

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 SB0111

Introduced 1/27/2011, by Sen. Ira I. Silverstein

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

735 ILCS 5/15-1507

from Ch. 110, par. 15-1507

Amends the Code of Civil Procedure. Provides that in addition to giving notice of a judicial sale pursuant to applicable court rules to all parties in the action who have appeared and have not previously been found by the court to be in default, the notice shall also be sent to the mortgagor, even if the mortgagor was found in default, and to the mortgagor's attorney, if any, at their designated addresses or, if none, at the foreclosed property. Effective January 1, 2012.

LRB097 00077 AJO 40085 b

1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by changing Section 15-1507 as follows:
- 6 (735 ILCS 5/15-1507) (from Ch. 110, par. 15-1507)
- 7 Sec. 15-1507. Judicial Sale.
- 8 (a) In General. Except as provided in Sections 15-1402 and 9 15-1403, upon entry of a judgment of foreclosure, the real estate which is the subject of the judgment shall be sold at a
- judicial sale in accordance with this Section 15-1507.
- 12 (b) Sale Procedures. Upon expiration of the reinstatement
 13 period and the redemption period in accordance with subsection
 14 (b) or (c) of Section 15-1603 or upon the entry of a judgment
 15 of foreclosure after the waiver of all rights of redemption,
 16 except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 15-1506, the
 17 real estate shall be sold at a sale as provided in this
 18 Article, on such terms and conditions as shall be specified by
- 19 the court in the judgment of foreclosure. A sale may be
- 20 conducted by any judge or sheriff.
- 21 (c) Notice of Sale. The mortgagee, or such other party
- 22 designated by the court, in a foreclosure under this Article
- 23 shall give public notice of the sale as follows:

1	(1) The notice of sale shall include at least the
2	following information, but an immaterial error in the
3	information shall not invalidate the legal effect of the
4	notice:
5	(A) the name, address and telephone number of the
6	person to contact for information regarding the real
7	estate;
8	(B) the common address and other common
9	description (other than legal description), if any, of
10	the real estate;
11	(C) a legal description of the real estate
12	sufficient to identify it with reasonable certainty;
13	(D) a description of the improvements on the real
14	estate;
15	(E) the times specified in the judgment, if any,
16	when the real estate may be inspected prior to sale;
17	(F) the time and place of the sale;
18	(G) the terms of the sale;
19	(H) the case title, case number and the court in
20	which the foreclosure was filed;
21	(H-1) in the case of a condominium unit to which
22	subsection (g) of Section 9 of the Condominium Property
23	Act applies, the statement required by subdivision
24	(g)(5) of Section 9 of the Condominium Property Act;
25	(H-2) in the case of a unit of a common interest
26	community to which subsection $(g-1)$ of Section 18.5 of

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the Condominium Property Act applies, the statement required by subdivision (g-1) of Section 18.5 of the Condominium Property Act; and

- (I) such other information ordered by the Court.
- (2) The notice of sale shall be published at least 3 consecutive calendar weeks (Sunday through Saturday), once in each week, the first such notice to be published not more than 45 days prior to the sale, the last such notice to be published not less than 7 days prior to the sale, by: (i) (A) advertisements in a newspaper circulated to the general public in the county in which the real estate is located, in the section of that newspaper where legal notices commonly placed and (B) are separate advertisements in the section of such a newspaper, which (except in counties with a population in excess of 3,000,000) may be the same newspaper, in which real estate other than real estate being sold as part of legal proceedings is commonly advertised to the general public; provided, that the separate advertisements in the real estate section need not include a legal description and that where both advertisements could be published in the same newspaper and that newspaper does not have separate legal notices and real estate advertisement sections, a single advertisement with the legal description shall be sufficient; and (ii) such other publications as may be further ordered by the court.

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(3) The party who gives notice of public sale in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 15-1507 shall also give notice to all parties in the action who have appeared and have not theretofore been found by the court to be in default for failure to plead. With respect to residential real estate, the notice required under subsection (c) of this Section shall be sent to the mortgagor even if the mortgagor has previously been held in default. If the mortgagor filed a pro se appearance, the notice shall be sent to the address indicated on the appearance. If the mortgagor filed an appearance through an attorney, the notice shall be sent both to the attorney at the address indicated on the appearance and to the mortgagor at the common address of the foreclosed property. In all other cases, the notice shall be sent to the mortgagor at the common address of the foreclosed property. Such notice shall be given in the manner provided in the applicable rules of court for service of papers other than process and complaint, not more than 45 days nor less than 7 days prior to the day of sale. After notice is given as required in this Section a copy thereof shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the court entering the judgment, together with a certificate of counsel or other proof that notice has been served in compliance with this Section.

(4) The party who gives notice of public sale in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 15-1507 shall

again give notice in accordance with that Section of any adjourned sale; provided, however, that if the adjourned sale is to occur less than 60 days after the last scheduled sale, notice of any adjourned sale need not be given pursuant to this Section. In the event of adjournment, the person conducting the sale shall, upon adjournment, announce the date, time and place upon which the adjourned sale shall be held. Notwithstanding any language to the contrary, for any adjourned sale that is to be conducted more than 60 days after the date on which it was to first be held, the party giving notice of such sale shall again give notice in accordance with this Section.

- (5) Notice of the sale may be given prior to the expiration of any reinstatement period or redemption period.
- (6) No other notice by publication or posting shall be necessary unless required by order or rule of the court.
- (7) The person named in the notice of sale to be contacted for information about the real estate may, but shall not be required, to provide additional information other than that set forth in the notice of sale.
- (d) Election of Property. If the real estate which is the subject of a judgment of foreclosure is susceptible of division, the court may order it to be sold as necessary to satisfy the judgment. The court shall determine which real estate shall be sold, and the court may determine the order in

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- 1 which separate tracts may be sold.
- 2 (e) Receipt upon Sale. Upon and at the sale of mortgaged
 3 real estate, the person conducting the sale shall give to the
 4 purchaser a receipt of sale. The receipt shall describe the
 5 real estate purchased and shall show the amount bid, the amount
 6 paid, the total amount paid to date and the amount still to be
 7 paid therefor. An additional receipt shall be given at the time
 8 of each subsequent payment.
- 9 (f) Certificate of Sale. Upon payment in full of the amount 10 bid, the person conducting the sale shall issue, in duplicate, 11 and give to the purchaser a Certificate of Sale. The 12 Certificate of Sale shall be in a recordable form, describe the real estate purchased, indicate the date and place of sale and 13 14 show the amount paid therefor. The Certificate of Sale shall 15 further indicate that it is subject to confirmation by the 16 court. The duplicate certificate may be recorded in accordance 17 with Section 12-121. The Certificate of Sale shall be freely assignable by endorsement thereon. 18
 - (g) Interest after Sale. Any bid at sale shall be deemed to include, without the necessity of a court order, interest at the statutory judgment rate on any unpaid portion of the sale price from the date of sale to the date of payment.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 96-1045, eff. 7-14-10.)
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 1, 2012.