## 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

## 2011 and 2012

### HB5755

Introduced 2/16/2012, by Rep. Darlene J. Senger and Randy Ramey, Jr.

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

35 ILCS 5/203 35 ILCS 5/223 new

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates a credit for contributions to qualified student assistance organizations. Provides that the credit may not exceed \$100,000 and may not exceed 90% of each dollar contributed. Provides that the credit is exempt from the Act's automatic sunset provision. Requires certain student assistance organizations to award scholarships to qualifying students. Provides that those scholarships are not included in the taxpayer's base income. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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AN ACT concerning revenue.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 5 changing Section 203 and by adding Section 223 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base 10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted 11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph 12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued 17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income 18 19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except 20 dividends of qualified public stock utilities 21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue 22 Code;

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(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in 2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the 3 taxable year;

(C) An amount equal to the amount received during 4 5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real 6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's 7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and 8 for which a deduction was previously taken under 9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1, 10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4 11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or 12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on 13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that 14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property 15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in 21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money 22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a 23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on 24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal 25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical 26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section 1

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20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

(D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the individual deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the individual claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 13 otherwise disposes of property for which the or 14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then 16 amount equal to the aggregate amount of the an 17 deductions taken all taxable in years under 18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the 20 21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount 25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

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modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 4 5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 8 member of the same unitary business group but for the 9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside 10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 13 who would be a member of the same unitary business 14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 17 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 18 19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 20 extent that dividends were included in base income of 21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 24 25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in 26 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue

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Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who 6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other 7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a 13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 14 following:

15(a) the person, during the same taxable16year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest17to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 20 person did not have as a principal purpose the 21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 24 terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 13 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 14 15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards 18 19 by which the Department will utilize its authority 20 under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same

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unitary business group but for the fact that the 1 2 foreign person's business activity outside the United 3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 4 5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that 6 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 7 8 from being included in the unitary business group 9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 10 business income under different subsections of Section 11 304. The addition modification required by this 12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 14 group for the same taxable year and received by the 15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 16 business group (including amounts included in gross 17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under 18 19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect 20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible 21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, 22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not 23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under 24 25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this 26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

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includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or 1 2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, 3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) 4 5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from 6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions; 7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; 8 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and 9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible 10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade 11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask 12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible 13 assets.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 18 19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, 20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or 21

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following: - 9 - LRB097 18911 HLH 64149 b

1 (a) the person during the same taxable 2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the 3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is 4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 6 intangible expense or cost between the 7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a 8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 10 11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 13 incurred, directly paid, accrued, or or 14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative 18 19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 21 Director from making any other adjustment 22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

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by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 4 5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary 8 9 business group but for the fact that the person is 10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 11 included in the unitary business group because he or 12 is ordinarily required to apportion business she income under different subsections of Section 304. The 13 14 addition modification required by this subparagraph 15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 16 included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 17 18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business qroup 19 (including amounts included in gross income under 20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 26

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modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 4 5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal 6 7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a 8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the 9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the 10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to 11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section 12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after 13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a 14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the 15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution 16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a 18 19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under 20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I) adopts and determines that its offering materials 21 22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's 23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable 24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence 25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing 26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

inform financial intermediaries distributing the program to inform in-state residents of the existence of in-state qualified tuition programs at least annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a 6 7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts 8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term 9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not 10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified 11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective 12 participants in its offering materials or makes a 13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii) 14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the 15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the 16 out-of-state program distributes its offering 17 materials;

(D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

25 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after 26 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified

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withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition 1 2 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code 3 administered by the State that is not used for expenses eligible 4 qualified at an education 5 institution, an amount equal to the contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund 6 7 that was previously deducted from base income under 8 subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that 9 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the 10 beneficiary's death or disability;

(D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this Act;

15 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 16 following amounts:

17 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of 18 19 any compensation (including but not limited to any 20 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a 21 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 22 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed 23 Forces of the United States and in respect of any 24 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a 25 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing 26 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a

resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training 1 2 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32, 3 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or 4 5 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any 6 other state. For taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in 8 respect of any compensation (including but not limited 9 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman 10 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 11 resident by reason of being a member of any component 12 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect 13 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who 14 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or 15 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation 16 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of 17 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or, 18 beginning with taxable years ending on or after 19 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other 20 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are 21 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as distributions under the provisions of any retirement

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or disability plan for employees of any governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;

(G) The valuation limitation amount;

(H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income;

16 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in 17 such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or 18 19 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or 20 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under 21 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts 22 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise 23 Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or 24 zones. This subparagraph (J) is exempt from the 25 provisions of Section 250;

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(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in

such total that were paid by a corporation that 1 2 conducts business operations in a federally designated 3 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 4 5 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 6 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 7 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (K); 8

9 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31, 10 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits 11 and railroad retirement benefits included in such 12 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal 13 Revenue Code;

14 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 15 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of 16 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 17 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 18 19 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the 20 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years 21 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 22 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after 23 24 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal 25 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after 26 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income

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under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 4 5 total which are exempt from taxation by this State 6 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by 7 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any 8 9 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 10 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 11 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 12 of bond premium amortization;

(0) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

16 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 17 used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 18 19 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 20 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction 21 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of 22 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts 23 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

(Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in

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advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal illness;

(R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

5 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted 6 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution 7 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a medical care savings account established under the 8 9 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the 10 11 contribution is accepted by the account administrator 12 as provided in that Act;

(T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in the taxable year on a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

20 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after 21 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of 22 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of 23 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by 24 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance 25 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993; 26 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after

December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on 1 2 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the 3 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder 4 5 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or 6 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that 7 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the 8 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care 9 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the 10 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the 11 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not 12 exceed the taxable income attributable to that 13 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or 14 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no 15 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the 16 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health 17 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The 18 19 amount of the health insurance and long-term care 20 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be 21 determined by multiplying total health insurance and 22 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer 23 number that represents the times а fractional 24 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section 25 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually 26 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

(W) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 7 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 8 extent includible in gross income for federal income 9 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or 10 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 11 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 12 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 13 income, to the extent includible in gross income for 14 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 15 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 16 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 17 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 18 19 during, and immediately after World War II, including, 20 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 21 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 22 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 23 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 24 companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 25 provided, however, this subtraction from federal 26 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired

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with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of 1 2 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall 3 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 4 5 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 6 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any 7 8 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 9 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of 10 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 11 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 12 of Section 250;

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13 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January 14 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004, 15 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College 16 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State 17 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal 18 19 Revenue Code shall not be considered monevs 20 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable 21 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum 22 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a 23 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the 24 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid 25 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from 26 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the - 22 - LRB097 18911 HLH 64149 b

Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys 1 2 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes 3 this subparagraph, contributions of made by an employer on behalf of an employee, or 4 matching 5 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt 6 from the provisions of Section 250; 7

8 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 9 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 10 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 11 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 12 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 13 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
deduction taken for the taxable year on the
taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
0.429); and

25 (3) for taxable years ending after December26 31, 2005:

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1 (i) for property on which a bonus 2 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 3 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 4 5 0.429); and 6 (ii) for property on which а bonus 7 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 8

1.0.

10 The aggregate amount deducted under this 11 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 12 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 13 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 14 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 15 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 16 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of 17 Section 250;

(AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
or otherwise disposes of property for which the
taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer

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was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

7 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the 8 provisions of Section 250;

(BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income, other than salary, received by a driver in a ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

12 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 13 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 14 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 15 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 16 modification with respect to such transaction under 17 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), Section 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 18 19 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any 20 income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 21 22 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 23 is required to make an addition modification with 24 respect to such transaction under Section 25 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 26 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that

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addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

3 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year 4 (net of the 5 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 6 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity 8 9 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 10 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 11 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 12 who would be a member of the same unitary business 13 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 14 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 15 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 16 required to apportion business income under different 17 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same 18 19 taxable under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for year 20 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 21 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD) 22 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 2 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 3 outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 4 5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 6 who would be a member of the same unitary business 7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 8 9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 10 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 11 12 addition modification required to be made for the same under 13 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) taxable year for 14 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 16 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the 17 provisions of Section 250;

(FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
Section 250; and

(GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
add back any insurance premiums under Section

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203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 1 2 that part of a reimbursement received from the 3 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 4 5 company) that would have been taken into account as a 6 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 7 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 8 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG), 9 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add 10 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer 11 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph 12 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and 13

14(HH) An amount equal to any scholarship granted to15the taxpayer or the taxpayer's child under Section 22316of this Act that would otherwise be included in the17taxpayer's adjusted gross income; this subparagraph18(HH) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

19 (b) Corporations.

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(1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
 of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions received from regulated investment companies during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

9 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company, 10 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term 11 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount 12 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in 13 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal 14 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section 852(b)(3)(D) 15 of the Internal Revenue Code, 16 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act 17 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing 18 law and is not a new enactment);

(D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
ending prior to December 31, 1986;

(E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or

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subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable year, with the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed:

7 (i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the 8 9 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 10 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of 11 addition modification under this subparagraph (E) 12 which related to that net operating loss and which 13 was taken into account in calculating the base 14 income of an earlier taxable year, and

(ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

20 For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other 21 22 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the 23 addition modification provided in this subparagraph 24 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed 25 independently under the preceding provisions of this 26 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

(E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the corporation claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

(E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

11 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 12 or otherwise disposes of property for which the 13 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 14 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then 15 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the 16 deductions taken in all taxable years under 17 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

18 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 19 the last day of the last tax year for which the 20 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 21 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 22 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 23 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount 24 equal to that subtraction modification.

25The taxpayer is required to make the addition26modification under this subparagraph only once with

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respect to any one piece of property;

2 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 3 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 4 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 5 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 6 7 member of the same unitary business group but for the 8 fact the foreign person's business activity outside 9 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 10 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 11 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 12 who would be a member of the same unitary business 13 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 14 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 15 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 16 required to apportion business income under different 17 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 18 19 extent that dividends were included in base income of 20 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 21 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 22 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 23 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 24 25 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 26 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the

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same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who 6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other 7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a 13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 14 following:

15(a) the person, during the same taxable16year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest17to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 20 person did not have as a principal purpose the 21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 24 terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 13 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 14 15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards 18 19 by which the Department will utilize its authority 20 under Section 404 of this Act;

(E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same

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unitary business group but for the fact that the 1 2 foreign person's business activity outside the United 3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 4 5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that 6 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 7 8 from being included in the unitary business group 9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 10 business income under different subsections of Section 11 304. The addition modification required by this 12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 14 group for the same taxable year and received by the 15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 16 business group (including amounts included in gross 17 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 18 19 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 20 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 21 22 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 23 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 24 dividends caused а reduction to the addition 25 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of 26 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term

"intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 1 2 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or 3 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 4 5 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 6 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and 7 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other 8 9 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this 10 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, 11 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 12 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and 13 similar types of intangible assets.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 18 19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, 20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or 21

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following: - 36 - LRB097 18911 HLH 64149 b

(a) the person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 13 incurred, directly paid, accrued, or or 14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative 18 19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 21 Director from making any other adjustment 22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

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by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 4 5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary 8 9 business group but for the fact that the person is 10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 11 included in the unitary business group because he or 12 is ordinarily required to apportion business she income under different subsections of Section 304. The 13 14 addition modification required by this subparagraph 15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 16 included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 17 18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business qroup 19 (including amounts included in gross income under 20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 26

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modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;

3 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
4 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
5 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
6 estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of
7 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

8 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to 9 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 10 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 11 Act;

12 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 13 following amounts:

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

(G) An amount equal to any amount included in such total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
for the taxable year;

(I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections

171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as 1 2 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal 3 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 4 5 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for 6 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, 7 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and 8 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus, 9 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011, 10 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)11 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years 12 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount 13 included in gross income under Section 87 of the 14 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of 15 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under 16 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in 17 the case of a life insurance company with gross income from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or 18 19 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in 20 the case of a life insurance company allowed a deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax 21 22 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt 23 from the provisions of Section 250;

(J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
total which are exempt from taxation by this State
either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by

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reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;

7 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 8 such total which were paid by a corporation which 9 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or 10 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or 11 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under 12 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts 13 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise 14 Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or This subparagraph 15 zones. (K) is exempt from the 16 provisions of Section 250;

17 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in 18 such total that were paid by a corporation that 19 conducts business operations in a federally designated 20 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 21 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 22 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 23 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection 24 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 25 this subparagraph (L);

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(M) For any taxpayer that is a financial

organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of 1 2 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 3 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 4 5 property which is eligible for the Enterprise Zone 6 Investment Credit or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone 7 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 8 9 Section 201(f) investment credit to the borrower, the 10 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between 11 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into 12 the basis of the Section 201(f) investment credit 13 property which secures the loan or loans, using for 14 this purpose the original basis of such property on the 15 date that it was placed in service in the Enterprise 16 Zone or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The 17 subtraction modification available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection shall be that portion of the 18 19 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to 20 such loan attributable to the eligible property as 21 calculated under the previous sentence. This 22 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of 23 Section 250;

(M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest

1 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 2 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 3 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan 4 5 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 6 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the 7 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between 8 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into 9 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit 10 property which secures the loan or loans, using for 11 this purpose the original basis of such property on the 12 date that it was placed in service in a federally 13 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in 14 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the 15 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph 16 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the 17 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any 18 19 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the 20 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to 21 such loan attributable to the eligible property as 22 calculated under the previous sentence;

(N) Two times any contribution made during the
 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of

Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years 9 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage 10 equal to the percentage allowable under Section 11 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for 12 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the 13 amount by which dividends included in taxable income 14 and received from a corporation that is not created or 15 organized under the laws of the United States or any 16 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for 17 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed 18 19 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification 20 21 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of 22 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends, 23 and including, for taxable years ending on or after 24 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive 25 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends, included in taxable income 26

and received, including, for taxable years ending on or 1 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed 2 3 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including, 4 5 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, 6 dividends received from а captive real estate 7 investment trust, from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of 8 9 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be 10 treated as a member of the affiliated group which 11 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of 12 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of 13 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related 14 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from 15 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

(P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

19 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 20 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 21 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 22 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 23 the Internal Revenue Code;

(R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under

Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 1 2 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the 3 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or insurer in the taxable year 4 reciprocal to the 5 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that 6 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the 7 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of 8 9 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of 10 Section 250:

11 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December 12 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an 13 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a 14 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax 15 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and 16 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts 17 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 18 19 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the 20 provisions of Section 250;

21 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 22 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 23 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 24 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 25 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 26 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

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1 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 2 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 3 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 4 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was 5 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 6 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 7 the bonus depreciation deduction;

8 (2) for taxable years ending on or before 9 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 10 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 11 0.429); and

12 (3) for taxable years ending after December13 31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

19 (ii) for property on which a bonus 20 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted 21 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 22 1.0.

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction taken on that property on the

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taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or 6 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer 7 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 8 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount 9 equal to that addition modification.

10 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 11 the last day of the last tax year for which the 12 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 13 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 14 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 15 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount 16 equal to that addition modification.

17The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under18this subparagraph only once with respect to any one19piece of property.

20 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the 21 provisions of Section 250;

(V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under

203(a)(2)(D-17), 1 Section 203(b)(2)(E-12), 2 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 3 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 4 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 5 6 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with 7 under 8 such transaction Section respect to 9 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 10 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 11 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium 12 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken 13 into account for the taxable year with respect to a 14 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an 15 addition modification with respect to such transaction 16 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section 17 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that 18 19 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt 20 from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken 22 into account for the taxable year (net of the 23 allocable thereto) with deductions respect to 24 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 26 the fact that the foreign person's business activity

outside the United States is 80% or more of that 1 2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 4 5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 8 9 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 10 addition modification required to be made for the same 11 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for 12 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 13 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W) 14 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible 16 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 17 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 18 19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 20 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 21 22 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 23 24 who would be a member of the same unitary business 25 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 26 under Section 1501(a) (27) from being included in the

unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 1 2 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 3 addition modification required to be made for the same 4 203(b)(2)(E-13) 5 taxable vear under Section for 6 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 8 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the 9 provisions of Section 250;

10 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December 11 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to 12 add back any insurance premiums under Section 13 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 14 that part of a reimbursement received from the 15 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 16 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 17 company) that would have been taken into account as a deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 18 19 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 20 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the 21 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back 22 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer 23 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and 24

(Z) The difference between the nondeductiblecontrolled foreign corporation dividends under Section

965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable
 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to
 Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
 Section 250.

7 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A), "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for 8 9 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior 10 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment 11 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or 12 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in life insurance gross income under Section 803(a)(3) of the 13 14 Internal Revenue Code.

15 (c) Trusts and estates.

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(1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base

17 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable 18 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

19 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
20 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
21 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
22 following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income

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in the computation of taxable income;

(B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
trust which, under its governing instrument, is
required to distribute all of its income currently,
\$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
the computation of taxable income;

8 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by 9 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in 10 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

(D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net operating loss carried forward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986;

15 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss 16 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 17 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) 18 or 19 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), 20 the amount by which addition modifications other than 21 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded 22 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with 23 the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed: 24

(i) the addition modification relating to thenet operating loss carried back or forward to the

taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and

(ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

12 For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other 13 14 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the 15 addition modification provided in this subparagraph 16 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this 17 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year; 18

(F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this Act;

25 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital26 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue

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Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

8 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 9 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 10 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 11 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 12 Internal Revenue Code; and

13 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 14 otherwise disposes of property for which the or 15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 16 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then 17 amount equal to the aggregate amount of the an taken all 18 deductions in taxable years under 19 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

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The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 4 5 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 6 7 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 8 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 9 member of the same unitary business group but for the 10 fact that the foreign person's business activity 11 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 14 who would be a member of the same unitary business 15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 18 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 19 20 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of 21 22 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 23 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 24 25 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 26 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts

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included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

12 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 14 taxpayer can establish, based the on а preponderance of the evidence, both 15 of the 16 following:

17(a) the person, during the same taxable18year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest19to a person that is not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 21 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 22 person did not have as a principal purpose the 23 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 24 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 25 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 26 terms; or - 57 - LRB097 18911 HLH 64149 b

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

7 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 9 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 10 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or 11 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing 12 to the application or use of an alternative method 13 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 14 15 Director from making any other adjustment 16 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 17 any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made 18 19 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 20 and such regulations provide methods and standards 21 by which the Department will utilize its authority 22 under Section 404 of this Act;

(G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable

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years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 1 2 foreign person who would be a member of the same 3 unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United 4 5 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 6 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 8 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 9 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 10 from being included in the unitary business group 11 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 12 business income under different subsections of Section 13 304. The addition modification required by this 14 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 15 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 16 group for the same taxable year and received by the 17 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross 18 19 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 20 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 21 22 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 23 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 24 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 25 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 26 dividends caused a reduction to the addition

modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of 1 2 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 3 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the 4 5 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other 6 7 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses 8 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring 9 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, 10 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing 11 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For 12 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" 13 includes patents, patent applications, trade names, 14 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, 15 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based

1 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 2 following:

(a) the person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and

7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the or cost between 8 intangible expense the 9 taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 10 11 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 12 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 13 or

14 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 16 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 17 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 18 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 19 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 20 writing to the application or use of an alternative 21 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made

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pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

5 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after 6 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 7 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 8 9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 10 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 11 business group but for the fact that the person is 12 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 13 included in the unitary business group because he or 14 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 15 income under different subsections of Section 304. The 16 addition modification required by this subparagraph 17 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the 18 19 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 21 (including amounts included in gross income under 22 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 23 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 24 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 25 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 26 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The

preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act;

5 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to 6 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 7 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 8 Act;

9 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 10 following amounts:

11 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 12 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 13 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the 14 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as 15 distributions under the provisions of any retirement 16 or disability plan for employees of any governmental 17 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net 18 19 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the 20 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto; 21

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(I) The valuation limitation amount;

(J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

(K) An amount equal to all amounts included in

1 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 2 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from 3 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, 4 5 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided 6 that, in the case of any statute of this State that 7 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount 8 9 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium 10 amortization:

11 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 12 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 13 14 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 15 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 16 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the 17 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 18 19 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue 20 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal 21 22 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after 23 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income 24 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the 25 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the 26 provisions of Section 250;

(M) An amount equal to those dividends included in 1 2 such total which were paid by a corporation which 3 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or 4 5 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under 6 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts 7 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or 8 9 This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the zones. 10 provisions of Section 250;

(N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

14 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in 15 such total that were paid by a corporation that 16 conducts business operations in a federally designated 17 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 18 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 19 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 20 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 21 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 22 this subparagraph (0);

(P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
used to compute the federal income tax credit for
restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of

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the Internal Revenue Code;

2 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 3 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income 4 5 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 6 7 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 8 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 9 income, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 10 11 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 12 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 13 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 14 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 15 during, and immediately after World War II, including, 16 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 17 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 18 19 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 20 companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 21 provided, however, this subtraction from federal 22 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 23 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of 24 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall 25 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 26 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of

persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 1 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 2 3 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 4 5 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 6 7 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 8

9 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 10 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 11 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 12 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 13 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 14 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
deduction taken for the taxable year on the
taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
0.429); and

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(3) for taxable years ending after December

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31, 2005:

2 (i) for property on which a bonus 3 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted 4 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 5 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 6 0.429); and

7 (ii) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
9 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
10 1.0.

11 The aggregate amount deducted under this 12 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 13 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 14 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 15 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 16 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 17 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 18

(S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
was required in any taxable year to make an addition
modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 1 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
2 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
3 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
4 equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 11 12 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 13 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 14 modification with respect to such transaction under 15 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 16 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 17 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 18 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 19 20 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 21 is required to make an addition modification with 22 such transaction under Section respect to 23 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 24 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 25 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt 26 from the provisions of Section 250;

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(U) An amount equal to the interest income taken 1 into account for the taxable year 2 (net of the 3 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 5 fact the foreign person's business 6 the activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 7 8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 10 who would be a member of the same unitary business 11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 14 required to apportion business income under different 15 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 16 addition modification required to be made for the same 17 Section 203(c)(2)(G-12)taxable year under for 18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 19 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U) 20 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(V) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity

outside the United States is 80% or more of that 1 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 2 3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 4 5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 8 9 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 10 addition modification required to be made for the same 11 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for 12 expenses and costs paid, accrued, intangible or 13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 14 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the 15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to 17 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the 18 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code 19 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the 20 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation 21 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from 22 Section 250;

(X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is

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exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

2 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December 3 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to back anv insurance premiums under 4 add Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 5 that part of a reimbursement received from the 6 7 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 8 9 company) that would have been taken into account as a deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 10 11 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 12 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the 13 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back 14 income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer to 15 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph 16 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

17 Limitation. amount of (3) The any modification otherwise required under this subsection shall, under 18 19 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by 20 any amounts included therein which were properly paid, 21 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set 22 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue 23 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

24 (d) Partnerships.

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(1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base

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income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

3 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
 4 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
 5 of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
the taxable year;

13 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
14 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
15 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 19 computation of taxable income;

20 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 21 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 22 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 23 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 24 Internal Revenue Code;

(D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
 or otherwise disposes of property for which the

taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

6 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 7 the last day of the last tax year for which the 8 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 9 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 10 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 11 modification under subparagraph (0), then an amount 12 equal to that subtraction modification.

13 The taxpayer is required to make the addition 14 modification under this subparagraph only once with 15 respect to any one piece of property;

16 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 17 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 18 19 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 20 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 21 member of the same unitary business group but for the 22 fact the foreign person's business activity outside 23 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 24 25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

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group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 1 2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 4 5 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 6 7 extent that dividends were included in base income of 8 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 9 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 10 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 11 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 12 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the 13 14 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 15 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 16 incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
is subject in a foreign country or state, other
than a state which requires mandatory unitary
reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
the taxpayer can establish, based on a

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preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

3 (a) the person, during the same taxable
4 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
5 to a person that is not a related member, and

6 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 7 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 8 person did not have as a principal purpose the 9 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 10 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 11 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 12 terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the

1 Director from making any other adjustment 2 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 3 any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made 4 5 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 6 and such regulations provide methods and standards 7 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and 8

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9 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 10 11 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 12 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 13 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 14 foreign person who would be a member of the same 15 unitary business group but for the fact that the 16 foreign person's business activity outside the United 17 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 18 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 19 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 20 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 21 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 22 from being included in the unitary business group 23 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 24 25 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 26

dividends were included in base income of the unitary 1 2 group for the same taxable year and received by the 3 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross 4 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 5 6 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 7 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 8 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 9 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 10 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding 11 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 12 dividends caused a reduction to addition the 13 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of 14 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 15 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 16 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or 17 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 18 19 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 20 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and 21 22 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this 23 24 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, 25 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 26 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and

similar types of intangible assets;

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

3 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs accrued, or incurred, directly 4 paid, or 5 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is 6 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 7 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, 8 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect 9 to such item; or

10 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 12 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 13 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 14 following:

(a) the person during the same taxable
year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
intangible expense or cost to a person that is
not a related member, and

19 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 20 intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a 21 22 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 23 24 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 25 or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directlv or 2 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 3 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 4 5 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 6 writing to the application or use of an alternative 7 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

8 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the from 9 Director making any other adjustment 10 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 11 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 12 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 13 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 14 and such regulations provide methods and standards 15 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; 16

17 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance 18 19 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a 20 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, 21 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 22 person who would be a member of the same unitary 23 business group but for the fact that the person is 24 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 25 included in the unitary business group because he or 26 she is ordinarily required to apportion business

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income under different subsections of Section 304. The 1 2 addition modification required by this subparagraph 3 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the 4 5 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a the taxpayer's unitary business 6 member of group 7 (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 8 9 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 10 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 11 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 12 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that 13 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 14 15 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or 16 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

(D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this Act;

21 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following 22 amounts:

(E) The valuation limitation amount;

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

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(G) An amount equal to all amounts included in 1 2 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 3 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution 4 5 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes 6 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any 7 statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 8 9 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 10 of bond premium amortization;

11 (H) income of the partnership which Any 12 constitutes personal service income as defined in 13 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as 14 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance 15 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered 16 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater; 17 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 18

19 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income 20 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal 21 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by 22 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act 23 distributable to organizations including amounts 24 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 25 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph 26 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

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(J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 1 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of 2 3 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 4 5 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the 6 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years 7 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 8 9 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue 10 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after 11 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal 12 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income 13 14 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the 15 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the 16 provisions of Section 250;

17 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which 18 19 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or 20 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, 21 enacted by the 82nd General Assembly, or a River Edge 22 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 23 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially 24 all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones or 25 from a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This 26 subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of

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1 Section 250;

(L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Real Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

5 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in 6 such total that were paid by a corporation that 7 conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 8 9 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 10 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 11 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 12 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 13 this subparagraph (M);

14 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 15 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 16 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 17 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 18 the Internal Revenue Code;

19 (0) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
20 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
21 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
22 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
23 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
24 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
 deduction taken for the taxable year on the

taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
0.429); and

10 (3) for taxable years ending after December11 31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

17 (ii) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
19 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
20 1.0.

deducted 21 The aggregate amount under this 22 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 23 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 24 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 25 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 26 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This

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subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
 Section 250;

(P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
was required in any taxable year to make an addition
modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
equal to that addition modification.

8 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 9 the last day of the last tax year for which the 10 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 11 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 12 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 13 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount 14 equal to that addition modification.

15 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under 16 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one 17 piece of property.

18 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the 19 provisions of Section 250;

20 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 21 22 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 23 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 24 modification with respect to such transaction under 25 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), Section 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 26

the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 1 2 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 3 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 4 5 is required to make an addition modification with 6 respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 7 8 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 9 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt 10 from Section 250:

11 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken 12 into account for the taxable year (net of the 13 allocable deductions thereto) with respect to 14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 16 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 17 outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 18 19 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 20 who would be a member of the same unitary business 21 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 22 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 23 24 required to apportion business income under different 25 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 26 addition modification required to be made for the same 1

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taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

5 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible 6 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 7 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 8 9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 10 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 11 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 14 who would be a member of the same unitary business 15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 18 19 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 20 addition modification required to be made for the same 21 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for 22 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. 24 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

25 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
26 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to

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1 add back insurance premiums under Section any 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 2 3 that part of a reimbursement received from the insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 4 5 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance company) that would have been taken into account as a 6 7 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 8 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 9 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the 10 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back 11 income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer to 12 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250. 13

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14 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

15 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 16 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted 17 18 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall 19 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or 20 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax 21 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the 22 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than 23 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after 24 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not 25

exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable 1 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess 2 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications 3 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to 4 5 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as 6 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the 7 8 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of 9 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation), 10 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition 11 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph 12 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for 13 14 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an 15 addition modification must be made under those 16 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the 17 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or 18 19 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 20 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code. 21

(2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
federal income tax purposes shall mean:

(A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed

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by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the Internal Revenue Code;

6 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case 7 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax 8 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code, 9 insurance company taxable income;

10 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of 11 a regulated investment company subject to the tax 12 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, 13 investment company taxable income;

(D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
estate investment trust taxable income;

18 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a 19 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of 20 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return 21 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, 22 taxable income determined as if such corporation had 23 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes 24 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year 25 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For 26 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate

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taxable income shall be determined as if the election provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in effect for all such years;

(F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative 4 5 corporation or association, the taxable income of such in 6 organization determined accordance with the 7 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal 8 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition 9 against offsetting losses from patronage activities 10 against income from nonpatronage activities; except 11 that a cooperative corporation or association may make 12 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment 13 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the 14 event such election is made, such losses shall be 15 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with 16 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and 17 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed 18 19 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred. The election shall be effective for all taxable years 20 21 with original returns due on or after the date of the 22 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an 23 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act, 24 to provide that the election shall be effective for 25 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years 26 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made,

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the election may only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting forth requirements for documenting the elections and any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of existing law;

8 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i) 9 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect 10 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such 11 12 corporation determined in accordance with Section 13 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that 14 taxable income shall take into account those items 15 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the 16 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii) 17 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the 18 19 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied 20 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such 21 22 corporation determined in accordance with the federal 23 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

(H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
taxable income determined in accordance with Section
703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable

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income shall take into account those items which are required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated but which would be taken into account by an individual in calculating his taxable income.

5 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the 6 7 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or 8 business has been classified as business income and in a 9 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then 10 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later 11 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years 12 related to that asset or business that generated the non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as 13 14 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset 15 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois 16 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed 17 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions 18 19 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for 20 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding 21 taxable years.

22 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

(1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
(d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

(A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

6 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1, 7 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of capital gain) for all property in respect of which such 8 9 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for 10 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the 11 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of 12 such gain included in the amount determined under subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H). 13

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(2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

15 (A) If the fair market value of property referred 16 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August 17 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such 18 19 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for 20 determining gain) for such property on that date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in 21 22 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized 23 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in 24 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of 25 such property.

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(B) If the fair market value of property referred

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to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on 1 2 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation 3 amount for such property is that amount which bears the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the 4 5 property for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in 6 7 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of 8 9 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding 10 period for the property.

11 (C) The Department shall prescribe such 12 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the 13 purposes of this paragraph.

14 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided 15 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item 16 to be deducted more than once.

17 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on 18 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into 19 20 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or 21 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, or in the amount of such items entering into the 22 23 computation of base income and net income under this Act for 24 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of

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1 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

2 (Source: P.A. 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-120, eff. 8-4-09; 96-198,
3 eff. 8-10-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-520, eff. 8-14-09;
4 96-835, eff. 12-16-09; 96-932, eff. 1-1-11; 96-935, eff.
5 6-21-10; 96-1214, eff. 7-22-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-507,
6 eff. 8-23-11.)

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(35 ILCS 5/223 new)

8 Sec. 223. Educational Improvement Tax Credit.

(a) The General Assembly finds and declares that the 9 10 Constitution of the State of Illinois provides that a 11 "fundamental goal of the People of the <u>State is the educational</u> 12 development of all persons to the limits of their capacities", 13 and that the educational development of every school student serves the public purposes of the State. In order to enable 14 15 Illinois students to develop "to the limit of their 16 capacities", all students must have access to expanded educational opportunities. This Section is in the public 17 18 interest, for the public benefit, and serves a secular purpose. (b) An educational improvement tax credit program is hereby 19 20 established to enhance the educational opportunities available 21 to all students in this State. For tax years beginning on or 22 after January 1, 2012, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, not in excess of \$100,000, against the tax imposed by 23 24 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act for 25 contributions to a qualified student assistance organization

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1	in the trackly many in which the controllection is made who
1	in the taxable year in which the contribution is made. The
2	credit shall not exceed 90% of each dollar contributed during
3	the taxable year by the taxpayer. For partners, shareholders of
4	Subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability
5	companies, if the limited liability company is treated as a
6	partnership for purposes of federal and State income taxation,
7	there shall be allowed a credit under this Section to be
8	determined in accordance with the determination of income and
9	distributive share of income under Section 702 and 704 and
10	Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.
11	(c) In no event may any credit be claimed for amounts
12	deducted pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code
13	in arriving at taxable income.
14	(d) In no event shall a credit under this Section reduce
15	the taxpayer's liability to less than zero.
16	(e) No tax credit established by this Section is allowed if
17	the taxpayer designates a contribution to a student assistance
18	organization for the direct benefit of any particular
19	qualifying student.
20	(f) Qualified student assistance organizations shall
21	provide scholarships or funding for enhanced educational
22	options without limiting availability to only students of one
23	school.
24	(g) By December 31 of each year, student assistance

26 Education the number of qualifying students receiving

organizations shall report to the Illinois State Board of

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scholarships for qualified education expenses, the amount of
 each scholarship, and the school district in which each
 qualifying student in receipt of a scholarship resides.

4 (h) Student assistance organizations shall not award
5 scholarships that exceed the amount of qualified educational
6 expenses at the school attended.

7 (i) Student assistance organizations shall give priority
8 in scholarship awards to qualifying students who received a
9 scholarship the previous year, up through grade 12.

10 <u>(j) Qualifying students receiving and using a scholarships</u> 11 <u>awarded by a student assistance organization to attend a</u> 12 <u>nonpublic school shall be assessed annually by a</u> 13 <u>nationally-normed standardized test in the subjects of</u> 14 <u>reading, math, and science, the results of which shall be made</u> 15 <u>public while protecting the identity of individual students.</u>

16 <u>(k) A tax credit granted under this Section that is not</u> 17 <u>used in the taxable year in which the contribution was made</u> 18 <u>shall not be carried forward or carried back and is not</u> 19 <u>refundable or transferable.</u>

20 (1) A taxpayer must apply annually to the Department of 21 Revenue and receive approval for a tax credit under this 22 Section prior to making a contribution to a student assistance 23 organization. Applicants must be submitted to the Department of 24 Revenue no later than March 31 each year for contributions to 25 be made for tax years ending on or after July 1 of that same 26 year. On May 1 of each year, the Department of Revenue shall,

1	on a random basis, select applications until the total
2	aggregate amount of all requested tax credits equals the
3	maximum provided for in subsection (m). The Department of
4	Revenue shall adopt rules pursuant to the requirements of the
5	Illinois Administrative Procedure Act that set forth the
6	information the Department of Revenue can require on the tax
7	credit application and the manner in which the tax credit
8	lottery is to be conducted.
9	(m) The total aggregate amount of all approved tax credits
10	shall not exceed \$30,000,000 in any State fiscal year.
11	(n) For the purposes of this Section, qualifying students
12	receiving and using a scholarship awarded by a student
13	assistance organization to attend a nonpublic school are
14	considered nonpublic school students who have been voluntarily
15	placed in a private setting by the parent or guardian.
16	(o) Funding for each school district from which a
17	qualifying student uses a scholarship awarded by a student
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	assistance organization to attend a nonpublic school shall be
19	assistance organization to attend a nonpublic school shall be adjusted to account for the costs of the Educational
19 20	
	adjusted to account for the costs of the Educational
20	adjusted to account for the costs of the Educational Improvement Tax Credit established under this Section.
20 21	adjusted to account for the costs of the Educational Improvement Tax Credit established under this Section. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2012 and thereafter, the total cost of
20 21 22	adjusted to account for the costs of the Educational Improvement Tax Credit established under this Section. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2012 and thereafter, the total cost of such scholarships used in each district shall be deducted from
20 21 22 23	adjusted to account for the costs of the Educational Improvement Tax Credit established under this Section. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2012 and thereafter, the total cost of such scholarships used in each district shall be deducted from the portion of general state aid the district receives for that
20 21 22 23 24	adjusted to account for the costs of the Educational Improvement Tax Credit established under this Section. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2012 and thereafter, the total cost of such scholarships used in each district shall be deducted from the portion of general state aid the district receives for that fiscal year.

1	"Qualified student assistance organization" means a
2	nonprofit entity that:
3	(1) is exempt from federal taxation under Section
4	501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
5	and
6	(2) contributes at least 90% of its annual receipts, as
7	required by the by-laws of the organization and as
8	documented by the nonprofit organization's annual AG990-IL
9	Charitable Organization Annual Report, or, if the
10	organization is exempt from filing such a report, by a
11	report containing identical information to that contained
12	in the AG990-IL and certified by the President and
13	Treasurer of the organization, or alternatively, certified
14	by 2 trustees of the organization, either to scholarships
15	for qualifying students at a school or to enhance
16	educational options for qualifying students by providing
17	qualifying students access to secular, neutral,
18	non-ideological programs or activities outside of the
19	curriculum or academic program of a school, as long as the
20	program or activities meet the requirements set forth in
21	rules promulgated by the Illinois State Board of Education.
22	An entity that has been in existence less than 2 years
23	prior to the filing of an application under subsection (f)
24	of this Section shall meet the requirements of this
25	subsection if its charter, bylaws, or other governing
26	instrument requires that it contribute 90% of its annual

1	receipts for the purposes described in this subsection; and
2	(3) directs at least half of its contributions to serve
3	qualifying students who reside within the boundaries of a
4	low-performing or overcrowded public school.
5	"Qualifying student" means an individual who:
6	(1) is a resident of the State of Illinois;
7	(2) is under the age of 21 during the calendar year for
8	which a credit is sought;
9	(3) is a full-time pupil enrolled in a kindergarten
10	through 12th grade education program at any school during
11	the calendar year for which a credit is sought; and
12	(4) is a child of a parent or parents, or is under the
13	legal guardianship of an individual or individuals, with a
14	base income of not more than \$50,000 and resides in the
15	household with those parents or guardians, provided that if
16	there is more than one dependent member of the household
17	under the age of 21, counting the qualifying student, then
18	this annual income requirement shall be increased by
19	\$10,000 for each dependent member of the household under
20	the age of 21 in excess of the one qualifying student.
21	Qualified student assistant organizations shall be
22	responsible for determining whether a student is a
23	qualifying student.
24	"School" means any public or State-recognized non-public
25	elementary or secondary school in Illinois that is in
26	compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and

1	attendance at which satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1
2	of the School Code.
3	"Low-performing school" means a public school that enrolls
4	students in any grades kindergarten through 12, and that is
5	ranked within the lowest 25% of schools statewide in terms of
6	the percentage of students meeting or exceeding standards on
7	the Illinois Standards Achievement Test.
8	"Overcrowded school" means a public school that:
9	(1)enrolls students in any of grades kindergarten
10	through 12;
11	(2) has a percentage of low-income students of 70% or
12	more, as identified in the most recently available School
13	Report Card published by the State Board of Education; and
14	(3) is determined by the Illinois State Board of
15	Education to be in the most severely overcrowded 10% of
16	schools in the State.
17	On or before February 1 of each year, the Illinois State
18	Board of Education shall publish a list of schools that meet
19	the definition of "overcrowded school".
20	"Qualified educational expenses" means a participating
21	State-recognized nonpublic school's uniform tuition rate and
22	fees for registration, books, and technology.
23	(q) This Section is exempt from the provisions of Section
24	<u>250.</u>

25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 26 becoming law.