1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Police Training Act is amended by changing Section 7 as follows:
- 6 (50 ILCS 705/7) (from Ch. 85, par. 507)
- Sec. 7. Rules and standards for schools. The Board shall adopt rules and minimum standards for such schools which shall include but not be limited to the following:
- a. The curriculum for probationary police officers which 10 shall be offered by all certified schools shall include but not 11 be limited to courses of arrest, search and seizure, civil 12 rights, human relations, cultural diversity, including racial 13 14 and ethnic sensitivity, criminal law, law of criminal procedure, vehicle and traffic law including uniform and 15 16 non-discriminatory enforcement of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 17 traffic control and accident investigation, techniques of obtaining physical evidence, court testimonies, statements, 18 19 reports, firearms training, first-aid (including cardiopulmonary resuscitation), handling 20 of 21 offenders, recognition of mental conditions which require 22 immediate assistance and methods to safeguard and provide assistance to a person in need of mental treatment, law of 23

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evidence, the hazards of high-speed police vehicle chases with an emphasis on alternatives to the high-speed chase, and physical training. The curriculum shall include specific training in techniques for immediate response to investigation of cases of domestic violence and of sexual assault of adults and children. The curriculum shall include training in techniques designed to promote effective communication at the initial contact with crime victims and ways to comprehensively explain to victims and witnesses their rights under the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act and the Crime Victims Compensation Act. The curriculum shall also include a block of instruction aimed at identifying and interacting with persons with autism and other developmental disabilities, reducing barriers to reporting crimes against persons with autism, and addressing the unique challenges presented by cases involving victims or witnesses with autism and other developmental disabilities. The curriculum for permanent police officers shall include but not be limited to (1) refresher and in-service training in any of the courses listed above in this subparagraph, (2) advanced courses in any of the subjects listed above in this subparagraph, (3) training for supervisory personnel, and (4) specialized training in subjects and fields to be selected by the board.

- b. Minimum courses of study, attendance requirements and equipment requirements.
 - c. Minimum requirements for instructors.

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- d. Minimum basic training requirements, which a probationary police officer must satisfactorily complete before being eligible for permanent employment as a local law enforcement officer for a participating local governmental agency. Those requirements shall include training in first aid (including cardiopulmonary resuscitation).
 - e. Minimum basic training requirements, which a probationary county corrections officer must satisfactorily complete before being eligible for permanent employment as a county corrections officer for a participating local governmental agency.
- f. Minimum basic training requirements which а probationary court security officer must satisfactorily complete before being eligible for permanent employment as a court security officer for a participating local governmental agency. The Board shall establish those training requirements which it considers appropriate for court security officers and shall certify schools to conduct that training.

A person hired to serve as a court security officer must obtain from the Board a certificate (i) attesting to his or her successful completion of the training course; (ii) attesting to his or her satisfactory completion of a training program of similar content and number of hours that has been found acceptable by the Board under the provisions of this Act; or (iii) attesting to the Board's determination that the training course is unnecessary because of the person's extensive prior

- 1 law enforcement experience.
- 2 Individuals who currently serve as court security officers
- 3 shall be deemed qualified to continue to serve in that capacity
- 4 so long as they are certified as provided by this Act within 24
- 5 months of the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1996.
- 6 Failure to be so certified, absent a waiver from the Board,
- 7 shall cause the officer to forfeit his or her position.
- 8 All individuals hired as court security officers on or
- 9 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1996 shall
- 10 be certified within 12 months of the date of their hire, unless
- 11 a waiver has been obtained by the Board, or they shall forfeit
- 12 their positions.
- 13 The Sheriff's Merit Commission, if one exists, or the
- 14 Sheriff's Office if there is no Sheriff's Merit Commission,
- 15 shall maintain a list of all individuals who have filed
- applications to become court security officers and who meet the
- 17 eligibility requirements established under this Act. Either
- 18 the Sheriff's Merit Commission, or the Sheriff's Office if no
- 19 Sheriff's Merit Commission exists, shall establish a schedule
- of reasonable intervals for verification of the applicants'
- 21 qualifications under this Act and as established by the Board.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 95-171, eff. 1-1-08.)
- 23 Section 10. The Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act
- is amended by changing Sections 4 and 4.5 as follows:

- 1 (725 ILCS 120/4) (from Ch. 38, par. 1404)
- 2 Sec. 4. Rights of crime victims.
 - (a) Crime victims shall have the following rights:
 - (1) The right to be treated with fairness and respect for their dignity and privacy throughout the criminal justice process.
 - (2) The right to notification of court proceedings.
 - (3) The right to communicate with the prosecution.
 - (4) The right to make a statement to the court at sentencing.
 - (5) The right to information about the conviction, sentence, imprisonment and release of the accused.
 - (6) The right to the timely disposition of the case following the arrest of the accused.
 - (7) The right to be reasonably protected from the accused through the criminal justice process.
 - (8) The right to be present at the trial and all other court proceedings on the same basis as the accused, unless the victim is to testify and the court determines that the victim's testimony would be materially affected if the victim hears other testimony at the trial.
 - (9) the right to have present at all court proceedings, including proceedings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, subject to the admonition of the rules of confidentiality and subject to the rules of evidence, a victim-witness specialist, an advocate or other support person of the

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victim's choice.

- (10) The right to restitution.
- 3 (b) Any law enforcement agency that investigates an offense committed in this State shall provide a crime victim with a 4 5 written statement and explanation of the rights of crime victims within 48 hours of law enforcement's initial contact 6 7 with a victim. The statement shall include information about crime victim compensation, including how to contact the Office 8 9 of the Illinois Attorney General to file a claim, and 10 appropriate referrals to local and State programs that provide 11 victim services. The content of the statement shall be provided 12 to law enforcement by the Attorney General. Law enforcement shall also provide a crime victim with a sign-off sheet that 13 14 the victim shall sign and date as an acknowledgement that he or she has been furnished with information and an explanation of 15 16 the rights of crime victims and compensation set forth in this 17 Act.
 - (c) The Clerk of the Circuit Court shall post the rights of crime victims set forth in Article I, Section 8.1(a) of the Illinois Constitution and subsection (a) of this Section within 3 feet of the door to any courtroom where criminal proceedings are conducted. The clerk may also post the rights in other locations in the courthouse.
 - (d) A statement and explanation of the rights of crime victims set forth in paragraph (a) of this Section shall be given to a crime victim at the initial contact with the

- 1 criminal justice system by the appropriate authorities and
- 2 shall be conspicuously posted in all court facilities.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 95-591, eff. 6-1-08.)
- 4 (725 ILCS 120/4.5)
- 5 Sec. 4.5. Procedures to implement the rights of crime
- 6 victims. To afford crime victims their rights, law enforcement,
- 7 prosecutors, judges and corrections will provide information,
- 8 as appropriate of the following procedures:
- 9 (a) At the request of the crime victim, law enforcement
- 10 authorities investigating the case shall provide notice of the
- 11 status of the investigation, except where the State's Attorney
- 12 determines that disclosure of such information would
- 13 unreasonably interfere with the investigation, until such time
- as the alleged assailant is apprehended or the investigation is
- 15 closed.
- 16 (a-5) When law enforcement authorities re-open a closed
- 17 case to resume investigating, they shall provide notice of the
- 18 re-opening of the case, except where the State's Attorney
- 19 determines that disclosure of such information would
- 20 unreasonably interfere with the investigation.
- 21 (b) The office of the State's Attorney:
- 22 (1) shall provide notice of the filing of information,
- 23 the return of an indictment by which a prosecution for any
- violent crime is commenced, or the filing of a petition to
- 25 adjudicate a minor as a delinquent for a violent crime;

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- (2) shall provide notice of the date, time, and place of trial;
 - (3) or victim advocate personnel shall provide information of social services and financial assistance available for victims of crime, including information of how to apply for these services and assistance;
 - (3.5) or victim advocate personnel shall provide information about available victim services, including referrals to programs, counselors, and agencies that assist a victim to deal with trauma, loss, and grief;
 - (4) shall assist in having any stolen or other personal property held by law enforcement authorities for evidentiary or other purposes returned as expeditiously as possible, pursuant to the procedures set out in Section 115-9 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963;
 - (5) or victim advocate personnel shall provide appropriate employer intercession services to ensure that employers of victims will cooperate with the criminal justice system in order to minimize an employee's loss of pay and other benefits resulting from court appearances;
 - (6) shall provide information whenever possible, of a secure waiting area during court proceedings that does not require victims to be in close proximity to defendant or juveniles accused of a violent crime, and their families and friends;
 - (7) shall provide notice to the crime victim of the

right to have a translator present at all court proceedings and, in compliance with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the right to communications access through a sign language interpreter or by other means;

- (8) in the case of the death of a person, which death occurred in the same transaction or occurrence in which acts occurred for which a defendant is charged with an offense, shall notify the spouse, parent, child or sibling of the decedent of the date of the trial of the person or persons allegedly responsible for the death;
- (9) shall inform the victim of the right to have present at all court proceedings, subject to the rules of evidence, an advocate or other support person of the victim's choice, and the right to retain an attorney, at the victim's own expense, who, upon written notice filed with the clerk of the court and State's Attorney, is to receive copies of all notices, motions and court orders filed thereafter in the case, in the same manner as if the victim were a named party in the case;
- (10) at the sentencing hearing shall make a good faith attempt to explain the minimum amount of time during which the defendant may actually be physically imprisoned. The Office of the State's Attorney shall further notify the crime victim of the right to request from the Prisoner Review Board information concerning the release of the

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defendant under subparagraph (d) (1) of this Section;

- (11) shall request restitution at sentencing and shall consider restitution in any plea negotiation, as provided by law; and
- (12) shall, upon the court entering a verdict of not quilty by reason of insanity, inform the victim of the notification services available from the Department of Human Services, including the statewide telephone number, under subparagraph (d) (2) of this Section.
- (c) At the written request of the crime victim, the office of the State's Attorney shall:
 - (1) provide notice a reasonable time in advance of the following court proceedings: preliminary hearing, hearing the effect of which may be the release of defendant from custody, or to alter the conditions of bond and the sentencing hearing. The crime victim shall also be notified of the cancellation of the court proceeding in sufficient wherever possible, to prevent an unnecessary time. appearance in court;
 - (2) provide notice within a reasonable time after receipt of notice from the custodian, of the release of the defendant on bail or personal recognizance or the release from detention of a minor who has been detained for a violent crime:
 - (3) explain in nontechnical language the details of any plea or verdict of a defendant, or any adjudication of a

juvenile as a delinquent for a violent crime;

- (4) where practical, consult with the crime victim before the Office of the State's Attorney makes an offer of a plea bargain to the defendant or enters into negotiations with the defendant concerning a possible plea agreement, and shall consider the written victim impact statement, if prepared prior to entering into a plea agreement;
- (5) provide notice of the ultimate disposition of the cases arising from an indictment or an information, or a petition to have a juvenile adjudicated as a delinquent for a violent crime;
- (6) provide notice of any appeal taken by the defendant and information on how to contact the appropriate agency handling the appeal;
- (7) provide notice of any request for post-conviction review filed by the defendant under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, and of the date, time and place of any hearing concerning the petition. Whenever possible, notice of the hearing shall be given in advance;
- (8) forward a copy of any statement presented under Section 6 to the Prisoner Review Board to be considered by the Board in making its determination under subsection (b) of Section 3-3-8 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
- (d) (1) The Prisoner Review Board shall inform a victim or any other concerned citizen, upon written request, of the prisoner's release on parole, mandatory supervised release,

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electronic detention, work release, international transfer or exchange, or by the custodian of the discharge of any individual who was adjudicated a delinquent for a violent crime from State custody and by the sheriff of the appropriate county of any such person's final discharge from county custody. The Prisoner Review Board, upon written request, shall provide to a victim or any other concerned citizen a recent photograph of any person convicted of a felony, upon his or her release from custody. The Prisoner Review Board, upon written request, shall inform a victim or any other concerned citizen when feasible at least 7 days prior to the prisoner's release on furlough of the times and dates of such furlough. Upon written request by the victim or any other concerned citizen, the State's Attorney shall notify the person once of the times and dates of release of a prisoner sentenced to periodic imprisonment. Notification shall be based on the most recent information as to victim's or other concerned citizen's residence or other location available to the notifying authority.

(2) When the defendant has been committed to the Department of Human Services pursuant to Section 5-2-4 or any other provision of the Unified Code of Corrections, the victim may request to be notified by the releasing authority of the approval by the court of an on-grounds pass, a supervised off-grounds pass, an unsupervised off-grounds pass, or conditional release; the release on an off-grounds pass; the return from an off-grounds pass; transfer to another facility;

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- conditional release; escape; death; defendant's furloughs, temporary release, or final discharge from State custody. The Department of Human Services shall establish and maintain a statewide telephone number to be used by victims to make notification requests under these provisions and shall publicize this telephone number on its website and to the State's Attorney of each county.
- (3) In the event of an escape from State custody, the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately shall notify the Prisoner Review Board of the escape and the Prisoner Review Board shall notify the victim. The notification shall be based upon the most recent information as to the victim's residence or other location available to the Board. When no such information is available, the Board shall make all reasonable efforts to obtain the information and make the notification. When the escapee is apprehended, the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately shall notify the Prisoner Review Board and the Board shall notify the victim.
- (4) The victim of the crime for which the prisoner has been sentenced shall receive reasonable written notice not less than 30 days prior to the parole interview and may submit, in writing, on film, videotape or other electronic means or in the form of a recording or in person at the parole interview or if a victim of a violent crime, by calling the toll-free number established in subsection (f) of this Section, information for

- consideration by the Prisoner Review Board. The victim shall be notified within 7 days after the prisoner has been granted parole and shall be informed of the right to inspect the registry of parole decisions, established under subsection (g) of Section 3-3-5 of the Unified Code of Corrections. The provisions of this paragraph (4) are subject to the Open Parole Hearings Act.
 - (5) If a statement is presented under Section 6, the Prisoner Review Board shall inform the victim of any order of discharge entered by the Board pursuant to Section 3-3-8 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
 - (6) At the written request of the victim of the crime for which the prisoner was sentenced or the State's Attorney of the county where the person seeking parole was prosecuted, the Prisoner Review Board shall notify the victim and the State's Attorney of the county where the person seeking parole was prosecuted of the death of the prisoner if the prisoner died while on parole or mandatory supervised release.
 - (7) When a defendant who has been committed to the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Human Services is released or discharged and subsequently committed to the Department of Human Services as a sexually violent person and the victim had requested to be notified by the releasing authority of the defendant's discharge, conditional release, death, or escape from State custody, the releasing authority shall provide to the

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- 1 Department of Human Services such information that would allow
- 2 the Department of Human Services to contact the victim.
- (8) When a defendant has been convicted of a sex offense as 3 defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act and 5 has been sentenced to the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Prisoner Review Board shall 6 7 notify the victim of the sex offense of the prisoner's 8 eligibility for release on parole, mandatory supervised 9 release, electronic detention, work release, international 10 transfer or exchange, or by the custodian of the discharge of 11 any individual who was adjudicated a delinquent for a sex 12 offense from State custody and by the sheriff of the 13 appropriate county of any such person's final discharge from 14 county custody. The notification shall be made to the victim at least 30 days, whenever possible, before release of the sex 15 16 offender.
 - (e) The officials named in this Section may satisfy some or all of their obligations to provide notices and other information through participation in a statewide victim and witness notification system established by the Attorney General under Section 8.5 of this Act.
 - (f) To permit a victim of a violent crime to provide information to the Prisoner Review Board for consideration by the Board at a parole hearing of a person who committed the crime against the victim in accordance with clause (d)(4) of this Section or at a proceeding to determine the conditions of

- 1 mandatory supervised release of a person sentenced to a
- 2 determinate sentence or at a hearing on revocation of mandatory
- 3 supervised release of a person sentenced to a determinate
- sentence, the Board shall establish a toll-free number that may
- 5 be accessed by the victim of a violent crime to present that
- 6 information to the Board.
- (Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-875, eff. 1-22-10; 7
- 8 97-457, eff. 1-1-12; 97-572, eff. 1-1-12; revised 9-14-11.)