1 AN ACT concerning wages.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Prevailing Wage Act is amended by changing
Section 4 as follows:

6 (820 ILCS 130/4) (from Ch. 48, par. 39s-4)

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Sec. 4. Ascertaining prevailing wage.

8 (a) The public body awarding any contract for public work 9 or otherwise undertaking any public works, shall ascertain the general prevailing rate of hourly wages in the locality in 10 which the work is to be performed, for each craft or type of 11 worker or mechanic needed to execute the contract, and where 12 the public body performs the work without letting a contract 13 14 therefor, shall ascertain the prevailing rate of wages on a per hour basis in the locality, and such public body shall specify 15 16 in the resolution or ordinance and in the call for bids for the 17 contract, that the general prevailing rate of wages in the locality for each craft or type of worker or mechanic needed to 18 19 execute the contract or perform such work, also the general 20 prevailing rate for legal holiday and overtime work, as 21 ascertained by the public body or by the Department of Labor 22 shall be paid for each craft or type of worker needed to execute the contract or to perform such work, and it shall be 23

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mandatory upon the contractor to whom the contract is awarded 1 2 and upon any subcontractor under him, and where the public body performs the work, upon the public body, to pay not less than 3 the specified rates to all laborers, workers and mechanics 4 5 employed by them in the execution of the contract or such work; provided, however, that if the public body desires that the 6 7 Department of Labor ascertain the prevailing rate of wages, it shall notify the Department of Labor to ascertain the general 8 9 prevailing rate of hourly wages for work under contract, or for 10 work performed by a public body without letting a contract as 11 required in the locality in which the work is to be performed, 12 for each craft or type of worker or mechanic needed to execute 13 the contract or project or work to be performed. Upon such 14 notification the Department of Labor shall ascertain such general prevailing rate of wages, and certify the prevailing 15 16 wage to such public body.

(a-1) The public body or other entity awarding the contract shall cause to be inserted in the project specifications and the contract a stipulation to the effect that not less than the prevailing rate of wages as found by the public body or Department of Labor or determined by the court on review shall be paid to all laborers, workers and mechanics performing work under the contract.

24 (a-2) When a public body or other entity covered by this
25 Act has awarded work to a contractor without a public bid,
26 contract or project specification, such public body or other

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entity shall comply with subsection (a-1) by providing the contractor with written notice on the purchase order related to the work to be done or on a separate document indicating that not less than the prevailing rate of wages as found by the public body or Department of Labor or determined by the court on review shall be paid to all laborers, workers, and mechanics performing work on the project.

8 (a-3) Where a complaint is made and the Department of Labor 9 determines that a violation occurred, the Department of Labor 10 shall determine if proper written notice under this Section 4 11 was given. If proper written notice was not provided to the 12 contractor by the public body or other entity, the Department 13 of Labor shall order the public body or other entity to pay any 14 interest, penalties or fines that would have been owed by the 15 contractor if proper written notice were provided. The failure 16 by a public body or other entity to provide written notice does 17 not relieve the contractor of the duty to comply with the prevailing wage rate, nor of the obligation to pay any back 18 wages, as determined under this Act. For the purposes of this 19 20 subsection, back wages shall be limited to the difference 21 between the actual amount paid and the prevailing rate of wages 22 required to be paid for the project. The failure of a public 23 body or other entity to provide written notice under this Section 4 does not diminish the right of a laborer, worker, or 24 25 mechanic to the prevailing rate of wages as determined under 26 this Act.

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(b) It shall also be mandatory upon the contractor to whom 1 2 the contract is awarded to insert into each subcontract and 3 into the project specifications for each subcontract a written stipulation to the effect that not less than the prevailing 4 5 rate of wages shall be paid to all laborers, workers, and 6 mechanics performing work under the contract. It shall also be mandatory upon each subcontractor to cause to be inserted into 7 8 each lower tiered subcontract and into the project 9 specifications for each lower tiered subcontract a stipulation 10 to the effect that not less than the prevailing rate of wages 11 shall be paid to all laborers, workers, and mechanics 12 performing work under the contract. A contractor or 13 subcontractor who fails to comply with this subsection (b) is in violation of this Act. 14

15 (b-1) When a contractor has awarded work to a subcontractor 16 without a contract or contract specification, the contractor 17 shall comply with subsection (b) by providing a subcontractor with a written statement indicating that not less than the 18 19 prevailing rate of wages shall be paid to all laborers, workers, and mechanics performing work on the project. A 20 21 contractor or subcontractor who fails to comply with this 22 subsection (b-1) is in violation of this Act.

(b-2) Where a complaint is made and the Department of Labor determines that a violation has occurred, the Department of Labor shall determine if proper written notice under this Section 4 was given. If proper written notice was not provided HB5212 Engrossed - 5 - LRB097 19755 JLS 65018 b

to the subcontractor by the contractor, the Department of Labor 1 2 shall order the contractor to pay any interest, penalties, or fines that would have been owed by the subcontractor if proper 3 written notice were provided. The failure by a contractor to 4 5 provide written notice to a subcontractor does not relieve the 6 subcontractor of the duty to comply with the prevailing wage 7 rate, nor of the obligation to pay any back wages, as 8 determined under this Act. For the purposes of this subsection, 9 back wages shall be limited to the difference between the 10 actual amount paid and the prevailing rate of wages required 11 for the project. However, if proper written notice was not 12 provided to the contractor by the public body or other entity 13 under this Section 4, the Department of Labor shall order the 14 public body or other entity to pay any interest, penalties, or 15 fines that would have been owed by the subcontractor if proper 16 written notice were provided. The failure by a public body or 17 other entity to provide written notice does not relieve the subcontractor of the duty to comply with the prevailing wage 18 19 rate, nor of the obligation to pay any back wages, as 20 determined under this Act. For the purposes of this subsection, back wages shall be limited to the difference between the 21 22 actual amount paid and the prevailing rate of wages required 23 for the project. The failure to provide written notice by a public body, other entity, or contractor does not diminish the 24 25 right of a laborer, worker, or mechanic to the prevailing rate 26 of wages as determined under this Act.

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(c) A public body or other entity shall also require in all 1 2 contractor's and subcontractor's bonds that the contractor or subcontractor include such provision as will guarantee the 3 faithful performance of such prevailing wage clause as provided 4 5 by contract or other written instrument. All bid specifications 6 shall list the specified rates to all laborers, workers and mechanics in the locality for each craft or type of worker or 7 mechanic needed to execute the contract. 8

9 (d) If the Department of Labor revises the prevailing rate 10 of hourly wages to be paid by the public body <u>or other entity</u>, 11 the revised rate shall apply to such contract, and the public 12 body <u>or other entity</u> shall be responsible to notify the 13 contractor and each subcontractor, of the revised rate.

The public body or other entity shall discharge its duty to notify of the revised rates by inserting a written stipulation in all contracts or other written instruments that states the prevailing rate of wages are revised by the Department of Labor and are available on the Department's official website. This shall be deemed to be proper notification of any rate changes under this subsection.

21 (e) Two or more investigatory hearings under this Section 22 the issue of establishing a new prevailing on wage 23 classification for a particular craft or type of worker shall be consolidated in a single hearing before the Department. Such 24 25 consolidation shall occur whether each separate investigatory hearing is conducted by a public body or the Department. The 26

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party requesting a consolidated investigatory hearing shall have the burden of establishing that there is no existing prevailing wage classification for the particular craft or type of worker in any of the localities under consideration.

5 (f) It. shall be mandatory upon the contractor or 6 construction manager to whom a contract for public works is 7 awarded to post, at a location on the project site of the 8 public works that is easily accessible to the workers engaged 9 on the project, the prevailing wage rates for each craft or 10 type of worker or mechanic needed to execute the contract or 11 project or work to be performed. In lieu of posting on the 12 project site of the public works, a contractor which has a 13 business location where laborers, workers, and mechanics 14 regularly visit may: (1) post in a conspicuous location at that 15 business the current prevailing wage rates for each county in 16 which the contractor is performing work; or (2) provide such 17 laborer, worker, or mechanic engaged on the public works project a written notice indicating the prevailing wage rates 18 19 for the public works project. A failure to post or provide a 20 prevailing wage rate as required by this Section is a violation of this Act. 21

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(Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 96-437, eff. 1-1-10.)