

## 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 SB0068

Introduced 1/27/2011, by Sen. Ira I. Silverstein

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

775 ILCS 5/2-101	from Ch. 68, par. 2-101
820 ILCS 105/3	from Ch. 48, par. 1003
820 ILCS 105/4a	from Ch. 48, par. 1004a
820 ILCS 140/2	from Ch. 48, par. 8b

Amends the Illinois Human Rights Act. Provides that the employment discrimination Article of the Act applies to domestic workers. Amends the Minimum Wage Law. Provides that the overtime provisions of the Law apply to domestic workers. Amends the One Day Rest In Seven Act. Provides that every person employed as a domestic worker shall be allowed at least 24 consecutive hours of rest in every calendar week. Provides that a domestic worker may voluntarily agree to work on such day of rest; provided that the worker is compensated at the overtime rate for all hours worked on such day of rest. Provides that the day of rest should, whenever possible, coincide with the traditional day reserved by the domestic worker for religious worship. Provides that after one year of work with the same employer a domestic worker shall be entitled to at least 3 days of rest in each calendar year at the regular rate of compensation.

LRB097 02709 RLC 42728 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT	concerning	employment.
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2	Be	it	enacted	by	the	People	of	the	State	of	Illinois,
3	represe	nte	d in the (	Gene	ral A	ssembly	:				

- Section 5. The Illinois Human Rights Act is amended by changing Section 2-101 as follows:
- 6 (775 ILCS 5/2-101) (from Ch. 68, par. 2-101)
- Sec. 2-101. Definitions. The following definitions are applicable strictly in the context of this Article.
- 9 (A) Employee.
- 10 (1) "Employee" includes:
- 11 (a) Any individual performing services for 12 remuneration within this State for an employer;
- 13 (b) An apprentice;
- 14 (c) An applicant for any apprenticeship; -
- 15 <u>(d)</u> A domestic worker.
- 16 (2) "Employee" does not include:
- 17 (a) (Blank) Domestic servants in private homes;
- (b) Individuals employed by persons who are not
  "employers" as defined by this Act;
- 20 (c) Elected public officials or the members of 21 their immediate personal staffs;
- 22 (d) Principal administrative officers of the State 23 or of any political subdivision, municipal corporation

1	or other governmental unit or agency;
2	(e) A person in a vocational rehabilitation
3	facility certified under federal law who has been
4	designated an evaluee, trainee, or work activity
5	client.
6	(B) Employer.
7	(1) "Employer" includes:
8	(a) Any person employing 15 or more employees
9	within Illinois during 20 or more calendar weeks within
10	the calendar year of or preceding the alleged
11	violation;
12	(b) Any person employing one or more employees when
13	a complainant alleges civil rights violation due to
14	unlawful discrimination based upon his or her physical
15	or mental handicap unrelated to ability or sexual
16	harassment;
17	(c) The State and any political subdivision,
18	municipal corporation or other governmental unit or
19	agency, without regard to the number of employees;
20	(d) Any party to a public contract without regard
21	to the number of employees;
22	(e) A joint apprenticeship or training committee
23	without regard to the number of employees: $\overline{\cdot}$
24	(f) Any person employing one or more domestic
25	workers.
26	(2) "Employer" does not include any religious

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- corporation, association, educational institution, society, or non-profit nursing institution conducted by and for those who rely upon treatment by prayer through spiritual means in accordance with the tenets of a recognized church or religious denomination with respect to the employment of individuals of a particular religion to perform work connected with the carrying on by such corporation, association, educational institution, society or non-profit nursing institution of its activities.
- (C) Employment Agency. "Employment Agency" includes both public and private employment agencies and any person, labor organization, or labor union having a hiring hall or hiring office regularly undertaking, with or without compensation, to procure opportunities to work, or to procure, recruit, refer or place employees.
- (D) Labor Organization. "Labor Organization" includes any organization, labor union, craft union, or any voluntary unincorporated association designed to further the cause of the rights of union labor which is constituted for the purpose, in whole or in part, of collective bargaining or of dealing with employers concerning grievances, terms or conditions of employment, apprenticeships or applications or for apprenticeships, or of other mutual aid or protection in employment, including apprenticeships connection with applications for apprenticeships.
  - (E) Sexual Harassment. "Sexual harassment" means any

- unwelcome sexual advances or requests for sexual favors or any conduct of a sexual nature when (1) submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment, (2) submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment decisions affecting such individual, or (3) such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.
  - (F) Religion. "Religion" with respect to employers includes all aspects of religious observance and practice, as well as belief, unless an employer demonstrates that he is unable to reasonably accommodate an employee's or prospective employee's religious observance or practice without undue hardship on the conduct of the employer's business.
    - (G) Public Employer. "Public employer" means the State, an agency or department thereof, unit of local government, school district, instrumentality or political subdivision.
  - (H) Public Employee. "Public employee" means an employee of the State, agency or department thereof, unit of local government, school district, instrumentality or political subdivision. "Public employee" does not include public officers or employees of the General Assembly or agencies thereof.
- (I) Public Officer. "Public officer" means a person who is elected to office pursuant to the Constitution or a statute or

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- an office which 1 ordinance, or who is appointed to established, and the qualifications and duties of which are 2 prescribed, by the Constitution or a statute or ordinance, to 3 discharge a public duty for the State, agency or department 4 5 thereof, unit of local government, school district, 6 instrumentality or political subdivision.
- (J) Eligible Bidder. "Eligible bidder" means a person who, 7 8 prior to a bid opening, has filed with the Department a 9 properly completed, sworn and currently valid employer report 10 form, pursuant to the Department's regulations. The provisions 11 of this Article relating to eligible bidders apply only to bids 12 on contracts with the State and its departments, agencies, boards, and commissions, and the provisions do not apply to 13 bids on contracts with units of local government or school 14 15 districts.
  - (K) Citizenship Status. "Citizenship status" means the status of being:
    - (1) a born U.S. citizen;
    - (2) a naturalized U.S. citizen;
- 20 (3) a U.S. national; or
- 21 (4) a person born outside the United States and not a
  22 U.S. citizen who is not an unauthorized alien and who is
  23 protected from discrimination under the provisions of
  24 Section 1324b of Title 8 of the United States Code, as now
  25 or hereafter amended.
- 26 (L) Domestic Worker. "Domestic worker" means a person

1	employed in a home or residence for the purpose of caring for a
2	child, serving as a companion for a sick, convalescing, or
3	elderly person, housekeeping, or for any other domestic service
4	<pre>purpose. "Domestic worker" does not include any individual:</pre>
5	(1) working on a casual basis;
6	(2) who is engaged in providing companionship
7	services, as defined in paragraph 15 of subdivision (a) of
8	Section 213 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, and
9	who is employed by an employer or agency other than the
10	family or household using his or her services; or
11	(3) who is a relative through blood, marriage or
12	adoption of:
13	(A) the employer; or
14	(B) the person for whom the worker is delivering
15	services under a program funded or administered by
16	federal, State, or local government.
17	(Source: P.A. 86-1343; 87-579; 87-666; 87-895.)
18	Section 10. The Minimum Wage Law is amended by changing
19	Sections 3 and 4a as follows:

- 20 (820 ILCS 105/3) (from Ch. 48, par. 1003)
- 21 Sec. 3. As used in this Act:
- 22 (a) "Director" means the Director of the Department of Labor, and "Department" means the Department of Labor.
- 24 (b) "Wages" means compensation due to an employee by reason

- 1 of his employment, including allowances determined by the
- 2 Director in accordance with the provisions of this Act for
- 3 gratuities and, when furnished by the employer, for meals and
- 4 lodging actually used by the employee.
- 5 (c) "Employer" includes any individual, partnership,
- 6 association, corporation, limited liability company, business
- 7 trust, governmental or quasi-governmental body, or any person
- 8 or group of persons acting directly or indirectly in the
- 9 interest of an employer in relation to an employee, for which
- one or more persons are gainfully employed on some day within a
- 11 calendar year. An employer is subject to this Act in a calendar
- 12 year on and after the first day in such calendar year in which
- 13 he employs one or more persons, and for the following calendar
- 14 year.
- 15 (d) "Employee" includes any individual permitted to work by
- 16 an employer in an occupation, but does not include any
- individual permitted to work:
- 18 (1) For an employer employing fewer than 4 employees
- 19 exclusive of the employer's parent, spouse or child or
- other members of his immediate family.
- 21 (2) As an employee employed in agriculture or
- 22 aquaculture (A) if such employee is employed by an employer
- 23 who did not, during any calendar quarter during the
- 24 preceding calendar year, use more than 500 man-days of
- agricultural or aquacultural labor, (B) if such employee is
- the parent, spouse or child, or other member of the

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employer's immediate family, (C) if such employee (i) is employed as a hand harvest laborer and is paid on a piece rate basis in an operation which has been, and is customarily and generally recognized as having been, paid on a piece rate basis in the region of employment, (ii) commutes daily from his permanent residence to the farm on which he is so employed, and (iii) has been employed in agriculture less than 13 weeks during the preceding calendar year, (D) if such employee (other than an employee described in clause (C) of this subparagraph): (i) is 16 years of age or under and is employed as a hand harvest laborer, is paid on a piece rate basis in an operation which has been, and is customarily and generally recognized as having been, paid on a piece rate basis in the region of employment, (ii) is employed on the same farm as his parent or person standing in the place of his parent, and (iii) is paid at the same piece rate as employees over 16 are paid on the same farm.

- (3) In domestic service in or about a private home \_\_ except as otherwise provided in Section 4a.
  - (4) As an outside salesman.
- (5) As a member of a religious corporation or organization.
- (6) At an accredited Illinois college or university employed by the college or university at which he is a student who is covered under the provisions of the Fair

1 Labor Standards Act of 1938, as heretofore or hereafter 2 amended.

- (7) For a motor carrier and with respect to whom the U.S. Secretary of Transportation has the power to establish qualifications and maximum hours of service under the provisions of Title 49 U.S.C. or the State of Illinois under Section 18b-105 (Title 92 of the Illinois Administrative Code, Part 395 Hours of Service of Drivers) of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- The above exclusions from the term "employee" may be further defined by regulations of the Director.
- 12 (e) "Occupation" means an industry, trade, business or class of work in which employees are gainfully employed.
  - (f) "Gratuities" means voluntary monetary contributions to an employee from a guest, patron or customer in connection with services rendered.
  - (g) "Outside salesman" means an employee regularly engaged in making sales or obtaining orders or contracts for services where a major portion of such duties are performed away from his employer's place of business.
  - (h) "Day camp" means a seasonal recreation program in operation for no more than 16 weeks intermittently throughout the calendar year, accommodating for profit or under philanthropic or charitable auspices, 5 or more children under 18 years of age, not including overnight programs. The term "day camp" does not include a "day care agency", "child care

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1	facility"	or	"foster	family	home"	as	licensed	bу	the	Illinois
2	Department	of	Childre	n and Fa	amily S	Serv	ices.			

- (i) "Domestic worker" means a person employed in a home or
  residence for the purpose of caring for a child, serving as a
  companion for a sick, convalescing, or elderly person,
  housekeeping, or for any other domestic service purpose.
- 7 "Domestic worker" does not include any individual:
  - (1) working on a casual basis;
- 9 (2) who is engaged in providing companionship

  10 services, as defined in paragraph 15 of subdivision (a) of

  11 Section 213 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, and

  12 who is employed by an employer or agency other than the

  13 family or household using his or her services; or
- 14 (3) who is a relative through blood, marriage or adoption of:
  - (A) the employer; or
- 17 <u>(B) the person for whom the worker is delivering</u>
  18 <u>services under a program funded or administered by</u>
  19 <u>federal, State, or local government.</u>
- 20 (Source: P.A. 94-1025, eff. 7-14-06; 95-945, eff. 1-1-09.)
- 21 (820 ILCS 105/4a) (from Ch. 48, par. 1004a)
  - Sec. 4a. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, no employer shall employ any of his employees for a workweek of more than 40 hours unless such employee receives compensation for his employment in excess of the hours above specified at a

- 1 rate not less than 1 1/2 times the regular rate at which he is 2 employed.
  - (1.5) No employer who employs a domestic worker shall require the domestic worker to work more than 40 hours in a week, or 44 hours in a week for domestic workers who reside in the home of their employer unless they receive compensation for overtime work at a rate not less than 1 1/2 times the regular rate at which he or she is employed.
  - (2) The provisions of subsection (1) of this Section are not applicable to:
    - A. Any salesman or mechanic primarily engaged in selling or servicing automobiles, trucks or farm implements, if he is employed by a nonmanufacturing establishment primarily engaged in the business of selling such vehicles or implements to ultimate purchasers.
    - B. Any salesman primarily engaged in selling trailers, boats, or aircraft, if he is employed by a nonmanufacturing establishment primarily engaged in the business of selling trailers, boats, or aircraft to ultimate purchasers.
    - C. Any employer of agricultural labor, with respect to such agricultural employment.
    - D. Any employee of a governmental body excluded from the definition of "employee" under paragraph (e)(2)(C) of Section 3 of the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938.
    - E. Any employee employed in a bona fide executive, administrative or professional capacity, including any

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radio or television announcer, news editor, or chief engineer, as defined by or covered by the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 and the rules adopted under that Act, as both exist on March 30, 2003, but compensated at the amount of salary specified in subsections (a) and (b) of Section 541.600 of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations as proposed in the Federal Register on March 31, 2003 or a greater amount of salary as may be adopted by the United States Department of Labor. For bona fide executive, administrative, and professional employees of not-for-profit corporations, the Director may, by regulation, adopt a weekly wage rate standard lower than that provided for executive, administrative, professional employees covered under the Fair Standards Act of 1938, as now or hereafter amended.

- F. Any commissioned employee as described in paragraph (i) of Section 7 of the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 and rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, as now or hereafter amended.
- G. Any employment of an employee in the stead of another employee of the same employer pursuant to a worktime exchange agreement between employees.
- H. Any employee of a not-for-profit educational or residential child care institution who (a) on a daily basis is directly involved in educating or caring for children who (1) are orphans, foster children, abused, neglected or

_	abandoned children, or are otherwise homeless children and
2	(2) reside in residential facilities of the institution and
3	(b) is compensated at an annual rate of not less than
1	\$13,000 or, if the employee resides in such facilities and
5	receives without cost board and lodging from such

institution, not less than \$10,000.

- I. Any employee employed as a crew member of any uninspected towing vessel, as defined by Section 2101(40) of Title 46 of the United States Code, operating in any navigable waters in or along the boundaries of the State of Illinois.
- (3) Any employer may employ any employee for a period or periods of not more than 10 hours in the aggregate in any workweek in excess of the maximum hours specified in subsection (1) of this Section without paying the compensation for overtime employment prescribed in subsection (1) if during that period or periods the employee is receiving remedial education that:
  - (a) is provided to employees who lack a high school diploma or educational attainment at the eighth grade level;
    - (b) is designed to provide reading and other basic skills at an eighth grade level or below; and
      - (c) does not include job specific training.
- (4) A governmental body is not in violation of subsection(1) if the governmental body provides compensatory time

- 1 pursuant to paragraph (o) of Section 7 of the Federal Fair
- 2 Labor Standards Act of 1938, as now or hereafter amended, or is
- 3 engaged in fire protection or law enforcement activities and
- 4 meets the requirements of paragraph (k) of Section 7 or
- 5 paragraph (b)(20) of Section 13 of the Federal Fair Labor
- 6 Standards Act of 1938, as now or hereafter amended.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 92-623, eff. 7-11-02; 93-672, eff. 4-2-04.)
- 8 Section 15. The One Day Rest In Seven Act is amended by
- 9 changing Section 2 as follows:
- 10 (820 ILCS 140/2) (from Ch. 48, par. 8b)
- 11 Sec. 2. Hours and days of rest in every calendar week.
- 12 (a) Every employer shall allow every employee except those
- 13 specified in this Section at least twenty-four consecutive
- 14 hours of rest in every calendar week in addition to the regular
- period of rest allowed at the close of each working day.
- 16 (b) Every person employed as a domestic worker as defined
- in Section 3 of the Minimum Wage Law shall be allowed at least
- 18 24 consecutive hours of rest in every calendar week. This
- 19 subsection (a) does not prohibit a domestic worker from
- 20 voluntarily agreeing to work on such day of rest required by
- 21 this subsection (a); provided that the worker is compensated at
- 22 the overtime rate for all hours worked on such day of rest. The
- 23 day of rest authorized under this subsection (a) should,
- 24 whenever possible, coincide with the traditional day reserved

l	by the	domestic	worker	for	religio	us wors	hip.	In	addition,
2	after on	e year of	work wi	ith th	ne same	employer	a do	omest	ic worke
3	shall be	e entitled	l to at	least	: 3 days	of rest	in	each	calendaı
4	vear at	the regula	ar rate	of co	mpensat	ion.			

- (c) This Section does not apply to the following:
- (1) Part-time employees whose total work hours for one employer during a calendar week do not exceed 20; and
- (2) Employees needed in case of breakdown of machinery or equipment or other emergency requiring the immediate services of experienced and competent labor to prevent injury to person, damage to property, or suspension of necessary operation; and
- (3) Employees employed in agriculture or coal mining;
- (4) Employees engaged in the occupation of canning and processing perishable agricultural products, if such employees are employed by an employer in such occupation on a seasonal basis and for not more than 20 weeks during any calendar year or 12 month period; and
- (5) Employees employed as watchmen or security guards; and
- (6) Employees who are employed in a bonafide executive, administrative, or professional capacity or in the capacity of an outside salesman, as defined in Section 12 (a) (1) of the federal Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended, and those employed as supervisors as defined in

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1	Section	2	(11)	of	the	National	Labor	Relations	Act,	as
2	amended;	ar	ıd							

- (7) Employees who are employed as crew members of any uninspected towing vessel, as defined by Section 2101(40) of Title 46 of the United States Code, operating in any navigable waters in or along the boundaries of the State of Illinois.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 92-623, eff. 7-11-02.)