 calendar quarters shall file a return with the Department as
18 required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the
19 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the
20 month during which the liability is incurred. Each payment
21 shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual
22 liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for
23 the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of
24 the quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the
25 final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month
26 filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be.

1 Once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter
2 monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph
3 shall continue until the taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax
4 collections during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters
5 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of
6 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's
7 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for
8 each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar
9 quarters is less than \$20,000. If any such quarter monthly
10 payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required, the
11 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such
12 difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made
13 payments for that month in excess of the minimum payments
14 previously due.

15 If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the
16 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the
17 Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as
18 shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if
19 requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit
20 memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The
21 credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be assigned by
22 the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Use Tax
23 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act,
24 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be
25 prescribed by the Department. If no such request is made, the
26 taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability

1 subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act,
2 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service
3 Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and
4 regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department
5 subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit
6 taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1%
7 and 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75%
8 of the difference between the credit taken and that actually
9 due, and that taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and
10 interest on such difference.

11 If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under
12 Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability
13 to the Department under this Act for the month which the
14 taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the
15 taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess.

16 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
17 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund in the
18 State treasury which is hereby created, the net revenue
19 realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of
20 food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the
21 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft
22 drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate
23 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
24 drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine testing
25 materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.

26 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall

1 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a special
2 fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, 4% of the
3 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25%
4 general rate.

5 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
6 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the
7 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
8 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning
9 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the
10 County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue
11 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
12 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

13 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
14 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue
15 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
16 the selling price of tangible personal property.

17 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
18 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue
19 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
20 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1,
21 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the Local
22 Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the
23 preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of
24 sales tax holiday items.

25 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall
26 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to

1 an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the
2 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of
3 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had
4 been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that
5 are ~~is~~ now taxed at 6.25%.

6 Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay
7 into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue
8 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
9 the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process
10 of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental
11 Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total
12 payment into the Clean Air Act (CAA) Permit Fund under this Act
13 and the Use Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal
14 year.

15 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay
16 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds
17 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax
18 Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the
19 average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund
20 during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois
21 Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the
22 Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act,
23 the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act
24 shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used
25 in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal
26 to the difference between the average monthly claims for

1 payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited
2 into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this
3 paragraph.

4 Beginning January 1, 2014, the Department shall pay into
5 the High Crime Trauma Center Grant Fund 100% of the net revenue
6 realized for the preceding month from the 2% surcharge on the
7 selling price of firearm ammunition.

8 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
9 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the
10 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on
11 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the
12 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal
13 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case
14 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required
15 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this Act,
16 Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax
17 Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts
18 being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of
19 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter
20 called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to
21 the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax
22 Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as
23 hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall
24 be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other
25 moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; the
26 "Annual Specified Amount" means the amounts specified below for

1 fiscal years 1986 through 1993:

2	Fiscal Year	Annual Specified Amount
3	1986	\$54,800,000
4	1987	\$76,650,000
5	1988	\$80,480,000
6	1989	\$88,510,000
7	1990	\$115,330,000
8	1991	\$145,470,000
9	1992	\$182,730,000
10	1993	\$206,520,000;

11 and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as
12 defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or the
13 Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 and
14 each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, that if on
15 the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act
16 Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond
17 Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2)
18 the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the
19 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than
20 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the
21 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois
22 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to
23 the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the
24 payments required under the preceding proviso result in
25 aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to
26 this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of

1 (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for
2 such fiscal year. The amounts payable into the Build Illinois
3 Fund under clause (b) of the first sentence in this paragraph
4 shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount
5 on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and
6 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is
7 sufficient, taking into account any future investment income,
8 to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the
9 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if
10 any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on
11 any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and
12 costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the
13 Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of
14 Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any
15 month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build
16 Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of moneys deposited in the
17 Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such
18 month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred
19 in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build
20 Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section
21 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such
22 deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received
23 by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build
24 Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the
25 Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this
26 sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to

1 clause (b) of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall
 2 reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year
 3 pursuant to that clause (b). The moneys received by the
 4 Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited
 5 into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim
 6 and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond
 7 Act.

8 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
 9 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment
 10 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly
 11 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the
 12 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority
 13 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not
 14 in excess of sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be
 15 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of
 16 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section
 17 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the
 18 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place
 19 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
21	1993	\$0
22	1994	53,000,000
23	1995	58,000,000
24	1996	61,000,000
25	1997	64,000,000

1	1998	68,000,000
2	1999	71,000,000
3	2000	75,000,000
4	2001	80,000,000
5	2002	93,000,000
6	2003	99,000,000
7	2004	103,000,000
8	2005	108,000,000
9	2006	113,000,000
10	2007	119,000,000
11	2008	126,000,000
12	2009	132,000,000
13	2010	139,000,000
14	2011	146,000,000
15	2012	153,000,000
16	2013	161,000,000
17	2014	170,000,000
18	2015	179,000,000
19	2016	189,000,000
20	2017	199,000,000
21	2018	210,000,000
22	2019	221,000,000
23	2020	233,000,000
24	2021	246,000,000
25	2022	260,000,000
26	2023	275,000,000

1	2024	275,000,000
2	2025	275,000,000
3	2026	279,000,000
4	2027	292,000,000
5	2028	307,000,000
6	2029	322,000,000
7	2030	338,000,000
8	2031	350,000,000
9	2032	350,000,000

10 and

11 each fiscal year

12 thereafter that bonds

13 are outstanding under

14 Section 13.2 of the

15 Metropolitan Pier and

16 Exposition Authority Act,

17 but not after fiscal year 2060.

18 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
19 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
20 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
21 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount
22 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by
23 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection
24 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition
25 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits
26 required under this Section for previous months and years,

1 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project
2 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but
3 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit",
4 has been deposited.

5 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
6 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
7 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
8 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30,
9 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax
10 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the
11 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling
12 price of tangible personal property.

13 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
14 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
15 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
16 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of
17 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year
18 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy
19 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the
20 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal
21 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this
22 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric
23 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of
24 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the
25 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

26 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department

1 pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State
2 Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and
3 used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of
4 the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in
5 accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

6 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a
7 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the
8 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not
9 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual
10 information return for the tax year specified in the notice.
11 Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement
12 of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last Federal
13 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as
14 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the
15 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the
16 same period, the retailer shall attach to his annual return a
17 schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the
18 reasons for the difference. The retailer's annual return to the
19 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the
20 retailer during the year covered by such return, opening and
21 closing inventories of such goods for such year, costs of goods
22 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the
23 retailer during such year, payroll information of the
24 retailer's business during such year and any additional
25 reasonable information which the Department deems would be
26 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly

1 or annual returns filed by such retailer as provided for in
2 this Section.

3 If the annual information return required by this Section
4 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable
5 as follows:

6 (i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable
7 for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such
8 taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by
9 the annual return for each month or fraction of a month
10 until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be
11 assessed and collected in the same manner as any other
12 penalty provided for in this Act.

13 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall
14 be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the
15 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

16 The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest
17 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the
18 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who
19 willfully signs the annual return containing false or
20 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished
21 accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the
22 Department shall include a warning that the person signing the
23 return may be liable for perjury.

24 The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of an
25 annual information return do not apply to a retailer who is not
26 required to file an income tax return with the United States

1 Government.

2 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon
3 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
4 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from
5 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount
6 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act
7 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this
8 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

9 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
10 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
11 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
12 overpayment of liability.

13 For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers,
14 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in
15 Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may
16 assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the
17 Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such
18 sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written
19 objection to the Department to this arrangement.

20 Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail
21 selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers at
22 the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs,
23 local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or
24 events, including any transient merchant as defined by Section
25 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is required to file a
26 report with the Department providing the name of the merchant's

1 business, the name of the person or persons engaged in
2 merchant's business, the permanent address and Illinois
3 Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of the merchant,
4 the dates and location of the event and other reasonable
5 information that the Department may require. The report must be
6 filed not later than the 20th day of the month next following
7 the month during which the event with retail sales was held.
8 Any person who fails to file a report required by this Section
9 commits a business offense and is subject to a fine not to
10 exceed \$250.

11 Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible
12 personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type
13 of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art shows,
14 flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or any
15 transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient
16 Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report of
17 the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a daily
18 payment of the full amount of tax due. The Department shall
19 impose this requirement when it finds that there is a
20 significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an
21 exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence
22 that a substantial number of concessionaires or other sellers
23 who are not residents of Illinois will be engaging in the
24 business of selling tangible personal property at retail at the
25 exhibition or event, or other evidence of a significant risk of
26 loss of revenue to the State. The Department shall notify

1 concessionaires and other sellers affected by the imposition of
2 this requirement. In the absence of notification by the
3 Department, the concessionaires and other sellers shall file
4 their returns as otherwise required in this Section.

5 (Source: P.A. 97-95, eff. 7-12-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-24,
6 eff. 6-19-13; 98-109, eff. 7-25-13; 98-496, eff. 1-1-14;
7 revised 9-9-13.)

8 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
9 becoming law.