97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2011 and 2012

SB1227

Introduced 2/8/2011, by Sen. David Koehler

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Creates the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act. Provides that manufactured homes are deemed to be real property. Sets forth certain conditions that must be met to convey or voluntarily encumber a manufactured home as real property. Contains provisions concerning affidavits of affixation and affidavits of severance. Contains provisions concerning security interests and liens. Amends the Use Tax Act and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Provides that the tax imposed on new mobile homes or new manufactured homes located outside of mobile home parks shall be calculated against 40% of the selling price of the home and against 100% of the selling price of any other building materials. Amends the Property Tax Code and the Mobile Home Local Services Tax Act. Makes changes concerning the taxation of mobile homes and manufactured homes located outside of mobile home parks. Amends various Acts to define and include "manufactured homes" and to make changes to provisions concerning registration of manufactured homes and security interests in or liens on manufactured homes. Contains other provisions.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HOUSING AFFORDABILITY IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Article 5. CONVEYANCE AND ENCUMBRANCE OF MANUFACTURED HOMES AS REAL PROPERTY AND SEVERANCE ACT

6 Section 5-1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the 7 Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real 8 Property and Severance Act. All references in this Article to 9 "this Act" mean this Article.

10 Section 5-2. Findings and purpose.

(a) The General Assembly finds that there is a need to clarify the legal status of manufactured homes affixed or to be affixed to real property in the State.

(b) The purpose of this Act is to establish a clear statutory procedure for converting to real property manufactured homes located outside of mobile home parks that are affixed to real property and for the severance of manufactured homes from real property.

Section 5-5. Manufactured home; permanently affixed to real property. For the purposes of this Act, "manufactured home" means a manufactured home as defined in subdivision (53)

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9 - 102Uniform 1 of Section of the Commercial Code. 2 Notwithstanding the foregoing, for the purposes of subsection 3 (b)(2) of Section 1322 of the federal Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. § 1322(b)(2)), a manufactured home shall be deemed to be 4 real property. For the purposes of this Act, a manufactured 5 home is "permanently affixed" if it is anchored to real 6 7 property by attachment to a permanent foundation, constructed 8 in accordance with applicable state and local building codes 9 and manufacturer's specifications as provided in 24 C.F.R. Part 10 3285, and connected to residential utilities (such as water, 11 gas, electricity, or sewer or septic service).

Section 5-10. Act not mandatory; record notice. The owner of a manufactured home that is personal property or a fixture may, but need not, cause that manufactured home to be deemed to be real property by satisfying the requirements of Section 5-30 of this Act and the requirements of Section 3-116.1 or 3-116.2 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as applicable.

18 To convey or voluntarily encumber a manufactured home as 19 real property, the following conditions must be met:

20 (1) the manufactured home must be permanently affixed21 to real property;

(2) the ownership interests in the manufactured home and the real property to which the manufactured home is permanently affixed must be identical, or, if the manufactured home is not located in a mobile home park as

defined in Section 2.5 of the Mobile Home Park Act, and if the owner of the manufactured home, if not the owner of the real property, is in possession of the real property pursuant to the terms of a lease in recordable form that has a term that continues for at least 20 years after the date of execution, then the consent of the lessor of the real property must be given;

8 (3) the person (all, if more than one) having an 9 ownership interest in such manufactured home shall execute 10 and record with the recording officer of the county in 11 which the real property is located an affidavit of 12 affixation as provided in Section 5-15 of this Act and 13 satisfy the other applicable requirements of this Act; and

(4) upon receipt of a certified copy of the affidavit
of affixation pursuant to Section 5-25 of this Act, any
person designated therein for filing with the Secretary of
State shall file the certified copy of affidavit of
affixation with the Secretary of State; except that

19 (A) in a case described in subsection (a) (4) (A) of 20 Section 5-15 of this Act, a certified copy of the 21 affidavit of affixation and the original 22 Manufacturer's Statement of Origin, each as recorded in the county in which the real property is located, 23 24 must be filed with the Secretary of State pursuant to 25 Section 3-116.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; and 26 (B) in a case described in subsection (a) (4) (B) of

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Section 5-15 of this Act, a certified copy of the 1 2 affidavit of affixation as recorded in the county in 3 which the real property is located, and the original certificate of title, including, if applicable, a 4 5 certificate of title issued in accordance with subsection (b) of Section 3-109 of the Illinois Vehicle 6 7 Code, must be filed with the Secretary of State pursuant to Section 3-116.2 of the Illinois Vehicle 8 9 Code.

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Section 5-15. Affidavit of affixation.

11 (a) An affidavit of affixation shall contain or be 12 accompanied by:

(1) the name of the manufacturer, the make, the model name, the model year, the dimensions, and the vehicle identification number or numbers of the manufactured home, and whether the manufactured home is new or used;

17 (2) (A) a statement that the party executing the 18 affidavit is the owner of the real property described 19 therein or (B) if the party executing the affidavit is not 20 the owner of the real property, (1) a statement that the 21 manufactured home is not located in a mobile home park as 22 defined in Section 2.5 of the Mobile Home Park Act and that 23 the party executing the affidavit is in possession of the 24 real property pursuant to the terms of a lease in 25 recordable form that has a term that continues for at least

1 20 years after the date of execution of the affidavit and 2 (2) the consent of the lessor of the real property, 3 endorsed upon or attached to the affidavit and acknowledged 4 or proved in the manner as to entitle a conveyance to be 5 recorded;

6 (3) the street address and the legal description of the 7 real property to which the manufactured home is or shall be 8 permanently affixed; and

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(4) as applicable:

(A) if the manufactured home is not covered by a
certificate of title, including, if applicable, a
certificate of title issued in accordance with
subsection (b) of Section 3-109 of the Illinois Vehicle
Code, a statement by the owner to that effect, and

15 (i) а statement by the owner of the 16 manufactured home that the manufactured home is 17 covered by a Manufacturer's Statement of Origin, the date the Manufacturer's Statement of Origin 18 19 was issued, and the vehicle identification number 20 or numbers of the manufactured home; and

(ii) a statement that annexed to the affidavit of affixation is the original Manufacturer's Statement of Origin for the manufactured home, duly endorsed to the owner of the manufactured home, and that the owner of the manufactured home shall surrender the Manufacturer's Statement of SB1227

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Origin; or

2 (B) if the manufactured home is covered by a 3 certificate of title, including, if applicable, a certificate of title issued in accordance with 4 5 subsection (b) of Section 3-109 of the Illinois Vehicle 6 Code, a statement by the owner of the manufactured home 7 that the manufactured home is covered by a certificate of title, the date the title was issued, the title 8 9 number, and that the owner of the manufactured home 10 shall surrender the title:

(5) a statement whether or not the manufactured home is
subject to one or more security interests or liens, and

13 (A) if the manufactured home is subject to one or 14 more security interests or liens, the name and address 15 of each party holding a security interest in or lien on 16 the manufactured home, including but not limited to, 17 each holder shown on any certificate of title issued by the Secretary of State, if any, the original principal 18 19 amount secured by each security interest or lien; and a 20 statement that the security interest or lien shall be released; or 21

(B) a statement that each security interest in or
lien on the manufactured home, if any, has been
released, together with due proof of each such release;
(6) a statement that the manufactured home is or shall
be permanently affixed to the real property; and

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1 (7) the name and address of a person designated for 2 filing the certified copy of the affidavit of affixation 3 with the Secretary of State, to whom the recording officer 4 shall return the certified copy of the affidavit of 5 affixation after it has been duly recorded in the real 6 property records, as provided in Section 5 of this Act.

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7 (b) An affidavit of affixation shall be in the form set 8 forth in this Section, duly acknowledged or proved in like 9 manner as to entitle a conveyance to be recorded, and when so 10 acknowledged or proved and upon payment of the lawful fees 11 therefor, the recording officer shall immediately cause the 12 affidavit of affixation and any attachments thereto to be duly 13 recorded and indexed in the record of deeds.

Section 5-20. Disposition of liens. Neither the act of 14 15 permanently affixing a manufactured home to real property nor 16 the recording of the affidavit of affixation shall impair the rights of any holder of a security interest in or lien on a 17 18 manufactured home perfected as provided in Section 3-202 of the 19 Illinois Vehicle Code, unless and until the due filing with and 20 acceptance by the Secretary of State of an application to 21 surrender the title as provided in Section 3-116.2 of the 22 Illinois Vehicle Code and release the security interest or lien as provided in Section 3-205 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Upon 23 24 the filing of such a release, the security interest or lien perfected under Section 3-202 of the Illinois Vehicle Code is 25

terminated. The recording of an affidavit of affixation does not change the character of any security interest or lien noted on a certificate of title, and no recording tax shall be imposed at the time an affidavit of affixation is recorded upon any security interest in or lien on a manufactured home perfected under Section 3-202 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

7 Section 5-25. Notice to Secretary of State. Upon payment of 8 the fees provided by law and recordation of the affidavit of 9 affixation, the recording officer shall endorse the affidavit 10 as "recorded in land records", setting forth thereon the 11 indexing information for the affidavit of affixation, and the 12 recording officer shall forthwith forward a certified copy of the affidavit of affixation and all attachments thereto to the 13 14 person designated therein for filing with the Secretary of 15 State. Upon receipt of a certified copy of the affidavit of 16 affixation by the person designated therein for filing with the Secretary of State, such person shall forthwith deliver for 17 filing to the Secretary a certified copy of the affidavit of 18 affixation and other documents as provided in item (4) of 19 Section 5-10 of this Act. 20

Section 5-30. Effect of recorded affidavit of affixation. A manufactured home shall be deemed to be real property when all of the following events have occurred:

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(1) the manufactured home is permanently affixed to land as

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1 provided in Section 5-5 of this Act;

2 (2) an affidavit of affixation conforming to the
3 requirements of Section 5-15 of this Act has been recorded;

4 (3) a certified copy of the affidavit of affixation has
5 been delivered for filing to the Secretary of State as provided
6 in Section 5 of this Act; and

7 (4) the requirements of Section 3-116.1 or 3-116.2 of the
8 Illinois Vehicle Code, as applicable, have been satisfied.

9 Section 5-35. Conveyance and encumbrance as real property. 10 Upon the satisfaction of the requirements of Section 5-30 of 11 this Act and the requirements of Section 3-116.1 or 3-116.2 of 12 the Illinois Vehicle Code, as applicable, such manufactured 13 home shall be deemed to be real property; any mortgage, deed of 14 trust, lien, or security interest that can attach to land, 15 buildings erected thereon, or fixtures affixed thereto shall 16 attach as of the date of its recording in the same manner as if 17 the manufactured home were built from ordinary building materials on site; title to such manufactured home shall be 18 19 transferred by deed or other form of conveyance that is 20 effective to transfer an interest in real property, together 21 with the land to which such structure has been affixed; and the 22 manufactured home shall be deemed to be real property and shall be governed by the laws applicable to real property. 23

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Section 5-40. Manufactured home that remains personal

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property or a fixture. Except as provided in Sections 5-15, 1 2 5-25, 5-30, and 5-35 of this Act, an affidavit of affixation is 3 not necessary or effective to convey or encumber a manufactured home or to change the character of the manufactured home to 4 5 real property. Every conveyance of land upon which is located a 6 manufactured home for which no affidavit of affixation has been recorded or for which an affidavit of severance has been 7 recorded shall contain a recital that such conveyance does not 8 9 affect the title to said manufactured home and that the 10 transfer or encumbrance thereof can only be made pursuant to 11 the provisions of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Any agreement by 12 any party to the transaction whereby the requirements of this 13 subsection are waived shall be void as contrary to public 14 policy.

15 Section 5-45. Applicability. Nothing in this Act shall 16 impair any rights existing under law prior to the effective 17 date of this Act of anyone claiming an interest in the 18 manufactured home.

19 Section 5-50. Affidavit of severance.

(a) If and when a manufactured home for which an affidavit of affixation has been recorded is detached or severed from the real property to which it is affixed, the person (all, if more than one) having an interest in the real property shall record an affidavit of severance in the land records of the county

1 where the affidavit of affixation with respect to the 2 manufactured home is recorded. The affidavit of severance shall 3 contain or be accompanied by:

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(i) the name, residence, and mailing address of the owner of the manufactured home;

6 (ii) a description of the manufactured home including 7 the name of the manufacturer, the make, the model name, the 8 model year, the dimensions, and the vehicle identification 9 number or numbers of the manufactured home and whether it 10 is new or used;

(iii) the book number, page number and date of
 recordation of the affidavit of affixation;

(iv) a statement of either (A) any facts or information known to the party executing the affidavit that could reasonably affect the validity of the title of the manufactured home or the existence or non-existence of a security interest in or lien on it, or (B) that no such facts or information are known to such party; and

(v) the name and address of the person designated for filing the certified copy of the affidavit of severance with the Secretary of State, to whom the recording officer shall return the certified copy of the affidavit of severance after it has been duly recorded in the real property records, as provided in subsection (e) of this Section.

(b) The affidavit of severance shall be in the form set

1 forth in subsection (c) of this Section, duly acknowledged or 2 proved in like manner as to entitle a conveyance to be 3 recorded, and when so acknowledged or proved and upon payment 4 of the lawful fees therefor, such recording officer shall 5 immediately cause the affidavit and any attachments thereto to 6 be duly recorded and indexed in the record of deeds.

Upon payment of the fees provided by law 7 (C) and recordation of the affidavit of severance, the recording 8 9 officer shall endorse the affidavit as "recorded in land 10 records", setting forth thereon the indexing information for the affidavit of severance, and the recording officer shall 11 12 forthwith forward a certified copy of the affidavit of severance to the person designated therein for filing with the 13 14 Secretary of State. Upon receipt of a certified copy of the 15 affidavit of severance by the person designated therein for 16 filing with the Secretary of State, such person shall deliver 17 for filing to the Secretary of State such certified copy of the affidavit of severance and the other documents provided in 18 19 subsection (a) of this Section, together with an application 20 for a certificate of title to the manufactured home, to be issued in accordance with subsection (b) of Section 3-109. 21

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Section 55. Documents in trust.

(a) Manufacturer's Statement of Origin. The holder of a
 Manufacturer's Statement of Origin to a manufactured home may
 deliver it to any person to facilitate conveying or encumbering

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1 the home. Any person receiving a Manufacturer's Statement of 2 Origin so delivered holds it in trust for the person delivering 3 it.

4 (b) Lien Release. The holder of a security interest in a 5 manufactured home may deliver lien release documents to any 6 person to facilitate conveying or encumbering the home. Any 7 person receiving any such documents so delivered holds the 8 documents in trust for the lienholder.

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Article 10. AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Section 10-5. The Use Tax Act is amended by adding Section 3-3 as follows:

12 (35 ILCS 105/3-3 new)

Sec. 3-3. Mobile home sales. The tax imposed under this Act 13 14 on new mobile homes or new manufactured homes to be located outside of a mobile home park shall be calculated against 40% 15 16 of the selling price of the home and against 100% of the selling price of any other building materials used in the 17 installation and set up of the home. This provision does not 18 19 change the current calculation of the use tax for new mobile 20 homes or manufactured homes to be located inside of a mobile 21 home park. There shall be no use tax on the resale of mobile 22 homes or manufactured homes located outside or inside mobile 23 home parks.

Section 10-10. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended
 by adding Section 5m as follows:

3 (35 ILCS 120/5m new) Sec. 5m. Mobile home sales. The tax imposed under this Act 4 5 on new mobile homes or new manufactured homes to be located outside of a mobile home park shall be calculated against 40% 6 7 of the selling price of the home and against 100% of the 8 selling price of any other building materials used in the 9 installation and set up of the home. This provision does not 10 change the current calculation of the retailers' occupation tax 11 for new mobile homes or manufactured homes to be located inside 12 of a mobile home park. There shall be no retailers' occupation tax on the resale of mobile homes or manufactured homes located 13 14 outside or inside mobile home parks.

Section 10-15. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing Section 1-130 as follows:

17 (35 ILCS 200/1-130)

Sec. 1-130. Property; real property; real estate; land; tract; lot.

(a) The land itself, with all things contained therein, and
 also all buildings, structures and improvements, and other
 permanent fixtures thereon, including all oil, gas, coal, and

other minerals in the land and the right to remove oil, gas and other minerals, excluding coal, from the land, and all rights and privileges belonging or pertaining thereto, except where otherwise specified by this Code. Not included therein are low-income housing tax credits authorized by Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 42.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, mobile 7 homes and manufactured homes that (i) are located outside of 8 9 mobile home parks and (ii) are taxed under the Mobile Home 10 Local Services Tax Act on the effective date of this amendatory 11 Act of the 96th General Assembly shall continue to be taxed 12 under the Mobile Home Local Services Tax Act and shall not be classified, assessed, and taxed as real property until the home 13 14 is sold or transferred or until the home is relocated to a 15 different parcel of land outside of a mobile home park. If a 16 mobile home or manufactured home described in this subsection 17 (b) is sold, transferred, or relocated to a different parcel of land outside of a mobile home park, then the home shall be 18 19 classified, assessed, and taxed as real property whether or not 20 that mobile home or manufactured home is permanently affixed to 21 real property as defined in Section 5-5 of the Conveyance and 22 Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act or installed on a permanent foundation and 23 24 whether or not such mobile home or manufactured home is real 25 property as defined in Section 5-35 of the Conveyance and 26 Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and

Severance Act. Mobile homes and manufactured homes that are 1 2 located outside of mobile home parks and elassified, assessed, 3 and taxed as real property on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall continue to 4 5 be classified, assessed, and taxed as real property whether or not the mobile home or manufactured home is permanently affixed 6 to real property as defined in the Conveyance and Encumbrance 7 8 of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act or 9 installed on permanent foundations and whether or not the 10 mobile home or manufactured home is real property as defined in 11 the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real 12 Property and Severance Act. If a mobile or manufactured home that is located outside of a mobile home park is relocated to a 13 mobile home park, it must be considered chattel and must be 14 15 taxed according to the Mobile Home Local Services Tax Act. The 16 owner of a mobile home or manufactured home that is located 17 outside of a mobile home park may file a request with the County Assessor's office county that the home be classified, 18 19 assessed, and taxed as real property.

(c) Mobile homes and manufactured homes that are located in
 mobile home parks must be considered chattel and must be taxed
 according to the Mobile Home Local Services Tax Act.

(d) If the provisions of this Section conflict with the
Illinois Manufactured Housing and Mobile Home Safety Act, the
Mobile Home Local Services Tax Act, the Mobile Home Park Act,
or any other provision of law with respect to the taxation of

SB1227 - 17 - LRB097 07200 HLH 47306 b mobile homes or manufactured homes located outside of mobile home parks, the provisions of this Section shall control. (Source: P.A. 96-1477, eff. 1-1-11.)

Section 10-20. The Mobile Home Local Services Tax Act is
amended by changing Sections 1 and 4 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 515/1) (from Ch. 120, par. 1201)

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7 Sec. 1. (a) As Except as provided in subsections (b) and 8 (c), as used in this Act, "manufactured home" means a 9 factory-assembled, completely integrated structure designed 10 for permanent habitation, with a permanent chassis, and so constructed as to permit its transport, on wheels temporarily 11 12 or permanently attached to its frame, and is a movable or 13 portable unit that is (i) 8 body feet or more in width, (ii) 40 14 body feet or more in length, and (iii) 320 or more square feet, 15 constructed to be towed on its own chassis (comprised of frame and wheels) from the place of its construction to the location, 16 17 or subsequent locations, at which it is installed and set up according to the manufacturer's instructions and connected to 18 19 utilities for year-round occupancy for use as a permanent 20 habitation, and designed and situated so as to permit its 21 occupancy as a dwelling place for one or more persons, and specifically includes a "manufactured home" as defined in 22 23 subdivision 53 of section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code. 24 The term shall include units containing parts that may be

folded, collapsed, or telescoped when being towed and that may 1 2 be expected to provide additional cubic capacity, and that are 3 designed to be joined into one integral unit capable of being separated again into the components for repeated towing. The 4 5 term excludes campers and recreational vehicles. Mobile homes and manufactured homes in mobile home parks must be assessed 6 7 and taxed as chattel. Mobile homes and manufactured homes 8 outside of mobile home parks must be assessed and taxed as real 9 property whether or not such mobile homes and manufactured 10 homes are permanently affixed to real property as defined in 11 Section 5-5 of the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured 12 Homes as Real Property and Severance Act or installed on 13 permanent foundations, and whether or not such mobile homes and 14 manufactured homes are real property as defined in Section 5-35 of the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real 15 16 Property and Severance Act. The words "mobile home" and 17 "manufactured home" are synonymous for the purposes of this Act. Any such structure located outside of a mobile home park 18 19 shall not be assessed and taxed construed as chattel, but must 20 be assessed and taxed as real property as defined by Section 21 1-130 of the Property Tax Code. All mobile homes and 22 manufactured homes located inside mobile home parks must be 23 considered as chattel and taxed according to this Act. Mobile 24 homes and manufactured homes located on a dealer's lot for 25 resale purposes or as a temporary office shall not be subject 26 to this tax.

(b) Mobile homes and manufactured homes that (i) 1 are 2 located outside of mobile home parks and (ii) are taxed under 3 this Act on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly must continue to be taxed under this Act 4 5 and shall not be classified, assessed, and taxed as real 6 property until the home is sold, transferred, or relocated to a different parcel of land outside of a mobile home park. If a 7 8 mobile home or manufactured home described in this subsection 9 (b) is sold, transferred, or relocated to a different parcel of 10 land outside of a mobile home park, then the home must be 11 elassified, assessed, and taxed as real property whether or not 12 the mobile home or manufactured home is permanently affixed to real property as defined in Section 5-5 of the Conveyance and 13 14 Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act or installed on a permanent foundation and 15 16 whether or not the mobile home or manufactured home is real 17 property as defined in Section 5-35 of the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and 18 19 Severance Act. Mobile homes and manufactured homes that are located outside of mobile home parks $\frac{classified}{r}$ assessed $\frac{1}{r}$ and 20 21 taxed as real property on the effective date of this amendatory 22 Act of the 96th General Assembly must continue to be 23 $classified_{r}$ assessed r and taxed as real property whether or not 24 the mobile homes and manufactured homes are permanently affixed 25 to real property as defined in Section 5-5 of the Conveyance 26 and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and

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1 Severance Act or installed on permanent foundations and whether 2 or not the mobile homes and manufactured homes are real property as defined in Section 5-35 of the Conveyance and 3 Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and 4 5 Severance Act. If a mobile or manufactured home that is located outside of a mobile home park is relocated to a mobile home 6 7 park, the home must be considered chattel and must be taxed according to the Mobile Home Local Services Tax Act. The owner 8 9 of a mobile home or manufactured home that is located outside 10 of a mobile home park may file a request with the county that 11 the home be elassified, assessed, and taxed as real property.

12 (c) Mobile homes and manufactured homes that are located in 13 mobile home parks must be considered chattel and must be taxed 14 according to this Act.

15 (Source: P.A. 96-1477, eff. 1-1-11.)

16 (35 ILCS 515/4) (from Ch. 120, par. 1204)

Sec. 4. The owner of each inhabited mobile home 17 or 18 manufactured home located in this State, but not located inside 19 of a mobile home park, on the effective date of this amendatory 20 Act of the 96th General Assembly shall, within 30 days after 21 such date, record with the Office of the Recorder in the county 22 where the mobile home or manufactured home is located file with the township assessor, if any, or with the Supervisor of 23 Assessments or county assessor if there is no township 24 25 assessor, or with the county assessor in those counties

which a county assessor is elected pursuant to Section 3-45 of 1 the Property Tax Code, a mobile home registration form 2 3 containing the information hereinafter specified, subject to the county's recording fees and record a signed copy of the 4 title or certificate of origin in the county where the home is 5 6 located or surrender the signed title or certificate of origin 7 to be held by the county until such time as the home is to be 8 removed from the county. Mobile home park operators shall 9 forward a copy of the mobile home registration form provided in 10 Section 12 of "An Act to provide for, license and regulate 11 mobile homes and mobile home parks and to repeal an Act named 12 herein", approved September 8, 1971, as amended, to the township assessor, if any, or to Supervisor of Assessments or 13 14 county assessor if there is no township assessor, or to the 15 county assessor in those counties in which a county assessor is 16 elected pursuant to Section 3-45 of the Property Tax Code, 17 within 5 days of the entry of a mobile home into such park. The owner of a mobile home or manufactured home not located in a 18 19 mobile home park, other than a mobile home or manufactured home 20 with respect to which the requirements of Section 5-30 of the 21 Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real 22 Property and Severance Act and the requirements of Section 23 3-116.1 or Section 3-116.2 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as applicable, have been satisfied unless with respect to the same 24 25 manufactured home there has been recorded an affidavit of severance pursuant to Section 5-50 of the Conveyance and 26

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Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and 1 2 Severance Act, shall, within 30 days after initial placement of 3 such mobile home or manufactured home in any county and within 30 days after movement of such mobile home or manufactured home 4 5 to a new location, record with the Office of the Recorder in the county where the mobile home or manufactured home is 6 located file with the county assessor, Supervisor of 7 8 Assessments or township assessor, as the case may be, a mobile 9 home registration showing the name and address of the owner and 10 every occupant of the mobile home or manufactured home, the 11 location of the mobile home or manufactured home, the year of 12 manufacture, and the square feet of floor space contained in 13 such mobile home or manufactured home together with the date that the mobile home or manufactured home became inhabited, was 14 15 initially installed and set up in the county, or was moved to a 16 new location. Such registration shall also include the license 17 number of such mobile home or manufactured home and of the towing vehicle, if there be any, and the State issuing such 18 19 licenses, subject to the county's recording fees. In the case 20 of a mobile home or manufactured home not located in a mobile 21 home park, the registration shall be signed by the owner or 22 occupant of the mobile home or manufactured home. and the title 23 certificate of origin shall be signed and recorded the or in county where the home is located or surrendered to the county 24 25 and held until such time the home is removed from the county. Titles or certificates of origin held by a mortgage company on 26

the home shall be signed and recorded in the county where 1 2 located or surrendered to the county once the mortgage is 3 released. Failure to record the registration or surrender the title or certificate of origin shall not prevent the home from 4 5 being assessed and taxed as real property. It is the duty of 6 each township assessor, if any, and each Supervisor of 7 Assessments or county assessor if there is no township 8 assessor, or the county assessor in those counties in which a 9 county assessor is elected pursuant to Section 3-45 of the 10 Property Tax Code, to require timely filing of a properly 11 completed registration for each mobile home or manufactured home located in a mobile home park in his or her township or 12 13 be. county, as the case may Any person furnishing misinformation for purposes of registration or failing to file 14 15 a required registration is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. 16 This Section applies only when the tax permitted by Section 3 17 has been imposed on mobile homes and manufactured homes located inside mobile home parks. 18

19 (Source: P.A. 96-1477, eff. 1-1-11.)

20 Section 10-25. The Illinois Banking Act is amended by 21 changing Sections 3, 5a, 5d, and 6.1 as follows:

22 (205 ILCS 5/3) (from Ch. 17, par. 309)

23 Sec. 3. Formation and primary powers. It shall be lawful to 24 form banks, as herein provided, for the purpose of discount and

deposit, buying and selling exchange and doing a general 1 2 banking business, excepting the issuing of bills to circulate 3 as money; and such banks shall have the power to loan money on personal and real estate security, and to accept and execute 4 5 trusts upon obtaining a certificate of authority pursuant to 6 the "Corporate Fiduciary Act", and shall be subject to all of the provisions of this Act. For purposes of this Section, "real 7 estate" includes a manufactured home as defined in subdivision 8 9 (53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code that is 10 real property as defined in Section 5-35 of the Conveyance and 11 Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and 12 Severance Act.

13 (Source: P.A. 85-1402.)

14 (205 ILCS 5/5a) (from Ch. 17, par. 312)

Sec. 5a. Reverse mortgage loans. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, a bank may engage in making "reverse mortgage" loans.

For purposes of this Section, a "reverse mortgage" loan shall be a loan extended on the basis of existing equity in homestead property. A bank, in making a "reverse mortgage" loan, may add deferred interest to principal or otherwise provide for the charging of interest or premium on the deferred interest.

The loans shall be repaid upon sale of the property or upon the death of the owner or, if the property is in joint tenancy, upon the death of the last surviving joint tenant who had an
 interest in the property at the time the loan was initiated.

3 "Homestead" property, for purposes of this Section, means the domicile and contiguous real estate owned and occupied by 4 5 the mortgagor. For purposes of this Section, "homestead" includes a manufactured home as defined in subdivision (53) of 6 7 Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code, used as the domicile, that is real property, as defined in Section 5-35 of 8 9 the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act, and is owned and occupied by the 10 11 mortgagor.

12 The Commissioner of Banks and Real Estate shall prescribe 13 rules governing this Section and Section 1-6a of the Illinois 14 Savings and Loan Act of 1985.

15 (Source: P.A. 88-643, eff. 1-1-95; 89-508, eff. 7-3-96.)

16 (205 ILCS 5/5d) (from Ch. 17, par. 312.3)

Sec. 5d. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, a bank may engage in making revolving credit loans secured by mortgages or deeds of trust on real property or by security assignments of beneficial interests in land trusts.

For purposes of this Section, "revolving credit", has the meaning defined in Section 4.1 of "An Act in relation to the rate of interest and other charges in connection with sales on credit and the lending of money", approved May 24, 1879, as amended. - 26 - LRB097 07200 HLH 47306 b

Any mortgage or deed of trust given to secure a revolving 1 2 credit loan may, and when so expressed therein shall, secure 3 not only the existing indebtedness, but also such future advances, whether such advances are obligatory or to be made at 4 5 the option of the lender, or otherwise, as are made within 6 twenty years from the date thereof, to the same extent as if such future advances were made on the date of the execution of 7 such mortgage or deed of trust, although there may be no 8 9 advance made at the time of execution of such mortgage or other instrument, and although there may 10 be no indebtedness 11 outstanding at the time any advance is made. The lien of such 12 mortgage or deed of trust, as to third persons without actual 13 notice thereof, shall be valid as to all such indebtedness and future advances from the time said mortgage or deed of trust is 14 15 filed for record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds or the 16 Registrar of Titles of the county where the real property 17 described therein is located. The total amount of indebtedness that may be so secured may increase or decrease from time to 18 19 time, but the total unpaid balance so secured at any one time 20 shall not exceed a maximum principal amount which must be specified in such mortgage or deed of trust, plus interest 21 22 thereon, and any disbursements made for the payment of taxes, 23 special assessments, or insurance on said real property, with 24 interest on such disbursements.

Any such mortgage or deed of trust shall be valid and have priority over all subsequent liens and encumbrances, including

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statutory liens, except taxes and assessments levied on said real property.

3 For purposes of this Section, "real property" includes a
4 manufactured home as defined in subdivision (53) of Section
5 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code, that is real property as
6 defined in Section 5-35 of the Conveyance and Encumbrance of
7 Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act.

8 (Source: P.A. 83-1539; 83-1380.)

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9 (205 ILCS 5/6.1) (from Ch. 17, par. 313.1)

Sec. 6.1. Non-recourse reverse mortgage loans.

11 (a) It is the intent of this amendatory Act of 1991 that 12 homeowners at least 62 years of age be permitted to meet their 13 financial needs by accessing the equity in their homes through 14 a reverse mortgage. The General Assembly recognizes that many 15 restrictions and requirements that exist to govern traditional 16 mortgage transactions are inapplicable in the context of reverse mortgages. In order to foster reverse 17 mortgage transactions and better serve the citizens of this State, this 18 Section authorizes the making of reverse mortgages, 19 and 20 expressly relieves reverse mortgage lenders and borrowers from 21 compliance with inappropriate requirements.

As used in this Section, "borrower" means any homeowner who is, or whose spouse is, at least 62 years of age.

24For purposes of this Section, "real property" includes a25manufactured home as defined in subdivision (53) of Section

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<u>9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code which is real property as</u>
 <u>defined in Section 5-35 of the Conveyance and Encumbrance of</u>
 Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act.

As used in this Section, "reverse mortgage" means a non-recourse loan, secured by real property, that complies with all of the following:

7 (1) Provides cash advances to a borrower based on the
8 equity in a borrower's owner-occupied principal residence,
9 provided that it is a residence designed to be occupied by
10 not more than 4 families.

11 (2) Requires no payment of principal or interest until12 the entire loan becomes due and payable.

13 (b) Reverse mortgage loans shall be subject only to all of 14 the following provisions:

(1) Payment, in whole or in part, shall be permitted
without penalty at any time during the term of the
mortgage.

18 (2) A reverse mortgage may provide for an interest rate 19 that is fixed or adjustable and may provide for interest 20 that is contingent on appreciation in the value of the 21 property.

(3) If a reverse mortgage provides for periodic
advances to a borrower, the advances may not be reduced in
amount or number based on any adjustment in the interest
rate.

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(4) A reverse mortgage may be subject to any additional

terms and conditions imposed by a lender that are required under the provisions of the federal Housing and Community Development Act of 1987 to enable the lender to obtain federal government insurance on the mortgage if the loans are to be insured under that Act.

6 (c) The repayment obligation under a reverse mortgage is7 subject to all of the following:

8 (1) Temporary absences from the home not exceeding 60 9 consecutive days shall not cause the mortgage to become due 10 and payable.

11 (2) Temporary absences from the home exceeding 60 days, 12 but not exceeding one year shall not cause the mortgage to 13 become due and payable, provided that the borrower has 14 taken action that secures the home in a manner satisfactory 15 to the lender.

16 (3) The lender must disclose any interest or other fees 17 to be charged during the period that commences on the date 18 the mortgage becomes due and payable and ends when 19 repayment in full is made in accordance with applicable 20 State and federal laws, rules, and regulations.

(d) A reverse mortgage shall become due and payable uponthe occurrence of any of the following events:

(1) The real property securing the loan is sold.

24 (2) All borrowers cease to occupy the home as a25 principal residence.

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(3) A fixed maturity date agreed to by the lender and

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1 the borrower is reached.

2 (4) An event that is specified in the loan documents
3 and that jeopardizes the lender's security occurs.

(e) No reverse mortgage commitment may be made by a lender
unless the loan applicant attests, in writing, that the
applicant has received from the lender, at the time of initial
inquiry, a statement prepared by the Department on Aging
regarding the advisability and availability of independent
information and counseling services on reverse mortgages.
(Source: P.A. 87-488.)

Section 10-30. The Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985 is amended by changing Sections 1-10.30 and 5-2 as follows:

13 (205 ILCS 105/1-10.30) (from Ch. 17, par. 3301-10.30)

14 Sec. 1-10.30. "Real property": the interests, benefits, 15 and rights inherent in the ownership of the physical real estate. It is the rights with which the ownership of real 16 17 estate is endowed. "Real property" includes a manufactured home as defined in subdivision (53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform 18 19 Commercial Code that is real property as defined in Section 20 5-35 of the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as 21 Real Property and Severance Act. For purposes of this Act, the term "Real Estate" is synonymous with "Real Property". 22

23 (Source: P.A. 84-543.)

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(205 ILCS 105/5-2) (from Ch. 17, par. 3305-2) 1 Sec. 5-2. Investment in loans. An association may loan funds to members as follows: (a) On the security of withdrawable capital accounts, but no such loan shall exceed the withdrawal value of the pledged

6 account;

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(b) On the security of real estate:

8 (1) Of a value, determined in accordance with Section 5-129 of this Act, sufficient to provide good and ample security for 10 the loan:

11 (2) With a fee simple title or a leasehold title of not 12 less duration than 10 years beyond the maturity of the loan;

13 (3) With the title established by such evidence of title as 14 is consistent with sound lending practices in the locality;

15 (4) With the security interest in such real estate 16 evidenced by an appropriate written instrument and the loan 17 evidenced by a note, bond or similar written instrument. A loan on the security of the whole of the beneficial interest in a 18 19 land trust satisfies the requirements of this paragraph if the 20 title to the land is held by a corporate trustee and if the 21 real estate held in the land trust meets the other requirements 22 of this subsection; and

23

(5) With a mortgage loan not to exceed 40 years;

24 For the purpose of repair, improvement, (C) 25 rehabilitation, furnishing or equipment of real estate or any 26 other purpose;

1 (d) For the purpose of financing or refinancing an existing 2 ownership interest in certificates of stock, certificates of 3 beneficial interest or other evidence of an ownership interest 4 in, and a proprietary lease from, a corporation, trust or 5 partnership formed for the purpose of the cooperative ownership 6 of real estate, secured by the assignment or transfer of such 7 certificates or other evidence of ownership of the borrower;

8 (e) Through the purchase of loans which at the time of 9 purchase the association could make in accordance with this 10 Section and the by-laws;

(f) Through the purchase of installment contracts for the sale of real estate, and title thereto which is subject to such contracts, but in each instance only if the association at the time of purchase could make a mortgage loan of the same amount and for the same length of time on the security of such real estate;

(g) Through loans guaranteed or insured, wholly or in part by the United States or any of its instrumentalities, and without regard to the limits in amount and terms otherwise imposed by this Article;

(h) Through secured or unsecured loans for business, corporate, personal, family, or household purposes, or for secured or unsecured loans for agricultural or commercial purposes to the same extent that such agricultural or commercial loans are authorized by federal law for any savings and loan association organized under federal law and authorized

to do business in this State, except that loans to service corporations shall not be subject to the limitations of this paragraph;

4 (i) For the purpose of <u>manufactured</u> mobile home financing
5 subject, however, to the regulation of the Commissioner; <u>as</u>
6 <u>used in this Section</u>, <u>"manufactured home" means a manufactured</u>
7 <u>home as defined in subdivision (53) of Section 9-102 of the</u>
8 Uniform Commercial Code;

9 (j) Through loans to its members secured by the cash 10 surrender value of any life insurance policy or any collateral 11 which would be a legal investment if made by such association 12 pursuant to the terms of this Act; and

13 (k) Any provision of this Act to the contrary 14 notwithstanding, any association may make any loan to its 15 members or investment which such association could make if it 16 were incorporated and operating as an association organized 17 under the laws of the United States.

18 (Source: P.A. 86-137.)

Section 10-35. The Savings Bank Act is amended by changing
 Sections 6002 and 6008 as follows:

21 (205 ILCS 205/6002) (from Ch. 17, par. 7306-2)

22 Sec. 6002. Investment in loans.

23 (a) Subject to the regulations of the Commissioner, a
 24 savings bank may loan funds as follows:

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- (1) On the security of deposit accounts, but no such loan
 shall exceed the withdrawal value of the pledged account.
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(2) On the security of real estate:

- (A) of a value, determined in accordance with this Act, sufficient to provide good and ample security for the loan;
- 6

(B) with a fee simple title or a leasehold title;

7 8 (C) with the title established by evidence of title as is consistent with sound lending practices in the locality;

9 (D) with the security interest in the real estate 10 evidenced by an appropriate written instrument and the loan 11 evidenced by a note, bond, or similar written instrument; a 12 loan on the security of the whole of the beneficial 13 interest in a land trust satisfies the requirements of this 14 paragraph if the title to the land is held by a corporate 15 trustee and if the real estate held in the land trust meets 16 the other requirements of this subsection;

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(E) with a mortgage loan not to exceed 40 years.

18 (3) For the purpose of repair, improvement,19 rehabilitation, furnishing, or equipment of real estate.

(4) For the purpose of financing or refinancing an existing ownership interest in certificates of stock, certificates of beneficial interest, other evidence of an ownership interest in, or a proprietary lease from a corporation, trust, or partnership formed for the purpose of the cooperative ownership of real estate, secured by the assignment or transfer of certificates or other evidence of ownership of the borrower. SB1227

(5) Through the purchase of loans that, at the time of
 purchase, the savings bank could make in accordance with this
 Section and the bylaws.

4 (6) Through the purchase of installment contracts for the
5 sale of real estate and title thereto that is subject to the
6 contracts, but in each instance only if the savings bank, at
7 the time of purchase, could make a mortgage loan of the same
8 amount and for the same length of time on the security of the
9 real estate.

10 (7) Through loans guaranteed or insured, wholly or in part,11 by the United States or any of its instrumentalities.

12 (8) Subject to regulations adopted by the Commissioner, 13 through secured or unsecured loans for business, corporate, 14 commercial, or agricultural purposes; provided that the total 15 of all loans granted under this paragraph shall not exceed 15% 16 of the savings bank's total assets unless a greater amount is 17 authorized in writing by the Commissioner.

18 (9) For the purpose of <u>manufactured</u> mobile home financing 19 subject, however, to the regulation of the Commissioner. <u>As</u> 20 <u>used in this Section, "manufactured home" means a manufactured</u> 21 <u>home as defined in subdivision (53) of Section 9-102 of the</u> 22 <u>Uniform Commercial Code.</u>

(10) Through loans secured by the cash surrender value of any life insurance policy or any collateral that would be a legal investment under the terms of this Act if made by the savings bank. - 36 - LRB097 07200 HLH 47306 b

(11) Any provision of this Act or any other law, except for 1 2 Section 6003, to paragraph (18)of the contrary notwithstanding, but subject to the Financial Institutions 3 Insurance Sales Law and subject to the Commissioner's 4 5 regulations, any savings bank may make any loan or investment 6 or engage in any activity that it could make or engage in if it 7 were organized under State law as a savings and loan 8 association or under federal law as a federal savings and loan 9 association or federal savings bank.

10 (12) A savings bank may issue letters of credit or other 11 similar arrangements only as provided for by regulation of the 12 Commissioner with regard to aggregate amounts permitted, take 13 out commitments for stand-by letters of credit, underlying 14 documentation and underwriting, legal limitations on loans of 15 the savings bank, control and subsidiary records, and other 16 procedures deemed necessary by the Commissioner.

17 (13) For the purpose of automobile financing, subject to18 the regulation of the Commissioner.

19 (14) For the purpose of financing primary, secondary,20 undergraduate, or postgraduate education.

(15) Through revolving lines of credit on the security of a first or junior lien on the borrower's personal residence, based primarily on the borrower's equity, the proceeds of which may be used for any purpose; those loans being commonly referred to as home equity loans.

26 (16) As secured or unsecured credit to cover the payment of

checks, drafts, or other funds transfer orders in excess of the
 available balance of an account on which they are drawn,
 subject to the regulations of the Commissioner.

4 (b) For purposes of this Section, "real estate" includes a
5 manufactured home as defined in subdivision (53) of the Uniform
6 Commercial Code which is real property as defined in Section
7 5-35 of the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as
8 Real Property and Severance Act.

9 (Source: P.A. 90-301, eff. 8-1-97; 91-97, eff. 7-9-99.)

10 (205 ILCS 205/6008) (from Ch. 17, par. 7306-8)

11 Sec. 6008. Purchase of real estate at forced sale. A 12 savings bank may purchase at any sheriff's or other judicial 13 sale, either public or private, any real estate upon which the 14 savings bank has any mortgage, lien or other encumbrance, or in 15 which the savings bank has any other interest. The savings bank 16 thereafter may repair, insure, improve, sell, convey, lease, preserve, mortgage, exchange, or otherwise dispose of real 17 18 estate so acquired in the best interests of the savings bank. For purposes of this Section, "real estate" includes a 19 20 manufactured home as defined in subdivision (53) of Section 21 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code which is real property as 22 defined in Section 5-35 of the Conveyance and Encumbrance of 23 Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act. 24 (Source: P.A. 86-1213.)

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Section 10-40. The Illinois Credit Union Act is amended by
 changing Sections 46 and 46.1 as follows:

3 (205 ILCS 305/46) (from Ch. 17, par. 4447)

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Sec. 46. Loans and interest rate.

5 (1) A credit union may make loans to its members for such purpose and upon such security and terms, including rates of 6 7 interest, as the Credit Committee, credit manager, or loan 8 officer approves. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other 9 law in connection with extensions of credit, a credit union may 10 elect to contract for and receive interest and fees and other 11 charges for extensions of credit subject only to the provisions of this Act and rules promulgated under this Act, except that 12 extensions of credit secured by residential real estate shall 13 14 be subject to the laws applicable thereto. The rates of 15 interest to be charged on loans to members shall be set by the 16 Board of Directors of each individual credit union in accordance with Section 30 of this Act and such rates may be 17 18 less than, but may not exceed, the maximum rate set forth in 19 this Section. A borrower may repay his loan prior to maturity, 20 in whole or in part, without penalty. The credit contract may 21 provide for the payment by the member and receipt by the credit 22 union of all costs and disbursements, including reasonable attorney's fees and collection agency charges, incurred by the 23 24 credit union to collect or enforce the debt in the event of a 25 delinquency by the member, or in the event of a breach of any 1 obligation of the member under the credit contract. A 2 contingency or hourly arrangement established under an 3 agreement entered into by a credit union with an attorney or 4 collection agency to collect a loan of a member in default 5 shall be presumed prima facie reasonable.

6 (2) Credit unions may make loans based upon the security of 7 any interest or equity in real estate, subject to rules and 8 regulations promulgated by the Director. In any contract or 9 loan which is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or 10 conveyance in the nature of a mortgage, on residential real 11 estate, the interest which is computed, calculated, charged, or 12 collected pursuant to such contract or loan, or pursuant to any 13 regulation or rule promulgated pursuant to this Act, may not be 14 computed, calculated, charged or collected for any period of 15 time occurring after the date on which the total indebtedness, 16 with the exception of late payment penalties, is paid in full.

17 For purposes of this subsection (2) of this Section 46, a prepayment shall mean the payment of the total indebtedness, 18 with the exception of late payment penalties if incurred or 19 20 charged, on any date before the date specified in the contract or loan agreement on which the total indebtedness shall be paid 21 22 in full, or before the date on which all payments, if timely 23 made, shall have been made. In the event of a prepayment of the indebtedness which is made on a date after the date on which 24 25 interest on the indebtedness was last computed, calculated, 26 charged, or collected but before the next date on which

interest on the indebtedness was to be calculated, computed, 1 2 charged, or collected, the lender may calculate, charge and 3 collect interest on the indebtedness for the period which elapsed between the date on which the prepayment is made and 4 5 the date on which interest on the indebtedness was last computed, calculated, charged or collected at a rate equal to 6 7 1/360 of the annual rate for each day which so elapsed, which 8 rate shall be applied to the indebtedness outstanding as of the 9 date of prepayment. The lender shall refund to the borrower any 10 interest charged or collected which exceeds that which the 11 lender may charge or collect pursuant to the preceding 12 sentence. The provisions of this amendatory Act of 1985 shall 13 apply only to contracts or loans entered into on or after the 14 effective date of this amendatory Act.

15 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, a 16 credit union authorized under this Act to make loans secured by 17 an interest or equity in real estate may engage in making "reverse mortgage" loans to persons for the purpose of making 18 home improvements or repairs, paying insurance premiums or 19 20 paying real estate taxes on the homestead properties of such persons. If made, such loans shall be made on such terms and 21 22 conditions as the credit union shall determine and as shall be 23 consistent with the provisions of this Section and such rules and regulations as the Director shall promulgate hereunder. For 24 25 purposes of this Section, a "reverse mortgage" loan shall be a loan extended on the basis of existing equity in homestead 26

property and secured by a mortgage on such property. Such loans 1 2 shall be repaid upon the sale of the property or upon the death of the owner or, if the property is in joint tenancy, upon the 3 death of the last surviving joint tenant who had such an 4 5 interest in the property at the time the loan was initiated, provided, however, that the credit union and its member may by 6 mutual agreement, establish other repayment terms. A credit 7 union, in making a "reverse mortgage" loan, may add deferred 8 9 interest to principal or otherwise provide for the charging of 10 interest or premiums on such deferred interest. "Homestead" 11 property, for purposes of this Section, means the domicile and 12 contiguous real estate owned and occupied by the mortgagor. The 13 Director shall promulgate rules and regulations under this Section; provided that such rules and regulations need not be 14 promulgated jointly with any other administrative agency of 15 16 this State.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, a credit union authorized under this Act to make loans secured by an interest or equity in real property may engage in making revolving credit loans secured by mortgages or deeds of trust on such real property or by security assignments of beneficial interests in land trusts.

For purposes of this Section, "revolving credit" has the meaning defined in Section 4.1 of the Interest Act.

Any mortgage or deed of trust given to secure a revolving credit loan may, and when so expressed therein shall, secure

not only the existing indebtedness but also such future 1 2 advances, whether such advances are obligatory or to be made at 3 the option of the lender, or otherwise, as are made within twenty years from the date thereof, to the same extent as if 4 5 such future advances were made on the date of the execution of such mortgage or deed of trust, although there may be no 6 advance made at the time of execution of such mortgage or other 7 8 instrument, and although there may be no indebtedness 9 outstanding at the time any advance is made. The lien of such 10 mortgage or deed of trust, as to third persons without actual 11 notice thereof, shall be valid as to all such indebtedness and 12 future advances form the time said mortgage or deed of trust is 13 filed for record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds or the 14 Registrar of Titles of the county where the real property described therein is located. The total amount of indebtedness 15 16 that may be so secured may increase or decrease from time to 17 time, but the total unpaid balance so secured at any one time shall not exceed a maximum principal amount which must be 18 19 specified in such mortgage or deed of trust, plus interest 20 thereon, and any disbursements made for the payment of taxes, 21 special assessments, or insurance on said real property, with 22 interest on such disbursements.

Any such mortgage or deed of trust shall be valid and have priority over all subsequent liens and encumbrances, including statutory liens, except taxes and assessments levied on said real property.

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1 <u>(4-5) For purposes of this Section, "real estate" and "real</u> 2 property" include a manufactured home as defined in subdivision 3 <u>(53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code which is</u> 4 real property as defined in Section 5-35 of the Conveyance and 5 <u>Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and</u> 6 Severance Act.

7 (5) Compliance with federal or Illinois preemptive laws or
8 regulations governing loans made by a credit union chartered
9 under this Act shall constitute compliance with this Act.

10 (6) Credit unions may make residential real estate mortgage 11 loans on terms and conditions established by the United States 12 Department of Agriculture through its Rural Development 13 Housing and Community Facilities Program. The portion of any 14 loan in excess of the appraised value of the real estate shall 15 be allocable only to the guarantee fee required under the 16 program.

17 (Source: P.A. 95-98, eff. 8-13-07; 96-141, eff. 8-7-09.)

18 (205 ILCS 305/46.1) (from Ch. 17, par. 4447.1)

Sec. 46.1. Non-recourse reverse mortgage loans. Any credit union authorized under this Act to make loans secured by an interest or equity in real estate may make non-recourse reverse mortgage loans as provided in Section 6.1 of the Illinois Banking Act.

24 <u>For purposes of this Section, "real estate" includes a</u> 25 <u>manufactured home as defined in subdivision (53) of Section</u>

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1 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code that is real property as 2 defined in Section 5-35 of the Conveyance and Encumbrance of 3 Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act. 4 (Source: P.A. 87-488.) 5 Section 10-45. The Residential Mortgage License Act of 1987 6 is amended by changing Section 1-4 as follows: 7 (205 ILCS 635/1-4) Sec. 1-4. Definitions. 8 9 "Residential real property" or "residential real (a) 10 estate" shall mean any real property located in Illinois, upon 11 which is constructed or intended to be constructed a dwelling. 12 Those terms include a manufactured home as defined in subdivision (53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial 13 14 Code which is real property as defined in Section 5-35 of the 15 Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real 16 Property and Severance Act.

(b) "Making a residential mortgage loan" or "funding a residential mortgage loan" shall mean for compensation or gain, either directly or indirectly, advancing funds or making a commitment to advance funds to a loan applicant for a residential mortgage loan.

(c) "Soliciting, processing, placing, or negotiating a
residential mortgage loan" shall mean for compensation or gain,
either directly or indirectly, accepting or offering to accept

an application for a residential mortgage loan, assisting or 1 2 offering to assist in the processing of an application for a 3 residential mortgage loan on behalf of a borrower, or negotiating or offering to negotiate the terms or conditions of 4 5 a residential mortgage loan with a lender on behalf of a borrower including, but not limited to, the submission of 6 7 credit packages for the approval of lenders, the preparation of 8 residential mortgage loan closing documents, including a 9 closing in the name of a broker.

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(d) "Exempt person or entity" shall mean the following:

11 (1) (i) Any banking organization or foreign banking 12 corporation licensed by the Illinois Commissioner of Banks 13 and Real Estate or the United States Comptroller of the 14 Currency to transact business in this State; (ii) anv national bank, 15 federally chartered savings and loan 16 association, federal savings bank, federal credit union; 17 (iii) any pension trust, bank trust, or bank trust company; (iv) any bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, 18 19 or credit union organized under the laws of this or any 20 other state; (v) any Illinois Consumer Installment Loan Act 21 licensee; (vi) any insurance company authorized to 22 transact business in this State; (vii) any entity engaged 23 solely in commercial mortgage lending; (viii) any service 24 corporation of a savings and loan association or savings 25 bank organized under the laws of this State or the service 26 corporation of a federally chartered savings and loan

association or savings bank having its principal place of 1 2 business in this State, other than a service corporation 3 licensed or entitled to reciprocity under the Real Estate License Act of 2000; or (ix) any first tier subsidiary of a 4 5 bank, the charter of which is issued under the Illinois Banking Act by the Illinois Commissioner of Banks and Real 6 7 Estate, or the first tier subsidiary of a bank chartered by 8 the United States Comptroller of the Currency and that has 9 its principal place of business in this State, provided 10 that the first tier subsidiary is regularly examined by the 11 Illinois Commissioner of Banks and Real Estate or the 12 Comptroller of the Currency, or a consumer compliance examination is regularly conducted by the Federal Reserve 13 14 Board.

15 (1.5) Any employee of a person or entity mentioned in 16 item (1) of this subsection, when acting for such person or entity, or any registered mortgage loan originator when 17 acting for an entity described in subsection (tt) of this 18 19 Section.

20

26

(2) (Blank).

(3) Any person employed by a licensee to assist in the 21 22 the residential mortgage licensee's performance of activities regulated by this Act who is compensated in any 23 24 manner by only one licensee.

25 (4) (Blank).

(5) Any individual, corporation, partnership, or other

entity that originates, services, or brokers residential mortgage loans, as these activities are defined in this Act, and who or which receives no compensation for those activities, subject to the Commissioner's regulations and the federal Secure and Fair Enforcement for Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008 and the rules promulgated under that Act with regard to the nature and amount of compensation.

8

(6) (Blank).

9 (e) "Licensee" or "residential mortgage licensee" shall 10 mean a person, partnership, association, corporation, or any 11 other entity who or which is licensed pursuant to this Act to 12 engage in the activities regulated by this Act.

(f) "Mortgage loan" "residential mortgage loan" or "home mortgage loan" shall mean any loan primarily for personal, family, or household use that is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or other equivalent consensual security interest on a dwelling as defined in Section 103(v) of the federal Truth in Lending Act, or residential real estate upon which is constructed or intended to be constructed a dwelling.

(g) "Lender" shall mean any person, partnership,
association, corporation, or any other entity who either lends
or invests money in residential mortgage loans.

(h) "Ultimate equitable owner" shall mean a person who, directly or indirectly, owns or controls an ownership interest in a corporation, foreign corporation, alien business organization, trust, or any other form of business organization

regardless of whether the person owns or controls the ownership interest through one or more persons or one or more proxies, powers of attorney, nominees, corporations, associations, partnerships, trusts, joint stock companies, or other entities or devices, or any combination thereof.

6 (i) "Residential mortgage financing transaction" shall 7 mean the negotiation, acquisition, sale, or arrangement for or 8 the offer to negotiate, acquire, sell, or arrange for, a 9 residential mortgage loan or residential mortgage loan 10 commitment.

11 (j) "Personal residence address" shall mean a street 12 address and shall not include a post office box number.

13 (k) "Residential mortgage loan commitment" shall mean a14 contract for residential mortgage loan financing.

(1) "Party to a residential mortgage financing transaction" shall mean a borrower, lender, or loan broker in a residential mortgage financing transaction.

(m) "Payments" shall mean payment of all or any of the following: principal, interest and escrow reserves for taxes, insurance and other related reserves, and reimbursement for lender advances.

(n) "Commissioner" shall mean the Commissioner of Banks and
Real Estate, except that, beginning on April 6, 2009 (the
effective date of Public Act 95-1047), all references in this
Act to the Commissioner of Banks and Real Estate are deemed, in
appropriate contexts, to be references to the Secretary of

Financial and Professional Regulation, or his or her designee,
 including the Director of the Division of Banking of the
 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation.

(n-1) "Director" shall mean the Director of the Division of 4 Banking of the Department of Financial and Professional 5 Regulation, except that, beginning on July 31, 2009 (the 6 7 effective date of Public Act 96-112), all references in this 8 Act to the Director are deemed, in appropriate contexts, to be 9 the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation, or his 10 or her designee, including the Director of the Division of 11 Banking of the Department of Financial and Professional 12 Regulation.

13 (o) "Loan brokering", "brokering", or "brokerage service" 14 shall mean the act of helping to obtain from another entity, 15 for a borrower, a loan secured by residential real estate 16 situated in Illinois or assisting a borrower in obtaining a 17 loan secured by residential real estate situated in Illinois in return for consideration to be paid by either the borrower or 18 the lender including, but not limited to, contracting for the 19 20 delivery of residential mortgage loans to a third party lender 21 and soliciting, processing, placing, or negotiating 22 residential mortgage loans.

(p) "Loan broker" or "broker" shall mean a person, partnership, association, corporation, or limited liability company, other than those persons, partnerships, associations, corporations, or limited liability companies exempted from

licensing pursuant to Section 1-4, subsection (d), of this Act, who performs the activities described in subsections (c) and (o) of this Section.

(g) "Servicing" shall mean the collection or remittance for 4 5 or the right or obligation to collect or remit for any lender, noteowner, noteholder, or for a licensee's own account, of 6 7 payments, interests, principal, and trust items such as hazard 8 insurance and taxes on a residential mortgage loan in 9 accordance with the terms of the residential mortgage loan; and 10 includes loan payment follow-up, delinquency loan follow-up, 11 loan analysis and any notifications to the borrower that are 12 necessary to enable the borrower to keep the loan current and 13 in good standing.

(r) "Full service office" shall mean an office, provided by 14 15 the licensee and not subleased from the licensee's employees, 16 and staff in Illinois reasonably adequate to handle efficiently 17 communications, questions, and other matters relating to any application for, or an existing home mortgage secured by 18 residential real estate situated in Illinois with respect to 19 20 which the licensee is brokering, funding originating, 21 purchasing, or servicing. The management and operation of each 22 full service office must include observance of good business 23 practices such as proper signage; adequate, organized, and 24 accurate books and records; ample phone lines, hours of business, staff training and supervision, and provision for a 25 26 mechanism to resolve consumer inquiries, complaints, and

problems. The Commissioner shall issue regulations with regard to these requirements and shall include an evaluation of compliance with this Section in his or her periodic examination of each licensee.

5 (s) "Purchasing" shall mean the purchase of conventional or 6 government-insured mortgage loans secured by residential real 7 estate situated in Illinois from either the lender or from the 8 secondary market.

9 (t) "Borrower" shall mean the person or persons who seek 10 the services of a loan broker, originator, or lender.

11 (u) "Originating" shall mean the issuing of commitments for 12 and funding of residential mortgage loans.

13 (v) "Loan brokerage agreement" shall mean a written 14 agreement in which a broker or loan broker agrees to do either 15 of the following:

16 (1) obtain a residential mortgage loan for the borrower
17 or assist the borrower in obtaining a residential mortgage
18 loan; or

19 (2) consider making a residential mortgage loan to the20 borrower.

(w) "Advertisement" shall mean the attempt by publication, dissemination, or circulation to induce, directly or indirectly, any person to enter into a residential mortgage loan agreement or residential mortgage loan brokerage agreement relative to a mortgage secured by residential real estate situated in Illinois.

shall

mean

the

Mortgage Board"

1

3

(X) "Residential

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2 Residential Mortgage Board created in Section 1-5 of this Act. (y) "Government-insured mortgage loan" shall mean any

mortgage loan made on the security of residential real estate 4 5 insured by the Department of Housing and Urban Development or 6 Farmers Home Loan Administration, or guaranteed by the Veterans 7 Administration.

(z) "Annual audit" shall mean a certified audit of the 8 9 licensee's books and records and systems of internal control 10 performed by a certified public accountant in accordance with 11 generally accepted accounting principles and generally 12 accepted auditing standards.

13 (aa) "Financial institution" shall mean a savings and loan 14 association, savings bank, credit union, or a bank organized 15 under the laws of Illinois or a savings and loan association, 16 savings bank, credit union or a bank organized under the laws 17 of the United States and headquartered in Illinois.

(bb) "Escrow agent" shall mean a third party, individual or 18 entity charged with the fiduciary obligation for holding escrow 19 20 funds on a residential mortgage loan pending final payout of those funds in accordance with the terms of the residential 21 22 mortgage loan.

23 (cc) "Net worth" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in Section 3-5 of this Act. 24

- 25
- (dd) "Affiliate" shall mean:
- 26

(1) any entity that directly controls or is controlled

by the licensee and any other company that is directly affecting activities regulated by this Act that is controlled by the company that controls the licensee;

4

(2) any entity:

5 (A) that is controlled, directly or indirectly, by 6 a trust or otherwise, by or for the benefit of 7 shareholders who beneficially or otherwise control, 8 directly or indirectly, by trust or otherwise, the 9 licensee or any company that controls the licensee; or

10 (B) a majority of the directors or trustees of 11 which constitute a majority of the persons holding any 12 such office with the licensee or any company that 13 controls the licensee;

14 (3) any company, including a real estate investment 15 trust, that is sponsored and advised on a contractual basis 16 by the licensee or any subsidiary or affiliate of the 17 licensee.

18 The Commissioner may define by rule and regulation any 19 terms used in this Act for the efficient and clear 20 administration of this Act.

(ee) "First tier subsidiary" shall be defined by regulation incorporating the comparable definitions used by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency and the Illinois Commissioner of Banks and Real Estate.

25 (ff) "Gross delinquency rate" means the quotient 26 determined by dividing (1) the sum of (i) the number of

government-insured residential mortgage loans 1 funded or 2 purchased by a licensee in the preceding calendar year that are delinquent and (ii) the number of conventional residential 3 4 mortgage loans funded or purchased by the licensee in the 5 preceding calendar year that are delinquent by (2) the sum of 6 (i) the number of government-insured residential mortgage 7 loans funded or purchased by the licensee in the preceding 8 calendar year and (ii) the number of conventional residential 9 mortgage loans funded or purchased by the licensee in the 10 preceding calendar year.

(gg) "Delinquency rate factor" means the factor set by rule 11 12 of the Commissioner that is multiplied by the average gross delinquency rate of licensees, determined annually for the 13 immediately preceding calendar year, for the purpose of 14 15 determining which licensees shall be examined by the 16 Commissioner pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 4-8 of this 17 Act.

(hh) "Loan originator" means any natural person who, for compensation or in the expectation of compensation, either directly or indirectly makes, offers to make, solicits, places, or negotiates a residential mortgage loan. This definition applies only to Section 7-1 of this Act.

(ii) "Confidential supervisory information" means any report of examination, visitation, or investigation prepared by the Commissioner under this Act, any report of examination visitation, or investigation prepared by the state regulatory

authority of another state that examines a licensee, 1 anv 2 document or record prepared or obtained in connection with or relating to any examination, visitation, or investigation, and 3 any record prepared or obtained by the Commissioner to the 4 5 extent that the record summarizes or contains information 6 derived from any report, document, or record described in this 7 subsection. "Confidential supervisory information" does not 8 include any information or record routinely prepared by a 9 licensee and maintained in the ordinary course of business or 10 any information or record that is required to be made publicly 11 available pursuant to State or federal law or rule.

12 (jj) "Mortgage loan originator" means an individual who for 13 compensation or gain or in the expectation of compensation or 14 gain:

15

(i) takes a residential mortgage loan application; or

16 (ii) offers or negotiates terms of a residential 17 mortgage loan.

18 "Mortgage loan originator" does not include an individual 19 engaged solely as a loan processor or underwriter except as 20 otherwise provided in subsection (d) of Section 7-1A of this 21 Act.

"Mortgage loan originator" does not include a person or entity that only performs real estate brokerage activities and is licensed in accordance with the Real Estate License Act of 2000, unless the person or entity is compensated by a lender, a mortgage broker, or other mortgage loan originator, or by any

1 agent of that lender, mortgage broker, or other mortgage loan 2 originator.

3 "Mortgage loan originator" does not include a person or 4 entity solely involved in extensions of credit relating to 5 timeshare plans, as that term is defined in Section 101(53D) of 6 Title 11, United States Code.

7 (kk) "Depository institution" has the same meaning as in
8 Section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, and includes
9 any credit union.

10 (11) "Dwelling" means a residential structure or mobile 11 home which contains one to 4 family housing units, or 12 individual units of condominiums or cooperatives.

(mm) "Immediate family member" means a spouse, child, sibling, parent, grandparent, or grandchild, and includes step-parents, step-children, step-siblings, or adoptive relationships.

17

(nn) "Individual" means a natural person.

18 (oo) "Loan processor or underwriter" means an individual 19 who performs clerical or support duties as an employee at the 20 direction of and subject to the supervision and instruction of 21 a person licensed, or exempt from licensing, under this Act. 22 "Clerical or support duties" includes subsequent to the receipt 23 of an application:

(i) the receipt, collection, distribution, and
 analysis of information common for the processing or
 underwriting of a residential mortgage loan; and

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(ii) communicating with a consumer to obtain the 1 2 information necessary for the processing or underwriting of a loan, to the extent that the communication does not 3 include offering or negotiating loan rates or terms, or 4 5 counseling consumers about residential mortgage loan rates or terms. An individual engaging solely in loan processor 6 7 or underwriter activities shall not represent to the 8 public, through advertising other or means of 9 communicating or providing information, including the use 10 of business cards, stationery, brochures, signs, rate 11 lists, or other promotional items, that the individual can 12 or will perform any of the activities of a mortgage loan 13 originator.

(pp) "Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry" 14 15 means a mortgage licensing system developed and maintained by 16 the Conference of State Bank Supervisors and the American 17 Association of Residential Mortgage Regulators for the registration of licensed mortgage 18 licensing and loan 19 originators.

20 (qq) "Nontraditional mortgage product" means any mortgage 21 product other than a 30-year fixed rate mortgage.

22 (rr) "Person" means a natural person, corporation, 23 company, limited liability company, partnership, or 24 association.

25 (ss) "Real estate brokerage activity" means any activity 26 that involves offering or providing real estate brokerage - 58 - LRB097 07200 HLH 47306 b

1 services to the public, including:

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2 (1) acting as a real estate agent or real estate broker 3 for a buyer, seller, lessor, or lessee of real property; (2) bringing together parties interested in the sale, 4 5 purchase, lease, rental, or exchange of real property; (3) negotiating, on behalf of any party, any portion of 6 7 a contract relating to the sale, purchase, lease, rental, 8 or exchange of real property, other than in connection with 9 providing financing with respect to any such transaction; 10 (4) engaging in any activity for which a person engaged 11 in the activity is required to be registered or licensed as 12 a real estate agent or real estate broker under any 13 applicable law; or (5) offering to engage in any activity, or act in any 14 15 capacity, described in this subsection (ss). 16 (tt) "Registered mortgage loan originator" means any 17 individual that: (1) meets the definition of mortgage loan originator 18 19 and is an employee of: 20 (A) a depository institution; 21 (B) a subsidiary that is: 22 (i) owned and controlled by a depository 23 institution: and (ii) regulated by a federal banking agency; or 24 25 (C) an institution regulated by the Farm Credit 26 Administration; and

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(2) is registered with, and maintains a unique
 identifier through, the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing
 System and Registry.

4 (uu) "Unique identifier" means a number or other identifier
5 assigned by protocols established by the Nationwide Mortgage
6 Licensing System and Registry.

7 (vv) "Residential mortgage license" means a license issued
8 pursuant to Section 1-3, 2-2, or 2-6 of this Act.

9 (ww) "Mortgage loan originator license" means a license
10 issued pursuant to Section 7-1A, 7-3, or 7-6 of this Act.

11 (xx) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of 12 Financial and Professional Regulation, or a person authorized 13 by the Secretary or by this Act to act in the Secretary's 14 stead.

15 (Source: P.A. 95-1047, eff. 4-6-09; 96-112, eff. 7-31-09; 16 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1216, eff. 1-1-11.)

Section 10-50. The Mobile Home Park Act is amended by changing Section 2.1 as follows:

19 (210 ILCS 115/2.1) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 712.1)

Sec. 2.1. "Manufactured home" means a factory-assembled, completely integrated structure designed for permanent habitation, with a permanent chassis, and so constructed as to permit its transport, on wheels temporarily or permanently attached to its frame, and is a movable or portable unit that

is (i) 8 body feet or more in width, (ii) 40 body feet or more 1 2 in length, and (iii) 320 or more square feet, constructed to be 3 towed on its own chassis (comprised of frame and wheels) from the place of its construction to the location, or subsequent 4 5 locations, at which it is installed and set up according to the manufacturer's instructions and connected to utilities for 6 7 year-round occupancy for use as a permanent habitation, and 8 designed and situated so as to permit its occupancy as a 9 dwelling place for one or more persons, and specifically 10 includes a "manufactured home" as defined in subdivision (53) 11 of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code. The term shall 12 include units containing parts that may be folded, collapsed, 13 or telescoped when being towed and that may be expected to 14 provide additional cubic capacity, and that are designed to be 15 joined into one integral unit capable of being separated again 16 into the components for repeated towing. The term excludes 17 campers and recreational vehicles. The term "mobile home" shall not include modular homes and their support systems. The words 18 "mobile home" and "manufactured home" are synonymous for the 19

20 purposes of this Act.

21 (Source: P.A. 96-1477, eff. 1-1-11.)

22 Section 10-55. The Abandoned Mobile Home Act is amended by 23 changing Section 10 as follows:

24 (210 ILCS 117/10)

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1

Sec. 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

2 "Manufactured home" means a factory-assembled, completely 3 integrated structure designed for permanent habitation, with a permanent chassis, and so constructed as to permit its 4 5 transport, on wheels temporarily or permanently attached to its 6 frame, and is a movable or portable unit that is (i) 8 body 7 feet or more in width, (ii) 40 body feet or more in length, and 8 (iii) 320 or more square feet, constructed to be towed on its 9 own chassis (comprised of frame and wheels) from the place of 10 its construction to the location, or subsequent locations, at 11 which it is installed and set up according to the 12 manufacturer's instructions and connected to utilities for year-round occupancy for use as a permanent habitation, and 13 14 designed and situated so as to permit its occupancy as a 15 dwelling place for one or more persons, and specifically includes a "manufacture<u>d home" as defined in subdivision (53)</u> 16 17 of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code. The term shall include units containing parts that may be folded, collapsed, 18 19 or telescoped when being towed and that may be expected to 20 provide additional cubic capacity, and that are designed to be joined into one integral unit capable of being separated again 21 22 into the components for repeated towing. The term excludes 23 campers and recreational vehicles. The words "mobile home" and "manufactured home" are synonymous for the purposes of this 24 25 Act.

26

"Abandoned mobile home" means a mobile home <u>located inside</u>

a mobile home park that has no owner currently residing in the 1 2 mobile home or authorized tenant of the owner currently 3 residing in the mobile home to the best knowledge of the municipality; has had its electricity, natural gas, sewer, and 4 5 water payments declared delinquent by the utility companies 6 that are providing such services; and for which the Mobile Home 7 Privilege Tax, imposed under the Mobile Home Local Services Tax 8 Act, is delinquent for at least 3 months. A mobile home 9 abandoned outside a mobile home park must be treated like other 10 real property for condemnation purposes.

"Municipality" means any city, village, incorporated town, or its duly authorized agent. If an abandoned mobile home is located in an unincorporated area, the county where the mobile home is located shall have all powers granted to a municipality under this Act.

16 (Source: P.A. 96-1477, eff. 1-1-11.)

Section 10-60. The Illinois Manufactured Housing and Mobile Home Safety Act is amended by changing Section 2 as follows:

20

(430 ILCS 115/2) (from Ch. 67 1/2, par. 502)

Sec. 2. Unless clearly indicated otherwise by the context, the following words and terms when used in this Act, for the purpose of this Act, shall have the following meanings:

24 (a) "Manufactured home" means <u>"manufactured home" as</u>

1	defined in subdivision (53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform
2	Commercial Code. "Mobile home" means a factory-assembled,
3	completely integrated structure, constructed on or before June
4	30, 1976, designed for permanent habitation, with a permanent
5	chassis, and so constructed as to permit its transport, on
6	wheels temporarily or permanently attached to its frame, that
7	is a movable or portable unit that is constructed to be towed
8	on its own chassis (comprised of frame and wheels) from the
9	place of its construction to the location, or subsequent
10	locations, at which it is connected to utilities for year-round
11	occupancy for use as a permanent habitation, and designed and
12	situated so as to permit its occupancy as a dwelling place for
13	one or more persons. a factory-assembled, completely
14	integrated structure designed for permanent habitation, with a
15	permanent chassis, and so constructed as to permit its
16	transport, on wheels temporarily or permanently attached to its
17	frame, and is a movable or portable unit that is (i) 8 body
18	feet or more in width, (ii) 40 body feet or more in length, and
19	(iii) 320 or more square feet, constructed to be towed on its
20	own chassis (comprised of frame and wheels) from the place of
21	its construction to the location, or subsequent locations, at
22	which it is installed and set up according to the
23	manufacturer's instructions and connected to utilities for
24	year-round occupancy for use as a permanent habitation, and
25	designed and situated so as to permit its occupancy as a
26	dwelling place for one or more persons. The terms "manufactured

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home" and "mobile home" term shall include units otherwise 1 2 meeting their respective definitions containing parts that may 3 be folded, collapsed, or telescoped when being towed and that may be expected to provide additional cubic capacity, and that 4 5 are designed to be joined into one integral unit capable of being separated again into the components for repeated towing. 6 7 The terms "mobile home" and "manufactured home" exclude term excludes campers and recreational vehicles. The terms "mobile 8 9 home" and "manufactured home" do not include modular homes or 10 manufactured housing units.

11 (b) "Person" means a person, partnership, corporation, or 12 other legal entity.

(c) "Manufacturer" means any person who manufactures mobile homes or manufactured housing at the place or places, either on or away from the building site, at which machinery, equipment and other capital goods are assembled and operated for the purpose of making, fabricating, forming or assembling mobile homes or manufactured housing.

19

(d) "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

20 (e) "Director" means the Director of the Department of21 Public Health.

(f) "Dealer" means any person, other than a manufacturer, as defined in this Act, who sells 3 or more mobile homes or manufactured housing units in any consecutive 12-month period.

(g) "Codes" means the safety codes for manufactured housingand mobile homes promulgated by the Department. The Codes shall

contain the standards and requirements for manufactured 1 2 housing and mobile homes so that adequate performance for the intended use is made the test of acceptability. The Code of 3 Standards shall permit the use of new and used technology, 4 5 techniques, methods and materials, for both manufactured 6 housing and mobile homes, consistent with recognized and 7 accepted codes and standards developed by the International 8 Code Council (ICC) or by the organizations that formed the ICC 9 in 1994: Building Officials and Code Administrators, the 10 International Conference of Building Officials, the Southern 11 Building Codes Congress International, the National Fire 12 Protection Association, the International Association of 13 Plumbing and Mechanical Officials, the American National 14 Standards Institute, the Illinois State Plumbing Code, and the 15 United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, 16 hereinafter referred to as "HUD", applying to manufactured 17 housing and mobile homes installed and set up according to the manufacturer's instructions. A copy of said safety codes, 18 including said revisions thereof is 19 on file with the 20 Department.

(h) "Seal" means a device or insignia issued by the Department to be displayed on the exterior of the mobile home or the interior of a manufactured housing unit or modular home to evidence compliance with the applicable safety code.

(i) "Modular home" means a building assembly or system ofbuilding sub-assemblies, designed for habitation as a dwelling

for one or more persons, including the necessary electrical, 1 2 plumbing, heating, ventilating and other service systems, which is of closed or open construction and which is made or 3 assembled by a manufacturer, on or off the building site, for 4 5 installation, or assembly and installation, on the building 6 site, installed and set up according to the manufacturer's 7 instructions on an approved foundation and support system. The construction of modular dwelling units located in Illinois is 8 9 regulated by the Illinois Department of Public Health.

(j) "Closed construction" is any building, component, assembly or system manufactured in such a manner that all portions cannot readily be inspected at the installation site without disassembly, damage to, or destruction thereof.

(k) "Open construction" is any building, component, assembly or system manufactured in such a manner that all portions can be readily inspected at the installation site without disassembly, damage to, or destruction thereof.

(1) "Approved foundation and support system" means, for a 18 19 modular home or modular dwelling unit, a closed perimeter 20 formation consisting of materials such as concrete, mortared concrete block, or mortared brick extending into the ground 21 22 below the frost line which shall include, but not necessarily 23 be limited to, cellars, basements, or crawl spaces, and does include the use of piers supporting the marriage wall of the 24 25 home that extend below the frost line.

26 (m) "Code compliance certificate" means the certificate

provided by the manufacturer to the Department that warrants that the manufactured housing unit or mobile home complies with the applicable code.

4 (n) "Manufactured housing", "manufactured housing unit",
5 "modular dwelling", and "modular home" shall not be confused
6 with "manufactured home" or "mobile home".

7 (Source: P.A. 96-1477, eff. 1-1-11.)

8 Section 10-65. The Manufactured Home Quality Assurance Act
9 is amended by changing Section 10 as follows:

10 (430 ILCS 117/10)

11 Sec. 10. Definitions. In this Act:

12 "Department" means the Illinois Department of Public13 Health.

14 "Licensed installer" means a person who has successfully 15 completed a manufactured home installation course approved by 16 the Department and paid the required fees.

17 "Manufactured home" means a "manufactured home", as defined in subdivision (53) of section 9-102 of the Uniform 18 Commercial Code. "Mobile home" means a factory-assembled, 19 20 completely integrated structure, constructed on or before June 21 30, 1976, designed for permanent habitation, with a permanent 22 chassis, and so constructed as to permit its transport, on 23 wheels temporarily or permanently attached to its frame, that is a movable or portable unit that is <u>constructed to be towed</u> 24

1	on its own chassis (comprised of frame and wheels) from the
2	place of its construction to the location, or subsequent
3	locations, at which it is connected to utilities for year-round
4	occupancy for use as a permanent habitation, and designed and
5	situated so as to permit its occupancy as a dwelling place for
6	one or more persons. a factory assembled, completely
7	integrated structure designed for permanent habitation, with a
8	permanent chassis, and so constructed as to permit its
9	transport, on wheels temporarily or permanently attached to its
10	frame, and is a movable or portable unit that is (i) 8 body
11	feet or more in width, (ii) 40 body feet or more in length, and
12	(iii) 320 or more square feet, constructed to be towed on its
13	own chassis (comprised of frame and wheels) from the place of
14	its construction to the location, or subsequent locations, at
15	which it is installed and set up according to the
16	manufacturer's instructions and connected to utilities for
17	year round occupancy for use as a permanent habitation, and
18	designed and situated so as to permit its occupancy as a
19	dwelling place for one or more persons. The terms "manufactured
20	home" and "mobile home" term shall include units otherwise
21	meeting their respective definitions containing parts that may
22	be folded, collapsed, or telescoped when being towed and that
23	may be expected to provide additional cubic capacity, and that
24	are designed to be joined into one integral unit capable of
25	being separated again into the components for repeated towing.
26	The terms "manufactured home" and "mobile home" exclude term

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1 excludes campers and recreational vehicles.

2 "Manufacturer" means a manufacturer of a manufactured 3 home, whether the manufacturer is located within or outside of 4 the State of Illinois.

5 "Mobile home" or "manufactured home" does not include a 6 modular home.

7 "Mobile home park" means a tract of land or 2 contiguous 8 tracts of land that contain sites with the necessary utilities 9 for 5 or more mobile homes or manufactured homes. A mobile home 10 park may be operated either free of charge or for revenue 11 purposes.

12 (Source: P.A. 96-1477, eff. 1-1-11.)

Section 10-70. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 3-100, 3-102, 3-103, 3-104, 3-106, 3-107, 3-109, 3-110, 3-116, 3-202, 3-205, 3-207, and 3-208 and by adding Sections 1-144.03, 3-116.1, 3-116.2, and 3-116.3 as follows:

18 (625 ILCS 5/1-144.03 new)

19 <u>Sec. 1-144.03. Mobile home or manufactured home. A mobile</u> 20 <u>home or manufactured home means a manufactured home as defined</u> 21 <u>in subdivision (53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial</u> 22 <u>Code.</u>

23

(625 ILCS 5/3-100) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-100)

Sec. 3-100. Definitions. For the purposes of this Chapter, the following words shall have the meanings ascribed to them:

3 "Electronic" includes electrical, digital, magnetic,
4 optical, electromagnetic, or any other form of technology that
5 entails capabilities similar to these technologies.

6 record" "Electronic means а record generated, 7 communicated, received, or stored by electronic means for use 8 information system or for transmission from in an one 9 information system to another.

10 "Electronic signature" means a signature in electronic 11 form attached to or logically associated with an electronic 12 record.

13 "Owner" means a person who holds legal document of ownership of a vehicle, limited to a certificate of origin, 14 15 certificate of title, salvage certificate, or junking 16 certificate. However, in the event a vehicle is the subject of an agreement for the conditional sale or lease thereof with the 17 right of purchase upon performance of the conditions stated in 18 19 the agreement and with an immediate right of possession vested 20 in the conditional vendee or lessee, or in the event a mortgagor of such vehicle is entitled to possession, then such 21 22 conditional vendee or lessee or mortgagor shall be deemed the 23 owner for the purpose of this Chapter, except as provided under paragraph (c) of Section 3-118. 24

25 "Record" means information that is inscribed, stored, or 26 otherwise fixed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an

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electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.

3 "Signature" or "signed" includes any symbol executed or 4 adopted, or any security procedure employed or adopted, using 5 electronic means or otherwise, by or on behalf of a person with 6 intent to authenticate a record.

7 <u>"Vehicle" means a vehicle as defined in Section 1-217 of</u> 8 <u>this Code. Unless otherwise specified, "vehicle" also means a</u> 9 <u>"manufactured home" as defined in Section 1-144.03 of this Code</u> 10 (Source: P.A. 91-79, eff. 1-1-00; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-772, 11 eff. 1-1-01.)

12 (625 ILCS 5/3-102) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-102)

13 Sec. 3-102. Exclusions.

14 No certificate of title need be obtained for:

15 1. A vehicle owned by the State of Illinois; or a vehicle 16 owned by the United States unless it is registered in this 17 State;

2. A vehicle owned by a manufacturer or dealer and held for sale, even though incidentally moved on the highway or used for purposes of testing or demonstration, provided a dealer reassignment area is still available on the manufacturer's certificate of origin or the Illinois title; or a vehicle used by a manufacturer solely for testing;

3. A vehicle owned by a non-resident of this State and not
required by law to be registered in this State;

4. A motor vehicle regularly engaged in the interstate
 transportation of persons or property for which a currently
 effective certificate of title has been issued in another
 State;

5

5. A vehicle moved solely by animal power;

6

7

6. An implement of husbandry;

7. Special mobile equipment;

8. An apportionable trailer or an apportionable
9 semitrailer registered in the State prior to April 1, 1998.

10 <u>9. A manufactured home for which an affidavit of affixation</u> 11 <u>has been recorded pursuant to the Conveyance and Encumbrance of</u> 12 <u>Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act unless</u> 13 <u>with respect to the same manufactured home there has been</u> 14 recorded an affidavit of severance pursuant to that Act.

15 (Source: P.A. 91-441, eff. 1-1-00.)

16 (625 ILCS 5/3-103) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-103)

17 Sec. 3-103. Optional certificate of title.

18 (a) The owner of an implement of husbandry or special mobile equipment may apply for and obtain a certificate of 19 20 title on it. All of the provisions of this chapter, except part 21 (e) of Section 3-104, are applicable to a certificate of title 22 so issued, except that a person who receives a transfer of an interest in the vehicle without knowledge of the certificate of 23 24 title is not prejudiced by reason of the existence of the 25 certificate, and the perfection of a security interest under 1 this act is not effective until the lienholder has complied 2 with the provisions of applicable law which otherwise relate to 3 the perfection of security interests in personal property.

4 An application for an optional certificate of title must be 5 accompanied by either an exemption determination from the 6 Department of Revenue showing that no tax imposed under the "Use Tax Act" or the "Retailers' Occupation Tax Act" is owed by 7 8 anyone with respect to that vehicle or by a receipt from the 9 Department of Revenue showing that any tax so imposed has been 10 paid. No optional certificate of title shall be issued in the 11 absence of such a receipt or exemption determination.

12 If the proof of payment or of nonliability is, after the 13 issuance of the optional certificate of title, found to be 14 invalid, the Secretary of State shall revoke the optional 15 certificate of title and require that it be returned to him.

16 (b) The owner of a manufactured home which is permanently 17 affixed to real estate and for which a certificate of title has not previously been issued and surrendered for cancellation may 18 apply for a certificate of title, including, if applicable, a 19 20 certificate of title issued in accordance with subsection (b) of Section 3-109, which shall be issued for the sole purpose of 21 (i) surrendering such certificate of title for cancellation in 22 23 accordance with Section 3-116.2 or (ii) satisfying the 24 requirements of subdivision (e)(4) of Section 9-334 of the 25 Uniform Commercial Code. The Secretary of State shall issue a certificate of title, in accordance with this Chapter, upon 26

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satisfaction of the application requirements of this Code. (Source: P.A. 78-1165.) (625 ILCS 5/3-104) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-104) Sec. 3-104. Application for certificate of title. (a) The application for a certificate of title for a vehicle in this State must be made by the owner to the Secretary of State on the form prescribed and must contain: 1. The name, Illinois residence and mail address of the owner; 2. A description of the vehicle including, so far as make, year-model, the following data exists: Its identifying number, type of body, whether new or used, as to house trailers as defined in Section 1-128 of this Code, and as to manufactured homes as defined in Section 1-144.03 of this Code, the square footage of the house trailer based upon the outside dimensions of the house trailer excluding the length of the tongue and hitch, and, as to vehicles of the second division, whether for-hire, not-for-hire, or both for-hire and not-for-hire;

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3. The date of purchase by applicant and, if applicable, the name and address of the person from whom the vehicle was acquired and the names and addresses of any lienholders in the order of their priority and signatures of owners;

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4. The current odometer reading at the time of transfer

1 and that the stated odometer reading is one of the 2 following: actual mileage, not the actual mileage or 3 mileage is in excess of its mechanical limits; and

5. Any further information the Secretary of State reasonably requires to identify the vehicle and to enable him to determine whether the owner is entitled to a certificate of title and the existence or nonexistence of security interests in the vehicle.

9 (a-5) The Secretary of State shall designate on the 10 prescribed application form a space where the owner of a 11 vehicle may designate a beneficiary, to whom ownership of the 12 vehicle shall pass in the event of the owner's death.

(b) If the application refers to a vehicle purchased from a dealer, it must also be signed by the dealer as well as the owner, and the dealer must promptly mail or deliver the application and required documents to the Secretary of State.

17 (c) If the application refers to a vehicle last previously 18 registered in another State or country, the application must 19 contain or be accompanied by:

Any certified document of ownership so recognized
 and issued by the other State or country and acceptable to
 the Secretary of State, and

23 2. Any other information and documents the Secretary of
24 State reasonably requires to establish the ownership of the
25 vehicle and the existence or nonexistence of security
26 interests in it.

1 (d) If the application refers to a new vehicle it must be 2 accompanied by the Manufacturer's Statement of Origin, or other 3 documents as required and acceptable by the Secretary of State, 4 with such assignments as may be necessary to show title in the 5 applicant.

6 (e) If an application refers to a vehicle rebuilt from a 7 vehicle previously salvaged, that application shall comply 8 with the provisions set forth in Sections 3-302 through 3-304 9 of this Code.

10 (f) An application for a certificate of title for any 11 vehicle, whether purchased in Illinois or outside Illinois, and 12 even if previously registered in another State, must be accompanied by either an exemption determination from the 13 14 Department of Revenue showing that no tax imposed pursuant to 15 the Use Tax Act or the vehicle use tax imposed by Section 16 3-1001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code is owed by anyone with 17 respect to that vehicle, or a receipt from the Department of Revenue showing that any tax so imposed has been paid. An 18 application for a certificate of title for any vehicle 19 20 purchased outside Illinois, even if previously registered in another state, must be accompanied by either an exemption 21 22 determination from the Department of Revenue showing that no 23 tax imposed pursuant to the Municipal Use Tax Act or the County 24 Use Tax Act is owed by anyone with respect to that vehicle, or 25 a receipt from the Department of Revenue showing that any tax 26 so imposed has been paid. In the absence of such a receipt for payment or determination of exemption from the Department, no certificate of title shall be issued to the applicant.

If the proof of payment of the tax or of nonliability therefor is, after the issuance of the certificate of title and display certificate of title, found to be invalid, the Secretary of State shall revoke the certificate and require that the certificate of title and, when applicable, the display certificate of title be returned to him.

9 (g) If the application refers to a vehicle not manufactured 10 in accordance with federal safety and emission standards, the 11 application must be accompanied by all documents required by 12 federal governmental agencies to meet their standards before a 13 vehicle is allowed to be issued title and registration.

(h) If the application refers to a vehicle sold at public 14 15 sale by a sheriff, it must be accompanied by the required fee 16 and a bill of sale issued and signed by a sheriff. The bill of 17 sale must identify the new owner's name and address, the year model, make and vehicle identification number of the vehicle, 18 19 court order document number authorizing such sale, if applicable, and the name and address of any lienholders in 20 order of priority, if applicable. 21

(i) If the application refers to a vehicle for which a
court of law determined the ownership, it must be accompanied
with a certified copy of such court order and the required fee.
The court order must indicate the new owner's name and address,
the complete description of the vehicle, if known, the name and

1 address of the lienholder, if any, and must be signed and dated
2 by the judge issuing such order.

(j) If the application refers to a vehicle sold at public auction pursuant to the Labor and Storage Lien (Small Amount) Act, it must be accompanied by an affidavit or affirmation furnished by the Secretary of State along with the documents described in the affidavit or affirmation and the required fee.

8 (k) The Secretary may provide an expedited process for the 9 issuance of vehicle titles. Expedited title applications must 10 be delivered to the Secretary of State's Vehicle Services 11 Department in Springfield by express mail service or hand 12 delivery. Applications must be complete, including necessary 13 forms, fees, and taxes. Applications received before noon on a 14 business day will be processed and shipped that same day. 15 Applications received after noon on a business day will be 16 processed and shipped the next business day. The Secretary 17 shall charge an additional fee of \$30 for this service, and that fee shall cover the cost of return shipping via an express 18 mail service. All fees collected by the Secretary of State for 19 20 expedited services shall be deposited into the Motor Vehicle 21 License Plate Fund. In the event the Vehicle Services 22 Department determines that the volume of expedited title 23 requests received on a given day exceeds the ability of the 24 Vehicle Services Department to process those requests in an 25 expedited manner, the Vehicle Services Department may decline 26 to provide expedited services, and the additional fee for the

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expedited service shall be refunded to the applicant.

2 (1) If the application refers to a homemade trailer, (i) it 3 must be accompanied by the appropriate documentation regarding 4 the source of materials used in the construction of the 5 trailer, as required by the Secretary of State, (ii) the 6 trailer must be inspected by a Secretary of State investigator, 7 as described in Section 2-115 of this Code, prior to the 8 issuance of the title, and (iii) upon approval of the Secretary 9 of State, the trailer must have a vehicle identification 10 number, as provided by the Secretary of State, stamped or 11 riveted to the frame.

12 <u>(m) The holder of a Manufacturer's Statement of Origin to a</u> 13 <u>manufactured home may deliver it to any person to facilitate</u> 14 <u>conveying or encumbering the manufactured home. Any person</u> 15 <u>receiving any such Manufacturer's Statement of Origin so</u> 16 <u>delivered holds it in trust for the person delivering it.</u>

17 <u>(n) Within 45 days after the completion of the first retail</u> 18 <u>sale of a manufactured home, the Manufacturer's Statement of</u> 19 <u>Origin to that manufactured home must be surrendered to the</u> 20 <u>Secretary of State either in conjunction with an application</u> 21 <u>for a certificate of title for that manufactured home or in</u> 22 <u>accordance with Section 3-116.1.</u>

23 (Source: P.A. 95-784, eff. 1-1-09; 96-519, eff. 1-1-10; 96-554,
24 eff. 1-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10.)

25 (625 ILCS 5/3-106) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-106)

Sec. 3-106. Certificate of title - Issuance - Records. (a) 1 2 The Secretary of State shall file each application received and, when satisfied as to its genuineness and regularity, and 3 that no tax imposed by the "Use Tax Act" or the vehicle use 4 5 tax, as imposed by Section 3-1001 of "The Illinois Vehicle 6 Code", or pursuant to the "Municipal Use Tax Act" or pursuant 7 to the "County Use Tax Act" is owed as evidenced by the receipt 8 for payment or determination of exemption from the Department 9 of Revenue provided for in Section 3-104 of this Act, and that 10 the applicant is entitled to the issuance of a certificate of 11 title, shall issue a certificate of title of the vehicle.

(b) The Secretary of State shall maintain a record of all certificates of title issued by him under a distinctive title number assigned to the vehicle; and, in the discretion of the Secretary of State, in any other method determined.

16 (c) The Secretary of State shall not issue a certificate of 17 title, including a certificate of title issued in accordance with subsection (b) of Section 3-109, to a manufactured home 18 19 for which there has been recorded an affidavit of affixation 20 pursuant to the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured 21 Homes as Real Property and Severance Act unless with respect to 22 the same manufactured home there has been recorded an affidavit 23 of severance pursuant to the Conveyance and Encumbrance of 24 Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act.

25 (d) The Secretary of State shall file, upon receipt, each
 26 affidavit of affixation and affidavit of severance relating to

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a manufactured home that is delivered in accordance with the 1 2 Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act, when satisfied as to its 3 4 genuineness and regularity. 5 (e) The Secretary of State shall maintain a record of each affidavit of affixation and each affidavit of severance filed 6 7 in accordance with subsection (d) of this Section. The record shall state the name of the owner of the related manufactured 8 9 home, the name of manufacturer, make, model name, model year, 10 vehicle identification number, and any other data the Secretary 11 of State prescribes.

12 (f) The Secretary of State shall file, upon receipt, each 13 application for surrender of the Manufacturer's Statement of 14 Origin relating to a manufactured home that is delivered in 15 accordance with Section 3-116.1, when satisfied as to its 16 genuineness and regularity.

17 (q) The Secretary of State shall file, upon receipt, each 18 application for surrender of the certificate of title relating 19 to a manufactured home that is delivered in accordance with 20 Section 3-116.2, when satisfied as to its genuineness and 21 regularity.

(h) The Secretary of State shall maintain a record, including a record in the form of a searchable electronic database accessible to the public, of each Manufacturer's Statement of Origin accepted for surrender as provided in Section 3-116.1. The record shall state the date the Manufacturer's Statement of Origin was accepted for surrender,
 the name of manufacturer, make, model name, model year, vehicle
 identification number, and any other data the Secretary of
 State prescribes.

5 (i) The Secretary of State shall maintain a record, 6 including a record in the form of a searchable electronic 7 database accessible to the public, of each manufactured home certificate of title accepted for surrender as provided in 8 9 Section 3-116.2. The record shall state the date the 10 certificate of title was accepted for surrender, the name of 11 manufacturer, make, model name, model year, vehicle 12 identification number, and any other data the Secretary of 13 State prescribes.

14 (Source: P.A. 86-444.)

15 (625 ILCS 5/3-107) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-107)

16 Sec. 3-107. Contents and effect.

17 (a) Each certificate of title issued by the Secretary of18 State shall contain:

19

1. the date issued;

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2. the name and address of the owner;

3. the names and addresses of any lienholders, in the order of priority as shown on the application or, if the application is based on a certificate of title, as shown on the certificate;

4. the title number assigned to the vehicle;

5. a description of the vehicle including, so far as 1 2 the following data exists: its make, year-model, 3 identifying number, type of body, whether new or used, as to house trailers as defined in Section 1-128 of this Code, 4 5 and as to manufactured homes as defined in Section 1-144.03 of this Code, the square footage of the vehicle based upon 6 7 the outside dimensions of the house trailer excluding the 8 length of the tongue and hitch, and, if a new vehicle, the 9 date of the first sale of the vehicle for use:

6. an odometer certification as provided for in this
 Code; and

12

7. any other data the Secretary of State prescribes.

13 (a-5) In the event the applicant seeks to have the vehicle 14 titled as a custom vehicle or street rod, that fact must be 15 stated in the application. The custom vehicle or street rod 16 must be inspected as required by Section 3-406 of this Code 17 prior to issuance of the title. Upon successful completion of the inspection, the vehicle may be titled in the following 18 manner. The make of the vehicle shall be listed as the make of 19 20 the actual vehicle or the make it is designed to resemble (e.g., Ford or Chevrolet); the model of the vehicle shall be 21 22 listed as custom vehicle or street rod; and the year of the 23 vehicle shall be listed as the year the actual vehicle was 24 manufactured or the year it is designed to resemble. A vehicle 25 previously titled as other than a custom vehicle or street rod 26 may be issued a corrected title reflecting the custom vehicle 1 or street rod model if it otherwise meets the requirements for 2 the designation.

3 (b) The certificate of title shall contain forms for 4 assignment and warranty of title by the owner, and for 5 assignment and warranty of title by a dealer, and may contain 6 forms for applications for a certificate of title by a 7 transferee, the naming of a lienholder and the assignment or 8 release of the security interest of a lienholder.

9 (b-5) The Secretary of State shall designate on a 10 certificate of title a space where the owner of a vehicle may 11 designate a beneficiary, to whom ownership of the vehicle shall 12 pass in the event of the owner's death.

13 (c) A certificate of title issued by the Secretary of State14 is prima facie evidence of the facts appearing on it.

15 (d) A certificate of title for a vehicle is not subject to 16 garnishment, attachment, execution or other judicial process, 17 but this subsection does not prevent a lawful levy upon the 18 vehicle.

(e) Any certificate of title issued by the Secretary of
State is subject to a lien in favor of the State of Illinois
for any fees or taxes required to be paid under this Act and as
have not been paid, as provided for in this Code.

23 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a
24 certificate of title issued by the Secretary of State to a
25 manufactured home is prima facie evidence of the facts
26 appearing on it, notwithstanding the fact that such

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1 <u>manufactured home, at any time, shall have become affixed in</u> 2 <u>any manner to real property.</u>

3 (Source: P.A. 95-784, eff. 1-1-09; 96-487, eff. 1-1-10.)

4 (625 ILCS 5/3-109) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-109) 5 Sec. 3-109. Registration without certificate of title; 6 bond. If the Secretary of State is not satisfied as to the 7 ownership of the vehicle, including but not limited to, in the 8 case of a manufactured home, a circumstance in which the 9 manufactured home is covered by a Manufacturer's Statement of 10 Origin that the owner of the manufactured home, after diligent 11 search and inquiry, is unable to produce, or that there are no 12 undisclosed security interests in it, the Secretary of State 13 may register the vehicle but shall either:

(a) Withhold issuance of a certificate of title until the applicant presents documents reasonably sufficient to satisfy the Secretary of State as to the applicant's ownership of the vehicle and that there are no undisclosed security interests in it; or

(b) As a condition of issuing a certificate of title, require the applicant to file with the Secretary of State a bond in the form prescribed by the Secretary of State and executed by the applicant, and either accompanied by the deposit of cash with the Secretary of State or also executed by a person authorized to conduct a surety business in this State. The bond shall be in an amount equal to one and one-half times

the value of the vehicle as determined by the Secretary of 1 2 State and conditioned to indemnify any prior owner and lienholder and any subsequent purchaser of the vehicle or 3 person acquiring any security interest in it, and their 4 5 respective successors in interest, against any expense, loss or 6 damage, including reasonable attorney's fees, by reason of the 7 issuance of the certificate of title of the vehicle or on 8 account of any defect in or undisclosed security interest upon 9 the right, title and interest of the applicant in and to the 10 vehicle. Any such interested person has a right of action to 11 recover on the bond for any breach of its conditions, but the 12 aggregate liability of the surety to all persons shall not 13 exceed the amount of the bond. The bond, and any deposit 14 accompanying it, shall be returned at the end of three (3) 15 years or prior thereto if (i) the vehicle is no longer 16 registered in this State and the currently valid certificate of 17 title is surrendered to the Secretary of State or (ii), in the case of a certificate of title to a manufactured home, the 18 currently valid certificate of title is surrendered to the 19 20 Secretary of State in accordance with Section 3-116.2, unless 21 the Secretary of State has been notified of the pendency of an 22 action to recover on the bond.

23 Security deposited as a bond hereunder shall be placed by 24 the Secretary of State in the custody of the State Treasurer.

(c) During July, annually, the Secretary shall compile alist of all bonds on deposit, pursuant to this Section, for

more than 3 years and concerning which he has received no 1 2 notice as to the pendency of any judicial proceeding that could 3 affect the disposition thereof. Thereupon, he shall promptly send a notice by certified mail to the last known address of 4 5 each depositor advising him that his bond will be subject to 6 escheat to the State of Illinois if not claimed within 30 days 7 after the mailing date of such notice. At the expiration of 8 such time, the Secretary of State shall file with the State 9 Treasurer an order directing the transfer of such deposit to 10 the Road Fund in the State Treasury. Upon receipt of such 11 order, the State Treasurer shall make such transfer, after 12 converting to cash any other type of security. Thereafter any person having a legal claim against such deposit may enforce it 13 by appropriate proceedings in the Court of Claims subject to 14 15 the limitations prescribed for such Court. At the expiration of 16 such limitation period such deposit shall escheat to the State 17 of Illinois.

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18 (Source: P.A. 81-1458.)
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19 (625 ILCS 5/3-110) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-110)

20 Sec. 3-110. Refusing certificate of title.

The Secretary of State shall refuse issuance of a certificate of title if any required fee is not paid or if he has reasonable grounds to believe that:

24 (a) the applicant is not the owner of the vehicle;

25 (b) the application contains a false or fraudulent

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1 statement; or

2 (c) the applicant fails to furnish required information or
3 documents or any additional information the Secretary of State
4 reasonably requires; or

5 (d) the applicant has not paid to the Secretary of State 6 any fees or taxes due under this Act and have not been paid 7 upon reasonable notice and demand.

8 Except as provided in Section 3-116.2, the Secretary of 9 State shall not refuse to issue a certificate of title to a 10 manufactured home by reason of the fact that, at any time, in 11 any manner, it shall have been affixed to real property.

12 (Source: P.A. 77-641; revised 9-16-10.)

13 (625 ILCS 5/3-116) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-116)

Sec. 3-116. When Secretary of State to issue a certificate of title.

(a) The Secretary of State, upon receipt of a properly assigned certificate of title, with an application for a certificate of title, the required fee and any other documents required by law, shall issue a new certificate of title in the name of the transferee as owner and mail it to the first lienholder named in it or, if none, to the owner or owner's designee.

(b) The Secretary of State, upon receipt of an application
for a new certificate of title by a transferee other than by
voluntary transfer, with proof of the transfer, the required

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fee and any other documents required by law, shall issue a new certificate of title in the name of the transferee as owner.

3 (c) Any person, firm or corporation, who shall knowingly 4 possess, buy, sell, exchange or give away, or offer to buy, 5 sell, exchange or give away the certificate of title to any 6 motor vehicle which is a junk or salvage, or who shall fail to 7 surrender the certificate of title to the Secretary of State as 8 required under the provisions of this Section and Section 9 3-117.2, shall be guilty of Class 3 felony.

10 (d) The Secretary of State shall file and retain for four 11 (4) years a record of every surrendered certificate of title or 12 proof of ownership accepted by the Secretary of State, the file to be maintained so as to permit the tracing of title of the 13 14 vehicle designated therein. Such filing and retention 15 requirements shall be in addition to and not in substitution 16 for the recordkeeping requirements set forth in Section 3-106 17 of this Code, which recordkeeping requirements are not limited 18 to any period of time.

(e) The Secretary of State, upon receipt of an application for corrected certificate of title, with the original title, the required fee and any other required documents, shall issue a corrected certificate of title in the name of the owner and mail it to the first lienholder named in it or, if none, to the owner or owner's designee.

(f) The Secretary of State, upon receipt of a certifiedcopy of a court order awarding ownership to an applicant along

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1	with an application for a ce	rtificate	of title and the required
2	fee, shall issue a certifica	te of title	e to the applicant.
3	(Source: P.A. 90-212, eff. 1	-1-98.)	
4	(625 ILCS 5/3-116.1 new)		
5	Sec. 3-116.1. Surrende	r of Manu	facturer's Statement of
6	Origin to a manufactured hom	<u>e.</u>	
7	(a) The owner (all, if	more than	one), of a manufactured
8	home that is covered by a	Manufactur	er's Statement of Origin
9	and that is permanently aff:	ixed to rea	al property as defined in
10	the Conveyance and Encumbra	ance of Ma	nufactured Homes as Real
11	Property and Severance Act	, or whic	ch the owner intends to
12	permanently affix to real pr	operty as	defined in the Conveyance
13	and Encumbrance of Manufac	tured Home	es as Real Property and
14	Severance Act, may surrende	er the Man	ufacturer's Statement of
15	Origin to the manufactured	home to the	he Secretary of State by
16	filing with the Secretary of	State an a	application for surrender
17	of Manufacturer's Statem	nent of	Origin containing or
18	accompanied by:		
19	(1) the name, re	esidence, a	nd mailing address of the
20	owner;		
21	<u>(</u> 2) a descrip	otion of	the manufactured home
22	including the name of th	e manufact	urer, the make, the model
23	name, the model year,	the dime	nsions, and the vehicle
24	identification number of	f the manut	factured home and whether
25	it is new or used, and a	any other	information the Secretary

1 <u>of State requires;</u>

2	(3) the date of purchase by the owner of the
3	manufactured home, the name and address of the person from
4	whom the home was acquired, and the names and addresses of
5	any security interest holders and lienholders in the order
6	of their apparent priority;
7	(4) a statement signed by the owner, stating either
8	(i) any facts or information known to the owner that could
9	reasonably affect the validity of the title to the
10	manufactured home or the existence or non-existence of a
11	security interest in or lien on it or (ii) that no such
12	facts or information are known to the owner;
13	(5) a certified copy of the affidavit of affixation
14	in accordance with the Conveyance and Encumbrance of
15	Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance;
16	(6) the original Manufacturer's Statement of
17	<u>Origin;</u>
18	(7) the name and mailing address of each owner of
19	the manufactured home or such owner's designee wishing to
20	receive written acknowledgment of surrender from the
21	Secretary of State; and
22	(8) any other information and documents the
23	Secretary of State reasonably requires to identify the
24	owner of the manufactured home and to enable him or her to
25	determine whether the owner satisfied the requirements of
26	the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as

1	Real Property and Severance Act and is entitled to
2	surrender the Manufacturer's Statement of Origin, and the
3	existence or non-existence of security interests in or
4	liens on the manufactured home.
5	(b) When satisfied as to the genuineness and regularity of
6	<u>the surrender of a Manufacturer's Statement of Origin to a</u>
7	manufactured home, payment of any applicable fees and upon
8	satisfaction of the requirements of subsection (a) of this
9	Section, the Secretary of State shall (i) cancel the
10	Manufacturer's Statement of Origin and update his or her
11	records in accordance with the provisions of Section 3-106 and
12	(ii) provide written acknowledgment of compliance with the
13	provisions of this Section to each person identified on the
14	application for surrender of Manufacturer's Statement of
15	Origin pursuant to subsection (a)(7) of this Section.
16	(c) Upon satisfaction of the requirements of this Section a
17	manufactured home shall be conveyed and encumbered as provided
18	in the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real
19	Property and Severance Act. If the application to surrender a
20	Manufacturer's Statement of Origin is delivered to the
21	Secretary of State within 60 days of recording the related
22	affidavit of affixation with the recording officer in the
23	county in which the real property to which the manufactured
24	home is or shall be affixed and the application is thereafter
25	accepted by the Secretary of State, the requirements of this

26 <u>Section shall be deemed satisfied as of the date the affidavit</u>

1 <u>of affixation is recorded.</u>

2	(d) Upon written request by a person identified on the
3	application for surrender of Manufacturer's Statement of
4	Origin pursuant to subsection (a)(7) of this Section, the
5	Secretary of State shall provide written acknowledgment of
6	compliance with the provisions of this Section.

7

(625 ILCS 5/3-116.2 new)

8 <u>Sec. 3-116.2. Application for surrender of title.</u>

9 (a) The owner (all, if more than one) of a manufactured 10 home that is covered by a certificate of title, including, if 11 applicable, a certificate of title issued in accordance with 12 subsection (b) of Section 3-109, and that is permanently 13 affixed to real property as defined in the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and 14 Severance Act, or which the owner intends to permanently affix 15 16 to real property as defined in the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act, may 17 18 surrender the certificate of title to the manufactured home to 19 the Secretary of State by filing with the Secretary of State an 20 application for surrender of title containing or accompanied 21 by: 22 (1) the name, residence, and mailing address of the

23 <u>owner;</u>

24 (2) a description of the manufactured home including 25 the name of the manufacturer, the make, the model name, the

1	model year, the dimensions, and the vehicle identification
2	number or numbers of the manufactured home and whether it
3	is new or used and any other information the Secretary of
4	<u>State requires;</u>
5	(3) the date of purchase by the owner of the
6	manufactured home, the name and address of the person from
7	whom the home was acquired and the names and addresses of
8	any security interest holders and lienholders in the order
9	of their apparent priority;
10	(4) a statement signed by the owner, stating either,
11	(i) any facts or information known to the owner that could
12	reasonably affect the validity of the title to the
13	manufactured home or the existence or non-existence of a
14	security interest in or lien on it; or (ii) that no such
15	facts or information are known to the owner;
16	(5) a certified copy of the affidavit of affixation in
17	accordance with the Conveyance and Encumbrance of
18	Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act;
19	(6) the original certificate of title;
20	(7) the name and mailing address of each owner of the
21	manufactured home or such owner's designee wishing written
22	acknowledgment of surrender from the Secretary of State;
23	(8) a release of security interests (if any) pursuant
24	to Section 3-205 of this Code; and
25	(9) any other information and documents the Secretary
26	of State reasonably requires to identify the owner of the

1	manufactured home and to enable him or her to determine
2	whether the owner satisfied the requirements of the
3	Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real
4	Property and Severance Act and is entitled to surrender the
5	certificate of title and the existence or non-existence of
6	security interests in or liens on the manufactured home.
7	(b) The Secretary of State shall not accept for surrender a
8	certificate of title to a manufactured home unless and until
9	all security interests or liens perfected pursuant to Sections
10	3-106 and 3-202 have been released.
11	(c) When satisfied as to its genuineness and regularity of
12	the surrender of a certificate of title to a manufactured home,

13 payment of any applicable fees and upon satisfaction of the 14 requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of this Section, the Secretary of State shall (i) cancel the certificate of title 15 16 and update his or her records in accordance with the provisions 17 of Section 3-106 and (ii) provide written acknowledgment of compliance with the provisions of this Section to each person 18 19 identified on the application for surrender of title pursuant 20 to subsection (a) (7) of this Section.

21 (d) Upon satisfaction of the requirements of this Section a
22 manufactured home shall be conveyed and encumbered as provided
23 in the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real
24 Property and Severance Act. If the application to surrender a
25 certificate of title is delivered to the Secretary of State
26 within 60 days of recording the related affidavit of affixation

1	with the recording officer in the county in which the real
2	property to which the manufactured home is or shall be affixed,
3	and the application is thereafter accepted by the Secretary of
4	State, the requirements of this Section shall be deemed
5	satisfied as of the date the affidavit of affixation is
6	recorded.
7	(e) Upon written request by person identified on the
8	application for surrender of title pursuant to subsection
9	(a)(7) of this Section, the Secretary of State shall provide
10	written acknowledgment of compliance with the provisions of
11	this Section.
12	(625 ILCS 5/3-116.3 new)
12 13	
	(625 ILCS 5/3-116.3 new)
13	(625 ILCS 5/3-116.3 new) Sec. 3-116.3. Application for a certificate of title to a
13 14	(625 ILCS 5/3-116.3 new) Sec. 3-116.3. Application for a certificate of title to a severed manufactured home.
13 14 15	<pre>(625 ILCS 5/3-116.3 new) Sec. 3-116.3. Application for a certificate of title to a severed manufactured home. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, where a</pre>
13 14 15 16	<pre>(625 ILCS 5/3-116.3 new) Sec. 3-116.3. Application for a certificate of title to a severed manufactured home. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, where a manufactured home has been permanently affixed to real</pre>
13 14 15 16 17	<pre>(625 ILCS 5/3-116.3 new) Sec. 3-116.3. Application for a certificate of title to a severed manufactured home. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, where a manufactured home has been permanently affixed to real property, and an affidavit of affixation has been recorded as</pre>
13 14 15 16 17 18	<pre>(625 ILCS 5/3-116.3 new) Sec. 3-116.3. Application for a certificate of title to a severed manufactured home. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, where a manufactured home has been permanently affixed to real property, and an affidavit of affixation has been recorded as part of the real property records in the county in which the</pre>

22 detached or severed from the real property, the owner (all, if more than one) of the manufactured home shall, unless exempted 23 by other provisions of this Code, apply for a new certificate 24 25 of title by filing with the Secretary of State an application

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1	for a certificate of title to a manufactured home, to be issued
2	in accordance with subsection (b) of Section 3-109, containing
3	or accompanied by:
4	(1) the name, residence, and mailing address of the
5	owner;
6	(2) a description of the manufactured home, including
7	the name of the manufacturer, the make, the model name, the
8	model year, the dimensions, and the vehicle identification
9	number or numbers of the manufactured home and whether it
10	is new or used, and any other information the Secretary of
11	State requires;
12	(3) a statement signed by the applicant, stating
13	either: (i) any facts or information known to the applicant
14	that could reasonably affect the validity of the title of
15	the manufactured home or the existence or non-existence of
16	any security interest in or lien on it or (ii) that no such
17	facts or information are known to the applicant;
18	(4) a certified copy of the affidavit of severance
19	provided in accordance with the Conveyance and Encumbrance
20	of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act;
21	and
22	(5) any other information and documents the Secretary
23	of State reasonably requires.
24	(b) Upon satisfaction of the requirements of subsection (a)
25	of this Section and subsection (b) of Section 3-109, the
26	Secretary of State shall issue a new certificate of title

1	
T	pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 3-109 and update his or
2	her records in accordance with the provisions of Section 3-106.
3	(c) Immediately upon satisfaction of the requirements of
4	this Section and thereafter, a manufactured home shall be
5	conveyed and encumbered as personal property.
6	(d) The satisfaction of the requirements of this Section
7	with respect to a manufactured home shall have no effect on the
8	manner in which such manufactured home is taxed pursuant to the

9 Property Tax Code or the Mobile Home Local Services Tax Act.

10 (625 ILCS 5/3-202) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-202)

11 Sec. 3-202. Perfection of security interest.

12 (a) Unless excepted by Section 3-201, a security interest in a vehicle of a type for which a certificate of title is 13 14 required is not valid against subsequent transferees or 15 lienholders of the vehicle unless perfected as provided in this 16 Act. <u>A purchase money security interest in a manufactured home</u> 17 is perfected against the rights of judicial lien creditors and execution creditors on and after the date such purchase money 18 19 security interest attaches.

(b) A security interest is perfected by the delivery to the Secretary of State of the existing certificate of title, if any, an application for a certificate of title containing the name and address of the lienholder and the required fee. The security interest is perfected as of the time of its creation if the delivery to the Secretary of State is completed within 1 30 days after the creation of the security interest or receipt 2 by the new lienholder of the existing certificate of title from 3 a prior lienholder or licensed dealer, otherwise as of the time 4 of the delivery.

5 (c) If a vehicle is subject to a security interest when 6 brought into this State, the validity of the security interest 7 is determined by the law of the jurisdiction where the vehicle 8 was when the security interest attached, subject to the 9 following:

10 1. If the parties understood at the time the security 11 interest attached that the vehicle would be kept in this 12 State and it was brought into this State within 30 days 13 thereafter for purposes other than transportation through 14 this State, the validity of the security interest in this 15 State is determined by the law of this State.

If the security interest was perfected under the law
 of the jurisdiction where the vehicle was when the security
 interest attached, the following rules apply:

(A) If the name of the lienholder is shown on an
existing certificate of title issued by that
jurisdiction, his security interest continues
perfected in this State.

(B) If the name of the lienholder is not shown on
an existing certificate of title issued by that
jurisdiction, a security interest may be perfected by
the lienholder delivering to the Secretary of State the

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prescribed notice and by payment of the required fee. Such security interest is perfected as of the time of delivery of the prescribed notice and payment of the required fee.

5 3. If the security interest was not perfected under the 6 law of the jurisdiction where the vehicle was when the 7 security interest attached, it may be perfected in this 8 State; in that case perfection dates from the time of 9 perfection in this State.

4. A security interest may be perfected under paragraph
3 of this subsection either as provided in subsection (b)
or by the lienholder delivering to the Secretary of State a
notice of security interest in the form the Secretary of
State prescribes and the required fee.

15 (d) Except as otherwise provided in Sections 3-116.1, 3-116.2, 3-207, and the Conveyance and Encumbrance of 16 17 Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act, after a certificate of title has been issued for a manufactured home 18 19 and as long as the manufactured home is subject to any security 20 interest perfected pursuant to this Section, the Secretary of 21 State shall not file an affidavit of affixation, nor cancel the 22 Manufacturer's Statement of Origin, nor revoke the certificate 23 of title, nor issue a certificate of title under Section 3-106, 24 and, in any event, the validity and priority of any security 25 interest perfected pursuant to this Section shall continue, 26 notwithstanding the provision of any other law.

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1 (Source: P.A. 95-284, eff. 1-1-08.)

2 (625 ILCS 5/3-205) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-205)

Sec. 3-205. Release of security interest.

4 (a) Within 21 days after receiving payment to satisfy a 5 security interest in a vehicle for which the certificate of 6 title is in the possession of the lienholder, he shall execute 7 a release of his security interest, and mail or deliver the 8 certificate and release to the next lienholder named therein, 9 or, if none, to the owner or any person who delivers to the 10 lienholder an authorization from the owner to receive the 11 certificate. If the payment is in the form of cash, a cashier's check, or a certified check, the number of days is reduced to 12 13 10 business days. If the owner desires a new certificate 14 reflecting no lien, the certificate and release from the 15 lienholder may be submitted to the Secretary of State, along 16 with the prescribed application and required fee, for issuance of that new certificate. 17

18 (b) Within 21 days after receiving payment to satisfy a security interest in a vehicle for which the certificate of 19 20 title is in the possession of a prior lienholder, the 21 lienholder whose security interest is satisfied shall execute a 22 release and deliver the release to the owner or any person who delivers to the lienholder an authorization from the owner to 23 24 receive it. If the payment is in the form of cash, a cashier's 25 check, or a certified check, the number of days is reduced to

The lienholder in possession of 1 10 business days. the 2 certificate of title may either deliver the certificate to the 3 owner, or the person authorized by him, for delivery to the Secretary of State, or, upon receipt of the release, may mail 4 5 or may deliver the certificate and release, along with prescribed application and require fee, to the Secretary of 6 7 State, who shall issue a new certificate.

8 (c) In addition to any other penalty, a lienholder who 9 fails to execute a release of his or her security interest or 10 who fails to mail or deliver the certificate and release within 11 the time limit provided in subsection (a) or (b) is liable to 12 the person or entity that was supposed to receive the release or certificate for \$150 plus reasonable attorney fees and court 13 14 costs. An action under this Section may be brought in small 15 claims court or in any other appropriate court.

16 <u>(d) The holder of a security interest in or a lien on a</u> 17 <u>manufactured home may deliver lien release documents to any</u> 18 <u>person to facilitate conveying or encumbering the manufactured</u> 19 <u>home. Any person receiving any such documents so delivered</u> 20 <u>holds the documents in trust for the security interest holder</u> 21 or the lienholder.

22 (Source: P.A. 93-621, eff. 12-15-03.)

23 (625 ILCS 5/3-207) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-207)

24 Sec. 3-207. Exclusiveness of procedure.

25 The method provided in this act of perfecting and giving

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notice of security interests subject to this act is exclusive. 1 2 Security interests subject to this act are hereby exempted from the provisions of law which otherwise require or relate to the 3 recording or filing of instruments creating or evidencing 4 5 security interests in vehicles including chattel mortgages and conditional sale agreements, provided, however, that with 6 7 respect to a manufactured home that is or will be permanently 8 affixed to real property, upon recordation of an affidavit of 9 affixation pursuant to the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act and 10 11 satisfaction of the requirements of Sections 3-116.1 or 12 3-116.2, as applicable, any perfection or termination of a security interest with respect to such permanently affixed 13 14 property shall be governed by the laws applicable to real 15 property.

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16 (Source: P.A. 76-1586.)
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17 (625 ILCS 5/3-208) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-208)

18 Sec. 3-208. Suspension or revocation of certificates.

19 (a) The Secretary of State may suspend or revoke a 20 certificate of title, upon notice and reasonable opportunity to 21 be heard in accordance with Section 2-118, when authorized by 22 any other provision of law or if he finds:

The certificate of title was fraudulently procured
 or erroneously issued, or

25 2. The vehicle has been scrapped, dismantled or

1 destroyed.

Except as provided in Section 3-116.2, the Secretary of State shall not suspend or revoke a certificate of title to a manufactured home by reason of the fact that, at any time it shall have become affixed in any manner to real property.

6 (b) Suspension or revocation of a certificate of title does 7 not, in itself, affect the validity of a security interest 8 noted on it.

9 (c) When the Secretary of State suspends or revokes a 10 certificate of title, the owner or person in possession of it 11 shall, immediately upon receiving notice of the suspension or 12 revocation, mail or deliver the certificate to the Secretary of 13 State.

14 (d) The Secretary of State may seize and impound any
15 certificate of title which has been suspended or revoked.
16 (Source: P.A. 76-1586.)

Section 10-75. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by changing Section 15-1213 as follows:

19 (735 ILCS 5/15-1213) (from Ch. 110, par. 15-1213)

Sec. 15-1213. Real Estate. "Real estate" means land or any estate or interest in, over or under land (including minerals, air rights, structures, fixtures and other things which by custom, usage or law pass with a conveyance of land though not described or mentioned in the contract of sale or instrument of SB1227 - 105 - LRB097 07200 HLH 47306 b
conveyance). "Mortgaged real estate" means the real estate
which is the subject of a mortgage. <u>"Real Estate" includes a</u>
<u>manufactured home as defined in subdivision (53) of Section</u>
<u>9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code that is real property as</u>
<u>defined in the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes</u>
<u>as Real Property and Severance Act.</u>

7 (Source: P.A. 84-1462.)

8 Section 10-80. The Conveyances Act is amended by changing
9 Section 38 as follows:

10 (765 ILCS 5/38) (from Ch. 30, par. 37)

11 Sec. 38. The term "real estate," as used in this act, shall 12 be construed as co-extensive in meaning with "lands, tenements 13 and hereditaments," and as embracing all chattels real. "Real estate" and "real property" include a manufactured home as 14 15 defined in subdivision (53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code that is real property as defined in the 16 17 Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act. This act shall not be construed so 18 19 as to embrace last wills, except as herein expressly provided. 20 (Source: P.A. 84-551.)

Section 10-85. The Residential Real Property Disclosure
 Act is amended by changing Section 5 as follows:

1 (765 ILCS 77/5)

2 Sec. 5. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the 3 context otherwise requires the following terms have the meaning 4 given in this Section.

5 "Residential real property" means real property improved 6 with not less than one nor more than 4 residential dwelling 7 units; units in residential cooperatives; or, condominium 8 units, including the limited common elements allocated to the 9 exclusive use thereof that form an integral part of the 10 condominium unit. The term includes a manufactured home as 11 defined in subdivision (53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform 12 Commercial Code that is real property as defined in the 13 Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real 14 Property and Severance Act.

15 "Seller" means every person or entity who is an owner, 16 beneficiary of a trust, contract purchaser or lessee of a 17 ground lease, who has an interest (legal or equitable) in residential real property. However, "seller" shall not include 18 19 any person who has both (i) never occupied the residential real 20 property and (ii) never had the management responsibility for 21 the residential real property nor delegated such 22 responsibility for the residential real property to another 23 person or entity.

24 "Prospective buyer" means any person or entity negotiating 25 or offering to become an owner or lessee of residential real 26 property by means of a transfer for value to which this Act SB1227 - 107 - LRB097 07200 HLH 47306 b

1 applies.

2 (Source: P.A. 90-383, eff. 1-1-98.)

3 Section 10-90. The Mobile Home Landlord and Tenant Rights
4 Act is amended by changing Section 3 as follows:

5 (765 ILCS 745/3) (from Ch. 80, par. 203)

6 Sec. 3. Definitions. Unless otherwise expressly defined, 7 all terms in this Act shall be construed to have their 8 ordinarily accepted meanings or such meaning as the context 9 therein requires.

10 (a) "Person" means any legal entity, including but not 11 limited to, an individual, firm, partnership, association, 12 trust, joint stock company, corporation or successor of any of 13 the foregoing.

14 (b) "Manufactured home" means а factory-assembled, 15 completely integrated structure designed for permanent habitation, with a permanent chassis, and so constructed as to 16 17 permit its transport, on wheels temporarily or permanently attached to its frame, and is a movable or portable unit that 18 is (i) 8 body feet or more in width, (ii) 40 body feet or more 19 20 in length, and (iii) 320 or more square feet, constructed to be 21 towed on its own chassis (comprised of frame and wheels) from the place of its construction to the location, or subsequent 22 23 locations, at which it is installed and set up according to the manufacturer's instructions and connected to utilities for 24

year-round occupancy for use as a permanent habitation, and 1 2 designed and situated so as to permit its occupancy as a 3 dwelling place for one or more persons, and specifically includes a "manufactured home" as defined in subdivision (53) 4 5 of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code. The term shall include units containing parts that may be folded, collapsed, 6 7 or telescoped when being towed and that may be expected to 8 provide additional cubic capacity, and that are designed to be 9 joined into one integral unit capable of being separated again 10 into the components for repeated towing. The term excludes 11 campers and recreational vehicles. The words "mobile home" and 12 "manufactured home" are synonymous for the purposes of this 13 Act.

14 (c) "Mobile Home Park" or "Park" means a tract of land or 2 15 contiguous tracts of land that contain sites with the necessary 16 utilities for 5 or more mobile homes or manufactured homes. A 17 mobile home park may be operated either free of charge or for 18 revenue purposes.

(d) "Park Owner" means the owner of a mobile home park and any person authorized to exercise any aspect of the management of the premises, including any person who directly or indirectly receives rents and has no obligation to deliver the whole of such receipts to another person.

(e) "Tenant" means any person who occupies a mobile home
rental unit for dwelling purposes or a lot on which he parks a
mobile home for an agreed upon consideration.

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(f) "Rent" means any money or other consideration given for
 the right of use, possession and occupancy of property, be it a
 lot, a mobile home, or both.

(g) "Master antenna television service" means any and all services provided by or through the facilities of any closed circuit coaxial cable communication system, or any microwave or similar transmission services other than a community antenna television system as defined in Section 11-42-11 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

10 (Source: P.A. 96-1477, eff. 1-1-11.)

Section 10-95. The Mortgage Act is amended by adding Section 13.1 as follows:

13 (765 ILCS 905/13.1 new)

Sec. 13.1. Real estate; real property. As used in this Act, "real estate" and "real property" include a manufactured home as defined in subdivision (53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code that is real property as defined in the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act.

Section 10-100. The Joint Tenancy Act is amended by adding
Section 5 as follows:

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(765 ILCS 1005/5 new)

Sec. 5. Real estate; real property. As used in this Act, "real estate" and "real property" include a manufactured home as defined in subdivision (53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code that is real property as defined in the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act.

7 Section 10-105. The Uniform Commercial Code is amended by 8 changing Section 9-102 as follows:

9 (810 ILCS 5/9-102) (from Ch. 26, par. 9-102)

10 Sec. 9-102. Definitions and index of definitions.

11 (a) Article 9 definitions. In this Article:

(1) "Accession" means goods that are physically united
with other goods in such a manner that the identity of the
original goods is not lost.

15 (2) "Account", except as used in "account for", means a right to payment of a monetary obligation, whether or not 16 17 earned by performance, (i) for property that has been or is to be sold, leased, licensed, assigned, or otherwise 18 19 disposed of, (ii) for services rendered or to be rendered, 20 (iii) for a policy of insurance issued or to be issued, 21 (iv) for a secondary obligation incurred or to be incurred, 22 (v) for energy provided or to be provided, (vi) for the use 23 or hire of a vessel under a charter or other contract, 24 (vii) arising out of the use of a credit or charge card or

information contained on or for use with the card, or 1 (viii) as winnings in a lottery or other game of chance 2 3 operated or sponsored by a State, governmental unit of a State, or person licensed or authorized to operate the game 4 5 by a State or governmental unit of a State. The term 6 includes health-care-insurance receivables. The term does 7 not include (i) rights to payment evidenced by chattel 8 paper or an instrument, (ii) commercial tort claims, (iii) 9 accounts, (iv) investment deposit property, (V) 10 letter-of-credit rights or letters of credit, or (vi) 11 rights to payment for money or funds advanced or sold, 12 other than rights arising out of the use of a credit or 13 charge card or information contained on or for use with the 14 card.

(3) "Account debtor" means a person obligated on an
account, chattel paper, or general intangible. The term
does not include persons obligated to pay a negotiable
instrument, even if the instrument constitutes part of
chattel paper.

20 (4) "Accounting", except as used in "accounting for",
21 means a record:

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(A) authenticated by a secured party;

(B) indicating the aggregate unpaid secured
obligations as of a date not more than 35 days earlier
or 35 days later than the date of the record; and
(C) identifying the components of the obligations

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in reasonable detail.

2 (5) "Agricultural lien" means an interest, other than a
3 security interest, in farm products:

4 (A) which secures payment or performance of an
5 obligation for goods or services furnished in
6 connection with a debtor's farming operation;

7 (B) which is created by statute in favor of a
8 person that in the ordinary course of its business
9 furnished goods or services to a debtor in connection
10 with a debtor's farming operation; and

(C) whose effectiveness does not depend on the
 person's possession of the personal property.

13 (6) "As-extracted collateral" means:

14 (A) oil, gas, or other minerals that are subject to15 a security interest that:

(i) is created by a debtor having an interest
 in the minerals before extraction; and

(ii) attaches to the minerals as extracted; or
(B) accounts arising out of the sale at the
wellhead or minehead of oil, gas, or other minerals in
which the debtor had an interest before extraction.

(7) "Authenticate" means:

(A) to sign; or

(B) to execute or otherwise adopt a symbol, or
 encrypt or similarly process a record in whole or in
 part, with the present intent of the authenticating

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person to identify the person and adopt or accept a
 record.

3 (8) "Bank" means an organization that is engaged in the
4 business of banking. The term includes savings banks,
5 savings and loan associations, credit unions, and trust
6 companies.

7 (9) "Cash proceeds" means proceeds that are money,
8 checks, deposit accounts, or the like.

9 (10) "Certificate of title" means a certificate of 10 title with respect to which a statute provides for the 11 security interest in question to be indicated on the 12 certificate as a condition or result of the security 13 interest's obtaining priority over the rights of a lien 14 creditor with respect to the collateral.

15 (11) "Chattel paper" means a record or records that 16 evidence both a monetary obligation and a security interest 17 in specific goods, a security interest in specific goods and software used in the goods, a security interest in 18 19 specific goods and license of software used in the goods, a 20 lease of specific goods, or a lease of specified goods and 21 a license of software used in the goods. In this paragraph, 22 "monetary obligation" means a monetary obligation secured 23 by the goods or owed under a lease of the goods and 24 includes a monetary obligation with respect to software 25 used in the goods. The term does not include (i) charters 26 or other contracts involving the use or hire of a vessel or 1 (ii) records that evidence a right to payment arising out 2 of the use of a credit or charge card or information 3 contained on or for use with the card. If a transaction is 4 evidenced by records that include an instrument or series 5 of instruments, the group of records taken together 6 constitutes chattel paper.

7 (12) "Collateral" means the property subject to a
8 security interest or agricultural lien. The term includes:

9 (A) proceeds to which a security interest 10 attaches;

(B) accounts, chattel paper, payment intangibles,
and promissory notes that have been sold; and

13 (C) goods that are the subject of a consignment.
14 (13) "Commercial tort claim" means a claim arising in
15 tort with respect to which:

16 (A) the claimant is an organization; or
17 (B) the claimant is an individual and the claim:
18 (i) arose in the course of the claimant's

business or profession; and

20 (ii) does not include damages arising out of
 21 personal injury to or the death of an individual.

(14) "Commodity account" means an account maintained
by a commodity intermediary in which a commodity contract
is carried for a commodity customer.

(15) "Commodity contract" means a commodity futures
 contract, an option on a commodity futures contract, a

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commodity option, or another contract if the contract or option is:

3 (A) traded on or subject to the rules of a board of
4 trade that has been designated as a contract market for
5 such a contract pursuant to federal commodities laws;
6 or

(B) traded on a foreign commodity board of trade,
exchange, or market, and is carried on the books of a
commodity intermediary for a commodity customer.

10 (16) "Commodity customer" means a person for which a 11 commodity intermediary carries a commodity contract on its 12 books.

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(17) "Commodity intermediary" means a person that:

14 (A) is registered as a futures commission merchant
15 under federal commodities law; or

(B) in the ordinary course of its business provides
clearance or settlement services for a board of trade
that has been designated as a contract market pursuant
to federal commodities law.

20 (18) "Communicate" means:

(A) to send a written or other tangible record;

(B) to transmit a record by any means agreed upon
by the persons sending and receiving the record; or

(C) in the case of transmission of a record to or
by a filing office, to transmit a record by any means
prescribed by filing-office rule.

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(19) "Consignee" means a merchant to which goods are
 delivered in a consignment.

3 (20) "Consignment" means a transaction, regardless of 4 its form, in which a person delivers goods to a merchant 5 for the purpose of sale and:

(A) the merchant:

7 (i) deals in goods of that kind under a name
8 other than the name of the person making delivery;

(ii) is not an auctioneer; and

10 (iii) is not generally known by its creditors 11 to be substantially engaged in selling the goods of 12 others;

(B) with respect to each delivery, the aggregate
value of the goods is \$1,000 or more at the time of
delivery;

16 (C) the goods are not consumer goods immediately17 before delivery; and

(D) the transaction does not create a securityinterest that secures an obligation.

20 (21) "Consignor" means a person that delivers goods to21 a consignee in a consignment.

(22) "Consumer debtor" means a debtor in a consumertransaction.

(23) "Consumer goods" means goods that are used or
 bought for use primarily for personal, family, or household
 purposes.

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1 (24) "Consumer-goods transaction" means a consumer 2 transaction in which:

(A) an individual incurs an obligation primarily
 for personal, family, or household purposes; and

(B) a security interest in consumer goods secures
the obligation.

7 (25) "Consumer obligor" means an obligor who is an
8 individual and who incurred the obligation as part of a
9 transaction entered into primarily for personal, family,
10 or household purposes.

11 (26) "Consumer transaction" means a transaction in 12 which (i) an individual incurs an obligation primarily for 13 personal, family, or household purposes, (ii) a security 14 interest secures the obligation, and (iii) the collateral 15 is held or acquired primarily for personal, family, or 16 household purposes. The term includes consumer-goods 17 transactions.

18 (27) "Continuation statement" means an amendment of a19 financing statement which:

20 (A) identifies, by its file number, the initial
21 financing statement to which it relates; and

(B) indicates that it is a continuation statement
for, or that it is filed to continue the effectiveness
of, the identified financing statement.

25 (28) "Debtor" means:

26

(A) a person having an interest, other than a

security interest or other lien, in the collateral, whether or not the person is an obligor;

(B) a seller of accounts, chattel paper, payment
 intangibles, or promissory notes; or

(C) a consignee.

6 (29) "Deposit account" means a demand, time, savings, 7 passbook, nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, 8 uncertificated certificates of deposit, nontransferrable 9 certificates of deposit, or similar account maintained 10 with a bank. The term does not include investment property 11 or accounts evidenced by an instrument.

12 (30) "Document" means a document of title or a receipt13 of the type described in Section 7-201(b).

14 (31) "Electronic chattel paper" means chattel paper
15 evidenced by a record or records consisting of information
16 stored in an electronic medium.

17 (32) "Encumbrance" means a right, other than an
18 ownership interest, in real property. The term includes
19 mortgages and other liens on real property.

20 (33) "Equipment" means goods other than inventory,
21 farm products, or consumer goods.

(34) "Farm products" means goods, other than standing
timber, with respect to which the debtor is engaged in a
farming operation and which are:

(A) crops grown, growing, or to be grown,including:

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1 (i) crops produced on trees, vines, and 2 bushes; and

3 (ii) aquatic goods produced in aquacultural
4 operations;

(B) livestock, born or unborn, including aquatic
goods produced in aquacultural operations;

7 (C) supplies used or produced in a farming8 operation; or

9 (D) products of crops or livestock in their 10 unmanufactured states.

(35) "Farming operation" means raising, cultivating,
 propagating, fattening, grazing, or any other farming,
 livestock, or aquacultural operation.

(36) "File number" means the number assigned to an
 initial financing statement pursuant to Section 9-519(a).

(37) "Filing office" means an office designated in
 Section 9-501 as the place to file a financing statement.

18 (38) "Filing-office rule" means a rule adopted19 pursuant to Section 9-526.

(39) "Financing statement" means a record or records
 composed of an initial financing statement and any filed
 record relating to the initial financing statement.

(40) "Fixture filing" means the filing of a financing
statement covering goods that are or are to become fixtures
and satisfying Section 9-502(a) and (b). The term includes
the filing of a financing statement covering goods of a

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transmitting utility which are or are to become fixtures.

(41) "Fixtures" means goods that have become so related to particular real property that an interest in them arises under real property law.

5 (42) "General intangible" means any personal property, 6 including things in action, other than accounts, chattel 7 commercial tort claims, paper, deposit accounts, 8 instruments, investment property, documents, qoods, 9 letter-of-credit rights, letters of credit, money, and 10 oil, gas, or other minerals before extraction. The term 11 includes payment intangibles and software.

12 (43) "Good faith" means honesty in fact and the 13 observance of reasonable commercial standards of fair 14 dealing.

(44) "Goods" means all things that are movable when a 15 16 security interest attaches. The term includes (i) 17 fixtures, (ii) standing timber that is to be cut and 18 removed under a conveyance or contract for sale, (iii) the 19 unborn young of animals, (iv) crops grown, growing, or to 20 be grown, even if the crops are produced on trees, vines, or bushes, and (v) manufactured homes. The term also 21 22 includes a computer program embedded in goods and any 23 supporting information provided in connection with a 24 transaction relating to the program if (i) the program is 25 associated with the goods in such a manner that it 26 customarily is considered part of the goods, or (ii) by

becoming the owner of the goods, a person acquires a right 1 2 to use the program in connection with the goods. The term 3 does not include a computer program embedded in goods that consist solely of the medium in which the program is 4 5 embedded. The term also does not include accounts, chattel 6 paper, commercial tort claims, deposit accounts, 7 documents, general intangibles, instruments, investment 8 property, letter-of-credit rights, letters of credit, 9 money, or oil, gas, or other minerals before extraction.

10 (45) "Governmental unit" means a subdivision, agency, 11 department, county, parish, municipality, or other unit of 12 the government of the United States, a State, or a foreign 13 country. The term includes an organization having a 14 separate corporate existence if the organization is 15 eligible to issue debt on which interest is exempt from 16 income taxation under the laws of the United States.

17 (46) "Health-care-insurance receivable" means an 18 interest in or claim under a policy of insurance which is a 19 right to payment of a monetary obligation for health-care 20 goods or services provided.

(47) "Instrument" means a negotiable instrument or any other writing that evidences a right to the payment of a monetary obligation, is not itself a security agreement or lease, and is of a type that in ordinary course of business is transferred by delivery with any necessary indorsement or assignment. The term does not include (i) investment 1 property, (ii) letters of credit, (iii) nonnegotiable 2 certificates of deposit, (iv) uncertificated certificates 3 of deposit, (v) nontransferrable certificates of deposit, 4 or (vi) writings that evidence a right to payment arising 5 out of the use of a credit or charge card or information 6 contained on or for use with the card.

7 (48) "Inventory" means goods, other than farm
8 products, which:

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(A) are leased by a person as lessor;

(B) are held by a person for sale or lease or to be
furnished under a contract of service;

12 (C) are furnished by a person under a contract of 13 service; or

(D) consist of raw materials, work in process, or
 materials used or consumed in a business.

16 (49) "Investment property" means a security, whether 17 certificated or uncertificated, security entitlement, 18 securities account, commodity contract, or commodity 19 account.

(50) "Jurisdiction of organization", with respect to a
 registered organization, means the jurisdiction under
 whose law the organization is organized.

(51) "Letter-of-credit right" means a right to payment
 or performance under a letter of credit, whether or not the
 beneficiary has demanded or is at the time entitled to
 demand payment or performance. The term does not include

the right of a beneficiary to demand payment or performance
under a letter of credit.
(52) "Lien creditor" means:
(A) a creditor that has acquired a lien on the
property involved by attachment, levy, or the like;
(B) an assignee for benefit of creditors from the
time of assignment;
(C) a trustee in bankruptcy from the date of the
filing of the petition; or
(D) a receiver in equity from the time o
appointment.

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12 (53) "Manufactured home" means а structure, 13 transportable in one or more sections, which, in the 14 traveling mode, is eight body feet or more in width or 40 body feet or more in length, or, when erected on site, is 15 320 or more square feet, and which is built on a permanent 16 17 chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent <u>foundation when connected to the</u> 18 19 required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems contained 20 21 therein. The term includes any structure that meets all of 22 the requirements of this paragraph except the size 23 requirements and with respect to which the manufacturer 24 voluntarily files a certification required by the United States Secretary of Housing and Urban Development and 25 26 complies with the standards established under Title 42 of

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1	the United States Code factory-assembled, completely
2	integrated structure designed for permanent habitation,
3	with a permanent chassis, and so constructed as to permit
4	its transport, on wheels temporarily or permanently
5	attached to its frame, and is a movable or portable unit
6	that is (i) 8 body feet or more in width, (ii) 40 body feet
7	or more in length, and (iii) 320 or more square feet,
8	constructed to be towed on its own chassis (comprised of
9	frame and wheels) from the place of its construction to the
10	location, or subsequent locations, at which it is installed
11	and set up according to the manufacturer's instructions and
12	connected to utilities for year-round occupancy for use as
13	a permanent habitation, and designed and situated so as to
14	permit its occupancy as a dwelling place for one or more
15	persons. The term shall include units containing parts that
16	may be folded, collapsed, or telescoped when being towed
17	and that may be expected to provide additional cubic
18	capacity, and that are designed to be joined into one
19	integral unit capable of being separated again into the
20	components for repeated towing. The term shall exclude
21	campers and recreational vehicles.
22	(54) "Manufactured-home transaction" means a secured

22 (34) Manufactured nome transaction means a sec23 transaction:

(A) that creates a purchase-money security
interest in a manufactured home, other than a
manufactured home held as inventory; or

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1 (B) in which a manufactured home, other than a 2 manufactured home held as inventory, is the primary 3 collateral.

4 (55) "Mortgage" means a consensual interest in real
5 property, including fixtures, which secures payment or
6 performance of an obligation.

7 (56) "New debtor" means a person that becomes bound as
8 debtor under Section 9-203(d) by a security agreement
9 previously entered into by another person.

10 (57) "New value" means (i) money, (ii) money's worth in 11 property, services, or new credit, or (iii) release by a 12 transferee of an interest in property previously 13 transferred to the transferee. The term does not include an 14 obligation substituted for another obligation.

15 (58) "Noncash proceeds" means proceeds other than cash16 proceeds.

17 (59) "Obligor" means a person that, with respect to an 18 obligation secured by a security interest in or an 19 agricultural lien on the collateral, (i) owes payment or other performance of the obligation, (ii) has provided 20 property other than the collateral to secure payment or 21 22 other performance of the obligation, or (iii) is otherwise 23 accountable in whole or in part for payment or other 24 performance of the obligation. The term does not include 25 issuers or nominated persons under a letter of credit.

(60) "Original debtor", except as used in Section

9-310(c), means a person that, as debtor, entered into a
 security agreement to which a new debtor has become bound
 under Section 9-203(d).

4 (61) "Payment intangible" means a general intangible
5 under which the account debtor's principal obligation is a
6 monetary obligation.

7 (62) "Person related to", with respect to an 8 individual, means:

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(A) the spouse of the individual;

(B) a brother, brother-in-law, sister, or
sister-in-law of the individual;

12 (C) an ancestor or lineal descendant of the13 individual or the individual's spouse; or

(D) any other relative, by blood or marriage, of
the individual or the individual's spouse who shares
the same home with the individual.

17 (63) "Person related to", with respect to an18 organization, means:

(A) a person directly or indirectly controlling,
controlled by, or under common control with the
organization;

(B) an officer or director of, or a person
 performing similar functions with respect to, the
 organization;

(C) an officer or director of, or a person
 performing similar functions with respect to, a person

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described in subparagraph (A);

2 (D) the spouse of an individual described in 3 subparagraph (A), (B), or (C); or

4 (E) an individual who is related by blood or
5 marriage to an individual described in subparagraph
6 (A), (B), (C), or (D) and shares the same home with the
7 individual.

8 (64) "Proceeds", except as used in Section 9-609(b),
9 means the following property:

10 (A) whatever is acquired upon the sale, lease,
11 license, exchange, or other disposition of collateral;

12 (B) whatever is collected on, or distributed on13 account of, collateral;

(C) rights arising out of collateral;

15 (D) to the extent of the value of collateral, 16 claims arising out of the loss, nonconformity, or 17 interference with the use of, defects or infringement 18 of rights in, or damage to, the collateral; or

(E) to the extent of the value of collateral and to
the extent payable to the debtor or the secured party,
insurance payable by reason of the loss or
nonconformity of, defects or infringement of rights
in, or damage to, the collateral.

(65) "Promissory note" means an instrument that
 evidences a promise to pay a monetary obligation, does not
 evidence an order to pay, and does not contain an

1 acknowledgment by a bank that the bank has received for 2 deposit a sum of money or funds.

3 (66) "Proposal" means a record authenticated by a 4 secured party which includes the terms on which the secured 5 party is willing to accept collateral in full or partial 6 satisfaction of the obligation it secures pursuant to 7 Sections 9-620, 9-621, and 9-622.

8 (67) "Public-finance transaction" means a secured
9 transaction in connection with which:

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(A) debt securities are issued;

(B) all or a portion of the securities issued have
 an initial stated maturity of at least 20 years; and

(C) the debtor, obligor, secured party, account
debtor or other person obligated on collateral,
assignor or assignee of a secured obligation, or
assignor or assignee of a security interest is a State
or a governmental unit of a State.

18 (68) "Pursuant to commitment", with respect to an 19 advance made or other value given by a secured party, means 20 pursuant to the secured party's obligation, whether or not 21 a subsequent event of default or other event not within the 22 secured party's control has relieved or may relieve the 23 secured party from its obligation.

(69) "Record", except as used in "for record", "of
 record", "record or legal title", and "record owner", means
 information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or which

stored in an electronic or other medium and is 1 is 2 retrievable in perceivable form.

(70) "Registered organization" means an organization 3 organized solely under the law of a single State or the 4 5 United States and as to which the State or the United 6 States must maintain a public record showing the 7 organization to have been organized.

8 (71) "Secondary obligor" means an obligor to the extent 9 that:

(A) the obligor's obligation is secondary; or

11 (B) the obligor has a right of recourse with 12 respect to an obligation secured by collateral against 13 the debtor, another obligor, or property of either. 14

(72) "Secured party" means:

15 (A) a person in whose favor a security interest is 16 created or provided for under a security agreement, 17 whether or not any obligation to be secured is 18 outstanding;

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(B) a person that holds an agricultural lien;

(C) a consignor;

(D) a person to which accounts, chattel paper, 21 22 payment intangibles, or promissory notes have been 23 sold:

24 (E) trustee, indenture trustee, а agent, 25 collateral agent, or other representative in whose 26 favor a security interest or agricultural lien is - 130 - LRB097 07200 HLH 47306 b

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created or provided for; or

2 (F) a person that holds a security interest arising
3 under Section 2-401, 2-505, 2-711(3), 2A-508(5),
4 4-210, or 5-118.

5 (73) "Security agreement" means an agreement that 6 creates or provides for a security interest.

7 (74) "Send", in connection with a record or 8 notification, means:

9 (A) to deposit in the mail, deliver for 10 transmission, or transmit by any other usual means of 11 communication, with postage or cost of transmission 12 provided for, addressed to any address reasonable 13 under the circumstances; or

(B) to cause the record or notification to be
received within the time that it would have been
received if properly sent under subparagraph (A).

17 (75) "Software" means a computer program and any 18 supporting information provided in connection with a 19 transaction relating to the program. The term does not 20 include a computer program that is included in the 21 definition of goods.

(76) "State" means a State of the United States, the
District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to
the jurisdiction of the United States.

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(77) "Supporting obligation" means a letter-of-credit

right or secondary obligation that supports the payment or performance of an account, chattel paper, a document, a general intangible, an instrument, or investment property.

4 (78) "Tangible chattel paper" means chattel paper 5 evidenced by a record or records consisting of information 6 that is inscribed on a tangible medium.

7 (79) "Termination statement" means an amendment of a
8 financing statement which:

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(A) identifies, by its file number, the initial financing statement to which it relates; and

(B) indicates either that it is a termination statement or that the identified financing statement is no longer effective.

14 (80) "Transmitting utility" means a person primarily15 engaged in the business of:

16 (A) operating a railroad, subway, street railway,17 or trolley bus;

(B) transmitting communications electrically,
electromagnetically, or by light;

20 (C) transmitting goods by pipeline or sewer; or

(D) transmitting or producing and transmitting
 electricity, steam, gas, or water.

(b) Definitions in other Articles. "Control" as provided in
Section 7-106 and the following definitions in other Articles
apply to this Article:

26 "Applicant". Section 5-102.

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1	"Beneficiary". Section 5-102.
2	"Broker". Section 8-102.
3	"Certificated security". Section 8-102.
4	"Check". Section 3-104.
5	"Clearing corporation". Section 8-102.
6	"Contract for sale". Section 2-106.
7	"Customer". Section 4-104.
8	"Entitlement holder". Section 8-102.
9	"Financial asset". Section 8-102.
10	"Holder in due course". Section 3-302.
11	"Issuer" (with respect to a letter of credit or
12	letter-of-credit right). Section 5-102.
13	"Issuer" (with respect to a security). Section 8-201.
14	"Issuer" (with respect to documents of title). Section
15	7-102.
16	"Lease". Section 2A-103.
17	"Lease agreement". Section 2A-103.
18	"Lease contract". Section 2A-103.
19	"Leasehold interest". Section 2A-103.
20	"Lessee". Section 2A-103.
21	"Lessee in ordinary course of business". Section 2A-103.
22	"Lessor". Section 2A-103.
23	"Lessor's residual interest". Section 2A-103.
24	"Letter of credit". Section 5-102.
25	"Merchant". Section 2-104.
26	"Negotiable instrument". Section 3-104.

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1	"Nominated person". Section 5-102.
2	"Note". Section 3-104.
3	"Proceeds of a letter of credit". Section 5-114.
4	"Prove". Section 3-103.
5	"Sale". Section 2-106.
6	"Securities account". Section 8-501.
7	"Securities intermediary". Section 8-102.
8	"Security". Section 8-102.
9	"Security certificate". Section 8-102.
10	"Security entitlement". Section 8-102.
11	"Uncertificated security". Section 8-102.
12	(c) Article 1 definitions and principles. Article 1
13	contains general definitions and principles of construction
14	and interpretation applicable throughout this Article.
15	(Source: P.A. 95-895, eff. 1-1-09; 96-1477, eff. 1-1-11.)
16	Section 10-110. The Interest Act is amended by changing
17	Sections 4, 4.2, and 4a as follows:
18	(815 ILCS 205/4) (from Ch. 17, par. 6404)
19	Sec. 4. General interest rate.
20	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Section 4.05, in all
21	written contracts it shall be lawful for the parties to
22	stipulate or agree that 9% per annum, or any less sum of

24 loaned or in any manner due and owing from any person to any

interest, shall be taken and paid upon every \$100 of money

other person or corporation in this state, and after that rate for a greater or less sum, or for a longer or shorter time, except as herein provided.

maximum rate of interest that may lawfully be 4 The 5 contracted for is determined by the law applicable thereto at the time the contract is made. Any provision in any contract, 6 7 whether made before or after July 1, 1969, which provides for 8 or purports to authorize, contingent upon a change in the 9 Illinois law after the contract is made, any rate of interest 10 greater than the maximum lawful rate at the time the contract 11 is made, is void.

12 It is lawful for a state bank or a branch of an 13 out-of-state bank, as those terms are defined in Section 2 of 14 the Illinois Banking Act, to receive or to contract to receive 15 and collect interest and charges at any rate or rates agreed 16 upon by the bank or branch and the borrower. It is lawful for a 17 savings bank chartered under the Savings Bank Act or a savings association chartered under the Illinois Savings and Loan Act 18 of 1985 to receive or contract to receive and collect interest 19 20 and charges at any rate agreed upon by the savings bank or savings association and the borrower. 21

It is lawful to receive or to contract to receive and collect interest and charges as authorized by this Act and as authorized by the Consumer Installment Loan Act and by the "Consumer Finance Act", approved July 10, 1935, as now or hereafter amended, or by the Payday Loan Reform Act. It is

1 lawful to charge, contract for, and receive any rate or amount 2 of interest or compensation with respect to the following 3 transactions:

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(a) Any loan made to a corporation;

5 (b) Advances of money, repayable on demand, to an amount not less than \$5,000, which are made upon warehouse 6 7 receipts, bills of lading, certificates of stock, 8 certificates of deposit, bills of exchange, bonds or other 9 negotiable instruments pledged as collateral security for 10 such repayment, if evidenced by a writing;

11 (C) Any credit transaction between a merchandise 12 wholesaler and retailer; any business loan to a business 13 association or copartnership or to a person owning and 14 operating a business as sole proprietor or to any persons 15 owning and operating a business as joint venturers, joint 16 tenants or tenants in common, or to any limited 17 partnership, or to any trustee owning and operating a business or whose beneficiaries own and operate a business, 18 19 except that any loan which is secured (1) by an assignment 20 of an individual obligor's salary, wages, commissions or other compensation for services, or (2) by his household 21 22 furniture or other goods used for his personal, family or 23 household purposes shall be deemed not to be a loan within the meaning of this subsection; and provided further that a 24 25 loan which otherwise qualifies as a business loan within 26 the meaning of this subsection shall not be deemed as not

so qualifying because of the inclusion, with other security 1 2 consisting of business assets of any such obligor, of real 3 estate occupied by an individual obligor solely as his residence. The term "business" shall be deemed to mean a 4 5 commercial, agricultural or industrial enterprise which is 6 carried on for the purpose of investment or profit, but 7 shall not be deemed to mean the ownership or maintenance of real estate occupied by an individual obligor solely as his 8 9 residence;

10 (d) Any loan made in accordance with the provisions of 11 Subchapter I of Chapter 13 of Title 12 of the United States 12 Code, which is designated as "Housing Renovation and 13 Modernization";

14 (e) Any mortgage loan insured or upon which a 15 commitment to insure has been issued under the provisions 16 of the National Housing Act, Chapter 13 of Title 12 of the 17 United States Code;

(f) Any mortgage loan guaranteed or upon which a commitment to guaranty has been issued under the provisions of the Veterans' Benefits Act, Subchapter II of Chapter 37 of Title 38 of the United States Code;

(g) Interest charged by a broker or dealer registered
under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or
registered under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953,
approved July 13, 1953, as now or hereafter amended, on a
debit balance in an account for a customer if such debit

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balance is payable at will without penalty and is secured
 by securities as defined in Uniform Commercial
 Code-Investment Securities;

4 (h) Any loan made by a participating bank as part of 5 any loan guarantee program which provides for loans and for 6 the refinancing of such loans to medical students, interns 7 and residents and which are guaranteed by the American 8 Medical Association Education and Research Foundation;

9 (i) Any loan made, guaranteed, or insured in accordance 10 with the provisions of the Housing Act of 1949, Subchapter 11 III of Chapter 8A of Title 42 of the United States Code and 12 Consolidated Farm the and Rural Development Act, 13 Subchapters I, II, and III of Chapter 50 of Title 7 of the 14 United States Code;

15 (j) Any loan by an employee pension benefit plan, as 16 defined in Section 3 (2) of the Employee Retirement Income 17 Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C.A. Sec. 1002), to an individual participating in such plan, provided that such 18 19 loan satisfies the prohibited transaction exemption requirements of Section 408 (b) (1) (29 U.S.C.A. Sec. 1108 20 (b) (1)) or Section 2003 (a) (26 U.S.C.A. Sec. 4975 (d) 21 22 (1)) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 23 1974:

(k) Written contracts, agreements or bonds for deed
 providing for installment purchase of real estate,
 <u>including a manufactured home as defined in subdivision</u>

(53) of Section 9-102, which is real property as defined in
 the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as
 Real Property and Severance Act;

4 (1) Loans secured by a mortgage on real estate,
5 including a manufactured home as defined in subdivision
6 (53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code, which
7 is real property as defined in the Conveyance and
8 Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and
9 Severance Act;

10 (m) Loans made by a sole proprietorship, partnership, 11 or corporation to an employee or to a person who has been 12 offered employment by such sole proprietorship, partnership, or corporation made for the sole purpose of 13 14 transferring an employee or person who has been offered 15 employment to another office maintained and operated by the 16 same sole proprietorship, partnership, or corporation;

17 (n) Loans to or for the benefit of students made by an18 institution of higher education.

(2) Except for loans described in subparagraph (a), (c),
(d), (e), (f) or (i) of subsection (1) of this Section, and
except to the extent permitted by the applicable statute for
loans made pursuant to Section 4a or pursuant to the Consumer
Installment Loan Act:

(a) Whenever the rate of interest exceeds 8% per annum
 on any written contract, agreement or bond for deed
 providing for the installment purchase of residential real

estate, or on any loan secured by a mortgage on residential real estate, it shall be unlawful to provide for a prepayment penalty or other charge for prepayment.

(b) No agreement, note or other instrument evidencing a 4 5 loan secured by a mortgage on residential real estate, or 6 written contract, agreement or bond for deed providing for 7 the installment purchase of residential real estate, may 8 provide for any change in the contract rate of interest 9 during the term thereof. However, if the Congress of the 10 United States or any federal agency authorizes any class of 11 lender to enter, within limitations, into mortgage 12 contracts or written contracts, agreements or bonds for deed in which the rate of interest may be changed during 13 14 the term of the contract, any person, firm, corporation or 15 other entity not otherwise prohibited from entering into 16 mortgage contracts or written contracts, agreements or 17 bonds for deed in Illinois may enter into mortgage contracts or written contracts, agreements or bonds for 18 19 deed in which the rate of interest may be changed during 20 the term of the contract, within the same limitations.

(3) In any contract or loan which is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or conveyance in the nature of a mortgage, on residential real estate, the interest which is computed, calculated, charged, or collected pursuant to such contract or loan, or pursuant to any regulation or rule promulgated pursuant to this Act, may not be computed, calculated, charged

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or collected for any period of time occurring after the date on which the total indebtedness, with the exception of late payment penalties, is paid in full.

(4) For purposes of this Section, a prepayment shall mean 4 5 the payment of the total indebtedness, with the exception of late payment penalties if incurred or charged, on any date 6 7 before the date specified in the contract or loan agreement on 8 which the total indebtedness shall be paid in full, or before 9 the date on which all payments, if timely made, shall have been 10 made. In the event of a prepayment of the indebtedness which is 11 made on a date after the date on which interest on the 12 last computed, calculated, charged, indebtedness was or 13 collected but before the next date on which interest on the 14 indebtedness was to be calculated, computed, charged, or 15 collected, the lender may calculate, charge and collect 16 interest on the indebtedness for the period which elapsed 17 between the date on which the prepayment is made and the date on which interest on the indebtedness was last computed, 18 19 calculated, charged or collected at a rate equal to 1/360 of 20 the annual rate for each day which so elapsed, which rate shall be applied to the indebtedness outstanding as of the date of 21 22 prepayment. The lender shall refund to the borrower any 23 interest charged or collected which exceeds that which the 24 lender may charge or collect pursuant to the preceding 25 sentence. The provisions of this amendatory Act of 1985 shall 26 apply only to contracts or loans entered into on or after the

effective date of this amendatory Act, but shall not apply to contracts or loans entered into on or after that date that are subject to Section 4a of this Act, the Consumer Installment Loan Act, the Payday Loan Reform Act, or the Retail Installment Sales Act, or that provide for the refund of precomputed interest on prepayment in the manner provided by such Act.

7 (5) For purposes of items (a) and (c) of subsection (1) of 8 this Section, a rate or amount of interest may be lawfully 9 computed when applying the ratio of the annual interest rate 10 over a year based on 360 days. The provisions of this 11 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly are declarative of 12 existing law.

13 (6) For purposes of this Section, "real estate" and "real 14 property" include a manufactured home, as defined in 15 subdivision (53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial 16 Code that is real property as defined in the Conveyance and 17 Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and 18 Severance Act.

19 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 96-1421, eff. 8-3-10.)

20 (815 ILCS 205/4.2) (from Ch. 17, par. 6407)

Sec. 4.2. Revolving credit; billing statements; disclosures. On a revolving credit which complies with subparagraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of this Section 4.2, it is lawful for any bank that has its main office or, after May 31, 1997, a branch in this State, a state or federal

savings and loan association with its main office in this 1 2 State, a state or federal credit union with its main office in this State, or a lender licensed under the Consumer Finance 3 Act, the Consumer Installment Loan Act or the Sales Finance 4 5 Agency Act, as such Acts are now and hereafter amended, to 6 receive or contract to receive and collect interest in any 7 amount or at any rate agreed upon by the parties to the 8 revolving credit arrangement. It is lawful for any other lender 9 to receive or contract to receive and collect interest in an 10 amount not in excess of $1 \ 1/2$ % per month of either the average 11 daily unpaid balance of the principal of the debt during the 12 billing cycle, or of the unpaid balance of the debt on 13 approximately the same day of the billing cycle. If a lender under a revolving credit arrangement notifies the debtor at 14 15 least 30 days in advance of any lawful increase in the amount 16 or rate of interest to be charged under the revolving credit 17 arrangement, and the debtor, after the effective date of such notice, incurs new debt pursuant to the revolving credit 18 arrangement, the increased interest amount or rate may be 19 20 applied only to any such new debt incurred under the revolving 21 credit arrangement. For purposes of determining the balances to 22 which the increased interest rate applies, all payments and 23 other credits may be deemed to be applied to the balance existing prior to the change in rate until that balance is paid 24 25 in full. The face amount of the drafts, items, orders for the payment of money, evidences of debt, or similar written 26

instruments received by the lender in connection with the 1 2 revolving credit, less the amounts applicable to principal from 3 time to time paid thereon by the debtor, are the unpaid balance of the debt upon which the interest is computed. If the billing 4 5 cycle is not monthly, the maximum interest rate for the billing cycle is the percentage which bears the same relation to the 6 7 monthly percentage provided for in the preceding sentence as 8 the number of days in the billing cycle bears to 30. For the 9 purposes of the foregoing computation, a "month" is deemed to 10 be any time of 30 consecutive days. In addition to the interest 11 charge provided for, it is lawful to receive, contract for or 12 collect a charge not exceeding 25 cents for each transaction in which a loan or advance is made under the revolving credit or 13 in lieu of this additional charge an annual fee for the 14 15 privilege of receiving and using the revolving credit in an 16 amount not exceeding \$20. In addition, with respect to 17 revolving credit secured by an interest in real estate, including a manufactured home as defined in subdivision (53) of 18 Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code that is real 19 property as defined in the Conveyance and Encumbrance of 20 Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act, it is 21 22 also lawful to receive, contract for or collect fees lawfully 23 paid to any public officer or agency to record, file or release the security, and costs and disbursements actually incurred for 24 any title insurance, title examination, abstract of title, 25 26 survey, appraisal, escrow fees, and fees paid to a trustee in

1 connection with a trust deed.

2 (a) At or before the date a bill or statement is first 3 rendered to the debtor under a revolving credit arrangement, 4 the lender must mail or deliver to the debtor a written 5 description of the conditions under which a charge for interest 6 may be made and the method, including the rate, of computing 7 these interest charges. The rate of interest must be expressed 8 as an annual percentage rate.

9 (b) If during any billing cycle any debit or credit entry 10 is made to a debtor's revolving credit account, and if at the 11 end of that billing cycle there is an unpaid balance owing to 12 the lender from the debtor, the lender must give to the debtor 13 the following information within a reasonable time after the 14 end of the billing cycle:

15 (i) the unpaid balance at the beginning of the billing16 cycle;

(ii) the date and amount of all loans or advances made during the billing cycle, which information may be supplied by enclosing a copy of the drafts, items, orders for the payment of money, evidences of debt or similar written instruments presented to the lender during the billing cycle;

(iii) the payments by the debtor to the lender and any
other credits to the debtor during the billing cycle;

(iv) the amount of interest and other charges, if any,
charged to the debtor's account during the billing cycle;

1 (v) the amount which must be currently paid by the 2 debtor and the date on which that amount must be paid in 3 order to avoid delinquency;

4 (vi) the total amount remaining unpaid at the end of
5 the billing cycle and the right of the debtor to prepay
6 that amount in full without penalty; and

7 (vii) information required by (iv), (v) and (vi) must 8 be set forth in type of equal size and equal 9 conspicuousness.

10 (c) The revolving credit arrangement may provide for the 11 payment by the debtor and receipt by the lender of all costs 12 and disbursements, including reasonable attorney's fees, 13 incurred by the lender in legal proceedings to collect or 14 enforce the debt in the event of delinquency by the debtor or 15 in the event of a breach of any obligation of the debtor under 16 the arrangement.

17 (d) The lender under a revolving credit arrangement may provide credit life insurance or credit accident and health 18 19 insurance, or both, with respect to the debtor and may charge 20 the debtor therefor. Credit life insurance and credit accident and health insurance, and any charge therefor made to the 21 22 debtor, shall comply with Article IX 1/2 of the Illinois 23 Insurance Code, as now or hereafter amended, and all lawful requirements of the Director of Insurance related thereto. This 24 25 insurance is in force with respect to each loan or advance made 26 under a revolving credit arrangement as soon as the loan or advance is made. The purchase of this insurance from an agent, broker or insurer specified by the lender may not be a condition precedent to the revolving credit arrangement or to the making of any loan or advance thereunder.

5 (e) Whenever interest is contracted for or received under 6 this Section, no amount in addition to the charges authorized 7 by this Act may be directly or indirectly charged, contracted 8 for or received whether as interest, service charges, costs of 9 investigations or enforcements or otherwise.

10 (f) The lender under a revolving credit arrangement must 11 compute at year end the total amount charged to the debtor's 12 account during the year, including service charges, finance 13 charges, late charges and any other charges authorized by this Act, and upon request must furnish such information to the 14 15 debtor within 30 days after the end of the year, or if the 16 account has been terminated during such year, may give such 17 requested information within 30 days after such termination. The lender shall annually inform the debtor of his right to 18 obtain such information. 19

(g) A lender who complies with the federal Truth in Lending Act, amendments thereto, and any regulations issued or which may be issued thereunder, shall be deemed to be in compliance with the provisions of subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this Section.

(h) Anything in this Section 4.2 to the contrarynotwithstanding, if the Congress of the United States or any

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federal agency authorizes any class of lenders to enter, within 1 2 limitations, into a revolving credit arrangement secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on residential real property, any 3 person, firm, corporation or other entity, not otherwise 4 prohibited by the Congress of the United States or any federal 5 6 agency from entering into revolving credit arrangements 7 secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on residential real 8 property, may enter into such arrangements within the same 9 limitations.

10 (Source: P.A. 89-208, eff. 9-29-95.)

11 (815 ILCS 205/4a) (from Ch. 17, par. 6410)

12 Sec. 4a. Installment loan rate.

(a) On money loaned to or in any manner owing from any 13 14 person, whether secured or unsecured, except where the money loaned or in any manner owing is directly or indirectly for the 15 16 purchase price of real estate or an interest therein and is secured by a lien on or retention of title to that real estate 17 18 or interest therein, to an amount not more than \$25,000 19 (excluding interest) which is evidenced by a written instrument 20 providing for the payment thereof in 2 or more periodic 21 installments over a period of not more than 181 months from the 22 date of the execution of the written instrument, it is lawful to receive or to contract to receive and collect either: 23

(i) interest in an amount equivalent to interestcomputed at a rate not exceeding 9% per year on the entire

1 principal amount of the money loaned or in any manner owing 2 for the period from the date of the making of the loan or 3 incurring of the obligation for the amount owing the evidenced by the written instrument until the date of the 4 5 maturity of the last installment thereof, and to add that 6 amount to the principal, except that there shall be no 7 limit on the rate of interest which may be received or 8 contracted to be received and collected by (1) any bank 9 that has its main office or, after May 31, 1997, a branch 10 in this State; (2) a savings and loan association chartered 11 under the Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985, a savings 12 bank chartered under the Savings Bank Act, or a federal savings and loan association established under the laws of 13 14 the United States and having its main office in this State; 15 or (3) any lender licensed under either the Consumer 16 Finance Act or the Consumer Installment Loan Act, but in any case in which interest is received, contracted for or 17 18 collected on the basis of this clause (i), the debtor may 19 satisfy in full at any time before maturity the debt 20 evidenced by the written instrument, and in so satisfying 21 must receive a refund credit against the total amount of 22 interest added to the principal computed in the manner 23 Section provided under 15(f)(3) of the Consumer 24 Installment Loan Act for refunds or credits of applicable 25 interest on payment in full of precomputed loans before the 26 final installment due date; or

(ii) interest accrued on the principal balance from 1 2 time to time remaining unpaid, from the date of making of 3 the loan or the incurring of the obligation to the date of the payment of the debt in full, at a rate not exceeding 4 5 the annual percentage rate equivalent of the rate permitted to be charged under clause (i) above, but in any such case 6 7 the debtor may, provided that the debtor shall have paid in 8 full all interest and other charges accrued to the date of 9 such prepayment, prepay the principal balance in full or in 10 part at any time, and interest shall, upon any such 11 prepayment, cease to accrue on the principal amount which 12 has been prepaid.

13 (b) Whenever the principal amount of an installment loan is 14 \$300 or more and the repayment period is 6 months or more, a 15 minimum charge of \$15 may be collected instead of interest, but 16 only one minimum charge may be collected from the same person 17 during one year. When the principal amount of the loan (excluding interest) is \$800 or less, the lender or creditor 18 19 may contract for and receive a service charge not to exceed \$5 20 in addition to interest; and that service charge may be 21 collected when the loan is made, but only one service charge 22 may be contracted for, received, or collected from the same 23 person during one year.

(c) Credit life insurance and credit accident and health
insurance, and any charge therefor which is deducted from the
loan or paid by the obligor, must comply with Article IX 1/2 of

the Illinois Insurance Code and all lawful requirements of the 1 2 Director of Insurance related thereto. When there are 2 or more obligors on the loan contract, only one charge for credit life 3 insurance and credit accident and health insurance may be made 4 5 and only one of the obligors may be required to be insured. Insurance obtained from, by or through the lender or creditor 6 must be in effect when the loan is transacted. The purchase of 7 that insurance from an agent, broker or insurer specified by 8 9 the lender or creditor may not be a condition precedent to the 10 granting of the loan.

The lender or creditor may require the obligor to 11 (d) 12 provide property insurance on security other than household goods, furniture and personal effects. The amount and term of 13 the insurance must be reasonable in relation to the amount and 14 15 term of the loan contract and the type and value of the 16 security, and the insurance must be procured in accordance with 17 the insurance laws of this State. The purchase of that insurance from an agent, broker or insurer specified by the 18 19 lender or creditor may not be a condition precedent to the 20 granting of the loan.

(e) The lender or creditor may, if the contract provides, collect a delinquency and collection charge on each installment in default for a period of not less than 10 days in an amount not exceeding 5% of the installment on installments in excess of \$200 or \$10 on installments of \$200 or less, but only one delinquency and collection charge may be collected on any

installment regardless of the period during which it remains in 1 2 default. In addition, the contract may provide for the payment by the borrower or debtor of attorney's fees incurred by the 3 lender or creditor. The lender or creditor may enforce such a 4 5 provision to the extent of the reasonable attorney's fees incurred by him in the collection or enforcement of the 6 7 contract or obligation. Whenever interest is contracted for or 8 received under this Section, no amount in addition to the 9 charges authorized by this Section may be directly or 10 indirectly charged, contracted for or received, except lawful 11 fees paid to a public officer or agency to record, file or 12 release security, and except costs and disbursements including 13 reasonable attorney's fees, incurred in legal proceedings to 14 collect a loan or to realize on a security after default. This 15 Section does not prohibit the receipt of any commission, 16 dividend or other benefit by the creditor or an employee, 17 affiliate or associate of the creditor from the insurance authorized by this Section. 18

(f) When interest is contracted for or received under this Section, the lender must disclose the following items to the obligor in a written statement before the loan is consummated:

22

(1) the amount and date of the loan contract;

23 (2) the amount of loan credit using the term "amount 24 financed";

(3) every deduction from the amount financed or payment
 made by the obligor for insurance and the type of insurance

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for which each deduction or payment was made;

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(4) every other deduction from the loan or payment madeby the obligor in connection with obtaining the loan;

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(5) the date on which the finance charge begins to accrue if different from the date of the transaction;

6 (6) the total amount of the loan charge for the 7 scheduled term of the loan contract with a description of 8 each amount included using the term "finance charge";

9 the finance charge expressed as (7)an annual percentage rate using the term "annual percentage rate". 10 11 "Annual percentage rate" means the nominal annual 12 percentage rate of finance charge determined in accordance with the actuarial method of computation with an accuracy 13 14 at least to the nearest 1/4 of 1%; or at the option of the 15 lender by application of the United States rule so that it 16 may be disclosed with an accuracy at least to the nearest 17 1/4 of 1%;

(8) the number, amount and due dates or periods of
payments scheduled to repay the loan and the sum of such
payments using the term "total of payments";

(9) the amount, or method of computing the amount of any default, delinquency or similar charges payable in the event of late payments;

(10) the right of the obligor to prepay the loan and the fact that such prepayment will reduce the charge for the loan;

(11) a description or identification of the type of any 1 2 security interest held or to be retained or acquired by the 3 lender in connection with the loan and а clear identification of the property to which the security 4 5 interest relates. If after-acquired property will be subject to the security interest, or if other or future 6 indebtedness is or may be secured by any such property, 7 8 this fact shall be clearly set forth in conjunction with 9 the description or identification of the type of security 10 interest held, retained or acquired;

(12) a description of any penalty charge that may be imposed by the lender for prepayment of the principal of the obligation with an explanation of the method of computation of such penalty and the conditions under which it may be imposed;

16 (13) unless the contract provides for the accrual and 17 payment of the finance charge on the balance of the amount financed from time time 18 to remaining unpaid, an 19 identification of the method of computing any unearned 20 portion of the finance charge in the event of prepayment of the loan. 21

The terms "finance charge" and "annual percentage rate" shall be printed more conspicuously than other terminology required by this Section.

25 (g) At the time disclosures are made, the lender shall 26 deliver to the obligor a duplicate of the instrument or

statement by which the required disclosures are made and on which the lender and obligor are identified and their addresses stated. All of the disclosures shall be made clearly, conspicuously and in meaningful sequence and made together on either:

(i) 6 the note or other instrument evidencing the 7 obligation on the same side of the page and above or 8 adjacent to the place for the obligor's signature; however, 9 where a creditor elects to combine disclosures with the 10 contract, security agreement, and evidence of а 11 transaction in a single document, the disclosures required 12 under this Section shall be made on the face of the document, on the reverse side, or on both sides, provided 13 14 that the amount of the finance charge and the annual 15 percentage rate shall appear on the face of the document, 16 and, if the reverse side is used, the printing on both 17 sides of the document shall be equally clear and conspicuous, both sides shall contain the statement, 18 19 "NOTICE: See other side for important information", and the place for the customer's signature shall be provided 20 21 following the full content of the document; or

(ii) one side of a separate statement which identifiesthe transaction.

The amount of the finance charge shall be determined as the sum of all charges, payable directly or indirectly by the obligor and imposed directly or indirectly by the lender as an incident to or as a condition to the extension of credit, whether paid or payable by the obligor, any other person on behalf of the obligor, to the lender or to a third party, including any of the following types of charges:

5 (1) Interest, time price differential, and any amount 6 payable under a discount or other system of additional 7 charges.

8 (2) Service, transaction, activity, or carrying
9 charge.

(3) Loan fee, points, finder's fee, or similar charge.

11 (4) Fee for an appraisal, investigation, or credit12 report.

13 Charges or premiums for credit life, accident, (5) 14 health, or loss of income insurance, written in connection 15 with any credit transaction unless (a) the insurance 16 coverage is not required by the lender and this fact is 17 clearly and conspicuously disclosed in writing to the obligor; and (b) any obligor desiring such insurance 18 19 coverage gives specific dated and separately signed 20 affirmative written indication of such desire after receiving written disclosure to him of the cost of such 21 22 insurance.

(6) Charges or premiums for insurance, written in
 connection with any credit transaction, against loss of or
 damage to property or against liability arising out of the
 ownership or use of property, unless a clear, conspicuous,

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and specific statement in writing is furnished by the lender to the obligor setting forth the cost of the insurance if obtained from or through the lender and stating that the obligor may choose the person through which the insurance is to be obtained.

6 (7) Premium or other charges for any other guarantee or 7 insurance protecting the lender against the obligor's 8 default or other credit loss.

9 (8) Any charge imposed by a lender upon another lender 10 for purchasing or accepting an obligation of an obligor if 11 the obligor is required to pay any part of that charge in 12 cash, as an addition to the obligation, or as a deduction 13 from the proceeds of the obligation.

A late payment, delinquency, default, reinstatement or other such charge is not a finance charge if imposed for actual unanticipated late payment, delinquency, default or other occurrence.

(h) Advertising for loans transacted under this Section may 18 19 not be false, misleading, or deceptive. That advertising, if it 20 states a rate or amount of interest, must state that rate as an 21 annual percentage rate of interest charged. In addition, if 22 charges other than for interest are made in connection with 23 those loans, those charges must be separately stated. No advertising may indicate or imply that the rates or charges for 24 25 loans are in any way "recommended", "approved", "set" or 26 "established" by the State government or by this Act.

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1	(i) A lender or creditor who complies with the federal				
2	Truth in Lending Act, amendments thereto, and any regulations				
3	issued or which may be issued thereunder, shall be deemed to be				
4	in compliance with the provisions of subsections (f), (g) and				
5	(h) of this Section.				
6	(j) For purposes of this Section, "real estate" and "real				
7	property" include a manufactured home as defined in subdivision				
8	(53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code that is				
9	real property as defined in the Conveyance and Encumbrance of				
10	Manufactured Homes as Real Property and Severance Act.				
11	(Source: P.A. 92-483, eff. 8-23-01.)				
12	Section 10-115. The Motor Vehicle Retail Installment Sales				
13	Act is amended by changing Section 2.1 as follows:				
14	(815 ILCS 375/2.1) (from Ch. 121 1/2, par. 562.1)				
15	Sec. 2.1.				
16	"Motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle as defined in The				
17	Illinois Vehicle Code but does not include bicycles,				
18	motorcycles, motor scooters, snowmobiles, trailers <u>,</u> and farm				
19	equipment, and manufactured homes as defined in subdivision				
20	(53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code.				
21	(Source: P.A. 77-1167.)				
22	Section 10-120. The Retail Installment Sales Act is amended				

23 by changing Section 2.1 as follows:

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(815 ILCS 405/2.1) (from Ch. 121 1/2, par. 502.1)

Sec. 2.1. "Goods" means all goods used or purchased 2 3 primarily for personal, family, or household purposes. "Goods" 4 includes goods purchased primarily for agricultural purposes 5 only for the purposes of the credit disclosure requirements of 6 this Act. "Goods" includes merchandise certificates or coupons 7 issued by a retail seller to be used in their face amount in 8 the purchase of goods or services sold by such a seller but 9 does not include money or other things in action. It also 10 includes goods which are furnished or used, at the time of sale 11 or subsequently, in the modernization, rehabilitation, repair, 12 alteration, improvement, or construction of real estate so as 13 to become a part of that real estate whether or not severable 14 therefrom. "Goods" includes a manufactured home as defined in subdivision (53) of Section 9-102 of the Uniform Commercial 15 16 Code that is not real property as defined in the Conveyance and Encumbrance of Manufactured Homes as Real Property and 17 18 Severance Act. "Goods" does not include a motor vehicle as defined in The Illinois Vehicle Code, but does include 19 20 bicycles, motorcycles, motor scooters, snowmobiles and 21 trailers when purchased primarily for personal, family or 22 household purposes. "Goods" does not include goods used or 23 purchased primarily for business or commercial purposes.

24 (Source: P.A. 77-1166.)

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1 815 ILCS 405/2.1 from Ch. 121 1/2, par. 502.1