1 AN ACT concerning violent offenders against youth.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Child Murderer and Violent Offender Agai	nder Against
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- 5 Youth Registration Act is amended by changing Section 5 as
- 6 follows:

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- 7 (730 ILCS 154/5)
- 8 Sec. 5. Definitions.
- 9 (a) As used in this Act, "violent offender against youth"
  10 means any person who is:
  - (1) charged pursuant to Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, with a violent offense against youth set forth in subsection (b) of this Section or the attempt to commit an included violent offense against youth, and:
    - (A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
      - (B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
      - (C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or

an attempt to commit such offense; or

- (D) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged commission or attempted commission of such offense; or
- (E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity following a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the attempted commission of such offense; or
- (F) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged violation or attempted commission of such offense; or
- (2) adjudicated a juvenile delinquent as the result of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in subsection (b) or (c-5) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country

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law, or found guilty under Article V of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in subsection (b) or (c-5) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law.

Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Act as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Act.

For purposes of this Section, "convicted" shall have the same meaning as "adjudicated". For the purposes of this Act, a person who is defined as a violent offender against youth as a result of being adjudicated a juvenile delinquent under paragraph (2) of this subsection (a) upon attaining 17 years of age shall be considered as having committed the violent offense against youth on or after the 17th birthday of the violent offender against youth. Registration of juveniles attaining 17 years of age shall not extend the original registration of 10 years from the date of conviction.

- (b) As used in this Act, "violent offense against youth" means:
- 25 (1) A violation of any of the following Sections of the 26 Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18

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	years or age, the derendant is not a parent of the victim,
2	and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1996:
3	10-1 (kidnapping),
4	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
5	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
6	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint) <sub><math>L</math></sub> -
7	12-3.2 (domestic battery),
8	12-3.3 (aggravated domestic battery),
9	12-4 (aggravated battery),
10	12-4.1 (heinous battery),
11	12-4.3 (aggravated battery of a child),
12	12-4.4 (aggravated battery of an unborn child),
13	12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child).
14	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
15	(2) First degree murder under Section 9-1 of the
16	Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim was a person under
17	18 years of age and the defendant was at least 17 years of
18	age at the time of the commission of the offense.
19	(3) Child abduction under paragraph (10) of subsection
20	(b) of Section 10-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 committed
21	by luring or attempting to lure a child under the age of 16

(4) A violation or attempted violation of any of the

into a motor vehicle, building, house trailer, or dwelling

place without the consent of the parent or lawful custodian

of the child for other than a lawful purpose and the

offense was committed on or after January 1, 1998.

following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the offense was committed on or after July 1, 1999:

3 10-4 (forcible detention, if the victim is under 18 years of age).

- (5) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this subsection (b).
- (c) A conviction for an offense of federal law, Uniform Code of Military Justice, or the law of another state or a foreign country that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsections (b) and (c-5) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Act.
- (c-5) A person at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense who is convicted of first degree murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, against a person under 18 years of age, shall be required to register for natural life. A conviction for an offense of federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this subsection (c-5) shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Act. This subsection (c-5) applies to a person who committed the offense before June 1, 1996 only if the person is incarcerated in an Illinois Department of Corrections facility on August 20, 2004.
- (d) As used in this Act, "law enforcement agency having jurisdiction" means the Chief of Police in each of the

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- municipalities in which the violent offender against youth expects to reside, work, or attend school (1) upon his or her discharge, parole or release or (2) during the service of his or her sentence of probation or conditional discharge, or the Sheriff of the county, in the event no Police Chief exists or if the offender intends to reside, work, or attend school in an area. "Law enforcement agency unincorporated having jurisdiction" includes the location where out-of-state students attend school and where out-of-state employees are employed or are otherwise required to register.
  - (e) As used in this Act, "supervising officer" means the assigned Illinois Department of Corrections parole agent or county probation officer.
  - (f) As used in this Act, "out-of-state student" means any violent offender against youth who is enrolled in Illinois, on a full-time or part-time basis, in any public or private educational institution, including, but not limited to, any secondary school, trade or professional institution, institution of higher learning.
  - (g) As used in this Act, "out-of-state employee" means any violent offender against youth who works in Illinois, regardless of whether the individual receives payment for services performed, for a period of time of 10 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of 30 or more days during any calendar year. Persons who operate motor vehicles in the State accrue one day of employment time for any portion of a day

- 1 spent in Illinois.
- 2 (h) As used in this Act, "school" means any public or
- 3 private educational institution, including, but not limited
- 4 to, any elementary or secondary school, trade or professional
- 5 institution, or institution of higher education.
- 6 (i) As used in this Act, "fixed residence" means any and
- 7 all places that a violent offender against youth resides for an
- 8 aggregate period of time of 5 or more days in a calendar year.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 94-945, eff. 6-27-06.)
- 10 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 11 becoming law.