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AN ACT concerning violent offenders against youth.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against
Youth Registration Act is amended by changing Section 5 as
follows:

7 (730 ILCS 154/5)

8 Sec. 5. Definitions.

9 (a) As used in this Act, "violent offender against youth"10 means any person who is:

(1) (1) charged pursuant to Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, with a violent offense against youth set forth in subsection (b) of this Section or the attempt to commit an included violent offense against youth, and:

17 (A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt to18 commit such offense; or

(B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity of
such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or

(C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
 pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the
 Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or

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an attempt to commit such offense; or

2 (D) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an 3 acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to 4 subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of 5 Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged commission 6 or attempted commission of such offense; or

7 (E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity 8 following a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal, 9 Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or 10 foreign country law substantially similar to 11 subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of 12 Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the 13 attempted commission of such offense; or

(F) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an
acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal,
Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or
foreign country law substantially similar to
subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged violation or
attempted commission of such offense; or

(2) adjudicated a juvenile delinquent as the result of
committing or attempting to commit an act which, if
committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses
specified in subsection (b) or (c-5) of this Section or a
violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform
Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country

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1 law, or found guilty under Article V of the Juvenile Court 2 Act of 1987 of committing or attempting to commit an act 3 which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of 4 the offenses specified in subsection (b) or (c-5) of this 5 Section or a violation of any substantially similar 6 federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or 7 foreign country law.

8 Convictions that result from or are connected with the same 9 act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall 10 be counted for the purpose of this Act as one conviction. Any 11 conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for 12 purposes of this Act.

13 For purposes of this Section, "convicted" shall have the 14 same meaning as "adjudicated". For the purposes of this Act, a 15 person who is defined as a violent offender against youth as a 16 result of being adjudicated a juvenile delinguent under 17 paragraph (2) of this subsection (a) upon attaining 17 years of age shall be considered as having committed the violent offense 18 19 against youth on or after the 17th birthday of the violent 20 offender against youth. Registration of juveniles upon 21 attaining 17 years of age shall not extend the original 22 registration of 10 years from the date of conviction.

23 (b) As used in this Act, "violent offense against youth" 24 means:

(1) A violation of any of the following Sections of the
Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18

1	years of age, the defendant is not a parent of the victim,
2	and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1996:
3	10-1 (kidnapping),
4	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
5	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
6	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint) $_{-}$
7	12-3.2 (domestic battery),
8	12-3.3 (aggravated domestic battery),
9	12-4 (aggravated battery),
10	12-4.1 (heinous battery),
11	12-4.3 (aggravated battery of a child),
12	12-4.4 (aggravated battery of an unborn child),
13	12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child).
14	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
15	(2) First degree murder under Section 9-1 of the
16	Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim was a person under
17	18 years of age and the defendant was at least 17 years of
18	age at the time of the commission of the offense.
19	(3) Child abduction under paragraph (10) of subsection
20	(b) of Section 10-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 committed
21	by luring or attempting to lure a child under the age of 16
22	into a motor vehicle, building, house trailer, or dwelling
23	place without the consent of the parent or lawful custodian
24	of the child for other than a lawful purpose and the
25	offense was committed on or after January 1, 1998.
26	(4) A violation or attempted violation of any of the

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1 2 following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the offense was committed on or after July 1, 1999:

3 10-4 (forcible detention, if the victim is under 18
4 years of age).

5 (5) A violation of any former law of this State 6 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this 7 subsection (b).

8 (c) A conviction for an offense of federal law, Uniform 9 Code of Military Justice, or the law of another state or a 10 foreign country that is substantially equivalent to any offense 11 listed in subsections (b) and (c-5) of this Section shall 12 constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Act.

13 (c-5) A person at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense who is convicted of first degree 14 15 murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, against 16 a person under 18 years of age, shall be required to register 17 for natural life. A conviction for an offense of federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign 18 country law that is substantially equivalent to any offense 19 20 listed in this subsection (c-5) shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Act. This subsection (c-5) applies to a 21 22 person who committed the offense before June 1, 1996 only if 23 the person is incarcerated in an Illinois Department of Corrections facility on August 20, 2004. 24

25 (d) As used in this Act, "law enforcement agency having 26 jurisdiction" means the Chief of Police in each of the SB3305 Engrossed - 6 - LRB096 17972 RLC 33341 b

municipalities in which the violent offender against youth 1 2 expects to reside, work, or attend school (1) upon his or her discharge, parole or release or (2) during the service of his 3 or her sentence of probation or conditional discharge, or the 4 5 Sheriff of the county, in the event no Police Chief exists or 6 if the offender intends to reside, work, or attend school in an 7 area. "Law enforcement agency unincorporated having 8 jurisdiction" includes the location where out-of-state 9 students attend school and where out-of-state employees are 10 employed or are otherwise required to register.

(e) As used in this Act, "supervising officer" means the assigned Illinois Department of Corrections parole agent or county probation officer.

(f) As used in this Act, "out-of-state student" means any violent offender against youth who is enrolled in Illinois, on a full-time or part-time basis, in any public or private educational institution, including, but not limited to, any secondary school, trade or professional institution, or institution of higher learning.

(g) As used in this Act, "out-of-state employee" means any 20 violent offender 21 against youth who works in Illinois, 22 regardless of whether the individual receives payment for 23 services performed, for a period of time of 10 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of 30 or more days during any 24 25 calendar year. Persons who operate motor vehicles in the State 26 accrue one day of employment time for any portion of a day SB3305 Engrossed - 7 - LRB096 17972 RLC 33341 b

1 spent in Illinois.

2 (h) As used in this Act, "school" means any public or 3 private educational institution, including, but not limited 4 to, any elementary or secondary school, trade or professional 5 institution, or institution of higher education.

(i) As used in this Act, "fixed residence" means any and
all places that a violent offender against youth resides for an
aggregate period of time of 5 or more days in a calendar year.
(Source: P.A. 94-945, eff. 6-27-06.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.