

Rep. Michael J. Zalewski

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1	AMENDMENT J	O HOUSE BILL 3005
2	AMENDMENT NO A	mend House Bill 3005 by replacing
3	the title with the following	
4	"AN ACT concerning paren	tage."; and
5	by replacing everything af	ter the enacting clause with the
6	following:	
7 8	"Section 5. The Juvenil changing Sections 1-3 and 6-9	e Court Act of 1987 is amended by 9 as follows:
9	(705 ILCS 405/1-3) (from	n Ch. 37, par. 801-3)
10	Sec. 1-3. Definitions. 5	Cerms used in this Act, unless the
11	context otherwise requires	s, have the following meanings
12	ascribed to them:	
13	(1) "Adjudicatory heari	ng" means a hearing to determine
14	whether the allegations of a	petition under Section 2-13, 3-15
15	or 4-12 that a minor under 1	3 years of age is abused, neglected

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1 or dependent, or requires authoritative intervention, or 2 addicted, respectively, are supported by a preponderance of the 3 evidence or whether the allegations of a petition under Section 4 5-520 that a minor is delinquent are proved beyond a reasonable 5 doubt.

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(2) "Adult" means a person 21 years of age or older.

7 (3) "Agency" means a public or private child care facility 8 legally authorized or licensed by this State for placement or 9 institutional care or for both placement and institutional 10 care.

11 (4) "Association" means any organization, public or 12 private, engaged in welfare functions which include services to 13 or on behalf of children but does not include "agency" as 14 herein defined.

15 (4.05) Whenever a "best interest" determination is 16 required, the following factors shall be considered in the 17 context of the child's age and developmental needs:

(a) the physical safety and welfare of the child,including food, shelter, health, and clothing;

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(b) the development of the child's identity;

(c) the child's background and ties, including
familial, cultural, and religious;

23 (d) the child's sense of attachments, including:

(i) where the child actually feels love,
attachment, and a sense of being valued (as opposed to
where adults believe the child should feel such love,

attachment, and a sense of being valued); 1 (ii) the child's sense of security; 2 3 (iii) the child's sense of familiarity; (iv) continuity of affection for the child; 4 5 (v) the least disruptive placement alternative for the child; 6 7 (e) the child's wishes and long-term goals; 8 (f) the child's community ties, including church, 9 school, and friends; 10 (q) the child's need for permanence which includes the child's need for stability and continuity of relationships 11 with parent figures and with siblings and other relatives; 12 (h) the uniqueness of every family and child; 13 14 (i) the risks attendant to entering and being in 15 substitute care; and 16 (j) the preferences of the persons available to care 17 for the child. (4.1) "Chronic truant" shall have the definition ascribed 18 to it in Section 26-2a of the School Code. 19 20 (5) "Court" means the circuit court in a session or 21 division assigned to hear proceedings under this Act. 22 (6) "Dispositional hearing" means a hearing to determine 23 whether a minor should be adjudged to be a ward of the court, 24 and to determine what order of disposition should be made in respect to a minor adjudged to be a ward of the court. 25 26 (7) "Emancipated minor" means any minor 16 years of age or

over who has been completely or partially emancipated under the
 Emancipation of Minors Act or under this Act.

3 (8) "Guardianship of the person" of a minor means the duty 4 and authority to act in the best interests of the minor, 5 subject to residual parental rights and responsibilities, to 6 make important decisions in matters having a permanent effect 7 on the life and development of the minor and to be concerned 8 with his or her general welfare. It includes but is not 9 necessarily limited to:

10 (a) the authority to consent to marriage, to enlistment 11 in the armed forces of the United States, or to a major 12 medical, psychiatric, and surgical treatment; to represent 13 the minor in legal actions; and to make other decisions of 14 substantial legal significance concerning the minor;

(b) the authority and duty of reasonable visitation,
except to the extent that these have been limited in the
best interests of the minor by court order;

18 (c) the rights and responsibilities of legal custody 19 except where legal custody has been vested in another 20 person or agency; and

(d) the power to consent to the adoption of the minor,
but only if expressly conferred on the guardian in
accordance with Section 2-29, 3-30, or 4-27.

(9) "Legal custody" means the relationship created by an
order of court in the best interests of the minor which imposes
on the custodian the responsibility of physical possession of a

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minor and the duty to protect, train and discipline him and to provide him with food, shelter, education and ordinary medical care, except as these are limited by residual parental rights and responsibilities and the rights and responsibilities of the guardian of the person, if any.

6 (9.1) "Mentally capable adult relative" means a person 21 7 years of age or older who is not suffering from a mental 8 illness that prevents him or her from providing the care 9 necessary to safeguard the physical safety and welfare of a 10 minor who is left in that person's care by the parent or 11 parents or other person responsible for the minor's welfare.

12 (10) "Minor" means a person under the age of 21 years13 subject to this Act.

(11) "Parent" means the father or mother of a child and 14 15 includes any adoptive parent. It also includes a man (i) whose 16 paternity is presumed or has been established under the law of this or another jurisdiction or (ii) who has registered with 17 the Putative Father Registry in accordance with Section 12.1 of 18 the Adoption Act and whose paternity has not been ruled out 19 20 under the law of this or another jurisdiction. It does not 21 include a parent whose rights in respect to the minor have been 22 terminated in any manner provided by law or a person who has been or could be determined to be a parent under the Illinois 23 24 Parentage Act of 1984, or similar parentage law in any other 25 state, who has:

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(a) been convicted or pled nolo contendere to any crime

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1 that resulted in the conception of the child, including, 2 but not limited to, Sections 11-11, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 3 12-15(a), 12-15(b), and 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 4 or a similar statute in another jurisdiction; or

5 (b) is currently charged with any of the offenses 6 listed in subsection (a) of this item (11) or similar 7 offenses in Illinois or another jurisdiction and the court 8 finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the acts 9 occurred and those acts resulted in the conception of the 10 child.

11 (11.1) "Permanency goal" means a goal set by the court as 12 defined in subdivision (2) of Section 2-28.

13 (11.2) "Permanency hearing" means a hearing to set the 14 permanency goal and to review and determine (i) the 15 appropriateness of the services contained in the plan and 16 whether those services have been provided, (ii) whether reasonable efforts have been made by all the parties to the 17 service plan to achieve the goal, and (iii) whether the plan 18 19 and goal have been achieved.

(12) "Petition" means the petition provided for in Section
2-13, 3-15, 4-12 or 5-520, including any supplemental petitions
thereunder in Section 3-15, 4-12 or 5-520.

(12.1) "Physically capable adult relative" means a person 24 21 years of age or older who does not have a severe physical 25 disability or medical condition, or is not suffering from 26 alcoholism or drug addiction, that prevents him or her from providing the care necessary to safeguard the physical safety and welfare of a minor who is left in that person's care by the parent or parents or other person responsible for the minor's welfare.

5 (13) "Residual parental rights and responsibilities" means 6 those rights and responsibilities remaining with the parent after the transfer of legal custody or guardianship of the 7 8 person, including, but not necessarily limited to, the right to 9 reasonable visitation (which may be limited by the court in the 10 best interests of the minor as provided in subsection (8) (b) of 11 this Section), the right to consent to adoption, the right to minor's religious affiliation, 12 determine the and the 13 responsibility for his support.

14 (14) "Shelter" means the temporary care of a minor in 15 physically unrestricting facilities pending court disposition 16 or execution of court order for placement.

17 (15) "Station adjustment" means the informal handling of an18 alleged offender by a juvenile police officer.

(16) "Ward of the court" means a minor who is so adjudged under Section 2-22, 3-23, 4-20 or 5-705, after a finding of the requisite jurisdictional facts, and thus is subject to the dispositional powers of the court under this Act.

(17) "Juvenile police officer" means a sworn police officer
who has completed a Basic Recruit Training Course, has been
assigned to the position of juvenile police officer by his or
her chief law enforcement officer and has completed the

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necessary juvenile officers training as prescribed by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board, or in the case of a State police officer, juvenile officer training approved by the Director of the Department of State Police.

5 (18) "Secure child care facility" means any child care 6 facility licensed by the Department of Children and Family Services to provide secure living arrangements for children 7 8 under 18 years of age who are subject to placement in 9 facilities under the Children and Family Services Act and who 10 are not subject to placement in facilities for whom standards 11 are established by the Department of Corrections under Section 3-15-2 of the Unified Code of Corrections. "Secure child care 12 13 facility" also means a facility that is designed and operated 14 to ensure that all entrances and exits from the facility, a 15 building, or a distinct part of the building are under the 16 exclusive control of the staff of the facility, whether or not the child has the freedom of movement within the perimeter of 17 the facility, building, or distinct part of the building. 18 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 96-168, eff. 8-10-09.) 19

(705 ILCS 405/6-9) (from Ch. 37, par. 806-9)
Sec. 6-9. Enforcement of liability of parents and others.
(1) If parentage is at issue in any proceeding under this
Act, other than cases involving those exceptions to the
definition of parent set out in item (11) in Section 1-3, then
the Illinois Parentage Act of 1984 shall apply and the court

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1 shall enter orders consistent with that Act. If it appears at any hearing that a parent or any other person named in the 2 3 petition, liable under the law for the support of the minor, is 4 able to contribute to his or her support, the court shall enter 5 an order requiring that parent or other person to pay the clerk 6 of the court, or to the quardian or custodian appointed under Sections 2-27, 3-28, 4-25 or 5-740, a reasonable sum from time 7 8 to time for the care, support and necessary special care or 9 treatment, of the minor. If the court determines at any hearing 10 that a parent or any other person named in the petition, liable 11 under the law for the support of the minor, is able to contribute to help defray the costs associated with the minor's 12 13 detention in a county or regional detention center, the court 14 shall enter an order requiring that parent or other person to 15 pay the clerk of the court a reasonable sum for the care and 16 support of the minor. The court may require reasonable security for the payments. Upon failure to pay, the court may enforce 17 obedience to the order by a proceeding as for contempt of 18 19 court.

If it appears that the person liable for the support of the minor is able to contribute to legal fees for representation of the minor, the court shall enter an order requiring that person to pay a reasonable sum for the representation, to the attorney providing the representation or to the clerk of the court for deposit in the appropriate account or fund. The sum may be paid as the court directs, and the payment thereof secured and 1

enforced as provided in this Section for support.

2 If it appears at the detention or shelter care hearing of a 3 minor before the court under Section 5-501 that a parent or any 4 other person liable for support of the minor is able to 5 contribute to his or her support, that parent or other person shall be required to pay a fee for room and board at a rate not 6 to exceed \$10 per day established, with the concurrence of the 7 chief judge of the judicial circuit, by the county board of the 8 9 county in which the minor is detained unless the court 10 determines that it is in the best interest and welfare of the minor to waive the fee. The concurrence of the chief judge 11 shall be in the form of an administrative order. Each week, on 12 13 a day designated by the clerk of the circuit court, that parent 14 or other person shall pay the clerk for the minor's room and 15 board. All fees for room and board collected by the circuit 16 court clerk shall be disbursed into the separate county fund 17 under Section 6-7.

18 Upon application, the court shall waive liability for 19 support or legal fees under this Section if the parent or other 20 person establishes that he or she is indigent and unable to pay 21 the incurred liability, and the court may reduce or waive 22 liability if the parent or other person establishes 23 circumstances showing that full payment of support or legal 24 fees would result in financial hardship to the person or his or 25 her family.

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(2) When a person so ordered to pay for the care and

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1 support of a minor is employed for wages, salary or commission, 2 the court may order him to make the support payments for which he is liable under this Act out of his wages, salary or 3 4 commission and to assign so much thereof as will pay the 5 support. The court may also order him to make discovery to the 6 court as to his place of employment and the amounts earned by him. Upon his failure to obey the orders of court he may be 7 8 punished as for contempt of court.

(3) If the minor is a recipient of public aid under the 9 10 Illinois Public Aid Code, the court shall order that payments 11 made by a parent or through assignment of his wages, salary or commission be made directly to (a) the Department of Healthcare 12 and Family Services if the minor is a recipient of aid under 13 14 Article V of the Code, (b) the Department of Human Services if 15 the minor is a recipient of aid under Article IV of the Code, 16 or (c) the local governmental unit responsible for the support of the minor if he is a recipient under Articles VI or VII of 17 18 the Code. The order shall permit the Department of Healthcare 19 and Family Services, the Department of Human Services, or the 20 local governmental unit, as the case may be, to direct that 21 subsequent payments be made directly to the guardian or 22 custodian of the minor, or to some other person or agency in 23 the minor's behalf, upon removal of the minor from the public 24 aid rolls; and upon such direction and removal of the minor 25 from the public aid rolls, the Department of Healthcare and 26 Family Services, Department of Human Services, or local 09700HB3005ham002 -12- LRB097 09026 AJO 53630 a

1	governmental unit, as the case requires, shall give written	
2	notice of such action to the court. Payments received by the	
3	Department of Healthcare and Family Services, Department of	
4	Human Services, or local governmental unit are to be covered,	
5	respectively, into the General Revenue Fund of the State	
6	Treasury or General Assistance Fund of the governmental unit,	
7	as provided in Section 10-19 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.	
8	(Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)	
9	Section 10. The Illinois Parentage Act of 1984 is amended	
10	by changing Section 6.5 as follows:	
11	(750 ILCS 45/6.5)	
12	Sec. 6.5. Custody or visitation by sex offender prohibited.	
13	A person found to be the father of a child under this Act, and	
14	the back	
15	who has <u>:</u>	
ТĴ	<u>(1)</u> been convicted of or who has pled guilty <u>or nolo</u>	
16	_	
16	<u>(1)</u> been convicted of or who has pled guilty <u>or nolo</u> <u>contendre</u> to a violation of Section 11-11 (sexual relations	
16 17	(1) been convicted of or who has pled guilty <u>or nolo</u> <u>contendre</u> to a violation of Section 11-11 (sexual relations within families), Section 12-13 (criminal sexual assault),	
16 17 18	(1) been convicted of or who has pled guilty or nolo contendre to a violation of Section 11-11 (sexual relations within families), Section 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), Section 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),	
16 17 18 19	(1) been convicted of or who has pled guilty or nolo contendre to a violation of Section 11-11 (sexual relations within families), Section 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), Section 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), Section 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a	
16 17 18 19 20	(1) been convicted of or who has pled guilty or nolo contendre to a violation of Section 11-11 (sexual relations within families), Section 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), Section 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), Section 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), Section 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), or Section	
16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) been convicted of or who has pled guilty or nolo contendre to a violation of Section 11-11 (sexual relations within families), Section 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), Section 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), Section 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), Section 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), or Section 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse) of the Criminal	

1 <u>item (1) or similar offense in Illinois or another</u> 2 <u>jurisdiction and the court finds by clear and convincing</u> 3 <u>evidence that the acts occurred and those acts resulted in</u> 4 <u>the conception of that child</u>,

5 shall not be entitled to custody of or visitation with that 6 child without the consent of the mother or quardian, unless the quardian of the child is other than the father of the child who 7 has been convicted of or pled guilty or nolo contendre to one 8 of the offenses listed in this Section, or, in cases where the 9 mother is a minor, the guardian of the mother of the child, 10 11 unless the quardian of the mother is the father of the child who has been convicted or pled quilty or nolo contendre to one 12 of the offenses listed in this Section. Notwithstanding any 13 14 other provision of this Act, nothing in this Section shall be 15 construed to relieve the father of any support and maintenance 16 obligations to the child under this Act.

17 (Source: P.A. 94-928, eff. 6-26-06.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".