

Rep. Michael J. Zalewski

Filed: 5/22/2012

09700HB4239ham004

LRB097 15221 HLH 69746 a

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 4239

AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 4239, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing Sections 15-175 and 21-205 as follows:

- 7 (35 ILCS 200/15-175)
- 8 Sec. 15-175. General homestead exemption.
- (a) Except as provided in Sections 15-176 and 15-177, 9 10 homestead property is entitled to an annual homestead exemption 11 limited, except as described here with relation to 12 cooperatives, to a reduction in the equalized assessed value of 13 homestead property equal to the increase in equalized assessed value for the current assessment year above the equalized 14 15 assessed value of the property for 1977, up to the maximum reduction set forth below. If however, the 1977 equalized 16

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assessed value upon which taxes were paid is subsequently determined by local assessing officials, the Property Tax Appeal Board, or a court to have been excessive, the equalized assessed value which should have been placed on the property for 1977 shall be used to determine the amount of the exemption.

(b) Except as provided in Section 15-176, the maximum reduction before taxable year 2004 shall be \$4,500 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$3,500 in all other counties. Except as provided in Sections 15-176 and 15-177, for taxable years 2004 through 2007, the maximum reduction shall be \$5,000, for taxable year 2008, the maximum reduction is \$5,500, and, for taxable years 2009 and thereafter, the maximum reduction is \$6,000 in all counties. If a county has elected to subject itself to the provisions of Section 15-176 as provided in subsection (k) of that Section, then, for the first taxable year only after the provisions of Section 15-176 no longer apply, for owners who, for the taxable year, have not been granted a senior citizens assessment freeze homestead exemption under Section 15-172 or a long-time occupant homestead exemption under Section 15-177, there shall be an additional exemption of \$5,000 for owners with a household income of \$30,000 or less.

(c) In counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if, based on the most recent assessment, the equalized assessed value of the homestead property for the current assessment year

is greater than the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, the owner of the property shall automatically receive the exemption granted under this Section in an amount equal to the increase over the 1977 assessment up to the maximum

reduction set forth in this Section.

(d) If in any assessment year beginning with the 2000 assessment year, homestead property has a pro-rata valuation under Section 9-180 resulting in an increase in the assessed valuation, a reduction in equalized assessed valuation equal to the increase in equalized assessed value of the property for the year of the pro-rata valuation above the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977 shall be applied to the property on a proportionate basis for the period the property qualified as homestead property during the assessment year. The maximum proportionate homestead exemption shall not exceed the maximum homestead exemption allowed in the county under this Section divided by 365 and multiplied by the number of days the property qualified as homestead property.

(e) The chief county assessment officer may, when considering whether to grant a leasehold exemption under this Section, require the following conditions to be met:

(1) that a notarized application for the exemption, signed by the owner of the property and the lessee of the property, must be submitted each year during the application period in effect for the county in which the property is located;

1	(2) that a copy of the lease must filed with the chief
2	county assessment officer by the owner of the property at
3	the time the notarized application is submitted;
4	(3) that the lease must expressly state that the lesses
5	is liable for the payment of property taxes; and
6	(4) that the lease must include the following language
7	in substantially the following form:
8	"Lessee shall be liable for the payment of real
9	estate taxes with respect to the residence in
10	accordance with the terms and conditions of 35 ILCS
11	200/15-175. The permanent real estate index number for
12	the premises is (insert number), and, according to the
13	most recent property tax bill, the current amount of
14	real estate taxes associated with the premises is
15	(insert amount) per year. The parties agree that the
16	monthly rent set forth above shall be increased or
17	decreased pro rata (effective January 1 of each
18	calendar year) to reflect any increase or decrease in
19	real estate taxes. Lessee shall be deemed to be
20	satisfying Lessee's liability for the above mentioned
21	real estate taxes with the monthly rent payments as set
22	forth above (or increased or decreased as set forth
23	<pre>herein)."</pre>
24	In addition, if there is a change in lessee, or if the
25	lessee vacates the property, then then the chief county

assessment officer may require the owner of the property to

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notify the chief county assessment officer of that change.

This subsection (e) does not apply to leasehold interests in property owned by a municipality.

"Homestead property" under this Section includes residential property that is occupied by its owner or owners as his or their principal dwelling place, or that is a leasehold interest on which a single family residence is situated, which is occupied as a residence by a person who has an ownership interest therein, legal or equitable or as a lessee, and on which the person is liable for the payment of property taxes. For land improved with an apartment building owned and operated as a cooperative or a building which is a life care facility as defined in Section 15-170 and considered to be a cooperative under Section 15-170, the maximum reduction from the equalized assessed value shall be limited to the increase in the value above the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, up to the maximum reduction set forth above, multiplied by the number of apartments or units occupied by a person or persons who is liable, by contract with the owner or owners of record, for paying property taxes on the property and is an owner of record of a legal or equitable interest in the cooperative apartment building, other than a leasehold interest. For purposes of this Section, the term "life care facility" has the meaning stated in Section 15-170.

"Household", as used in this Section, means the owner, the spouse of the owner, and all persons using the residence of the

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1 owner as their principal place of residence.

> "Household income", as used in this Section, means the combined income of the members of a household for the calendar year preceding the taxable year.

> "Income", as used in this Section, has the same meaning as provided in Section 3.07 of the Senior Citizens and Disabled Persons Property Tax Relief and Pharmaceutical Assistance Act, except that "income" does not include veteran's benefits.

> (g) In a cooperative where a homestead exemption has been granted, the cooperative association or its management firm shall credit the savings resulting from that exemption only to the apportioned tax liability of the owner who qualified for the exemption. Any person who willfully refuses to so credit the savings shall be quilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

> (h) Where married persons maintain and reside in separate residences qualifying as homestead property, each residence shall receive 50% of the total reduction in equalized assessed valuation provided by this Section.

> In all counties, the assessor or chief county assessment officer may determine the eligibility of residential property to receive the homestead exemption and the amount of the exemption by application, visual inspection, questionnaire or other reasonable methods. The determination shall be made in accordance with guidelines established by the Department, provided that the taxpayer applying for additional general exemption under this Section shall submit to

1 the chief county assessment officer an application with an affidavit of the applicant's total household income, age, 2 3 marital status (and, if married, the name and address of the 4 applicant's spouse, if known), and principal dwelling place of 5 members of the household on January 1 of the taxable year. The 6 Department shall issue quidelines establishing a method for verifying the accuracy of the affidavits filed by applicants 7 8 under this paragraph. The applications shall be clearly marked the Additional General 9 as applications for Homestead 10 Exemption.

(j) In counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, in the event of a sale of homestead property the homestead exemption shall remain in effect for the remainder of the assessment year of the sale. The assessor or chief county assessment officer may require the new owner of the property to apply for the homestead exemption for the following assessment year.

(k) Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the implementation of any mandate created by this Section.

21 (Source: P.A. 95-644, eff. 10-12-07.)

22 (35 ILCS 200/21-205)

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- 23 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 97-557)
- Sec. 21-205. Tax sale procedures. The collector, in person or by deputy, shall attend, on the day and in the place

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1 specified in the notice for the sale of property for taxes, and 2 shall, between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., or later at the collector's discretion, proceed to offer for sale, separately 3 and in consecutive order, all property in the list on which the taxes, special assessments, interest or costs have not been in any county with 3,000,000 paid. However, inhabitants, the offer for sale shall be made between 8:00 a.m. 7 and 8:00 p.m. The collector's office shall be kept open during all hours in which the sale is in progress. The sale shall be continued from day to day, until all property in the delinquent list has been offered for sale. However, any city, village or incorporated town interested in the collection of any tax or special assessment, may, in default of bidders, withdraw from collection the special assessment levied against any property by the corporate authorities of the city, village incorporated town. In case of a withdrawal, there shall be no sale of that property on account of the delinquent special assessment thereon.

In every sale of property pursuant to the provisions of this Code, the collector may employ any automated means that the collector deems appropriate, provided that bidders are required to personally attend the sale. The changes made by amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly are declarative of existing law.

25 (Source: P.A. 94-922, eff. 1-1-07.)

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1 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 97-557)

Sec. 21-205. Tax sale procedures. The collector, in person or by deputy, shall attend, on the day and in the place specified in the notice for the sale of property for taxes, and shall, between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., or later at the collector's discretion, proceed to offer for sale, separately and in consecutive order, all property in the list on which the taxes, special assessments, interest or costs have not been paid. However, in any county with 3,000,000 or inhabitants, the offer for sale shall be made between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. The collector's office shall be kept open during all hours in which the sale is in progress. The sale shall be continued from day to day, until all property in the delinquent list has been offered for sale. However, any city, village or incorporated town interested in the collection of any tax or special assessment, may, in default of bidders, withdraw from collection the special assessment levied against any property by the corporate authorities of the city, village or incorporated town. In case of a withdrawal, there shall be no sale of that property on account of the delinquent special assessment thereon.

Until <u>January 1, 2013</u> the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly, in every sale of property pursuant to the provisions of this Code, the collector may employ any automated means that the collector deems appropriate. Beginning on <u>January 1, 2013</u> the effective date of

this amendatory Net of the 97th General Assembly, either (i) the collector shall employ an automated bidding system that is programmed to accept the lowest redemption price bid by an eligible tax purchaser, subject to the penalty percentage limitation set forth in Section 21-215, or (ii) all tax sales shall be digitally recorded with video and audio. All bidders are required to personally attend the sale and, if automated means are used, all hardware and software used with respect to those automated means must be certified by the Department and re-certified by the Department every 5 years. If the tax sales are digitally recorded and no automated bidding system is used, then the recordings shall be maintained by the collector for a period of at least 3 years from the date of the tax sale. The changes made by this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly are declarative of existing law.

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section

(Source: P.A. 97-557, eff. 7-1-12.)

represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does

not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes

made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other

23 Public Act.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

1 becoming law.".