

## 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 SB0088

Introduced 1/27/2011, by Sen. Donne E. Trotter

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

235 II	LCS 5/1-3.09	from	Ch.	43,	par.	95.09
235 II	LCS 5/1-3.15	from	Ch.	43,	par.	95.15
235 II	LCS 5/1-3.16	from	Ch.	43,	par.	95.16
235 II	LCS 5/1-3.33					
235 II	LCS 5/1-3.38 new					
235 II	LCS 5/5-1	from	Ch.	43,	par.	115

Amends the Liquor Control Act of 1934. Makes changes to the definitions of "brewer", "distributor", "importing distributor", and "brew pub". Defines "barrel" as 31 U.S. gallons. Provides that a licensed brewer may make sales and deliveries of beer to importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees. Further provides that a licensed brewer may sell to retailers provided that the licensed brewer (i) manufactures 60,000 barrels or less of beer per year and (ii) obtains an importing distributor's license or distributor's license in accordance with the provisions of the Act. Provides that a brew pub licensee may sell his or her own manufactured beer to retailers provided that he or she obtains an importing distributor's license or distributor's license. Provides that a brew pub licensee shall not allow the sale for off-premises consumption or to retailers in the aggregate of more than 50,000 gallons of manufactured beer per year. Makes other changes. Effective immediately.

LRB097 05761 ASK 45825 b

1 AN ACT concerning liquor.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

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4 Section 5. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by
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- 5 changing Section 1-3.09, 1-3.15, 1-3.16, 1-3.33, and 5-1 and by
- 6 adding Section 1-3.38 as follows:
- 7 (235 ILCS 5/1-3.09) (from Ch. 43, par. 95.09)
- 8 Sec. 1-3.09. "Brewer" means a person who is engaged in the
- 9 manufacture of beer, whether within or outside of this State.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 82-783.)
- 11 (235 ILCS 5/1-3.15) (from Ch. 43, par. 95.15)
- 12 Sec. 1-3.15. "Distributor" means any person, other than a
- 13 manufacturer or non-resident dealer licensed under this Act
- 14 <u>unless the manufacturer or non-resident dealer is a brewer or</u>
- brew pub that obtains a distributor's license in accordance
- with the provisions of this Act, who is engaged in this State
- 17 in purchasing, storing, possessing or warehousing any
- 18 alcoholic liquors for resale or reselling at wholesale, whether
- 19 within or outside of without this State.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 83-1254.)
- 21 (235 ILCS 5/1-3.16) (from Ch. 43, par. 95.16)

Sec. 1-3.16. "Importing distributor" means any person other than a non-resident dealer licensed under this Act, unless the non-resident dealer is a brewer or brew pub that obtains an importing distributor's license in accordance with the provisions of this Act, who imports into this State, from any point in the United States outside this State, whether for himself or for another, any alcoholic liquors for sale or resale, or for use in the manufacture, preparation or compounding of products other than alcoholic liquors, or who imports into this State, from any point in the United States outside this State, for consumption in any one calendar year, more than one gallon of such liquors.

13 (Source: P.A. 83-1254.)

14 (235 ILCS 5/1-3.33)

Sec. 1-3.33. "Brew Pub" means a person who manufactures beer only at a designated premises, whether within or outside of this State, to make sales to importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees for use and consumption only, who stores beer at the designated premises, and who is allowed to sell beer and other alcoholic liquors at retail from the licensed premises, and who is allowed to sell its own manufactured beer to retailers provided that the brew pub also obtains an importing distributor's license or distributor's license in accordance with the provisions of this Act. A provided that a brew pub licensee shall not authorize the sales

- 1 sell for off-premises consumption or to retailers in the
- 2 aggregate of more than 50,000 gallons of manufactured beer per
- 3 year.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 90-432, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 5 (235 ILCS 5/1-3.38 new)
- 6 Sec. 1-3.38. "Barrel" means 31 U.S. gallons.
- 7 (235 ILCS 5/5-1) (from Ch. 43, par. 115)
- 8 Sec. 5-1. Licenses issued by the Illinois Liquor Control
- 9 Commission shall be of the following classes:
- 10 (a) Manufacturer's license Class 1. Distiller, Class 2.
- 11 Rectifier, Class 3. Brewer, Class 4. First Class Wine
- 12 Manufacturer, Class 5. Second Class Wine Manufacturer, Class 6.
- 13 First Class Winemaker, Class 7. Second Class Winemaker, Class
- 8. Limited Wine Manufacturer, Class 9. Craft Distiller,
- 15 (b) Distributor's license,
- 16 (c) Importing Distributor's license,
- 17 (d) Retailer's license,
- 18 (e) Special Event Retailer's license (not-for-profit),
- 19 (f) Railroad license,
- 20 (q) Boat license,
- 21 (h) Non-Beverage User's license,
- 22 (i) Wine-maker's premises license,
- 23 (j) Airplane license,
- 24 (k) Foreign importer's license,

- 1 (1) Broker's license,
- 2 (m) Non-resident dealer's license,
- 3 (n) Brew Pub license,
- 4 (o) Auction liquor license,
- 5 (p) Caterer retailer license,
- 6 (q) Special use permit license,
- 7 (r) Winery shipper's license.
- 8 No person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal
- 9 business entity that is engaged in the manufacturing of wine
- 10 may concurrently obtain and hold a wine-maker's license and a
- 11 wine manufacturer's license.
- 12 (a) A manufacturer's license shall allow the manufacture,
- importation in bulk, storage, distribution and sale of
- 14 alcoholic liquor to persons without the State, as may be
- 15 permitted by law and to licensees in this State as follows:
- 16 Class 1. A Distiller may make sales and deliveries of
- 17 alcoholic liquor to distillers, rectifiers, importing
- distributors, distributors and non-beverage users and to no
- 19 other licensees.
- Class 2. A Rectifier, who is not a distiller, as defined
- 21 herein, may make sales and deliveries of alcoholic liquor to
- 22 rectifiers, importing distributors, distributors, retailers
- and non-beverage users and to no other licensees.
- 24 Class 3. A Brewer may make sales and deliveries of beer to
- 25 importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees. A
- 26 brewer may also make sales and deliveries of beer, and to

- 1 retailers provided the brewer (i) manufactures 60,000 barrels
- 2 or less of beer per year and (ii) obtains an importing
- 3 distributor's license or distributor's license in accordance
- 4 with the provisions of this Act.
- 5 Class 4. A first class wine-manufacturer may make sales and
- 6 deliveries of up to 50,000 gallons of wine to manufacturers,
- 7 importing distributors and distributors, and to no other
- 8 licensees.
- 9 Class 5. A second class Wine manufacturer may make sales
- 10 and deliveries of more than 50,000 gallons of wine to
- 11 manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors and to
- 12 no other licensees.
- Class 6. A first-class wine-maker's license shall allow the
- manufacture of up to 50,000 gallons of wine per year, and the
- 15 storage and sale of such wine to distributors in the State and
- 16 to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A
- 17 person who, prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act
- 18 of the 95th General Assembly, is a holder of a first-class
- wine-maker's license and annually produces more than 25,000
- 20 gallons of its own wine and who distributes its wine to
- 21 licensed retailers shall cease this practice on or before July
- 22 1, 2008 in compliance with this amendatory Act of the 95th
- 23 General Assembly.
- 24 Class 7. A second-class wine-maker's license shall allow
- 25 the manufacture of between 50,000 and 150,000 gallons of wine
- 26 per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors

in this State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A person who, prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, is a holder of a second-class wine-maker's license and annually produces more than 25,000 gallons of its own wine and who distributes its wine to licensed retailers shall cease this practice on or before July 1, 2008 in compliance with this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly.

Class 8. A limited wine-manufacturer may make sales and deliveries not to exceed 40,000 gallons of wine per year to distributors, and to non-licensees in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Class 9. A craft distiller license shall allow the manufacture of up to 5,000 gallons of spirits by distillation per year and the storage of such spirits. If a craft distiller licensee is not affiliated with any other manufacturer, then the craft distiller licensee may sell such spirits to distributors in this State and non-licensees to the extent permitted by any exemption approved by the Commission pursuant to Section 6-4 of this Act.

Any craft distiller licensed under this Act who on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly was licensed as a distiller and manufactured no more spirits than permitted by this Section shall not be required to pay the initial licensing fee.

(a-1) A manufacturer which is licensed in this State to

make sales or deliveries of alcoholic liquor and which enlists agents, representatives, or individuals acting on its behalf who contact licensed retailers on a regular and continual basis in this State must register those agents, representatives, or persons acting on its behalf with the State Commission.

Registration of agents, representatives, or persons acting on behalf of a manufacturer is fulfilled by submitting a form to the Commission. The form shall be developed by the Commission and shall include the name and address of the applicant, the name and address of the manufacturer he or she represents, the territory or areas assigned to sell to or discuss pricing terms of alcoholic liquor, and any other questions deemed appropriate and necessary. All statements in the forms required to be made by law or by rule shall be deemed material, and any person who knowingly misstates any material fact under oath in an application is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. Fraud, misrepresentation, false statements, misleading statements, evasions, or suppression of material facts in the securing of a registration are grounds for suspension or revocation of the registration.

- (b) A distributor's license shall allow the wholesale purchase and storage of alcoholic liquors and sale of alcoholic liquors to licensees in this State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law.
- (c) An importing distributor's license may be issued to and held by those only who are duly licensed distributors, upon the

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filing of an application by a duly licensed distributor, with the Commission and the Commission shall, without the payment of any fee, immediately issue such importing distributor's license to the applicant, which shall allow the importation of alcoholic liquor by the licensee into this State from any point in the United States outside this State, and the purchase of alcoholic liquor in barrels, casks or other bulk containers and the bottling of such alcoholic liquors before resale thereof, but all bottles or containers so filled shall be sealed, labeled, stamped and otherwise made to comply with all provisions, rules and regulations governing manufacturers in the preparation and bottling of alcoholic liquors. The importing distributor's license shall permit such licensee to purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed non-resident dealers and foreign importers only.

(d) A retailer's license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in the license, alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. Nothing in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall deny, limit, remove, or restrict the ability of a holder of a retailer's license to transfer, deliver, or ship alcoholic liquor to the purchaser for use or consumption subject to any applicable local law or ordinance. Any retail license issued to a manufacturer shall only permit the manufacturer to sell beer at retail on the premises actually occupied by the manufacturer. For the purpose of

- 1 further describing the type of business conducted at a retail
- 2 licensed premises, a retailer's licensee may be designated by
- 3 the State Commission as (i) an on premise consumption retailer,
- 4 (ii) an off premise sale retailer, or (iii) a combined on
- 5 premise consumption and off premise sale retailer.
- 6 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection
- 7 (d), a retail licensee may sell alcoholic liquors to a special
- 8 event retailer licensee for resale to the extent permitted
- 9 under subsection (e).
- 10 (e) A special event retailer's license (not-for-profit)
- shall permit the licensee to purchase alcoholic liquors from an
- 12 Illinois licensed distributor (unless the licensee purchases
- less than \$500 of alcoholic liquors for the special event, in
- 14 which case the licensee may purchase the alcoholic liquors from
- 15 a licensed retailer) and shall allow the licensee to sell and
- offer for sale, at retail, alcoholic liquors for use or
- 17 consumption, but not for resale in any form and only at the
- 18 location and on the specific dates designated for the special
- 19 event in the license. An applicant for a special event retailer
- 20 license must (i) furnish with the application: (A) a resale
- 21 number issued under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax
- 22 Act or evidence that the applicant is registered under Section
- 23 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, (B) a current, valid
- 24 exemption identification number issued under Section 1g of the
- 25 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and a certification to the
- 26 Commission that the purchase of alcoholic liquors will be a

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tax-exempt purchase, or (C) a statement that the applicant is not registered under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, does not hold a resale number under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and does not hold an exemption number under Section 1q of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, in which event the Commission shall set forth on the special event retailer's license a statement to that effect; (ii) submit with the application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance in the maximum limits: and (iii) show proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant has obtained local authority approval.

(f) A railroad license shall permit the licensee to import alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors and importing distributors from within or outside this State; and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be sold or dispensed on a club, buffet, lounge or dining car operated on an electric, gas or steam railway in this State; and provided further, that railroad licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to importing distributors. A railroad

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- license shall also permit the licensee to sell or dispense alcoholic liquors on any club, buffet, lounge or dining car operated on an electric, gas or steam railway regularly operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic liquors to any licensee within this State. A license shall be obtained for each car in which such sales are made.
  - (g) A boat license shall allow the sale of alcoholic liquor in individual drinks, on any passenger boat regularly operated as a common carrier on navigable waters in this State or on any riverboat operated under the Riverboat Gambling Act, which boat or riverboat maintains a public dining room or restaurant thereon.
- (h) A non-beverage user's license shall allow the licensee 14 15 to purchase alcoholic liquor from a licensed manufacturer or 16 importing distributor, without the imposition of any tax upon 17 the business of such licensed manufacturer or importing distributor as to such alcoholic liquor to be used by such 18 19 licensee solely for the non-beverage purposes set forth in 20 subsection (a) of Section 8-1 of this Act, and such licenses 21 shall be divided and classified and shall permit the purchase, 22 possession and use of limited and stated quantities of 23 alcoholic liquor as follows: 24 Class 1, not to exceed ...... 500 gallons

Class 2, not to exceed ...... 1,000 gallons

Class 3, not to exceed ..... 5,000 gallons

Class 4, not to exceed ...... 10,000 gallons 1 2 Class 5, not to exceed ...... 50,000 gallons (i) A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee 3 that concurrently holds a first-class wine-maker's license to 5 sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises specified in such license not more than 50,000 gallons of the first-class 6 7 wine-maker's wine that is made at the first-class wine-maker's 8 licensed premises per year for use or consumption, but not for 9 resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license shall allow 10 a licensee who concurrently holds a second-class wine-maker's 11 license to sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises 12 specified in such license up to 100,000 gallons of the 13 second-class wine-maker's wine that is made at the second-class 14 wine-maker's licensed premises per year for use or consumption 15 but not for resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license 16 shall allow a licensee that concurrently holds a first-class 17 wine-maker's license or a second-class wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at retail at the premises specified in 18 the wine-maker's premises license, for use or consumption but 19 20 not for resale in any form, any beer, wine, and spirits 21 purchased from a licensed distributor. Upon approval from the 22 State Commission, a wine-maker's premises license shall allow 23 the licensee to sell and offer for sale at (i) the wine-maker's licensed premises and (ii) at up to 2 additional locations for 24 25 use and consumption and not for resale. Each location shall 26 require additional licensing per location as specified in

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- Section 5-3 of this Act. A wine-maker's premises licensee shall secure liquor liability insurance coverage in an amount at least equal to the maximum liability amounts set forth in subsection (a) of Section 6-21 of this Act.
  - (j) An airplane license shall permit the licensee to import alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors and importing distributors from within or outside this State; and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be sold or dispensed on an airplane; and provided further, that airplane licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to importing distributors. An airplane licensee shall also permit the sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquors on any passenger airplane regularly operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic liquors to any licensee within this State. A single airplane license shall be required of an airline company if liquor service is provided on board aircraft in this State. The annual fee for such license shall be as determined in Section 5-3.
  - (k) A foreign importer's license shall permit such licensee to purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed

non-resident dealers only, and to import alcoholic liquor other than in bulk from any point outside the United States and to sell such alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed importing distributors and to no one else in Illinois; provided that (i) the foreign importer registers with the State Commission every brand of alcoholic liquor that it proposes to sell to Illinois licensees during the license period, (ii) the foreign importer complies with all of the provisions of Section 6-9 of this Act with respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale, and (iii) the foreign importer complies with the provisions of Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these provisions apply to manufacturers.

(1) (i) A broker's license shall be required of all persons who solicit orders for, offer to sell or offer to supply alcoholic liquor to retailers in the State of Illinois, or who offer to retailers to ship or cause to be shipped or to make contact with distillers, rectifiers, brewers or manufacturers or any other party within or without the State of Illinois in order that alcoholic liquors be shipped to a distributor, importing distributor or foreign importer, whether such solicitation or offer is consummated within or without the State of Illinois.

No holder of a retailer's license issued by the Illinois Liquor Control Commission shall purchase or receive any alcoholic liquor, the order for which was solicited or offered

for sale to such retailer by a broker unless the broker is the holder of a valid broker's license.

The broker shall, upon the acceptance by a retailer of the broker's solicitation of an order or offer to sell or supply or deliver or have delivered alcoholic liquors, promptly forward to the Illinois Liquor Control Commission a notification of said transaction in such form as the Commission may by regulations prescribe.

(ii) A broker's license shall be required of a person within this State, other than a retail licensee, who, for a fee or commission, promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for alcoholic liquor, for use or consumption and not for resale, to be shipped from this State and delivered to residents outside of this State by an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier. This Section does not apply to any person who promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for wine as specifically authorized in Section 6-29 of this Act.

A broker's license under this subsection (1) shall not entitle the holder to buy or sell any alcoholic liquors for his own account or to take or deliver title to such alcoholic liquors.

This subsection (1) shall not apply to distributors, employees of distributors, or employees of a manufacturer who has registered the trademark, brand or name of the alcoholic liquor pursuant to Section 6-9 of this Act, and who regularly sells such alcoholic liquor in the State of Illinois only to

- 1 its registrants thereunder.
- 2 Any agent, representative, or person subject to
- 3 registration pursuant to subsection (a-1) of this Section shall
- 4 not be eligible to receive a broker's license.
- 5 (m) A non-resident dealer's license shall permit such
- 6 licensee to ship into and warehouse alcoholic liquor into this
- 7 State from any point outside of this State, and to sell such
- 8 alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed foreign importers and
- 9 importing distributors and to no one else in this State unless
- 10 such licensee concurrently holds another license permitting
- 11 <u>such other sales;</u> provided that (i) said non-resident dealer
- 12 shall register with the Illinois Liquor Control Commission each
- and every brand of alcoholic liquor which it proposes to sell
- 14 to Illinois licensees during the license period, (ii) it shall
- 15 comply with all of the provisions of Section 6-9 hereof with
- 16 respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may be
- granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale, and (iii)
- 18 the non-resident dealer shall comply with the provisions of
- 19 Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these
- 20 provisions apply to manufacturers.
- 21 (n) A brew pub license shall allow the licensee to
- 22 manufacture beer only on the premises specified in the license,
- 23 to make sales of the beer manufactured on the premises to
- 24 importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees for
- use and consumption, to store the beer upon the premises, and
- 26 to sell and offer for sale such manufactured beer and other

- alcoholic liquors at retail from the licensed premises, and to sell his or her own manufactured beer to retailers provided that the brew pub also obtains an importing distributor's license or distributor's license in accordance with the provisions of this Act. A a brew pub licensee shall not allow the sale <del>not sell</del> for off-premises consumption or to retailers in the aggregate of more than 50,000 gallons of manufactured beer per year.
  - (o) A caterer retailer license shall allow the holder to serve alcoholic liquors as an incidental part of a food service that serves prepared meals which excludes the serving of snacks as the primary meal, either on or off-site whether licensed or unlicensed.
  - (p) An auction liquor license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at auction wine and spirits for use or consumption, or for resale by an Illinois liquor licensee in accordance with provisions of this Act. An auction liquor license will be issued to a person and it will permit the auction liquor licensee to hold the auction anywhere in the State. An auction liquor licensee must be obtained for each auction at least 14 days in advance of the auction date.
  - (q) A special use permit license shall allow an Illinois licensed retailer to transfer a portion of its alcoholic liquor inventory from its retail licensed premises to the premises specified in the license hereby created, and to sell or offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in the

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license hereby created, the transferred alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. A special use permit license may be granted for the following time periods: one day or less; 2 or more days to a maximum of 15 days per location in any 12 month period. An applicant for the special use permit license must also submit with the application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the maximum limits and have local authority approval.

(r) A winery shipper's license shall allow a person with a first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's license, a first-class or second-class wine-maker's license, or a limited wine manufacturer's license or who is licensed to make wine under the laws of another state to ship wine made by that licensee directly to a resident of this State who is 21 years of age or older for that resident's personal use and not for resale. Prior to receiving a winery shipper's license, an applicant for the license must provide the Commission with a true copy of its current license in any state in which it is licensed as a manufacturer of wine. An applicant for a winery shipper's license must also complete an application form that provides any other information the Commission deems necessary. application form shall include acknowledgement an consenting to the jurisdiction of the Commission, the Illinois Department of Revenue, and the courts of this State concerning the enforcement of this Act and any related laws, rules, and

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regulations, including authorizing the Department of Revenue and the Commission to conduct audits for the purpose of ensuring compliance with this amendatory Act.

A winery shipper licensee must pay to the Department of Revenue the State liquor gallonage tax under Section 8-1 for all wine that is sold by the licensee and shipped to a person in this State. For the purposes of Section 8-1, a winery shipper licensee shall be taxed in the same manner as a manufacturer of wine. A licensee who is not otherwise required to register under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act must register under the Use Tax Act to collect and remit use tax to the Department of Revenue for all gallons of wine that are sold by the licensee and shipped to persons in this State. If a licensee fails to remit the tax imposed under this Act in accordance with the provisions of Article VIII of this Act, the winery shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with the provisions of Article VII of this Act. If a licensee fails to properly register and remit tax under the Use Tax Act or the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act for all wine that is sold by the winery shipper and shipped to persons in this State, the winery shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with the provisions of Article VII of this Act.

A winery shipper licensee must collect, maintain, and submit to the Commission on a semi-annual basis the total number of cases per resident of wine shipped to residents of this State. A winery shipper licensed under this subsection (r)

- 1 must comply with the requirements of Section 6-29 of this
- 2 amendatory Act.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-634, eff. 6-1-08;
- 4 95-769, eff. 7-29-08; 96-1367, eff. 7-28-10.)
- 5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 6 becoming law.