1 AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections
- 5 17-2.11 and 17-2A as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/17-2.11) (from Ch. 122, par. 17-2.11)
- 7 Sec. 17-2.11. School board power to levy a tax or to borrow
- 8 money and issue bonds for fire prevention, safety, energy
- 9 conservation, disabled accessibility, school security, and
- 10 specified repair purposes.
- 11 (a) Whenever, as a result of any lawful order of any
- 12 agency, other than a school board, having authority to enforce
- any school building code applicable to any facility that houses
- 14 students, or any law or regulation for the protection and
- 15 safety of the environment, pursuant to the Environmental
- Protection Act, any school district having a population of less
- than 500,000 inhabitants is required to alter or reconstruct
- any school building or permanent, fixed equipment; the district
- may, by proper resolution, levy a tax for the purpose of making
- such alteration or reconstruction, based on a survey report by
- 21 an architect or engineer licensed in this State, upon all of
- 22 the taxable property of the district at the value as assessed
- by the Department of Revenue and at a rate not to exceed 0.05%

per year for a period sufficient to finance such alteration or reconstruction, upon the following conditions:

- (1) When there are not sufficient funds available in the operations and maintenance fund of the school district, the school facility occupation tax fund of the district, or the fire prevention and safety fund of the district, as determined by the district on the basis of rules adopted by the State Board of Education, to make such alteration or reconstruction or to purchase and install such permanent, fixed equipment so ordered or determined as necessary. Appropriate school district records must be made available to the State Superintendent of Education, upon request, to confirm this insufficiency.
- engineer licensed in this State stating the estimated amount necessary to make the alteration or reconstruction or to purchase and install the equipment so ordered has been secured by the school district, and the estimate has been approved by the regional superintendent of schools having jurisdiction over the district and the State Superintendent of Education. Approval must not be granted for any work that has already started without the prior express authorization of the State Superintendent of Education. If the estimate is not approved or is denied approval by the regional superintendent of schools within 3 months after the date on which it is submitted to him or

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her, the school board of the district may submit the estimate directly to the State Superintendent of Education for approval or denial.

In the case of an emergency situation, where the estimated cost to effectuate emergency repairs is less than the amount specified in Section 10-20.21 of this Code, the school district may proceed with such repairs prior to approval by the State Superintendent of Education, but shall comply with the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection (a) as soon thereafter as may be as well as Section 10-20.21 of this Code. If the estimated cost to effectuate emergency repairs is greater than the amount specified in Section 10-20.21 of this Code, then the school district shall proceed in conformity with Section 10-20.21 of this Code and with rules established by the State Board of Education to address such situations. The rules adopted by the State Board of Education to deal with these situations shall stipulate that emergency situations must be expedited and given priority consideration. For purposes of this paragraph, an emergency is a situation that presents an imminent and continuing threat to the health and safety of students or other occupants of a facility, requires complete or partial evacuation of a building or part of a building, or consumes one or more of the 5 emergency days built into the adopted calendar of the school or schools or would otherwise be expected to cause such school or schools to fall short of the minimum school calendar requirements.

- (b) Whenever any such district determines that it is necessary for energy conservation purposes that any school building or permanent, fixed equipment should be altered or reconstructed and that such alterations or reconstruction will be made with funds not necessary for the completion of approved and recommended projects contained in any safety survey report or amendments thereto authorized by Section 2-3.12 of this Act; the district may levy a tax or issue bonds as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.
- (c) Whenever any such district determines that it is necessary for disabled accessibility purposes and to comply with the school building code that any school building or equipment should be altered or reconstructed and that such alterations or reconstruction will be made with funds not necessary for the completion of approved and recommended projects contained in any safety survey report or amendments thereto authorized under Section 2-3.12 of this Act, the district may levy a tax or issue bonds as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.
- (d) Whenever any such district determines that it is necessary for school security purposes and the related protection and safety of pupils and school personnel that any school building or property should be altered or reconstructed or that security systems and equipment (including but not limited to intercom, early detection and warning, access control and television monitoring systems) should be purchased

purchase and installation of equipment will be made with funds

not necessary for the completion of approved and recommended

and installed, and that such alterations, reconstruction or

projects contained in any safety survey report or amendment

thereto authorized by Section 2-3.12 of this Act and will deter

and prevent unauthorized entry or activities upon school

property by unknown or dangerous persons, assure early

8 detection and advance warning of any such actual or attempted

unauthorized entry or activities and help assure the continued

safety of pupils and school staff if any such unauthorized

entry or activity is attempted or occurs; the district may levy

a tax or issue bonds as provided in subsection (a) of this

13 Section.

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(e) If a school district does not need funds for other fire prevention and safety projects, including the completion of approved and recommended projects contained in any safety survey report or amendments thereto authorized by Section 2-3.12 of this Act, and it is determined after a public hearing (which is preceded by at least one published notice (i) occurring at least 7 days prior to the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation within the school district and (ii) setting forth the time, date, place, and general subject matter of the hearing) that there is a substantial, immediate, and otherwise unavoidable threat to the health, safety, or welfare of pupils due to disrepair of school sidewalks, playgrounds, parking lots, or school bus turnarounds and repairs must be

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- made; then the district may levy a tax or issue bonds as
- 2 provided in subsection (a) of this Section.
 - (f) For purposes of this Section a school district may replace a school building or build additions to replace portions of a building when it is determined that the effectuation of the recommendations for the existing building will cost more than the replacement costs. Such determination shall be based on a comparison of estimated costs made by an architect or engineer licensed in the State of Illinois. The new building or addition shall be equivalent in area (square feet) and comparable in purpose and grades served and may be on the same site or another site. Such replacement may only be done upon order of the regional superintendent of schools and the approval of the State Superintendent of Education.
 - The filing of a certified copy of the resolution levying the tax when accompanied by the certificates of the regional superintendent of schools and State Superintendent of Education shall be the authority of the county clerk to extend such tax.
 - (h) The county clerk of the county in which any school district levying a tax under the authority of this Section is located, in reducing raised levies, shall not consider any such tax as a part of the general levy for school purposes and shall not include the same in the limitation of any other tax rate which may be extended.
- Such tax shall be levied and collected in like manner as 26

all other taxes of school districts, subject to the provisions contained in this Section.

- (i) The tax rate limit specified in this Section may be increased to .10% upon the approval of a proposition to effect such increase by a majority of the electors voting on that proposition at a regular scheduled election. Such proposition may be initiated by resolution of the school board and shall be certified by the secretary to the proper election authorities for submission in accordance with the general election law.
- (j) When taxes are levied by any school district for fire prevention, safety, energy conservation, and school security purposes as specified in this Section, and the purposes for which the taxes have been levied are accomplished and paid in full, and there remain funds on hand in the Fire Prevention and Safety Fund from the proceeds of the taxes levied, including interest earnings thereon, the school board by resolution shall use such excess and other board restricted funds, excluding bond proceeds and earnings from such proceeds, as follows:
 - (1) for other authorized fire prevention, safety, energy conservation, and school security purposes; or
 - (2) for transfer to the Operations and Maintenance Fund for the purpose of abating an equal amount of operations and maintenance purposes taxes.
- Notwithstanding subdivision (2) of this subsection (j) and subsection (k) of this Section, through June 30, 2016 2013, the school board may, by proper resolution following a public

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hearing set by the school board or the president of the school board (that is preceded (i) by at least one published notice over the name of the clerk or secretary of the board, occurring at least 7 days and not more than 30 days prior to the hearing, in a newspaper of general circulation within the school district and (ii) by posted notice over the name of the clerk or secretary of the board, at least 48 hours before the hearing, at the principal office of the school board or at the building where the hearing is to be held if a principal office does not exist, with both notices setting forth the time, date, place, and subject matter of the hearing), transfer surplus life safety taxes and interest earnings thereon to the Operations and Maintenance Fund for building repair work.

- any transfer is made to the Operation Maintenance Fund, the secretary of the school board shall within 30 days notify the county clerk of the amount of that transfer and direct the clerk to abate the taxes to be extended for the purposes of operations and maintenance authorized under Section 17-2 of this Act by an amount equal to such transfer.
- (1) If the proceeds from the tax levy authorized by this Section are insufficient to complete the work approved under this Section, the school board is authorized to sell bonds without referendum under the provisions of this Section in an amount that, when added to the proceeds of the tax levy authorized by this Section, will allow completion of the approved work.

- (m) Any bonds issued pursuant to this Section shall bear 1
- 2 interest at a rate not to exceed the maximum rate authorized by 3 law at the time of the making of the contract, shall mature within 20 years from date, and shall be signed by the president 4
- 5 of the school board and the treasurer of the school district.
- (n) In order to authorize and issue such bonds, the school 6
- 7 board shall adopt a resolution fixing the amount of bonds, the
- date thereof, the maturities thereof, rates of interest 8
- 9 thereof, place of payment and denomination, which shall be in
- 10 denominations of not less than \$100 and not more than \$5,000,
- and provide for the levy and collection of a direct annual tax 11
- 12 upon all the taxable property in the school district sufficient
- to pay the principal and interest on such bonds to maturity. 13
- 14 Upon the filing in the office of the county clerk of the county
- 15 in which the school district is located of a certified copy of
- 16 the resolution, it is the duty of the county clerk to extend
- 17 the tax therefor in addition to and in excess of all other
- taxes heretofore or hereafter authorized to be levied by such 18
- school district. 19
- 20 (o) After the time such bonds are issued as provided for by
- this Section, if additional alterations or reconstructions are 21
- 22 required to be made because of surveys conducted by an
- 23 architect or engineer licensed in the State of Illinois, the
- 24 district may levy a tax at a rate not to exceed .05% per year
- 25 upon all the taxable property of the district or issue
- 26 additional bonds, whichever action shall be the most feasible.

1 (p) This

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- 1 (p) This Section is cumulative and constitutes complete 2 authority for the issuance of bonds as provided in this Section
- 3 notwithstanding any other statute or law to the contrary.
- (q) With respect to instruments for the payment of money 5 issued under this Section either before, on, or after the effective date of Public Act 86-004 (June 6, 1989), it is, and 6 7 always has been, the intention of the General Assembly (i) that 8 the Omnibus Bond Acts are, and always have been, supplementary 9 grants of power to issue instruments in accordance with the 10 Omnibus Bond Acts, regardless of any provision of this Act that 11 may appear to be or to have been more restrictive than those 12 Acts, (ii) that the provisions of this Section are not a 13 limitation on the supplementary authority granted by the 14 Omnibus Bond Acts, and (iii) that instruments issued under this 15 Section within the supplementary authority granted by the 16 Omnibus Bond Acts are not invalid because of any provision of 17 this Act that may appear to be or to have been more restrictive than those Acts. 18
 - (r) When the purposes for which the bonds are issued have been accomplished and paid for in full and there remain funds on hand from the proceeds of the bond sale and interest earnings therefrom, the board shall, by resolution, use such excess funds in accordance with the provisions of Section 10-22.14 of this Act.
 - (s) Whenever any tax is levied or bonds issued for fire prevention, safety, energy conservation, and school security

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- 1 purposes, such proceeds shall be deposited and accounted for
- 2 separately within the Fire Prevention and Safety Fund.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 95-675, eff. 10-11-07; 95-793, eff. 1-1-09;
- 4 96-252, eff. 8-11-09; 96-1474, eff. 8-23-10.)

5 (105 ILCS 5/17-2A) (from Ch. 122, par. 17-2A)

Sec. 17-2A. Interfund Transfers. The school board of any district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may, by proper resolution following a public hearing set by the school board or the president of the school board (that is preceded (i) by at least one published notice over the name of the clerk or secretary of the board, occurring at least 7 days and not more than 30 days prior to the hearing, in a newspaper of general circulation within the school district and (ii) by posted notice over the name of the clerk or secretary of the board, at least 48 hours before the hearing, at the principal office of the school board or at the building where the hearing is to be held if a principal office does not exist, with both notices setting forth the time, date, place, and subject matter of the hearing), transfer money from (1) the Educational Fund to the Operations and Maintenance Fund or the Transportation (2) the Operations and Maintenance Fund the Educational Fund or the Transportation Fund, or (3) Transportation Fund to the Educational Fund or the Operations and Maintenance Fund of said district, provided that, except during the period from July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2016 2013,

such transfer is made solely for the purpose of meeting 1 2 one-time, non-recurring expenses. Except during the period 3 from July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2016 2013, any other permanent interfund transfers authorized by any provision or 4 5 judicial interpretation of this Code for which the transferee 6 fund is not precisely and specifically set forth in the 7 provision of this Code authorizing such transfer shall be made to the fund of the school district most in need of the funds 8 9 being transferred, as determined by resolution of the school 10 board.

- 11 (Source: P.A. 95-53, eff. 8-10-07; 96-1201, eff. 7-22-10.)
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.