HB0909 Enrolled

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Public Corruption Profit Forfeiture Act is
amended by changing Section 10 as follows:

6 (5 ILCS 283/10)

7 Sec. 10. Penalties.

8 (a) A person who is convicted of a violation of any of the 9 following Sections, subsections, and clauses of the Criminal 10 Code of 1961:

11 (1) clause (a) (6) of Section 12-6 (intimidation by a 12 public official),

13

(2) Section 33-1 (bribery), or

14 (3) subsection (a) of Section 33E-7 (kickbacks), or

15 <u>(4) Section 33C-4 or subsection (d) of Section 17-10.3</u> (fraudulently obtaining public moneys reserved for disadvantaged business enterprises),

18 shall forfeit to the State of Illinois:

(A) any profits or proceeds and any property or
property interest he or she has acquired or maintained in
violation of any of the offenses listed in clauses (1)
through (4) (3) of this subsection (a) that the court
determines, after a forfeiture hearing under subsection

1 2

3

(b) of this Section, to have been acquired or maintained as a result of violating any of the offenses listed in clauses (1) through (4) (3) of this subsection (a); and

(B) any interest in, security of, claim against, or 4 property or contractual right of any kind affording a 5 source of influence over, any enterprise which he or she 6 7 established, operated, controlled, conducted, has or participated in the conduct of, in violation of any of the 8 9 offenses listed in clauses (1) through (4) $\frac{(3)}{(3)}$ of this 10 subsection (a) that the court determines, after а 11 forfeiture hearing under subsection (b) of this Section, to 12 have been acquired or maintained as a result of violating any of the offenses listed in clauses (1) through (4) $\frac{(3)}{(3)}$ 13 of this subsection (a) or used to facilitate a violation of 14 15 one of the offenses listed in clauses (1) through (4) (3)16 of this subsection (a).

17 (b) The court shall, upon petition by the Attorney General or State's Attorney, at any time after the filing of an 18 19 information or return of an indictment, conduct a hearing to 20 determine whether any property or property interest is subject to forfeiture under this Act. At the forfeiture hearing the 21 22 people shall have the burden of establishing, by a 23 preponderance of the evidence, that property or property 24 interests are subject to forfeiture under this Act. There is a 25 rebuttable presumption at such hearing that any property or 26 property interest of a person charged by information or

HB0909 Enrolled - 3 - LRB097 03728 RLC 43765 b

indictment with a violation of any of the offenses listed in clauses (1) through (4) (3) of subsection (a) of this Section or who is convicted of a violation of any of the offenses listed in clauses (1) through (4) (3) of subsection (a) of this Section is subject to forfeiture under this Section if the State establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that:

(1) such property or property interest was acquired by
such person during the period of the violation of any of
the offenses listed in clauses (1) through (4) (3) of
subsection (a) of this Section or within a reasonable time
after such period; and

12 (2) there was no likely source for such property or 13 property interest other than the violation of any of the 14 offenses listed in clauses (1) through <u>(4)</u> (3) of 15 subsection (a) of this Section.

16 (c) In an action brought by the People of the State of 17 Illinois under this Act, wherein any restraining order, injunction or prohibition or any other action in connection 18 with any property or property interest subject to forfeiture 19 20 under this Act is sought, the circuit court which shall preside 21 over the trial of the person or persons charged with any of the 22 offenses listed in clauses (1) through (4) (3) of subsection 23 (a) of this Section shall first determine whether there is 24 probable cause to believe that the person or persons so charged 25 have committed a violation of any of the offenses listed in clauses (1) through (4) $\frac{(3)}{(3)}$ of subsection (a) of this Section 26

HB0909 Enrolled - 4 - LRB097 03728 RLC 43765 b

and whether the property or property interest is subject to
 forfeiture pursuant to this Act.

In order to make such a determination, prior to entering 3 any such order, the court shall conduct a hearing without a 4 5 jury, wherein the People shall establish that there is: (i) probable cause that the person or persons so charged have 6 7 committed one of the offenses listed in clauses (1) through (4) 8 (3) of subsection (a) of this Section and (ii) probable cause 9 that any property or property interest may be subject to 10 forfeiture pursuant to this Act. Such hearing may be conducted 11 simultaneously with a preliminary hearing, if the prosecution 12 is commenced by information or complaint, or by motion of the People, at any stage in the proceedings. The court may accept a 13 finding of probable cause at a preliminary hearing following 14 15 the filing of a charge for violating one of the offenses listed 16 in clauses (1) through (4) $\frac{(3)}{(3)}$ of subsection (a) of this 17 Section or the return of an indictment by a grand jury charging one of the offenses listed in clauses (1) through (4) $\frac{(3)}{(3)}$ of 18 subsection (a) of this Section as sufficient evidence of 19 20 probable cause as provided in item (i) above.

Upon such a finding, the circuit court shall enter such restraining order, injunction or prohibition, or shall take such other action in connection with any such property or property interest subject to forfeiture under this Act, as is necessary to insure that such property is not removed from the jurisdiction of the court, concealed, destroyed or otherwise HB0909 Enrolled - 5 - LRB097 03728 RLC 43765 b

disposed of by the owner of that property or property interest 1 2 prior to a forfeiture hearing under subsection (b) of this Section. The Attorney General or State's Attorney shall file a 3 certified copy of such restraining order, injunction or other 4 5 prohibition with the recorder of deeds or registrar of titles 6 of each county where any such property of the defendant may be located. No such injunction, restraining order or other 7 8 prohibition shall affect the rights of any bona fide purchaser, 9 mortgagee, judgment creditor or other lien holder arising prior 10 to the date of such filing.

11 The court may, at any time, upon verified petition by the 12 defendant, conduct a hearing to release all or portions of any 13 such property or interest which the court previously determined 14 to be subject to forfeiture or subject to any restraining 15 order, injunction, or prohibition or other action. The court 16 may release such property to the defendant for good cause shown 17 and within the sound discretion of the court.

18 (d) Prosecution under this Act may be commenced by the19 Attorney General or a State's Attorney.

(e) Upon an order of forfeiture being entered pursuant to subsection (b) of this Section, the court shall authorize the Attorney General to seize any property or property interest declared forfeited under this Act and under such terms and conditions as the court shall deem proper. Any property or property interest that has been the subject of an entered restraining order, injunction or prohibition or any other HB0909 Enrolled - 6 - LRB097 03728 RLC 43765 b

action filed under subsection (c) shall be forfeited unless the 1 2 claimant can show by a preponderance of the evidence that the 3 property or property interest has not been acquired or maintained as a result of a violation of any of the offenses 4 5 listed in clauses (1) through (4) $\frac{(3)}{(3)}$ of subsection (a) of this Section or has not been used to facilitate a violation of any 6 7 of the offenses listed in clauses (1) through (4) (3) of 8 subsection (a) of this Section.

9 (f) The Attorney General or his or her designee is 10 authorized to sell all property forfeited and seized pursuant 11 to this Act, unless such property is required by law to be 12 destroyed or is harmful to the public, and, after the deduction 13 of all requisite expenses of administration and sale, shall 14 distribute the proceeds of such sale, along with any moneys 15 forfeited or seized, in accordance with subsection (g).

16 (g) All monies and the sale proceeds of all other property 17 forfeited and seized pursuant to this Act shall be distributed 18 as follows:

19 (1) An amount equal to 50% shall be distributed to the 20 unit of local government or other law enforcement agency 21 whose officers or employees conducted the investigation 22 into a violation of any of the offenses listed in clauses 23 (1) through (4) (3) of subsection (a) of this Section and caused the arrest or arrests and prosecution leading to the 24 25 forfeiture. Amounts distributed to units of local 26 government and law enforcement agencies shall be used for HB0909 Enrolled - 7 - LRB097 03728 RLC 43765 b

enforcement of laws governing public corruption, or for 1 other law enforcement purposes. In the event, however, that 2 3 investigation, arrest or arrests and prosecution the leading to the forfeiture were undertaken solely by a State 4 5 agency, the portion provided hereunder shall be paid into 6 the State Asset Forfeiture Fund in the State treasury to be 7 used by that State agency in accordance with law. If the 8 investigation, arrest or arrests and prosecution leading 9 to the forfeiture were undertaken by the Attorney General, 10 the portion provided hereunder shall be paid into the 11 Attorney General's Whistleblower Reward and Protection 12 Fund in the State treasury to be used by the Attorney General in accordance with law. 13

14 (2) An amount equal to 12.5% shall be distributed to 15 the county in which the prosecution resulting in the 16 forfeiture was instituted, deposited in a special fund in 17 county treasury and appropriated to the State's the Attorney for use in accordance with law. If the prosecution 18 19 was conducted by the Attorney General, then the amount provided under this subsection shall be paid into the 20 Attorney General's Whistleblower Reward and Protection 21 22 Fund in the State treasury to be used by the Attorney 23 General in accordance with law.

(3) An amount equal to 12.5% shall be distributed to
the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor
and deposited in the State's Attorneys Appellate

HB0909 Enrolled - 8 - LRB097 03728 RLC 43765 b

Prosecutor Anti-Corruption Fund, to be used by the Office 1 2 State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor of the for additional incurred in 3 prosecuting expenses appeals arising under this Act. Any amounts remaining in the Fund 4 5 after all additional expenses have been paid shall be used 6 bv the Office to reduce the participating county 7 contributions to the Office on a prorated basis as 8 determined by the board of governors of the Office of the 9 State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor based on the 10 populations of the participating counties. If the appeal is 11 to be conducted by the Attorney General, then the amount 12 provided under this subsection shall be paid into the Attorney General's Whistleblower Reward and Protection 13 14 Fund in the State treasury to be used by the Attorney 15 General in accordance with law.

16 (4) An amount equal to 25% shall be paid into the State 17 Asset Forfeiture Fund in the State treasury to be used by the Department of State Police for the funding of the 18 19 investigation of public corruption activities. Any amounts 20 remaining in the Fund after full funding of such 21 investigations shall be used by the Department in 22 accordance with law to fund its other enforcement 23 activities.

(h) All moneys deposited pursuant to this Act in the State
Asset Forfeiture Fund shall, subject to appropriation, be used
by the Department of State Police in the manner set forth in

HB0909 Enrolled - 9 - LRB097 03728 RLC 43765 b

1 this Section. All moneys deposited pursuant to this Act in the 2 Attorney General's Whistleblower Reward and Protection Fund shall, subject to appropriation, be used by the Attorney 3 4 General for State law enforcement purposes and for the 5 performance of the duties of that office. All moneys deposited 6 pursuant to this Act in the State's Attorneys Appellate Anti-Corruption 7 Prosecutor Fund shall, subject to appropriation, be used by the Office of the State's Attorneys 8 Appellate Prosecutor in the manner set forth in this Section. 9

10 (Source: P.A. 96-1019, eff. 1-1-11.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.