

Rep. John E. Bradley

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Filed: 5/12/2011

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LRB097 05092 KTG 55496 a

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1827

AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 1827 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by changing Sections 10-1, 10-8.1, 10-10, 10-11, and 10-17.1 and by adding Sections 10-15.1 and 10-16.5a as follows:

(305 ILCS 5/10-1) (from Ch. 23, par. 10-1)

Sec. 10-1. Declaration of Public Policy - Persons Eligible for Child Support Enforcement Services - Fees for Non-Applicants and Non-Recipients.) It is the intent of this Code that the financial aid and social welfare services herein provided supplement rather than supplant the primary and continuing obligation of the family unit for self-support to the fullest extent permitted by the resources available to it. This primary and continuing obligation applies whether the family unit of parents and children or of husband and wife

remains intact and resides in a common household or whether the unit has been broken by absence of one or more members of the unit. The obligation of the family unit is particularly applicable when a member is in necessitous circumstances and lacks the means of a livelihood compatible with health and well-being.

It is the purpose of this Article to provide for locating an absent parent or spouse, for determining his financial circumstances, and for enforcing his legal obligation of support, if he is able to furnish support, in whole or in part. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall give priority to establishing, enforcing and collecting the current support obligation, and then to past due support owed to the family unit, except with respect to collections effected through the intercept programs provided for in this Article.

The child support enforcement services provided hereunder shall be furnished dependents of an absent parent or spouse who are applicants for or recipients of financial aid under this Code. It is not, however, a condition of eligibility for financial aid that there be no responsible relatives who are reasonably able to provide support. Nor, except as provided in Sections 4-1.7 and 10-8, shall the existence of such relatives or their payment of support contributions disqualify a needy person for financial aid.

By accepting financial aid under this Code, a spouse or a parent or other person having custody of a child shall be

deemed to have made assignment to the Illinois Department for aid under Articles III, IV, V and VII or to a local governmental unit for aid under Article VI of any and all rights, title, and interest in any support obligation, excluding including statutory interest thereon, up to the amount of financial aid provided. The rights to support assigned to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Illinois Department of Public Aid) or local governmental unit shall constitute an obligation owed the State or local governmental unit by the person who is responsible for providing the support, and shall be collectible under all applicable processes.

The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall also furnish the child support enforcement services established under this Article in behalf of persons who are not applicants for or recipients of financial aid under this Code in accordance with the requirements of Title IV, Part D of the Social Security Act. The Department may establish a schedule of reasonable fees, to be paid for the services provided and may deduct a collection fee, not to exceed 10% of the amount collected, from such collection. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall cause to be published and distributed publications reasonably calculated to inform the public that individuals who are not recipients of or applicants for public aid under this Code are eligible for the child support enforcement services under this Article X. Such publications

- 1 shall set forth an explanation, in plain language, that the
- 2 child support enforcement services program is independent of
- 3 any public aid program under the Code and that the receiving of
- 4 child support enforcement services in no way implies that the
- 5 person receiving such services is receiving public aid.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 94-90, eff. 1-1-06; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)
- 7 (305 ILCS 5/10-8.1)
- 8 Sec. 10-8.1. Temporary order for child support.
- 9 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, pending the
- 10 outcome of an administrative determination of parentage, the
- 11 Illinois Department shall issue a temporary order for child
- 12 support, upon motion by a party and a showing of clear and
- convincing evidence of paternity. In determining the amount of
- 14 the temporary child support award, the Illinois Department
- shall use the guidelines and standards set forth in subsection
- 16 (a) of Section 505 and in Section 505.2 of the Illinois
- 17 Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.
- Any new or existing support order entered by the Illinois
- 19 Department under this Section shall be deemed to be a series of
- 20 judgments against the person obligated to pay support
- 21 thereunder, each such judgment to be in the amount of each
- 22 payment or installment of support and each judgment to be
- 23 deemed entered as of the date the corresponding payment or
- installment becomes due under the terms of the support order.
- 25 Each such judgment shall have the full force, effect, and

attributes of any other judgment of this State, including the ability to be enforced. Any such judgment is subject to modification or termination only in accordance with Section 510 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.

Interest shall accrue on support obligations as provided in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure. A lien arises by operation of law against the real and personal property of the noncustodial parent for each installment of overdue support owed by the noncustodial parent.

All orders for support entered or modified in a case in which a party is receiving child support enforcement services under this Article X shall include a provision requiring the non-custodial parent to notify the Illinois Department, within 7 days, (i) of the name, address, and telephone number of any new employer of the non-custodial parent, (ii) whether the non-custodial parent has access to health insurance coverage through the employer or other group coverage, and, if so, the policy name and number and the names of persons covered under the policy, and (iii) of any new residential or mailing address or telephone number of the non-custodial parent.

In any subsequent action to enforce a support order, upon sufficient showing that diligent effort has been made to ascertain the location of the non-custodial parent, service of process or provision of notice necessary in that action may be made at the last known address of the non-custodial parent, in any manner expressly provided by the Code of Civil Procedure or

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1 this Act, which service shall be sufficient for purposes of due 2 process.

An order for support shall include a date on which the current support obligation terminates. The termination date shall be no earlier than the date on which the child covered by the order will attain the age of 18. However, if the child will not graduate from high school until after attaining the age of 18, then the termination date shall be no earlier than the earlier of the date on which the child's high school graduation will occur or the date on which the child will attain the age of 19. The order for support shall state that the termination date does not apply to any arrearage that may remain unpaid on that date. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prevent the Illinois Department from modifying the order or terminating the order in the event the child is otherwise emancipated.

If there is an unpaid arrearage or delinquency (as those terms are defined in the Income Withholding for Support Act) equal to at least one month's support obligation on the termination date stated in the order for support or, if there is no termination date stated in the order, on the date the child attains the age of majority or is otherwise emancipated, then the periodic amount required to be paid for current support of that child immediately prior to that date shall automatically continue to be an obligation, not as current support but as periodic payment toward satisfaction of the

1 unpaid arrearage or delinquency. That periodic payment shall be 2 in addition to any periodic payment previously required for 3 satisfaction of the arrearage or delinquency. The total 4 periodic amount to be paid toward satisfaction of the arrearage 5 or delinquency may be enforced and collected by any method 6 provided by law for the enforcement and collection of child support, including but not limited to income withholding under 7 the Income Withholding for Support Act. Each order for support 8 9 entered or modified on or after the effective date of this 10 amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly must contain a 11 statement notifying the parties of the requirements of this paragraph. Failure to include the statement in the order for 12 13 support does not affect the validity of the order or the 14 operation of the provisions of this paragraph with regard to 15 the order. This paragraph shall not be construed to prevent or 16 affect the establishment or modification of an order for the support of a minor child or the establishment or modification 17 18 of an order for the support of a non-minor child or educational 19 expenses under Section 513 of the Illinois Marriage and 20 Dissolution of Marriage Act.

- 21 (Source: P.A. 92-590, eff. 7-1-02; 92-876, eff. 6-1-03;
- 22 93-1061, eff. 1-1-05.)
- 23 (305 ILCS 5/10-10) (from Ch. 23, par. 10-10)
- Sec. 10-10. Court enforcement; applicability also to
- 25 persons who are not applicants or recipients. Except where the

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Department, by agreement, acts for the Illinois local governmental unit, as provided in Section 10-3.1, governmental units shall refer to the State's Attorney or to the proper legal representative of the governmental unit, for enforcement as herein provided, instances non-support or insufficient support when the dependents are applicants or recipients under Article VI. The Child and Spouse Support Unit established by Section 10-3.1 may institute in behalf of the Illinois Department any actions under this Section for judicial enforcement of the support liability when the dependents are (a) applicants or recipients under Articles III, IV, V or VII; (b) applicants or recipients in a local governmental unit when the Illinois Department, by agreement, acts for the unit; or (c) non-applicants or non-recipients who are receiving child support enforcement services under this Article X, as provided in Section 10-1. Where the Child and Spouse Support Unit has exercised its option and discretion not to apply the provisions of Sections 10-3 through 10-8, the failure by the Unit to apply such provisions shall not be a bar to bringing an action under this Section.

Action shall be brought in the circuit court to obtain support, or for the recovery of aid granted during the period such support was not provided, or both for the obtainment of support and the recovery of the aid provided. Actions for the recovery of aid may be taken separately or they may be consolidated with actions to obtain support. Such actions may

1 be brought in the name of the person or persons requiring

support, or may be brought in the name of the Illinois

3 Department or the local governmental unit, as the case

requires, in behalf of such persons.

The court may enter such orders for the payment of moneys for the support of the person as may be just and equitable and may direct payment thereof for such period or periods of time as the circumstances require, including support for a period before the date the order for support is entered. The order may be entered against any or all of the defendant responsible relatives and may be based upon the proportionate ability of each to contribute to the person's support.

The Court shall determine the amount of child support (including child support for a period before the date the order for child support is entered) by using the guidelines and standards set forth in subsection (a) of Section 505 and in Section 505.2 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act. For purposes of determining the amount of child support to be paid for a period before the date the order for child support is entered, there is a rebuttable presumption that the responsible relative's net income for that period was the same as his or her net income at the time the order is entered.

If (i) the responsible relative was properly served with a request for discovery of financial information relating to the responsible relative's ability to provide child support, (ii)

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the responsible relative failed to comply with the request, despite having been ordered to do so by the court, and (iii) the responsible relative is not present at the hearing to determine support despite having received proper notice, then any relevant financial information concerning the responsible relative's ability to provide child support that was obtained pursuant to subpoena and proper notice shall be admitted into evidence without the need to establish any further foundation for its admission.

An order entered under this Section shall include a provision requiring the obligor to report to the obligee and to the clerk of court within 10 days each time the obligor obtains new employment, and each time the obligor's employment is terminated for any reason. The report shall be in writing and shall, in the case of new employment, include the name and address of the new employer. Failure to report new employment or the termination of current employment, if coupled with nonpayment of support for a period in excess of 60 days, is indirect criminal contempt. For any obligor arrested for failure to report new employment bond shall be set in the amount of the child support that should have been paid during the period of unreported employment. An order entered under this Section shall also include a provision requiring the obligor and obligee parents to advise each other of a change in residence within 5 days of the change except when the court finds that the physical, mental, or emotional health of a party

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1 or that of a minor child, or both, would be seriously endangered by disclosure of the party's address. 2

The Court shall determine the amount of maintenance using the standards set forth in Section 504 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.

Any new or existing support order entered by the court under this Section shall be deemed to be a series of judgments against the person obligated to pay support thereunder, each such judgment to be in the amount of each payment or installment of support and each such judgment to be deemed entered as of the date the corresponding payment or installment becomes due under the terms of the support order. Each such judgment shall have the full force, effect and attributes of any other judgment of this State, including the ability to be enforced. Any such judgment is subject to modification or termination only in accordance with Section 510 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act. Interest shall accrue on support obligations as provided in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure. A lien arises by operation of law against the real and personal property of the noncustodial parent for each installment of overdue support owed by the noncustodial parent.

When an order is entered for the support of a minor, the court may provide therein for reasonable visitation of the minor by the person or persons who provided support pursuant to the order. Whoever willfully refuses to comply with such

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1 visitation order or willfully interferes with its enforcement may be declared in contempt of court and punished therefor. 2

Except where the local governmental unit has entered into an agreement with the Illinois Department for the Child and Spouse Support Unit to act for it, as provided in Section 10-3.1, support orders entered by the court in cases involving applicants or recipients under Article VI shall provide that payments thereunder be made directly to the local governmental unit. Orders for the support of all other applicants or recipients shall provide that payments thereunder be made directly to the Illinois Department. In accordance with federal law and regulations, the Illinois Department may continue to collect current maintenance payments child or payments, or both, after those persons cease to receive public assistance and until termination of services under Article X. The Illinois Department shall pay the net amount collected to those persons after deducting any costs incurred in making the collection or any collection fee from the amount of any recovery made. In both cases the order shall permit the local governmental unit or the Illinois Department, as the case may be, to direct the responsible relative or relatives to make support payments directly to the needy person, or to some person or agency in his behalf, upon removal of the person from the public aid rolls or upon termination of services under Article X.

If the notice of support due issued pursuant to Section

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1 10-7 directs that support payments be made directly to the needy person, or to some person or agency in his behalf, and 2 3 the recipient is removed from the public aid rolls, court 4 action may be taken against the responsible relative hereunder 5 if he fails to furnish support in accordance with the terms of 6 such notice.

Actions may also be brought under this Section in behalf of any person who is in need of support from responsible relatives, as defined in Section 2-11 of Article II who is not an applicant for or recipient of financial aid under this Code. In such instances, the State's Attorney of the county in which such person resides shall bring action against the responsible relatives hereunder. If the Illinois Department, as authorized by Section 10-1, extends the child support enforcement services provided by this Article to spouses and dependent children who are not applicants or recipients under this Code, the Child and Spouse Support Unit established by Section 10-3.1 shall bring action against the responsible relatives hereunder and any support orders entered by the court in such cases shall provide that payments thereunder be made directly to the Illinois Department.

Whenever it is determined in a proceeding to establish or enforce a child support or maintenance obligation that the person owing a duty of support is unemployed, the court may order the person to seek employment and report periodically to the court with a diary, listing or other memorandum of his or

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her efforts in accordance with such order. Additionally, the court may order the unemployed person to report to the Department of Employment Security for job search services or to make application with the local Job Training Partnership Act provider for participation in job search, training or work programs and where the duty of support is owed to a child receiving child support enforcement services under this Article X, the court may order the unemployed person to report to the Illinois Department for participation in job search, training or work programs established under Section 9-6 and Article IXA of this Code.

Whenever it is determined that a person owes past-due support for a child receiving assistance under this Code, the court shall order at the request of the Illinois Department:

- (1) that the person pay the past-due support in accordance with a plan approved by the court; or
- (2) if the person owing past-due support is unemployed, is subject to such a plan, and is not incapacitated, that the person participate in such job search, training, or work programs established under Section 9-6 and Article IXA of this Code as the court deems appropriate.

A determination under this Section shall not be administratively reviewable by the procedures specified in Sections 10-12, and 10-13 to 10-13.10. Any determination under these Sections, if made the basis of court action under this Section, shall not affect the de novo judicial determination

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required under this Section.

A one-time charge of 20% is imposable upon the amount of past-due child support owed on July 1, 1988 which has accrued under a support order entered by the court. The charge shall be imposed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10-21 of this Code and shall be enforced by the court upon petition.

All orders for support, when entered or modified, shall include a provision requiring the non-custodial parent to notify the court and, in cases in which a party is receiving child support enforcement services under this Article X, the Illinois Department, within 7 days, (i) of the name, address, and telephone number of any new employer of the non-custodial parent, (ii) whether the non-custodial parent has access to health insurance coverage through the employer or other group coverage and, if so, the policy name and number and the names of persons covered under the policy, and (iii) of any new residential or mailing address or telephone number of the non-custodial parent. In any subsequent action to enforce a support order, upon a sufficient showing that a diligent effort has been made to ascertain the location of the non-custodial parent, service of process or provision of notice necessary in the case may be made at the last known address of the non-custodial parent in any manner expressly provided by the Code of Civil Procedure or this Code, which service shall be sufficient for purposes of due process.

An order for support shall include a date on which the

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current support obligation terminates. The termination date shall be no earlier than the date on which the child covered by the order will attain the age of 18. However, if the child will not graduate from high school until after attaining the age of 18, then the termination date shall be no earlier than the earlier of the date on which the child's high school graduation will occur or the date on which the child will attain the age of 19. The order for support shall state that the termination date does not apply to any arrearage that may remain unpaid on that date. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prevent the court from modifying the order or terminating the order in the event the child is otherwise emancipated.

If there is an unpaid arrearage or delinquency (as those terms are defined in the Income Withholding for Support Act) equal to at least one month's support obligation on the termination date stated in the order for support or, if there is no termination date stated in the order, on the date the child attains the age of majority or is otherwise emancipated, then the periodic amount required to be paid for current support of that child immediately prior to that date shall automatically continue to be an obligation, not as current support but as periodic payment toward satisfaction of the unpaid arrearage or delinquency. That periodic payment shall be in addition to any periodic payment previously required for satisfaction of the arrearage or delinquency. The total periodic amount to be paid toward satisfaction of the arrearage

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or delinquency may be enforced and collected by any method provided by law for the enforcement and collection of child support, including but not limited to income withholding under the Income Withholding for Support Act. Each order for support entered or modified on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly must contain a statement notifying the parties of the requirements of this paragraph. Failure to include the statement in the order for support does not affect the validity of the order or the operation of the provisions of this paragraph with regard to the order. This paragraph shall not be construed to prevent or affect the establishment or modification of an order for the support of a minor child or the establishment or modification of an order for the support of a non-minor child or educational expenses under Section 513 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.

Payments under this Section to the Illinois Department pursuant to the Child Support Enforcement Program established by Title IV-D of the Social Security Act shall be paid into the Child Support Enforcement Trust Fund. All payments under this Section to the Illinois Department of Human Services shall be deposited in the DHS Recoveries Trust Fund. Disbursements from these funds shall be as provided in Sections 12-9.1 and 12-10.2 of this Code. Payments received by a local governmental unit shall be deposited in that unit's General Assistance Fund.

To the extent the provisions of this Section are

- inconsistent with the requirements pertaining to the State 1
- 2 Disbursement Unit under Sections 10-10.4 and 10-26 of this
- Code, the requirements pertaining to the State Disbursement 3
- 4 Unit shall apply.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 94-88, eff. 1-1-06; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)
- (305 ILCS 5/10-11) (from Ch. 23, par. 10-11) 6

Sec. 10-11. Administrative Orders. In lieu of actions for 7 8 court enforcement of support under Section 10-10, the Child and 9 Spouse Support Unit of the Illinois Department, in accordance 10 with the rules of the Illinois Department, may issue an administrative order requiring the responsible relative to 11 12 comply with the terms of the determination and notice of support due, determined and issued under Sections 10-6 and 13 14 10-7. The Unit may also enter an administrative order under 15 subsection (b) of Section 10-7. The administrative order shall be served upon the responsible relative by United States 16 registered or certified mail. In cases in which the responsible 17 relative appeared at the office of the Child and Spouse Support 18 19 Unit in response to the notice of support obligation issued under Section 10-4, however, or in cases of default in which 20 21 the notice was served on the responsible relative by certified 22 mail, return receipt requested, or by any method provided by 23 law for service of summons, the administrative determination of 24 paternity or administrative support order may be sent to the 25 responsible relative by ordinary mail addressed to

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1 responsible relative's last known address.

> If a responsible relative or a person receiving child support enforcement services under this Article fails to petition the Illinois Department for release from or modification of the administrative order, as provided in Section 10-12 or Section 10-12.1, the order shall become final and there shall be no further administrative or judicial remedy. Likewise a decision by the Illinois Department as a result of an administrative hearing, as provided in Sections 10-13 to 10-13.10, shall become final and enforceable if not judicially reviewed under the Administrative Review Law, as provided in Section 10-14.

> Any new or existing support order entered by the Illinois Department under this Section shall be deemed to be a series of against the person obligated to pay support thereunder, each such judgment to be in the amount of each payment or installment of support and each such judgment to be deemed entered as of the date the corresponding payment or installment becomes due under the terms of the support order. Each such judgment shall have the full force, effect and attributes of any other judgment of this State, including the ability to be enforced. Any such judgment is subject to modification or termination only in accordance with Section 510 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act. Interest shall accrue on support obligations as provided in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure. A lien arises by

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1 operation of law against the real and personal property of the 2 noncustodial parent for each installment of overdue support 3 owed by the noncustodial parent.

An order for support shall include a date on which the current support obligation terminates. The termination date shall be no earlier than the date on which the child covered by the order will attain the age of majority or is otherwise emancipated. The order for support shall state that the termination date does not apply to any arrearage that may remain unpaid on that date. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prevent modification of the order by the Department.

If there is an unpaid arrearage or delinquency (as those terms are defined in the Income Withholding for Support Act) equal to at least one month's support obligation on the termination date stated in the order for support or, if there is no termination date stated in the order, on the date the child attains the age of majority or is otherwise emancipated, then the periodic amount required to be paid for current support of that child immediately prior to that date shall automatically continue to be an obligation, not as current support but as periodic payment toward satisfaction of the unpaid arrearage or delinquency. That periodic payment shall be in addition to any periodic payment previously required for satisfaction of the arrearage or delinguency. The total periodic amount to be paid toward satisfaction of the arrearage

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or delinquency may be enforced and collected by any method provided by law for the enforcement and collection of child support, including but not limited to income withholding under the Income Withholding for Support Act. Each order for support entered or modified on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly must contain a statement notifying the parties of the requirements of this paragraph. Failure to include the statement in the order for support does not affect the validity of the order or the operation of the provisions of this paragraph with regard to the order. This paragraph shall not be construed to prevent or affect the establishment or modification of an order for the support of a minor child or the establishment or modification of an order for the support of a non-minor child or educational expenses under Section 513 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.

An order for support shall include a date on which the support obligation terminates. The termination date shall be no earlier than the date on which the child covered by the order will attain the age of 18. However, if the child will not graduate from high school until after attaining the age of 18, then the termination date shall be no earlier than the earlier of the date that the child's graduation will occur or the date on which the child will attain the age of 19. The order for support shall state that the termination date does not apply to any arrearage that may remain unpaid on that date. Nothing in

- 1 this paragraph shall be construed to prevent the Illinois
- 2 Department from modifying the order or terminating the order in
- the event the child is otherwise emancipated. 3
- 4 (Source: P.A. 92-590, eff. 7-1-02; 92-876, eff. 6-1-03;
- 5 93-1061, eff. 1-1-05.)
- 6 (305 ILCS 5/10-15.1 new)
- 7 Sec. 10-15.1. Judicial registration of administrative
- 8 support orders.
- 9 (a) A final administrative support order established by the
- 10 Illinois Department under this Article X may be registered in
- the appropriate circuit court of this State by the Department 11
- 12 or by a party to the order by filing:
- 13 (1) Two copies, including one certified copy of the
- 14 order to be registered, any modification of the
- 15 administrative support order, any voluntary acknowledgment
- of paternity pertaining to the child covered by the order, 16
- and the documents showing service of the notice of support 17
- obligation that commenced the procedure for establishment 18
- 19 of the administrative support order pursuant to Section
- 20 10-4 of this Code.
- 21 (2) A sworn statement by the person requesting
- 22 registration or a certified copy of the Department payment
- 23 record showing the amount of any past due support accrued
- 24 under the administrative support order.
- (3) The name of the obligor and, if known, the 25

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obligor's address and social security number.

- (4) The name of the obligee and the obligee's address, unless the oblique alleges in an affidavit or pleading under oath that the health, safety, or liberty of the obligee or child would be jeopardized by disclosure of specific identifying information, in which case that information must be sealed and may not be disclosed to the other party or public. After a hearing in which the court takes into consideration the health, safety, or liberty of the party or child, the court may order disclosure of information that the court determines to be in the interest of justice.
- (b) The filing of an administrative support order under Subsection (a) constitutes registration with the circuit court.
- (c) A petition or comparable pleading seeking a remedy that must be affirmatively sought under other law of this State may be filed at the same time as the request for registration or later. The pleading must specify the grounds for the remedy sought.
- (d) When an administrative support order is registered, the court shall notify the nonregistering party and the Illinois Department, unless the Department is requesting registration of its order. The notice, which shall be served on the nonregistering party by any method provided by law for service of a summons, must be accompanied by a copy of the registered

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1	administrative support order and the documents and relevant
2	information accompanying the order.
3	(e) A notice of registration of an administrative support
4	order must provide the following information:

- That a registered administrative order is enforceable in the same manner as an order for support issued by the circuit court.
- (2) That a hearing to contest enforcement of the registered administrative support order must be requested within 30 days after the date of service of the notice.
- (3) That failure to contest, in a timely manner, the enforcement of the registered administrative support order shall result in confirmation of the order and enforcement of the order and the alleged arrearages and precludes further contest of that order with respect to any matter that could have been asserted.
 - (4) The amount of any alleged arrearages.
- (f) A nonregistering party seeking to contest enforcement of a registered administrative support order shall request a hearing within 30 days after the date of service of notice of the registration. The nonregistering party may seek to vacate the registration, to assert any defense to an allegation of noncompliance with the registered administrative support order, or to contest the remedies being sought or the amount of any alleged arrearages.
 - (g) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the

1	enforcement of the registered administrative support order in a
2	timely manner, the order shall be confirmed by operation of
3	law.
4	(h) If a nonregistering party requests a hearing to contest
5	the enforcement of the registered administrative support
6	order, the circuit court shall schedule the matter for hearing
7	and give notice to the parties and the Illinois Department of
8	the date, time, and place of the hearing.
9	(i) A party contesting the enforcement of a registered
10	administrative support order or seeking to vacate the
11	registration has the burden of proving one or more of the
12	<pre>following defenses:</pre>
13	(1) The Illinois Department lacked personal
14	jurisdiction over the contesting party.
15	(2) The administrative support order was obtained by
16	<u>fraud.</u>
17	(3) The administrative support order has been vacated,
18	suspended, or modified by a later order.
19	(4) The Illinois Department has stayed the
20	administrative support order pending appeal.
21	(5) There is a defense under the law to the remedy
22	sought.
23	(6) Full or partial payment has been made.
24	(j) If a party presents evidence establishing a full or
25	partial payment defense under subsection (i), the court may

stay enforcement of the registered order, continue the

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1 proceeding to permit production of additional relevant evidence, and issue other appropriate orders. An uncontested 2 3 portion of the registered administrative support order may be

enforced by all remedies available under State law.

(k) If a contesting party does not establish a defense under subsection (i) to the enforcement of the administrative support order, the court shall issue an order confirming the administrative support order. Confirmation of the registered administrative support order, whether by operation of law or after notice and hearing, precludes further contest of the order with respect to any matter that could have been asserted at the time of registration. Upon confirmation, the registered administrative support order shall be treated in the same manner as a support order entered by the circuit court, including the ability of the court to entertain a petition to modify the administrative support order due to a substantial change in circumstances, or petitions for visitation or custody of the child or children covered by the administrative support order. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to alter the effect of a final administrative support order, or the restriction of judicial review of such a final order to the provisions of the Administrative Review Law, as provided in Section 10-11 of this Code.

- 24 (305 ILCS 5/10-16.5a new)
- 25 Sec. 10-16.5a. No enforcement of interest on support

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- 1 obligations. Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly, and notwithstanding any other 2 law to the contrary, the Illinois Department shall have no 3 4 further duty or authority to enforce and collect interest 5 accrued on support obligations established under this Code or under any other law, including any interest on support accrued 6 and deemed to have been assigned to the State under previous 7 8 law.
- 9 (305 ILCS 5/10-17.1) (from Ch. 23, par. 10-17.1)
 - Sec. 10-17.1. Administrative Order by Registration. The Illinois Department may provide by rule for the administrative registration of a support order entered by a court or administrative body of another state. The purpose of registration shall be to enforce or modify the order in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act. Upon registration, such support order shall become an administrative order of the Child and Spouse Support Unit by operation of law. The rule shall provide for notice to and an opportunity to be heard by the responsible relative and custodial parent affected, and any final administrative decision rendered by the Department shall be reviewed only under and in accordance with the Administrative Review Law.

Any new or existing support order registered by the Illinois Department under this Section shall be deemed to be a series of judgments against the person obligated to pay support

- 1 thereunder, each such judgment to be in the amount of each
- 2 payment or installment of support and each such judgment to be
- deemed entered as of the date the corresponding payment or 3
- 4 installment becomes due under the terms of the support order.
- 5 Each such judgment shall be enforceable in the same manner as
- 6 any other judgment in this State. Interest shall accrue on
- support obligations as provided in Section 12-109 of the Code 7
- of Civil Procedure. A lien arises by operation of law against 8
- the real and personal property of the noncustodial parent for 9
- 10 each installment of overdue support owed by the noncustodial
- 11 parent.
- A one-time charge of 20% is imposable upon the amount of 12
- 13 past-due child support owed on July 1, 1988, which has accrued
- 14 under a support order registered by the Illinois Department
- 15 under this Section. The charge shall be imposed in accordance
- 16 with the provisions of Section 10-21 and shall be enforced by
- the court in a suit filed under Section 10-15. 17
- (Source: P.A. 90-18, eff. 7-1-97; 90-790, eff. 8-14-98.) 18
- 19 (305 ILCS 5/10-16.5 rep.)
- Section 7. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by 2.0
- 21 repealing Section 10-16.5.
- 22 Section 10. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by
- 23 changing Section 12-109 as follows:

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- 1 (735 ILCS 5/12-109) (from Ch. 110, par. 12-109)
- Sec. 12-109. Interest on judgments. 2
 - (a) Every judgment except those arising by operation of law from child support orders shall bear interest thereon as provided in Section 2-1303.
 - (b) Every judgment arising by operation of law from a support order and judgments for retroactive support shall bear interest as provided in this subsection. The interest on judgments arising by operation of law from support orders and judgments for retroactive support shall be calculated by applying one-twelfth of the current statutory interest rate as provided in Section 2-1303 to the unpaid balances, as of the end of the calendar month, of arrearages and any judgments for retroactive support as previously determined by the court and incorporated into an order for support. Interest on such court determinations of arrearages and judgments for retroactive support shall commence accrual starting at the end of the month after the month in which the court's order was entered. The accrued interest shall not be included in the unpaid support balances when calculating interest at the end of the month. The unpaid support balances of arrearages and any judgments for retroactive support as of the end of each month shall be determined by applying all payments received for the month as follows: first, to the total monthly current support obligation; second, to any delinquency that has accrued since the last order for support was entered; third, to any unpaid

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arrearages and balances on any judgments for retroactive support; and fourth, to any accrued interest. Federal income tax refund intercepts shall be applied in accordance with federal law and regulation. The terms "arrearage" "delinquency" are defined as provided in the Income Withholding for Support Act. Every judgment arising by operation of law from a child support order shall bear interest as provided in this subsection. The interest on judgments arising by operation of law from child support orders shall be calculated by applying one-twelfth of the current statutory interest rate as provided in Section 2-1303 to the unpaid child support balance as of the end of each calendar month. The unpaid child support balance at the end of the month is the total amount of child support ordered, excluding the child support that was due for that month to the extent that it was not paid in that month and including judgments for retroactive child support, less all payments received and applied as set forth in this subsection. The accrued interest shall not be included in the unpaid child support balance when calculating interest at the end of month. The unpaid child support balance as of the end of each month shall be determined by calculating the current monthly child support obligation and applying all payments received for that month, except federal income tax refund intercepts, first to the current monthly child support obligation and then applying any payments in excess of the current monthly child support obligation to the unpaid child support balance owed

from previous months. The current monthly child support obligation shall be determined from the document that established the support obligation. Federal income tax refund intercepts and any payments in excess of the current monthly child support obligation shall be applied to the unpaid child support balance. Any payments in excess of the current monthly child support obligation and the unpaid child support balance shall be applied to the accrued interest on the unpaid child support balance. Interest on child support obligations may be collected by any means available under federal and State laws, rules, and regulations providing for the collection of child support.

(Source: P.A. 94-90, eff. 1-1-06.)

Section 15. The Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act is amended by changing Sections 504 and 505 as follows:

17 (750 ILCS 5/504) (from Ch. 40, par. 504)

18 Sec. 504. Maintenance.

(a) In a proceeding for dissolution of marriage or legal separation or declaration of invalidity of marriage, or a proceeding for maintenance following dissolution of the marriage by a court which lacked personal jurisdiction over the absent spouse, the court may grant a temporary or permanent maintenance award for either spouse in amounts and for periods

- 1 of time as the court deems just, without regard to marital
- misconduct, in gross or for fixed or indefinite periods of 2
- 3 time, and the maintenance may be paid from the income or
- 4 property of the other spouse after consideration of all
- 5 relevant factors, including:

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- (1) the income and property of each party, including 6 7 marital property apportioned and non-marital property 8 assigned to the party seeking maintenance;
 - (2) the needs of each party;
 - (3) the present and future earning capacity of each party;
 - (4) any impairment of the present and future earning capacity of the party seeking maintenance due to that party devoting time to domestic duties or having forgone or delayed education, training, employment, or opportunities due to the marriage;
 - (5) the time necessary to enable the party seeking maintenance to acquire appropriate education, training, and employment, and whether that party is able to support himself or herself through appropriate employment or is the custodian of a child making it appropriate that the custodian not seek employment;
 - (6) the standard of living established during the marriage;
 - (7) the duration of the marriage;
 - (8) the age and the physical and emotional condition of

both parties;

- (9) the tax consequences of the property division upon the respective economic circumstances of the parties;
- (10) contributions and services by the party seeking maintenance to the education, training, career or career potential, or license of the other spouse;
 - (11) any valid agreement of the parties; and
- (12) any other factor that the court expressly finds to be just and equitable.
- (b) (Blank).
 - (b-5) Any maintenance obligation including any unallocated maintenance and child support obligation, or any portion of any support obligation, that becomes due and remains unpaid shall accrue simple interest as set forth in Section 505 of this Act.
 - (b-7) Any new or existing maintenance order including any unallocated maintenance and child support order entered by the court under this Section shall be deemed to be a series of judgments against the person obligated to pay support thereunder. Each such judgment to be in the amount of each payment or installment of support and each such judgment to be deemed entered as of the date the corresponding payment or installment becomes due under the terms of the support order, except no judgment shall arise as to any installment coming due after the termination of maintenance as provided by Section 510 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act or the provisions of any order for maintenance. Each such judgment

- shall have the full force, effect and attributes of any other 1
- judgment of this State, including the ability to be enforced. 2
- Interest shall accrue on maintenance obligations including 3
- 4 unallocated maintenance and child support obligations as
- 5 provided in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure. A
- 6 lien arises by operation of law against the real and personal
- property of the obligor for each installment of overdue support 7
- 8 owed by the obligor.
- 9 The court may grant and enforce the payment of
- 10 maintenance during the pendency of an appeal as the court shall
- 11 deem reasonable and proper.
- (d) No maintenance shall accrue during the period in which 12
- a party is imprisoned for failure to comply with the court's 13
- 14 order for the payment of such maintenance.
- 15 (e) When maintenance is to be paid through the clerk of the
- 16 court in a county of 1,000,000 inhabitants or less, the order
- shall direct the obligor to pay to the clerk, in addition to 17
- the maintenance payments, all fees imposed by the county board 18
- under paragraph (3) of subsection (u) of Section 27.1 of the 19
- 20 Clerks of Courts Act. Unless paid in cash or pursuant to an
- order for withholding, the payment of the fee shall be by a 21
- 22 separate instrument from the support payment and shall be made
- to the order of the Clerk. 23
- 24 (Source: P.A. 94-89, eff. 1-1-06.)
- 25 (750 ILCS 5/505) (from Ch. 40, par. 505)

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1 Sec. 505. Child support; contempt; penalties.

(a) In a proceeding for dissolution of marriage, legal separation, declaration of invalidity of proceeding for child support following dissolution of the marriage by a court which lacked personal jurisdiction over the absent spouse, a proceeding for modification of a previous order for child support under Section 510 of this Act, or any proceeding authorized under Section 501 or 601 of this Act, the court may order either or both parents owing a duty of support to a child of the marriage to pay an amount reasonable and necessary for his support, without regard to marital misconduct. The duty of support owed to a child includes the obligation to provide for the reasonable and necessary physical, mental and emotional health needs of the child. For purposes of this Section, the term "child" shall include any child under age 18 and any child under age 19 who is still attending high school.

(1) The Court shall determine the minimum amount of support by using the following guidelines:

20	Number of Children	Percent of Supporting Party's
21		Net Income
22	1	20%
23	2	28%
24	3	32%
25	4	40%
26	5	45%

6 or more

50%

2	(2) The above guidelines shall be applied in each case
3	unless the court makes a finding that application of the
4	guidelines would be inappropriate, after considering the
5	best interests of the child in light of evidence including
6	but not limited to one or more of the following relevant
7	factors:
8	(a) the financial resources and needs of the child;
9	(b) the financial resources and needs of the
10	custodial parent;
11	(c) the standard of living the child would have
12	enjoyed had the marriage not been dissolved;
13	(d) the physical and emotional condition of the
14	child, and his educational needs; and
15	(e) the financial resources and needs of the
16	non-custodial parent.
17	If the court deviates from the guidelines, the court's
18	finding shall state the amount of support that would have
19	been required under the guidelines, if determinable. The
20	court shall include the reason or reasons for the variance
21	from the guidelines.
22	(3) "Net income" is defined as the total of all income
23	from all sources, minus the following deductions:
24	(a) Federal income tax (properly calculated
25	withholding or estimated payments);
26	(b) State income tax (properly calculated

1	withholding or estimated payments);
2	(c) Social Security (FICA payments);
3	(d) Mandatory retirement contributions required by
4	law or as a condition of employment;
5	(e) Union dues;
6	(f) Dependent and individual
7	health/hospitalization insurance premiums;
8	(g) Prior obligations of support or maintenance
9	actually paid pursuant to a court order;
10	(h) Expenditures for repayment of debts that
11	represent reasonable and necessary expenses for the
12	production of income, medical expenditures necessary
13	to preserve life or health, reasonable expenditures
14	for the benefit of the child and the other parent,
15	exclusive of gifts. The court shall reduce net income
16	in determining the minimum amount of support to be
17	ordered only for the period that such payments are due
18	and shall enter an order containing provisions for its
19	self-executing modification upon termination of such
20	payment period;
21	(i) Foster care payments paid by the Department of
22	Children and Family Services for providing licensed
23	foster care to a foster child.
24	(4) In cases where the court order provides for
25	health/hospitalization insurance coverage pursuant to
26	Section 505.2 of this Act, the premiums for that insurance,

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or that portion of the premiums for which the supporting party is responsible in the case of insurance provided through an employer's health insurance plan where the employer pays a portion of the premiums, subtracted from net income in determining the minimum amount of support to be ordered.

- (4.5) In a proceeding for child support following dissolution of the marriage by a court that lacked personal jurisdiction over the absent spouse, and in which the court is requiring payment of support for the period before the date an order for current support is entered, there is a rebuttable presumption that the supporting party's net income for the prior period was the same as his or her net income at the time the order for current support is entered.
- (5) If the net income cannot be determined because of default or any other reason, the court shall order support in an amount considered reasonable in the particular case. The final order in all cases shall state the support level in dollar amounts. However, if the court finds that the child support amount cannot be expressed exclusively as a dollar amount because all or a portion of the payor's net income is uncertain as to source, time of payment, or amount, the court may order a percentage amount of support in addition to a specific dollar amount and enter such other orders as may be necessary to determine and enforce,

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on a timely basis, the applicable support ordered.

(6) If (i) the non-custodial parent was properly served with a request for discovery of financial information relating to the non-custodial parent's ability to provide child support, (ii) the non-custodial parent failed to comply with the request, despite having been ordered to do so by the court, and (iii) the non-custodial parent is not present at the hearing to determine support despite having received proper notice, then any relevant financial information concerning the non-custodial parent's ability to provide child support that was obtained pursuant to subpoena and proper notice shall be admitted into evidence without the need to establish any further foundation for its admission.

(a-5) In an action to enforce an order for support based on the respondent's failure to make support payments as required by the order, notice of proceedings to hold the respondent in contempt for that failure may be served on the respondent by personal service or by regular mail addressed to respondent's last known address. The respondent's last known address may be determined from records of the clerk of the court, from the Federal Case Registry of Child Support Orders, or by any other reasonable means.

(b) Failure of either parent to comply with an order to pay support shall be punishable as in other cases of contempt. In addition to other penalties provided by law the Court may,

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- 1 after finding the parent quilty of contempt, order that the 2 parent be:
- placed on probation with such conditions of 3 probation as the Court deems advisable; 4
 - (2) sentenced to periodic imprisonment for a period not to exceed 6 months; provided, however, that the Court may permit the parent to be released for periods of time during the day or night to:
 - (A) work; or
- 10 (B) conduct a business or other self-employed 11 occupation.

The Court may further order any part or all of the earnings of a parent during a sentence of periodic imprisonment paid to the Clerk of the Circuit Court or to the parent having custody or to the quardian having custody of the children of the sentenced parent for the support of said children until further order of the Court.

If there is a unity of interest and ownership sufficient to render no financial separation between a non-custodial parent and another person or persons or business entity, the court may pierce the ownership veil of the person, persons, or business entity to discover assets of the non-custodial parent held in the name of that person, those persons, or that business following circumstances are sufficient entity. The authorize a court to order discovery of the assets of a person, persons, or business entity and to compel the application of

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- 1 any discovered assets toward payment on the judgment for 2 support:
- 3 (1) the non-custodial parent and the person, persons, or business entity maintain records together. 4
 - (2) the non-custodial parent and the person, persons, or business entity fail to maintain an arms length relationship between themselves with regard to any assets.
 - (3) the non-custodial parent transfers assets to the person, persons, or business entity with the intent to perpetrate a fraud on the custodial parent.

With respect to assets which are real property, no order entered under this paragraph shall affect the rights of bona fide purchasers, mortgagees, judgment creditors, or other lien holders who acquire their interests in the property prior to the time a notice of lis pendens pursuant to the Code of Civil Procedure or a copy of the order is placed of record in the office of the recorder of deeds for the county in which the real property is located.

The court may also order in cases where the parent is 90 days or more delinquent in payment of support or has been adjudicated in arrears in an amount equal to 90 days obligation or more, that the parent's Illinois driving privileges be suspended until the court determines that the parent is in compliance with the order of support. The court may also order that the parent be issued a family financial responsibility driving permit that would allow limited driving privileges for

employment and medical purposes in accordance with Section 7-702.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. The clerk of the circuit court shall certify the order suspending the driving privileges of the parent or granting the issuance of a family financial responsibility driving permit to the Secretary of State on forms prescribed by the Secretary. Upon receipt of the authenticated documents, the Secretary of State shall suspend the parent's driving privileges until further order of the court and shall, if ordered by the court, subject to the provisions of Section 7-702.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, issue a family financial responsibility driving permit to the parent.

In addition to the penalties or punishment that may be imposed under this Section, any person whose conduct constitutes a violation of Section 15 of the Non-Support Punishment Act may be prosecuted under that Act, and a person convicted under that Act may be sentenced in accordance with that Act. The sentence may include but need not be limited to a requirement that the person perform community service under Section 50 of that Act or participate in a work alternative program under Section 50 of that Act. A person may not be required to participate in a work alternative program under Section 50 of that Act if the person is currently participating in a work program pursuant to Section 505.1 of this Act.

A support obligation, or any portion of a support obligation, which becomes due and remains unpaid as of the end

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of each month, excluding the child support that was due for that month to the extent that it was not paid in that month, shall accrue simple interest as set forth in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure. An order for support entered or modified on or after January 1, 2006 shall contain a statement that a support obligation required under the order, or any portion of a support obligation required under the order, that becomes due and remains unpaid as of the end of each month, excluding the child support that was due for that month to the extent that it was not paid in that month, shall accrue simple interest as set forth in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure. Failure to include the statement in the order for support does not affect the validity of the order or the accrual of interest as provided in this Section.

- (c) A one-time charge of 20% is imposable upon the amount of past-due child support owed on July 1, 1988 which has accrued under a support order entered by the court. The charge shall be imposed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10-21 of the Illinois Public Aid Code and shall be enforced by the court upon petition.
- (d) Any new or existing support order entered by the court under this Section shall be deemed to be a series of judgments against the person obligated to pay support thereunder, each such judgment to be in the amount of each payment or installment of support and each such judgment to be deemed entered as of the date the corresponding payment or installment

- becomes due under the terms of the support order. Each such judgment shall have the full force, effect and attributes of any other judgment of this State, including the ability to be enforced. Interest shall accrue on support obligations as provided in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure. A lien arises by operation of law against the real and personal property of the noncustodial parent for each installment of overdue support owed by the noncustodial parent.
 - (e) When child support is to be paid through the clerk of the court in a county of 1,000,000 inhabitants or less, the order shall direct the obligor to pay to the clerk, in addition to the child support payments, all fees imposed by the county board under paragraph (3) of subsection (u) of Section 27.1 of the Clerks of Courts Act. Unless paid in cash or pursuant to an order for withholding, the payment of the fee shall be by a separate instrument from the support payment and shall be made to the order of the Clerk.
 - (f) All orders for support, when entered or modified, shall include a provision requiring the obligor to notify the court and, in cases in which a party is receiving child and spouse services under Article X of the Illinois Public Aid Code, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, within 7 days, (i) of the name and address of any new employer of the obligor, (ii) whether the obligor has access to health insurance coverage through the employer or other group coverage and, if so, the policy name and number and the names of persons covered

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under the policy, and (iii) of any new residential or mailing address or telephone number of the non-custodial parent. In any subsequent action to enforce a support order, upon a sufficient showing that a diligent effort has been made to ascertain the location of the non-custodial parent, service of process or provision of notice necessary in the case may be made at the last known address of the non-custodial parent in any manner expressly provided by the Code of Civil Procedure or this Act, which service shall be sufficient for purposes of due process.

- (q) An order for support shall include a date on which the current support obligation terminates. The termination date shall be no earlier than the date on which the child covered by the order will attain the age of 18. However, if the child will not graduate from high school until after attaining the age of 18, then the termination date shall be no earlier than the earlier of the date on which the child's high school graduation will occur or the date on which the child will attain the age of 19. The order for support shall state that the termination date does not apply to any arrearage that may remain unpaid on that date. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent the court from modifying the order or terminating the order in the event the child is otherwise emancipated.
- (g-5) If there is an unpaid arrearage or delinquency (as those terms are defined in the Income Withholding for Support Act) equal to at least one month's support obligation on the termination date stated in the order for support or, if there

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is no termination date stated in the order, on the date the child attains the age of majority or is otherwise emancipated, the periodic amount required to be paid for current support of that child immediately prior to that date shall automatically continue to be an obligation, not as current support but as periodic payment toward satisfaction of the unpaid arrearage or delinquency. That periodic payment shall be in addition to any periodic payment previously required for satisfaction of the arrearage or delinquency. The total periodic amount to be paid toward satisfaction of the arrearage or delinquency may be enforced and collected by any method provided by law for enforcement and collection of child support, including but not limited to income withholding under the Income Withholding for Support Act. Each order for support entered or modified on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly must contain a statement notifying the parties of the requirements of this subsection. Failure to include the statement in the order for support does not affect the validity of the order or the operation of the provisions of this subsection with regard to the order. This subsection shall not be construed to prevent or affect the establishment or modification of an order for support of a minor child or the establishment or modification of an order for support of a non-minor child or educational expenses under Section 513 of this Act.

(h) An order entered under this Section shall include a

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provision requiring the obligor to report to the obligee and to the clerk of court within 10 days each time the obligor obtains new employment, and each time the obligor's employment is terminated for any reason. The report shall be in writing and shall, in the case of new employment, include the name and address of the new employer. Failure to report new employment or the termination of current employment, if coupled with nonpayment of support for a period in excess of 60 days, is indirect criminal contempt. For any obligor arrested for failure to report new employment bond shall be set in the amount of the child support that should have been paid during the period of unreported employment. An order entered under this Section shall also include a provision requiring the obligor and obligee parents to advise each other of a change in residence within 5 days of the change except when the court finds that the physical, mental, or emotional health of a party or that of a child, or both, would be seriously endangered by disclosure of the party's address.

The court does not lose the powers of contempt, driver's license suspension, or other child limited to, enforcement mechanisms, including, but not criminal prosecution as set forth in this Act, upon the emancipation of the minor child or children.

24 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 96-1134, eff. 7-21-10.)

Section 20. The Non-Support Punishment Act is amended by

- changing Section 20 as follows:
- 2 (750 ILCS 16/20)

- 3 Sec. 20. Entry of order for support; income withholding.
- 4 (a) In a case in which no court or administrative order for support is in effect against the defendant:
 - (1) at any time before the trial, upon motion of the State's Attorney, or of the Attorney General if the action has been instituted by his office, and upon notice to the defendant, or at the time of arraignment or as a condition of postponement of arraignment, the court may enter such temporary order for support as may seem just, providing for the support or maintenance of the spouse or child or children of the defendant, or both, pendente lite; or
 - (2) before trial with the consent of the defendant, or at the trial on entry of a plea of guilty, or after conviction, instead of imposing the penalty provided in this Act, or in addition thereto, the court may enter an order for support, subject to modification by the court from time to time as circumstances may require, directing the defendant to pay a certain sum for maintenance of the spouse, or for support of the child or children, or both.
 - (b) The court shall determine the amount of child support by using the guidelines and standards set forth in subsection (a) of Section 505 and in Section 505.2 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.

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- If (i) the non-custodial parent was properly served with a request for discovery of financial information relating to the non-custodial parent's ability to provide child support, (ii) the non-custodial parent failed to comply with the request, despite having been ordered to do so by the court, and (iii) the non-custodial parent is not present at the hearing to determine support despite having received proper notice, then relevant financial information concerning non-custodial parent's ability to provide support that was obtained pursuant to subpoena and proper notice shall be admitted into evidence without the need to establish any further foundation for its admission.
- (c) The court shall determine the amount of maintenance using the standards set forth in Section 504 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.
- (d) The court may, for violation of any order under this Section, punish the offender as for a contempt of court, but no pendente lite order shall remain in effect longer than 4 months, or after the discharge of any panel of jurors summoned for service thereafter in such court, whichever is sooner.
- (e) Any order for support entered by the court under this Section shall be deemed to be a series of judgments against the person obligated to pay support under the judgments, each such judgment to be in the amount of each payment or installment of support and each judgment to be deemed entered as of the date the corresponding payment or installment becomes due under the

terms of the support order. Each judgment shall have the full force, effect, and attributes of any other judgment of this State, including the ability to be enforced. Each judgment is subject to modification or termination only in accordance with Section 510 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act. Interest shall accrue on support obligations as provided in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure. A lien arises by operation of law against the real and personal property of the noncustodial parent for each installment of overdue support owed by the noncustodial parent.

(f) An order for support entered under this Section shall include a provision requiring the obligor to report to the obligee and to the clerk of the court within 10 days each time the obligor obtains new employment, and each time the obligor's employment is terminated for any reason. The report shall be in writing and shall, in the case of new employment, include the name and address of the new employer.

Failure to report new employment or the termination of current employment, if coupled with nonpayment of support for a period in excess of 60 days, is indirect criminal contempt. For any obligor arrested for failure to report new employment, bond shall be set in the amount of the child support that should have been paid during the period of unreported employment.

An order for support entered under this Section shall also include a provision requiring the obligor and obligee parents to advise each other of a change in residence within 5 days of

- 1 the change except when the court finds that the physical,
- 2 mental, or emotional health of a party or of a minor child, or
- 3 both, would be seriously endangered by disclosure of the
- 4 party's address.
- 5 (g) An order for support entered or modified in a case in
- 6 which a party is receiving child support enforcement services
- 7 under Article X of the Illinois Public Aid Code shall include a
- 8 provision requiring the noncustodial parent to notify the
- 9 Department of Healthcare and Family Services, within 7 days, of
- 10 the name and address of any new employer of the noncustodial
- 11 parent, whether the noncustodial parent has access to health
- insurance coverage through the employer or other group coverage
- and, if so, the policy name and number and the names of persons
- 14 covered under the policy.
- 15 (h) In any subsequent action to enforce an order for
- 16 support entered under this Act, upon sufficient showing that
- 17 diligent effort has been made to ascertain the location of the
- 18 noncustodial parent, service of process or provision of notice
- 19 necessary in that action may be made at the last known address
- of the noncustodial parent, in any manner expressly provided by
- 21 the Code of Civil Procedure or in this Act, which service shall
- 22 be sufficient for purposes of due process.
- 23 (i) An order for support shall include a date on which the
- 24 current support obligation terminates. The termination date
- 25 shall be no earlier than the date on which the child covered by
- the order will attain the age of 18. However, if the child will

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not graduate from high school until after attaining the age of 18, then the termination date shall be no earlier than the earlier of the date on which the child's high school graduation will occur or the date on which the child will attain the age of 19. The order for support shall state that the termination date does not apply to any arrearage that may remain unpaid on that date. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent the court from modifying the order or terminating the order in the event the child is otherwise emancipated.

(i-5) If there is an unpaid arrearage or delinquency (as those terms are defined in the Income Withholding for Support Act) equal to at least one month's support obligation on the termination date stated in the order for support or, if there is no termination date stated in the order, on the date the child attains the age of majority or is otherwise emancipated, the periodic amount required to be paid for current support of that child immediately prior to that date shall automatically continue to be an obligation, not as current support but as periodic payment toward satisfaction of the unpaid arrearage or delinquency. That periodic payment shall be in addition to any periodic payment previously required for satisfaction of the arrearage or delinquency. The total periodic amount to be paid toward satisfaction of the arrearage or delinquency may be enforced and collected by any method provided by law for enforcement and collection of child support, including but not limited to income withholding under the Income Withholding for

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Support Act. Each order for support entered or modified on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly must contain a statement notifying the parties of the requirements of this subsection. Failure to include the statement in the order for support does not affect the validity of the order or the operation of the provisions of this subsection with regard to the order. This subsection shall not be construed to prevent or affect the establishment or modification of an order for support of a minor child or the establishment or modification of an order for support of a non-minor child or educational expenses under Section 513 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.

(j) A support obligation, or any portion of a support obligation, which becomes due and remains unpaid as of the end of each month, excluding the child support that was due for that month to the extent that it was not paid in that month, shall accrue simple interest as set forth in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure. An order for support entered or modified on or after January 1, 2006 shall contain a statement that a support obligation required under the order, or any portion of a support obligation required under the order, that becomes due and remains unpaid as of the end of each month, excluding the child support that was due for that month to the extent that it was not paid in that month, shall accrue simple interest as set forth in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure. Failure to include the statement in the order for

- 1 support does not affect the validity of the order or the
- accrual of interest as provided in this Section. 2
- (Source: P.A. 94-90, eff. 1-1-06; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.) 3
- 4 (750 ILCS 16/23 rep.)
- 5 Section 23. The Non-Support Punishment Act is amended by
- 6 repealing Section 23.
- 7 Section 25. The Income Withholding for Support Act is
- 8 amended by changing Section 15 as follows:
- 9 (750 ILCS 28/15)
- 10 Sec. 15. Definitions.
- (a) "Order for support" means any order of the court which 11
- 12 provides for periodic payment of funds for the support of a
- 13 child or maintenance of a spouse, whether temporary or final,
- and includes any such order which provides for: 14
- (1) modification or resumption of, or payment of 15
- 16 arrearage, including interest, accrued under, a previously
- existing order; 17
- 18 (2) reimbursement of support;
- 19 (3) payment or reimbursement of the expenses of
- 20 pregnancy and delivery (for orders for support entered
- 21 under the Illinois Parentage Act of 1984 or its predecessor
- 22 the Paternity Act); or
- 23 (4) enrollment in a health insurance plan that is

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- 1 available to the obligor through an employer or labor union 2 or trade union.
 - (b) "Arrearage" means the total amount of unpaid support obligations, including interest, as determined by the court and incorporated into an order for support.
- 6 (b-5) "Business day" means a day on which State offices are 7 open for regular business.
 - (c) "Delinquency" means any payment, including a payment of interest, under an order for support which becomes due and remains unpaid after entry of the order for support.
 - (d) "Income" means any form of periodic payment to an individual, regardless of source, including, but not limited to: wages, salary, commission, compensation as an independent contractor, workers' compensation, disability, annuity, pension, and retirement benefits, lottery prize awards, insurance proceeds, vacation pay, bonuses, profit-sharing payments, severance pay, interest, and any other payments, made by any person, private entity, federal or state government, any unit of local government, school district or any entity created by Public Act; however, "income" excludes:
 - (1) any amounts required by law to be withheld, other than creditor claims, including, but not limited to, federal, State and local taxes, Social Security and other retirement and disability contributions;
 - (2) union dues;
 - (3) any amounts exempted by the federal Consumer Credit

1 Protection Act;

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- 2 (4) public assistance payments; and
- 3 (5) unemployment insurance benefits except as provided 4 by law.
- 5 Any other State or local laws which limit or exempt income 6 or the amount or percentage of income that can be withheld 7 shall not apply.
- 8 (e) "Obligor" means the individual who owes a duty to make 9 payments under an order for support.
 - "Obligee" means the individual to whom a duty of support is owed or the individual's legal representative.
- (g) "Payor" means any payor of income to an obligor. 12
 - (h) "Public office" means any elected official or any State or local agency which is or may become responsible by law for enforcement of, or which is or may become authorized to enforce, an order for support, including, but not limited to: the Attorney General, the Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services, the Illinois Department of Human Services, the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services, and the various State's Attorneys, Clerks of the Circuit Court and supervisors of general assistance.
 - (i) "Premium" means the dollar amount for which the obligor is liable to his employer or labor union or trade union and which must be paid to enroll or maintain a child in a health insurance plan that is available to the obligor through an employer or labor union or trade union.

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- 1 (j) "State Disbursement Unit" means the unit established to collect and disburse support payments in accordance with the 2 3 provisions of Section 10-26 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
 - (k) "Title IV-D Agency" means the agency of this State charged by law with the duty to administer the child support enforcement program established under Title IV, Part D of the Social Security Act and Article X of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
 - (1) "Title IV-D case" means a case in which an obligee or obligor is receiving child support enforcement services under Title IV, Part D of the Social Security Act and Article X of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
 - (m) "National Medical Support Notice" means the notice required for enforcement of orders for support providing for health insurance coverage of a child under Title IV, Part D of the Social Security Act, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, and federal regulations promulgated under those Acts.
 - (n) "Employer" means a payor or labor union or trade union with an employee group health insurance plan and, for purposes of the National Medical Support Notice, also includes but is not limited to:
- 23 (1) any State or local governmental agency with a group 24 health plan; and
 - (2) any payor with a group health plan or "church plan" covered under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act

- 1 of 1974.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 94-90, eff. 1-1-06; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-685,
- 3 eff. 10-23-07.)
- 4 Section 30. The Illinois Parentage Act of 1984 is amended
- 5 by changing Sections 13.1 and 14 as follows:
- 6 (750 ILCS 45/13.1)
- 7 Sec. 13.1. Temporary order for child support.
- 8 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, pending the
- 9 outcome of a judicial determination of parentage, the court
- shall issue a temporary order for child support, upon motion by
- 11 a party and a showing of clear and convincing evidence of
- 12 paternity. In determining the amount of the temporary child
- 13 support award, the court shall use the quidelines and standards
- set forth in subsection (a) of Section 505 and in Section 505.2
- of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.
- Any new or existing support order entered by the court
- 17 under this Section shall be deemed to be a series of judgments
- against the person obligated to pay support thereunder, each
- 19 such judgment to be in the amount of each payment or
- installment of support and each judgment to be deemed entered
- 21 as of the date the corresponding payment or installment becomes
- 22 due under the terms of the support order. Each such judgment
- 23 shall have the full force, effect, and attributes of any other
- judgment of this State, including the ability to be enforced.

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1 Any such judgment is subject to modification or termination only in accordance with Section 510 of the Illinois Marriage 2 3 and Dissolution of Marriage Act. Interest shall accrue on 4 support obligations as provided in Section 12-109 of the Code 5 of Civil Procedure. A lien arises by operation of law against the real and personal property of the noncustodial parent for 6 each installment of overdue support owed by the noncustodial 7 8 parent.

All orders for support, when entered or modified, shall include a provision requiring the non-custodial parent to notify the court, and in cases in which a party is receiving child support enforcement services under Article X of the Illinois Public Aid Code, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, within 7 days, (i) of the name, address, and telephone number of any new employer of the non-custodial parent, (ii) whether the non-custodial parent has access to health insurance coverage through the employer or other group coverage, and, if so, the policy name and number and the names of persons covered under the policy, and (iii) of any new residential or mailing address or telephone number of the non-custodial parent.

In any subsequent action to enforce a support order, upon sufficient showing that diligent effort has been made to ascertain the location of the non-custodial parent, service of process or provision of notice necessary in that action may be made at the last known address of the non-custodial parent, in

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1 any manner expressly provided by the Code of Civil Procedure or 2 in this Act, which service shall be sufficient for purposes of 3 due process.

An order for support shall include a date on which the current support obligation terminates. The termination date shall be no earlier than the date on which the child covered by the order will attain the age of majority or is otherwise emancipated. The order for support shall state that the termination date does not apply to any arrearage that may remain unpaid on that date. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prevent the court from modifying the order.

If there is an unpaid arrearage or delinquency (as those terms are defined in the Income Withholding for Support Act) equal to at least one month's support obligation on the termination date stated in the order for support or, if there is no termination date stated in the order, on the date the child attains the age of majority or is otherwise emancipated, then the periodic amount required to be paid for current support of that child immediately prior to that date shall automatically continue to be an obligation, not as current support but as periodic payment toward satisfaction of the unpaid arrearage or delinquency. That periodic payment shall be in addition to any periodic payment previously required for satisfaction of the arrearage or delinquency. The total periodic amount to be paid toward satisfaction of the arrearage or delinquency may be enforced and collected by any method

provided by law for the enforcement and collection of child support, including but not limited to income withholding under the Income Withholding for Support Act. Each order for support entered or modified on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly must contain a statement notifying the parties of the requirements of this paragraph. Failure to include the statement in the order for support does not affect the validity of the order or the operation of the provisions of this paragraph with regard to the order. This paragraph shall not be construed to prevent or affect the establishment or modification of an order for the support of a minor child or the establishment or modification of an order for the support of a non-minor child or educational expenses under Section 513 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.

16 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)

17 (750 ILCS 45/14) (from Ch. 40, par. 2514)

18 Sec. 14. Judgment.

(a) (1) The judgment shall contain or explicitly reserve provisions concerning any duty and amount of child support and may contain provisions concerning the custody and guardianship of the child, visitation privileges with the child, the furnishing of bond or other security for the payment of the judgment, which the court shall determine in accordance with the relevant factors set forth in the Illinois Marriage and

1 Dissolution of Marriage Act and any other applicable law of 2 Illinois, to quide the court in a finding in the best interests of the child. In determining custody, joint custody, removal, 3 or visitation, the court shall apply the relevant standards of 4 5 Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act, including Section 609. Specifically, in determining the amount 6 of any child support award or child health insurance coverage, 7 8 the court shall use the guidelines and standards set forth in 9 subsection (a) of Section 505 and in Section 505.2 of the 10 Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act. For purposes 11 of Section 505 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act, "net income" of the non-custodial parent shall 12 13 include any benefits available to that person under the 14 Illinois Public Aid Code or from other federal, State or local 15 government-funded programs. The court shall, in any event and 16 regardless of the amount of the non-custodial parent's net income, in its judgment order the non-custodial parent to pay 17 child support to the custodial parent in a minimum amount of 18 19 not less than \$10 per month, as long as such an order is 20 consistent with the requirements of Title IV, Part D of the Social Security Act. In an action brought within 2 years after 21 22 a judicial determination of parentage, the judgment or order 23 may direct either parent to pay the reasonable expenses 24 incurred by either parent or the Department of Healthcare and 25 Family Services related to the mother's pregnancy and the 26 delivery of the child. The judgment or order shall contain the

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- father's social security number, which the father shall disclose to the court; however, failure to include the father's social security number on the judgment or order does not invalidate the judgment or order.
 - (2) If a judgment of parentage contains no explicit award of custody, the establishment of a support obligation or of visitation rights in one parent shall be considered a judgment granting custody to the other parent. If the parentage judgment contains no such provisions, custody shall be presumed to be with the mother; however, the presumption shall not apply if the father has had physical custody for at least 6 months prior to the date that the mother seeks to enforce custodial rights.
 - (b) The court shall order all child support payments, determined in accordance with such guidelines, to commence with the date summons is served. The level of current periodic support payments shall not be reduced because of payments set for the period prior to the date of entry of the support order. The Court may order any child support payments to be made for a period prior to the commencement of the action. In determining whether and the extent to which the payments shall be made for any prior period, the court shall consider all relevant facts, including the factors for determining the amount of support specified in the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act and other equitable factors including but not limited to:
 - (1) The father's prior knowledge of the fact and circumstances of the child's birth.

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- 1 (2) The father's prior willingness or refusal to help 2 raise or support the child.
 - (3) The extent to which the mother or the public agency bringing the action previously informed the father of the child's needs or attempted to seek or require his help in raising or supporting the child.
 - (4) The reasons the mother or the public agency did not file the action earlier.
 - (5) The extent to which the father would be prejudiced by the delay in bringing the action.

For purposes of determining the amount of child support to be paid for any period before the date the order for current child support is entered, there is a rebuttable presumption that the father's net income for the prior period was the same as his net income at the time the order for current child support is entered.

If (i) the non-custodial parent was properly served with a request for discovery of financial information relating to the non-custodial parent's ability to provide child support, (ii) the non-custodial parent failed to comply with the request, despite having been ordered to do so by the court, and (iii) the non-custodial parent is not present at the hearing to determine support despite having received proper notice, then financial information concerning relevant non-custodial parent's ability to provide child support that was obtained pursuant to subpoena and proper notice shall be

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1 admitted into evidence without the need to establish any 2 further foundation for its admission.

- (c) Any new or existing support order entered by the court under this Section shall be deemed to be a series of judgments against the person obligated to pay support thereunder, each judgment to be in the amount of each payment or installment of support and each such judgment to be deemed entered as of the date the corresponding payment or installment becomes due under the terms of the support order. Each judgment shall have the full force, effect and attributes of any other judgment of this State, including the ability to be enforced. Interest shall accrue on support obligations as provided in Section 12-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure. A lien arises by operation of law against the real and personal property of the noncustodial parent for each installment of overdue support owed by the noncustodial parent.
- (d) If the judgment or order of the court is at variance with the child's birth certificate, the court shall order that a new birth certificate be issued under the Vital Records Act.
- (e) On request of the mother and the father, the court shall order a change in the child's name. After hearing evidence the court may stay payment of support during the period of the father's minority or period of disability.
- (f) If, upon a showing of proper service, the father fails to appear in court, or otherwise appear as provided by law, the court may proceed to hear the cause upon testimony of the

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- 1 mother or other parties taken in open court and shall enter a judgment by default. The court may reserve any order as to the 2 3 amount of child support until the father has received notice,
- 4 by regular mail, of a hearing on the matter.
 - (q) A one-time charge of 20% is imposable upon the amount of past-due child support owed on July 1, 1988 which has accrued under a support order entered by the court. The charge shall be imposed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10-21 of the Illinois Public Aid Code and shall be enforced by the court upon petition.
 - (h) All orders for support, when entered or modified, shall include a provision requiring the non-custodial parent to notify the court and, in cases in which party is receiving child support enforcement services under Article X of the Illinois Public Aid Code, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, within 7 days, (i) of the name and address of any new employer of the non-custodial parent, (ii) whether the non-custodial parent has access to health insurance coverage through the employer or other group coverage and, if so, the policy name and number and the names of persons covered under the policy, and (iii) of any new residential or mailing address or telephone number of the non-custodial parent. In any subsequent action to enforce a support order, upon a sufficient showing that a diligent effort has been made to ascertain the location of the non-custodial parent, service of process or provision of notice necessary in the case may be made at the

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1 last known address of the non-custodial parent in any manner expressly provided by the Code of Civil Procedure or this Act, which service shall be sufficient for purposes of due process.

- (i) An order for support shall include a date on which the current support obligation terminates. The termination date shall be no earlier than the date on which the child covered by the order will attain the age of 18. However, if the child will not graduate from high school until after attaining the age of 18, then the termination date shall be no earlier than the earlier of the date on which the child's high school graduation will occur or the date on which the child will attain the age of 19. The order for support shall state that the termination date does not apply to any arrearage that may remain unpaid on that date. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent the court from modifying the order or terminating the order in the event the child is otherwise emancipated.
- (i-5) If there is an unpaid arrearage or delinquency (as those terms are defined in the Income Withholding for Support Act) equal to at least one month's support obligation on the termination date stated in the order for support or, if there is no termination date stated in the order, on the date the child attains the age of majority or is otherwise emancipated, the periodic amount required to be paid for current support of that child immediately prior to that date shall automatically continue to be an obligation, not as current support but as periodic payment toward satisfaction of the unpaid arrearage or

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delinquency. That periodic payment shall be in addition to any periodic payment previously required for satisfaction of the arrearage or delinquency. The total periodic amount to be paid toward satisfaction of the arrearage or delinquency may be enforced and collected by any method provided by law for enforcement and collection of child support, including but not limited to income withholding under the Income Withholding for Support Act. Each order for support entered or modified on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly must contain a statement notifying the parties of the requirements of this subsection. Failure to include the statement in the order for support does not affect the validity of the order or the operation of the provisions of this subsection with regard to the order. This subsection shall not be construed to prevent or affect the establishment or modification of an order for support of a minor child or the establishment or modification of an order for support of a non-minor child or educational expenses under Section 513 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.

(j) An order entered under this Section shall include a provision requiring the obligor to report to the obligee and to the clerk of court within 10 days each time the obligor obtains new employment, and each time the obligor's employment is terminated for any reason. The report shall be in writing and shall, in the case of new employment, include the name and address of the new employer. Failure to report new employment

- 1 or the termination of current employment, if coupled with
- 2 nonpayment of support for a period in excess of 60 days, is
- indirect criminal contempt. For any obligor arrested for 3
- 4 failure to report new employment bond shall be set in the
- 5 amount of the child support that should have been paid during
- 6 the period of unreported employment. An order entered under
- 7 this Section shall also include a provision requiring the
- 8 obligor and obligee parents to advise each other of a change in
- 9 residence within 5 days of the change except when the court
- 10 finds that the physical, mental, or emotional health of a party
- or that of a minor child, or both, would be seriously 11
- endangered by disclosure of the party's address. 12
- (Source: P.A. 94-923, eff. 1-1-07; 94-1061, eff. 1-1-07; 13
- 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-864, eff. 1-1-09.) 14
- 15 (750 ILCS 45/20.7 rep.)
- Section. 35. The Illinois Parentage Act of 1984 is amended 16
- 17 by repealing Section 20.7.
- 18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- becoming law.". 19