

Rep. Frank J. Mautino

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1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 805
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 805 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by
5	changing Section 1-2-1 as follows:
6	(65 ILCS 5/1-2-1) (from Ch. 24, par. 1-2-1)
7	Sec. 1-2-1. The corporate authorities of each municipality
8	may pass all ordinances and make all rules and regulations
9	proper or necessary, to carry into effect the powers granted to
10	municipalities, with such fines or penalties as may be deemed
11	proper. No fine or penalty, however, except civil penalties
12	provided for failure to make returns or to pay any taxes levied
13	by the municipality and civil penalties imposed pursuant to an
14	ordinance adopted under Section 22.56 of the Environmental
15	Protection Act, shall exceed \$750 and no imprisonment
16	authorized in Section 1-2-9 for failure to pay any fine,

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1 penalty or cost shall exceed 6 months for one offense.

A penalty imposed for violation of an ordinance may include, or consist of, a requirement that the defendant do one or both of the following:

5 (1) Complete an education program, except that a holder 6 of a valid commercial driver's license who commits a 7 vehicle weight or size restriction violation shall not be 8 required to complete an education program under this 9 Section.

10 (2) Perform some reasonable public service work such as
11 but not limited to the picking up of litter in public parks
12 or along public highways or the maintenance of public
13 facilities.

14 A default in the payment of a fine or penalty or any 15 installment of a fine or penalty may be collected by any means 16 authorized for the collection of monetary judgments. The municipal attorney of the municipality in which the fine or 17 18 penalty was imposed may retain attorneys and private collection agents for the purpose of collecting any default in payment of 19 20 any fine or penalty or installment of that fine or penalty. Any 21 fees or costs incurred by the municipality with respect to 22 attorneys or private collection agents retained by the 23 municipal attorney under this Section shall be charged to the 24 offender.

A low-income individual required to complete an education program under this Section who provides proof of eligibility 09700HB0805ham001 -3- LRB097 03634 JDS 52814 a

for the federal earned income tax credit under Section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code or the Illinois earned income tax credit under Section 212 of the Illinois Income Tax Act shall not be required to pay any fee for participating in a required education program.

6 (Source: P.A. 95-389, eff. 1-1-08; 96-288, eff. 8-11-09.)

Section 10. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by
adding Section 22.56 and by changing Section 42 as follows:

9 (415 ILCS 5/22.56 new)

Sec. 22.56. Local regulation of sludge application. 10 11 (a) A unit of local government in a county with a 12 population between 110,000 and 115,000 and a county with a 13 population between 34,000 and 35,500 is specifically 14 authorized to adopt an ordinance requiring that any person applying sludge, as defined in Section 3.465, to land within 15 the jurisdiction of that unit of local government: 16 17 (1) must notify the property owners, townships, and 18 county of the site where the sludge is to be applied at 19 least 7 days before the application of the sludge;

20 (2) must identify the exact location of the site where
21 the sludge is to be applied;

22 (3) must not stockpile sludge at the same site for a
 23 period of more than 30 days between applications;

24 (4) must not dump sludge in open trenches or bury

1	sludge; and
2	(5) must document laboratory testing of the sludge to
3	determine the presence of any hazardous substance or
4	contaminant.
5	(b) A unit of local government in a county with a
6	population between 110,000 and 115,000 and a county with a
7	population between 34,000 and 35,500 is specifically
8	authorized to adopt an ordinance imposing a fee on any person
9	engaging in the application of sludge to land within the
10	jurisdiction of that unit of local government, not to exceed
11	20¢ per ton of sludge applied.
12	(c) A unit of local government in a county with a
13	population between 110,000 and 115,000 and a county with a
14	population between 34,000 and 35,500 is specifically
15	authorized to adopt an ordinance imposing a civil penalty in an
16	amount specified in the ordinance upon (i) any person who
17	applies sludge to land within the jurisdiction of that unit of
18	local government in a manner that results in the release of any
19	hazardous substance, as defined in Section 3.215, or any other
20	contaminant that the unit of government has found to be
21	injurious to the public health and safety of the community, and
22	(ii) any person who owned or leased that land and gave actual
23	or constructive consent to that application of sludge.
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25 (415 ILCS 5/42) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1042)

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Sec. 42. Civil penalties.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, 2 anv 3 person that violates any provision of this Act or anv 4 regulation adopted by the Board, or any permit or term or 5 condition thereof, or that violates any order of the Board pursuant to this Act, shall be liable for a civil penalty of 6 not to exceed \$50,000 for the violation and an additional civil 7 penalty of not to exceed \$10,000 for each day during which the 8 9 violation continues; such penalties may, upon order of the 10 Board or a court of competent jurisdiction, be made payable to 11 the Environmental Protection Trust Fund, to be used in accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Protection 12 13 Trust Fund Act.

14 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of 15 this Section:

(1) Any person that violates Section 12(f) of this Act
or any NPDES permit or term or condition thereof, or any
filing requirement, regulation or order relating to the
NPDES permit program, shall be liable to a civil penalty of
not to exceed \$10,000 per day of violation.

(2) Any person that violates Section 12(g) of this Act
or any UIC permit or term or condition thereof, or any
filing requirement, regulation or order relating to the
State UIC program for all wells, except Class II wells as
defined by the Board under this Act, shall be liable to a
civil penalty not to exceed \$2,500 per day of violation;

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provided, however, that any person who commits such violations relating to the State UIC program for Class II wells, as defined by the Board under this Act, shall be liable to a civil penalty of not to exceed \$10,000 for the violation and an additional civil penalty of not to exceed \$1,000 for each day during which the violation continues.

7 (3) Any person that violates Sections 21(f), 21(g), 8 21(h) or 21(i) of this Act, or any RCRA permit or term or 9 condition thereof, or any filing requirement, regulation 10 or order relating to the State RCRA program, shall be 11 liable to a civil penalty of not to exceed \$25,000 per day 12 of violation.

13 (4) In an administrative citation action under Section 14 31.1 of this Act, any person found to have violated any 15 provision of subsection (o) of Section 21 of this Act shall 16 pay a civil penalty of \$500 for each violation of each such 17 provision, plus any hearing costs incurred by the Board and 18 the Agency. Such penalties shall be made payable to the Environmental Protection Trust Fund, to be used in 19 20 accordance with the provisions of the Environmental 21 Protection Trust Fund Act; except that if a unit of local 22 government issued the administrative citation, 50% of the civil penalty shall be payable to the unit of local 23 24 government.

25 (4-5) In an administrative citation action under
26 Section 31.1 of this Act, any person found to have violated

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1 any provision of subsection (p) of Section 21, Section 22.51, Section 22.51a, or subsection (k) of Section 55 of 2 3 this Act shall pay a civil penalty of \$1,500 for each violation of each such provision, plus any hearing costs 4 5 incurred by the Board and the Agency, except that the civil penalty amount shall be \$3,000 for each violation of any 6 provision of subsection (p) of Section 21, Section 22.51, 7 8 Section 22.51a, or subsection (k) of Section 55 that is the 9 person's second or subsequent adjudication violation of 10 that provision. The penalties shall be deposited into the 11 Environmental Protection Trust Fund, to be used in accordance with the provisions of the Environmental 12 13 Protection Trust Fund Act; except that if a unit of local 14 government issued the administrative citation, 50% of the 15 civil penalty shall be payable to the unit of local 16 government.

17 (5) Any person who violates subsection 6 of Section 18 39.5 of this Act or any CAAPP permit, or term or condition 19 thereof, or any fee or filing requirement, or any duty to 20 allow or carry out inspection, entry or monitoring 21 activities, or any regulation or order relating to the 22 CAAPP shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed 23 \$10,000 per day of violation.

(6) Any owner or operator of a community water system
that violates subsection (b) of Section 18.1 or subsection
(a) of Section 25d-3 of this Act shall, for each day of

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violation, be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed \$5
 for each of the premises connected to the affected
 community water system.

4 (b.5) In lieu of the penalties set forth in subsections (a) 5 and (b) of this Section, any person who fails to file, in a 6 timely manner, toxic chemical release forms with the Agency pursuant to Section 25b-2 of this Act shall be liable for a 7 8 civil penalty of \$100 per day for each day the forms are late, 9 not to exceed a maximum total penalty of \$6,000. This daily 10 penalty shall begin accruing on the thirty-first day after the 11 date that the person receives the warning notice issued by the Agency pursuant to Section 25b-6 of this Act; and the penalty 12 13 shall be paid to the Agency. The daily accrual of penalties 14 shall cease as of January 1 of the following year. All 15 penalties collected by the Agency pursuant to this subsection 16 shall be deposited into the Environmental Protection Permit and 17 Inspection Fund.

18 (c) Any person that violates this Act, any rule or 19 regulation adopted under this Act, any permit or term or 20 condition of a permit, or any Board order and causes the death of fish or aquatic life shall, in addition to the other 21 22 penalties provided by this Act, be liable to pay to the State 23 an additional sum for the reasonable value of the fish or 24 aquatic life destroyed. Any money so recovered shall be placed 25 in the Wildlife and Fish Fund in the State Treasury.

26 (d) The penalties provided for in this Section may be

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1 recovered in a civil action.

2 The State's Attorney of the county in which the (e) 3 violation occurred, or the Attorney General, may, at the 4 request of the Agency or on his own motion, institute a civil 5 action for an injunction, prohibitory or mandatory, to restrain 6 violations of this Act, any rule or regulation adopted under this Act, any permit or term or condition of a permit, or any 7 8 Board order, or to require such other actions as may be necessary to address violations of this Act, any rule or 9 10 regulation adopted under this Act, any permit or term or 11 condition of a permit, or any Board order.

The State's Attorney of the county in which the 12 (f) 13 violation occurred, or the Attorney General, shall bring such actions in the name of the people of the State of Illinois. 14 15 Without limiting any other authority which may exist for the 16 awarding of attorney's fees and costs, the Board or a court of competent jurisdiction may award costs and 17 reasonable 18 attorney's fees, including the reasonable costs of expert 19 witnesses and consultants, to the State's Attorney or the 20 Attorney General in a case where he has prevailed against a person who has committed a wilful, knowing or repeated 21 22 violation of this Act, any rule or regulation adopted under 23 this Act, any permit or term or condition of a permit, or any 24 Board order.

25 Any funds collected under this subsection (f) in which the 26 Attorney General has prevailed shall be deposited in the 09700HB0805ham001 -10- LRB097 03634 JDS 52814 a

Hazardous Waste Fund created in Section 22.2 of this Act. Any funds collected under this subsection (f) in which a State's Attorney has prevailed shall be retained by the county in which he serves.

5 (g) All final orders imposing civil penalties pursuant to this Section shall prescribe the time for payment of such 6 penalties. If any such penalty is not paid within the time 7 8 prescribed, interest on such penalty at the rate set forth in 9 subsection (a) of Section 1003 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, 10 shall be paid for the period from the date payment is due until 11 the date payment is received. However, if the time for payment is stayed during the pendency of an appeal, interest shall not 12 13 accrue during such stay.

(h) In determining the appropriate civil penalty to be
imposed under subdivisions (a), (b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), or
(b)(5) of this Section, the Board is authorized to consider any
matters of record in mitigation or aggravation of penalty,
including but not limited to the following factors:

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(1) the duration and gravity of the violation;

20 (2) the presence or absence of due diligence on the 21 part of the respondent in attempting to comply with 22 requirements of this Act and regulations thereunder or to 23 secure relief therefrom as provided by this Act;

(3) any economic benefits accrued by the respondent
 because of delay in compliance with requirements, in which
 case the economic benefits shall be determined by the

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lowest cost alternative for achieving compliance;

- 2 (4) the amount of monetary penalty which will serve to 3 deter further violations by the respondent and to otherwise 4 aid in enhancing voluntary compliance with this Act by the 5 respondent and other persons similarly subject to the Act;
- 6 (5) the number, proximity in time, and gravity of 7 previously adjudicated violations of this Act by the 8 respondent;
- 9 (6) whether the respondent voluntarily self-disclosed, 10 in accordance with subsection (i) of this Section, the 11 non-compliance to the Agency; and
- 12 (7) whether the respondent has agreed to undertake a 13 "supplemental environmental project," which means an 14 environmentally beneficial project that a respondent 15 agrees to undertake in settlement of an enforcement action 16 brought under this Act, but which the respondent is not 17 otherwise legally required to perform.

18 In determining the appropriate civil penalty to be imposed 19 under subsection (a) or paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (5) of 20 subsection (b) of this Section, the Board shall ensure, in all 21 cases, that the penalty is at least as great as the economic 22 benefits, if any, accrued by the respondent as a result of the 23 violation, unless the Board finds that imposition of such 24 penalty would result in an arbitrary or unreasonable financial 25 hardship. However, such civil penalty may be off-set in whole 26 or in part pursuant to a supplemental environmental project 1

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agreed to by the complainant and the respondent.

(i) A person who voluntarily self-discloses non-compliance
to the Agency, of which the Agency had been unaware, is
entitled to a 100% reduction in the portion of the penalty that
is not based on the economic benefit of non-compliance if the
person can establish the following:

7 (1) that the non-compliance was discovered through an
8 environmental audit or a compliance management system
9 documented by the regulated entity as reflecting the
10 regulated entity's due diligence in preventing, detecting,
11 and correcting violations;

12 (2) that the non-compliance was disclosed in writing 13 within 30 days of the date on which the person discovered 14 it;

15 (3) that the non-compliance was discovered and16 disclosed prior to:

17 (i) the commencement of an Agency inspection,
18 investigation, or request for information;

(ii) notice of a citizen suit;

(iii) the filing of a complaint by a citizen, the
Illinois Attorney General, or the State's Attorney of
the county in which the violation occurred;

(iv) the reporting of the non-compliance by an
employee of the person without that person's
knowledge; or

(v) imminent discovery of the non-compliance by

the Agency; 1 (4) that the non-compliance is being corrected and any 2 3 environmental harm is being remediated in a timely fashion; (5) that the person agrees to prevent a recurrence of 4 5 the non-compliance; that no related non-compliance events 6 (6) have 7 occurred in the past 3 years at the same facility or in the 8 past 5 years as part of a pattern at multiple facilities 9 owned or operated by the person; 10 (7) that the non-compliance did not result in serious actual harm or present an imminent and substantial 11 endangerment to human health or the environment or violate 12 13 the specific terms of any judicial or administrative order 14 or consent agreement; 15 (8) that the person cooperates as reasonably requested by the Agency after the disclosure; and 16 17 (9) that the non-compliance was identified voluntarily and not through a monitoring, sampling, or auditing 18 19 procedure that is required by statute, rule, permit, 20 judicial or administrative order, or consent agreement. If a person can establish all of the elements under this 21 22 subsection except the element set forth in paragraph (1) of 23 this subsection, the person is entitled to a 75% reduction in 24 the portion of the penalty that is not based upon the economic

25 benefit of non-compliance.

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(j) In addition to an other remedy or penalty that may

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apply, whether civil or criminal, any person who violates 1 Section 22.52 of this Act shall be liable for an additional 2 3 civil penalty of up to 3 times the gross amount of any 4 pecuniary gain resulting from the violation. 5 (k) The imposition of a civil penalty by a unit of local 6 government pursuant to an ordinance adopted under Section 22.56 7 does not prevent the imposition of an additional civil penalty 8 under this Section. 9 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 96-603, eff. 8-24-09; 10 96-737, eff. 8-25-09; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1416, eff. 7-30-10.) 11

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".