

## 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 HB5548

by Rep. Timothy L. Schmitz

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

210 ILCS 85/10.4

from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 151.4

Amends the Hospital Licensing Act. Provides that the minimum procedures, with respect to medical staff and clinical privilege determinations concerning current medical members of the medical staff, shall include the right to be represented by a personal attorney. Effective immediately.

LRB097 20017 DRJ 65326 b

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by changing Section 10.4 as follows:
- 6 (210 ILCS 85/10.4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 151.4)
- 7 Sec. 10.4. Medical staff privileges.
- (a) Any hospital licensed under this Act or any hospital 8 9 organized under the University of Illinois Hospital Act shall, prior to the granting of any medical staff privileges to an 10 applicant, or renewing a current medical staff member's 11 privileges, request of the Director of Professional Regulation 12 13 information concerning the licensure status and anv 14 disciplinary action taken against the applicant's or medical staff member's license, except: (1) for medical personnel who 15 16 enter a hospital to obtain organs and tissues for transplant 17 from a donor in accordance with the Illinois Anatomical Gift Act; or (2) for medical personnel who have been granted 18 19 privileges pursuant to the procedures 20 requirements established by rules adopted by the Department. 21 Any hospital and any employees of the hospital or others 22 involved in granting privileges who, in good faith, grant disaster privileges pursuant to this Section to respond to an 23

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emergency shall not, as a result of their acts or omissions, be liable for civil damages for granting or denying disaster privileges except in the event of willful and wanton misconduct, as that term is defined in Section 10.2 of this Act. Individuals granted privileges who provide care in an emergency situation, in good faith and without compensation, shall not, as a result of their acts or omissions, except for acts or omissions involving willful and wanton misconduct, as that term is defined in Section 10.2 of this Act, on the part of the person, be liable for civil damages. The Director of Professional Regulation shall transmit, in writing and in a timely fashion, such information regarding the license of the applicant or the medical staff member, including the record of imposition of any periods of supervision or monitoring as a result of alcohol or substance abuse, as provided by Section 23 of the Medical Practice Act of 1987, and such information as may have been submitted to the Department indicating that the application or medical staff member has been denied, or has surrendered, medical staff privileges at a hospital licensed under this Act, or any equivalent facility in another state or territory of the United States. The Director of Professional Regulation shall define by rule the period for timely response to such requests.

No transmittal of information by the Director of Professional Regulation, under this Section shall be to other than the president, chief operating officer, chief

administrative officer, or chief of the medical staff of a hospital licensed under this Act, a hospital organized under the University of Illinois Hospital Act, or a hospital operated by the United States, or any of its instrumentalities. The information so transmitted shall be afforded the same status as is information concerning medical studies by Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure, as now or hereafter amended.

- (b) All hospitals licensed under this Act, except county hospitals as defined in subsection (c) of Section 15-1 of the Illinois Public Aid Code, shall comply with, and the medical staff bylaws of these hospitals shall include rules consistent with, the provisions of this Section in granting, limiting, renewing, or denying medical staff membership and clinical staff privileges. Hospitals that require medical staff members to possess faculty status with a specific institution of higher education are not required to comply with subsection (1) below when the physician does not possess faculty status.
  - (1) Minimum procedures for pre-applicants and applicants for medical staff membership shall include the following:
    - (A) Written procedures relating to the acceptance and processing of pre-applicants or applicants for medical staff membership, which should be contained in medical staff bylaws.
      - (B) Written procedures to be followed in

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1	determining a pre-applicant's or an applicant's
2	qualifications for being granted medical staff
3	membership and privileges.
4	(C) Written criteria to be followed in evaluating a
5	pre-applicant's or an applicant's qualifications.
6	(D) An evaluation of a pre-applicant's or an
7	applicant's current health status and current license
8	status in Illinois.
9	(E) A written response to each pre-applicant or
10	applicant that explains the reason or reasons for any
11	adverse decision (including all reasons based in whole
12	or in part on the applicant's medical qualifications or
13	any other basis, including economic factors).
14	(2) Minimum procedures with respect to medical staff
15	and clinical privilege determinations concerning current
16	members of the medical staff shall include the following:
17	(A) A written notice of an adverse decision.
18	(B) An explanation of the reasons for an adverse
19	decision including all reasons based on the quality of
20	medical care or any other basis, including economic
21	factors.
22	(C) A statement of the medical staff member's right
23	to request a fair hearing on the adverse decision

before a hearing panel whose membership is mutually

agreed upon by the medical staff and the hospital

governing board. The hearing panel shall have

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independent authority to recommend action to the hospital governing board. Upon the request of the medical staff member or the hospital governing board, the hearing panel shall make findings concerning the nature of each basis for any adverse decision recommended to and accepted by the hospital governing board.

(i) Nothing in this subparagraph (C) limits a hospital's or medical staff's right to summarily suspend, without a prior hearing, a person's medical staff membership or clinical privileges if the continuation of practice of a medical staff member constitutes an immediate danger to the public, including patients, visitors, and hospital employees and staff. In the event that a hospital or the medical staff imposes a summary suspension, Medical Executive Committee, the or other comparable governance committee of the medical staff as specified in the bylaws, must meet as soon as is reasonably possible to review the suspension and to recommend whether it should be affirmed, lifted, expunged, or modified if the suspended such review. physician requests Α suspension may not be implemented unless there is actual documentation or other reliable information that an immediate danger exists. This

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documentation or information must be available at the time the summary suspension decision is made and when the decision is reviewed by the Medical Executive Committee. If the Medical Executive Committee recommends that the summary suspension should be lifted, expunged, or modified, this recommendation must be reviewed and considered by the hospital governing board, or a committee of the board, on an expedited basis. Nothing in this subparagraph (C) shall affect the requirement that any requested hearing must be commenced within 15 days after the summary suspension and completed without delay unless otherwise agreed to by the parties. A fair hearing shall be commenced within 15 days after the suspension and completed without delay, except that when the medical staff member's license to practice has been suspended or revoked by the State's licensing authority, no hearing shall be necessary.

(ii) Nothing in this subparagraph (C) limits a medical staff's right to permit, in the medical staff bylaws, summary suspension of membership or clinical privileges in designated administrative circumstances as specifically approved by the medical staff. This bylaw provision must specifically describe both the administrative

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circumstance that can result in suspension and the length of the summary suspension. The opportunity for a fair hearing is for anv administrative required suspension. Any requested hearing commenced within 15 days after the suspension and completed without delay. Adverse decisions other than suspension or other restrictions on the treatment or admission of patients may be imposed summarily and without a hearing under designated administrative circumstances as specifically provided for in the medical staff bylaws as approved by the medical staff.

(iii) If a hospital exercises its option to enter into an exclusive contract and that contract results in the total or partial termination or reduction of medical staff membership or clinical privileges of a current medical staff member, the hospital shall provide the affected medical staff member 60 days prior notice of the effect on his or her medical staff membership or privileges. An affected medical staff member desiring a hearing under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (2) must request the hearing within 14 days after the date he or she is so notified. The requested hearing

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shall be commenced and completed (with a report and recommendation to the affected medical staff member, hospital governing board, and medical staff) within 30 days after the date of the medical staff member's request. If agreed upon by both the medical staff and the hospital governing board, the medical staff bylaws may provide for longer time periods.

(C-5) All peer review used for the purpose of credentialing, privileging, disciplinary action, or other recommendations affecting medical staff membership or exercise of clinical privileges, whether relying in whole or in part on internal or external reviews, shall be conducted in accordance with the medical staff bylaws and applicable regulations, or policies of the medical staff. If external review is obtained, any adverse utilized shall be in writing and shall be made part of the internal peer review process under the bylaws. The report shall also be shared with a medical staff peer review committee and the individual under review. If medical staff peer review committee or individual under review prepares a written response to the report of the external peer review within 30 days after receiving such report, the governing board shall consider the response prior to the implementation of

any final actions by the governing board which may affect the individual's medical staff membership or clinical privileges. Any peer review that involves willful or wanton misconduct shall be subject to civil damages as provided for under Section 10.2 of this Act.

- (D) A statement of the member's right to inspect all pertinent information in the hospital's possession with respect to the decision.
- (E) A statement of the member's right to present witnesses and other evidence at the hearing on the decision.

## (E-5) The right to be represented by a personal attorney.

- (F) A written notice and written explanation of the decision resulting from the hearing.
- (F-5) A written notice of a final adverse decision by a hospital governing board.
- (G) Notice given 15 days before implementation of an adverse medical staff membership or clinical privileges decision based substantially on economic factors. This notice shall be given after the medical staff member exhausts all applicable procedures under this Section, including item (iii) of subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (2), and under the medical staff bylaws in order to allow sufficient time for the orderly provision of patient care.

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- Nothing in this paragraph (H) (2) of subsection (b) limits a medical staff member's right to in writing, the rights provided waive, subparagraphs (A) through (G) of this paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) upon being granted the written exclusive right to provide particular services at a hospital, either individually or as a member of a group. If an exclusive contract is signed by a representative of a group of physicians, a waiver contained in the contract shall apply to all members of the group unless stated otherwise in the contract.
- Every adverse medical staff membership (3) and decision based clinical privilege substantially economic factors shall be reported to the Hospital Licensing Board before the decision takes effect. These reports shall not be disclosed in any form that reveals the identity of any hospital or physician. These reports shall be utilized to study the effects that hospital medical staff membership and clinical privilege decisions based upon economic factors have on access to care and the availability of physician services. The Hospital Licensing Board shall submit an initial study to the Governor and the General Assembly by January 1, 1996, and subsequent reports shall be submitted periodically thereafter.
  - (4) As used in this Section:
  - "Adverse decision" means a decision reducing,

restricting, suspending, revoking, denying, or not renewing medical staff membership or clinical privileges.

"Economic factor" means any information or reasons for decisions unrelated to quality of care or professional competency.

"Pre-applicant" means a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches who requests an application for medical staff membership or privileges.

"Privilege" means permission to provide medical or other patient care services and permission to use hospital resources, including equipment, facilities and personnel that are necessary to effectively provide medical or other patient care services. This definition shall not be construed to require a hospital to acquire additional equipment, facilities, or personnel to accommodate the granting of privileges.

- (5) Any amendment to medical staff bylaws required because of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly shall be adopted on or before July 1, 2001.
- (c) All hospitals shall consult with the medical staff prior to closing membership in the entire or any portion of the medical staff or a department. If the hospital closes membership in the medical staff, any portion of the medical staff, or the department over the objections of the medical staff, then the hospital shall provide a detailed written explanation for the decision to the medical staff 10 days prior

- 1 to the effective date of any closure. No applications need to
- 2 be provided when membership in the medical staff or any
- 3 relevant portion of the medical staff is closed.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 96-445, eff. 8-14-09.)
- 5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 6 becoming law.