97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2011 and 2012

HB6147

by Rep. Bill Mitchell - Adam Brown - Wayne Rosenthal - Dwight Kay - Sandy Cole, et al.

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 3	ILCS	105/3-10					
35 3	ILCS	110/3-10	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.33-10
35 3	ILCS	115/3-10	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.103-10
35 3	ILCS	120/2-10					

Amends the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Provides that the tax is imposed at the rate of 6.25% upon all sales of motor fuel and gasohol at a retail price of up to \$2.50 per gallon, and is imposed at the rate of 1.25% upon any portion of the retail price of motor fuel or gasohol that exceeds \$2.50 per gallon. Effective immediately.

LRB097 20978 HLH 68226 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HB6147

1

7

AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Section
3-10 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 97-636)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this 8 9 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of 10 the tangible personal property. In all cases where property 11 12 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling 13 14 price of the property. In all cases where property functionally used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been 15 16 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at 17 retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State 18 19 or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail. For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the 20 21 price at which property would change hands between a willing 22 buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the 23

relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of like kind and character in Illinois.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on July 1, 2012, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 6.25% upon all sales of motor fuel and gasohol at a retail price of up to \$2.50 per gallon, and is imposed at the rate of 1.25% upon any portion of the retail price of motor fuel or gasohol that exceeds \$2.50 per gallon.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, 1 then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the 2 proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and 8 9 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies 10 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 11 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 and (ii) 100% of the 12 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, 13 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the 14 15 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%16 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 17 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

23 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be 24 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 25 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 26 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and

medicines, drugs, medical 1 nonprescription appliances, 2 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing 3 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 4 5 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" 6 7 means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic 8 drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to 9 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated 10 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks 11 of whatever kind or description that are contained in any 12 closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, 13 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as 14 15 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, 16 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable 17 juice.

HB6147

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

24 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 25 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 26 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all

food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 1 2 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 3 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 4 5 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 6 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 7 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 8 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 9 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

10 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 11 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 12 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 13 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 14 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 15 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 16 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 17 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration. 18

19 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 20 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 21 22 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 23 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 24 25 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 26 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the

definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:

6

HB6147

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

7 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
8 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
9 substance or preparation.

If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

17 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38,
18 eff. 7-13-09; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1012, eff. 7-7-10.)

19

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 97-636)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of the tangible personal property. In all cases where property functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling

price of the property. In all cases where property functionally 1 2 used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been 3 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market 4 5 value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail. 6 7 For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the 8 price at which property would change hands between a willing 9 buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion 10 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the 11 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by 12 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by 13 14 the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of 15 like kind and character in Illinois.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on July 1, 2012, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 6.25% upon all sales of motor fuel and gasohol at a retail price of up to \$2.50 per gallon, and is imposed at the rate of 1.25% upon any portion of the retail price of motor fuel or gasohol that exceeds \$2.50 per gallon. - 8 - LRB097 20978 HLH 68226 b

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act 4 5 applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the 6 proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or 7 before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of 8 9 sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under 10 this Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, 11 then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the 12 proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and 18 19 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies 20 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the 21 22 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, 23 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the 24 25 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 26

HB6147 - 9 - LRB097 20978 HLH 68226 b

1 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

7 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be 8 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 9 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 10 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 11 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, 12 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing 13 14 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 15 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of 16 this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" 17 means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to 18 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated 19 20 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any 21 22 closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless 23 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as 24 25 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable 26

HB6147

1 juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 8 9 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 10 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 11 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 12 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 13 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 14 15 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 16 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 17 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 18 regardless of the location of the vending machine. 19

20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 21 22 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 23 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 24 25 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 26

pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
flour or requires refrigeration.

3 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 4 5 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 6 7 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 8 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 9 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 10 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 11 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 12 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 13 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 14 15 label includes:

16

HB6147

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
substance or preparation.

If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use. HB6147 - 12 - LRB097 20978 HLH 68226 b
(Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38,
eff. 7-13-09; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1012, eff. 7-7-10;
3 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)

Section 10. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing
Section 3-10 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

7 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 97-636)

8 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this 9 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of 10 the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as 11 an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of 12 computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less 13 than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on July 1, 2012, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 6.25% upon all sales of motor fuel and gasohol at a retail price of up to \$2.50 per gallon, and is imposed at the rate of 1.25% upon any portion of the retail price of motor fuel or gasohol that exceeds \$2.50 per gallon.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the 1 2 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 3 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% 4 5 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 6 7 December 31, 2013, and (iii) 100% of the selling price 8 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 9 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at 10 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 11 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 18 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 19 20 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 21 22 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 and 23 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of 24 25 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 26

of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

11 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each 12 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an 13 14 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 15 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or 16 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate 17 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 18 19 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an 20 incident to the sale of those services.

The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act, or the Child Care

Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on 1 2 food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 3 and food that has been prepared for immediate 4 drinks, 5 consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph) 6 and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical 7 appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of 8 rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine 9 testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for 10 human use. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 11 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, 12 ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, 13 including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, 14 vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations 15 commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description 16 that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, 17 or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, 18 19 milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more 20 natural fruit or vegetable juice. 21

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater

- 16 - LRB097 20978 HLH 68226 b

1 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

HB6147

2 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 3 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 4 5 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 6 7 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 8 9 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 10 11 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 12 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 13 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

14 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 15 16 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 17 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 18 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 19 20 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 21 22 flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"

includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 1 2 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 3 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 4 5 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 6 7 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 8 9 label includes:

10

HB6147

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a list of those ingredients contained in the compound, substance or preparation.

If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

21 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38, 22 eff. 7-13-09; 96-339, eff. 7-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 97-38, 23 eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; revised 9-12-11.)

24 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 97-636)
25 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this

Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on July 1, 2012, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 6.25% upon all sales of motor fuel and gasohol at a retail price of up to \$2.50 per gallon, and is imposed at the rate of 1.25% upon any portion of the retail price of motor fuel or gasohol that exceeds \$2.50 per gallon.

17 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price 18 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 19 20 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to 21 22 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 23 December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 24 25 sales of qasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at 26 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 1 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

2 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined 3 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply 4 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to 5 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 6 December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price 7 thereafter.

8 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 9 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 10 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price 11 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 12 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, 13 14 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of 15 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less 16 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 17 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% 18 19 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

- 20 - LRB097 20978 HLH 68226 b

At the election of any registered serviceman made for each 1 2 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual 3 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 4 5 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate 6 7 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 8 9 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an 10 incident to the sale of those services.

11 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared 12 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act 13 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the 14 15 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the 16 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act, or the Child Care 17 Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the 18 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 19 20 drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph) 21 22 and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical 23 appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of 24 rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine 25 testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for 26 human use. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1,

1 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, 2 ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, 3 including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations 4 5 commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description 6 that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, 7 or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not 8 include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, 9 milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized 10 Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more 11 natural fruit or vegetable juice.

12 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 13 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic 14 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft 15 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk 16 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater 17 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 18 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 19 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 20 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 21 22 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 23 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 24 25 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 26

1 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 2 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 3 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 4 5 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 6 7 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 8 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 9 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 10 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 11 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 12 flour or requires refrigeration.

13 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 14 15 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 16 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 17 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 18 19 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 20 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 21 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 22 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 23 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 24 25 label includes:

26

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

HB6147

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
 substance or preparation.

If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

11 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38,
12 eff. 7-13-09; 96-339, eff. 7-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 97-38,
13 eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)

Section 15. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Section 3-10 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

17 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 97-636)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible personal property transferred. The selling price of each item

of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a 1 2 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If 3 the selling price is not so shown, the selling price of 4 the 5 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the 6 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When, 7 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce 8 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this 9 Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the 10 tangible personal property transferred incident to the 11 completion of the contract.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on July 1, 2012, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 6.25% upon all sales of motor fuel and gasohol at a retail price of up to \$2.50 per gallon, and is imposed at the rate of 1.25% upon any portion of the retail price of motor fuel or gasohol that exceeds \$2.50 per gallon.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003,

(ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013, and (iii) 100% of the cost price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

8 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined 9 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply 10 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to 11 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 12 December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the selling price 13 thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 14 15 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 16 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price 17 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 and 18 19 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, 20 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less 21 22 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 23 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% 24 25 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

26 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax

Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

8 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each 9 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual 10 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an 11 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 12 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate 13 14 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax 15 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 16 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to 17 the sale of those services.

The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared 18 19 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of 20 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the 21 22 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the 23 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act, or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on 24 25 food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the 26 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft

and food that has been prepared for immediate 1 drinks, 2 consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph) 3 and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of 4 5 rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine 6 testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 7 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, 8 9 ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, 10 including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, 11 vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations 12 commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description 13 that are contained in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not 14 15 include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, 16 milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized 17 Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice. 18

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

25 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 26 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to

be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 1 2 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 3 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 4 5 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 6 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 7 8 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 9 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 10 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

11 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 12 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 13 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 14 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 15 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 16 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 17 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 18 19 flour or requires refrigeration.

20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 21 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 22 23 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 24 25 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 26

prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:

7

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

8 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a 9 list of those ingredients contained in the compound, 10 substance or preparation.

11 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38, 12 eff. 7-13-09; 96-339, eff. 7-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 97-38, 13 eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; revised 9-12-11.)

14 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 97-636)

15 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this 16 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use 17 18 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be 19 20 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible 21 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item 22 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on 23 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If 24 the 25 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the

tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of 1 the 2 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When, however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce 3 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this 4 5 Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the 6 tangible personal property transferred incident to the 7 completion of the contract.

8 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, 9 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the 10 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of 11 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on July 1, 2012, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 6.25% upon all sales of motor fuel and gasohol at a retail price of up to \$2.50 per gallon, and is imposed at the rate of 1.25% upon any portion of the retail price of motor fuel or gasohol that exceeds \$2.50 per gallon.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the 19 tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost 20 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of 21 22 service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, 23 (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on 24 25 or before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the cost price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 26

sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at
 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

10 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 11 12 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 13 14 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and 15 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, 16 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of 17 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 18 19 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of 20 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time. 21

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the 1 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 2 December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price 3 thereafter.

At the election of any registered serviceman made for each 4 5 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an 6 7 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 8 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or 9 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate 10 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax 11 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 12 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to 13 the sale of those services.

The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared 14 15 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of 16 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act 17 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the 18 19 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act, or the Child Care 20 Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the 21 22 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 23 and food that has been prepared for immediate drinks, 24 consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph) 25 and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical 26 appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of

rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine 1 2 testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for 3 human use. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, 4 5 ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, 6 including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations 7 commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description 8 9 that are contained in any closed or sealed can, carton, or 10 container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not 11 include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, 12 milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized 13 Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more 14 natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

21 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 22 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 23 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 24 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 25 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 26 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning

August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

7 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 8 9 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 10 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 11 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 12 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 13 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 14 15 flour or requires refrigeration.

16 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 17 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 18 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 19 20 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 21 22 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 23 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 24 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 25 26 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug

1 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
2 label includes:

3

HB6147

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

4 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
5 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
6 substance or preparation.

7 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38,
8 eff. 7-13-09; 96-339, eff. 7-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 97-38,
9 eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)

Section 20. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Section 2-10 as follows:

12 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

13 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 97-636)

Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in the course of business.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory 1 2 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel 3 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that 4 5 is used to dispense motor fuel or qasohol in the State of 6 Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has 7 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump 8 9 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be 10 printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4 11 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to 12 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a 13 required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each 14 15 retail premises where a violation occurs.

16 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the 17 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 18 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 19 20 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, 21 22 however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined 23 in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of 24 25 sales of gasohol made during that time.

26 Beginning on July 1, 2012, with respect to motor fuel, as

defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 6.25% upon all sales of motor fuel and gasohol at a retail price of up to \$2.50 per gallon, and is imposed at the rate of 1.25% upon any portion of the retail price of motor fuel or gasohol that exceeds \$2.50 per gallon.

7 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined 8 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply 9 to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or 10 before December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of 11 sales made thereafter.

12 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 13 14 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 15 16 31, 2013 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made 17 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with 18 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at 19 20 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less 21 22 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

23 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax 24 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with 25 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed 26 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or

1 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 but 2 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

3 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 4 5 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) 6 and prescription and 7 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, 8 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering 9 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing 10 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 11 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of 12 this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic 13 14 drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to 15 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated 16 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks 17 of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless 18 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, 19 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as 20 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, 21 22 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable 23 juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft

1 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk 2 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater 3 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 4 5 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 6 7 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 8 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 9 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 10 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 11 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 12 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 13 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 14 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 15 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

16 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 17 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 18 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 19 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 20 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 21 22 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 23 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 24 flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and

drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 1 2 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 3 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 4 5 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 6 7 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 8 9 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug 10 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 11 label includes:

12

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
substance or preparation.

16 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38,
17 eff. 7-13-09; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1012, eff. 7-7-10.)

18 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 97-636)

Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in the course of business.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of 1 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

5 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel 6 7 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a 8 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that 9 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has 10 11 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and 12 gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump 13 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be 14 printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4 15 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to 16 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a 17 required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each 18 19 retail premises where a violation occurs.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined

in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

9 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 10 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 11 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of 12 sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made 13 14 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 15 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with 16 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at 17 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less 18 19 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

Beginning on July 1, 2012, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 6.25% upon all sales of motor fuel and gasohol at a retail price of up to \$2.50 per gallon, and is imposed at the rate of 1.25% upon any portion of the retail price of motor fuel or gasohol that exceeds \$2.50 per gallon.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

7 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be 8 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 9 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 10 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 11 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, 12 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing 13 14 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 15 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of 16 this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" 17 means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to 18 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated 19 20 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any 21 22 closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless 23 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as 24 25 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable 26

HB6147

1 juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 8 9 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 10 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 11 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 12 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 13 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 14 15 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 16 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 17 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 18 regardless of the location of the vending machine. 19

20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 21 22 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 23 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 24 25 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 26

pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
flour or requires refrigeration.

3 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 4 5 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 6 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 7 8 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 9 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 10 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 11 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 12 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 13 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 14 15 label includes:

16

HB6147

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

17 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
18 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
19 substance or preparation.

20 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38, 21 eff. 7-13-09; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1012, eff. 7-7-10; 22 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)

23 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes 24 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text 25 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section HB6147 - 46 - LRB097 20978 HLH 68226 b represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon6 becoming law.